

Class PR1109

Book .B4

COPYRIGHT DEPOSIT





















PRESENTED

To:

By:

19







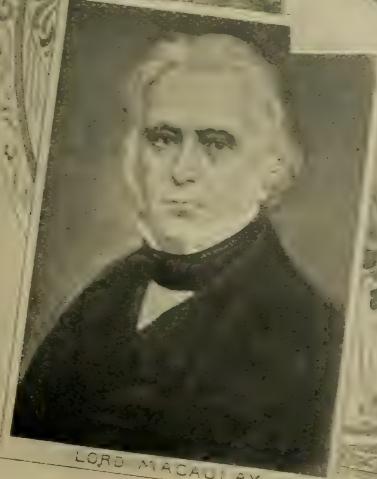
RUDYARD KIPLING



ROBERT BROWNING



W. M. THACKERAY



LORD MACAULAY



VICTOR HUGO



MARIA MULOCH CRAIK



LETITIA LANDON



FELICIA D. HEMANS



# BEAUTIFUL GEMS OF THOUGHT AND SENTIMENT

CONTAINING

CHARMING PRODUCTIONS OF THE  
MOST CELEBRATED AUTHORS

INCLUDING

POEMS OF HOME AND COUNTRY; BEAUTIES OF NATURE; LOVE AND  
ROMANCE; NARRATIVES IN VERSE; DESCRIPTIONS AND TALES  
OF THE SEA; BALLADS AND NATIONAL SONGS; CHILD-  
HOOD AND YOUTH; HUMOROUS SELECTIONS;  
CYCLOPEDIA OF POETICAL  
QUOTATIONS, ETC.

COMPRISING

A SUPERB COLLECTION OF GEMS FROM THE  
WORLD'S BEST LITERATURE

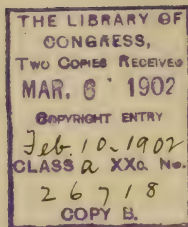
---

Profusely Embellished with Magnificent Phototype  
and Wood Engravings

---

NATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY  
239 TO 243 SO. AMERICAN STREET  
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

PR 1109  
B4



ENTERED ACCORDING TO ACT OF CONGRESS, IN THE YEAR 1902, BY

D. Z. HOWELL

IN THE OFFICE OF THE LIBRARIAN OF CONGRESS, AT WASHINGTON, D. C., U. S. A.

RECEIVED  
MAR 10 1902  
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

## PREFACE.

---

**M**ACAULAY, in his brilliant essay on John Milton, says: "We hold that the most wonderful and splendid proof of genius is a great poem produced in a civilized age." Adopting such a standard, this new and peerless volume is a magnificent repository of the gems of genius, gathered from the most celebrated authors of all countries and ages. Its delightful pages are enriched by the most beautiful and entrancing selections of Poetry, Prose and Song. These are all classified and arranged under their appropriate titles.

HOME, SWEET HOME comprises gems for the fireside, picturing in glowing colors the delights of the home circle, the beauty of domestic life and the sweet memories that cluster around the old homestead.

THE CHARMS OF NATURE contain the most graphic pen-pictures of Natural Scenery, including the Picturesque, the Beautiful and the Sublime. This is the natural field of poetry;

"Here valleys bloom and mountains rise,  
And landscapes smile beneath the skies."

The earth, the sea, and the vaulted heavens are portrayed to the reader's wondering eye. THE POETRY OF THE YEAR forms another part and contains the most charming descriptions of the Seasons, their Flowers, Birds and Pleasant Pastimes.

DESCRIPTIONS AND TALES OF THE SEA furnish a striking panorama of the World of Waters. The white-winged ships, the bounding billows, the bold sailor, the floral beauties of the vasty deep are all vividly depicted. Who does not love nature? What a glow of health comes from the fresh breezes of the sea and from hillside and valley.

"God made the country and man made the town."

THE ALBUM OF LOVE.—This part contains the most exquisite and beautiful selections, in delightful variety, gathered from every source. Here are the sweetest and most entrancing productions of Burns, Byron, Longfellow, Bryant, Moore, Emerson, Hood, Tennyson, Shakespeare, Saxe, Irving, Scott, Swinburne, Thackeray, Browning and scores of others who have woven the charms of their brightest genius around the one great master passion.



NARRATIVES IN VERSE comprise a captivating collection of Tales of Adventure and Romance, beginning with the "Massacre at Fort Dearborn, Chicago, in 1812." In this part famous historic incidents are related in verse by renowned authors, such as Austin Dobson, Frederick Von Schiller, Longfellow and Whittier, Baxendale and Tennyson, Bryant, Helen Hunt Jackson and many others. The most thrilling events are celebrated and are given undying fame by the poetic genius of the brilliant authors who narrate them. The next part includes BALLADS AND NATIONAL AIRS. These rivet the attention of the reader and in imagination he beholds the scenes they depict as living realities. Our most celebrated National Songs are found in this part, including "The Battle Hymn of the Republic," "The Star Spangled Banner," "My Maryland," "The German's Fatherland," etc.

HOPE AND MEMORY, or Glimpses of the Past and Future, embrace a delightful collection of poems which carry the reader back to the scenes of long-ago, the memories of childhood, the joys of other days, and draw aside the veil of the future, through which are seen the blossoms of immortal hope.

Next we have PATRIOTS AND HEROES, commemorating their noble sacrifices and valiant deeds. Great men who live in history, who rose in their might, and with undaunted heroism purchased the liberties which are the world's proudest possession, are celebrated in immortal song. There is an irresistible fascination about these time-honored heroes, whose grand lineaments are here photographed for universal admiration. Among other productions, we have that thrilling lyric, entitled "The Cuban Crisis."

"Red is the setting sun,  
 Redder the Cuban sod;  
 Maceo's valiant fight is done  
 For freedom and for God.  
 The long-leaved pine and the stately palm  
 Bend lowly in grief to-night,  
 And through the hush of the tropic calm  
 There rolls from the sea a mournful psalm,  
 A requiem over the right."

THE SWORD AND THE PLOW is another part of this superb volume, which describes the victories of war and of peace. The most renowned writers have celebrated the sentiment which is taking deeper root every day, that

"Peace hath her victories no less renowned than war,"

a saying of Milton, the truth of which no one will deny. The war-cloud lifts from the torn battle-field; the thunder of guns is hushed; armies are disbanded, and where the sod was red with blood, peaceful harvests wave in their golden glory.

RURAL SCENES portray the lights and shadows of country life. Here the pages are fragrant with the floral breath of summer fields and woods. "The whistling plow-boy drives his team afield," and the scythes of the mowers glint in the sunshine. The old farmhouse stands embosomed in cool shadows. "The busy housewife plies her evening care," and, in the winter, sleigh-bells jingle, skaters skim the mirrored lake, and the glow of health beams in the faces of happy country boys and girls. Nothing could be more inviting than these Rural Scenes.

Then comes a wide-awake collection of poems, entitled THE WORLD'S WORKERS, in which the nobility of labor is eulogized. Here we learn "How Cyrus laid the Cable," how "you have but to take one step and then another, and the longest walk is ended;" how to win in the battle of life, and with what happy expressions the poet Whittier wrote of the ship-builders, the shoe-makers and the lumbermen. Here, too, are the songs of huskers, the plowmen and the whole vast army of the sons of toil.

The next part embraces the BEAUTY AND GRANDEUR OF THE ALPS, containing brilliant descriptions of Swiss Scenery. Here Byron appears in the grand march of his lofty imagery. Snow-capped mountains veil their heads in the sky; cascades dash from towering summits and rivers of ice move majestically toward the deep valleys.

Above me are the Alps,  
 The palaces of nature, whose vast walls  
 Have pinnacled in clouds their snowy scalps,  
 And throned eternity in icy halls  
 Of cold sublimity, where forms and falls  
 The avalanche—the thunderbolt of snow!  
 All that expands the spirit, yet appalls,  
 Gathers around the summits, as to show  
 How earth may soar to heaven, yet leave vain man below.—*Lord Byron.*

Let it not be supposed that the little people are forgotten. The part on CHILDHOOD AND YOUTH contains captivating selections for the young. All the innocence of childhood, the sports of the little folks as well as the pathos of their merry laughter hushed in death, are depicted with a master hand. Our literature is rich in tales and lessons for the young, the brightest and best of which adorn these pages.

THE CROWN OF GENIUS, containing tributes to celebrated persons, sings the praises of those whose names have become historic, while the part entitled THOUGHT AND SENTIMENT embraces the choicest productions from master minds on a great variety of topics. A vast collection of the finest poems ever written.

TRAGEDY AND SORROW comprises pathetic selections from the most distinguished authors. This part has a peculiar charm and beauty of its own. THE GATES OF PEARL appeal to the religious sentiment and give full expression to the soul's loftiest aspirations. Here are glowing tributes to faith and hope; pithy descriptions of the practical virtues; tender words of comfort for the bereaved and grand descriptions of the heavenly world.

WIT AND WISDOM, comprising sparkling gems from the world's humorists, contains the brightest and most fascinating collection of witty pieces. There is wholesome mirth on every page. This part is followed by a large CYCLOPEDIA OF POETICAL QUOTATIONS, the subjects being arranged alphabetically.





## HOME, SWEET HOME.

|                                            | PAGE |                                            | PAGE |
|--------------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------------|------|
| The Light of Home . . . Sarah J. Hale      | 17   | One of the Sleepy Kind . . . . .           | 35   |
| My Child . . . . . J. R. Lowell            | 18   | Ah, No! I cannot say "Farewell" . . . . .  | 35   |
| A Mother's Love . . . . . Emily Taylor     | 19   | Alexander Rodger                           | 35   |
| By the Fire . . . . .                      | 19   | Bertha in the Lane, Elizabeth B. Browning  | 36   |
| The Little Arm-Chair . . . . .             | 19   | Absence . . . . . Fanny K. Butler          | 36   |
| An Old Sweetheart of Mine . J. W. Riley    | 21   | The Happy Lot . . . . . Ebenezer Elliott   | 37   |
| Alone in the House . . . Mary T. Willard   | 22   | The Baby . . . . . C. G. Rogers            | 37   |
| The Old Friends . . . . . O. W. Holmes     | 22   | Scenes of my Youth . . . Robert Hillhouse  | 38   |
| Charity . . . . . Bishop Ken               | 23   | The Three Dearest Words . . . . .          | 38   |
| That Circle of Gold . . W. D. Ellwanger    | 23   | Mary J. Muckle                             | 38   |
| Old Christmas . . . . .                    | 24   | The Mother . . . . . Charles Swain         | 39   |
| Two Pictures . . . . .                     | 24   | The Old Farmhouse . H. W. Longfellow       | 40   |
| Dearest Love! Believe Me . Thos. Pringle   | 24   | The Cricket on the Hearth, W. C. Bennett   | 40   |
| Twilight . . . . . Corrine M. Rockwell     | 24   | My Own Fireside . . . . . A. A. Watts      | 41   |
| A Wife's Appeal to Her Husband . . .       | 25   | The Window . . . . . D. F. McCarthy        | 42   |
| Grandmother's Work . Mrs. C. E. Hewitt     | 25   | The Lost Little One . . . . .              | 42   |
| An Idyl of the Kitchen . J. A. Fraser, Jr. | 26   | Gathering Apples . . . . .                 | 43   |
| The Open Window . . H. W. Longfellow       | 26   | Home—a Duet . . . . . Barry Cornwall       | 43   |
| Where there's One to Love, Chas. Swain     | 26   | If Thou hast Lost a Friend, Charles Swain  | 43   |
| The Proudest Lady . . Thomas Westwood      | 27   | I Think on Thee . . . . . T. K. Hervey     | 44   |
| The Home-coming . . . . . Lord Byron       | 27   | Unconscious Influence . . . . .            | 44   |
| The First Smile . . . . .                  | 28   | Domestic Love . . . . . George Croly       | 44   |
| The Two Gates . . . . .                    | 29   | Not Lost, but Gone Before, Caroline Norton | 45   |
| The Empty House . . . . .                  | 29   | Aunt Jemima's Quilt . . . . .              | 45   |
| The Joys of Home . . . John Bowring        | 29   | The Old Oaken Bucket, Saml. Woodworth      | 47   |
| She Grew in Sun and Shower . . . . .       | 30   | Bereft . . . . . J. W. Riley               | 47   |
| William Wordsworth                         | 30   | I Come to Thee, My Wife . Wm. Brunton      | 48   |
| True Contentment . . . . . H. S. Kent      | 30   | The Happy Husband . . S. T. Coleridge      | 49   |
| Our First-born . . . . . Gerald Massey     | 31   | Just What I Wanted . . . . .               | 49   |
| The Mortgage on the Farm . . . . .         | 32   | Come Home . . . . . Felicia D. Hemans      | 50   |
| Love in a Cottage . . . . . N. P. Willis   | 33   | Farewell . . . . . Lord Byron              | 50   |
| Grandfather's House . . Mary McGuire       | 33   | Near Thee . . . . . Charles Swain          | 50   |
| Happy Love . . . . . Charles Mackay        | 34   | Her Feeble Steps . . . . . J. R. Eastwood  | 51   |
| The Old Barn . . . . . T. Buchanan Read    | 34   | Failed . . . . .                           | 52   |
| Good-night Song . . . . .                  | 35   | Every Inch a Man . . . . .                 | 52   |

## THE CHARMS OF NATURE.

|                                                    | PAGE                         |                                                  | PAGE                            |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| After Sunset . . . . .                             | <i>E. Matheson</i> 53        | Butterfly Life . . . . .                         | <i>T. H. Bayly</i> 77           |
| A Moonlight Night . . . . .                        | <i>Jane Sedgwick</i> 53      | The Songsters . . . . .                          | <i>James Thomson</i> 78         |
| The Rose . . . . .                                 | <i>Sir Walter Scott</i> 53   | The Sparrow . . . . .                            | <i>J. Von Linden</i> 79         |
| Spring . . . . .                                   | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i> 54    | Indian Summer . . . . .                          | 79                              |
| The Use of Flowers . . . . .                       | <i>Mary Howitt</i> 54        | To a Mouse . . . . .                             | <i>Robert Burns</i> 80          |
| Song of the Summer Winds, <i>Geo. Darley</i>       | 56                           | Summer Woods . . . . .                           | <i>John Clare</i> 80            |
| Only Promises . . . . .                            | <i>Robert Herrick</i> 56     | The West Wind . . . . .                          | <i>W. C. Bryant</i> 81          |
| The Rocky Mountains . . . . .                      | <i>Albert Pike</i> 56        | The Foolish Harebell, <i>George Macdonald</i>    | 81                              |
| The Falls of Niagara . . . . .                     | 57                           | To the Daisy . . . . .                           | <i>William Wordsworth</i> 81    |
| The Vale of Cashmere . . . . .                     | <i>Thomas Moore</i> 57       | To the Skylark . . . . .                         | <i>William Wordsworth</i> 82    |
| The Nightingale . . . . .                          | <i>Matthew Arnold</i> 58     | The Pine Forest by the Sea, <i>P. B. Shelley</i> | 83                              |
| To the Daisy . . . . .                             | <i>William Wordsworth</i> 58 | One Swallow . . . . .                            | <i>M. E. Blaine</i> 83          |
| The Brook . . . . .                                | <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> 60   | The Flower . . . . .                             | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i> 85       |
| Hark! Hark! the Lark, <i>Wm. Shakespeare</i>       | 60                           | New England in Winter . . . . .                  | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 85        |
| Winter Song . . . . .                              | <i>C. T. Brooks</i> 61       | To the Fringed Gentian . . . . .                 | <i>W. C. Bryant</i> 85          |
| Cape-Cottage at Sunset . . . . .                   | <i>W. B. Glazier</i> 61      | The Thrush . . . . .                             | 86                              |
| The Bobolink . . . . .                             | <i>Thomas Hill</i> 62        | Spring . . . . .                                 | <i>Horace Smith</i> 87          |
| Perseverance . . . . .                             | <i>R. S. S. Andros</i> 62    | The Comet . . . . .                              | <i>B. F. Taylor</i> 87          |
| The Stormy Petrel . . . . .                        | <i>Barry Cornwall</i> 63     | Lake Mahopac . . . . .                           | <i>Caroline M. Sawyer</i> 88    |
| The Pelican . . . . .                              | <i>James Montgomery</i> 63   | The Bugle . . . . .                              | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i> 88       |
| Casco Bay . . . . .                                | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 64     | Roses Red and White, . . . . .                   | <i>William Cowan</i> 89         |
| Lilacs . . . . .                                   | <i>Henry Davenport</i> 64    | The Nightingale . . . . .                        | <i>S. T. Coleridge</i> 89       |
| Flowers . . . . .                                  | <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> 66   | The North Star . . . . .                         | <i>W. C. Bryant</i> 89          |
| A Scene on the Hudson . . . . .                    | <i>W. C. Bryant</i> 67       | Harvest . . . . .                                | <i>Ellen M. Hutchinson</i> 90   |
| Pack Clouds Away . . . . .                         | <i>T. Heywood</i> 67         | Song of the Brook . . . . .                      | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i> 90       |
| Our Great Plains . . . . .                         | <i>Joaquin Miller</i> 67     | Midsummer . . . . .                              | <i>J. T. Trowbridge</i> 91      |
| A Dream of Summer . . . . .                        | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 68     | Trailing Arbutus . . . . .                       | <i>Rose Terry Cooke</i> 92      |
| A Song to May . . . . .                            | <i>Lord Thurlow</i> 69       | Little Streams . . . . .                         | <i>Mary Howitt</i> 92           |
| The Wood . . . . .                                 | <i>Madison Carwein</i> 69    | The Buried Flower . . . . .                      | <i>W. E. Aytoun</i> 93          |
| Osme's Song . . . . .                              | <i>George Darley</i> 70      | The Sand-piper . . . . .                         | <i>Celia Thaxter</i> 94         |
| The Rivulet . . . . .                              | <i>W. C. Bryant</i> 71       | Elegy—Written in Spring, . . . . .               | <i>Michael Bruce</i> 94         |
| The Nightingale . . . . .                          | <i>John Bowring</i> 72       | American Skies . . . . .                         | <i>W. C. Bryant</i> 95          |
| The Swallow . . . . .                              | <i>Charlotte Smith</i> 72    | Hampton Beach . . . . .                          | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 96        |
| The Early Primrose . . . . .                       | <i>H. K. White</i> 72        | The Changed Song . . . . .                       | <i>R. W. Emerson</i> 96         |
| The Father of Waters . . . . .                     | <i>Sarah J. Hale</i> 73      | The Garden . . . . .                             | <i>Andrew Marvell</i> 97        |
| Butterfly Beau . . . . .                           | <i>T. H. Bayly</i> 73        | To the River Arve . . . . .                      | <i>W. C. Bryant</i> 97          |
| The Old Man of the Mountain . . . . .              | <i>J. T. Trowbridge</i> 73   | View Across the Roman Campagna . . . . .         | <i>Elizabeth B. Browning</i> 98 |
| After Summer . . . . .                             | <i>P. B. Marston</i> 74      | The Birch-tree . . . . .                         | <i>J. R. Lowell</i> 98          |
| The Dainty Rose . . . . .                          | <i>Thomas Hood</i> 74        | The Glory of Motion . . . . .                    | <i>R. S. J. Tyrwhitt</i> 99     |
| Snowdrops . . . . .                                | <i>Roden Noel</i> 76         | The Windy Night . . . . .                        | <i>T. B. Read</i> 100           |
| The Moss Rose . . . . .                            | <i>F. W. Krummacker</i> 77   | The Owl . . . . .                                | 100                             |
| Folding the Flocks, <i>Beaumont &amp; Fletcher</i> | 77                           |                                                  |                                 |

## POETRY OF THE YEAR.

|                                      |                               |                               |                                |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| The Year's Twelve Children . . . . . | 101                           | Day; A Pastoral . . . . .     | <i>John Cunningham</i> 104     |
| Joy of Spring . . . . .              | <i>Leigh Hunt</i> 101         | The Grasshopper . . . . .     | <i>Abraham Cowley</i> 104      |
| March—Chaffinch . . . . .            | 102                           | April . . . . .               | <i>William Shakespeare</i> 105 |
| Spring . . . . .                     | <i>Felicia D. Hemans</i> 102  | A Walk by the Water . . . . . | <i>Charlotte Smith</i> 105     |
| March . . . . .                      | <i>William Wordsworth</i> 102 | Bud and Bloom . . . . .       | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i> 105     |
| April—Lark . . . . .                 | 104                           | The Open Day . . . . .        | <i>Henry Alford</i> 105        |



|                                                | PAGE                         |                                                | PAGE                           |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| May—Nightingale . . . . .                      | 106                          | Fair Summer . . . . .                          | <i>Willis G. Clark</i> 116     |
| The Primrose . . . . .                         | <i>John Clare</i> 106        | A Day in Autumn . . . . .                      | <i>Robert Southey</i> 116      |
| A Tribute to May . . . . .                     | <i>William Roscoe</i> 106    | September—Curlew . . . . .                     | 117                            |
| The Woodland in Spring                         |                              | A Song for September . . . . .                 | <i>T. W. Parsons</i> 117       |
|                                                | <i>William Cowper</i> 107    | Serenity of Autumn . . . . .                   | <i>James Thomson</i> 117       |
| Breathings of Spring . . . . .                 | <i>Felicia D. Hemans</i> 107 | Autumn . . . . .                               | <i>Thomas Hood</i> 118         |
| Corinna's Gone A-Maying, <i>Robert Herrick</i> | 108                          | Autumn Flowers . . . . .                       | <i>Caroline B. Southey</i> 118 |
| On May Morning . . . . .                       | <i>John Milton</i> 109       | October—Swallow . . . . .                      | 119                            |
| Summer Eve . . . . .                           | <i>H. K. White</i> 109       | October . . . . .                              | 119                            |
| Children in Spring . . . . .                   | <i>John Clare</i> 110        | Beauties of Autumn . . . . .                   | <i>Carlos Wilcox</i> 120       |
| The Rose . . . . .                             | <i>Edmund Waller</i> 110     | November—Sea-gull . . . . .                    | 121                            |
| Morning in Summer . . . . .                    | <i>James Thomson</i> 112     | A Still Day in Autumn, <i>Sarah H. Whitman</i> | 121                            |
| A June Day . . . . .                           | <i>William Howitt</i> 112    | Verses in Praise of Angling                    |                                |
| June—Dove . . . . .                            | 112                          |                                                | <i>Sir Henry Wotton</i> 121    |
| July—Cuckoo . . . . .                          | 113                          | December—Robin . . . . .                       | 123                            |
| Repose in Summer . . . . .                     | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i> 113   | Autumn—A Dirge . . . . .                       | <i>P. B. Shelley</i> 123       |
| Sonnet on Country Life . . . . .               | <i>John Keats</i> 113        | The First Snowfall . . . . .                   | <i>J. R. Lowell</i> 124        |
| The Blackbird . . . . .                        | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i> 113   | Old-time Winter . . . . .                      | 124                            |
| August—Wren . . . . .                          | 114                          | Blow, Blow, Thou Winter Wind                   |                                |
| Summer Reverie . . . . .                       | <i>John Keats</i> 114        |                                                | <i>William Shakespeare</i> 125 |
| Shepherd and Flock . . . . .                   | <i>James Thomson</i> 114     | Dirge for the Year . . . . .                   | <i>P. B. Shelley</i> 125       |
| A Winter Sketch . . . . .                      | <i>Ralph Hoyt</i> 115        | January—Owl . . . . .                          | 125                            |
| To Meadows . . . . .                           | <i>Robert Herrick</i> 115    | The Last Snow of Winter, <i>Sarah Doudney</i>  | 126                            |
| A Song for the Seasons . . . . .               | <i>Barry Cornwall</i> 116    | Skating . . . . .                              | <i>William Wordsworth</i> 126  |
| Summer's Haunts . . . . .                      | <i>Felicia D. Hemans</i> 116 | February—Sparrow . . . . .                     | 126                            |
| The Last Rose of Summer, <i>Thomas Moore</i>   | 116                          | Withered Flowers . . . . .                     | <i>John Bethune</i> 128        |

## DESCRIPTIONS AND TALES OF THE SEA.

|                                               |                               |                                                    |                                |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| The Life Brigade . . . . .                    | <i>Minnie Mackay</i> 129      | Drifting . . . . .                                 | <i>T. B. Read</i> 142          |
| The Landsman's Song . . . . .                 | <i>Barry Cornwall</i> 130     | The Launching of the Ship, <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> | 143                            |
| My Brigantine . . . . .                       | <i>J. Fenimore Cooper</i> 130 | Mariner's Hymn . . . . .                           | <i>Caroline B. Southey</i> 144 |
| Is my Lover on the Sea, <i>Barry Cornwall</i> | 132                           | The Return of the Admiral, <i>Barry Cornwall</i>   | 145                            |
| The Lighthouse . . . . .                      | <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> 133   | Life's Troubled Sea . . . . .                      | 145                            |
| The Minute Gun . . . . .                      | <i>R. S. Sharpe</i> 134       | The Sailor's Journal . . . . .                     | <i>Charles Dibdin</i> 146      |
| I Loved the Ocean . . . . .                   | <i>Eliza Cook</i> 134         | A Song of the Sea . . . . .                        | <i>Catherine Warfield</i> 147  |
| The White Squall . . . . .                    | <i>W. M. Thackeray</i> 135    | The Sound of the Sea, <i>Felicia D. Hemans</i>     | 148                            |
| The Boatmen's Song . . . . .                  | <i>Henry Davenport</i> 135    | The Mermaid . . . . .                              | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i> 149     |
| Tacking Ship off Shore . . . . .              | <i>Walter Mitchell</i> 136    | The Shipwreck . . . . .                            | <i>Lord Byron</i> 150          |
| The Solitude of the Sea . . . . .             | <i>Lord Byron</i> 136         | The Secret of the Sea . . . . .                    | <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> 151    |
| The Ocean . . . . .                           | <i>James Montgomery</i> 138   | Drifting out to Sea . . . . .                      | 152                            |
| The Gray Swan . . . . .                       | <i>Alice Cary</i> 138         | The Voyage . . . . .                               | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i> 153     |
| Sailor's Song . . . . .                       | <i>Charles Dibdin</i> 139     | By the Sea . . . . .                               | 153                            |
| The Sea in Calm . . . . .                     | <i>Barry Cornwall</i> 139     | The Sea-Fairies . . . . .                          | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i> 154     |
| The Lost Atlantic . . . . .                   | <i>John Talman, Jr.</i> 140   | An Old-fashioned Sea-fight, <i>Walt Whitman</i>    | 155                            |
| Twilight . . . . .                            | <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> 141   | The Sailor-Boy . . . . .                           | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i> 155     |
| Mary's Dream . . . . .                        | <i>John Lowe</i> 141          | The Gallant Sail-boat . . . . .                    | <i>Henry Davenport</i> 156     |

## ALBUM OF LOVE.

|                                 |                            |                                                  |                             |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A Cuban Love Song . . . . .     | <i>Daisy Deane</i> 157     | Quakerdom . . . . .                              | <i>C. G. Halpine</i> 159    |
| I Won't Be Your Dearie Any More |                            | Marion Moore . . . . .                           | <i>J. G. Clark</i> 159      |
|                                 | <i>Rose Reilly</i> 157     | Speak it Once More, <i>Elizabeth B. Browning</i> | 160                         |
| My Ideal . . . . .              | <i>S. M. Peck</i> 158      | Her Bright Eyes Told Me Yes                      |                             |
| The First Kiss . . . . .        | <i>Thomas Campbell</i> 159 |                                                  | <i>T. L. Sappington</i> 160 |



|                                                  | PAGE |                                                   | PAGE |
|--------------------------------------------------|------|---------------------------------------------------|------|
| The Chess Board . . . <i>R. Bulwer Lytton</i>    | 160  | Sweet, Be Not Proud . . . <i>Robert Herrick</i>   | 181  |
| Woo the Fair One . . . . . <i>W. C. Bryant</i>   | 162  | An Old Love Letter . . . <i>Mrs. J. C. Neal</i>   | 181  |
| Wedding Bells . . . . . <i>Eliza Cook</i>        | 163  | Don't Marry a Man "To Save Him." . .              | 181  |
| Mizpah . . . . .                                 | 164  | The Emerald Ring . . . <i>Letitia E. Landon</i>   | 182  |
| True Love . . . . .                              | 164  | "O, Nancy, Wilt Thou Go with Me?"                 |      |
| Bonnie Wee Thing . . . . . <i>Robert Burns</i>   | 164  | <i>Thomas Percy</i>                               | 182  |
| Her Christmas Letter . . <i>Augusta Prescott</i> | 164  | Love Dissembled . . <i>William Shakespeare</i>    | 183  |
| Oh, Doubt Me Not . . . . <i>Thomas Moore</i>     | 165  | A Woman's Question,                               |      |
| Remembered . . . . . <i>Thomas Moore</i>         | 165  | <i>Adelaide A. Proctor</i>                        | 183  |
| To My Dream Love . . <i>Walter A. Cassels</i>    | 166  | The Knight's Toast . . . . .                      | 184  |
| Kiss Me and Be Still . . . . <i>S. M. Peck</i>   | 166  | Love is a Sickness . . . . <i>Samuel Daniel</i>   | 184  |
| The Arctic Lover . . . . . <i>W. C. Bryant</i>   | 167  | Gray and Silver . . . . . <i>C. E. D. Phelps</i>  | 184  |
| The Welcome . . . . . <i>Thomas Davis</i>        | 168  | Let Not Woman E'er Complain                       |      |
| Can You Forget Me . . . <i>Letitia E. Landon</i> | 168  | <i>Robert Burns</i>                               | 186  |
| The Stars are with the Voyager                   |      | My Own . . . . . <i>Dora K. Freaney</i>           | 186  |
| <i>Thomas Hood</i>                               | 168  | Kissing Her Hair . . . . <i>A. C. Swinburne</i>   | 186  |
| Ethel's Song of Love . . <i>Henry Davenport</i>  | 169  | When Thou Art Near Me,                            |      |
| For Love's Sweet Sake . . <i>Barry Cornwall</i>  | 169  | <i>Lady Jane Scott</i>                            | 187  |
| The Sleeping Beauty . . <i>Alfred Tennyson</i>   | 170  | Reuben and Rose . . . . . <i>Thomas Moore</i>     | 188  |
| The Revival of the Sleeping Beauty               |      | Love's Forgotten Promise . . . . .                | 189  |
| <i>Alfred Tennyson</i>                           | 170  | Her Shadow . . . . . <i>Aubrey De Vere</i>        | 189  |
| The "Sleeping Beauty" Departs with               |      | Found at Last . . . . . <i>Samuel M. Peck</i>     | 189  |
| Her Lover . . . . . <i>Alfred Tennyson</i>       | 170  | Waiting Near . . . . . <i>W. M. Thackeray</i>     | 189  |
| The Belle of the Ball . . . <i>W. M. Prace</i>   | 171  | The Miller's Daughter . . <i>Alfred Tennyson</i>  | 190  |
| My True Love Hath My Heart                       |      | My Choice . . . . . <i>William Browne</i>         | 190  |
| <i>Sir Philip Sidney</i>                         | 171  | The Age of Wisdom . . <i>W. M. Thackeray</i>      | 191  |
| A Reverie . . . . .                              | 172  | Ah! What is Love? . . . . <i>Robert Greene</i>    | 191  |
| The Bachelor's Soliloquy . . . . .               | 172  | Tell Me, My Heart, If this be Love                |      |
| Constancy . . . . . <i>Adèle Auzé</i>            | 172  | <i>George Lord Lyttelton</i>                      | 191  |
| Go, Happy Rose . . . . . <i>Robert Herrick</i>   | 172  | Why . . . . .                                     | 192  |
| Light . . . . . <i>F. W. Bourdillon</i>          | 172  | He that Loves a Rosy Cheek, <i>Thos. Carew</i>    | 193  |
| Love and May . . . . . <i>Elinora L. Hervey</i>  | 174  | The Shepherd's Resolution,                        |      |
| Estranged . . . . . <i>J. G. Saxe</i>            | 174  | <i>George Wither</i>                              | 193  |
| Love me Little, Love me Long . . . . .           | 175  | My Sweethearts . . . . .                          | 193  |
| The Milkmaid's Song . . . <i>Sydney Dobell</i>   | 175  | Love not Me for Comely Grace . . . . .            | 193  |
| The Plaything . . . . .                          | 175  | To Helen in a Huff . . . . . <i>N. P. Willis</i>  | 193  |
| When Should Lovers Breathe their Vows            |      | Jealousy . . . . . <i>E. Bulwer Lytton</i>        | 194  |
| <i>Letitia E. Landon</i>                         | 176  | For Love's Sake . . <i>Elizabeth B. Browning</i>  | 195  |
| Moll McCarty . . . . . <i>C. N. Wallington</i>   | 176  | Jenny's Kiss . . . . . <i>Leigh Hunt</i>          | 195  |
| A Heine Love Song . . . . <i>Eugene Field</i>    | 176  | Satisfactory Chaperonage. . . <i>E. P. Butler</i> | 195  |
| A Gleam of Sunshine . . <i>H. W. Longfellow</i>  | 178  | Gilbert and Amethysta . . <i>Charles Mackay</i>   | 195  |
| Up, Quit Thy Bower . . . <i>Joanna Baillie</i>   | 178  | Love Thou the Best . . . . .                      | 196  |
| Following Suit . . . . .                         | 178  | Love and Jealousy . . . <i>Mary I. Mattis</i>     | 196  |
| I Saw Two Clouds at Morning                      |      | To the End . . . . .                              | 196  |
| <i>J. G. C. Brainard</i>                         | 179  | Legend of a Coquette . . . . .                    | 197  |
| Green Grow the Rashes, O!                        |      | Under the Mistletoe                               |      |
| <i>Robert Burns</i>                              | 179  | <i>Martha E. Hallahan</i>                         | 198  |
| A Madrigal . . . . .                             | 179  | The Change . . . . . <i>Letitia E. Landon</i>     | 198  |
| Gathering Poppies . . . . . <i>S. J. Reilly</i>  | 180  | The Hunter's Serenade . . <i>W. C. Bryant</i>     | 198  |
| Love's Flower . . . . .                          | 180  | The Loveliness of Love . . . . .                  | 199  |
| Jamie's on the Sea . . . . .                     | 180  | My Dear and Only Love, <i>James Graham</i>        | 199  |
| Song . . . . . <i>Caroline Oliphant</i>          | 181  | Wooing . . . . . <i>John B. L. Soule</i>          | 199  |
| When Your Beauty Appears,                        |      | Love is Enough . . . <i>Ella Wheeler Wilcox</i>   | 200  |
| <i>Thomas Parnell</i>                            | 181  | To an Absent Wife . . . . <i>G. D. Prentice</i>   | 200  |

TALES OF ADVENTURE AND ROMANCE.

|                                                            | PAGE                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Massacre at Fort Dearborn, Chicago,<br>1812 . . . . .      | <i>B. F. Taylor</i> 201     |
| An Incident of the Fire at Hamburgh<br><i>J. R. Lowell</i> | 201                         |
| The Dying Warrior . . . . .                                | <i>Thomas Moore</i> 202     |
| The Indian Boat . . . . .                                  | <i>Thomas Moore</i> 202     |
| The Green Mountain Justice, <i>Henry Reeves</i>            | 203                         |
| Willy-Nilly . . . . .                                      | <i>E. F. Brewtnall</i> 204  |
| My Landlady . . . . .                                      | <i>Austin Dobson</i> 205    |
| Knight Toggenburg. . . . .                                 | <i>F. Von Schiller</i> 206  |
| Phillips of Pelhamville . . . . .                          | <i>Alex. Anderson</i> 207   |
| The Famine . . . . .                                       | <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> 207 |
| Conductor Bradley . . . . .                                | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 208   |
| A Girl Heroine . . . . .                                   | 209                         |
| The Faithful Lovers . . . . .                              | 209                         |
| The Morte Chapel . . . . .                                 | <i>Walter Baxendale</i> 210 |
| One of the Six Hundred . . . . .                           | 211                         |

|                                                             | PAGE                         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| The Charge of the Light Brigade at Bala-<br>klava . . . . . | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i> 211   |
| River and Tide . . . . .                                    | 212                          |
| The Indian Girl . . . . .                                   | <i>Letitia E. Landon</i> 213 |
| In School Days . . . . .                                    | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 214    |
| The King and the Cottage, <i>John H. Payne</i>              | 215                          |
| Uncle Jo . . . . .                                          | 215                          |
| The Newsboy's Debt, <i>Helen Hunt Jackson</i>               | 216                          |
| Scott and The Veteran . <i>Bayard Taylor</i>                | 217                          |
| Ben Fisher . . . . .                                        | <i>F. D. Gage</i> 218        |
| The Sea-King's Grave . . <i>Rennell Rodd</i>                | 219                          |
| The Heathen Chinnee . . . <i>Bret Harte</i>                 | 219                          |
| Loved One was Not There . <i>Eliza Cook</i>                 | 220                          |
| The Guard's Story . . . . .                                 | 220                          |
| The Overland Train . . . <i>Joaquin Miller</i>              | 221                          |
| The Bridge of Sighs . . . <i>Thomas Hood</i>                | 221                          |
| Arabella and Sally Ann . . <i>Paul Carson</i>               | 222                          |

# BALLADS, LEGENDS AND NATIONAL AIRS.

|                                                  |                         |     |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----|
| The Damsel of Peru . . . .                       | <i>W. C. Bryant</i>     | 223 |
| The African Chief . . . .                        | <i>W. C. Bryant</i>     | 224 |
| The Private of the Buffs, <i>Sir F. H. Doyle</i> |                         | 224 |
| A Maid of Normandy .                             | <i>George Weatherly</i> | 225 |
| Border Ballad . . . . .                          | <i>Sir Walter Scott</i> | 225 |
| Sir Humphrey Gilbert, <i>H. W. Longfellow</i>    |                         | 226 |
| The Pilgrim Fathers . . . .                      | <i>John Pierpont</i>    | 227 |
| The Crazed Maiden . . . .                        | <i>George Crabbe</i>    | 227 |
| The Murdered Traveller .                         | <i>W. C. Bryant</i>     | 228 |
| Leonidas . . . . .                               | <i>George Croly</i>     | 229 |
| The Way of Wooing . . . . .                      |                         | 229 |
| An Indian Story . . . . .                        | <i>W. C. Bryant</i>     | 229 |
| Monterey . . . . .                               | <i>C. F. Hoffman</i>    | 230 |
| Gaspar Becerra . . . . .                         | <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> | 231 |
| Boadicea . . . . .                               | <i>William Cowper</i>   | 232 |
| Pericles and Aspasia . . . .                     | <i>George Croly</i>     | 232 |
| Yarn of the "Nancy Bell," <i>W. S. Gilbert</i>   |                         | 232 |
| The Indian Girl's Lament .                       | <i>W. C. Bryant</i>     | 234 |

|                                     |                         |     |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----|
| Battle-Hymn of the Republic         | <i>Julia Ward Howe</i>  | 234 |
| The White-Footed Deer . . .         | <i>W. C. Bryant</i>     | 235 |
| O Mother of a Mighty Race, . . .    | <i>W. C. Bryant</i>     | 236 |
| "Once on a Time" . . . . .          | <i>Lillian Grey</i>     | 236 |
| The Phantom City . . . . .          | <i>Frances P. Mace</i>  | 237 |
| Her Last Moment . . . . .           | <i>Margaret Craven</i>  | 237 |
| Edward Gray . . . . .               | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i>  | 239 |
| My Maryland . . . . .               | <i>James R. Randall</i> | 239 |
| The Place Where Man Should Die      | <i>Michael J. Barry</i> | 240 |
| The Death of Aliatar . . . . .      | <i>W. C. Bryant</i>     | 240 |
| The Lake of the Dismal Swamp        | <i>Thomas Moore</i>     | 242 |
| The Star-Spangled Banner, . . . . . | <i>Francis S. Key</i>   | 243 |
| Hymn for England's Jubilee. . . . . |                         | 243 |
| The Happiest Land . . . . .         | <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> | 243 |
| The Fair Helen . . . . .            |                         | 244 |

HOPE AND MEMORY.

|                             |                         |     |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----|
| A Retrospect . . . . .      | <i>George Crabbe</i>    | 245 |
| The Long-Ago . . . . .      | <i>Lord Houghton</i>    | 245 |
| Memories of Childhood . . . | <i>J. G. Watts</i>      | 245 |
| Departed Joys . . . . .     | <i>H. C. Kendall</i>    | 246 |
| The Pleasures of Memory,    |                         |     |
|                             | <i>Samuel Rogers</i>    | 246 |
| Watch and Wait . . . . .    | <i>M. C. Gillington</i> | 246 |
| The Pleasures of Hope,      | <i>Thomas Campbell</i>  | 248 |
| The Pilgrim . . . . .       |                         | 249 |
| My Trundle Bed . . . . .    |                         | 249 |
| Remembrance . . . . .       | <i>Anne Hunter</i>      | 250 |
| "Ember Picture" . . . . .   |                         | 250 |

|                                 |                         |     |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----|
| A Little Song of Hope . . . . . | <i>R. F. Greene</i>     | 250 |
| Memories . . . . .              | <i>J. G. Whittier</i>   | 251 |
| The Unhappy Past . . . . .      | <i>Oliver Goldsmith</i> | 252 |
| Heavenward . . . . .            | <i>Lady Nairne</i>      | 252 |
| Never Despair . . . . .         | <i>M. F. Tupper</i>     | 252 |
| In Memoriam . . . . .           | <i>T. Whytehead</i>     | 252 |
| Sun of the Soul . . . . .       | <i>J. Langhorne</i>     | 252 |
| Eden Flowers . . . . .          | <i>H. N. Oxenham</i>    | 253 |
| The Visionary . . . . .         | <i>W. E. Spencer</i>    | 253 |
| Sad Recollections . . . . .     | <i>Emily Bronte</i>     | 254 |
| Light in Darkness . . . . .     | <i>Oliver Goldsmith</i> | 254 |
| Hope and Wisdom . . . . .       | <i>W. S. Landon</i>     | 254 |



PATRIOTS AND HEROES.

|                                                    | PAGE                         |                                                    | PAGE                        |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| The Little Fireman . . . . .                       | <i>J. F. Nicholls</i> 255    | Hymn of the Moravian Nuns of Bethle-               |                             |
| Andre's Request to Washington                      | <i>N. P. Willis</i> 257      | hem . . . . .                                      | <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> 264 |
| Dying for Liberty . . . . .                        | <i>Thomas Moore</i> 257      | Return of the Hillside Legion, <i>Ethel Lynn</i>   | 264                         |
| The Lone Grave on the Mountain                     | <i>C. G. Beede</i> 257       | Heroes of the Mines . . . . .                      | <i>J. E. Jones</i> 265      |
| I'm With You Once Again, <i>Geo. P. Morris</i>     | 258                          | The Drummer Boy of Shiloh . . . . .                | 267                         |
| It is Great for Our Country to Die                 | <i>James G. Percival</i> 258 | The Man with the Musket . <i>H. S. Taylor</i>      | 267                         |
| The Cuban Crisis . . . . .                         | <i>L. S. Amerson</i> 259     | Battle of Beal' an' Duine, <i>Sir Walter Scott</i> | 268                         |
| The Little Drummer . . . . .                       | 259                          | Forget Not the Field . . . . .                     | <i>Thomas Moore</i> 269     |
| The Poor Voter on Election Day                     | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 259    | Paul Revere's Ride . . . . .                       | <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> 270 |
| A Brave Man . . . . .                              | <i>Alexander Pope</i> 260    | A Song of the North . . . . .                      | <i>Elizabeth Doten</i> 271  |
| Patriotism and Freedom . <i>Joanna Baillie</i>     | 260                          | The Ship of State . . . . .                        | <i>O. W. Holmes</i> 273     |
| Romero . . . . .                                   | <i>W. C. Bryant</i> 260      | The Immortals . . . . .                            | 273                         |
| March of the Men of Harlech . . . . .              | 261                          | The Ballot Box . . . . .                           | <i>John Pierpont</i> 273    |
| The Incorruptible Patriot . . . <i>E. C. Jones</i> | 263                          | The Pride of Battery B . <i>F. H. Gassaway</i>     | 274                         |
| Redmond, in Rokeby Hall, <i>Sir Walter Scott</i>   | 263                          | Harmodius and Aristogiton, <i>Lord Denman</i>      | 274                         |
| Courage Ensures Success . <i>John Dryden</i>       | 263                          | Andreas Hofer . . . . .                            | <i>H. T. Tuckerman</i> 275  |
| Do or Die . . . . .                                | <i>Lord Byron</i> 264        | Lexington . . . . .                                | <i>O. W. Holmes</i> 276     |
|                                                    |                              | The Sword of Bunker Hill . . . . .                 | 276                         |
|                                                    |                              | The Wounded Soldier . . . <i>J. W. Watson</i>      | 277                         |
|                                                    |                              | The Old Grenadier's Story                          | <i>G. W. Thornoury</i> 278  |

THE SWORD AND THE PLOW.

|                                                 |                                |                                                   |                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A Deserter . . . . .                            | <i>Mary A. Barr</i> 279        | Before the Battle . . . . .                       | <i>Thomas Moore</i> 288          |
| Song of the Greek Amazon, <i>W. C. Bryant</i>   | 280                            | The Broadwords of Scotland,                       |                                  |
| The Soldier's Widow . . . . .                   | <i>N. P. Willis</i> 280        | <i>J. G. Lockhart</i> 288                         |                                  |
| Home from the War . . . . .                     | <i>Thomas Moore</i> 280        | Let the Sword Rust . <i>H. W. Longfellow</i>      | 288                              |
| The Golden Age . . . . .                        | 280                            | The Angels of Buena Vista, <i>J. G. Whittier</i>  | 289                              |
| Peace and the Sword . . . . .                   | <i>E. H. Bickersteth</i> 281   | A Picture of Peace . . . <i>H. W. Longfellow</i>  | 290                              |
| The Sword . . . . .                             | <i>Stephen H. Thayer</i> 282   | The Tyrant's Scourge . . . <i>P. B. Shelley</i>   | 290                              |
| Love and Peace . . . . .                        | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 282      | Death of the Warrior King, <i>Charles Swain</i>   | 291                              |
| The Turkish Camp . . . . .                      | <i>Lord Byron</i> 283          | The Flight of Xerxes . <i>Maria J. Jewsbury</i>   | 291                              |
| The Battle-field . . . . .                      | <i>W. C. Bryant</i> 284        | After the Tempest . . . . .                       | <i>W. C. Bryant</i> 292          |
| The Regiment's Return . . . <i>E. J. Cutler</i> | 284                            | Left on the Battle-field . <i>Sarah T. Bolton</i> | 292                              |
| The Battle-Song of Gustavus Adolphus            | <i>Michael Altenburg</i> 285   | Horrors of War . . . . .                          | <i>E. H. Bickersteth</i> 292     |
| Old Iron-Sides . . . . .                        | <i>O. W. Holmes</i> 285        | The Indian Brave . . . . .                        | <i>F. S. Smith</i> 293           |
| Festive Peace . . . . .                         | <i>William Shakespeare</i> 285 | After the Battle . . . . .                        | <i>Thomas Moore</i> 293          |
| The Soldier's Return . <i>Robert Bloomfield</i> | 286                            | Coming Peace . . . . .                            | <i>Elizabeth B. Browning</i> 293 |
| Soldier, Rest! Thy Warfare O'er                 | <i>Sir Walter Scott</i> 286    | The Legend of Sir Joseph Wagstaff                 | <i>J. M. Wagstaff</i> 294        |
| Ode to Peace . . . . .                          | <i>William Tennent</i> 287     | The Time of War . . . . .                         | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 296        |
| When Banners are Waving . . . . .               | 287                            | Civil War . . . . .                               | 296                              |
|                                                 |                                | Fair Peace . . . . .                              | <i>James Thomson</i> 296         |

RURAL SCENES.

|                                    |                             |                                 |                           |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Farmer John . . . . .              | <i>J. T. Trowbridge</i> 297 | The House on the Hill . . . . . | <i>E. J. Hall</i> 301     |
| The Village Boy . . . . .          | <i>J. G. Clarke</i> 297     | Agriculture . . . . .           | <i>James Thomson</i> 302  |
| Homesick for the Country . . . . . | 298                         | The Harvest Sheaf . . . . .     | 303                       |
| Summer Woods . . . . .             | <i>W. H. Burleigh</i> 298   | Dan's Wife . . . . .            | <i>Kate T. Woods</i> 304  |
| The Calf . . . . .                 | <i>Phæbe Cary</i> 299       | The Robin . . . . .             | <i>Harrison Weir</i> 305  |
| Sleigh Song . . . . .              | <i>G. W. Pettie</i> 299     | A Lay of Old Time . . . . .     | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 305 |
| Nightfall: A Picture . . . . .     | <i>A. B. Street</i> 300     | A Little Song . . . . .         | 306                       |



|                                    | PAGE                       |                            | PAGE                         |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Our Skater Belle . . . . .         | 306                        | The Pumpkin . . . . .      | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 316    |
| The Homestead . . . . .            | <i>Phæbe Cary</i> 307      | Blossom-time . . . . .     | <i>Mary E. Dodge</i> 317     |
| A Life in the Country . . . . .    | <i>C. S. Calverley</i> 308 | Country Life . . . . .     | 317                          |
| A Rural Picture . . . . .          | <i>Joanna Baillie</i> 309  | The Old Mill . . . . .     | <i>R. H. Stoddard</i> 318    |
| A Harvest Hymn . . . . .           | <i>W. D. Gallagher</i> 310 | Back to the Farm . . . . . | <i>W. T. Hale</i> 318        |
| My Little Brook . . . . .          | <i>Mary D. Branch</i> 310  | Two Pictures . . . . .     | <i>Marion Douglass</i> 318   |
| Conrad in the City . . . . .       | <i>Henry Davenport</i> 311 | The Haymakers . . . . .    | <i>George Lunt</i> 319       |
| The Reapers . . . . .              | <i>T. B. Read</i> 311      | The Song of the Mowers     |                              |
| The Drudge . . . . .               | <i>O. W. Holmes</i> 312    |                            | <i>W. H. Burleigh</i> 319    |
| The Haymaker's Roundelay . . . . . | 312                        | Country Life . . . . .     | <i>R. H. Stoddard</i> 320    |
| True Riches . . . . .              | <i>J. N. Barker</i> 312    | The Plough . . . . .       | <i>W. C. Bryant</i> 320      |
| The Country Maid . . . . .         | <i>W. C. Bryant</i> 312    | The Sacred Woods . . . . . | <i>R. W. Emerson</i> 320     |
| Selling the Farm . . . . .         | <i>Beth Day</i> 314        | The Mowers . . . . .       | <i>William Allingham</i> 321 |
| Town and Country . . . . .         | <i>William Cowper</i> 315  | The Cornfield . . . . .    | <i>James Thomson</i> 321     |
| A Harvest Thought . . . . .        | 316                        | My Heaven . . . . .        | <i>N. P. Willis</i> 321      |

### THE WORLD'S WORKERS.

|                                    |                              |                                                 |                           |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| The Dreamer . . . . .              | 323                          | Pluck and Prayer . . . . .                      | 330                       |
| Press On . . . . .                 | <i>Park Benjamin</i> 323     | You and I . . . . .                             | <i>Charles Mackay</i> 331 |
| Do Something . . . . .             | 324                          | Don't Stand in the Way . . . . .                | 331                       |
| How Cyrus Laid the Cable . . . . . | 324                          | The Husbandman . . . . .                        | <i>John Sterling</i> 332  |
| Little by Little . . . . .         | 324                          | The Poor Man's Labor . . . . .                  | <i>J. P. Curran</i> 333   |
| The Way to Win . . . . .           | 324                          | Working and Dreaming, <i>Mrs. A. L. Lawrie</i>  | 333                       |
| The Church Spider . . . . .        | 326                          | To the Harvest Moon . . . . .                   | <i>H. K. White</i> 334    |
| Giles and Mary . . . . .           | <i>Robert Bloomfield</i> 326 | The Unfinished Stocking, <i>Sarah K. Bolton</i> | 334                       |
| The Ship-builders . . . . .        | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 327    | The Good Old Plough . . . . .                   | 335                       |
| The Shoemakers . . . . .           | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 327    | The Fishermen . . . . .                         | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 335 |
| Moral Cosmetics . . . . .          | <i>Horace Smith</i> 328      | The Corn Song . . . . .                         | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 336 |
| Advice . . . . .                   | 328                          | The Huskers . . . . .                           | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 336 |
| A Work Song . . . . .              | <i>G. F. Armstrong</i> 329   | The Lumbermen . . . . .                         | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 337 |
| The Happy Heart . . . . .          | <i>T. Decker</i> 330         | The Song of the Shirt . . . . .                 | <i>Thomas Hood</i> 339    |
| Labor On . . . . .                 | 330                          | Advice . . . . .                                | 340                       |

### BEAUTY AND GRANDEUR OF THE ALPS.

|                                |                              |                                 |                               |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Lake Lemán (Geneva) in a Calm  |                              | Sunrise in the Vale of Chamouny |                               |
|                                | <i>Lord Byron</i> 341        |                                 | <i>S. T. Coleridge</i> 346    |
| Lake Lemán (Geneva) in a Storm |                              | The Avalanche . . . . .         | <i>Lord Byron</i> 347         |
|                                | <i>Lord Byron</i> 341        | England and Switzerland         |                               |
| The Battle of Morgarten        |                              |                                 | <i>William Wordsworth</i> 347 |
|                                | <i>Felicia D. Hemans</i> 343 | Arnold Winkelried . . . . .     | <i>James Montgomery</i> 348   |
| The Boy of the Alps . . . . .  | <i>Thomas Moore</i> 344      | The Eagle's Shadow . . . . .    | <i>Anna L. Barbauld</i> 350   |

### CHILDHOOD AND YOUTH.

|                                                |                           |                                 |                            |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| The Doll's Wedding . . . . .                   | 353                       | Nutting . . . . .               | <i>Lucy M. Blinn</i> 357   |
| A Fishin' . . . . .                            | <i>J. W. Riley</i> 353    | Naming the Baby . . . . .       | 357                        |
| Mattie's Wants and Wishes, <i>Grace Gordon</i> | 353                       | Nan . . . . .                   | <i>Cora S. Wheeler</i> 357 |
| A Fellow's Mother . . . . .                    | <i>M. E. Sangster</i> 355 | The Chicken's Mistake . . . . . | <i>Phæbe Cary</i> 358      |
| The Little White Hearse . . . . .              | 355                       | The Merman's Song . . . . .     | <i>Matthew Arnold</i> 360  |
| Two Little Maidens . . . . .                   | <i>Agnes Carr</i> 355     | Dreams . . . . .                | 360                        |
| A Life Lesson . . . . .                        | 355                       | Be True . . . . .               | 360                        |
| Grandma's Angel . . . . .                      | 355                       | The New Year . . . . .          | 361                        |
| The Little Boy's Lament . . . . .              | 356                       | Little Jack . . . . .           | <i>Eugene J. Hall</i> 361  |
| Forgiveness . . . . .                          | 356                       | What Bessie Saw . . . . .       | <i>C. W. Bronson</i> 362   |

|                                                  | PAGE |                                                  | PAGE |
|--------------------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------------------|------|
| Little Red Riding Hood, <i>Letitia E. Landon</i> | 362  | The Little Darling . . . . .                     | 376  |
| The Highwayman . . . <i>Allen G. Bigelow</i>     | 364  | The Boy's Complaint . . . . .                    | 377  |
| The Squirrel's Lesson . . . . .                  | 364  | Lost Tommy . . . . . <i>Julia M. Dana</i>        | 377  |
| Boys Wanted . . . . .                            | 365  | The Little Boy who Ran Away                      |      |
| The Right Way . . . . . <i>Helen E. Brown</i>    | 365  | <i>Mrs. S. T. Perry</i>                          | 378  |
| A Song of Golden Curls . . <i>F. L. Stanton</i>  | 365  | The Flag on the School-house                     |      |
| The Pied Piper of Hamelin, <i>Robt. Browning</i> | 366  | <i>F. A. Tupper</i>                              | 379  |
| The Clucking Hen . . . . .                       | 368  | A Girl . . . . . <i>John J. Piatt</i>            | 379  |
| One Thing at a Time . . . . .                    | 368  | Cuddle Doon . . . <i>Alexander Anderson</i>      | 380  |
| Babyland . . . . . <i>George Cooper</i>          | 368  | The Dead Doll . . <i>Margaret Vandergrift</i>    | 380  |
| The Little Cup-bearer . . . . .                  | 369  | A Little Boy's Trouble . . <i>Carlotta Perry</i> | 381  |
| Do Right . . . . .                               | 369  | From "Babe Christabel," <i>Gerald Massey</i>     | 381  |
| The Boy with the Little Tin Horn                 |      | What She Said . . . <i>S. D. W. Gamwell</i>      | 382  |
| <i>F. L. Stanton</i>                             | 369  | Unsatisfied . . . . . <i>A. G. Waters</i>        | 383  |
| The Way to Succeed . . . . .                     | 369  | A Pleasant Punishment . . . . .                  | 383  |
| A Gentleman . . . <i>Margaret E. Sangster</i>    | 370  | Tabby Gray . . . . .                             | 384  |
| Down in the Strawberry Bed . . . . .             | 370  | Babies and Kittens . . . <i>L. M. Hadley</i>     | 384  |
| One Little Act . . . . .                         | 370  | A Story of an Apple . . <i>Sydney Dayre</i>      | 384  |
| Six Years Old . . . . .                          | 370  | The Unfinished Prayer . . . . .                  | 385  |
| Hands and Lips . . . . .                         | 371  | Which Loved Best . . . . . <i>Foy Allison</i>    | 385  |
| Jewels of Winter . . . . .                       | 371  | The Discontented Buttercup                       |      |
| The Bluebird . . . . .                           | 371  | <i>Sarah O. Jewett</i>                           | 385  |
| The Man in the Moon . . . . .                    | 371  | Off for Slumberland . . . . .                    | 385  |
| A Rogue . . . . .                                | 371  | Suppose . . . . . <i>Phæbe Cary</i>              | 386  |
| Grandpapa's Spectacles . . . . .                 | 371  | The Dead Kitten . . . . <i>Sydney Dayre</i>      | 386  |
| The Baby's Prayer . . <i>Elizabeth S. Phelps</i> | 373  | Johnny's Opinion of Grandmothers                 |      |
| A Child's Wish . . . . . <i>Clio Stanley</i>     | 374  | <i>E. L. Beers</i>                               | 387  |
| The Children . . . . . <i>Charles Dickens</i>    | 374  | Only a Boy . . . . .                             | 389  |
| The King and the Child . . <i>E. J. Hall</i>     | 375  | The Ill-natured Brier . . <i>Anna Bache</i>      | 390  |
| A Boy's Song . . . . . <i>J. Hogg</i>            | 376  | The Boy and the Frog . . . . .                   | 390  |

### THE CROWN OF GENIUS.

|                                                     |     |                                                   |     |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------|-----|
| George Washington . . . . <i>Eliza Cook</i>         | 391 | Cleopatra . . . . . <i>William Shakespeare</i>    | 398 |
| Napoleon and the Sailor, <i>Thomas Campbell</i>     | 391 | To Cole, the Painter . . . <i>W. C. Bryant</i>    | 399 |
| The Portrait of Shakespeare, <i>Ben Johnson</i>     | 392 | The Seminole's Defiance . <i>G. W. Patton</i>     | 400 |
| Mary Morison . . . . . <i>Robert Burns</i>          | 392 | Fate of Charles the Twelfth, <i>Saml. Johnson</i> | 400 |
| Vanderbilt is Dead, <i>Sherman D. Richardson</i>    | 393 | Wendell Phillips . . . . . <i>Nora Perry</i>      | 400 |
| George Whitefield . . . . <i>William Cowper</i>     | 393 | Robert Burns . . . . . <i>F. G. Halleck</i>       | 401 |
| The Old Admiral . . . . . <i>E. C. Stedman</i>      | 393 | The Princess Charlotte . . <i>Lord Byron</i>      | 402 |
| Robert Southey . . . . . <i>Lord Byron</i>          | 394 | Henry Wadsworth Longfellow                        |     |
| To Memory of Ben Johnson, <i>John Cleveland</i>     | 395 | <i>F. F. Browne</i>                               | 405 |
| Henry Kirke White . . . . <i>Lord Byron</i>         | 395 | Randolph of Roanoke . . <i>J. G. Whittier</i>     | 405 |
| Italy's King . . . . . <i>Elizabeth B. Browning</i> | 395 | Napoleon . . . . . <i>Lord Byron</i>              | 407 |
| To the Memory of Hood . . . . .                     | 395 | Abraham Lincoln . . . . <i>J. R. Lowell</i>       | 407 |
| General Grant . . . . . <i>Walt Whitman</i>         | 397 | Lord Byron . . . . . <i>Robert Pollok</i>         | 409 |
| To J. G. Whittier on His Seventieth Birth-          |     | Campbell . . . . . <i>W. M. Præd</i>              | 410 |
| day . . . . . <i>Bayard Taylor</i>                  | 397 | The Duke of Wellington, <i>Alfred Tennyson</i>    | 410 |
| On the Death of President Taylor                    |     | On a Bust of Dante . . . <i>T. M. Parsons</i>     | 413 |
| <i>R. T. Conrad</i>                                 | 397 | The Execution of Montrose, <i>W. E. Aytoun</i>    | 414 |

### THOUGHT AND SENTIMENT.

|                                               |     |                                                |     |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------------------|-----|
| The Village Weaver . . . <i>G. S. Johnson</i> | 415 | The Fortunate Isles . . <i>Joaquin Miller</i>  | 416 |
| A Jewel in Disguise . . . . .                 | 415 | It Never Comes Again . <i>R. H. Stoddard</i>   | 416 |
| A Dream . . . . . <i>J. W. Riley</i>          | 416 | The Bird that Soars . . . <i>J. M. Bentley</i> | 417 |
| The Days of the Modern Belle . . . . .        | 416 | Sometime . . . . . <i>H. Q. Blaisdell</i>      | 417 |



|                                                    | PAGE                        |                                                  | PAGE                           |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| An Old Vagabond . . . . .                          | <i>J. B. O'Reilly</i> 418   | We'll go to Sea no More, <i>Adelaide Corbett</i> | 432                            |
| The Pity of the Park Fountain, <i>N. P. Willis</i> | 418                         | A Hand Pressure . . . . .                        | <i>Curtis May</i> 433          |
| Under the Leaves . . . . .                         | <i>Blanche Buswell</i> 418  | Rock Me to Sleep . . . . .                       | <i>Elizabeth A. Allen</i> 433  |
| The Water that Has Passed . . . . .                | 418                         | Snowdrops . . . . .                              | 434                            |
| Courage . . . . .                                  | <i>Barry Cornwall</i> 420   | Christmas Eve . . . . .                          | <i>W. B. Dunham</i> 434        |
| The Fireside . . . . .                             | <i>Nathaniel Cotton</i> 420 | Forgive Me Now . . . . .                         | 434                            |
| Roving Ned . . . . .                               | <i>S. D. Richardson</i> 420 | In the Cage . . . . .                            | <i>Sir W. Davenant</i> 435     |
| Victoria's Tears . <i>Elizabeth B. Browning</i>    | 422                         | Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard            |                                |
| Dust from the Road of Life,                        |                             | <i>Thomas Gray</i>                               | 436                            |
| <i>Mrs. Louis Bedford</i>                          | 423                         | The Foolish Violet . . . . .                     | 437                            |
| The Crown of Life . . . . .                        | <i>J. P. Bailey</i> 423     | New Every Morning . . . . .                      | <i>Susan Coolidge</i> 437      |
| The Chaperon . . . . .                             | 424                         | The Men of Old . . . . .                         | <i>R. M. Milnes</i> 438        |
| Birds of Passage . . . . .                         | <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> 424 | Suggestions . . . . .                            | <i>Anna C. Starbuck</i> 438    |
| Dimes and Dollars . . . . .                        | <i>Henry Mills</i> 425      | Song of the Mystic . . . . .                     | <i>A. J. Ryan</i> 438          |
| The Town Pump . . . . .                            | <i>G. W. Bungay</i> 425     | The Singers . . . . .                            | <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> 439    |
| Vastness of the Sea . . . . .                      | <i>Barry Cornwall</i> 426   | Sour Grapes . . . . .                            | 439                            |
| The Chimes of Amsterdam,                           |                             | A Useful Hint . . . . .                          | <i>A. Hill</i> 439             |
| <i>Minnie E. Kenney</i>                            | 426                         | Contentment . . . . .                            | 439                            |
| Only Friends . . . . .                             | 427                         | The New Morning . . . . .                        | <i>Anna L. Barbauld</i> 440    |
| The Helping Hand . . . . .                         | 427                         | Old Letters . . . . .                            | <i>Epes Sargent</i> 440        |
| Life's Winter . . . . .                            | <i>James Thomson</i> 428    | The Old Year . . . . .                           | <i>Lilian F. Mentor</i> 440    |
| The Old Reaper . . . . .                           | 428                         | You Think I am Dead . . . . .                    | 441                            |
| Time's Flight . . . . .                            | <i>W. M. Praed</i> 428      | I Thank Thee, God! For Weal and Woe              |                                |
| To a Friend . . . . .                              | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 429   | <i>Eliza Cook</i>                                | 441                            |
| Ten Years Ago . . . . .                            | <i>A. A. Watts</i> 429      | Crossing the Bar . . . . .                       | <i>Alfred Tennyson</i> 441     |
| The Angel of Patience . . . . .                    | <i>J. G. Whittier</i> 430   | The Friendship Flower . . . . .                  | <i>R. M. Milnes</i> 442        |
| Two Graves . . . . .                               | 431                         | Easy All . . . . .                               | 442                            |
| The Builders . . . . .                             | <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> 431 | Experience . . . . .                             | <i>Alice M. Rollins</i> 442    |
| A Good New Year . . . . .                          | <i>William Lyle</i> 431     | Miranda . . . . .                                | <i>William Shakespeare</i> 442 |

## TRAGEDY AND SORROW.

|                                                 |                              |                                                  |                                 |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| The Driver of the Mail . <i>F. E. Weatherly</i> | 443                          | Weeping . . . . .                                | <i>T. L. Beddoes</i> 451        |
| Rover's Petition . . . . .                      | <i>J. T. Fields</i> 443      | Dirge in Cymbeline . . . . .                     | <i>W. S. Collins</i> 451        |
| Adieu to His Native Land . <i>Lord Byron</i>    | 444                          | The Dead Bird . . . . .                          | <i>Amy S. Wolff</i>             |
| The Three Little Chairs . . . . .               | 444                          | A Trifle . . . . .                               | 452                             |
| Early Death . . . . .                           | <i>Hartley Coleridge</i> 444 | Thy Long Day's Work . <i>Alfred Tennyson</i>     | 453                             |
| Kindness . . . . .                              | <i>David Bates</i> 444       | The Dirge of Imogen, <i>William Shakespeare</i>  | 453                             |
| Think of Me . . . . .                           | <i>Letitia E. Landon</i> 445 | Oh, Snatched Away in Beauty's Bloom              |                                 |
| It Cannot Be . . . . .                          | <i>Cy Warman</i> 445         | <i>Lord Byron</i>                                | 454                             |
| A Widow Bird . . . . .                          | <i>P. B. Shelley</i> 446     | Lost and Found . . . . .                         | <i>Hamilton Hide</i> 454        |
| The Auctioneer's Gift . . . . .                 | <i>S. W. Foss</i> 446        | Over the Range . . . . .                         | <i>J. H. Mills</i> 455          |
| The Lost Leader . . . . .                       | <i>Robert Browning</i> 447   | Solitude . . . . .                               | <i>H. K. White</i> 456          |
| The Three Weepers . . . . .                     | <i>Horatius Bonar</i> 447    | The Voiceless . . . . .                          | <i>O. W. Holmes</i> 456         |
| Where Shall we Make Her Grave?                  |                              | A Lament . . . . .                               | <i>P. B. Shelley</i> 456        |
| <i>Felicia D. Hemans</i>                        | 447                          | Song of the Silent Land, <i>H. W. Longfellow</i> | 456                             |
| Under the Snow . . . . .                        | 448                          | The Mother's Dream . . . . .                     | <i>William Barnes</i> 456       |
| For All Who Die . . . . .                       | 449                          | Dreamland . . . . .                              | <i>Christina G. Rosetti</i> 457 |
| One Voice is Silent . . . . .                   | 449                          | Hope . . . . .                                   | <i>Oliver Goldsmith</i> 458     |

## THE GATES OF PEARL.

|                               |                                |                                              |                             |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Forgiveness . . . . .         | 459                            | The Old Man in the New Church                |                             |
| Bethlehem Town . . . . .      | <i>Eugene Field</i> 459        | <i>J. H. Yates</i>                           | 460                         |
| The Lost Chord . . . . .      | <i>Adelaide A. Proctor</i> 459 | Sometime, Somewhere . <i>Robert Browning</i> | 462                         |
| "Please to Say Amen." . . . . | 460                            | Heavenward . . . . .                         | <i>Sir Edwin Arnold</i> 462 |



|                                        | PAGE                      |                                             | PAGE                        |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A Little Dream . . . . .               | 462                       | Mary Magdalen . . . . .                     | W. C. Bryant 468            |
| A Christmas Carol . . . . .            | Christina G. Rossetti 463 | The Fold . . . . .                          | 471                         |
| Truth . . . . .                        | Alice Cary 464            | The Golden Street . . . . .                 | W. O. Stoddard 471          |
| In Answer . . . . .                    | Rose H. Thorpe 464        | Empty Prayers . . . . .                     | 471                         |
| Sometime . . . . .                     | 464                       | Oh, for the Bridal Feast, . . . . .         | Charitie L. Smith 471       |
| The Sister's Evening Hymn . . . . .    | Sarah Doudney 465         | Prayer and Potatoes . . . . .               | 472                         |
| The Well of Loch Maree, . . . . .      | J. G. Whittier 465        | The Sacrifice of Isaac . . . . .            | N. P. Willis 473            |
| The Christian's Warfare . . . . .      | Charlotte E. Tonna 466    | Our Beloved Dead . . . . .                  | 473                         |
| The Magi's Gifts . . . . .             | S. C. Kirk 466            | No Thorn Without a Rose . . . . .           | F. R. Havergal 474          |
| Angel Guardians . . . . .              | Beatrice Clayton 466      | The Outdoor Church . . . . .                | Eva Keane 474               |
| What was His Creed? . . . . .          | 467                       | Rest . . . . .                              | Mary T. Lathrop 475         |
| Gettin' Religion . . . . .             | Ida G. Morris 467         | The Way . . . . .                           | T. B. Read 475              |
| Heaven Overarches . . . . .            | Christina G. Rossetti 467 | Once Upon a Time . . . . .                  | Louisa Bushnell 475         |
| Mercy . . . . .                        | William Shakespeare 468   | Peace of Mind . . . . .                     | Oliver Goldsmith 475        |
| Beyond . . . . .                       | 468                       | A Distant Carol, . . . . .                  | Katharine Van Harlingen 476 |
| The Quaker of the Olden Time . . . . . | J. G. Whittier 468        | I Know Not the Hour of His Coming . . . . . | Ezra Hallock 476            |
|                                        |                           | Blessed are the Dead . . . . .              | Simon Dach 476              |

## WIT AND WISDOM.

|                                                |                        |                                                 |                     |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Bill's in Trouble . . . . .                    | 477                    | Der Baby . . . . .                              | 490                 |
| Jack, Who Sews His Buttons On . . . . .        | Arthur Chapman 477     | The Amorous Gold Fish, . . . . .                | Harry Greenbank 492 |
| Woo on a Tandem . . . . .                      | Earl H. Eaton 478      | Spring Under Difficulties . . . . .             | 492                 |
| The Parrot and the Cat . . . . .               | Henry S. Leigh 478     | When Maria Jane is Mayor, . . . . .             | William West 492    |
| The Scientific Sluggard . . . . .              | 478                    | The Girl for Me . . . . .                       | 493                 |
| Reuben and Matilda . . . . .                   | 480                    | Sorrows of Werther . . . . .                    | W. M. Thackeray 493 |
| The Old-Fashioned Laundress . . . . .          | 480                    | The Next Step . . . . .                         | 494                 |
| Spelling Reformer . . . . .                    | 480                    | Sambo's Philosophy . . . . .                    | S. L. Dunbar 494    |
| The Wedding Fee . . . . .                      | 480                    | American Aristocracy . . . . .                  | J. G. Saxe 495      |
| Cabin Philosophy . . . . .                     | 481                    | De Ole Plantation Mule . . . . .                | 495                 |
| Adam Never was a Boy, . . . . .                | T. C. Harbaugh 482     | The Railroad Crossing . . . . .                 | Hezekiah Strong 496 |
| A School-day . . . . .                         | W. F. McSparran 483    | The Punkin Frost . . . . .                      | B. F. Johnson 496   |
| Three Stages . . . . .                         | 483                    | Pat's Reply . . . . .                           | 497                 |
| The Baby in the Cars . . . . .                 | 486                    | Deborah Lee . . . . .                           | 498                 |
| Hygiene . . . . .                              | 486                    | What Mr. Robinson Thinks, . . . . .             | J. R. Lowell 499    |
| Saint Anthony's Sermon to the Fishes . . . . . | A. A. Sancta Clara 487 | Wail of the Unappreciated . . . . .             | 500                 |
| A Child's Reasoning . . . . .                  | 487                    | Ask and Have . . . . .                          | Samuel Lover 500    |
| The Reason Why . . . . .                       | 487                    | The Beauty and the Bee, . . . . .               | Charles Mackay 500  |
| The Indian Chieftain . . . . .                 | 487                    | Why Biddy and Pat Married . . . . .             | R. H. Stoddard 500  |
| Jane Jones . . . . .                           | Ben King 488           | My Paroquet . . . . .                           | Emma H. Webb 501    |
| Why Don't You Laugh? . . . . .                 | J. C. Challiss 488     | A Man by the Name of Bolus, . . . . .           | J. W. Riley 503     |
| The Maiden's Last Farewell . . . . .           | 489                    | Salad . . . . .                                 | Sydney Smith 503    |
| Whip-Poor-Will . . . . .                       | M. H. Rosenfeld 490    | 'Tis not Fine Feathers that Make Fine . . . . . | Birds . . . . . 504 |
| Bakin and Greens . . . . .                     | 490                    | Total Annihilation . . . . .                    | Mary D. Baine 504   |

|                                                                                        |     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Cyclopedia of Poetical Quotations with Subjects Arranged Alpha-<br>betically . . . . . | 505 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|

## CONTENTS OF PROSE.

|                                                    | PAGE |                                                   | PAGE |
|----------------------------------------------------|------|---------------------------------------------------|------|
| A Sunshiny Husband . . . . .                       | 30   | Avalanches of the Jungfrau . . . . .              | 347  |
| Home is Where the Heart is, <i>Chas. Dickens</i>   | 34   | The Fall of the Staubbach . . . . .               | 348  |
| The Sunny Side . . . . .                           | 39   | Lake Lucerne and William Tell's Chapel            | 351  |
| One of the Dearest Words . . . . .                 | 49   | Sunrise Among the Alps . <i>Wash. Allston</i>     | 352  |
| The Great Horse-Shoe Curve . . . . .               | 68   | Being a Boy . . . . . <i>C. D. Warner</i>         | 358  |
| Pleasure Derived from Nature, <i>T. Dwight</i>     | 76   | What Baby Said . . . . .                          | 364  |
| An Italian Sunset . . <i>Washington Allston</i>    | 76   | The Little Match-Girl                             |      |
| Valley of the Hudson . <i>George Bancroft</i>      | 76   | <i>Hans Christian Andersen</i>                    | 372  |
| The Vernal Season, <i>Nathaniel Hawthorne</i>      | 78   | Picking Quarrels . . . . . <i>John Neal</i>       | 375  |
| Venice at Night . <i>James Fenimore Cooper</i>     | 79   | As Quick as the Telephone . . . . .               | 382  |
| First Sight of the Valley of Mexico                |      | Adams and Jefferson . . <i>Edward Everett</i>     | 392  |
| <i>W. H. Prescott</i>                              | 84   | William Cullen Bryant . <i>Professor Wilson</i>   | 393  |
| Flowers . . . . . <i>Lydia M. Child</i>            | 88   | Thomas Campbell . . . . <i>W. Allingham</i>       | 395  |
| Summer-time . . . . . <i>H. W. Longfellow</i>      | 91   | Thomas Hood . . . . . <i>W. M. Rossetti</i>       | 396  |
| Scenery of Lake Superior, <i>H. R. Schoolcraft</i> | 95   | The Last Hours of Socrates . . . . .              | 396  |
| Mountains . . . . . <i>E. M. Morse</i>             | 99   | William Penn . . . . . <i>George Bancroft</i>     | 398  |
| Coral Treasures of the Sea . . . . .               | 131  | Prescott's Method of Living, <i>G. H. Ticknor</i> | 399  |
| Wreck of the Huron, <i>T. De Witt Talmage</i>      | 132  | Martin Luther . . . . . <i>Edward Everett</i>     | 401  |
| Rock and Sand Borers . . . . .                     | 137  | Copernicus . . . . . <i>Edward Everett</i>        | 402  |
| Sublimity of the Ocean . . . . .                   | 143  | Charles Lamb . . . . . <i>William Hazlitt</i>     | 402  |
| Gone Like a Dream . . <i>R. L. Stevenson</i>       | 149  | Henry Clay's Popularity . . <i>James Parton</i>   | 403  |
| Beauty of Sea-Waves . . . . .                      | 156  | John Howard . . . . . <i>Henry Davenport</i>      | 403  |
| The Crowning Grace . <i>H. T. Tuckerman</i>        | 157  | Henry Wadsworth Longfellow . . . . .              | 406  |
| The Power of Love . . <i>R. W. Emerson</i>         | 167  | The Great Senators . . . <i>Horace Greeley</i>    | 406  |
| The Love of a Mother, <i>Washington Irving</i>     | 182  | Nathaniel Hawthorne . . <i>G. P. Lathrop</i>      | 408  |
| Broken Hearts . . . <i>Washington Irving</i>       | 192  | Alfred Tennyson . . . . . <i>R. H. Hutton</i>     | 409  |
| Andre and Hale . . . . <i>C. M. Depew</i>          | 256  | Two Celebrated Astronomers . . . . .              | 411  |
| Beauty of Heroic Deeds, <i>R. W. Emerson</i>       | 262  | Priscilla . . . . .                               | 412  |
| The Fathers of the Republic . <i>E. Everett</i>    | 262  | Lady Henry Somerset, <i>Henry Davenport</i>       | 413  |
| Patrick Henry . . . . .                            | 265  | Glory . . . . . <i>Francis Wayland</i>            | 417  |
| The Little Mayflower . <i>Edward Everett</i>       | 267  | Sympathy . . . . .                                | 422  |
| The "Constitution" and "Guerriere" . . . . .       | 272  | True Nobility . . . . .                           | 424  |
| Patriotism . . . . . <i>T. F. Mcagher</i>          | 273  | Faults . . . . . <i>Henry Ward Beecher</i>        | 426  |
| Warren and Bunker Hill . . . . .                   | 275  | Luck and Labor . . . . <i>Ogden Hoffman</i>       | 433  |
| The Homes of Freedom . <i>Orville Dewey</i>        | 278  | National Hatred . . . . <i>Rufus Choate</i>       | 435  |
| The Ravages of War . . <i>Charles Sumner</i>       | 282  | Be in Earnest . . . . <i>E. Bulwer Lytton</i>     | 439  |
| War's Destruction . . . . <i>Robert Hall</i>       | 285  | The Old Man with Iron Shoes                       |      |
| A Brighter Day . . . . .                           | 285  | <i>R. L. Stevenson</i>                            | 440  |
| Death in the Country . . <i>J. K. Paulding</i>     | 298  | The Perfect Woman . . . <i>Gail Hamilton</i>      | 442  |
| A Charming Prospect . . <i>Joseph Addison</i>      | 299  | Fagin's Last Night Alive, <i>Charles Dickens</i>  | 450  |
| Peaceful Enjoyment . . . <i>Lord Jeffrey</i>       | 309  | Death of the First Born . <i>J. G. Holland</i>    | 457  |
| Children and Flowers . <i>H. W. Longfellow</i>     | 321  | The Widow's Lighthouse, <i>Herman Hooker</i>      | 463  |
| Magnificent Poverty . . . <i>Victor Hugo</i>       | 330  | A Sabbath in the Country, <i>Cath. Sedgwick</i>   | 470  |
| Earning Capital . . . . <i>James Wilson</i>        | 332  | An Ideal Citizen . . . . <i>John Habberton</i>    | 476  |
| The Sacredness of Work, <i>Thomas Carlyle</i>      | 334  | The Cycling Academy . . . . .                     | 484  |
| The Nobility of Labor . . <i>Orville Dewey</i>     | 339  | Speech of Sergeant Buzfuz, <i>Chas. Dickens</i>   | 491  |
| The Monarch of Mountains, <i>G. B. Cheever</i>     | 342  | Swallowing a Fly . . <i>T. De Witt Talmage</i>    | 493  |
| One of the Gems of Switzerland . . . . .           | 342  | Candace's Opinions, <i>Harriet Beecher Stowe</i>  | 495  |
| The Glacier of the Rhone, <i>H. W. Longfellow</i>  | 344  | Practical Philosophy . . . . .                    | 497  |
| A Famous Summit . . . . <i>Lord Byron</i>          | 344  | Mark Twain's Watch . . . <i>S. L. Clemens</i>     | 497  |
| Mt. Pilatus . . . . .                              | 345  | "Births. Mrs. Meek, of a Son."                    |      |
| Mt. Blanc . . . . . <i>Benjamin Silliman</i>       | 345  | <i>Charles Dickens</i>                            | 501  |







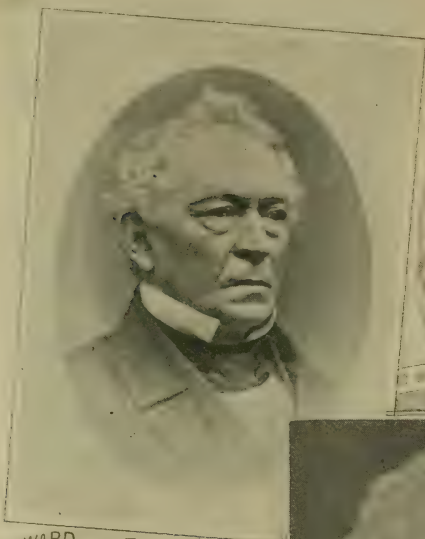
H. B. STOWE



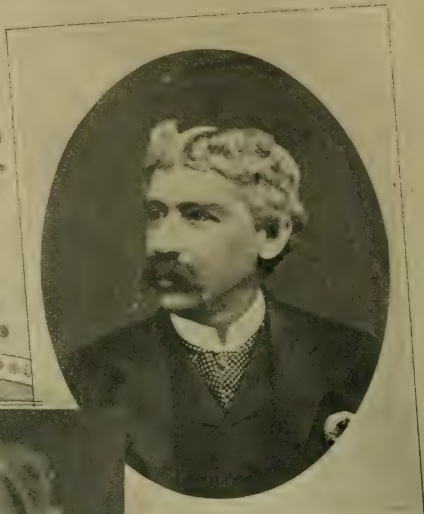
ALICE CARY



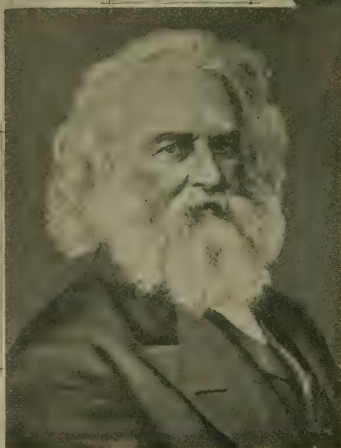
ELIZ PHELPS WARD



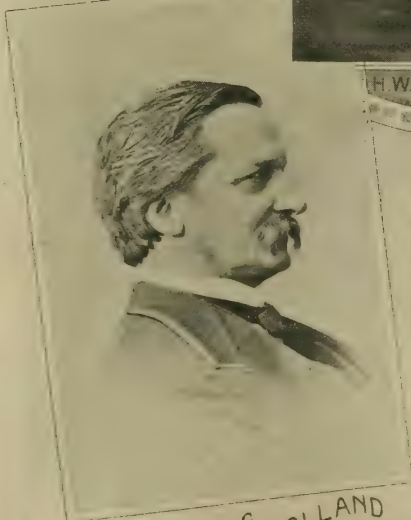
EDWARD  
EVERETT



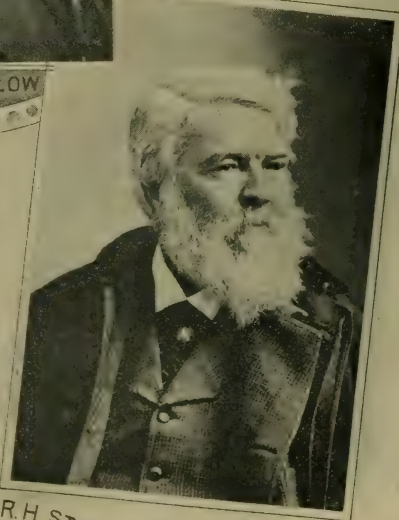
BRET HARTE



H. W. LONGFELLOW



J. G. HOLLAND



R. H. STODDARD





# HOME, SWEET HOME:

COMPRISING

## GEMS FOR THE FIRESIDE

FROM THE MOST CELEBRATED AUTHORS.

### THE LIGHT OF HOME.

The joys of the old fireside, the memories that cling to the 'home circle, and the fondness with which the heart turns to the scenes and delights of youth, are all very strikingly expressed in this beautiful poem.

Y boy, thou wilt dream the world is fair,  
And thy spirit will sigh to roam,  
And thou must go, but never when there  
Forget the light of home.

Though pleasure may smile with a ray more bright,  
It dazzles to lead astray ;  
Like the meteor's flash 't will deepen the night,  
When thou treadest the lonely way.

But the hearth of home has a constant flame,  
And pure as vestal fire ;  
'T will burn, 't will burn, for ever the same,  
For nature feeds the pyre.

If from these joys thou art forced to part,  
As roams the wandering dove,  
Remember how true is the yearning heart  
That is warmed with a mother's love.

The sea of ambition is tempest-tost,  
And thy hopes may vanish like foam ;  
But when sails are shivered, and rudder lost,  
Then look to the light of home :—

And then like a star through the midnight cloud,  
Thou shalt see the beacon bright,  
For never, till shining on thy shroud,  
Can be quenched its holy light.

The sun of fame?—it will gild the name,  
But the heart ne'er felt its ray ;  
And fashion's smiles that rich ones claim,  
Are but beams of a wintry day.

And how cold and dim these beams must be,  
Should life's wretched wanderer come !  
But, my boy, when the world is dark to thee,  
Then turn to the light of home.

SARAH J. HALE.

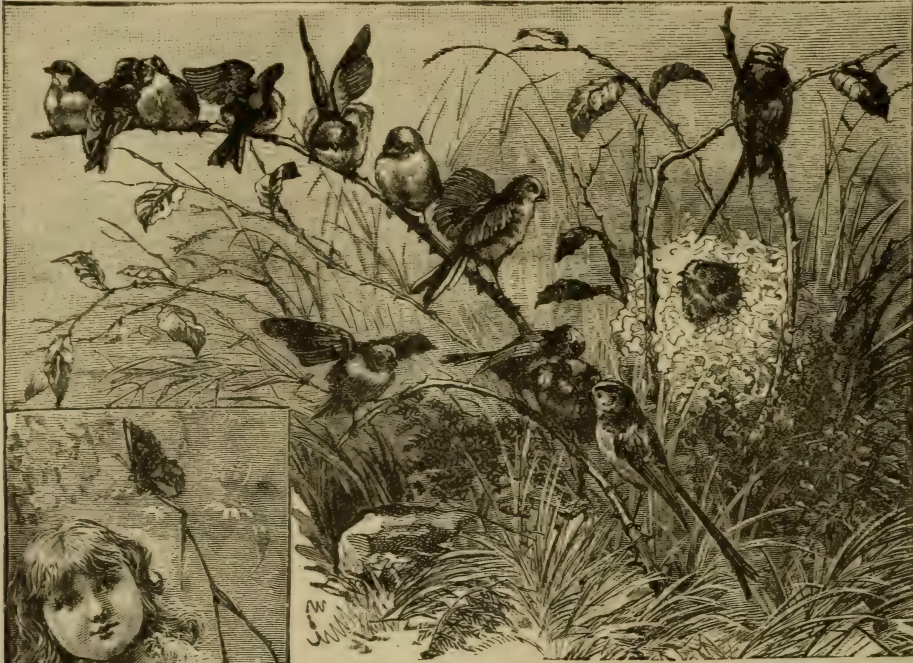


## MY CHILD.

I HAD a little daughter,  
 And she was given to me,  
 To lead me gently backward  
 To the heavenly Father's knee,  
 That I, by the force of nature,  
 Might in some dim wise divine  
 The depth of his infinite patience  
 To this wayward soul of mine.

Till her outstretched hands smiled also,  
 And I almost seemed to see  
 The very heart of her mother  
 Sending sun through her veins to me!

She had been with us scarce a twelvemonth,  
 And it hardly seemed a day,  
 When a troop of wandering angels  
 Stole my little daughter away;



I know not how others saw her,  
 But to me she was wholly fair,  
 And the light of the heaven she came from  
 Still lingered and gleamed in her hair;  
 For it was as wavy and golden,  
 And as many changes took,  
 As the shadows of sun-gilt ripples  
 On the yellow bed of a brook.

To what can I liken her smiling  
 Upon me, her kneeling lover?  
 How it leaped from her lips to her eyelids,  
 And dimpled her wholly over,

Or perhaps those heavenly Zingali  
 But loosed the hampering strings;  
 And when they had opened her cage-door  
 My little bird used her wings.

But they left in her stead a changeling,  
 A little angel child,  
 That seems like her bud in full blossom,  
 And smiles as she never smiled;  
 When I wake in the morning, I see it  
 Where she always used to lie,  
 And I feel as weak as a violet  
 Alone 'neath the awful sky:

As weak, yet as trustful also;  
 For the whole year long I see  
 All the wonders of faithful nature  
 Still worked for the love of me;  
 Winds wander, and dews drip earthward,  
 Rain falls, suns rise and set,  
 Earth whirls, and all but to prosper  
 A poor little violet.

This child is not mine as the first was—  
 I cannot sing it to rest,  
 I cannot lift it up fatherly  
 And bless it upon my breast;  
 Yet it lies in my little one's cradle,  
 And sits in my little one's chair,  
 And the light of the heaven she's gone to  
 Transfigures its golden hair.

JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.

### A MOTHER'S LOVE.

**H**AST thou sounded the depths of yonder sea,  
 And counted the sands that under it be?  
 Hast thou measured the height of heaven  
 above?

Then mayst thou mete out a mother's love.

Hast thou talked with the blessed of leading on  
 To the throne of God some wandering son?  
 Hast thou witnessed the angels' bright employ?  
 Then mayst thou speak of a mother's joy.

Evening and morn hast thou watched the bee  
 Go forth on her errand of industry?  
 The bee for himself hath gathered and toiled,  
 But the mother's cares are all for her child.

Hast thou gone with the traveller Thought afar—  
 From pole to pole, and from star to star?  
 Thou hast—but on ocean, earth, and sea,  
 The heart of a mother has gone with thee.

There is not a grand inspiring thought  
 There is not a truth by wisdom taught,  
 There is not a feeling pure and high,  
 That may not be read in a mother's eye.

And ever, since earth began, that look  
 Has been to the wise an open book,  
 To win them back from the lore they prize  
 To the holier love that edifies.

There are teachings in earth, and sea, and air;  
 The heavens the glory of God declare;  
 But louder than voice beneath or above,  
 He is heard to speak through a mother's love.

EMILY TAYLOR.

### BY THE FIRE.

**S**HE sat and mused by the driftwood fire.  
 As the leaping flames flashed high and  
 higher,  
 And the phantoms of youth, as fair and bright,  
 Grew for her gaze in the ruddy light,  
 The blossoms she gathered in life's young days  
 Wreathed and waved in the flickering blaze;  
 And she laughed through a sunny mist of tears,  
 That rose at the dream of her April years;  
 And ever and aye the sudden rain,  
 Plashed on the glittering window-pane.

Sobered and saddened the pictures that showed  
 As the driftwood logs to a red core glowed,  
 And the fancied figures of older time  
 Passed with the steadied step of their prime;  
 The daisies and snowdrops bloomed and died,  
 Red roses and lilies stood side by side,  
 While richer, and fuller, and deeper grew  
 The lines of the pictures August drew;  
 And ever and aye the falling rain  
 Streamed thick and fast on the window-pane.

The driftwood died down into feathery ash,  
 Where faintly and fitfully shone the flash;  
 Slowly and sadly her pulses beat,  
 And soft was the fall, as of vanishing feet;  
 And lush and green as from guarded grave,  
 She saw the grass of the valley wave;  
 And like echoes in ruins seemed to sigh  
 The "wet west wind" that went wandering by,  
 And caught the sweep of the sullen rain,  
 And dashed it against the window-pane.

### THE LITTLE ARMCHAIR.

**N**OBODY sits in the little armchair:  
 It stands in a corner dim;  
 But a white-haired mother gazing there,  
 And yearningly thinking of him,  
 Sees through the dust of long ago  
 The bloom of the boy's sweet face,  
 As he rocks so merrily to and fro,  
 With a laugh that cheers the place.

Sometimes he holds a book in his hand,  
 Sometimes a pencil and slate;  
 And the lesson is hard to understand,  
 The figures to calculate;  
 But she sees the nod of the father's head.  
 So proud of his little son,  
 And she hears the words so often said  
 "No fear for our little one."

They were wonderful days, the dear sweet days,  
 When a child with sunny hair  
 Was here to scold, to kiss, and to praise,  
 At her knee in the little chair.  
 She lost him back in her busy years,  
 When the great world caught the man,  
 And he strode away past hopes and fears  
 To his place in the battle's van.

But now and then in a wistful dream,  
 Like a picture out of date,  
 She sees a head with a golden gleam  
 Bent over pencil and slate;  
 And she lives again the happy day,  
 The day of her young life's spring,  
 When the small armchair stood just in the way,  
 The centre of everything.





BEAUTIFUL FLOWERS FOR HOME DECORATION.



## AN OLD SWEETHEART OF MINE.

The tender pathos and beauty of this poem strike a responsive chord in the hearts of all who appreciate the domestic affections. It is one of Mr. Riley's happiest efforts.

AS one who cons at evening o'er the album all alone  
And muses on the faces of the friends that he has known,  
So I turn the leaves of fancy till in shadowy design  
I find the smiling features of an old sweetheart of mine.

'Tis a fragrant retrospection—for the loving hearts that start  
Into being are like perfumes from the blossoms of the heart;  
And to dream the old dreams over is a luxury divine,  
When my truant fancy wanders with that old sweetheart of mine.

Though I hear, beneath my study, like a fluttering of wings,  
The voices of my children and the mother as she sings,  
I feel no twinge of conscience to deny me any theme  
When care has cast her anchor in the harbor of a dream.

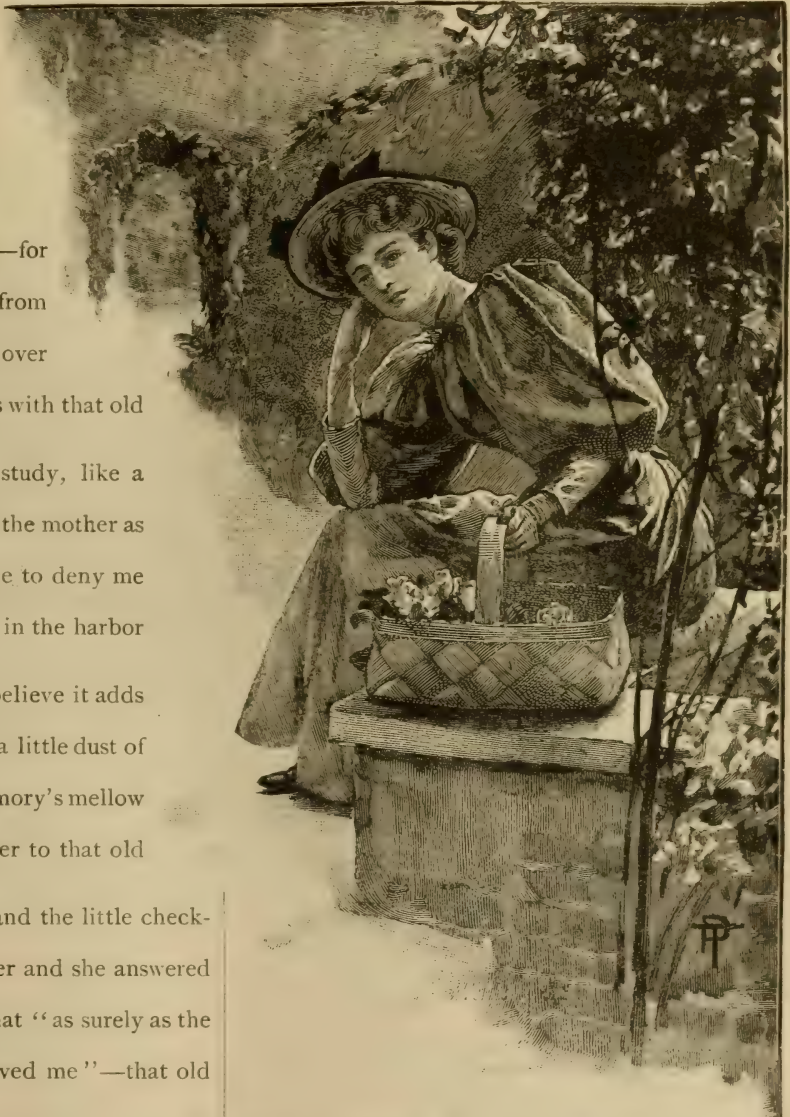
In fact, to speak in earnest, I believe it adds a charm  
To spice the good a trifle with a little dust of harm—  
For I find an extra flavor in memory's mellow vine  
That makes me drink the deeper to that old sweetheart of mine.

I can see the pink sun-bonnet and the little checkered dress  
She wore when first I kissed her and she answered the caress  
With the written declaration that "as surely as the vine  
Grew 'round the stump, she loved me"—that old sweetheart of mine.

And again I feel the pressure of her slender little hand  
As we used to talk together of the future we had planned—  
When I should be a poet, and with nothing else to do  
But to write the tender verses that she set the music to.

When we should live together in a cosy little cot,  
Hid in a nest of roses, with a tiny garden spot;

Where the vines were ever fruitful, and the weather ever fine,  
And the birds were ever singing for that old sweetheart of mine.



When I should be her lover forever and a day,  
And she my faithful sweetheart till the golden hair was gray;  
And we should be so happy that when either's lips were dumb  
They should not smile in heaven till the other's kiss had come.

But, ah! my dream is broken by a step upon the stair,



And the door is softly opened, and—my wife is standing there;  
Yet with eagerness and rapture all my visions I resign  
To meet the living presence of that old sweetheart of mine.

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.

### ALONE IN THE HOUSE.

The following beautiful lines were written in response to repeated requests for something from the pen of Mrs. Willard, mother of Miss Frances E. Willard. They give a picture of sacrifice made with the utmost cheerfulness, such as is not often witnessed, even in the history of reformers, and are typical of the exemplary character of their author.



**A**LONE in the house! who would dream it!  
Or think that it ever could be—  
When my babes thrilled the soft air with  
love notes  
That had meaning for no one but me.

Alone in the house! who would dream it!  
Or think that it ever could be,  
When they came from their small garden castle,  
Down under their dear maple tree,  
Or from graves of their pets and their kittens,  
With grief it would pain you to see.

Then with brows looking weary from lessons,  
Pored over with earnestness rare,  
And then, from a thoughtful retirement,  
With solitude's first blanch of care.

A house of stark silence and stillness

Is this, where I think of the rush  
Of childhood's swift feet at the portal,  
And of childhood's sweet spirit of trust!

All alone in the house! all alone!  
On this generous festival day;  
Oh! where have my girls gone this New Year's,  
Who made the house merry as May?  
One went at the call of death's angel,  
And one, duty took her away.

Oh, how will it be in that future?  
I do wonder how it will be,  
When we all meet together in heaven—  
Husband, son, gentle daughters and me.

Who will bring us together in glory,  
When the long separation is done?  
'Tis the Friend who will never forsake us,  
And who never has left us alone;  
Then fearless we'll enter to-morrow,  
'Twill be one day nearer our home.

But when shall we reach there, I wonder,  
Where father, brother, and sister now rest,  
To dwell with the Christ who redeemed us,  
In the beautiful land of the blest?  
MARY THOMPSON WILLARD.

### THE OLD FRIENDS.

**T**HERE is no friend like the old friend who  
has shared our morning days,  
No greeting like his welcome, no homage  
like his praise;  
Fame is the scentless sunflower, with gaudy crown  
of gold,  
But friendship is the breathing rose, with sweets in  
every fold.

O. W. HOLMES.



## CHARITY.

**B**LEST Charity! the grace long-suffering, kind,  
Which envies not, has no self-vaunting mind,  
Is not puffed up, makes no unseemly show,  
Seeks not her own, to provocation slow,  
No evil thinks, in no unrighteous choice  
Takes pleasure, doth in truth rejoice,  
Hides all things, still believes, and hopes the best,  
All things endures, averse to all contest.  
Tongues, knowledge, prophecy, shall sink away,

And a sign and a seal of our reverence, too,  
Had a part in our creed, when that old ring was  
new,

When a slender, light hand was upraised to our lips,  
And our kisses were pressed on its slim finger tips.  
For that circle of gold seemed a hallowing pledge  
Of a homage profounder than words dare allege.

But the metal that's purest wears quickest away,  
And that old wedding ring has grown thinner to-  
day ;



At the first glance of beatific ray ;  
Then charity its element shall gain,  
And with the God of love eternal reign.

BISHOP KEN.

## THAT CIRCLE OF GOLD.

**W**HAT a symbol of love is that circle of gold,  
By the token of which our devotion was  
told !

How our youthful affection shines out, as it seems,  
In the light of the romance around it that gleams ;  
And it knows no beginning or ending, or why  
Its continuing course should not run till we die.

Yet the hand which it graced graces it in its turn  
With a magic the alchemist vainly would learn.  
For sweet charity's touch has so filled it with gold  
That that hand never lacked to the hungry and cold.

And the summers may come, and the summers may  
go,  
And the winters may whiten the hair with their  
snow ;

Still the hand which a lover delighted to kiss  
Wears the signet of half of a century's bliss,  
And no earnest of joy in the heavens above  
Is more sure than that ring and its cycle of love.

W. D. ELLWANGER.





## A WIFE'S APPEAL TO HER HUSBAND.

YOU took me, Henry, when a girl, into your home and heart,

To bear in all your after-fate a fond and faithful part;

And tell me, have I ever tried that duty to forego,  
Or pined there was not joy for me when you were sunk in woe?

No, I would rather share your grief than other people's glee;

For though you're nothing to the world, you're all the world to me.

You make a palace of my shed, this rough-newn bench a throne;

There's sunlight for me in your smile, and music in your tone.

I look upon you when you sleep—my eyes with tears grow dim;

I cry, "O! Parent of the poor, look down from heaven on him!

Behold him toil, from day to day, exhausting strength and soul;

Look down in mercy on him, Lord, for thou canst make him whole!"

And when, at last, relieving sleep has on my eyelids smiled,

How oft are they forbid to close in slumber by my child!

I take the little murmurer that spoils my span of rest,

And feel it is a part of thee I hold upon my breast.

There's only one return I crave—I may not need it long—

And it may soothe thee when I'm where the wretched feel no wrong.

I ask not for a kinder tone, for thou wert ever kind;

I ask not for less frugal fare—my fare I do not mind.

I ask not for more gay attire—if such as I have got Suffice to make me fair to thee, for more I murmur not;

But I would ask some share of hours that you in toil bestow;

Of knowledge that you prize so much, may I not something know?

Subtract from meetings amongst men each eve an hour for me;

Make me companion for your soul, as I may surely be;

If you will read, I'll sit and work; then think, when you're away,

Less tedious I shall find the time, dear Henry, of your stay.

A meet companion soon I'll be for e'en your studious hours,

And teacher of those little ones you call your cottage-flowers:

And if we be not rich and great, we may be wise and kind;

And as my heart can warm your heart, so may my mind your mind.

## GRANDMOTHER'S WORK.

UP in the garret the grandmother sits,  
Under the rafters dark and low,

Sorting over the faded bits

Of woolen, and silk, and calico;

And the children wonder, as peeping in,

They watch the old lady her task begin.

Why the aged hands, so wrinkled and thin,

Should tremble and be so slow.

Run away, ye careless ones, to your play!

Let her muse for awhile alone!

These faded remnants once bright and gay,

Have a history—every one;

And this is the reason the grand-dame sighs,

And the blinding tears that unbidden rise,

She paused to wipe from those faded eyes,

Whose weeping, she thought, was done.

This silk, whose color she scarce can tell,

Laid away with such pride and care,

Was the bridal robe—she remembers well—

Of her darling so pure and fair.

And she hastily folds it out of sight,

For she knows full well, in that land of light,

Unfading and spotless, clean and white,

Are the garments the ransomed wear.

And these tiny shreds of old soft lace

Which the years have turned so gray,

How they bring before her the baby face.

That within these ruffles lay!

And the heart leaps over the days that remain,

Till she clasps in her arms her baby again,

While her withered heart feels a yearning pain

For the little one called away.

And now she has found a scrap of blue,

And she brushes away a tear

As she thinks of her soldier son so true

To his country—to her so dear;

A bit of the blue her brave boy wore

When he said "good-bye" at the cottage door;

She listens in vain, on the oaken floor,

For the footsteps she loved to hear.

And thus she labors and thinks and dreams

While memories fast arise,

Till the fading light of evening seems

To come with swift surprise;

And the children that night in the chimney nook,

Looking up at length from their picture-book,

See the folded hands, and the shadowy look

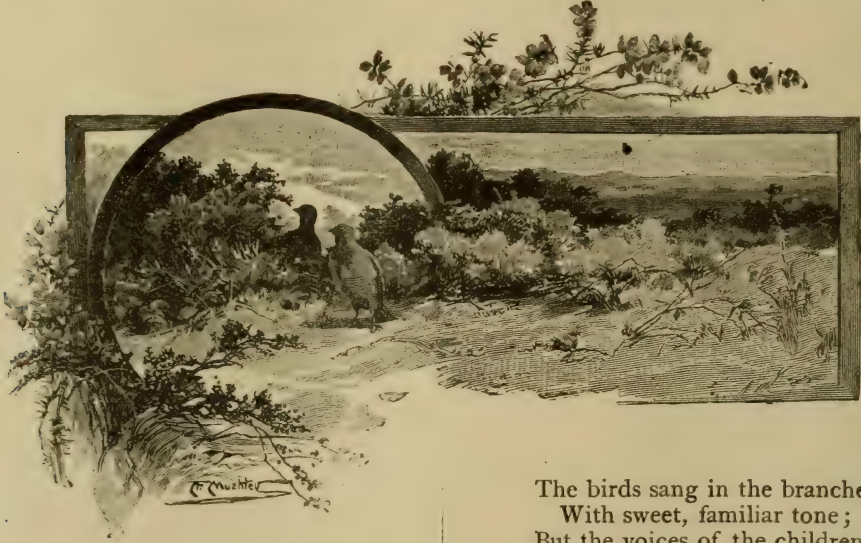
Of tears in her kindly eyes.

MRS. C. E. HEWITT.

## AN IDYL OF THE KITCHEN.

**I**N brown holland apron she stood in the kitchen,  
Her sleeves were rolled up, and her cheeks all  
aglow ;  
Her hair was coiled neatly ; when I, indiscreetly,  
Stood watching while Nancy was kneading the  
dough.

Now, who could be neater, or brighter, or sweeter,  
Or who hum a song so delightfully low,



Or who look so slender, so graceful, so tender,  
As Nancy, sweet Nancy, while kneading the  
dough ?

How deftly she pressed it, and squeezed it,  
caressed it,  
And twisted and turned it, now quick and now  
slow,

Ah, me, but that madness I've paid for in sadness !  
'Twas my heart she was kneading as well as the  
dough.

At last, when she turned for her pan to the dresser,  
She saw me and blushed, and said shyly, " Please  
go,

Or my bread I'll be spoiling in spite of my toiling,  
If you stand here and watch while I'm kneading  
the dough."

I begged for permission to stay. She'd not listen ;  
The sweet little tyrant said, " No, sir ! no ! no !"  
Yet when I had vanished on being thus banished,  
My heart stayed with Nancy while kneading the  
dough.

I'm dreaming, sweet Nancy, and see you in fancy,  
Your heart, love, has softened, and pitied my woe,  
And we, dear, are rich in a dainty wee kitchen  
Where Nancy, my Nancy, stands kneading the  
dough.

JOHN A. FRASER, JR.

## THE OPEN WINDOW.

**T**HE old house by the lindens  
Stood silent in the shade,  
And on the gravelled pathway  
The light and shadow played.

I saw the nursery windows  
Wide open to the air ;  
But the faces of the children,  
They were no longer there.

The birds sang in the branches,  
With sweet, familiar tone ;  
But the voices of the children  
Will be heard in dreams alone !

And the boy that walked beside me,  
He could not understand  
Why closer in mine, ah ! closer,  
I pressed his warm, soft hand !  
H. W. LONGFELLOW.

## WHERE THERE'S ONE TO LOVE.

**H**OME'S not merely four square walls,  
Though with pictures hung and gilded ;  
Home is where affection calls,  
Filled with shrines the heart hath builded !  
Home ! go watch the faithful dove,  
Sailing 'neath the heaven above us ;  
Home is where there's one to love !  
Home is where there's one to love us !

Home's not merely roof and room,  
It needs something to endear it ;  
Home is where the heart can bloom,  
Where there's some kind lip to cheer it !  
What is home with none to meet,  
None to welcome, none to greet us ?  
Home is sweet—and only sweet—  
When there's one we love to meet us !

CHARLES SWAIN.



## THE PROUDEST LADY.

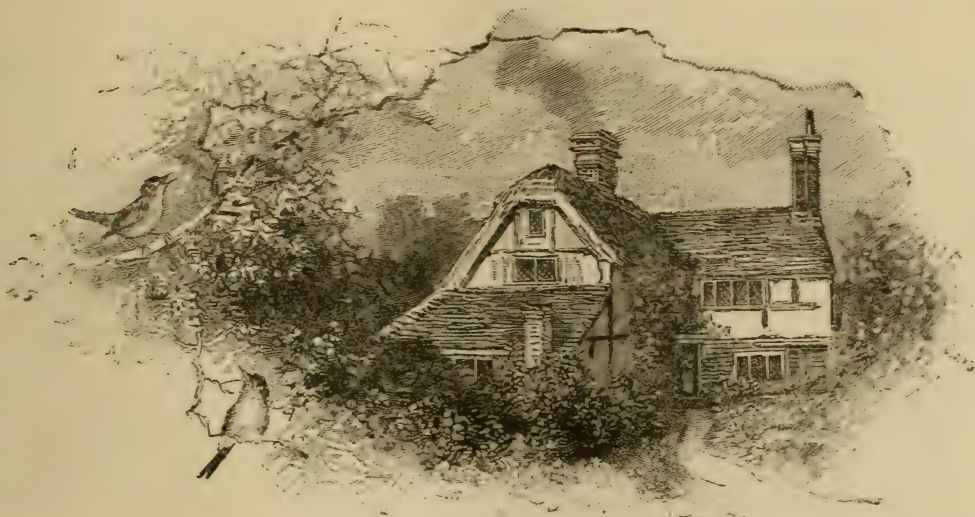
THE queen is proud on her throne,  
And proud are her maids so fine ;  
But the proudest lady that ever was known  
Is a little lady of mine.

And oh ! she flouts me, she flouts me,  
And spurns, and scorns, and scouts me,  
Though I drop on my knee and sue for grace,  
And beg, and beseech with the saddest face,  
Still ever the same she doubts me.

She is seven by the calendar—  
A lily's almost as tall,

What petulant pert grimaces !  
Why, the very pony prances and winks,  
And tosses his head, and plainly thinks  
He may ape her airs and graces.

But at times, like a pleasant tune,  
A sweeter mood o'ertakes her ;  
Oh ! then she's sunny as skies of June,  
And all her pride forsakes her.  
Oh ! she dances round me so fairly !  
Oh ! her laugh rings out so rarely !  
Oh ! she coaxes and nestles, and purrs and pries



But oh ! this little lady's by far  
The proudest lady of all.  
It's her sport and pleasure to flout me,  
To spurn, and scorn, and scout me ;  
But ah ! I've a notion it's nought but play,  
And that, say what she will and feign what she  
may,  
She can't well do without me !

When she rides on her nag away,  
By park, and road, and river,  
In a little hat so jaunty and gay,  
Oh ! then she's prouder than ever !  
And oh ! what faces, what faces !

In my puzzled face with her two great eyes,  
And says, "I love you dearly !"

Oh ! the queen is proud on her throne,  
And proud are her maids so fine ;  
But the proudest lady that ever was known  
Is this little lady of mine.  
Good lack ! she flouts me, she flouts me,  
And spurns, and scorns, and scouts me ;  
But ah ! I've a notion its nought but play,  
And that, say what she will and feign what she  
may,  
She can't well do without me !

THOMAS WESTWOOD.

## THE HOME-COMING.

THEY gain by twilight's hour their lonely isle,  
To them the very rocks appear to smile ;  
The haven hums with many a cheering  
sound,  
The beacons blaze their wonted stations round,  
The boats are darting o'er the curly bay,  
And sportive dolphins bend them through the  
spray.

Even the hoarse sea-bird's shrill, discordant shriek,  
Greets like the welcome of his tuneless beak !  
Beneath each lamp that through its lattice gleams,  
Their fancy paints the friends that trim the  
beams.  
Oh ! what can sanctify the joys of home,  
Like hope's gay glance from ocean's troubled  
foam.

LORD BYRON.

## THE FIRST SMILE.

**T**EARS from the birth of doom must be  
Of the sin-born—but wait awhile,  
Young mother, and thine eye shall see  
The dawning of the first soft smile.



HOMEWARD BOUND.

It comes in slumber, gently steals  
O'er the fair cheek, as light on dew;  
Some inward joy that smile reveals;  
Sit by, and muse; such dreams are true.

Closed eyelids, limbs supine, and breath  
So still, you scarce can calm the doubt  
If life can be so like to death—  
'Tis life, but all of earth shut out.

'Tis perfect peace; yet all the while  
O'er marble brow, and dimpled chin  
Mantles and glows that radiant smile,  
Noting the spirit stirred within.

Oh dim to this the flashing ray,  
Though dear as life to mother's heart,  
From waking smiles, that later play;  
In these earth claims the larger part.

'Tis childish sport, or frolic mirth,  
Or the fond mother's blameless guile,  
Or glittering toy—some gaud of earth,  
That stirs him to that merry smile.

Or if in pensive wise it creep,  
With gradual light and soberer grace,  
Yet shades of earthly sorrow sleep,  
Still sleep upon his beautiful face.

But did the smile disclose a dream  
Of bliss that had been his before?  
Was it from heaven's deep sea a gleam  
Not faded quite on earth's dim shore?

Or told some angel from above,  
Of glories to be his at last,  
The sunset, crowning hours of love—  
His labors done—his perils past?

Blest smile!—so let me live my day,  
That when my latest sun shall set,  
That smile, reviving once, may play,  
And gild my dying features yet:

That smile to cheer the mourners round  
With hope of human sins forgiven;  
Token of earthly ties unbound,  
Of heart intent on opening heaven.

Fair distant land: could mortal eyes  
But half its joys explore,  
How would our spirits long to rise,  
And dwell on earth no more!



## THE TWO GATES.

**I**T is many a year ago, dear—  
 Ah, me! how the time has fled—  
 Since we met on a morn in summer,  
 And never a word was said.  
 It is true that our eyes encountered,  
 Ordained by a kindly fate;  
 As I wandered along the roadway,  
 You stood at the garden gate—  
 You stood at the garden gate!

As the brooklet will seek the sea, dear,  
 As flowers ever hail the sun,  
 As the songsters all crave for springtime,  
 Our lives yearned to be as one  
 You remember how bells were ringing,  
 And hearts were with joy elate,  
 When on starting on life's twin journey,  
 We passed through the same old gate—  
 We passed through the same old gate!

The stranger's foot shall cross the floor  
 Of old where I was wont to go!

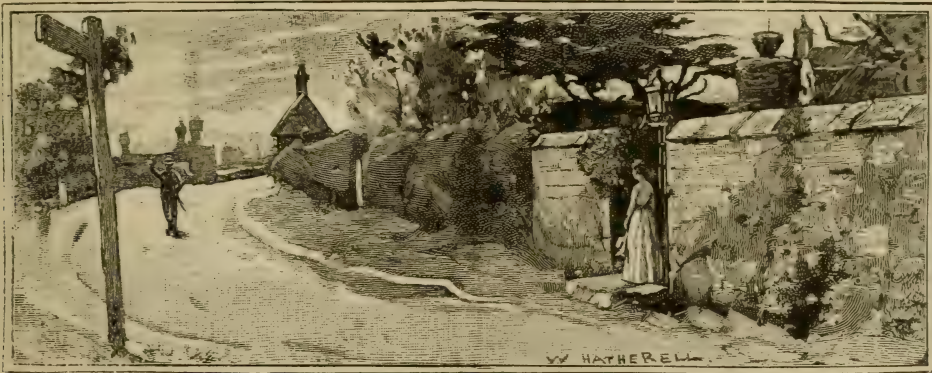
O house that like a little ghost  
 Calls to me through the night and rain,  
 I know not if I love you most  
 For all the joy or all the pain.

For hours in which my joy lay dead,  
 For hours in which all heaven I knew—  
 Only my life, when all is said,  
 Leaves an immortal past with you.

## THE JOYS OF HOME.

**S**WEET are the joys of home,  
 And pure as sweet; for they,  
 Like dews of morn and evening, come  
 To wake and close the day.

The world hath its delights,  
 And its delusions too;



Now that the silvery strands have come, dear,  
 And taken the place of gold,  
 Do we ever regret that summer  
 When love's sweet tale was told?  
 Ah, no! for happiness, darling,  
 Is ours, though in life 'tis late,  
 And with us 'twill ever linger,  
 Till close is the heavenly gate—  
 Till close is the heavenly gate!

## THE EMPTY HOUSE.

**T**O think the moonlight shines to-night  
 In the dismantled rooms that were  
 Love's own, the moonlight, cold and white,  
 Upon the desolate walls and bare!

To think the dawn shall rise and flood  
 The empty house that was love's own,  
 Wherein love's hours were warm and good—  
 Wherein love's heart hung heavy as stone!

To think I shall come there no more  
 To the familiar place, to know

But home to calmer bliss invites,  
 More tranquil and more true.

The mountain flood is strong,  
 But fearful in its pride;  
 While gently rolls the stream along  
 The peaceful valley's side.

Life's charities, like light,  
 Spread smilingly afar;  
 But stars approached, become more bright,  
 And home is life's own star.

The pilgrim's step in vain  
 Seeks Eden's sacred ground!  
 But in home's holy joys again  
 An Eden may be found.

A glance of heaven to see,  
 To none on earth is given;  
 And yet a happy family  
 Is but an earlier heaven.

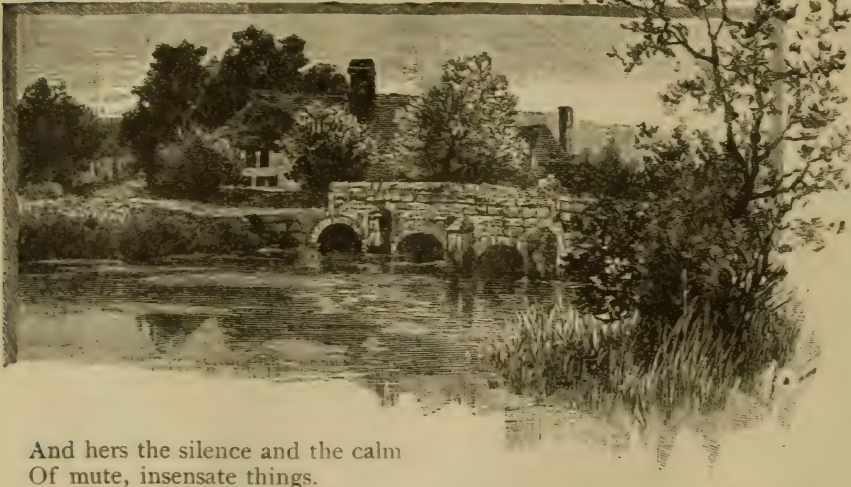
JOHN BOWRING.

## SHE GREW IN SUN AND SHOWER.

THREE years she grew in sun and shower,  
 Then nature said, "A lovelier flower  
 On earth was never sown ;  
 This child I to myself will take,  
 She shall be mine, and I will make  
 A lady of my own.

" Myself will to my darling be  
 Both law and impulse, and with me  
 The girl, in rock and plain,  
 In earth and heaven, in glade and bower,  
 Shall feel an ever-seeing power  
 To kindle or restrain.

" She shall be sportive as the fawn,  
 That wild with glee across the lawn,  
 Or up the mountain springs ;  
 And hers shall be the breathing palm,



And hers the silence and the calm  
 Of mute, insensate things.

" The floating clouds their state shall lend  
 To her—for her the willow bend ;  
 Nor shall she fail to see  
 Even in the motions of the storm,  
 Grace that shall mould the maiden's form  
 By silent sympathy.

" The stars of midnight shall be dear  
 To her, and she shall lean her ear  
 In many a secret place ;  
 Where rivulets dance their wayward round,  
 And beauty born of murmuring sound,  
 Shall pass into her face.

" And vital feelings of delight  
 Shall rear her form to stately height ;  
 Her virgin bosom swell.  
 Such thoughts to Lucy I will give,  
 While she and I together live  
 Here in this happy dell."

Thus nature spake—the work was done—  
 How soon my Lucy's race was run !  
 She died, and left to me  
 This heath, this calm and quiet scene,  
 The memory of what has been,  
 And never more will be.

WILLIAM WORDSWORTH.

## A SUNSHINY HUSBAND.

A SUNSHINY husband makes a merry, beautiful home, worth having, worth working for. If a man is breezy, cheery, considerate, and sympathetic, his wife sings in her heart over her puddings and her mending basket, counts the hours until he returns at night, and renews her youth in the security she feels of his approbation and admiration. You may think it weak or childish if you please, but it is the admired wife who hears words of praise and receives smiles of recommendations, who is capable, discreet, and executive. I have seen a timid, modest, self-distrusting little body fairly bloom into strong, self-reliant womanhood, under the tonic of the cordial of companionship with a husband who really went out of the way to find occasion for showing her how fully he trusted her judgment, and how tenderly he deferred to her opinion and taste.

In home life there should be no jar, no striving for place, no insisting on prerogatives, no division of interest. The husband and the wife are each the complement of the other. It is just as much his duty to be cheerful, as it is hers to be patient ; his right to bring joy into the door, as it is hers to keep in order and beautify the pleasant interior. A family where the daily walk of the father makes glad the hearts of those around him, is constantly blessed with a heavenly benediction.

## TRUE CONTENTMENT.

One honest John Fletcher, a hedger and ditcher,  
 Although he was poor didn't want to be richer ;  
 All petty vexation in him was prevented  
 By the fortunate habit of being contented.

HENRY S. KENT



## OUR FIRST-BORN.

O HAPPY husband! happy wife!  
 The rarest blessing Heaven drops down,  
 The sweetest blossom in spring's crown,  
 Starts in the furrows of your life!  
 God! what a towering height ye win,  
 Who cry, "Lo, my beloved child!"  
 And, life on life sublimely piled,  
 Ye touch the heavens and peep within!

The mother moves with queenlier tread:  
 Proud swell the globes of ripe delight  
 Above her heart, so warm and white,  
 A pillow for the baby-head!  
 Their natures deepen, well-like, clear,  
 Till God's eternal stars are seen,  
 Forever shining and serene,  
 By eyes anointed beauty's seer.



Look how a star of glory swims  
 Down aching silence of space,  
 Flushing the darkness till its face  
 With beating heart of light o'erbrims!  
 So brightening came Babe Christabel,  
 To touch the earth with fresh romance,  
 And light a mother's countenance  
 With looking on her miracle.

With hands so flower-like, soft, and fair,  
 She caught at life, with words as sweet  
 As first spring violets, and feet  
 As fairy-light as feet of air.  
 The father, down in toil's murk mine,  
 Turns to his wealthy world above,  
 Its radiance, and its home of love;  
 And lights his life like sun-struck wine.

A sense of glory all things took,—  
 The red rose-heart of dawn would blow,  
 And sundown's sumptuous pictures show  
 Babe-cherubs wearing their babe's look!  
 And round their peerless one they clung,  
 Like bees about a flower's wine-cup;  
 New thoughts and feelings blossomed up,  
 And hearts for very fullness sung.

Of what their budding babe shall grow,  
 When the maid crimson into wife,  
 And crowns the summit of some life,  
 Like Phosphor, with morn on its brow!  
 And they should bless her for a bride,  
 Who, like a splendid saint alit  
 In some heart's seventh heaven, should sit,  
 As now in theirs, all glorified!

But O ! 'twas all too white a brow  
 To flush with passion that doth fire  
 With Hymen's torch its own death-pyre—  
 So pure her heart was beating now !

And thus they built their castles brave  
 In fairy lands of gorgeous cloud ;  
 They never saw a little white shroud,  
 Nor guessed how flowers may mask the grave.  
 GERALD MASSEY.

### THE MORTGAGE ON THE FARM.

'TIS gone at last, and I am glad ; it stayed a  
 fearful while,  
 And when the world was light and gay,  
 I could not even smile ;  
 It stood before me like a giant, outstretched its  
 iron arm ;  
 No matter where I looked, I saw the mortgage on  
 the farm.

I'll tell you how it happened, for I want the world  
 to know  
 How glad I am this winter day whilst earth is  
 white with snow ;  
 I'm just as happy as a lark. No cause for rude  
 alarm  
 Confronts us now, for lifted is the mortgage on  
 the farm.

The children they were growing up, and they were  
 smart and trim.  
 To some big college in the East we'd sent our  
 youngest, Jim ;  
 And every time he wrote us, at the bottom of his  
 screed,  
 He tacked some Latin fol-de-rol which none of us  
 could read.

The girls they ran to music, and to painting, and  
 to rhymes,  
 They said the house was out of style and far be-  
 hind the times ;  
 They suddenly diskivered that it didn't keep 'em  
 warm—  
 Another step of course towards a mortgage on the  
 farm.

We took a cranky notion, Hannah Jane and me  
 one day,  
 While we were coming home from town, a-talking  
 all the way.  
 The old house wasn't big enough for us, although  
 for years  
 Beneath its humble roof we'd shared each other's  
 joys and tears.

We built it o'er and when 'twas done, I wish you  
 could have seen it,  
 It was a most tremendous thing—I really didn't  
 mean it ;  
 Why, it was big enough to hold the people of the  
 town,  
 And not one-half as cosy as the old one we pulled  
 down.

I bought a fine pianner and it shortened still the  
 pile,  
 But, then, it pleased the children, and they banged  
 it all the while ;  
 No matter what they played for me, their music  
 had no charm,  
 For every tune said plainly : " There's a mortgage  
 on the farm ! "

I worked from morn till eve, and toiled as often  
 toils the slave  
 To meet that grisly interest ; I tried hard to be  
 brave,  
 And oft when I came home at night with tired  
 brain and arm,  
 The chickens hung their heads, they felt the mort-  
 gage on the farm.

But we saved a penny now and then, we laid them  
 in a row ;  
 The girls they played the same old tunes, and let  
 the new ones go ;  
 And when from college came our Jim with laurels  
 on his brow,  
 I led him to the stumpy field and put him to the  
 plow.

He something said in Latin which I didn't under-  
 stand,  
 But it did me good to see his plow turn up the  
 dewy land ;  
 And when the year had ended and empty were  
 the cribs,  
 We found we'd hit the mortgage, sir, a blow be-  
 tween the ribs.

To-day I harnessed up the team and thundered  
 off to town.  
 And in the lawyer's sight I planked the last bright  
 dollar down ;  
 And when I trotted up the lane, a-feeling good  
 and warm,  
 The old red rooster crowed his best : " No mort-  
 gage on the farm. "

I'll sleep almighty good to-night, the best for  
 many a day,  
 The skeleton that haunted us has passed fore'er  
 away.  
 The girls can play the brand new tunes with no  
 fears to alarm,  
 And Jim can go to Congress, with no mortgage on  
 the farm !



## LOVE IN A COTTAGE.

THEY may talk of love in a cottage,  
 And bowers of trellised vine—  
 Of nature bewitchingly simple,  
 And milkmaids half divine;  
 They may talk of the pleasure of sleeping  
 In the shade of a spreading tree,  
 And a walk in the fields at morning,  
 By the side of a footstep free!  
 But give me a sly flirtation  
 By the light of a chandelier—  
 With music to play in the pauses,  
 And nobody very near;  
 Or a seat on a silken sofa,  
 Near a form that is half divine,  
 And mamma too blind to discover  
 The small white hand in mine.

Your love in a cot-  
 tage is hungry,  
 Your vine is a nest  
 for flies—

Your milkmaid  
 shocks the Graces,  
 And simplicity talks  
 of pies!

You lie down to your  
 shady slumber  
 And wake with a  
 bug in your ear.  
 And your damsel  
 that walks in the  
 morning  
 Is shod like a moun-  
 taineer.

True love is at home  
 on a carpet,  
 And mightily likes  
 his ease—

And true love has an eye for a dinner,  
 And starves beneath shady trees.

His wing is the fan of a lady,  
 His foot's an invisible thirg,  
 And his arrow is tipped with a jewel,  
 And shot from a silver string.

N. P. WILLIS.

## GRANDFATHER'S HOUSE.

GRANDFATHER'S house was a gray old  
 building  
 Ever and ever so long ago;  
 The fields around it were deep with clover,  
 The birds sang over it soft and low.  
 Round Grandfather's house the turf—green vel-  
 vet—  
 Was sprinkled with daises white as snow.

A clump of lilacs bloomed in May time  
 Over the path by Grandfather's door—

Ah, me! the charm of those purple blossoms,  
 Their graceful plumes just nodding o'er  
 The reaching, childish hands below them—  
 Their dewy fragrance I'll know no more.

Grandfather's barn with its whistling crannies,  
 Its frowning beams and rafters gray,  
 Its clover smell, the twitter of swallows,  
 And great, high, billowy mows of hay—  
 I have found no joy that could be measured  
 With Grandfather's barn on a rainy day.

Grandfather's woods were—"miles" it may be,  
 They reached much farther than one could see;  
 They were deep and dark and full of shadow,—  
 Often explored, and as often we  
 Found new treasures; the leaves in autumn  
 Were rustled by small feet noisily.



Grandfather's room: when the day was over  
 We rested full in its soothing calm,  
 And heard from the Book with the leather cover,  
 The ever-new—old-fashioned psalm.  
 We knew not why, we asked not wherefore;  
 But peace settled over our hearts like balm.

Oh! for a glimpse of the dear old homestead,  
 The meadow green where the sweet flag grew,  
 For one long breath from the fragrant orchard,  
 A touch of the cool leaves bright with dew—  
 For even a sight of the "Rocky pasture,"  
 Or the swamp where at nightfall the cows came  
 through.

The days were long and the sunshine golden  
 At Grandfather's house in the long ago;  
 The moon was larger, the stars were brighter  
 And fun was plenty in rain or snow;  
 Now life at the best is dull and prosy—  
 Strange that the world should alter so!

MARY MCGUIRE.

## HAPPY LOVE.

SINCE the sweet knowledge I possess  
That she I love is mine,  
All nature throbs with happiness,  
And wears a face divine.



The woods seem greener than they were,  
The skies are brighter blue;  
The stars shine clearer, and the air  
Lets finer sunlight through.  
Until I loved, I was a child,  
And sported on the sands;  
But now the ocean opens out,  
With all its happy lands.

The circles of my sympathy  
Extend from earth to heaven,  
I strove to pierce a mystery,  
And lo! the clue is given.  
The woods, with all their boughs and leaves,  
Are preachers of delight,

And wandering clouds in summer eves  
Are Edens to my sight.  
My confidants and comforters  
Are river, hill and grove,  
And sun, and stars, and heaven's blue deep,  
And all that live and move.

O friendly hills! O garrulous woods!  
O sympathizing air!  
O many-voiced solitudes!  
I know my love is fair.  
I know that she is fair and true,  
And that from her you've caught  
The changeful glories ever new,  
That robe you in my thought.  
Grief, from the armor of my heart,  
Rolls off like rustling rain:  
'Tis life to love; but double life  
To be beloved again.

CHARLES MACKAY.

## THE OLD BARN.

BETWEEN broad fields of  
wheat and corn  
Is the lowly home where I  
was born;  
The peach-tree leans against the  
wall,  
And the woodbine wanders over all.  
There is the barn—and as of yore,  
I can smell the hay from the open  
door,  
And see the busy swallows throng,  
And hear the peewee's mournful  
song.

Oh, ye who daily cross the sill,  
Step lightly, for I love it still;  
And when you crowd the old barn eaves,  
Then think what countless harvest sheaves  
Have passed within that scented door  
To gladden eyes that are no more.

T. BUCHANAN READ.

## HOME IS WHERE THE HEART IS.

IF ever household affections and love are graceful things, they are graceful in the poor. The ties that bind the wealthy and the proud at home may be forged on earth, but those which link the poor man to his humble hearth are of the true metal and bear the stamp of heaven. The man of high descent may love the halls and lands of his inheritance as a part of himself, as trophies of his birth and power; the poor man's attachment to the tenement he holds, which strangers have held before, and may to-morrow occupy again, has a worthier root, struck deep into a purer soil.

CHARLES DICKENS.



## GOOD-NIGHT SONG.

THE birds fly home from east and west,  
 The sleepy winds are blowing,  
 All tired wee things have gone to rest,  
 And baby must be going,  
     Dress him in white,  
     And fold him tight,  
 And whisper once, and twice, "Good night!"  
     Then set afloat  
     The cradle boat,  
 The slumber-ship is just in sight!  
     Now rock and row,  
     Swing to and fro,  
 The winds are soft, the waves are low,  
 The dream-world shores lie dim and blue,  
 The sky is fair, the ship is true.

Oh baby! to be left behind  
 Would bring us care and sorrow;  
 'Tis in dream-world you must find  
 The laughter for to-morrow.  
     There kisses grow,  
     And dimples blow,  
 And thinking streams of music flow,  
     So sweet and clear—  
     Oh, baby dear,  
 The time is up to rock and row.  
     We reach the ship;  
     No—back we slip—  
 Again the oars we poise and dip,  
 We dip and poise—Oh! ship so white,  
 Now take him in! sweetheart, good night.

## ONE OF THE SLEEPY KIND.

I LOVE to wake at early dawn,  
 When sparrows "cheep,"  
 And then turn over with a yawn,  
 And go to sleep.

I love to see the rising sun  
 In picture books.  
 In nature I don't care a bun  
 How Phoebus looks.

I love to lie abed each morn,  
 In dreamy doze,  
 And make the neighborhood forlorn  
 With tuneful nose.

I love to draw the blankets well  
 Up around my chin;  
 I hate to hear the breakfast bell—  
 Contound its din!

In short, I love the sweet embrace  
 Of slumber deep;  
 And heaven to me will be a place  
 Where I can sleep!



## AH, NO! I CANNOT SAY "FAREWELL."

AH, no! I cannot say "Farewell,"  
 'Twould pierce my bosom through;  
 And to this heart 'twere death's dread knell,  
     To hear thee sigh "Adieu."  
 Though soul and body both must part,  
     Yet ne'er from thee I'll sever,  
 For more to me than soul thou art,  
     And oh! I'll quit thee never.

Whate'er through life may be thy fate,  
 That fate with thee I'll share,  
 If prosperous, be moderate,  
 If adverse, meekly bear;  
 This bosom shall thy pillow be,  
 In every change whatever,  
 And tear for tear I'll shed with thee,  
 But oh! forsake thee, never.

One home, one hearth, shall ours be still,  
 And one our daily fare;  
 One altar, too, where we may kneel,  
 And breathe our humble prayer;  
 And one our praise, that shali ascend  
 To one all-bounteous Giver;  
 And one our will, our aim, our end,  
 For oh! we'll sunder never.

And when that solemn hour shall come,  
 That sees thee breathe thy last,  
 That hour shall also fix my doom,  
 And seal my eyelids fast.  
 One grave shall hold us side by side,  
 One shroud our clay shall cover;  
 And one then may we mount and glide,  
 Through realms of love, forever.

ALEXANDER RODGER.

P

## BERTHA IN THE LANE.

UT the broidery-frame away,  
For my sewing is all done!  
The last thread is used to-day,  
And I need not join it on.  
Though the clock stands at the noon,  
I am weary! I have sown,  
Sweet, for thee, a wedding-gown.

Sister, help me to the bed,  
And stand near me, dearest-sweet!  
Do not shrink nor be afraid,  
Blushing with a sudden heat!  
No one standeth in the street!—  
By God's love I go to meet,  
Love I thee with love complete.

Lean thy face down! drop it in  
These two hands, that I may hold  
'Twixt their palms thy cheek and chin,  
Stroking back the curls of gold.  
'Tis a fair, fair face, in sooth,—  
Larger eyes and redder mouth  
Than mine were in my first youth!

Thou art younger by seven years—  
Ah! so bashful at my gaze  
That the lashes, hung with tears,  
Grow too heavy to upraise?  
I would wound thee by no touch  
Which thy shyness feels as such,—  
Dost thou mind me, dear, so much?

Have I not been nigh a mother  
To thy sweetness,—tell me, dear?  
Have we not loved one another  
Tenderly, from year to year?  
Since our dying mother mild  
Said, with accents undefiled,  
"Child, be mother to this child!"

Mother, mother, up in heaven,  
Stand upon the jasper sea,  
And be witness I have given  
All the gifts required of me;—

Hope that blessed me, bliss that crowned,  
Love that left me with a wound,  
Life itself, that turned around!  
ELIZABETH B. BROWNING.

## ABSENCE.

WHAT shall I do with all the days and hours  
That must be counted ere I see thy face?  
How shall I charm the interval that low'rs  
Between this time and that sweet time of grace?

Shall I in slumber steep each weary sense,  
Weary with longing?—shall I flee away  
Into past days, and with some fond pretense,  
Cheat myself to forget the present day?

Shall love for thee lay on my soul the sin  
Of casting from me God's great gift of time?  
Shall I these mists of memory locked within,  
Leave, and forget, life's purposes sublime?

Oh! how, or by what means, may I contrive  
To bring the hour that brings thee back more  
near?

How may I teach my drooping hope to live  
Until that blessed time, and thou art here?

I'll tell thee: for thy sake, I will lay hold  
Of all good aims, and consecrate to thee,  
In worthy deeds, each moment that is told,  
While thou, beloved one! art far from me.

For thee, I will arouse my thoughts to try  
All heavenward flights, all high and holy strains;  
For thy dear sake I will walk patiently  
Thro' these long hours, nor call their minutes pains.

I will this dreary blank of absence make  
A noble task time, and will therein strive  
To follow excellence, and to o'ertake  
More good than I have won, since yet I live.  
FANNY K. BUTLER.



## THE HAPPY LOT.

**B**LEST is the hearth where daughters gird the fire,  
And sons that shall be happier than their sire,

Who sees them crowd around his evening chair,

While love and hope inspire his worldless prayer.

O from their home paternal may they go,

With little to unlearn, though much to know !

Them, may no poisoned tongue, no evil eye,

Curse for the virtues that refuse to die ;

The generous heart, the independent mind,

Till truth, like falsehood, leaves a sting behind !

May temperance crown their feast, and friendship share !

May pity come, love's sister spirit, there !

May they shun baseness as they shun the grave !

May they be frugal, pious, humble, brave !

Sweet peace be theirs—the moonlight of the breast—

And occupation, and alternate rest ;

And dear to care and thought the usual walk ;

Theirs be no flower that withers on the stalk,

But roses cropped, that shall not bloom in vain ;

And hope's blest sun, that sets to rise again.

Be chaste their nuptial bed, their home be sweet,

Their floor resound the tread of little feet ;

Blest beyond fear and fate, if blessed by thee,

And heirs, O love ! of thine eternity. EBENEZER ELLIOTT.

Did listen, as her lips did frame  
The helpless little stranger's name—  
When baby came !

When darkness came and baby died,  
The misty grief that fell belied  
The transient joy that filled the room



## THE BABY.

**W**HEN morning broke and baby came  
The house did scarcely seem the same  
As just before The very air

Grew fragrant with the essence rare  
Of a celestial garden where

The angels, breathless, learned to hear

The youthful mother's fervid prayer

To God, to guard her first-born care.

And with what diligence each ear

But just before ; where brooding gloom  
Now dumbly spoke the baby's doom.  
We hid away the little things  
Woven by nature's matchless loom—  
A woman's hands ! The amber bloom  
Waxed dimmer on the finch's wings ;  
The flowers, too, in sorrow vied,  
As if kind nature drooped and cried—  
When baby died !

CHARLES G. ROGERS.



## SCENES OF MY YOUTH.

SCENES of my birth, and careless childhood  
 hours!  
 Ye smiling hills, and spacious fertile vales!  
 Where oft I wandered plucking vernal flowers,  
 And revelled in the odor-breathing gales;

## THE THREE DEAREST WORDS.

THERE are three words that sweetly  
 blend,  
 That on the heart are graven;  
 A precious, soothing balm they lend—  
 They're mother, home and heaven!



Should fickle fate, with talismanic wand,  
 Bear me afar where either India glows,  
 Or fix my dwelling on the polar land,  
 Where nature wears her ever-during snows;  
 Still shall your charms my fondest themes adorn,  
 When placid evening paints the western sky,  
 And when Hyperion wakes the blushing morn,  
 To rear his gorgeous sapphire throne on high.  
 For to the guiltless heart, where'er we roam,  
 No scenes delight us like our much-loved home.

ROBERT HILLHOUSE.

They twine a wreath of beauteous flowers,  
 Which, placed on memory's urn,  
 Will e'en the longest, gloomiest hours  
 To golden sunlight turn!

They form a chain whose precious links  
 Are free from base alloy;  
 A stream where whosoever drinks  
 Will find refreshing joy!

They build an altar where each day  
 Love's offering is renewed;  
 And peace illumines with genial ray  
 Life's darkened solitude!

If from our side the first has fled,  
 And home be but a name,  
 Let's strive the narrow path to tread,  
 That we the last may gain!

MARY J. MUCKLE.



## THE MOTHER.

But with a sad remembrance fraught  
Wakes anguish in the soul!

In every land—in every clime—  
True to her sacred cause,  
Filled by that effluence sublime  
From which her strength she draws,  
Still is the mother's heart the same—

**A** SOFTENING thought of other years,  
A feeling linked to hours  
When life was all too bright for tears,—  
And hope sang, wreathed with flowers!  
A memory of affections fled—  
Of voices—heard no more!—

Stirred in my spirit when I  
read  
That name of fondness  
o'er!

Oh, mother!—in that early  
word

What loves and joys com-  
bine;

What hopes—too oft, alas!—  
deferred;

What vigils—griefs—are  
thine!

Yet never till the hour we  
roam,

By worldly thralls op-  
prest,

Learn we to prize that truest  
home—

A watchful mother's breast!

The thousand prayers at mid-  
night poured,

Beside our couch of  
woes;

The wasting weariness en-  
dured

To soften our repose!—

Whilst never murmur marked  
thy tongue—

Nor toils relaxed thy  
care:—

How, mother, is thy heart so  
strong

To pity and forbear?

What filial fondness e'er re-  
paid,

Or could repay, the past?—

Alas! for gratitude decayed!  
Regrets—that rarely

last!—

'Tis only when the dust is thrown

Thy lifeless bosom o'er,

We muse upon thy kindness shown—

And wish we'd loved thee more!

'Tis only when thy lips are cold,

We mourn with late regret,

'Mid myriad memories of old,

The days forever set!

And not an act—nor look—nor thought—

Against thy meek control,



The mother's lot as tried:—  
Then, oh! may nations guard that name  
With filial power and pride!

CHARLES SWAIN.

## THE SUNNY SIDE.

Mirth is heaven's medicine. Every one ought  
to bathe in it. Grim care, moroseness, anxiety,  
all this rust of life ought to be scoured off by the  
oil of mirth. It is better than emery. Every man  
ought to rub himself with it.

## THE OLD FARMHOUSE.

WE sat within the farmhouse old,  
 Whose windows, looking o'er the bay,  
 Gave to the sea-breeze, damp and cold,  
 An easy entrance, night and day.

Not far away we saw the port—  
 The strange, old-fashioned, silent town—  
 The lighthouse—the dismantled fort—  
 The wooden houses, quaint and brown.

We sat and talked until the night,  
 Descending, filled the little room ;  
 Our faces faded from the sight,  
 Our voices only broke the gloom.

The very tones in which we spake  
 Had something strange, I could but mark ;  
 The leaves of memory seemed to make  
 A mournful rustling in the dark.

Oft died the words upon our lips,  
 As suddenly, from out the fire  
 Built of the wreck of stranded ships,  
 The flames would leap and then expire.

And, as their splendor flashed and failed,  
 We thought of wrecks upon the main—  
 Of ships dismantled, that were hailed  
 And sent no answer back again.



We spake of many a vanished scene,  
 Of what we once had thought and said,  
 Of what had been, and might have been,  
 And who was changed, and who was dead ;

And all that fills the hearts of friends,  
 When first they feel, with secret pain,  
 Their lives thenceforth have separate ends,  
 And never can be one again ;

The first slight swerving of the heart,  
 That words are powerless to express,  
 And leave it still unsaid in part,  
 Or say it in too great excess.

The windows, rattling in their frames—  
 The ocean, roaring up the beach—  
 The gusty blast—the bickering flames—  
 All mingled vaguely in our speech ;

Until they made themselves a part  
 Of fancies floating through the brain—  
 The long-lost ventures of the heart,  
 That send no answers back again.

O flames that glowed ! O hearts that yearned !  
 They were indeed too much akin,  
 The driftwood fire without that burned,  
 The thoughts that burned and glowed within.

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

## THE CRICKET ON THE HEARTH.

VOICE of summer, keen and shrill,  
 Chirping round my winter fire,  
 Of thy song I never tire,  
 Weary others as they will ;  
 For thy song with summer's filled—  
 Filled with sunshine, filled with June ;  
 Firelight echo of that noon  
 Heard in fields when all is stilled.  
 In the golden light of May,  
 Bringing scents of new-mown hay,  
 Bees, and birds, and flowers away :

Prithee, haunt my fireside still,  
 Voice of summer, keen and shrill !  
 Neither night nor dawn of day  
 Puts a period to thy play.  
 Sing, then, and extend thy span  
 Far beyond the date of man.  
 Wretched man, whose years are spent  
 In repining discontent,  
 Lives not, aged though he be,  
 Half a span, compared with thee.

WILLIAM C. BENNETT.



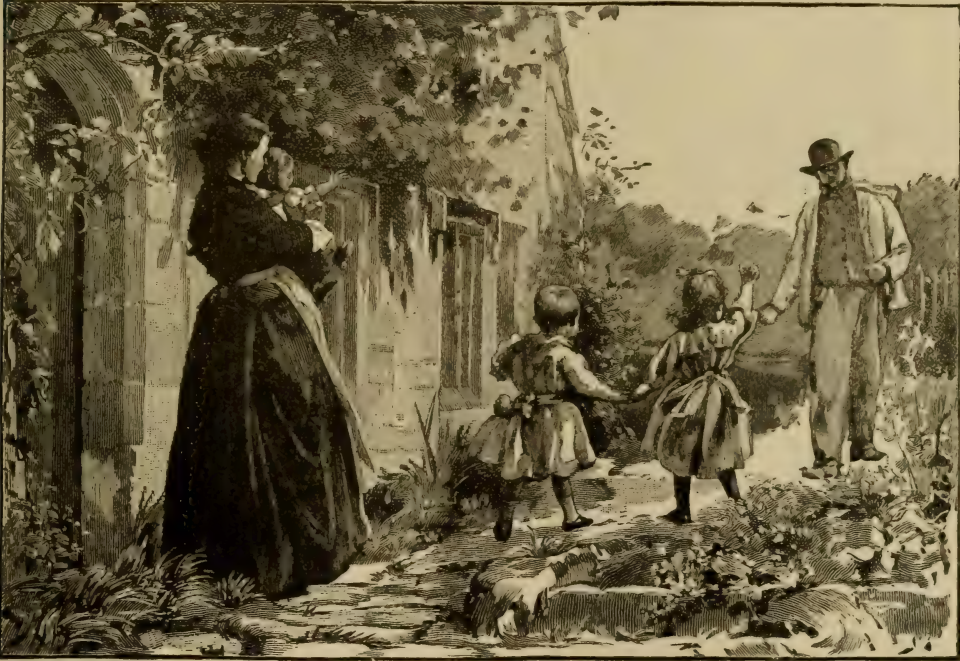
## MY OWN FIRESIDE.

LET others seek for empty joys,  
 At ball, or concert, rout or play;  
 Whilst far from fashion's idle noise,  
 Her gilded domes and trappings gay,  
 I while the wintry eve away,  
 'Twixt book and lute the hours divide:  
 And marvel how I e'er could stray  
 From thee—my own fireside!

My own fireside! Those simple words  
 Can bid the sweetest dreams arise;

To thoughts of quiet bliss give birth;  
 Then let the churlish tempest chide,  
 It cannot check the blameless mirth  
 That glads my own fireside!

My refuge ever from the storm  
 Of this world's passion, strife, and care;  
 Though thunder-clouds the skies deform,  
 Their fury cannot reach me there;  
 There all is cheerful, calm, and fair;  
 Wrath, envy, malice, strife, or pride,



Awaken feeling's tenderest chords,  
 And fill with tears of joy mine eyes.  
 What is there my wild heart can prize,  
 That doth not in thy sphere abide;  
 Haunt of my home-bred sympathies,  
 My own—my own fireside!

A gentle form is near me now;  
 A small, white hand is clasped in mine;  
 I gaze upon her placid brow,  
 And ask, what joys can equal thine?  
 A babe, whose beauty's half divine,  
 In sleep his mother's eyes doth hide;  
 Where may love seek a fitter shrine  
 Than thou—my own fireside!

What care I for the sullen roar  
 Of winds without, that ravage earth;  
 It doth but bid me prize the more  
 The shelter of thy hallowed hearth:—

Hath never made its hated lair  
 By thee—my own fireside!

Thy precincts are a charmed ring,  
 Where no harsh feeling dares intrude;  
 Where life's vexations lose their sting;  
 Where even grief is half subdued;  
 And peace, the halcyon, loves to brood.  
 Then let the world's proud fool deride;  
 I'll pay my debt of gratitude  
 To thee—my own fireside!

Shrine of my household deities;  
 Bright scene of home's unsullied joys;  
 To thee my burdened spirit flies,  
 When fortune frowns, or care annoys!  
 Thine is the bliss that never cloys;  
 The smile whose truth hath oft been tried;—  
 What, then, are this world's tinsel toys,  
 To thee—my own fireside!

Oh, may the yearnings, fond and sweet,  
That bid my thoughts be all of thee,  
Thus ever guide my wandering feet  
To thy heart-soothing sanctuary!  
Whate'er my future years may be,  
Let joy or grief my fate betide;  
Be still an Eden bright to me,  
My own—my own fireside!

ALARIC A. WATTS.



### THE WINDOW.



At my window, late and early,  
In the sunshine and the  
rain,  
When the jocund beams of  
morning  
Come to wake me from my  
napping,  
With their golden fingers  
tapping

At my window pane:  
From my troubled slumbers flitting—  
From my dreamings fond and vain,  
From the fever intermitting,  
Up I start and take my sitting  
At my window-pane.

Through the morning, through the noontide,  
Fettered by a diamond chain,  
Through the early hours of evening,  
When the stars begin to tremble,  
As their shining ranks assemble  
O'er the azure plain:

When the thousand lamps are blazing,  
Through the street and lane—  
Mimic stars of man's upraising—  
Still I linger, fondly gazing  
From my window-pane!

For, amid the crowds slow passing,  
Surging like the main,  
Like a sunbeam among shadows,  
Through the storm-swept cloudy masses,  
Sometimes one bright being passes  
'Neath my window-pane;  
Thus a moment's joy I borrow  
From a day of pain.  
See, she comes! but bitter sorrow!  
Not until the slow to-morrow  
Will she come again.

D. F. M'CARTHY.

### THE LOST LITTLE ONE.

WE miss her footfall on the floor,  
Amidst the nursery din,  
Her tip-tap at our bedroom door,  
Her bright face peeping in.

And when to Heaven's high court above  
Ascends our social prayer,  
Though there are voices that we love,  
One sweet voice is not there.

And dreary seem the hours, and lone,  
That drag themselves along,  
Now from our board her smile is gone,  
And from our hearth her song

We miss that farewell laugh of hers,  
With its light joyous sound,  
And the kiss between the balusters,  
When good-night time comes round.

And empty is her little bed,  
And on her pillow there  
Must never rest that cherub head  
With its soft silken hair.

But often as we wake and weep,  
Our midnight thoughts will roam,  
To visit her cold, dreamless sleep,  
In her last narrow home.

Then, then it is faith's tear-dimmed eyes  
See through ethereal space,  
Amidst the angel-crowded skies,  
That dear, that well-known face.

With beckoning hand she seems to say,  
"Though, all her sufferings o'er,  
Your little one is borne away  
To this celestial shore.

Doubt not she longs to welcome you  
To her glad, bright abode,  
There happy endless ages through  
To live with her and God."



## GATHERING APPLES.

SEASON of mists and mellow fruitfulness !  
 Close bosom-friend of the maturing sun ;  
 Conspiring with him how to load and bless  
 With fruit the vines that round the thatch-  
 eves run ;  
 To bend with apples the mossed  
 cottage trees,  
 And fill all fruit with ripe-  
 ness to the core ;  
 To swell the gourd and  
 plump the hazel-shells  
 With a sweet kernel ; to set  
 budding more,  
 And still more, later flowers  
 for the bees,  
 Until they think warm days  
 will never cease.  
 For summer has o'erbrimmed their  
 clammy cells.

## HOME—A DUET.

HE. Dost thou love wandering? whither wouldst  
 thou go?  
 Dreamest thou, sweet daughter, of a land  
 more fair?  
 Dost thou not love these aye-blue streams  
 that flow?  
 These spicy forests? and this golden air?

SHE. Oh, yes! I love the woods and streams so  
 gay,  
 And more than all, O father! I love *thee*;  
 Yet would I fain be wandering far away,  
 Where such things never were, nor e'er  
 shall be.

HE. Speak, mine own daughter, with the sun-  
 bright locks,  
 To what pale banished nation wouldst  
 thou roam?

SHE. O father, let us find our frozen rocks!  
 Let's seek that country of all countries—  
 home!

HE. See'st thou these orange flowers! this palm  
 that rears  
 Its head up tow'rds heaven's blue and  
 cloudless dome?

SHE. I dream, I dream, mine eyes are hid in tears,  
 My heart is wandering round our ancient  
 home.

HE. Why, then, we'll go. Farewell, ye tender  
 skies,  
 Who sheltered us when we were forced to  
 roam.

SHE. On, on! Let's pass the swallow as he flies!  
 Farewell, kind land! Now, father, *now*  
 for home. BARRY CORNWALL.

## IF THOU HAST LOST A FRIEND.

IF thou hast lost a friend,  
 By hard or hasty word,  
 Go—call him to thy heart again;  
 Let pride no more be heard.



Remind him of those happy days,  
 Too beautiful to last;  
 Ask, if a *word* should cancel years  
 Of truth and friendship past?  
 Oh! if thou'st lost a friend,  
 By hard or hasty word,  
 Go—call him to thy heart again;  
 Let pride no more be heard.

Oh! tell him, from thy thought,  
 The light of joy hath fled;  
 That, in thy sad and silent breast,  
 Thy lonely heart seems dead;  
 That mount and vale—each path ye trod,  
 By morn or evening dim,—  
 Reproach you with their frowning gaze,  
 And ask your soul for him.

Then, if thou'st lost a friend,  
By hard or hasty word,  
Go—call him to thy heart again;  
Let pride no more be heard.

CHARLES SWAIN.

### I THINK ON THEE.

**I** THINK on thee in the night,  
When all beside is still,  
And the moon comes out, with her pale, sad  
light,  
To sit on the lonely hill.  
When the stars are all like dreams,  
And the breezes all like sighs,  
And there comes a voice from the far-off streams,  
Like thy spirit's low replies!

I think on thee by day,  
'Mid the cold and busy crowd,  
When the laughter of the young and gay  
Is far too glad and loud  
I hear thy soft sad tone,  
And thy young sweet smile I see;  
My heart, my heart, were all alone,  
But for its dreams of thee!

Of thee who wert so dear,—  
And yet I do not weep,  
For thine eyes were stained by many a tear  
Before they went to sleep;  
And if I haunt the past,  
Yet may I not repine,  
That thou hast won thy rest at last,  
And all the grief is mine.

I think upon thy gain,  
Whate'er to me it cost,  
And fancy dwells with less of pain  
On all that I have lost!  
Hope, like the cuckoo's oft-told tale,  
Alas! it wears her wing;  
And love, that, like the nightingale,  
Sings only in the spring!

Thou art my spirit's all,  
Just as thou wert in youth,  
Still from thy grave no shadows fall  
Upon my lonely truth.  
A taper yet above thy tomb  
Since lost its sweeter rays,  
And what is memory through the gloom  
Was hope in brighter days.

I am pining for the home  
Where sorrow sinks to sleep,  
Where the weary and the weeper come.  
And they cease to toil and weep;  
They walk about with smiles,  
That each should be a tear,  
Vain as the summer's glowing spoils,  
Flung o'er an early bier.

Oh! like those fairy things,  
Those insects of the East,  
That have their beauty in their wings,  
And shroud it when at rest;  
That fold their colors of the sky,  
When earthward they alight,  
And flash their splendor on the eye,  
Only to take their flight.

I never knew how dear thou wert,  
Till thou wert borne away!  
I have it yet about my heart,  
Thy beauty of that day!  
As if the robe thou wert to wear  
Beyond the stars were given,  
That I might learn to know it there,  
And seek thee out in heaven.

T. K. HERVEY.

### UNCONSCIOUS INFLUENCE.

**T**HERE'S never a rose in all the world  
But makes some green spray sweeter;  
There's never a wind in all the sky  
But makes some bird wing fleeter;  
There's never a star but brings to heaven  
Some silver radiance tender;  
And never a rosy cloud but helps  
To crown the sunset splendor;  
No robin but may thrill some heart,  
His dawnlight gladness voicing.  
God gives us all some small, sweet way  
To set the world rejoicing.

### DOMESTIC LOVE.

**D**OMESTIC Love! not in proud palace halls  
Is often seen thy beauty to abide;  
Thy dwelling is in lowly cottage walls,  
That in the thickets of the woodbine hide;  
With hum of bees around, and from the side  
Of woody hills some little bubbling spring,  
Shining along through banks with harebells  
dyed;  
And many a bird to warble on the wing,  
When morn her saffron robe o'er heaven and earth  
doth fling.

O! love of loves!—to thy white hand is given  
Of earthly happiness the golden key!  
Thine are the joyous hours of winter's even,  
When the babes cling around their father's  
knee;  
And thine the voice, that on the midnight sea  
Melts the rude mariner with thoughts of home,  
Peopling the gloom with all he longs to see.  
Spirit!—I've built a shrine; and thou hast come,  
And on its altar closed—for ever closed thy  
plume!

GEORGE CROLY.



**"NOT LOST, BUT GONE BEFORE."**

HOW mournful seems, in broken dreams,  
The memory of the day,  
When icy death hath sealed the breath  
Of some dear form of clay!

When pale, unmoved, the face we loved,  
The face we thought so fair,  
And the hand lies cold, whose fervent hold  
Once charmed away despair.

Oh, what could heal the grief we feel  
For hopes that come no more,  
Had we ne'er heard the Scripture word,  
"Not lost, but gone before!"

Oh sadly yet with vain regret  
The widowed heart must yearn;  
And mothers weep their babes asleep  
In the sunlight's vain return.

The brother's heart shall rue to part  
From the one through childhood known;  
And the orphan's tears lament  
For years  
A friend and father gone.

For death and life, with ceaseless  
strife,  
Beat wild on this world's shore,  
And all our calm is in that balm,  
"Not lost, but gone before."

Oh! world wherein nor death,  
nor sin,  
Nor weary warfare dwells;  
Their blessed home we parted  
from  
With sobs and sad farewells.

Where eyes awake, for whose dear  
sake  
Our own with tears grow dim,  
And faint accords of dying words  
Are changed for heaven's sweet hymn;

Oh! there at last, life's trials past,  
We'll meet our loved once more,  
Whose feet have trod the path to God—  
"Not lost, but gone before."

CAROLINE NORTON.

**AUNT JEMIMA'S QUILT.**

A MIRACLE of gleaming dyes,  
Blue, scarlet, buff and green;  
Oh, ne'er before by mortal eyes  
Such gorgeous hues were seen!  
So grandly was its plan designed,  
So cunningly 'twas built,  
The whole proclaimed a master mind—  
My Aunt Jemima's quilt.

This work of art my aunt esteemed  
The glory of her age;  
No poet's eyes have ever beamed  
More proudly o'er his page.



Were other quilts to this compared  
Her nose would upward tilt;  
Such impudence was seldom dared  
O'er Aunt Jemima's quilt.

Her dear old hands have gone to dust,  
That once were lithe and light,  
Her needles keen are thick with rust  
That flashed so nimbly bright;  
And here it lies by her behest,  
Stained with the tears we spilt,  
Safe folded in this cedar chest—  
My Aunt Jemima's quilt.





GATHERING FLOWERS.



## THE OLD OAKEN BUCKET.

This delightful poem was written when the author, a poor printer, resided in Duane Street, New York City. Coming into the house one hot day he poured out a glass of water and eagerly drank it. As he did so he exclaimed, "This is very refreshing; but how much more refreshing would it be to take a good, long draught from the old oaken bucket I left hanging in my father's well, at home." "Selin," said his wife, "wouldn't that be a pretty subject for a poem?" Woodworth took his pen, and as the picture of his old home in Plymouth county, Mass., came to his memory, he wrote the familiar words which have touched the universal heart.

**H**OW dear to this heart  
are the scenes of my  
childhood,

When fond recollection  
presents them to view!

The orchard, the meadow,  
the deep-tangled wild-  
wood,

And every loved spot  
which my infancy knew—  
The wide-spreading pond,  
and the mill which stood  
by it,

The bridge, and the rock  
where the cataract fell;  
The cot of my father, the  
dairy-house nigh it,

And e'en the rude bucket  
which hung in the well;  
The old oaken bucket, the  
iron-bound bucket,

The moss-covered bucket  
which hung in the well.

That moss-covered bucket I hail as  
a treasure;

For often, at noon, when returned  
from the field,

I found it the source of an exquisite pleasure,  
The purest and sweetest that nature can yield.  
How ardent I seized it, with hands that were glow-  
ing!

And quick to the white-pebbled bottom it fell!  
Then soon, with the emblem of truth overflowing,  
And dripping with coolness, it rose from the well;  
The old oaken bucket, the iron-bound bucket,  
The moss-covered bucket, arose from the well.

How sweet from the green mossy brim to re-  
ceive it,

As, poised on the curb, it inclined to my lips;  
Not a full blushing goblet could tempt me to  
leave it,

Though filled with the nectar that Jupiter sips.  
And now, far removed from the loved situation,  
The tear of regret will intrusively swell,

As fancy reverts to my father's plantation,  
And sighs for the bucket which hangs in the  
well;  
The old oaken bucket, the iron-bound bucket,  
The moss-covered bucket which hangs in the well.

SAMUEL WOODWORTH.



## BEREFT.

**L**ET me come in where you sit weeping: aye  
Let me who have not any child to die  
Weep with you for the little one whose love  
I have known nothing of.

The little arms that slowly, slowly loosed  
Their pressure round your neck; the hands you used  
To kiss; such arms, such hands, I never knew;  
May I not weep with you?  
Fain would I be of service, say something  
Between the tears that would be comforting  
But, ah! so sadder than yourselves am I  
Who have no child to die!

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.



## I COME TO THEE, MY WIFE.

I COME to thee, my wife,  
 In every time of need,  
 To strengthen me in strife,  
 For noble work and deed ;  
 I come in hours of calm,  
 Because thy love is rest,



A blessing and a balm ;  
 With thee I'm ever blest !

I come to thee soul-sad,  
 I come to thee for cheer,  
 Thy sun of love makes glad,  
 And drives away the drear.  
 I come with darksome thought,  
 To thee so full of light,  
 A magic change is wrought,  
 And day replaces night.

O come to thee, my wife,  
 My heart is lone and low ;

I come to thee its life  
 That joy may overflow ;  
 I come and find my food,  
 The food the angels eat,  
 And stay in raptured mood,  
 All blessed at thy feet !

I come with empty mind,  
 As winter comes  
 to spring,  
 I come to thee,  
 so kind,  
 And thou dost  
 fullness bring ;  
 I breathe thy  
 light and air,  
 I live beneath  
 thy smile,  
 And all my mind  
 is fair,  
 And budding all  
 the while !

Dear wife, I come  
 to thee,  
 Because thou  
 art so true,  
 Because thy love  
 is free,  
 And there I love  
 renew.  
 I come and share  
 thy heart,  
 And mingle with  
 thy life,  
 No more, no more  
 to part,

My own beloved wife !

The bird thus seeks its nest,  
 The river thus the sea,  
 And man his evening rest,  
 So do I come to thee.  
 The flowers thus do grow,  
 The stars thus sweetly shine,

And all my heart is so  
 Because that it is thine !

The Arab loves the fount  
 That slakes his desert thirst,  
 The Swiss the towering mount  
 Where freedom came at first.  
 I love the love of thee,  
 My darling and my own,  
 Thy love a mighty sea,  
 Thy faith, my heart's great throne !

I come to thee, my wife,  
 In every time I know ;  
 I come to thee, my wife,  
 Till loves together flow.



Thus let them wander on,  
Through time, and death and bliss,  
For we, my love are one,  
In yonder world and this!

WILLIAM BRUNTON.

### THE HAPPY HUSBAND.



FT, oft methinks, the while  
with thee

I breathe, as from the heart,  
thy dear

And dedicated name, I hear  
A promise and a mystery,  
A pledge of more than pass-  
ing life,

Yea, in that very name of  
wife!

A pulse of love, that ne'er  
can sleep!

A feeling that upbraids the  
heart

With happiness beyond de-  
sert,

That gladness half requests to  
weep!

Nor bless I not the keener sense  
And unalarming turbulence

Of transient joys, that ask no sting  
From jealous fears, or coy denying;  
But born beneath love's brooding wing,  
And into tenderness soon dying,  
Wheel out their giddy moment, then  
Resign the soul to love again.

A more precipitated vein  
Of notes, that eddy in the flow  
Of smoothest song, they come, they go,  
And leave their sweeter under-strain  
Its own sweet self—a love of thee  
That seems, yet cannot greater be!

S. T. COLERIDGE.

### JUST WHAT I WANTED.

**G**RANDPAPA looked at his fine new chair,  
On the twenty-sixth day of December,  
Saying: "Santa Claus is so good to me!

He never fails to remember;

But my old armchair is the one for me"

(And he settled himself in it nicely);

"I hope he wont mind if I cling to it,

For it fits my back precisely."

Papa came home that very night,

He had plowed his way through the snow,

And the Christmas twinkle had left his eye,

And his step was tired and slow.

Warming for him his slippers lay,

The lovely embroidered-in-gold ones,

That had hung on the Christmas tree last night;

But he slipped his feet in the old ones.

And when dear little Marjory's bedtime came,  
On the parlor rug they found her,  
The long, dark lashes a-droop on her cheeks  
And her Christmas toys around her.  
Neglected Angelique's waxen nose  
The fire had melted completely;  
But her precious rag doll, Hannah Jane,  
On her breast was resting sweetly.



### ONE OF THE DEAR- EST WORDS.

HERE is something in  
the word home, that  
wakes the kindest  
feelings of the heart.  
It is not merely friends  
and kindred who ren-  
der that place so dear;  
but the very hills and  
rocks and rivulets  
throw a charm around  
the place of one's na-  
tivity. It is no won-  
der that the loftiest  
harps have been tuned  
to sing of "home,  
sweet home." The  
rose that bloomed in

the garden where one has wandered in early years  
a thoughtless child, careless in innocence, is lovely  
in its bloom, and lovelier in its decay.

No songs are sweet like those we heard among  
the boughs that shade a parent's dwelling, when  
the morning or the evening hour found us gay as  
the birds that warbled over us. No waters are  
bright like the clear silver streams that wind  
among the flower-decked knolls, where, in child-  
hood, we have often strayed to pluck the violet or  
the lily, or to twine a garland for some loved  
schoolmate.

We may wander away and mingle in the  
"world's fierce strife," and form new associa-  
tions and friendships, and fancy we have almost  
forgotten the land of our birth; but at some even-  
ing hour, as we listen perchance to the autumn  
winds, the remembrance of other days comes over  
the soul, and fancy bears us back to childhood's  
scenes. We roam again the old familiar haunts,  
and press the hands of companions long since cold  
in the grave, and listen to the voices we shall hear  
on earth no more. It is then a feeling of melan-  
choly steals over us, which, like Ossian's music, is  
pleasant, though mournful to the soul.

The African, torn from his willow-braided hut,  
and borne away to the land of strangers and of  
toil, weeps as he thinks of home, and sighs and  
pines for the cocoaland beyond the waters of the

sea. Years may have passed over him ; strifes and toil may have crushed his spirits ; all his kindred may have found graves upon the corals of the ocean ; yet, were he free, how soon would he seek the shores and skies of his boyhood dreams !

The New England mariner, amid the icebergs of the Northern seas, or breathing the spicy gales of the evergreen isles, or coasting along the shores of the Pacific, though the hand of time may have blanched his raven locks, and care have plowed deep furrows on his brow, and his heart have been chilled by the storms of the ocean, till the fountains of his love have almost ceased to gush with the heavenly current ; yet, upon some summer's evening, as he looks out upon the sun sinking behind the western wave, he will think of home ; his heart will yearn for the loved of other days, and his tears flow like the summer rain.

How, after long years of absence, does the heart of the wanderer beat, and his eyes fill, as he catches a glimpse of the hills of his nativity ; and when he has pressed the lip of a brother or sister, how soon does he hasten to see if the garden, and the orchard, and the stream look as in days gone by ! We may find climes as beautiful, and skies as bright, and friends as devoted ; but that will not usurp the place of home.

### COME HOME.

These lines of Mrs. Hemans, addressed to her brother who was fighting in Spain under Sir John Moore, display the remarkable tenderness, beauty and sweetness of her far-famed productions. In the qualities that belong to the poetry of feeling and sentiment, she may be said to have few rivals, and no superior among literary celebrities.

**C**OME home.  
Would I could send my spirit o'er the deep,

Would I could wing it like a bird to thee,  
To commune with thy thoughts, to fill thy sleep  
With these unwearying words of melody,  
Brother, come home.

Come home.

Come to the hearts that love thee, to the eyes  
That beam in brightness but to gladden thine ;  
Come where fond thoughts like holiest incense  
rise,

Where cherished memory rears her altar's shrine.  
Brother, come home.

Come home.

Come to the hearthstone of thy earlier days,  
Come to the ark, like the o'erwearied dove,  
Come with the sunlight of thy heart's warm rays,  
Come to the fireside circle of thy love.  
Brother, come home.

Come home.

It is not home without thee ; the lone seat  
Is still unclaimed where thou wert wont to be ;

In every echo of returning feet  
In vain we list for what should herald thee.  
Brother, come home.

Come home.

We've nursed for thee the sunny buds of spring,  
Watched every germ a full-blown flow'ret rear,  
Saw o'er their bloom the chilly winter bring  
Its icy garlands, and thou art not here.  
Brother, come home.

Come home.

Would I could send my spirit o'er the deep,  
Would I could wing it like a bird to thee  
To commune with thy thoughts, to fill thy sleep  
With these unwearying words of melody,  
Brother, come home.

FELICIA D. HEMANS.

### FAREWELL.

**F**AREWELL ! if ever fondest prayer  
For other's weal availed on high,  
Mine will not all be lost in air,  
But waft thy name beyond the sky—  
'Twere vain to speak—to weep—to sigh—  
Oh ! more than tears of blood can tell,  
When wrung from guilt's expiring eye,  
Are in that word, Farewell ! Farewell !

These lips are mute, these eyes are dry,  
But in my breast and in my brain,  
Awake the pangs that pass not by.  
The thought that ne'er shall sleep again  
My soul nor deigns nor dares complain ;  
Though grief and passion there rebel,  
I only know we loved in vain,  
I only feel Farewell ! Farewell !

LORD BYRON.

### NEAR THEE.

**I** WOULD be with thee—near thee—ever near  
thee—  
Watching thee ever, as the angels are—  
Still seeking with my spirit-power to cheer thee,  
And thou to see me, but as some bright star,  
Knowing me not, but yet oft-times perceiving  
That when thou gazest I still brighter grow,  
Beaming and trembling—like some bosom heaving  
With all it knows, yet would not have thee know.

I would be with thee—fond, yet silent ever,  
Nor break the spell in which my soul is bound ;  
Mirrored within thee as within a river ;  
A flower upon thy breast, and thou the ground !  
That, when I died and unto earth returned.  
Our natures never more might parted be,  
Within thy being all mine own inured—  
Life, bloom, and beauty, all absorbed in thee !

CHARLES SWAIN.



# HER FEEBLE STEPS



PROUD young mother, in the glow  
Of life's glad morning, long ago  
It was her happy task to guide  
His childish steps, when, side by side,  
Along a sunlit path they walked.  
His small hand clasped in hers, and talked  
With joyous tones, and laughter light,  
Amid a world of beauty bright —

Now, bent beneath the weight of years,  
She leans upon his arm, and hears  
The deep, stern voice his comrades know,  
Speaking in accents soft and low,  
While, with erect and manly air,  
A noble son, with loving care  
He guides her feeble steps, whose day  
Of life is fading fast away!



With grateful heart he dwells upon  
The gracious time, forever gone,  
The hours she watched and tended him!  
And now her eyes are growing dim,  
And strength is failing, he will guide  
Her feeble steps with tender pride.  
Counting her love of higher worth  
Than any prize he gains  
on earth

J.R. Eastwood

## FAILED.

YES, I'm a ruined man, Kate—everything gone at last ;

Nothing to show for the trouble and toil of the weary years that are past ;

Houses and lands and money have taken wings and fled ;

This very morning I signed away the roof from over my head.

I shouldn't care for myself, Kate ; I'm used to the world's rough ways ;

I've dug and delved and plodded along through all my manhood days ;

But I think of you and the children, and it almost breaks my heart ;

For I thought so surely to give my boys and girls a splendid start.

So many years on the ladder, I thought I was near the top—

Only a few days longer, and then I expected to stop,

And put the boys in my place, Kate, with an easier life ahead ;

But now I must give the prospect up ; that comforting dream is dead.

"I am worth more than my gold, eh ?" You're good to look at it so ;

But a man isn't worth very much, Kate, when his hair is turning to snow.

My poor little girls, with their soft white hands, and their innocent eyes of blue,

Turned adrift in the heartless world—what can and what will they do ?

"An honest failure ?" Indeed it was ; dollar for dollar was paid ;

Never a creditor suffered, whatever people have said.

Better are rags and a conscience clear than a palace and flush of shame.

One thing I shall leave to my children, Kate ; and that is an honest name.

What's that ? "The boys are not troubled, they are ready now to begin

And gain us another fortune, and work through thick and thin ?"

The noble fellows ! already I feel I haven't so much to bear ;

Their courage has lightened my heavy load of misery and despair.

"And the girls are so glad it was honest ; they'd rather not dress so fine,

And think they did it with money that wasn't honestly mine?"

They're ready to show what they're made of—quick to earn and to save—

My blessed, good little daughters ! so generous and so brave !

And you think we needn't fret, Kate, while we have each other left,

No matter of what possessions our lives may be bereft ?

You are right. With a quiet conscience, and a wife so good and true,

I'll put my hand to the plow again ; and I know that we'll pull through.

## EVERY INCH A MAN.

SHE sat on the porch in the sunshine As I went down the street—

A woman whose hair was silver, But whose face was blossom sweet,

Making me think of a garden,

When in spite of the frost and snow

Of bleak November weather,

Late, fragile lilies grow.

I heard a footstep behind me,

And the sound of a merry laugh,

And I knew the heart it came from

Would be like a comforting staff

In the time and the hour of trouble,

Hopeful and brave and strong ;

One of the hearts to lean on,

When we think all things go wrong.

I turned at the click of the gate latch, And met his manly look ;

A face like his gives me pleasure,

Like the page of a pleasant book.

It told of a steadfast purpose,

Of a brave and daring will ;

A face with a promise in it

That, God grant, the years fulfill.

He went up the pathway singing,

I saw the woman's eyes

Grow bright with a wordless welcome,

As sunshine warms the skies.

"Back again, sweetheart mother,"

He cried, and bent to kiss

The loving face that was uplifted

For what some mothers miss.

That boy will do to depend on ;

I hold that this is true—

From lads in love with their mothers

Our bravest heroes grew.

Earth's grandest hearts have been loving hearts

Since time and earth began ;

And the boy who kisses his mother

Is every inch a man !





THOMAS MOORE.



JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.



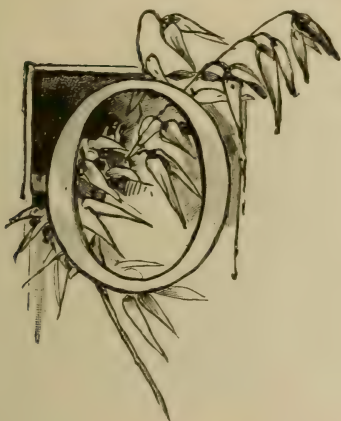
# THE CHARMS OF NATURE:

CONTAINING

## GRAPHIC DESCRIPTIONS OF NATURAL SCENERY.

INCLUDING

THE PICTURESQUE, THE BEAUTIFUL, AND THE SUBLIME.



### AFTER SUNSET.

NE tremulous star above the deepening west;  
The splash of waves upon a quiet beach;  
A sleepy twitter from some hidden nest  
Amidst the clustered ivy, out of reach.

The sheep-bell's tinkle from the daisied leas;  
The rhythmic fall of homeward-wending feet;  
A wind that croons amongst the leafy trees,  
And dies away in whispers faint and sweet.

A pale young moon, whose slender silver bow  
Creeps slowly up beyond the purple hill;  
And seems to absorb the golden afterglow  
Within the far horizon lingering still.

An open lattice and the scent of musk;  
Then, through the slumbrous hush of earth and sky,  
A tender mother-voice that in the dusk  
Sings to a babe some Old-World lullaby.

E. MATHESON.

### A MOONLIGHT NIGHT.

THE stars that stand about the moon,  
Their shining faces veil as soon  
As at her full, in splendor bright,  
She floods the earth with silver light.

And through green boughs of apple trees  
Cool comes the rustling of the breeze,  
While from the quivering leaves down flows  
A stream of sleep and soft repose.

JANE SEDGWICK.

### THE ROSE.

“THE rose is fairest when 'tis budding new,  
And hope is brightest when it dawns  
from fears;  
The rose is sweetest washed with morning dew,  
And love is loveliest when embalmed in tears.  
O wilding rose, whom fancy thus endears,

I bid your blossoms in my bonnet wave,  
Emblem of hope and love through future years!”  
Thus spoke young Norman, heir of Armandave,  
What time the sun arose on Vennachar's broad  
wave.

SIR WALTER SCOTT.



## SPRING.

DIP down upon the northern shore,  
O sweet new-year, delaying long :  
Thou doest expectant nature wrong ;  
Delaying long, delay no more.

What stays thee from the clouded noons,  
Thy sweetness from its proper place ?  
Can trouble live with April days,  
Or sadness in the summer moons ?

Bring orchis, bring the foxglove spire,  
The little speedwell's darling blue,

The happy birds, that change their sky  
To build and brood, that live their lives  
From land to land ; and in my breast  
Spring wakens too ; and my regret  
Becomes an April violet,  
And buds and blossoms like the rest.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

## THE USE OF FLOWERS.

GOD might have made the earth bring forth,  
Enough for great and small,  
The oak-tree and the cedar-tree,



Deep tulips dashed with fiery dew,  
Laburnums, dropping-wells of fire.

O thou, new-year, delaying long,  
Delayest the sorrow in my blood,  
That longs to burst a frozen bud,  
and flood a fresher throat with song.

Now fades the last long streak of snow ;  
Now bourgeons every maze of quick  
About the flowering squares, and thick  
By ashen roots the violets blow.

Now rings the woodland loud and long,  
The distance takes a lovelier hue,  
And drowned in yonder living blue  
The lark becomes a sightless song.

Now dance the lights on lawn and lea,  
The flocks are whiter down the vale,  
And milkier every milky sail  
On winding stream or distant sea ;

Where now the seamew pipes, or dives  
In yonder greening gleam, and fly

Without a flower at all.  
We might have had enough, enough  
For every want of ours,  
For luxury, medicine, and toil,  
And yet have had no flowers.

Then wherefore, wherefore were they made,  
All dyed with rainbow-light,  
All fashioned with supremest grace  
Upspringing day and night :—  
Springing in valleys green and low,  
And on the mountains high,  
And in the silent wilderness  
Where no man passes by ?

Our outward life requires them not,—  
Then wherefore had they birth ?—  
To minister delight to man,  
To beautify the earth ;  
To comfort man,—to whisper hope,  
Whene'er his faith is dim,  
For who so careth for the flowers  
Will care much more for him !

MARY HOWITT.



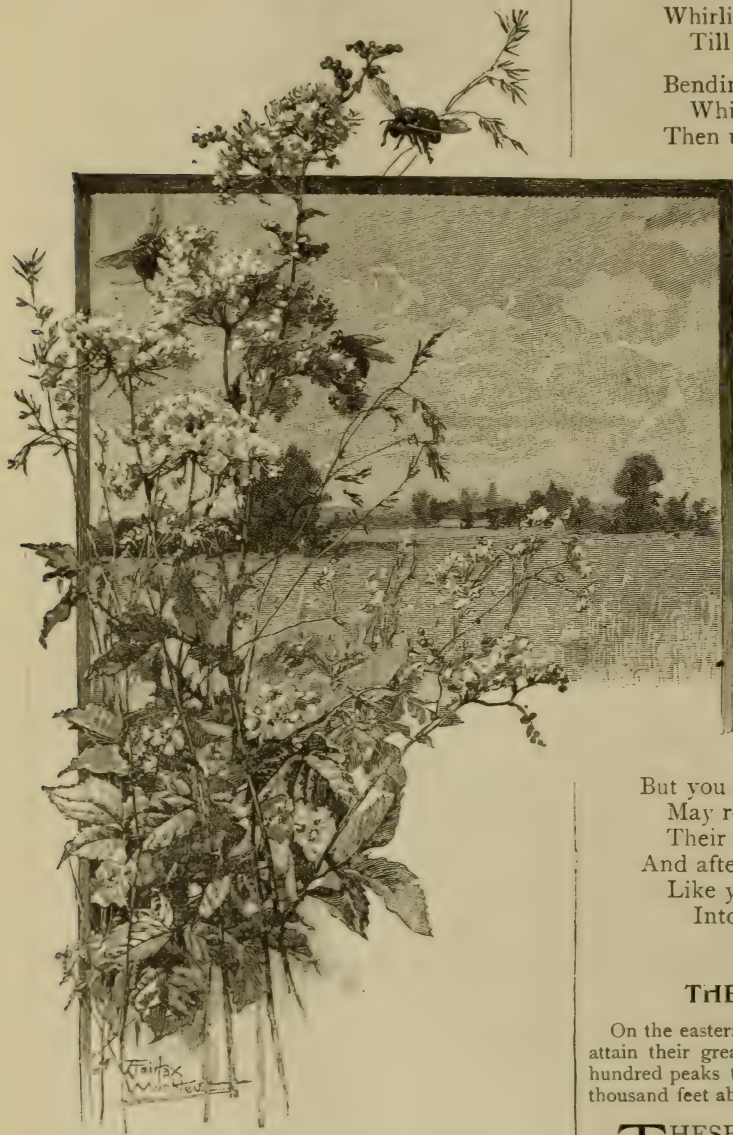


THE FIRST FLOWERS OF THE SEASON.



## SONG OF THE SUMMER WINDS.

UP the dale and down the bourne,  
O'er the meadows swift we fly ;  
Now we sing, and now we mourn,  
Now we whistle, now we sigh.



By the grassy-fringed river,  
Through the murmuring reeds we sweep ;  
Mid the lily-leaves we quiver,  
To their very hearts we creep.

Now the maiden rose is blushing  
At the frolic things we say,  
While aside her cheek we're rushing,  
Like some truant bees at play.

Through the blooming groves we rustle,  
Kissing every bud we pass,—  
As we did it in the bustle,  
Scarcely knowing how it was.

Down the glen, across the mountain,  
O'er the yellow heath we roam,  
Whirling round about the fountain,  
Till its little breakers foam.

Bending down the weeping willows,  
While our vesper hymn we sigh ;  
Then unto our rosy pillows  
On our weary wings we hie.

There of idlenesses dreaming,  
Scarce from waking we refrain,  
Moments long as ages deeming  
Till we're at our play again.  
GEORGE DARLEY.

## ONLY PROMISES.

FAIR pledges of a fruitful tree,  
Why do ye fall so fast?  
Your date is not so past  
But you may stay yet here awhile  
To blush and gently smile,  
And go at last.

What! were ye born to be  
An hour or half's delight,  
And so to bid good night?  
'Tis pity nature brought ye  
forth  
Merely to show your worth  
And lose you quite.

But you are lovely leaves, where we  
May read how soon things have  
Their end, though ne'er so brave ;  
And after they have shown their pride  
Like you awhile, they glide  
Into the grave.

ROBERT HERRICK.

## THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

On the eastern border of the Colorado plateau the summits attain their greatest elevation, and here are more than two hundred peaks that rise to an altitude of thirteen or fourteen thousand feet above the level of the sea.

THESE mountains, piercing the blue sky  
With their eternal cones of ice—  
The torrents dashing from on high,  
O'er rock and crag and precipice—  
Change not, but still remain as ever,  
Unwasting, deathless, and sublime,  
And will remain while lightnings quiver,  
Or stars the hoary summits climb,  
Or rolls the thunder-chariot of eternal time.

ALBERT PIKE.



## THE FALLS OF NIAGARA.

The following selection vividly depicts the overwhelming impressions of sublimity and infinite power, which the first view of the great cataract is so well calculated to produce upon the beholder.

I STOOD within a vision's spell ;

I saw, I heard. The  
liquid thunder  
Went pouring to its  
foaming hell,  
And it fell  
Ever, ever fell  
Into the invisible abyss  
opened under.

I stood upon a speck of  
ground ;  
Before me fell a stormy  
ocean.

I was like a captive bound ;  
And around  
A universe of sound  
Troubled the heavens with  
ever-quivering motion.

Down, down forever—down,  
down forever,  
Something falling, falling,  
falling,

Up, up forever—up, up for-  
ever,  
Resting never,  
Boiling up forever,  
Steam-clouds shot up with  
thunder-bursts appalling.

A tone that since the birth  
of man  
Was never for a moment  
broken,

A word that since the world  
began,  
And waters ran,  
Hath spoken still to  
man,—

Of God and of Eternity hath spoken.

## THE VALE OF CASHMERE.

WHO has not heard of the Vale of Cash-  
mere,  
With its roses the brightest that earth  
ever gave,

Its temples, and grottoes, and fountains as clear  
As the love-lighted eyes that hang over their wave?  
O, to see it at sunset—when warm e'er the lake  
Its splendor at parting a summer eve throws,



Like a bride, full of blushes, when lingering to take  
A last look of her mirror at night ere she  
goes !—

When the shrines through the foliage are gleaming  
half shown,  
And each hallows the hour by some rites of its  
own.

Here the music of prayer from a minaret swelis,  
Here the Magian his urn full of perfume is  
swinging,

And here, at the altar, a zone of sweet bells  
 Round the waist of some fair Indian dancer is  
 ringing.  
 Or to see it by moonlight—when mellowly  
 shines  
 The light o'er its palaces, gardens, and shrines;  
 When the waterfalls gleam like a quick fall of  
 stars,  
 And the nightingale's hymn from the Isle of  
 Chenars  
 Is broken by laughs and light echoes of feet  
 From the cool shining walks where the young  
 people meet.

Or at morn, when the magic of daylight awakes  
 A new wonder each minute as slowly it breaks,

Hills, cupolas, fountains, called forth every one  
 Out of darkness, as they were just born of the  
 sun.  
 When the spirit of fragrance is up with the  
 day,  
 From his harem of night-flowers stealing away;  
 And the wind, full of wantonness, woos like a  
 lover  
 The young aspen-trees till they tremble all over.  
 When the east is as warm as the light of first  
 hopes,  
 And the day, with its banner of radiance unfurled,  
 Shines in through the mountainous portal that  
 opes  
 Sublime, from that valley of bliss to the world!  
 THOMAS MOORE.

### THE NIGHTINGALE.



ARK! ah, the nightingale!  
 The tawny-throated!  
 Hark! from that moonlit cedar  
 what a burst!  
 What triumph! hark—what  
 pain!  
 O wanderer from a Grecian  
 shore,  
 Still—after many years, in dis-  
 tant lands—  
 Still nourishing in thy be-  
 wildered brain  
 That wild, unquenched, deep-  
 sunken, Old-World pain—  
 Say, will it never heal?  
 And can this fragrant lawn,  
 With its cool trees, and night,

And the sweet, tranquil Thames,  
 And moonshine, and the dew,  
 To thy racked heart and brain  
 Afford no balm?

Dost thou to-night behold,  
 Here, through the moonlight on this English  
 grass,  
 The unfriendly palace in the Thracian wild?  
 Dost thou again peruse,  
 With hot cheeks and seared eyes,  
 The too clear web, and thy dumb sister's shame?  
 Dost thou once more essay  
 Thy flight; and feel come over thee,  
 Poor fugitive! the feathery change;  
 Once more; and once more make resound,  
 With love and hate, triumph and agony,  
 Lone Daulis, and the high Cephisian vale?

Listen, Eugenia—  
 How thick the bursts come crowding through the  
 leaves!

Again—thou hearest!  
 Eternal passion!  
 Eternal pain!

MATTHEW ARNOLD.

### TO THE DAISY.

IN youth from rock to rock I went,  
 From hill to hill, in discontent,  
 Of pleasure high and turbulent,  
 Most pleased when most uneasy;  
 But now my own delights I make,—  
 My thirst at every rill can slake,  
 And gladly nature's love partake  
 Of thee, sweet daisy!

When soothed a while by milder airs,  
 Thee winter in the garland wears  
 That thinly shades his few grey hairs;  
 Spring cannot shun thee;  
 Whole summer fields are thine by right:  
 And autumn, melancholy wight!  
 Doth in thy crimson head delight  
 When rains are on thee.

In shoals and bands, a dancing train,  
 Thou greet'st the traveler in the lane;  
 If welcomed once thou countest it gain;  
 Thou art not daunted,  
 Nor carest if thou be set at naught:  
 And oft alone in nooks remote  
 We meet thee, like a pleasant thought,  
 When such are wanted.

Be violets in their secret news  
 The flowers the wanton zephyrs choose;  
 Proud be the rose, with rains and dews  
 Her head impearling;  
 Thou liv'st with less ambitious aim,  
 Yet hast not gone without thy fame;  
 Thou art indeed, by many a claim,  
 The poet's darling!

WILLIAM WORDSWORTH.





HARK! THE NIGHTINGALE.



## THE BROOK.

FROM THE SPANISH.

**L**AUGH of the mountain! lyre of bird and tree!  
 Pomp of the meadow! mirror of the morn!  
 The soul of April, unto whom are born  
 The rose and jessamine, leaps wild in thee!

How without guile thy bosom, all transparent  
 As the pure crystal, lets the curious eye  
 Thy secrets scan, thy smooth, round pebbles count!  
 How, without malice murmuring, glides thy current!



Although, where'er thy devious current strays,  
 The lap of earth with gold and silver teems,  
 To me thy clear proceeding brighter seems  
 Than golden sands that charm each shepherd's gaze.

O sweet simplicity of days gone by!  
 Thou shun'st the haunts of man, to dwell in lim-  
 pid fount!

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

## HARK, HARK! THE LARK.

**H**ARK, hark! the lark at heaven's gate sings,  
 And Phœbus 'gins arise,  
 His steeds to water at those springs  
 On chaliced flowers that lies;  
 And winking Mary-buds begin

To ope their golden eyes;  
 With everything that pretty bin,  
 My lady sweet, arise;  
 Arise, arise!

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.





A FAIR BEGINNER



OLIVER GOLDSMITH'S FIRST READING OF HIS FAMOUS "VICAR OF WAKEFIELD"





## WINTER SONG.

FROM THE GERMAN.

SUMMER joys are o'er;  
 Flowerets bloom no more,  
 Wintry winds are sweeping;  
 Through the snow-drifts peeping,  
 Cheerful evergreen  
 Rarely now is seen.

Now no plumèd throng  
 Charms the wood with song;  
 Ice-bound trees are glittering;  
 Merry snow-birds, twittering,  
 Fondly strive to cheer  
 Scenes so cold and drear.

Winter, still I see  
 Many charms in thee,—  
 Love thy chilly greeting,  
 Snow-storms fiercely beating,  
 And the dear delights  
 Of the long, long nights.

CHARLES T. BROOKS.

## CAPE-COTTAGE AT SUNSET.

WE stood upon the ragged rocks,  
 When the long day was nearly done;  
 The waves had ceased their sullen shocks,  
 And lapped our feet with murmuring tone,  
 And o'er the bay in streaming locks  
 Blew the red tresses of the sun.

Along the west the golden bars  
 Still to a deeper glory grew;  
 Above our heads the faint, few stars  
 Looked out from the unfathomed blue;  
 And the fair city's clamorous jars  
 Seem melted in that evening hue.

O sunset sky! O purple tide!  
 O friends to friends that closer pressed!  
 Those glories have in darkness died,  
 And ye have left my longing breast.  
 I could not keep you by my side,  
 Nor fix that radiance in the west.

W. B. GLAZIER.

## THE BOBOLINK.

**B**OBOLINK! that in the meadow,  
Or beneath the orchard's shadow,  
Keapest up a constant rattle  
Joyous as my children's prattle,  
Welcome to the north again!



Welcome to mine ear thy strain,  
Welcome to mine eye the sight  
Of thy buff, thy black and white.  
Brighter plumes may greet the sun,  
By the banks of Amazon;  
Sweeter tones may weave the spell  
Of enchanting Philomel;  
But the tropic bird would fail,

And the English nightingale,  
If we should compare their worth  
With thine endless, gushing mirth.

When the ides of May are past,  
June and summer nearing fast,  
While from depths of blue above  
Comes the mighty breath of love,  
Calling out each bud and flower  
With resistless, secret power—  
Waking hope and fond desire,  
Kindling the erotic fire—  
Filling youths' and maidens' dreams  
With mysterious, pleasing themes;  
Then, amid the sunlight clear  
Floating in the fragrant air,  
Thou dost fill each heart with pleasure.  
By thy glad ecstatic measure.

A single note, so sweet and low,  
Like a full heart's overflow,  
Forms the prelude; but the strain  
Gives no such tone again,  
For the wild and saucy song  
Leaps and skips the notes among,  
With such quick and sportive play,  
Ne'er was madder, merrier lay.

Gayest songster of the spring!  
Thy melodies before me bring  
Visions of some dream-built land,  
Where, by constant zephyrs fanned,  
I might walk the livelong day,  
Embosomed in perpetual May.  
Nor care nor fear thy bosom knows;  
For thee a tempest never blows;  
But when our northern summer's o'er,  
By Delaware's or Schuylkill's shore  
The wild rice lifts its airy head,  
And royal feasts for thee are spread.  
And when the winter threatens there,  
Thy tireless wings yet own no fear,  
But bear thee to more southern coasts  
Far beyond the reach of frosts.

Bobolink! still may thy gladness  
Take from me all taints of sadness;  
Fill my soul with trust unshaken  
In that Being who has taken  
Care for every living thing,  
In summer, winter, fall and spring.

THOMAS HULL.

## PERSEVERANCE.

**A** SWALLOW in the spring  
Came to our granary, and 'neath the eaves  
Essayed to make a nest, and there did bring  
Wet earth and straw and leaves.

Day after day she toiled  
With patient art, but ere her work was crowned,



Some sad mishap the tiny fabric spoiled,  
And dashed it to the ground.

She found the ruin wrought,  
But not cast down, forth from the place she flew,  
And with her mate from fresh earth and grasses  
brought  
And built her nest anew.

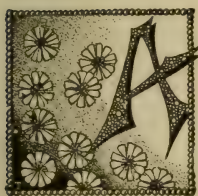
But scarcely had she placed  
The last soft feather on its ample floor,  
When wicked hand, or chance, again laid waste  
And wrought the ruin o'er.

But still her heart she kept,  
And toiled again—and last night, hearing calls,  
I looked—and lo! three little swallows slept  
Within the earth-made walls.

What truth is here, O man!  
Hath hope been smitten in its early dawn?  
Have clouds o'ercast thy purpose, trust, or plan?  
Have faith, and struggle on!

R. S. S. ANDROS.

### THE STORMY PETREL.



THOUSAND miles from  
land are we,  
Tossing about on the stormy  
sea—  
From billow to bounding  
billow cast,  
Lilk fleecy snow on the  
stormy blast.

The sails are scattered abroad like weeds;  
The strong masts shake like quivering reeds;  
The mighty cables and iron chains,  
The hull, which all earthly strength disdains—  
They strain and they crack: and hearts like  
stone  
Their natural, hard, proud strength disown.

Up and down!—up and down!  
From the base of the wave to the billow's crown,  
And amidst the flashing and feathery foam  
The stormy petrel finds a home—  
A home, if such a place may be  
For her who lives on the wide, wide sea,  
On the craggy ice, in the frozen air,  
And only seeketh her rocky lair  
To warm her young, and to teach them to  
spring  
At once o'er the waves on their stormy wing!

O'er the deep!—o'er the deep!  
Where the whale and the shark and the swordfish  
sleep—  
Outflying the blast and the driving rain,  
The petrel telleth her tale—in vain;

For the mariner curseth the warning bird  
Which bringeth him news of the storm unheard!  
Ah! thus does the prophet of good or ill  
Meet hate from the creatures he serveth still;  
Yet he ne'er falters—so, petrel, spring  
Once more e'er the waves on thy stormy wing!

BARRY CORNWALL.

### THE PELICAN.

ERELONG the thriving brood outgrew their  
cradle,  
Ran through the grass, and dabbled in the  
pools;  
No sooner denizens of earth than made  
Free both of air and water; day by day,  
New lessons, exercises, and amusements  
Employed the old to teach, the young to learn.  
Now floating on the blue lagoon beholding them;  
The sire and dam in swan-like beauty steering,  
Their cygnets following through the foamy wake,  
Picking the leaves of plants, pursuing insects,  
Or catching at the bubbles as they broke:  
Till on some minor fry, in reedy shallows,  
With flapping pinions and unsparing beaks  
The well-taught scholars plied their double art,  
To fish in troubled waters, and secure  
The petty captives in their maiden pouches;  
Then hurried with their banquet to the shore,  
With feet, wings, breast, half swimming and half  
flying.

But when their pens grew strong to fight the  
storm,  
And buffet with the breakers on the reef,  
The parents put them to severe reproof;  
On beetling rocks the little ones were mar-  
shalled;  
There, by endearments, stripes, example, urged  
To try the void convexity of heaven,  
And plough the ocean's horizontal field.  
Timorous at first they fluttered round the verge,  
Balanced and furled their hesitating wings,  
Then put them forth again with steadier aim;  
Now, gaining courage as they felt the wind  
Dilate their feathers, till their airy frames  
With buoyancy that bore them from their feet,  
They yielded all their burdens to the breeze,  
And sailed and soared where'er their guardians  
led;  
Ascending, hovering, wheeling, or alighting,  
They searched the deep in quest of nobler game  
Than yet their inexperience had encountered;  
With these they battled in that element,  
Where wings or fins were equally at home,  
Till, conquerors in many a desperate strife,  
They dragged their spoils to land, and gorged at  
leisure.

JAMES MONTGOMERY.

## CASCO BAY.

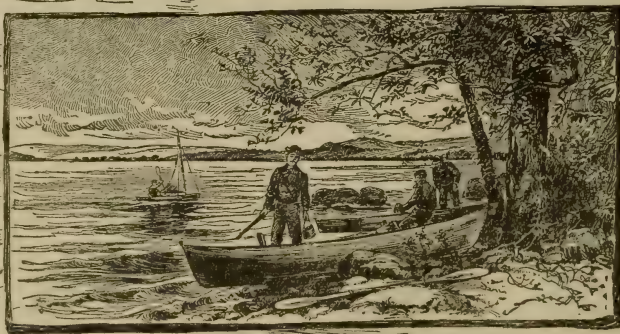


NOWHERE, fairer, sweeter, rarer,  
Does the golden-locked fruit-bearer,  
Through his painted woodlands stray,  
Than where hill-side oaks and beeches  
Overlook the long blue reaches,  
Silver coves and pebbled beaches  
And green isles of Casco Bay;  
Nowhere day, for delay,  
With a tenderer look beseeches,  
“Let me with my charmed earth stay.”

On the grainlands of the mainlands  
Stands the serried corn like train-bands,  
Plume and pennon rustling gay;  
Out at sea, the islands wooded,  
Silver birches, golden-hooded,  
Set with maples, crimson-blooded,  
White sea-foam and sand-hills gray,  
Stretch away, far away,  
Dim and dreary, over-brooded  
By the hazy autumn day.

Gayly chattering to the clattering  
Of the brown nuts downward pattering,  
Leap the squirrels red and gray.  
On the grass-land, on the fallow,  
Drop the apples, red and yellow,  
Drop the russet pears and mellow,  
Drop the red leaves all the day,—  
And away, swift away,  
Sun and cloud, o'er hill and hollow  
Chasing, weave their web of play.

JOHN G. WHITTIER.



## LILACS.

FAIR, purple children of the sun,  
I pet your blossoms one by one,  
Glance looks of love into your eyes,  
Your perfume breathe, your beauty prize,

Hold your sweet clusters to my view,  
Cool my warm blushes with your dew,  
And evening, morning, and at noon,  
Mourn that your tints are gone so soon.

HENRY DAVENPORT.





BLOSSOMS AND PERFUME.



## FLOWERS.

SPAKE full well, in language quaint and olden,  
 One who dwelleth by the castled Rhine,  
 When he called the flowers, so blue and golden,  
 Stars, that in earth's firmament do shine.

Not alone in spring's armorial bearing,  
 And in summer's green-emblazoned field,  
 But in arms of brave old autumn's wearing,  
 In the centre of his brazen shield;



Stars they are, wherein we read our history,  
 As astrologers and seers of eld;  
 Yet not wrapped about with awful mystery,  
 Like the burning stars, which they beheld.

Wondrous truths, and manifold as wondrous,  
 God hath written in those stars above;  
 But not less in the bright flowerets under us  
 Stands the revelation of his love.

Everywhere about us they are glowing,  
 Some like stars, to tell us spring is born;  
 Others, their blue eyes with tears o'erflowing,  
 Stand like Kuth amid the golden corn;

Not alone in meadows and green alleys,  
 On the mountain-top, and by the brink  
 Of sequestered pools in woodland valleys,  
 Where the slaves of nature stoop to drink;

Not alone in her vast dome of glory,  
 Not on graves of bird and beast alone,  
 But in old cathedrals high and hoary,  
 On the tombs of heroes, carved in stone;

In the cottage of the rudest peasant,  
 In ancestral homes, whose crumbling towers,  
 Speaking of the past unto the present,  
 Tell us of the ancient games of flowers.



In all places, then, and in all seasons,  
Flowers expand their light and soul-like wings,  
Teaching us, by most persuasive reasons,  
How akin they are to human things.

And with childlike, credulous affection  
We behold their tender buds expand;  
Emblems of our own great resurrection,  
Emblems of the bright and better land.

H. W. LONGFELLOW.



### A SCENE ON THE HUDSON.

COOL shades and dews are round my way,  
And silence of the early day;  
Mid the dark rocks that watch his bed,  
Glitters the mighty Hudson spread,  
Unrippled, save by drops that fall  
From shrubs that fringe his mountain wall;  
And o'er the clear, still waters swells  
The music of the Sabbath bells.

All, save this little nook of land  
Circled with trees, on which I stand;  
All, save that line of hills which lie  
Suspended in the mimic sky—  
Seems a blue void, above, below,  
Through which the white clouds come and go,  
And from the green world's farthest steep  
I gaze into the airy deep.

Loveliest of lovely things are they,  
On earth, that soonest pass away.  
The rose that lives its little hour  
Is prized beyond the sculptured flower.  
Even love, long tried and cherished long,  
Becomes more tender and more strong,  
At thought of that insatiate grave  
From which its yearnings cannot save.

River! in this still hour thou hast  
Too much of heaven on earth to last;  
Nor long may thy still waters lie,  
An image of the glorious sky.  
Thy fate and mine are not repose,  
And ere another evening close,  
Thou to thy tides shalt turn again,  
And I to seek the crowd of men.

W. C. BRYANT.

### PACK CLOUDS AWAY.

PACK clouds away, and welcome day,  
With night we banish sorrow;  
Sweet air, blow soft; mount, lark, aloft,  
To give my love good morrow.  
Wings from the wind to please her mind,  
Notes from the lark I'll borrow:  
Bird, prune thy wing; nightingale, sing,  
To give my love good morrow,  
To give my love good morrow,  
Notes from them all I'll borrow.

Wake from thy nest, robin redbreast,  
Sing, birds, in every furrow;  
And from each hill let music shrill  
Give my fair love good morrow.  
Blackbird and thrush in every bush,  
Stare, linnet, and cock-sparrow,  
You pretty elves, amongst yourselves,  
Sing my fair love good morrow,  
To give my love good morrow,  
Sing birds in every furrow. T. HEYWOOD.

### OUR GREAT PLAINS.

THESE plains are made up, to a great extent, of rolling prairies, seemingly as boundless as the sea, over which millions of buffalo once roamed wild and fearless, but which are fast dwindling to timid, watchful, wary herds, ever scenting danger, and taking flight at the approach of man.

Room! Room to turn round in, to breathe and be free,  
And to grow to be giant, to sail as at sea  
With the speed of the wind on a steed with his mane  
To the wind, without pathway or route or a rein.

Room! Room to be free where the white-bordered sea  
Blows a kiss to a brother as boundless as he;  
And to east and to west, to the north and the sun,  
Blue skies and brown grasses are welded as one,  
And the buffalo come like a cloud on the plain,  
Pouring on like the tide of a storm-driven main,  
And the lodge of the hunter, to friend or to foe  
Offers rest; and unquestioned you come or you go  
Vast plains of America! Seas of wild lands!  
I turn to you, lean to you, lift up my hands.

JOAQUIN MILLER.

## A DREAM OF SUMMER.

**B**LAND as the morning breath of June  
 The southwest breezes play;  
 And, through its haze, the winter noon  
 Seems warm as summer's day.



The snow-plumed angel of the North  
 Has dropped his icy spear;  
 Again the mossy earth looks forth,  
 Again the streams gush clear.  
 The fox his hill-side cell forsakes,  
 The muskrat leaves his nook,  
 The bluebird in the meadow brakes  
 Is singing with the brook.

"Bear up, oh mother nature!" cry  
 Bird, breeze, and streamlet free;  
 "Our winter voices prophesy  
 Of summer days to thee!"

So, in those winters of the soul,  
 By bitter blasts and drear  
 O'erswept from memory's frozen  
 pole,  
 Will sunny days appear.  
 Reviving hope and faith, they show  
 The soul its living powers,  
 And how, beneath the winter's snow,  
 Lie germs of summer flowers!

The night is mother of the day,  
 The winter of the spring,  
 And ever upon old decay  
 The greenest mosses cling.  
 Behind the cloud the starlight lurks,  
 Through showers the sunbeams  
 fall;

For God, who loveth all his works,  
 Has left his hope with all!

JOHN G. WHITTIER.

## THE GREAT HORSE-SHOE CURVE.

**A** BRIEF stop is made at Altoona Station, and then, with all steam on, the giant locomotive at the head of your train begins the ascent of the heaviest grade on the line. The valley beside you sinks lower and lower, until it becomes a vast gorge, the bottom of which is hidden by impenetrable gloom. Far in the depths cottages appear for a moment, only to disappear in the darkness, and then, just as night is falling, you begin the circuit of the world-famous Horse-shoe Curve, the most stupendous piece of engineering ever accomplished; the wonder and admiration of travelers from the four corners of the globe; the one feature of American railroad construction that you have been told required the utmost courage to attempt, and the most miraculous skill to achieve.

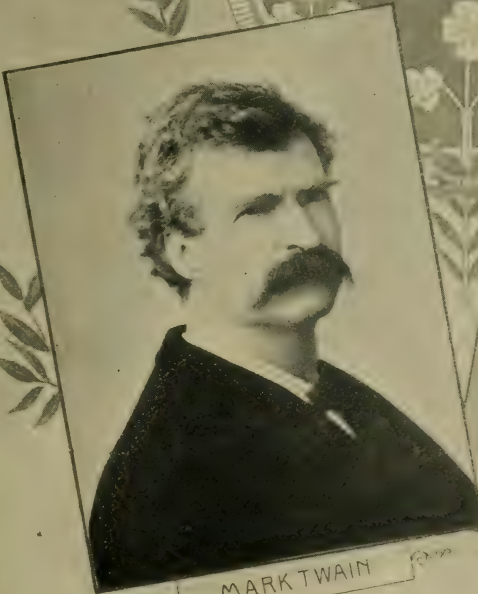
And now, as the enormous bend, sweeping first north, then curving westward, and still curving away to the south again, presents itself to your view, you confess that you did not begin to estimate its grandeur. An eagle soars majestically away from some crag above your head, and floats with extended wings over the gulch that makes your brain reel as you glance downward, so deep is it.

The clouds into which you are climbing bend low and hide the rugged top of the mountain to whose beetling side you are clinging, forming a whitish-gray canopy that extends half-way across the dizzy chasm. It is all so large, so grand, so majestic, that you admit that your imagination has been unequal to the task of picturing it.





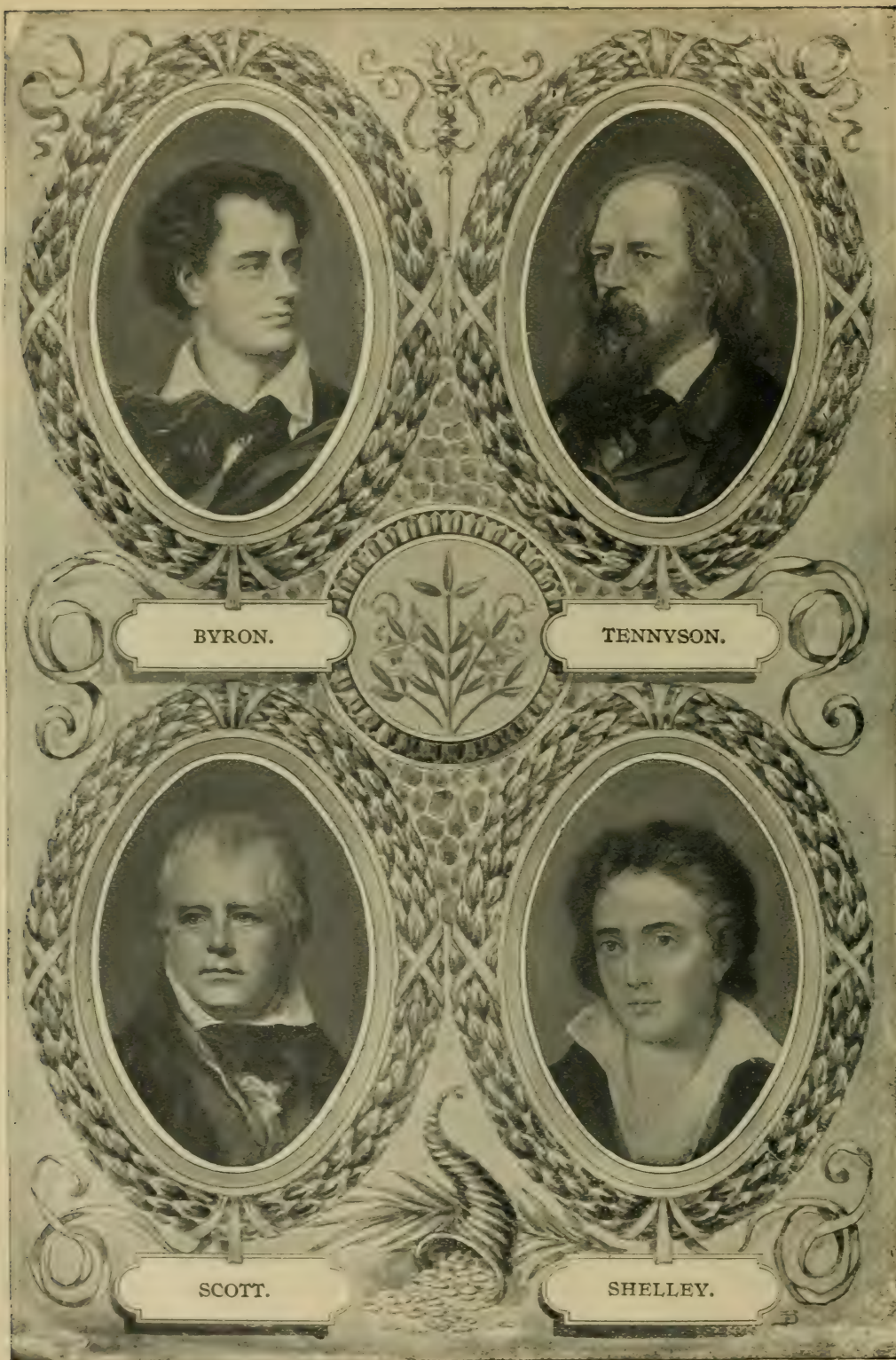
WALT WHITMAN



MARK TWAIN



NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE



BYRON.

TENNYSON.

SCOTT.

SHELLEY.



## SONG TO MAY.



MAY, queen of blossoms,  
 And fulfilling flowers,  
 With what pretty music,  
 Shall we charm the  
 hours?  
 Wilt thou have pipe and  
 reed,  
 Blown in the open  
 mead?  
 Or to the lute give heed,  
 In the green bowers?

## THE WOOD.

WITCH-HAZEL, dogwood, and the maple  
 here;  
 And there the oak and hickory;  
 Linn, poplar, and the beech tree, far and near  
 As the eased eye can see.

Wild ginger, wahoo, with its roan balloons;  
 And brakes of briars of a twilight green;  
 And fox grapes plumed with summer; and strung  
 moons  
 Of mandrake flower between.



Thou hast no need of us,  
 Or pipe or wire;  
 Thou hast the golden bee  
 Ripened with fire;  
 And many thousand more  
 Songsters, that thee adore,  
 Filling earth's grassy floor  
 With new desire.

Thou hast thy mighty herds,  
 Tame, and free-livers;  
 Doubt not, thy music too  
 In the deep rivers;  
 And the whole plummy flight  
 Warbling the day and night—  
 Up at the gates of light,  
 See, the lark quivers!

EDWARD, LORD THURLOW.

Deep gold-green ferns, and mosses red and gray—  
 Mats for what naked myth's white feet?  
 And cool and calm, a cascade far away,  
 With ever-falling beat.

Old logs made sweet with death; rough bits of bark:  
 And tangled twig and knotted root;  
 And sunshine splashes, and great pools of dark;  
 And many a wild bird's flute.

Here let me sit until the Indian dusk  
 With copper-colored feet comes down;  
 Sowing the wildwood with star-fire and musk,  
 And shadows blue and brown.

Then side by side with some magician dream  
 To take the owlet-haunted lane,  
 Half-roofed with vines; led by a firefly gleam,  
 That brings me home again.

MADISON CAWEIN.

## OSME'S SONG.

**H**ITHER ! hither !  
 O come hither !  
 Lads and lasses come and see !  
 Trip it neatly,  
 Foot it featly,  
 O'er the grassy turf to me !

Odorous blossoms  
 For sweet bosoms,  
 Garlands green to bind the hair ;  
 Crowns and kirtles  
 Weft of myrtles,  
 You may choose, and beauty wear !



Here are bowers  
 Hung with flowers,  
 Richly curtained halls for you !  
 Meads for rovers,  
 Shades for lovers,  
 Violet beds, and pillows too !  
 Purple heather  
 You may gather,  
 Sandal-deep in seas of bloom !  
 Pale-faced lily,  
 Proud Sweet-Willy,  
 Gorgeous rose, and golden broom !

Brightsome glasses  
 For bright faces  
 Shine in ev'ry rill that flows ;  
 Every minute  
 You look in it  
 Still more bright your beauty grows !  
 Hither ! hither !  
 O come hither !  
 Lads and lasses come and see !  
 Trip it neatly,  
 Foot it featly,  
 O'er the grassy turf to me !

GEORGE DARLEY.



## THE RIVULET.



HIS little rill that from the  
springs  
Of yonder grove its current  
brings,  
Plays on the slope a while,  
and then  
Goes prattling into groves  
again,  
Oft to its warbling  
waters drew

My little feet, when life was new.  
When woods in early green were dressed,  
And from the chambers of the west  
The warmer breezes, travelling out,  
Breathed the new scent of flowers about,  
My truant steps from home would stray,  
Upon its grassy side to play,  
List the brown thrasher's vernal hymn,  
And crop the violet on its brim,  
With blooming cheek and open brow,  
As young and gay, sweet rill, as thou.

And when the days of boyhood came,  
And I had grown in love with fame,  
Duly I sought thy banks, and tried  
My first rude numbers by thy side.  
Words cannot tell how bright and gay  
The scenes of life before me lay.  
Then glorious hopes, that now to speak  
Would bring the blood into my cheek,  
Passed o'er me; and I wrote on high,  
A name I deemed should never die.

Years change thee not. Upon yon hill  
The tall old maples, verdant still,  
Yet tell, in grandeur of decay,  
How swift the years have passed away,  
Since first, a child, and half afraid,  
I wandered in the forest shade.  
Thou ever joyous rivulet,  
Dost dimple, leap, and prattle yet;  
And sporting with the sands that pave  
The windings of thy silver wave,  
And dancing to thy own wild chime,  
Thou laughest at the lapse of time.  
The same sweet sounds are in my ear,  
My early childhood loved to hear;  
As pure thy limpid waters run,  
As bright they sparkle to the sun;  
As fresh and thick the bending ranks  
Of herbs that line thy oozy banks;  
The violet there, in soft May dew,  
Comes up, as modest and as blue;  
As green amid thy current's stress,  
Floats the scarce-rooted water-cress:  
And the brown ground-bird, in thy glen,  
Still chirps as merrily as then.

Thou changest not—but I am changed,  
Since first thy pleasant banks I ranged;  
And the grave stranger, come to see  
The play-place of his infancy,  
Has scarce a single trace of him  
Who sported once upon thy brim.  
The visions of my youth are past—  
Too bright, too beautiful to last.



And I shall sleep—and on thy side,  
As ages after ages glide,  
Children their early sports shall try,  
And pass to hoary age and die.  
But thou, unchanged from year to year,  
Gayly shalt play and glitter here;  
Amid young flowers and tender grass  
Thy endless infancy shalt pass;  
And, singing down thy narrow glen,  
Shalt mock the fading race of men.

W. C. BRYANT.

## THE NIGHTINGALE.

**P**RIZE thou the nightingale,  
Who soothes thee with his tale,  
And wakes the woods around;  
A singing feather he—a winged and wandering  
sound;

Whose tender carolling  
Sets all ears listening  
Unto that living lyre,

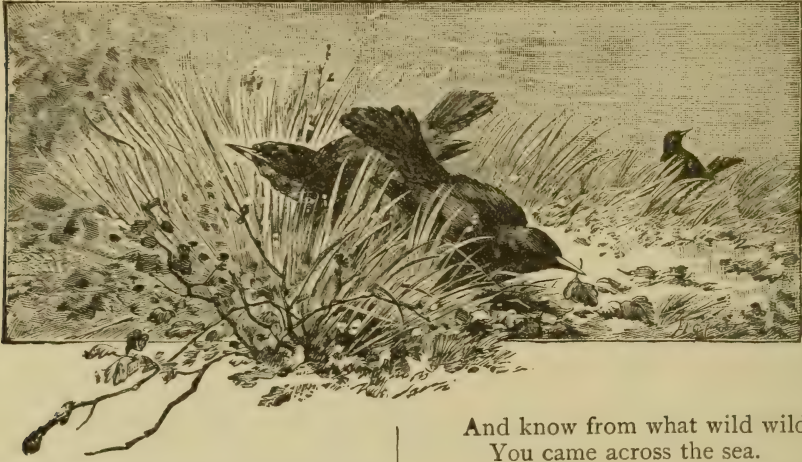
Whence flow the airy notes his ecstasies inspire;

Whose shrill, capricious song  
Breathes like a flute along,  
With many a careless tone—

Come, summer visitant, attach  
To my reed-roof your nest of clay,  
And let my ear your music catch,  
Low twittering underneath the thatch,  
At the gray dawn of day.

As fables tell, an Indian sage,  
The Hindustani woods among,  
Could in his desert hermitage,  
As if 'twere marked in written page,  
Translate the wild bird's song.

I wish I did his power possess,  
That I might learn, fleet bird, from thee,  
What our vain systems only guess,



Music of thousand tongues, formed by one tongue  
alone.

O charming creature rare!  
Can aught with thee compare?  
Thou art all song—thy breast

Thrills for one month o' the year—is tranquil all  
the rest.

Thee wondrous we may call—  
Most wondrous this of all,  
That such a tiny throat

Should wake so loud a sound, and pour so loud a  
note.

JOHN BOWRING.

## THE SWALLOW.

**T**HE gorse is yellow on the heath,  
The banks with speedwell flowers are gay,  
The oaks are budding; and beneath,  
The hawthorn soon will bear the wreath,  
The silver wreath of May.

The welcome guest of settled spring,  
The swallow, too, is come at last;  
Just at sunset, when thrushes sing,  
I saw her dash with rapid wing,  
And hailed her as she passed.

And know from what wild wilderness  
You came across the sea.

CHARLOTTE SMITH.

## THE EARLY PRIMROSE.

**M**ILD offspring of a dark and sullen sire!  
Whose modest form, so delicately fine,  
Was nursed in whirling storms  
And cradled in the winds.

Thee, when young spring first questioned winter's  
sway,

And dared the sturdy blusterer to the fight,  
Thee on this bank he threw  
To mark his victory.

In this low vale the promise of the year,  
Serene, thou openest to the nipping gale,  
Unnoticed and alone,  
Thy tender elegance.

So virtue blooms, brought forth amid the storms  
Of chill adversity; in some lone walk  
Of life she rears her head,  
Obscure and unobserved;

While every bleaching breeze that on her blows  
Chastens her spotless purity of breast,  
And hardens her to bear  
Serene the ills of life.

HENRY KIRKE WHITE.



## THE FATHER OF WATERS.

Not only in the extent of fertile territory drained, but in the vast flood of waters which it carries down to the Gulf, the Mississippi has no equal among the rivers of Europe.

**A**Y, gather Europe's royal rivers all—  
The snow-swelled Neva, with an empire's weight  
On her broad breast, she yet may overwhelm;  
Dark Danube, hurrying, as by foe pursued,  
Through shaggy forests and from palace walls,  
To hide its terrors in a sea of gloom;  
The castled Rhine, whose vine-crowned waters flow,

The fount of fable and the source of song;  
The rushing Rhone, in whose cerulean depths  
The loving sky seems wedded with the wave;  
The yellow Tiber, choked with Roman spoils,  
A dying miser shrinking 'neath his gold;  
And Seine, where fashion glasses fairest forms;  
And Thames, that bears the riches of the world;  
Gather their waters in one ocean mass—  
Our Mississippi, rolling proudly on,  
Would sweep them from its path, or swallow up,  
Like Aaron's rod, these streams of fame and song.

SARAH J. HALE.

## BUTTERFLY BEAU.

**I**'M a volatile thing, with an exquisite wing,  
Sprinkled o'er with the tints of the rainbow;  
All the Butterflies swarm to behold my sweet form,  
Though the Grubs may all vote me a vain beau.  
I my toilet go through, with my rose-water dew,  
And each blossom contributes its essence;  
Then all fragrance and grace, not a plume out of place,  
I adorn the gay world with my presence—  
In short, you must know,  
I'm the Butterfly Beau.

At first I enchant a fair Sensitive plant,  
Then I flirt with the Pink of perfection;  
Then I seek a Sweet Pea, and I whisper, "For thee  
I have long felt a fond predilection."

A Lily I kiss, and exult in my bliss,  
But I very soon search for a new lip;  
And I pause in my flight to exclaim with delight,  
"Oh! how dearly I love you, my Tulip!"  
In short, you must know,  
I'm the Butterfly Beau.

Thus for ever I rove, and the honey of love  
From each delicate blossom I pilfer;  
But though many I see pale and pining for me,  
I know none that are worth growing ill for;  
And though I must own, there are some that I've known,  
Whose external attractions are splendid;  
On myself I most doat, for in my pretty coat  
All the tints of the garden are blended—  
In short, you must know,  
I'm the Butterfly Beau. T. HAYNES BAYLY.

## THE OLD MAN OF THE MOUNTAIN.

On Mount Cannon, or Profile Mountain, opposite Lafayette, west of the Notch, in the White Mountains, and 1,500 feet above the road, are three projecting rocks, that, viewed from a particular point, assume a well defined profile of a colossal human face eighty feet long, with firmly drawn chin, lips slightly parted, and a well-proportioned nose, surmounted by a massive brow. Hence the mountain is called "Profile Mountain," and to this interesting intimation of a human countenance that suddenly disappears when the observer moves, has been given the above appropriate title.

**A**GLORY smites the craggy heights:  
And in a halo of the haze,  
Flushed with faint gold, far up, behold  
That mighty face, that stony gaze!  
In the wild sky upborne so high  
Above us perishable creatures,  
Confronting time with those sublime,  
Impassive, adamant features.

Thou beaked and bald high front, miscalled  
The profile of a human face!  
No kin art thou, O Titan brow,  
To puny man's ephemeral race.  
The groaning earth to thee gave birth,—  
Throes and convulsions of the planet;  
Lonely uprose, in grand repose,  
Those eighty feet of facial granite.

We may not know how long ago  
That ancient countenance was young;  
Thy sovereign brow was seamed as now  
When Moses wrote and Homer sung.  
Empires and states it antedates,  
And wars, and arts, and crime, and glory;  
In that dim morn when man was born  
Thy head with centuries was hoary.

Canst thou not tell what then befell?  
What forces moved, or fast or slow;  
How grew the hills; what heats, what chills;  
What strange, dim life, so long ago?  
High-visaged peak, wilt thou not speak  
One word, for all our learned wrangle?  
What earthquakes shaped, what glaciers scraped  
That nose, and gave the chin its angle?

O silent speech, that well can teach  
The little worth of words or fame!  
I go my way, but thou wilt stay  
While future millions pass the same:—  
But what is this I seem to miss?  
Those features fall into confusion!  
A further pace—where was that face?  
The veriest fugitive illusion!

O Titan, how dislimned art thou !  
A withered cliff is all we see ;  
That giant nose, that grand repose,  
Have in a moment ceased to be ;

Or still depend on lines that blend,  
On merging shapes, and sight, and distance,  
And in the mind alone can find  
Imaginary brief existence !

JOHN T. TROWBRIDGE



### AFTER SUMMER.

WE'LL not weep for summer over,  
No, not we ;  
Strew above his head the clover,  
Let him be !

Other eyes may weep his dying,  
Shed their tears  
There upon him where he's lying  
With his peers.

Shall we in our tombs, I wonder,  
Far apart,  
Sundered wide as seas can sunder  
Heart from heart,

Dream at all of all the sorrows  
That were ours—  
Bitter nights, more bitter morrows ;  
Poison-flowers

Summer gathered, as in madness,  
Saying, " See,  
These are yours, in place of gladness—  
Gifts from me !"

Nay, the rest that will be ours  
Is supreme—  
And below the poppy flowers  
Steals no dream.

P. B. MARSTON.



### THE DAINTY ROSE.

I WILL not have the mad Clytie,  
Whose head is turned by the sun ;  
The tulip is a courtly queen,  
Whom, therefore, I will shun ;  
The cowslip is a country wench,  
The violet is a nun—  
But I will woo the dainty rose,  
The queen of every one.

The pea is but a wanton witch,  
In too much haste to wed,  
And clasps her rings on every hand ;  
The wolfsbane I should dread—

Nor will I dreary rosemary,  
That always mourns the dead—  
But I will woo the dainty rose,  
With her cheeks of tender red.

The lily is all in white, like a saint,  
And so is no mate for me—  
And the daisy's cheek is tipped with a blush,  
She is of such low degree ;  
Jasmine is sweet, and has many loves,  
And the broom's betrothed to the bee—  
But I will plight with the dainty rose,  
For fairest of all is she.

THOMAS HOOD.





FLORAL BEAUTIES.



## SNOWDROPS.

**O** DARLING spirits of the snow,  
Who hide within your heart the green,  
Howe'er the wintry wind may blow,  
The secret of the summer sheen  
Ye smile to know!

By frozen rills, in woods and mead,  
A mild pure sisterhood ye grow,  
Who bend the meek and quiet head,



And are a token from below  
From our dear dead;  
As in their turf ye softly shine  
Of innocent white lives they lead,  
With healing influence divine  
For souls who on their memory feed,  
World-worn like mine.

RODEN NOEL.

## PLEASURE DERIVED FROM NATURE.

**W**ERE all the interesting diversities of color and form to disappear, how unsightly, dull and wearisome would be the aspect of the world! The pleasures conveyed to us by the endless varieties with which these sources of beauty are presented to the eye, are so much things of course, and exist so much without intermission, that we scarcely think either of their nature, their number or the great proportion which they constitute in the whole mass of our enjoyment.

But were an inhabitant of this country to be removed from its delightful scenery to the midst of an Arabian desert, a boundless expanse of sand a waste spread with uniform desolation, enlivened by the murmur of no stream and cheered by the beauty of no verdure, although he might live in a palace and riot in splendor and luxury, he would, I think, find life a dull, wearisome, melancholy round of existence, and amid all his gratifications would sigh for the hills and valleys of his native land, the brooks and rivers, the living lustre of the spring, and the rich glories of the autumn.

The ever-varying brilliancy and grandeur of the landscape, and the magnificence of the sky, sun, moon and stars, enter more extensively into the enjoyment of mankind than we, perhaps, ever think, or can possibly apprehend, without frequent and extensive investigation. This beauty and splendor of the objects around us, it is ever to be remembered, are not necessary to their existence, nor to what we commonly intend by their usefulness. It is, therefore, to be regarded as a source

of pleasure gratuitously superinduced upon the general nature of the objects themselves, and in this light as a testimony of the divine goodness peculiarly affecting.

TIMOTHY DWIGHT.

## AN ITALIAN SUNSET.

**I**T was one of those evenings never to be forgotten by a painter—but one too which must come upon him in misery as a gorgeous mockery. The sun was yet up, and resting on the highest peak of a ridge of mountain-shaped clouds, that seemed to make a part of the distance; suddenly he disappeared, and the landscape was overspread with a cold, lurid hue; then, as if molten in a furnace, the fictitious mountains began to glow; in a moment more they tumbled asunder; in another he was seen again, piercing their fragments, and darting his shafts to the remotest east, till, reaching the horizon, he appeared to recall them, and with a parting flash to wrap the whole heavens in flame.

WASHINGTON ALLSTON.

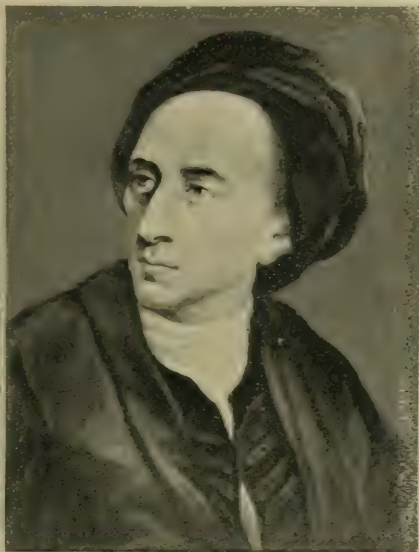
## VALLEY OF THE HUDSON.

**A**ND how changed is the scene from that on which Hudson gazed! The earth glows with the colors of civilization; the banks of the streams are enamelled with richest grasses; woodlands and cultivated fields are harmoniously blended; the birds of spring find their delight in orchards and trim gardens, variegated with choicest plants from every temperate zone; while the brilliant flowers of the tropics bloom

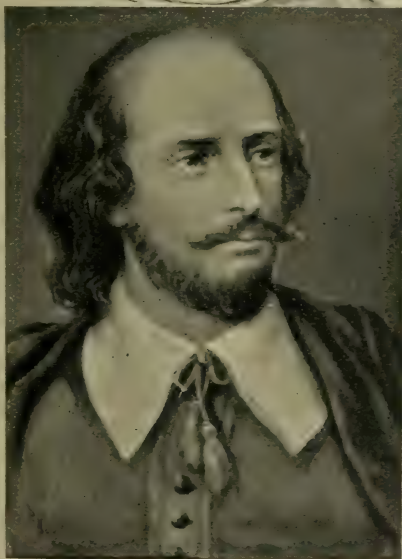




OLIVER GOLDSMITH



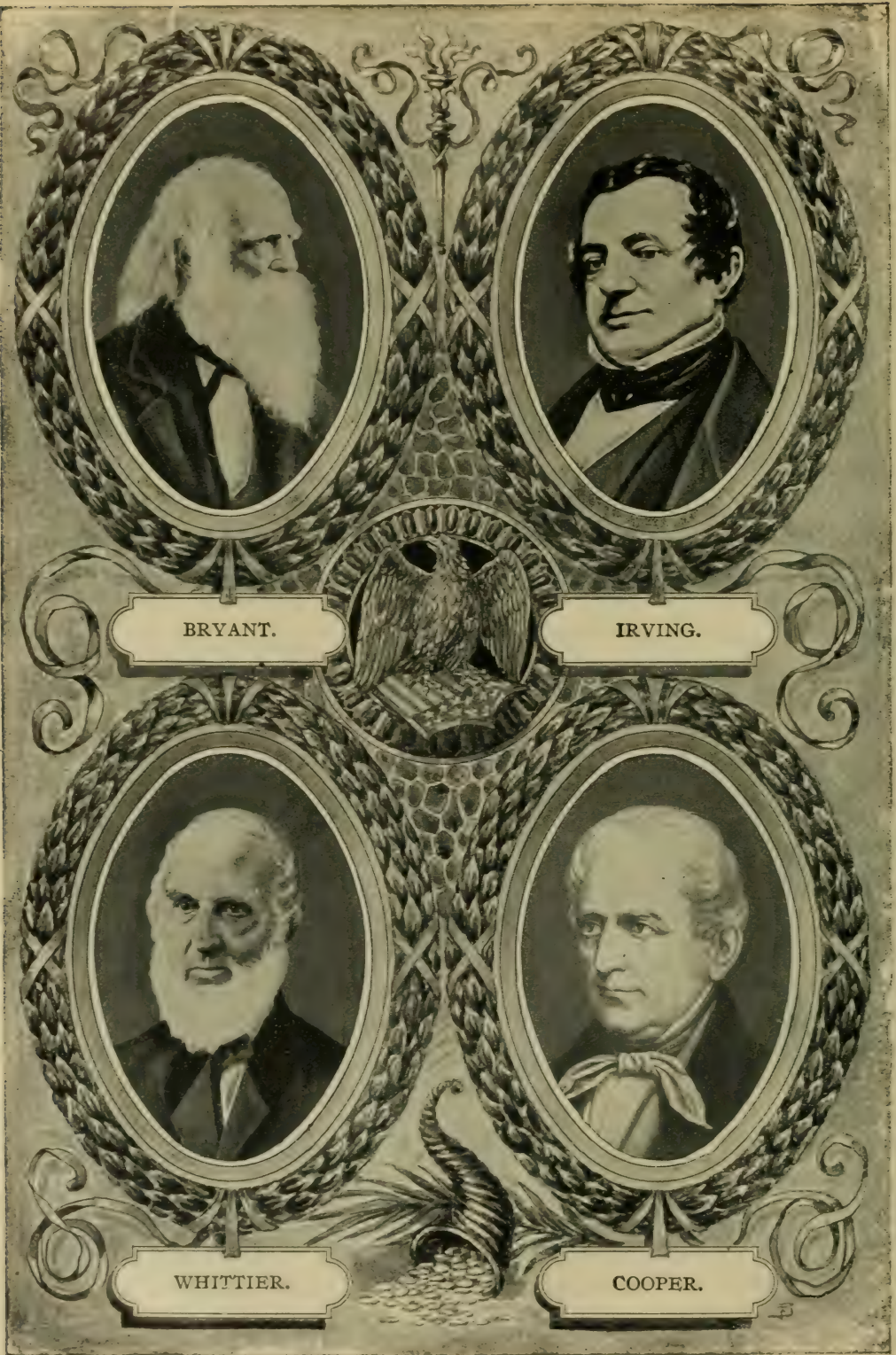
WILLIAM COWPER



WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE



JOHN MILTON



BRYANT.

IRVING.

WHITTIER.

COOPER.



from the windows of the greenhouse and the saloon.

The yeoman, living like a good neighbor near the fields he cultivated, glories in the fruitfulness of the valleys, and counts with honest exultation the flocks and herds that browse in safety on the hills. The thorn has given way to the rosebush; the cultivated vine clammers over rocks where the brood of serpents used to nestle; while industry smiles at the changes she has wrought, and inhales the bland air which now has health on its wings.

GEORGE BANCROFT.

### THE MOSS ROSE.

THE angel of the flowers,  
one day,  
Beneath a rose-tree  
sleeping lay—  
That spirit to whose charge  
't is given  
To bathe young buds in dews  
of heaven,  
Awaking from his light re-  
pose,  
The angel whispered to the  
rose:  
"O fondest object of my care,  
Still fairest found, where all are fair;  
For the sweet shade thou giv'st to me  
Ask what thou wilt, 't is granted thee."

"Then," said the rose, with deepened glow,  
"On me another grace bestow."  
The spirit paused, in silent thought—  
What grace was there that flower had not?  
'T was but a moment—o'er the rose  
A veil of moss the angel throws,  
And, robed in nature's simplest weed,  
Could there a flower that rose exceed?

F. W. KRUMMACHER.

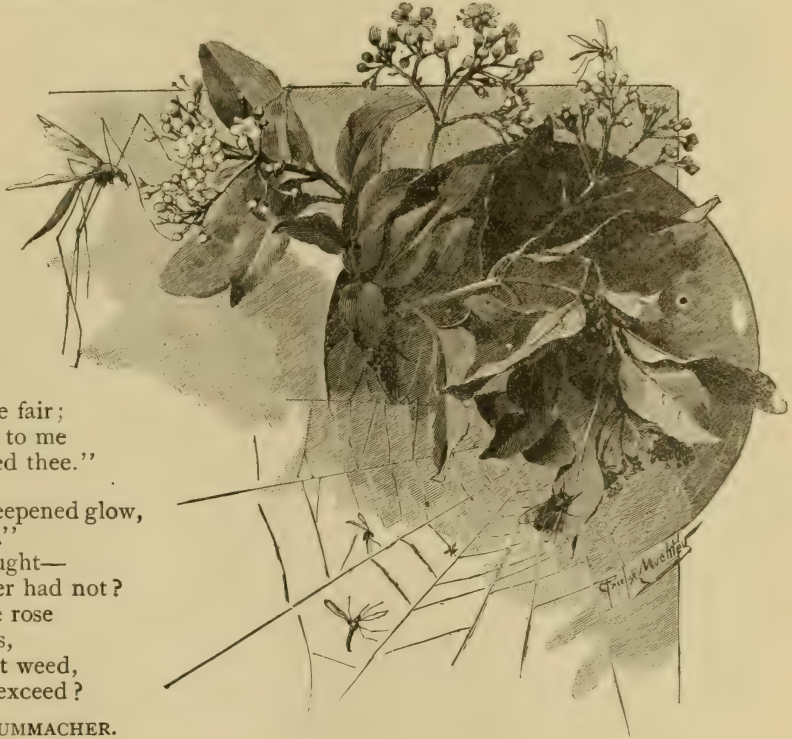
### FOLDING THE FLOCKS.

SHEPHERDS all, and maidens fair,  
Fold your flocks up; for the air  
'Gins to thicken, and the sun  
Already his great course hath run.  
See the dewdrops, how they kiss  
Every little flower that is;  
Hanging on their velvet heads,  
Like a string of crystal beads.

See the heavy clouds low falling  
And bright Hesperus down calling  
The dead night from underground;  
At whose rising, mists unsound,  
Damps and vapors, fly apace,  
And hover o'er the smiling face  
Of these pastures; where they come,  
Striking dead both bud and bloom.

Therefore from such danger lock  
Every one his loved flock;  
And let your dogs lie loose without,  
Lest the wolf come as a scout  
From the mountain, and ere day,  
Bear a lamb or kid away;  
Or the crafty, thievish fox,  
Break upon your simple flocks.

To secure yourself from these,  
Be not too secure in ease;  
So shall you good shepherds prove,  
And deserve your master's love.



Now, good-night! may sweetest slumbers  
And soft silence fall in numbers  
On your eyelids. So farewell:  
Thus I end my evening knell.

BEAUMONT and FLETCHER.

### BUTTERFLY LIFE.

WHAT, though you tell me each gay little  
rover  
Shrinks from the breath of the first  
autumn day!

Surely 'tis better, when summer is over,  
To die when all fair things are fading away.  
Some in life's winter may toil to discover  
Means of procuring a weary delay—  
I' be a butterfly; living, a rover,  
Dying when fair things are fading away!

T. HAYNES BAYLY.



## THE VERNAL SEASON.

**T**HANK Providence for spring! The earth—and man himself, by sympathy with his birthplace—would be far other than we find them, if life toiled wearily onward, without this periodical infusion of the primal spirit. Will the

time sprightliness! From such a soul the world must hope no reformation of its evil—no sympathy with the lofty faith and gallant struggles of those who contend in its behalf. Summer works in the present, and thinks not of the future; autumn is a rich conservative; winter has utterly lost its faith, and clings tremulously to the remembrance of what has been; but spring, with its outgushing life, is the true type of the movement.

NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE.

## THE SONGSTERS.

**U**P SPRINGS the lark,  
 Shrill-voiced and loud,  
 the messenger of morn;  
 Ere yet the shadows fly, he  
 mounted sings  
 Amid the dawning clouds, and  
 from their haunts  
 Calls up the tuneful nations.  
 Every copse  
 Deep-tangled, tree irregular,  
 and bush  
 Bending with dewy moisture,  
 o'er the heads  
 Of the coy quiristers that lodge  
 within,  
 Are prodigal of harmony. The  
 thrush  
 And woodlark, o'er the kind-  
 contending throng  
 Superior heard, run through  
 the sweetest length  
 Of notes; when listening Phil-  
 omelia deigns  
 To let them joy, and purposes,  
 in thought  
 Elate, to make her night excel  
 their day.

The blackbird whistles from  
 the thorny brake;  
 The mellow bullfinch answers  
 from the grove;  
 Nor are the linnets, o'er the  
 flowering furze  
 Poured out profusely, silent:  
 joined to these

world ever be so decayed that spring may not renew its greenness? Can man be so dismally age-stricken that no faintest sunshine of his youth may revisit him once a year? It is impossible. The moss on our time-worn mansion brightens into beauty; the good old pastor, who once dwelt here, renewed his prime, regained his boyhood, in the genial breezes of his ninetieth spring.

Alas for the worn and heavy soul, if, whether in youth or age, it have outlived its privilege of spring-

Innumerable songsters, in the freshening shade  
 Of new-sprung leaves, their modulations mix  
 Mellifluous. The jay, the rook, the daw,  
 And each harsh pipe, discordant heard alone,  
 Aid the full concert; while the stockdove breathes  
 A melancholy murmur through the whole.  
 'Tis love creates their melody, and all  
 This waste of music is the voice of love;  
 That even to birds and beasts the tender arts  
 Of pleasing teaches.

JAMES THOMSON.





## THE SPARROW.



ROBIN I love, the blue-bird and  
the wren,  
The thrush, the lark and many,  
many more ;  
But, oh, above them all, that  
friend of men  
I love, the sparrow piping at  
my door.

When summer flees, and winter blusters forth  
With roaring blasts that shake the naked trees,  
Still you may hear above the legioned North  
A merry note above the coppices.

The sparrow still doth pipe his little lay  
As sweetly as he piped it in the spring ;  
No migrant he, that quickly flies away  
When summer winds no longer round him sing.

A hardy comrade, when the storms arise  
He breasts their fury like some honest friend,  
That, when adversity besets our skies,  
Doth quit us not, but cheers us to the end.

So, when I hear the choir of summer sing,  
I listen, pleased, but hear above the art  
Of gayer birds the sparrow's note, and cling  
To it as something dearer to my heart.

JORIS VON LINDEN.

## INDIAN SUMMER.

WHEN leaves grow sear all things take  
sombre hue ;  
The wild winds waltz no more the wood-  
side through,  
And all the faded grass is wet with dew.

A gauzy nebula films the pensive sky,  
The golden bee supinely buzzes by,  
In silent flocks the blue-birds southward fly.

The forests' cheeks are crimsoned o'er with shame,  
The cynic frost enlaces every lane,  
The ground with scarlet blushes is aflame !

The one we love grows lustrous-eyed and sad,  
With sympathy too thoughtful to be glad,  
While all the colors round are running mad.

The sunbeams kiss askant the sombre hill,  
The naked woodbine climbs the window-sill,  
The breaths that noon exhales are faint and chill.

The ripened nuts drop downward day by day.  
Sounding the hollow tocsin of decay,  
And bandit squirrels smuggle them away.

Vague sighs and scents pervade the atmosphere,  
Sounds of invisible stirrings hum the ear,  
The morning's lash reveals a frozen tear.

The hermit mountains gird themselves with mail,  
Mocking the threshers with an echo flail,  
The while the afternoons grow crisp and pale.

Inconstant summer to the tropics flees,  
And, as her rose-sails catch the amorous breeze,  
Lo ! bare, brown autumn trembles to her knees !

The stealthy nights encroach upon the days,  
The earth with sudden whiteness is ablaze,  
And all her paths are lost in crystal maze !

Tread lightly where the dainty violets blew,  
Where the spring winds their soft eyes open flew ;  
Safely they sleep the churlish winter through.

Though all life's portals are indiced with woe,  
And frozen pearls are all the world can show,  
Feel ! Nature's breath is warm beneath the snow.

Look up ! dear mourners ! Still the blue expanse,  
Serenely tender, bends to catch thy glance,  
Within thy tears sibyllic sunbeams dance !

With blooms full sapped again will smile the land,  
The fall is but the folding of His hand,  
Anon with fuller glories to expand.

The dumb heart hid beneath the pulseless tree  
Will throb again ; and then the torpid bee  
Upon the ear will drone his drowsy glee.

So shall the truant blue-birds backward fly,  
And all loved things that vanish or that die  
Return to us in some sweet by-and-by.

## VENICE AT NIGHT.

THE moon was at the height. Its rays fell in  
a flood on the swelling domes and massive  
roofs of Venice, while the margin of the  
town was brilliantly defined by the glittering bay.  
The natural and gorgeous setting was more than  
worthy of that picture of human magnificence ; for  
at that moment, rich as was the queen of the Adri-  
atic in her works of art, the grandeur of her pub-  
lic monuments, the number and splendor of her  
palaces, and most else that the ingenuity and am-  
bition of man could attempt, she was but secondary  
in the glories of the hour.

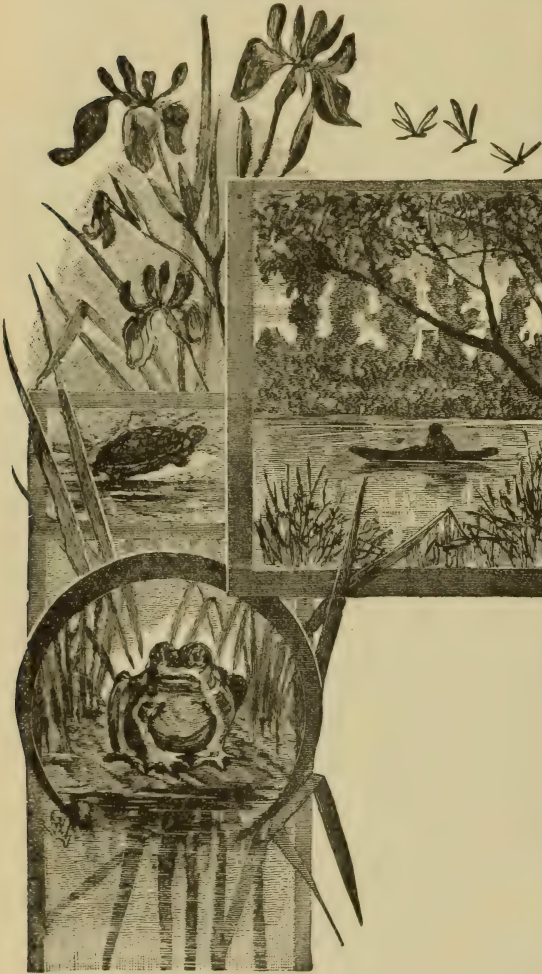
Above was the firmament gemmed with worlds,  
and sublime in immensity. Beneath lay the broad  
expanse of the Adriatic, endless to the eye, tran-  
quil as the vault it reflected, and luminous with its  
borrowed light. Here and there a low island, re-  
claimed from the sea by the patient toil of a  
thousand years, dotted the Lagunes, burdened by  
the group of some conventual dwellings, or pic-  
turesque with the modest roofs of a hamlet of the  
fishermen. Neither oar, nor song, nor laugh, nor  
flap of sail, nor jest of mariner disturbed the still-  
ness. All in the near view was clothed in mid-  
night loveliness, and all in the distance bespoke  
the solemnity of nature at peace. The city and  
the Lagunes, the gulf and the dreamy Alps, the  
interminable plain of Lombardy, and the blue void  
of heaven lay alike in a common and grand repose.

JAMES FENIMORE COOPER.

## TO A MOUSE.

ON TURNING HER UP IN HER NEST WITH THE PLOUGH.

WEE, sleekit, cow'rin', tim'rous beastie,  
 O, what a panic's in thy breastie!  
 Thou need na start awa' sae hasty,  
 Wi' bickering brattle!  
 I wad be laith to rin an' chase thee,  
 Wi' murd'ring pattle!



I'm truly sorry man's dominion  
 Has broken nature's social union,  
 An' justifies that ill opinion  
 Which makes thee startle  
 At me, thy poor earth-born companion,  
 An' fellow-mortal!

I doubt na, whyles, but thou mayst thieve;  
 What then? poor beastie, thou maun live!  
 A daimen icker in a thrave  
 'S a sma' request;  
 I'll get a blessin' wi' the laive,  
 And never miss 't!

Thy wee bit housie, too, in ruin!  
 It's silly wa's the win's are strewin'!  
 An' naething now to big a new ane  
 O' foggage green!  
 An' bleak December's winds ensuin',  
 Baith snell and keen!

Thou saw the fields laid bare an' waste,  
 An' weary winter comin' fast,  
 An' cozie here, beneath the blast,  
 Thou thought to dwell,  
 Till crash! the cruel coulters past  
 Out through thy cell,

That wee bit heap o' leaves an' stibble  
 Has cost thee mony a weary nibble!

Now thou's turned out  
 for a' thy trouble,  
 No house or hald,  
 To thole the winter's  
 sleety dribble,  
 An' cranreuch cauld!

But, Mousie, thou art no  
 thy lane,  
 In proving foresight  
 may be vain;  
 The best-laid schemes  
 o' mice an' men  
 Gang aft a-gley,  
 An' lea'e us naught but  
 grief and pain,  
 For promised joy.

Still thou art blest, compared wi' me!  
 The present only toucheth thee!  
 But, och! I backward cast my e'e  
 On prospects drear;  
 An' forward, though I canna see,  
 I guess an' fear.

ROBERT BURNS.

## SUMMER WOODS.

I LOVE at eventide to walk alone,  
 Down narrow glens, o'erhung with dewy  
 thorn,  
 Where from the long grass underneath, the snail,  
 Jet black, creeps out, and sprouts his timid horn.  
 I love to muse o'er meadows newly mown,  
 Where withering grass perfumes the sultry air;  
 Where bees search round, with sad and weary  
 drone,  
 In vain, for flowers that bloomed but newly there;  
 While in the juicy corn the hidden quail  
 Cries, "Wet my foot;" and, hid as thoughts un-  
 born,  
 The fairy-like and seldom-seen land-rail  
 Utters "Craik, craik," like voices underground,  
 Right glad to meet the evening's dewy veil,  
 And see the light fade into gloom around.

JOHN CLARE.



## THE WEST WIND.

**B**ENEATH the forest's skirts I rest,  
 Whose branching pines rise dark and high,  
 And hear the breezes of the West  
 Among the threaded foliage sigh.

Sweet Zephyr! why that sound of woe?  
 Is not thy home among the flowers?  
 Do not the bright June roses blow,  
 To meet thy kiss at morning hours?

And lo! thy glorious realm outspread—  
 Yon stretching valleys, green and gay,  
 And yon free hill-tops, o'er whose head  
 The loose white clouds are borne away.

And there the full broad river runs,  
 And many a fount wells fresh and sweet,  
 To cool thee when the mid-day suns  
 Have made thee faint beneath their heat.

Thou wind of joy, and youth, and love;  
 Spirit of the new-wakened year!  
 The sun in his blue realm above  
 Smooths a bright path when thou art here.

In lawns the murmuring bee is heard,  
 The wooing ring-dove in the shade;  
 On thy soft breath, the new-fledged bird  
 Takes wing, half happy, half afraid.

Ah! thou art like our wayward race;—  
 When not a shade of pain or ill  
 Dims the bright smile of Nature's face,  
 Thou lovest to sigh and murmur still.  
 W. C. BRYANT.

## THE FOOLISH HAREBELL.

**A**HAREBELL hung its willful head:  
 "I am so tired, so tired! I wish I was  
 dead."

She hung her head in the mossy dell;  
 "If all were over, then all were well."

The wind he heard, and was pitiful;  
 He waved her about to make her cool.

"Wind, you are rough," said the dainty bell;  
 "Leave me alone—I am not well."

And the wind, at the voice of the drooping dame,  
 Sank in his heart, and ceased for shame.

"I am hot, so hot!" she sighed and said;  
 "I am withering up; I wish I was dead."

Then the sun, he pitied her pitiful case,  
 And drew a thick veil over his face.

"Cloud, go away, and don't be rude;  
 I am not—I don't see why you should."

The cloud withdrew, and the harebell cried,  
 "I am faint, so faint! and no water beside!"  
 And the dew came down its million-fold path;  
 But she murmured, "I did not want a bath."

A boy came by in the morning gray;  
 He plucked the harebell, and threw it away.

The harebell shivered, and cried, "Oh! oh!  
 I am faint, so faint! Come, dear wind, blow."

The wind blew softly, and did not speak.  
 She thanked him kindly, but grew more weak.

"Sun, dear sun, I am cold," she said.  
 He rose; but lower she drooped her head.

"O rain! I am withering; all the blue  
 Is fading out of me;—come, please do."

The rain came down as fast as it could,  
 But for all its will it did her no good.

She shuddered and shrivelled, and moaning said,  
 "Thank you all kindly;" and then she was dead.

Let us hope, let us hope, when she comes next  
 year,  
 She'll be simple and sweet. But I fear, I fear.

GEORGE MACDONALD.

## TO THE DAISY.

**W**ITH little here to do or see  
 Of things that in the great world be,  
 Sweet daisy! oft I talk to thee.  
 For thou art worthy,  
 Thou unassuming commonplace  
 Of nature, with that homely face,  
 And yet with something of a grace  
 Which love makes for thee!

I see thee glittering from afar,—  
 And then thou art a pretty star,  
 Not quite so fair as many are  
 In heaven above thee!  
 Yet like a star, with glittering crest,  
 Self-poised in air thou seem'st to rest;—  
 May peace come never to his nest  
 Who shall reprove thee!

Sweet flower! for by that name at last,  
 When all my reveries are past,  
 I call thee, and to that cleave fast,  
 Sweet, silent creature!  
 That breath'st with me in sun and air,  
 Do thou, as thou are wont, repair  
 My heart with gladness, and a share  
 Of thy meek nature.

WILLIAM WORDSWORTH.



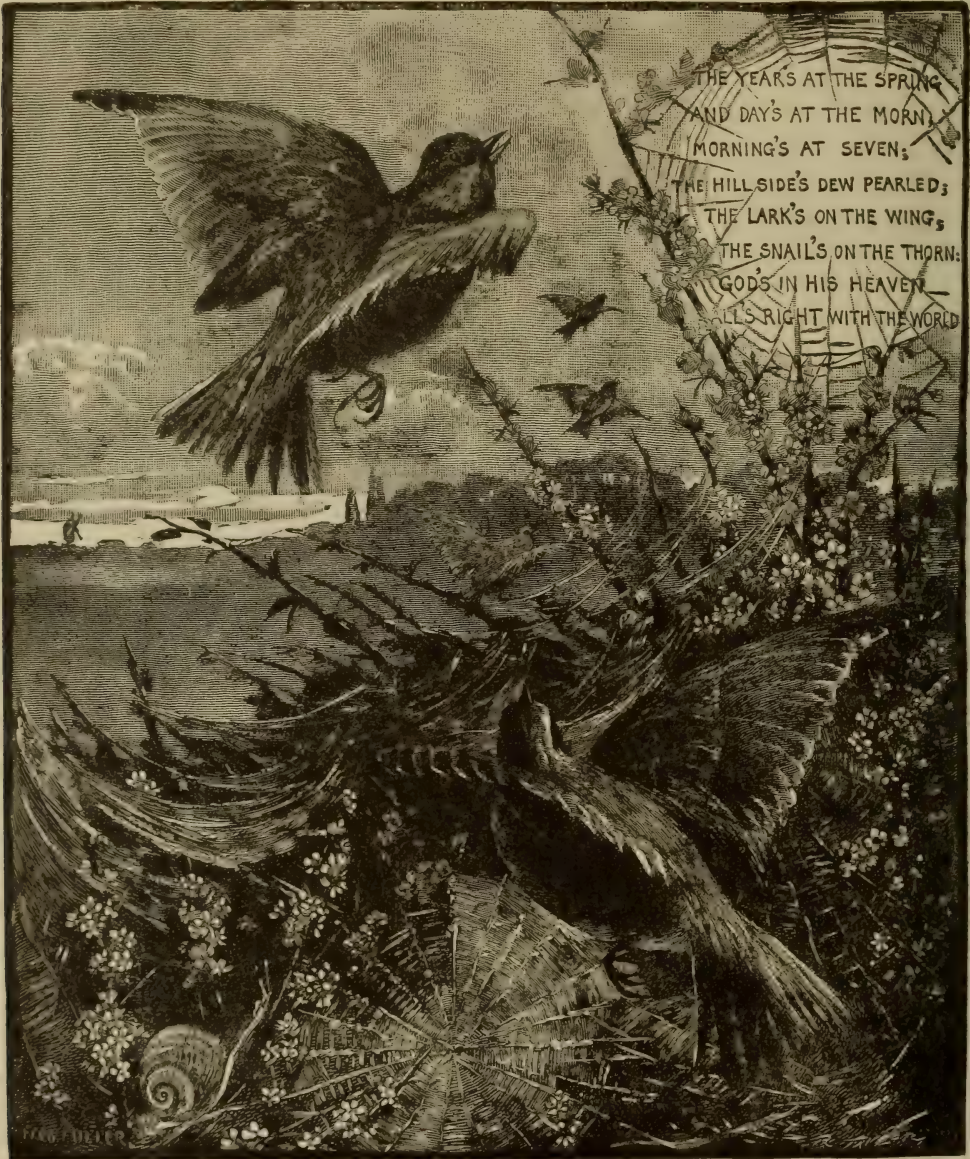
## TO THE SKYLARK.

**E**THEREAL minstrel! pilgrim of the sky!  
Dost thou despise the earth where cares  
about?

Or, while the wings aspire, are heart and eye  
Both with thy nest upon the dewy ground?

'Twixt thee and thine a never-failing bond,  
Thrills not the less the bosom of the plain;  
Yet mightst thou seem, proud privilege! to sing  
All independent of the leafy spring.

Leave to the nightingale her shady wood;  
A privacy of glorious light is thine,



Thy nest, into which thou canst drop at will,  
Those quivering wings composed, that music  
still!

To the last point of vision and beyond,  
Mount, daring warbler!—that love-prompted  
strain,

Whence thou dost pour upon the world a flood  
Of harmony, with instinct more divine;  
Type of the wise, who soar, but never roam—  
True to the kindred points of heaven and  
home!

WILLIAM WORDSWORTH.



## THE PINE FOREST BY THE SEA.



WE wandered to the pine forest  
That skirts the ocean's foam;  
The lightest wind was in its nest,  
The tempest in its home.  
The whisp'ring waves were half asleep,  
The clouds were gone to play,  
And on the bosom of the deep  
The smile of heaven lay;  
It seemed as if the hour were one  
Sent from beyond the skies,  
Which scattered from above the sun  
A light of Paradise!

How calm it was! the silence there  
By such a chain was bound,  
That even the busy woodpecker  
Made stiller by her sound  
The inviolable quietness;  
The breath of peace we drew,  
With its soft motion made not less  
The calm that round us grew.

We paused beside the pools that lie  
Under the forest bough;  
Each seemed as 'twere a little sky  
Gulfed in a world below;  
A firmament of purple light  
Which in the dark earth lay,  
More boundless than the depth of night,  
And purer than the day—  
In which the lovely forests grew,  
As in the upper air,  
More perfect both in shape and hue  
Than any spreading there.

There lay the glade and the neighboring lawn,  
And through the dark green woods  
The white sun, twinkling like the dawn  
Out of a speckled cloud.  
Sweet views which in our world above  
Can never well be seen,

Were imaged by the water's love  
Of that fair forest green:  
And all was interfused beneath  
With an Elysian glow,  
An atmosphere without a breath,  
A softer day below.

PERCY B. SHELLEY.

## ONE SWALLOW.

THE day was gray and dark and chill,  
Though May had come to meet us,  
So closely April lingered still,  
She had no heart to greet us;  
When, with a swift and sudden flight,  
Wind-blown o'er hill and hollow,  
Two gray wings swept across my sight,  
And lo! the first wild swallow.

"Alas, fair bird! the little breast  
That cuts the air so fleetly  
Should still have pressed its southern nest  
Till June was piping sweetly.  
In spite of cheery song and voice,  
Thou brave and blithe newcomer,  
I cannot in thy joy rejoice;  
One swallow makes no summer."

Thus in my thought I fain would say:  
Meantime, on swift wing speeding,  
Its wild and winning roundelay  
The bird sang on unheeding:  
Of odorous fields and drowsy nooks,  
Of slow tides landward creeping,  
Of woodlands thrilled with jocund tunes,  
Of soft airs hushed and sleeping.

He sang of waving forest heights  
With strong green boughs upspringing;  
Of faint stars pale with drowsy lights,  
In dusky heavens swinging;  
Of nests high hung in cottage eaves,  
Of yellow corn-fields growing,  
And through the long, slim, fluttering leaves,  
The sleepy winds a-blowing.



ROBERT BURNS AND HIS HIGHLAND MARY.



with any other emotions than those of astonishment and rapture.

What, then, must have been the emotions of the Spaniards, when, after working their toilsome way into the upper air, the cloudy tabernacle parted before their eyes, and they beheld these fair

scenes in all their pristine magnificence and beauty! It was like the spectacle which greeted the eyes of Moses from the summit of Pisgah, and, in the warm glow of their feelings, they cried out, "It is the promised land."

W. H. PRESCOTT.

### THE FLOWER.

ONCE in a golden hour  
I cast to earth a seed.  
Up there came a flower,  
The people said, a weed.

Sowed it far and wide  
By every town and tower,  
Till all the people cried,  
"Splendid is the flower."



To and fro they went  
Through my garden-bower,  
And muttering discontent  
Cursed me and my flower.

Then it grew so tall  
It wore a crown of light,  
But thieves from o'er the wall  
Stole the seed by night;

Read my little fable:  
He that runs may read,  
Most can raise the flowers now,  
For all have got the seed.

And some are pretty enough,  
And some are poor indeed;  
And now again the people  
Call it but a weed.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

### NEW ENGLAND IN WINTER.

SHUT in from all the world without  
We sat the clean-winged hearth about  
Content to let the north-wind roar  
In baffled rage at pane and door,  
While the red logs before us beat  
The frost-line back with tropic heat;  
And ever, when a louder blast  
Shook beam and rafter as it passed,  
The merrier up its roaring draught  
The great throat of the chimney laughed,

The house-dog on his paws outspread  
Laid to the fire his drowsy head,  
The cat's dark silhouette on the wall  
A couchant tiger's seemed to fall;  
And, for the winter fireside meet,  
Between the andirons' straddling feet,  
The mug of cider simmered slow,  
The apples sputtered in a row,  
And, close at hand, the basket stood  
With nuts from brown October's wood.

J. G. WHITTIER.

### TO THE FRINGED GENTIAN.

THOU blossom, bright with autumn dew,  
And colored with the heaven's own blue,  
That openest when the quiet light  
Succeeds the keen and frosty night;

Thou comest not when violets lean  
O'er wandering brooks and springs unseen,

Or columbines, in purple dressed,  
Nod o'er the ground-bird's hidden nest.

Thou waitest late, and com'st alone,  
When woods are bare and birds are flown,  
And frosts and shortening days portend  
The aged year is near his end.

Then doth thy sweet and quiet eye  
Look through its fringes to the sky,  
Blue—blue—as if that sky let fall  
A flower from its cerulean wall.

I would that thus, when I shall see  
The hour of death draw near to me,  
Hope, blossoming within my heart,  
May look to heaven as I depart.

W. C. BRYANT.



### THE THRUSH.

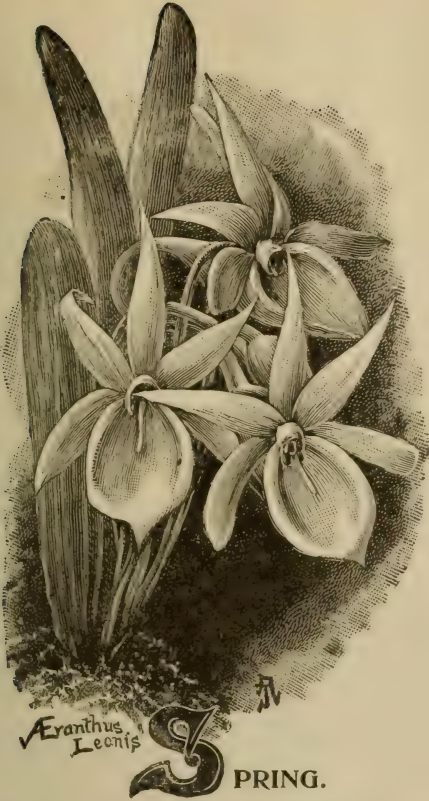
**S**ONGSTER of the russet coat,  
Full and liquid is thy note;  
Plain thy dress, but great thy skill,  
Captivating at thy will.

Small musician of the field,  
Near my bower thy tribute yield,

Little servant of the ear,  
Ply thy task, and never fear.

I will learn from thee to praise  
God, the author of my days;  
I will learn from thee to sing,  
Christ, my Saviour and my King;  
Learn to labor with my voice,  
Make the sinking heart rejoice.





THE bud is in the bough and the leaf is in the bud,  
 And earth's beginning now in her veins to feel the blood,  
 Which, warmed by summer's sun in the alembic of the vine,  
 From her founts will overrun in a ruddy gush of wine.  
 How awful is the thought of the wonders underground,  
 Of the mystic changes wrought in the silent, dark profound;  
 How each thing upward tends by necessity decreed,  
 And the world's support depends on the shooting of a seed!  
 The summer's in her ark, and this sunny-pinioned day  
 Is commissioned to remark whether winter holds her sway;  
 Go back, thou dove of peace, with myrtle on thy wing,  
 Say that floods and tempests cease and the world is ripe for spring.  
 Thou hast fanned the sleeping earth till her dreams are all of flowers,  
 And the waters look in mirth for their overhanging bowers;

The forest seems to listen for the rustle of its leaves,  
 And the very skies to glisten in the hope of summer eves.

The cattle lift their voices from the valleys and the hills,  
 And the feathered race rejoices with a gush of tuneful bills;  
 And if this cloudless arch fills the poet's song with glee,  
 O thou sunny first of March! be it dedicate to thee.

HORACE SMITH.

### THE COMET.

T WAS a beautiful night on a beautiful deep,  
 And the man at the helm had fallen asleep,  
 And the watch on the deck, with his head on his breast,  
 Was beginning to dream that another's is pressed,  
 When the look-out aloft cried, "A sail! ho, a sail!"  
 "A sail! ho, a sail!" "Where away?" "North-n'n'th west!"  
 "Make her out?" "No, your honor!" The din drowns the rest.

There indeed is the stranger, the first in these seas,  
 Yet she drives boldly on in the teeth of the breeze,  
 Now her bows to the breakers she readily turns;  
 Ah, how brightly the light of her binnacle burns!  
 Not a signal for Saturn this rover has given,  
 No salute from our Venus, the flag-star of Heaven,  
 Not a rag or a ribbon adorning her spars,  
 She has saucily sailed by the red planet Mars;  
 She has doubled triumphant the Cape of the Sun,  
 And the sentinel stars without firing a gun!  
 Now a flag at the fore and mizzen unfurled.

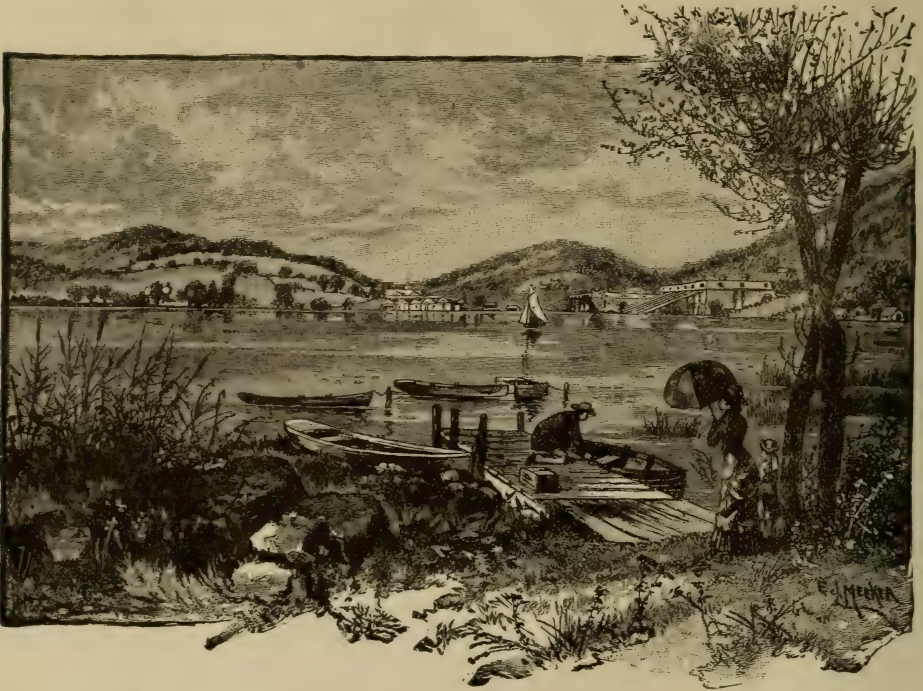
She is bearing quite gallantly down on the world!  
 "Helm-a-port!" "Show a light!" "She will run us aground!"  
 "Fire a gun!" "Bring her to!" "Sail ahoy!"  
 "Whither bound?"  
 "Avast! there, ye lubbers! Leave the rudder alone;"  
 'Tis a craft in commission—the Admiral's own;  
 And she sails with sealed orders, unopened as yet,  
 Though her anchor she weighed before Lucifer set!  
 Ah! she sails by a chart no draughtsman can make,  
 Where each cloud that can trail, and each wave that can break;  
 Where each planet is cruising, each star is at rest,

With its anchor let go in the blue of the blest ;  
 Where the sparkling flotilla, the Asteroids, lie,  
 Where the craft of red morning is flung on the  
     sky ;  
 Where the breath of the sparrow is staining the  
     air—  
 On the chart that she bears you will find them all  
     there !  
 Let her pass on in peace to the port whence she  
     came,  
 With her trackings of fire and her streamers of  
     flame !

BENJAMIN F. TAYLOR.

## FLOWERS.

**H**OW the universal heart of man blesses flowers !  
 They are wreathed round the cradle, the  
 marriage-altar, and the tomb. The Per-  
 sian in the far East delights in their perfume, and  
 writes his love in nosegays ; while the Indian child  
 of the far West clasps his hands with glee as he  
 gathers the abundant blossoms—the illuminated  
 scripture of the prairies. The Cupid of the an-  
 cient Hindoos tipped his arrows with flowers, and  
 orange buds are the bridal crown with us, a nation  
 of yesterday. Flowers garlanded the Grecian



## LAKE MAHOPAC.

**L**AKE of the soft and sunny hills,  
 What loveliness is thine !  
 Around thy fair, romantic shore  
 What countless beauties shine !  
 Shrined in their deep and hollow urn,  
 Thy silver waters lie—  
 A mirror set in waving gems  
 Of many a regal dye.  
 Oh, pleasant to the heart it is  
 In those fair isles to stray,  
 Or fancy's idle visions weave  
 Through all the golden day,  
 Where dark old trees, around whose stems  
 Caressing woodbines cling,  
 O'er mossy, flower-enamelled banks  
 Their trembling shadows fling.

CAROLINE M. SAWYER.

altar, and they hang in votive wreaths before the  
 Christian shrine.

All these are appropriate uses. Flowers should  
 deck the brow of the youthful bride, for they are  
 in themselves a lovely type of marriage. They  
 should twine round the tomb, for their perpetually  
 renewed beauty is a symbol of the resurrection.  
 They should festoon the altar, for their fragrance  
 and their beauty ascend in perpetual worship be-  
 fore the Most High.

LYDIA M. CHILD.

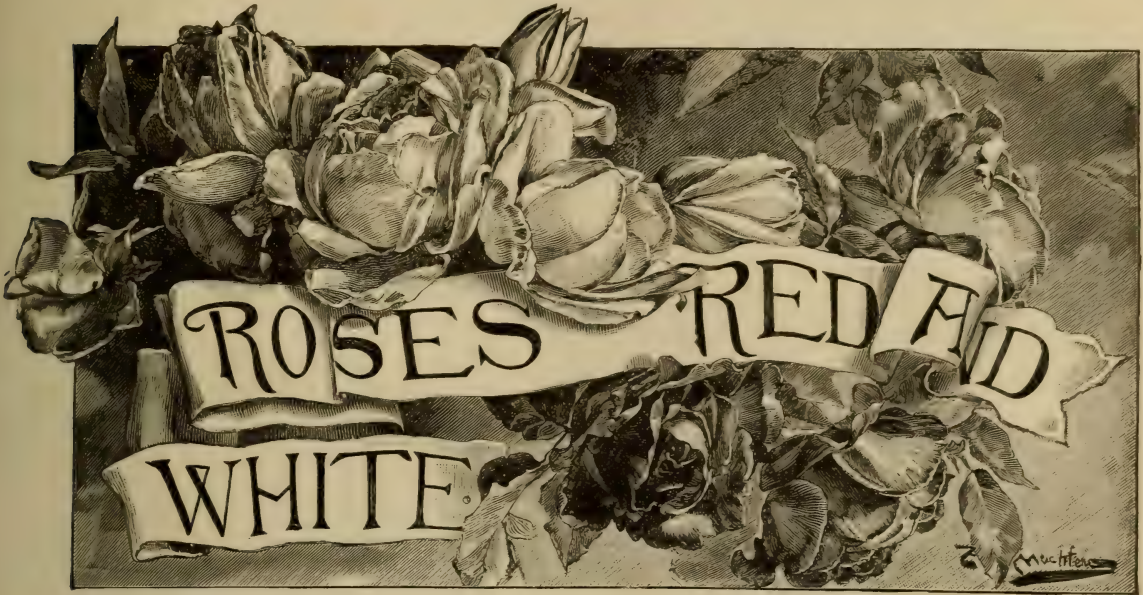
## THE BUGLE.

**T**HE splendor falls on castle walls  
 And snowy summits old in story :  
 The long light shakes across the lakes,  
 And the wild cataract leaps in glory.  
 Blow, bugle, blow, set the wild echoes flying,  
 Blow, bugle ; answer, echoes, dying, dying, dying.



O hark! O hear! how thin and clear,  
And thinner, clearer, farther going!  
O sweet and far, from cliff and scar,  
The horns of Elfland faintly blowing!  
Blow, let us hear the purple glens replying;  
Blow, bugle; answer, echoes, dying, dying, dying.

O love, they die in yon rich sky,  
They faint on hill or field or river;  
Our echoes roll from soul to soul,  
And grow forever and forever.  
Blow, bugle, blow, set the wild echoes flying.  
And answer, echoes, answer, dying, dying, dying.  
ALFRED TENNYSON.



ROSES, roses, red and white,  
They are sweet and fresh and bright;  
Buy them for thy love's delight!  
In a garden old they grew,  
Old with flowers ever new—  
Buy them for thy loved one true,

Roses, red and white, to wear  
On her bosom, in her hair,  
Buy them for thy lady fair:  
Like a token from above,  
Thy heart faithful they will prove—  
Buy them for thy lady love.

WILLIAM COWAN.

#### THE NIGHTINGALE.

HARK! the nightingale begins his song,  
"Most musical, most melancholy" bird!  
A melancholy bird! O idle thought!  
In nature there is nothing melancholy.  
But some night-wandering man, whose heart was  
pierced  
With the remembrance of a grievous wrong,

Or slow distemper, or neglected love  
(And so, poor wretch! filled all things with him-  
self,  
And made all gentle sounds tell back the tale  
Of his own sorrows), he, and such as he,  
First named these notes a melancholy strain.

S. T. COLERIDGE.

#### THE NORTH STAR.

ON thy unaltering blaze  
The half-wrecked mariner, his compass  
lost,  
Fixes his steady gaze,  
And steers, undoubting, to the friendly coast;  
And they who stray in perilous wastes, by night,  
Are glad when thou dost shine to guide their foot-  
steps right.

And, therefore, bards of old,  
Sages, and hermits of the solemn wood,  
Did in thy beams behold  
A beauteous type of that unchanging good,  
That bright eternal beacon, by whose ray  
The voyager of time should shape his heedful  
way.

W. C. BRYANT.



**S**WEET, sweet, sweet,  
Is the wind's song,  
Astir in the rippled wheat  
All day long,  
It hath the brook's wild gayety,  
The sorrowful cry of the sea.  
Oh, hush and hear!  
Sweet, sweet and clear,  
Above the locust's whirr  
And hum of bee  
Rises that soft, pathetic harmony.

In the meadow-grass  
The innocent white daisies blow,  
The dandelion plume doth pass  
Vaguely to and fro—  
The unquiet spirit of a flower,  
That hath too brief an hour.  
Now doth a little cloud all white,  
Or golden bright,  
Drift down the warm blue sky;  
And now on the horizon line  
Where dusky woodlands lie,  
A sunny mist doth shine,  
Like to a veil before a holy shrine,  
Concealing, half-revealing, things divine.

Sweet, sweet, sweet,  
Is the wind's song,  
Astir in the rippled wheat  
All day long.  
That exquisite music calls  
The reaper everywhere—  
Life and death must share.  
The golden harvest falls.

So doth all end—  
Honored philosophy,

Science and art,  
The bloom of the heart;  
Master, Consoler, Friend,  
Make Thou the harvest of our days  
To fall within thy ways.

ELLEN M. HUTCHINSON.

### SONG OF THE BROOK.

**I** COME from haunts of coot and hern:  
I make a sudden sally  
And sparkle out among the fern,  
To bicker down a valley.

By thirty hills I hurry down,  
Or slip between the ridges,  
By twenty thorps, a little town,  
And half a hundred bridges.

Till last by Philip's farm I flow  
To join the brimming river,  
For men may come and men may go,  
But I go on forever.

I chatter over stony ways,  
In little sharps and trebles,  
I bubble into eddying bays,  
I babble on the pebbles.

With many a curve my banks I fret  
By many a field and fallow,  
And many a fairy foreland set  
With willow-weed and mallow.

I chatter, chatter, as I flow  
To join the brimming river;  
For men may come and men may go,  
But I go on forever.

I wind about, and in and out,  
With here a blossom sailing,  
And here and there a lusty trout,  
And here and there a grayling,

And here and there a foamy flake  
Upon me, as I travel  
With many a silvery waterbreak  
Above the golden gravel,

And draw them all along, and flow,  
To join the brimming river,  
For men may come and men may go,  
But I go on forever.

I steal by lawns and grassy plots:  
I slide by hazel covers;  
I move the sweet forget-me-nots  
That grow for happy lovers.

I slip, I slide, I gloom, I glance,  
Among my skimming swallows;  
I make the netted sunbeam dance  
Against my sandy shallows.



I murmur under moon and stars  
 In brambly wildernesses;  
 I linger by my shingly bars;  
 I loiter round my cresses;  
 And out again I curve and flow  
 To join the brimming river,  
 For men may come and men may go,  
 But I go on forever.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

### MIDSUMMER.

**A**ROUND this lovely valley rise  
 The purple hills of Paradise.  
 O, softly on yon banks of haze  
 Her rosy face the summer lays!  
 Becalmed along the azure sky  
 The argosies of cloudland lie,

The butterfly and humble-bee  
 Come to the pleasant woods with me;

Quickly before me runs the quail,  
 The chickens skulk behind the rail;

High up the lone wood-pigeon sits,  
 And the woodpecker pecks and flits.

Sweet woodland music sinks and swells,  
 The brooklet rings its tinkling bells,

The swarming insects drone and hum,  
 The partridge beats his throbbing drum,

The squirrel leaps among the boughs  
 And chatters in his leafy house.

The oriole flashes by; and, look!  
 Into the mirror of the brook,



Whose shores, with many a shining rift,  
 Far off their pearl-white peaks uplift.

Through all the long midsummer day  
 The meadow sides are sweet with hay.

I seek the coolest sheltered seat,  
 Just where the field and forest meet—

Where grow the pine trees tall and bland,  
 The ancient oaks austere and grand,

And fringy roots and pebbles fret  
 The ripples of the rivulet.

I watch the mowers as they go  
 Through the tall grass, a white-sleeved row.

With even stroke their scythes they swing,  
 In tune their merry whetstones ring.

Behind, the nimble youngsters run  
 And toss the thick swaths in the sun.

The cattle graze; while warm and still  
 Slopes the broad pasture, basks the hill,

And bright, where summer breezes break,  
 The green wheat crinkles like a lake.

Where the vain bluebird trims his coat,  
 Two tiny feathers fall and float.

As silently, as tenderly,  
 The down of peace descends on me.

O, this is peace! I have no need  
 Of friend to talk, of book to read;

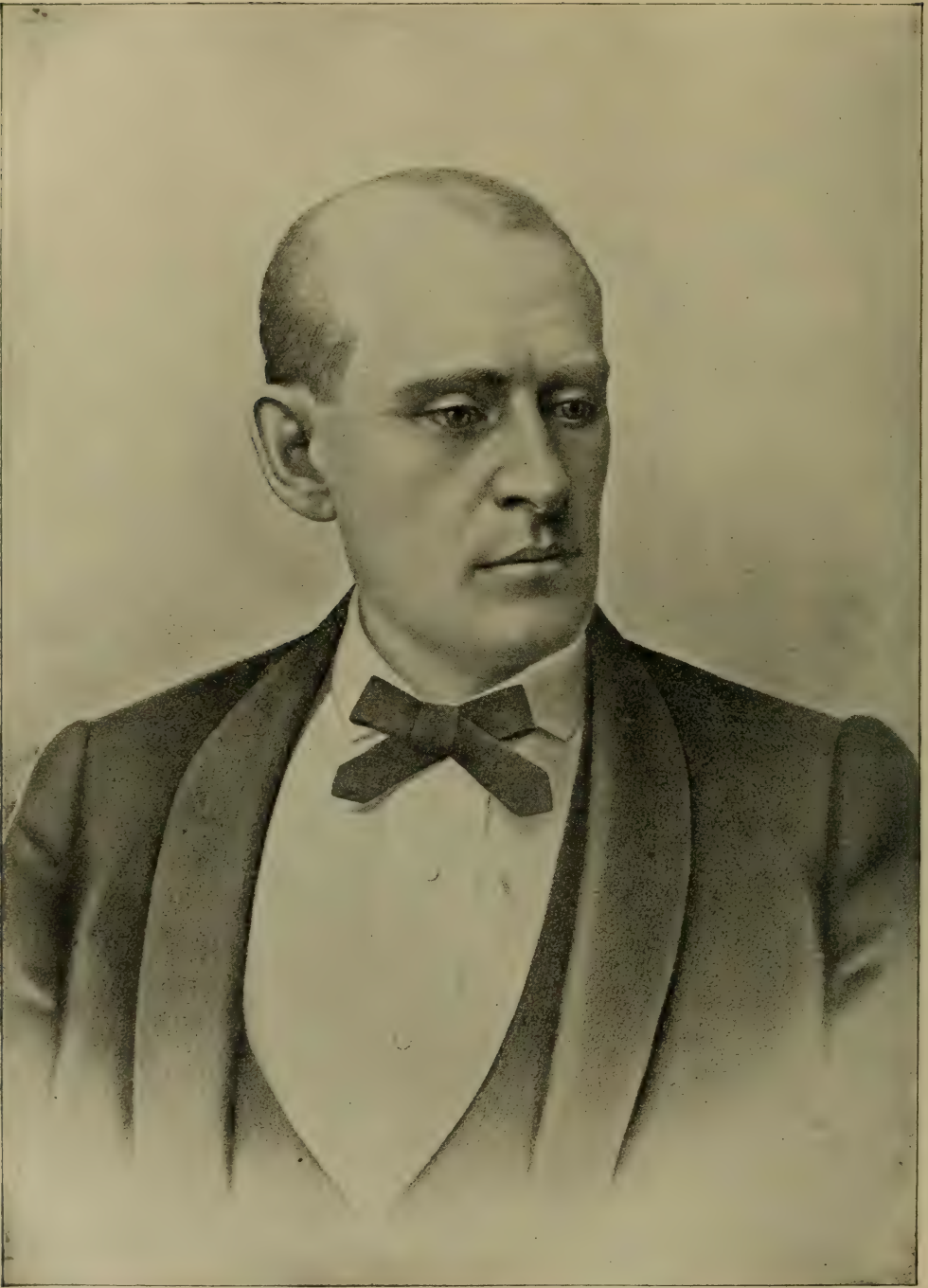
A dear Companion here abides;  
 Close to my thrilling heart He hides;

The holy silence is His voice:  
 I lie and listen, and rejoice.

J. T. TROWBRIDGE.

### SUMMER-TIME.

**T**HEY were right—those old German minne-singers—to sing the pleasant summer-time! What a time it is! How June stands illuminated in the calendar! The windows are all wide open; only the Venetian blinds closed. Here and there a long streak of sunshine streams in through a crevice. We hear the low sound of the wind among the trees; and, as it swells and freshens, the distant doors clap to, with a sudden sound.



EUGENE FIELD.





## THE BURIED FLOWER.

**I**N the silence of my chamber,  
 When the night is still and deep,  
 And the drowsy heave of ocean  
 Murmurs in its charmed sleep :  
 Oft I hear the angel voices  
 That have thrilled me long ago —

Voices of my lost companions,  
 Lying deep beneath the snow.

Where are now the flowers we tended ?  
 Withered, broken, branch and stem ;  
 Where are now the hopes we cherished ?  
 Scattered to the winds with them.



For ye, too, were flowers, ye dear ones!  
Nursed in hope and reared in love,  
Looking fondly ever upward  
To the clear blue heaven above:

Smiling on the sun that cheered us,  
Rising lightly from the rain,  
Never folding up your freshness  
Save to give it forth again:

Never shaken, save by accents  
From a tongue that was not free.  
As the modest blossom trembles  
At the wooing of the bee.

O! 'tis sad to lie and reckon  
All the days of faded youth,  
All the vows that we believed in,  
All the words we spoke in truth.

Severed—were it severed only  
By an idle thought of strife,  
Such as time may knit together;  
Not the broken chord of life!

O my heart! that once so truly  
Kept another's time and tune,—  
Heart, that kindled in the morning,  
Look around thee in the noon!

Where are they who gave the impulse  
To thy earliest thought and flow?  
Look across the ruined garden—  
All are withered, dropped, or low!

O! I fling my spirit backward,  
And I pass o'er years of pain;  
All I loved is rising round me,  
All the lost returns again.

Brighter, fairer far than living,  
With no trace of woe or pain,  
Robed in everlasting beauty,  
Shall I see thee once again.

By the light that never fadeth,  
Underneath eternal skies,  
When the dawn of resurrection  
Breaks o'er deathless Paradise.

WILLIAM E. AYTOUN.

### THE SAND-PIPER.

**A**CROSS the narrow beach we flit,  
One little sand-piper and I;  
And fast I gather, bit by bit,  
The scattered drift-wood, bleached and dry.

The wild waves reach their hands for it,  
The wild wind raves, the tide runs high,  
As up and down the beach we flit—  
One little sand-piper and I.

Above our heads the sullen clouds  
Scud black and swift across the sky;  
Like silent ghosts, in misty shrouds  
Stand out the white light-houses nigh.  
Almost as far as eye can reach,  
I see the close-reefed vessels fly,  
As fast we flit along the beach—  
One little sand-piper and I.

I watch him as he skims along,  
Uttering his sweet and mournful cry;  
He starts not at my fitful song,  
Or flash of fluttering drapery:  
He has no thought of any wrong,  
He scans me with a fearless eye;  
Staunch friends are we, well-tried and strong,  
This little sand-piper and I.

Comrade, where wilt thou be to-night,  
When the loosed storm breaks furiously?  
My drift-wood fire will burn so bright!  
To what warm shelter canst thou fly?  
I do not fear for thee, though wroth  
The tempest rushes through the sky;  
For are we not God's children both,  
Thou little sand-piper and I?

CELIA THAXTER.

### ELEGY—WRITTEN IN SPRING.



**T**IS past: the iron north has  
spent his rage;  
Stern winter now resigns  
the lengthening day,  
The stormy howlings of the  
winds assuage,  
And warm o'er ether west-  
ern breezes play.

Of genial heat and cheerful  
light the source,  
From southern climes, beneath another sky,  
The sun, returning, wheels his golden course:  
Before his beams all noxious vapors fly.

Far to the north grim winter draws his train,  
To his own clime, to Zembla's frozen shore;  
Where, throned on ice, he holds eternal reign;  
Where whirlwinds madden, and where tempests  
roar.

Loosed from the bands of frost, the verdant  
ground  
Again puts on her robe of cheerful green,  
Again puts forth her flowers; and all around  
Smiling, the cheerful face of spring is seen.

Behold! the trees new deck their withered boughs;  
Their ample leaves the hospitable plane,  
The taper elm, and lofty ash disclose;  
The blooming hawthorn variegates the scene.



The lily of the vale, of flowers the queen,  
 Puts on the robe she neither sewed nor spun;  
 The birds on ground, or on the branches green,  
 Hop to and fro, and glitter in the sun.

Soon as o'er eastern hills the morning peers,  
 From her low nest the tufted lark upsprings;  
 And, cheerful singing, up the air she steers;  
 Still high she mounts, still loud and sweet she sings.



Now is the time for those who wisdom love,  
 Who love to walk in virtue's flowery road,  
 Along the lovely paths of spring to rove,  
 And follow nature up to nature's God.

MICHAEL BRUCE.

#### AMERICAN SKIES.

THE sunny Italy may boast  
 The beauteous tints that flush her skies,  
 And lovely, round the Grecian coast,  
 May thy blue pillars rise.  
 I only know how fair they stand  
 Around my own beloved land.

And they are fair—a charm is theirs,  
 That earth, the proud green earth, has not—  
 With all the forms, and hues, and airs,  
 That haunt her sweetest spot.  
 We gaze upon thy calm pure sphere,  
 And read of Heaven's eternal year.

Oh, when, amid the throng of men,  
 The heart grows sick of hollow mirth,  
 How willingly we turn us then  
 Away from this cold earth,  
 And look into thy azure breast,  
 For seats of innocence and rest!

W. C. BRYANT.

#### SCENERY OF LAKE SUPERIOR.

FEW portions of America can vie in scenic attractions with this interior sea. Its size alone gives it all the elements of grandeur, but these have been heightened by the mountain masses which nature has piled along its shores. In some places these masses consist of vast walls of coarse gray or drab sandstone, placed horizontally until they have attained many hundred feet in height above the water. The action of such an immense liquid area, forced against these crumbling walls by tempests, has caused wide and deep arches to be worn into the solid structure at their base, into which the billows rush with a noise resembling low pealing thunder. By this means, large areas of the impending mass are at length undermined and precipitated into the lake, leaving the split and rent parts from which they have separated standing like huge misshapen turrets and battlements. Such is the varied coast called the Pictured Rocks.

At other points of the coast volcanic forces have operated, lifting up these level strata into positions nearly vertical, and leaving them to stand like the leaves of an open book. At the same time, the volcanic rocks sent up from below have risen in high mountain piles. Such is the condition of things at the Porcupine Mountains.

There are yet other theatres of action for this sublime mass of inland waters, where it has manifested perhaps still more strongly, if not so strikingly, its abrasive powers. The whole force of the lake, under the impulse of a north-west tempest, is directed against prominent portions of the shore, which consist of the black and hard volcanic rocks. Solid as these are, the waves have found an entrance in veins of spar or minerals of softer structure, and have thus been led inland, and torn up large fields of amygdaloid and other rock, or left portions of them standing in rugged knobs or promontories. Such are the east and west coasts of the great peninsula of Keweenaw, which has recently become the theatre of mining operations.

When the visitor to these remote and boundless waters comes to see this wide and varied scene of complicated attractions, he is absorbed in wonder and astonishment. The eye, once introduced to this panorama of waters, is never done looking and admiring. Scene after scene, cliff after cliff, island after island, and vista after vista are presented. One day's scenes are but the prelude to another, and when weeks and months have been spent in picturesque rambles along its shores, the

traveler has only to ascend some of its streams and go inland to find falls and cascades, and cataracts of the most beautiful or magnificent character. Go where he will, there is something to attract him. Beneath his feet the pebbles are agates. The water is of the most crystalline purity. The sky is filled at sunset with the most gorgeous piles of clouds. The air itself is of the purest and most inspiring kind. To visit such a scene is to draw health from its purest fountains, and to revel in intellectual delights.

HENRY R. SCHOOLCRAFT.

### HAMPTON BEACH.

**T**HE sunlight glitters keen and bright,  
Where, miles away,  
Lies stretching to my dazzled sight  
A luminous belt, a misty light,  
Beyond the dark pine bluffs and wastes of sandy gray.

The tremulous shadow of the sea!  
Against its ground  
Of silvery light, rock, hill, and tree,  
Still as a picture, clear and free,  
With varying outline mark the coast for miles around.

On—on—we tread with loose-flung rein  
Our seaward way,  
Through dark-green fields and blossoming grain,  
Where the wild brier-rose skirts the lane,  
And bends above our heads the flowering locust spray.

Ha! like a kind hand on my brow  
Comes this fresh breeze,  
Cooling its dull and feverish glow,  
While through my being seems to flow  
The breath of a new life—the healing of the seas!

Now rest we, where this grassy mound  
His feet hath set  
In the great waters, which have bound  
His granite ancles greenly round  
With long and tangled moss, and weeds with cool spray wet.

Good-bye to pain and care! I take  
Mine ease to-day;  
Here where these sunny waters break,  
And ripples this keen breeze, I shake  
All burdens from the heart, all weary thoughts away.

I draw a freer breath—I seem  
Like all I see—  
Waves in the sun—the white-winged gleam  
Of sea-birds in the slanting beam—  
And far-off sails which flit before the south wind free.

So when time's veil shall fall asunder,  
The soul may know  
No fearful change, nor sudden wonder,  
Nor sink the weight of mystery under,  
But with the upward rise, and with the vastness grow.

And all we shrink from now may seem  
No new revealing;  
Familiar as our childhood's stream,  
Or pleasant memory of a dream  
The loved and cherished past upon the new life stealing.

Serene and mild the untried light  
May have its dawning;  
And, as in summer's northern night  
The evening and the dawn unite,  
The sunset hues of time blend with the soul's new morning.

I sit alone: in foam and spray  
Wave after wave  
Breaks on the rocks which, stern and gray,  
Shoulder the broken tide away,  
Or murmurs hoarse and strong through mossy cleft and cave.

What heed I of the dusty land  
And noisy town?  
I see the mighty deep expand  
From its white line of glimmering sand  
To where the blue of heaven on bluer waves shuts down!

In listless quietude of mind,  
I yield to all  
The change of cloud and wave and wind,  
And passive on the flood reclined,  
I wander with the waves, and with them rise and fall.

But look, thou dreamer!—wave and shore  
In shadow lie;  
The night-wind warns me back once more  
To where my native hill-tops o'er  
Bends like an arch of fire the glowing sunset sky!

So then, beach, bluff and wave, farewell!  
I bear with me  
No token stone nor glittering shell,  
But long and oft shall Memory tell  
Of this brief thoughtful hour of musing by the Sea.  
J. G. WHITTIER.

### THE CHANGED SONG.

**I** THOUGHT the sparrows note from heaven,  
Singing at dawn from the alder bough;  
I brought him home, in his nest, at even;  
He sings the song, but it pleases not now,  
For I did not bring home the river and sky;—  
He sang to my ear,—they sang to my eye.  
R. W. EMERSON.





## THE GARDEN.

OW vainly men themselves amaze,  
To win the palm, the oak, or bays;  
And their incessant labors see  
Crowned from some single herb, or tree,  
Whose short and narrow-vergéd shade  
Does prudently their toils upbraid;  
While all the flowers and trees do close,  
To weave the garland of repose.

No white nor red was ever seen  
So amorous as this lovely green.  
Fond lovers, cruel as their flame,  
Cut in these trees their mistress' name.  
Little, alas! they know or heed,  
How far these beauties her exceed!  
Fair trees! where'er your barks I wound,  
No name shall but your own be found.

When we have run our passion's heat,  
Love hither makes his best retreat.  
The gods who mortal beauty chase,  
Still in a tree did end their race.  
Apollo hunted Daphne so,  
Only that she might laurel grow;  
And Pan did after Syrinx speed,  
Not as a nymph, but for a reed.

What wondrous life in this I lead!  
Ripe apples drop about my head;  
The luscious clusters of the vine  
Upon my mouth do crush their wine;  
The nectarine, and curious peach,  
Into my hands themselves do reach;  
Stumbling on melons, as I pass,  
Insnared with flowers, I fall on grass.

Meanwhile the mind from pleasure less  
Withdraws into its happiness.  
The mind, that ocean where each kind  
Does straight its own resemblance find;  
Yet it creates, transcending these,  
Far other worlds and other seas;  
Annihilating all that's made  
To a green thought in a green shade.

Here at the fountain's sliding foot,  
Or at some fruit-tree's mossy root,  
Casting the body's vest aside,  
My soul into the boughs does glide;  
There, like a bird, it sits and sings,  
Then whets and claps its silver wings,  
And, till prepared for longer flight,  
Waves in its plumes the various light.

Such was the happy garden state,  
While man there walked without a mate;  
After a place so pure and sweet,  
What other help could yet be meet?  
But 'twas beyond a mortal's share  
To wander solitary there:

Two paradises are in one,  
To live in paradise alone.

How well the skillful gardener drew  
Of flowers, and herbs, this dial new!  
Where, from above, the milder sun  
Does through a fragrant zodiac run;  
And, as it works, th' industrious bee  
Computes its time as well as we,  
How could such sweet and wholesome hour  
Be reckoned, but with herbs and flowers?

ANDREW MARVELL.

## TO THE RIVER ARVE.

SUPPOSED TO BE WRITTEN AT A HAMLET NEAR THE FOOT  
OF MONT BLANC.

Tourists in Switzerland are in the habit of visiting the point where the River Arve unites with the River Rhone. The Arve flows from the glaciers of the Alps, and has a peculiarly muddy appearance. The waters of the Rhone are clear as crystal. When the two rivers unite there is a distinct line of demarkation between them for a considerable distance, but gradually their waters are mingled.

NOT from the sands or cloven rocks,  
Thou rapid Arve! thy waters flow;  
Nor earth, within her bosom, locks  
Thy dark, unfathomed wells below.  
Thy springs are in the cloud, thy stream  
Begins to move and murmur first  
Where ice-peaks feel the noonday beam,  
Or rain-storms on the glacier burst.

Born where the thunder and the blast,  
 And morning's earliest light are born,  
 Thou rushest swol'n, and loud, and fast,  
 By these low homes, as if in scorn ;  
 Yet humbler springs yield purer waves ;  
 And brighter, glassier streams than thine,  
 Sent up from earth's unlighted caves,  
 With heaven's own beam and image shine.

Yet stay ; for here are flowers and trees ;  
 Warm rays on cottage roofs are here,  
 And laugh of girls, and hum of bees—  
 Here linger till thy waves are clear.  
 Thou heedest not—thou hastest on ;  
 From steep to steep thy torrent falls,  
 Till, mingling with the mighty Rhone,  
 It rests beneath Geneva's walls.

Rush on—but were there one with me  
 That loved me, I would light my hearth  
 Here, where with God's own majesty  
 Are touched the features of the earth.  
 By these old peaks, white, high, and vast,  
 Still rising as the tempests beat,  
 Here would I dwell, and sleep, at last,  
 Among the blossoms at their feet.

W. C. BRYANT.

#### VIEW ACROSS THE ROMAN CAMPAGNA.

**O**VER the dumb campagna-sea,  
 Out in the offing through mist and rain,  
 St. Peter's Church heaves silently  
 Like a mighty ship in pain,  
 Facing the tempest with struggle and strain.

Motionless waifs of ruined towers,  
 Soundless breakers of desolate land !  
 The sullen surf of the mist devours  
 That mountain-range upon either hand,  
 Eaten away from its outline grand.

And over the dumb campagna-sea  
 Where the ship of the Church heaves on to wreck,  
 Alone and silent as God must be  
 The Christ walks!—Ay, but Peter's neck  
 Is stiff to turn on the foundering deck.

Peter, Peter, if such be thy name,  
 Now leave the ship for another to steer,  
 And proving thy faith evermore the same  
 Come forth, tread out through the dark and drear,  
 Since He who walks on the sea is here !

Peter, Peter!—he does not speak,—  
 He is not as rash as in old Galilee.  
 Safer a ship, though it toss and leak,  
 Than a reeling foot on a rolling sea !  
 And he's got to be round in the girth, thinks he.

Peter, Peter!—he does not stir,—  
 His nets are heavy with silver fish :  
 He reckons his gains, and is keen to infer

“The broil on the shore, if the Lord should  
 wish,—  
 But the sturgeon goes to the Cæsar's dish.”

Peter, Peter, thou fisher of men,  
 Fisher of fish wouldst thou live instead,—  
 Haggling for pence with the other Ten,  
 Cheating the market at so much a head,  
 Gripping the bag of the traitor dead !

At the triple crow of the Gallic cock  
 Thou weep'st not, thou, though thine eyes be  
 dazed :

What bird comes next in the tempest shock ?  
 . . Vultures ! See—as when Romulus gazed,  
 To inaugurate Rome for a world amazed !

ELIZABETH B. BROWNING.

#### THE BIRCH-TREE.

**R**IPPLING through thy branches goes the sun-  
 shine,  
 Among thy leaves that palpitate for ever ;  
 Ovid in thee a pining Nymph had prisoned,  
 The soul once of some tremulous inland river,  
 Quivering to tell her woe, but, ah ! dumb, dumb  
 for ever !

While all the forest, witched with slumberous moon-  
 shine,  
 Holds up its leaves in happy, happy silence,  
 Waiting the dew, with breath and pulse suspended,—  
 I hear afar thy whispering, gleaming islands,  
 And track thee wakeful still amid the wide-hung  
 silence.

Upon the brink of some wood-nestled lakelet,  
 Thy foliage, like the tresses, of a Dryad,  
 Dripping about thy slim white stem, whose shadow  
 Slopes quivering down the water's dusky quiet,  
 Thou shrink'st as on her bath's edge would some  
 startled Dryad.

Thou art the go-between of rustic lovers ;  
 Thy white bark has their secrets in its keeping ;  
 Reuben writes here the happy name of Patience,  
 And thy lithe boughs hang murmuring and weeping  
 Above her, as she steals the mystery from thy  
 keeping.

Thou art to me like my beloved maiden,  
 So frankly coy, so full of trembly confidences ;  
 Thy shadow scarce seems shade ; thy pattering  
 leaflets

Sprinkle their gathered sunshine o'er my senses,  
 And Nature gives me all her summer confidences

Whether my heart with hope or sorrow tremble,  
 Thou sympathizest still ; wild and unquiet,  
 I fling me down, thy ripple, like a river,  
 Flows valleyward while calmness is, and by it  
 My heart is floated down into the land of quiet.

JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.



## MOUNTAINS.

**M**OUNTAINS! who was your builder? Who laid your awful foundations in the central fires, and piled your rocks and snow-capped summits among the clouds? Who placed you in the gardens of the world, like noble altars, on which to offer the sacrificial gifts of many nations?

Who reared your rocky walls in the barren desert, like towering pyramids, like monumental mounds, like giants' graves, like dismantled piles of royal ruins, telling a mournful tale of glory, once bright, but now fled forever, as flee the dreams of a mid-summer's night? Who gave you a home in the islands of the sea,—those emeralds that gleam among the waves,—those stars of ocean that mock the beauty of the stars of night?

Mountains! I know who built you. It was God! His name is written on your foreheads. He laid your cornerstones on that glorious morning when the orchestra of heaven sounded the anthem of creation. He clothed your high, imperial forms in royal robes.

He gave you a snowy garment, and wove for you a cloudy vail of crimson and gold. He crowned you with a diadem of icy jewels; pearls from the Arctic seas; gems from the frosty pole. Mountains! ye are glorious. Ye stretch your granite arms away toward the vales of the undiscovered: ye have a longing for immortality.

But, Mountains! ye long in vain. I called you glorious, and truly ye are; but your glory is like that of the starry heavens,—it shall pass away at the trumpet-blast of the angel of the Most High. And yet ye are worthy of a high and eloquent eulogium. Ye were the lovers of the daughters of the gods; ye are the lovers of the daughters of Liberty and Religion now; and in your old and feeble age the children of the skies shall honor your bald heads.

The clouds of heaven—those shadows of Olympian power, those spectral phantoms of dead Titans—kiss your summits, as guardian angels kiss the brow of infant nobleness. On your sacred rocks I see the footprints of the Creator; I see the blazing fires of Sinai, and hear its awful voice; I see the tears of Calvary, and listen to its mighty groans.

Mountains! ye are proud and haughty things. Ye hurl defiance at the storm, the lightning, and the wind; ye look down with deep disdain upon the thunder-cloud; ye scorn the devastating tempest; ye despise the works of puny man; ye shake your rock-ribbed sides with giant laughter, when the great earthquake passes by. Ye stand as giant sentinels, and seem to say to the boisterous billows,—“Thus far shalt thou come, and here shall thy proud waves be stayed!”

Mountains! ye are growing old. Your ribs of  
L. of C.

granite are getting weak and rotten; your muscles are losing their fatness; your hoarse voices are heard only at distant intervals; your volcanic heart throbs feebly and your lava-blood is thickening, as the winters of many ages gather their chilling snows around your venerable forms.

The brazen sunlight laughs in your old and wrinkled faces; the pitying moonlight nestles in your hoary locks; and the silvery starlight rests



upon you like the halo of inspiration that crowned the heads of dying patriarchs and prophets. Mountains! ye must die. Old Father Time, that sexton of earth, has dug you a deep, dark tomb; and in silence ye shall sleep after sea and shore shall have been pressed by the feet of the apocalyptic angel, through the long watches of an eternal night.

E. M. MORSE.

## THE GLORY OF MOTION.

**T**HREE twangs of the horn, and they're all out of cover!

Must brave you, old bull-finch, that's right in the way!

A rush, and a bound, and a crash, and I'm over!

They're silent and racing and for'ard away;

Fly, Charley, my darling! Away and we follow;  
 There's no earth or cover for mile upon mile;  
 We're winged with the flight of the stork and the  
 swallow;

The heart of the eagle is ours for a while.

The pasture land knows not of rough plough or  
 harrow!

The hoofs echo hollow and soft on the sward;  
 The soul of the horses goes into our marrow;  
 My saddle's a kingdom, and I am its lord:  
 And rolling and flowing beneath us like ocean,  
 Gray waves of the high ridge and furrow glide on,  
 And small flying fences in musical motion,  
 Before us, beneath us, behind us, are gone.

O puissant of bone and of sinew availing,  
 On thee how I've longed for the brooks and the  
 showers!

O white-breasted camel, the meek and unfailing,  
 To speed through the glare of the long desert  
 hours!

And, bright little barbs, ye make worthy pretences  
 To go with the going of Solomon's sires;  
 But you stride not the stride, and you fly not the  
 fences!

And all the wide Hejaz is naught to the shires.

O gay gondolier! from thy night-flitting shallop  
 I've heard the soft pulses of oar and guitar;  
 But sweeter the rhythmical rush of the gallop,  
 The fire in the saddle, the flight of the star.  
 Old mare, my beloved, no stouter or faster  
 Hath ever strode under a man at his need;  
 But glad in the hand and embrace of thy master,  
 And pant to the passionate music of speed.

Can there e'er be a thought to an elderly person  
 So keen, so inspiring, so hard to forget,  
 So fully adapted to break into burgeon  
 As this—that the steel isn't out of him yet;  
 That flying speed tickles one's brain with a feather;  
 That one's horse can restore one the years that  
 are gone;

That, spite of gray winter and weariful weather,  
 The blood and the pace carry on, carry on?

R. S. J. TYRWHITT.

#### THE WINDY NIGHT.

**A**LOW and aloof,  
 Over the roof,  
 How the midnight tempests howl!  
 With a dreary voice, like the dismal tune  
 Of wolves that bay at the desert moon;  
 Or whistle and shriek  
 Through limbs that creak.  
 "Tu-who! Tu-whit!"  
 They cry, and flit,  
 "Tu-whit! Tu-who!" like the solemn owl!

Aloof and aloof,  
 Over the roof,

Sweep the moaning winds **amain**,  
 And wildly dash  
 The elm and ash,  
 Clattering on the window sash  
 With a clatter and patter  
 Like hail and rain,  
 That well-nigh shatter  
 The dusky pane!

Aloof and aloof,  
 Over the roof,  
 How the tempests swell and **roar**!  
 Though no foot is astir,  
 Though the cat and the cur  
 Lie dozing along the kitchen floor,  
 There are feet of air  
 On every stair—  
 Through every hall!  
 Through each gusty door  
 There's a jostle and bustle,  
 With a silken rustle,  
 Like the meeting of guests at a festival!

Aloof and aloof,  
 Over the roof,  
 How the stormy tempests swell!  
 And make the vane  
 On the spire complain;  
 They heave at the steeple with **might and main**,  
 And burst and sweep  
 Into the belfry, on the bell!  
 They smite it so hard, and they smite it so **well**,  
 That the sexton tosses his arms in sleep,  
 And dreams he is ringing a funeral knell!

T. B. READ.

#### THE OWL.

**W**HILE the moon, with sudden gleam,  
 Through the clouds that cover **her**,  
 Darts her light upon the stream,  
 And the poplars gently stir;  
 Pleased I hear thy boding cry,  
 Owl, that lov'st the cloudy sky!  
 Sure thy notes are harmony.

While the maiden, pale with care,  
 Wanders to the lonely shade,  
 Sighs her sorrows to the air,  
 While the flowerets round her fade,—  
 Shrinks to hear thy boding cry;  
 Owl, that lov'st the cloudy sky,  
 To her it is not harmony.

While the wretch with mournful **dole**,  
 Wrings his hands in agony,  
 Praying for his brother's soul,  
 Whom he pierced suddenly,—  
 Shrinks to hear thy boding cry;  
 Owl, that lov'st the cloudy sky,  
 To him it is not harmony.





In maiden meditation, fancy free.

SHAKESPEARE



With thee conversing I forget all time,  
All seasons and their change--all please alike.

MILTON.



# POETRY OF THE YEAR:

COMPRISING

POEMS ON THE SEASONS, INCLUDING FLOWERS AND BIRDS.



## THE YEAR'S TWELVE CHILDREN.

ANUARY, wan and gray,  
Like an old pilgrim by the way,  
Watches the snow, and shivering sighs  
As the wild curlew round him flies,  
Or, huddled underneath a thorn,  
Sits praying for the lingering morn.

FEBRUARY, bluff and cold,  
O'er furrows striding scorns the cold,  
And with his horses two abreast  
Makes the keen plough do his behest.

Rough MARCH comes blustering down the road,  
In his wrathful hand the oxen goad;  
Or, with a rough and angry haste,  
Scatters the seeds o'er the dark waste.

APRIL, a child, half tears, half smiles,  
Trips full of little playful wiles;  
And laughing, 'neath her rainbow hood,  
Seeks the wild violets in the wood.

MAY, the bright maiden, singing goes,  
To where the snowy hawthorn blows,  
Watching the lambs leap in the dells,  
List'ning the simple village bells.

JUNE, with the mower's scarlet face,  
Moves o'er the clover field apace,  
And fast his crescent scythe sweeps on  
O'er spots from whence the lark has flown.

JULY, the farmer, happy fellow,  
Laughs to see the corn grow yellow;  
The heavy grain he tosses up  
From his right hand as from a cup.

AUGUST, the reaper, cleaves his way,  
Through golden waves at break of day;  
Or in his wagon, piled with corn,  
At sunset home is proudly borne.

SEPTEMBER, with his baying hound,  
Leaps fence and pale at every bound,  
And casts into the wind in scorn,  
All cares and dangers from his horn.

OCTOBER comes, a woodman old,  
Fenced with tough leather from the cold;  
Round swings his sturdy axe, and lo!  
A fir branch falls at every blow.

NOVEMBER cowers before the flame,  
Blear crone, forgetting her own name!  
Watching the blue smoke curling rise,  
And broods upon old memories.

DECEMBER, fat and rosy, strides,  
His old heart warm, well clothed his sides;  
With kindly word for young and old,  
The cheerier for the bracing cold,  
Laughing a welcome, open flings  
His doors, and as he goes he sings.

## JOY OF SPRING.

FOR lo! no sooner has the cold withdrawn,  
Than the bright elm is tufted on the lawn;  
The merry sap has run up in the bowers,  
And burst the windows of the buds in flowers;  
With song the bosoms of the birds run o'er,  
The cuckoo calls, the swallow's at the door,  
And apple-trees at noon, with bees alive,  
Burn with the golden chorus of the hive.  
Now all these sweets, these sounds, this vernal  
blaze  
Is but one joy, expressed a thousand ways;  
And honey from the flowers, and song from birds,  
Are from the poet's pen his overflowing words.

LEIGH HUNT.



### MARCH—CHAFFINCH.

NO LEAF on the tree, no bloom on the lea,  
The east wind blows free in the morning's prime;  
Yet cheerful and gay the bird chirps his lay—  
"Hearts make his own May, and its pairing time."

### SPRING.

**I** COME! I come! ye have called me long—  
I come o'er the mountains with light and song!  
Ye may trace my step o'er the wakening earth,  
By the winds which tell of the violet's birth,  
By the primrose-stars in the shadowy grass,  
By the green leaves opening as I pass.

I have breathed on the South, and the chestnut  
flowers  
By thousands have burst from the forest-bowers,  
And the ancient graves and the fallen fanes  
Are veiled with wreaths on Italian plains;—  
But it is not for me, in my hour of bloom,  
To speak of the ruin or the tomb!

I have looked on the hills of the stormy North,  
And the larch has hung all his tassels forth,  
The fisher is out on the sunny sea,  
And the reindeer bounds o'er the pastures free,  
And the pine has a fringe of softer green,  
And the moss looks bright where my foot hath been.

I have sent through the wood-paths a glowing sigh,  
And called out each voice of the deep blue sky;  
From the night bird's lay through the starry time,  
In the groves of the soft Hesperian clime,  
To the swan's wild note by the Iceland lakes,  
When the dark fir-branch into verdure breaks.

From the streams and founts I have loosed the chain;  
They are sweeping on to the silvery main,  
They are flashing down from the mountain brows,  
They are flinging spray o'er the forest boughs,  
They are bursting fresh from their sparry caves,  
And the earth resounds with the joy of waves!

Come forth, O ye children of gladness! come!  
Where the violets lie may be now your home.  
Ye of the rose-lip and dew-bright eye,  
And the bounding footstep, to meet me fly!  
With the lyre, and the wreath, and the joyous lay,  
Come forth to the sunshine—I may not stay.

FELICIA D. HEMANS.

### MARCH.



**THE** cock is crowing,  
The stream is flowing,  
The small birds twitter,  
The lake doth glitter,  
The green field sleeps in the sun;  
The oldest and youngest;  
Are at work with the  
strongest;

The cattle are grazing,

Their heads never raising;  
There are forty feeding like one!

Like an army defeated,  
The snow hath retreated,  
And now doth fare ill  
On the top of the bare hill;  
The ploughboy is whooping—anon—anon  
There's joy on the mountains;  
There's life in the fountains;  
Small clouds are sailing,  
Blue sky prevailing;  
The rain is over and gone!

WILLIAM WORDSWORTH,





A MARCH DAY





## APRIL-LARK.

Rejoicing bird: whose wings have cleft the blue  
 And those far heights of morning sky have scaled:  
 Youth loves to watch thee, but with sighs watch  
 those  
 Whose wings grow wearied, and whose hopes have  
 failed.

## DAY: A PASTORAL.

**S**WIFTLY from the mountain's brow,  
 Shadows, nursed by night, retire:  
 And the peeping sunbeam, now,  
 Paints with gold the village spire.

Philomel forsakes the thorn,  
 Plaintive where she prates at night;  
 And the lark, to meet the morn,  
 Soars beyond the shepherd's sight.

From the low-roofed cottage ridge,  
 See the chatt'ring swallow spring;  
 Darting through the one-arched bridge,  
 Quick she dips her dappled wing.

Now the pine-tree's waving top  
 Gently greets the morning gale!

Kidlings, now, begin to crop  
 Daisies, in the dewy dale.

From the balmy sweets, uncloyed  
 (Restless till her task be done),  
 Now the busy bee's employed  
 Sipping dew before the sun.

Trickling through the creviced rock,  
 Where the limpid stream distils,  
 Sweet refreshment waits the flock  
 When 'tis sun-drove from the hills.

Sweet—O sweet, the warbling throng,  
 On the white emblossomed spray!  
 Nature's universal song  
 Echoes to the rising day.

JOHN CUNNINGHAM.

## THE GRASSHOPPER.

**H**APPY insect, what can be,  
 In happiness compared to thee?  
 Fed with nourishment divine,  
 The dewy morning's gentle wine!  
 Nature waits upon thee still,  
 And thy verdant cup does fill;  
 'Tis filled wherever thou dost tread,  
 Nature self's thy Ganymede.  
 Thou dost drink and dance and sing,  
 Happier than the happiest king!  
 All the fields which thou dost see,  
 All the plants belong to thee;  
 All the summer hours produce,  
 Fertile made with early juice.  
 Man for thee does sow and plough,

Farmer he, and landlord thou!  
 Thou dost innocently enjoy,  
 Nor does thy luxury destroy.  
 The shepherd gladly heareth thee,  
 More harmonious than he,  
 The country hinds with gladness hear,  
 Prophet of the ripened year!  
 To thee, of all things upon earth,  
 Life is no longer than thy mirth.  
 Happy insect! happy thou,  
 Dost neither age nor winter know;  
 But when thou'st drunk and danced and sung  
 Thy fill, the flowery leaves among,  
 Sated with thy summer feast,  
 Thou retir'st to endless rest.

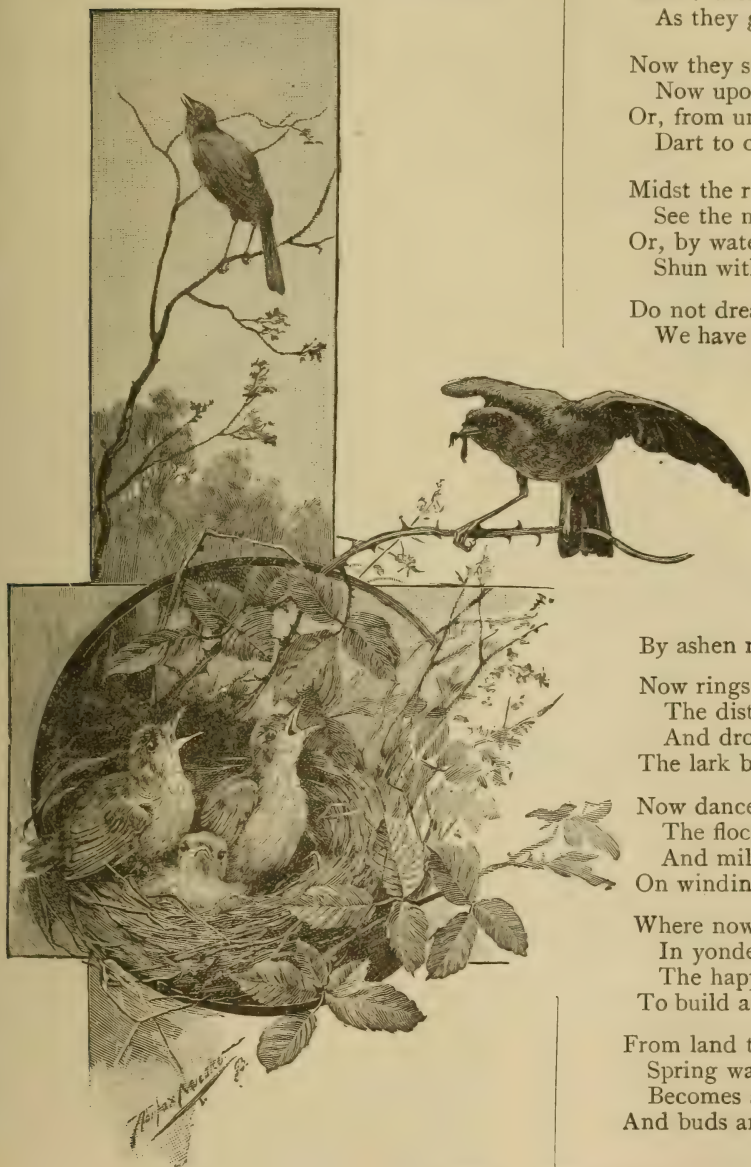
ABRAHAM COWLEY.



## APRIL.

**N**OW daisies pied, and violets blue,  
 And lady-sinocks all silver-white,  
 And cuckoo-buds of yellow hue,  
 Do paint the meadows with delight;  
 The cuckoo now on every tree,  
 Sings cuckoo! cuckoo!

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.



## A WALK BY THE WATER.

**L**ET us walk where reeds are growing,  
 By the alders in the mead;  
 Where the crystal streams are flowing,  
 In whose waves the fishes feed.

There the golden carp is laving,  
 With the trout, the perch, and bream;  
 Mark! their flexile fins are waving,  
 As they glance along the stream.

Now they sink in deeper billows,  
 Now upon the surface rise;  
 Or, from under roots of willows,  
 Dart to catch the water-flies.

Midst the reeds and pebbles hiding,  
 See the minnow and the roach;  
 Or, by water-lilies gliding,  
 Shun with fear our near approach.

Do not dread us, timid fishes,  
 We have neither net nor hook;  
 Wanderers we, whose only wishes  
 Are to read in nature's book.

CHARLOTTE SMITH.

## BUD AND BLOOM.

**N**OW fades the last long streak  
 of snow,  
 Now burgeons every maze  
 of quick  
 About the flowering squares and  
 thick

By ashen roots the violets blow.

Now rings the woodland loud and long,  
 The distance takes a lovelier hue,  
 And drowned in yonder living blue  
 The lark becomes a sightless song.

Now dance the lights on lawn and lea,  
 The flocks are whiter down the vale,  
 And milkier every milky sail,  
 On winding stream or distant sea;

Where now the seamew pipes, or dives  
 In yonder greening gleam, and fly  
 The happy birds, that change their sky  
 To build and brood, that live their lives

From land to land; and in my breast  
 Spring wakens too: and my regret  
 Becomes an April violet,  
 And buds and blossoms like the rest.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

## THE OPEN DAY.

**O**FT have I listen'd to a voice that spake  
 Of cold and dull realities of life.  
 Deem we not thus of life; for we may fetch  
 Light from a hidden glory, which shall clothe

The meanest thing that is with hues of heaven.  
 Our light should be the broad and open day;  
 And as we lose its shining, we shall look  
 Still on the bright and daylight face of things.

HENRY ALFORD,



## MAY—NIGHTINGALE.

No new song sings the Nightingale,  
And no new month she finds for singing;  
She sings the sweet old song of love,  
When May her fairest flowers is bringing.

## THE PRIMROSE.

**W**ELCOME, pale primrose! starting up  
between  
Dead matted leaves of ash and oak, that  
strew  
The every lawn, the wood, and spinny  
through;  
'Mid creeping moss and ivy's darker green;  
How much thy presence beautifies the ground,  
How sweet thy modest, unaffected pride,

Glows on the sunny bank, and wood's warm side!  
And when thy fairy flowers in groups are found,  
The schoolboy roams enchantedly along,  
Plucking the fairest with a rude delight;  
While the meek shepherd stops his simple song,  
To gaze a moment on the pleasing sight;  
O'erjoyed to see the flowers that truly bring  
The welcome news of sweet returning spring.

JOHN CLARE.



## A TRIBUTE TO MAY.

FROM THE GERMAN OF CONRAD OF KIRCHBERG.

**M**AY, sweet May, again is come—  
May that frees the land from gloom;  
Children, children! up and see  
All her stores of jollity.  
On the laughing hedgerow's side  
She hath spread her treasures wide;  
She is in the greenwood shade,  
Where the nightingale hath made  
Every branch and every tree  
Ring with her sweet melody;

Hill and dale are May's own treasures,  
Youths, rejoice! In sportive measures  
Sing ye! join the chorus gay!  
Hail this merry, merry May!  
Up! then, children! we will go,  
Where the blooming roses grow;  
In a joyful company,  
We the bursting flowers will see;  
Up, your festal dress prepare!  
Where gay hearts are meeting, there



May hath pleasures most inviting,  
Heart, and sight, and ear delighting.  
Listen to the bird's sweet song,  
Hark! how soft it floats along.  
Courtly dames! our pleasure share;

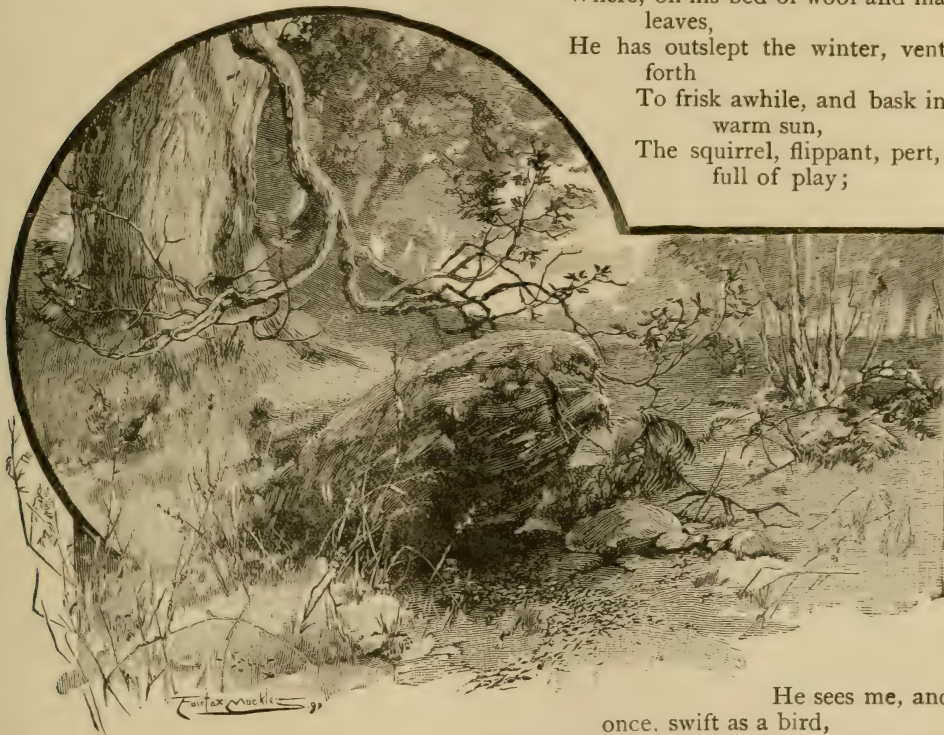
Never saw I May so fair:  
Therefore, dancing will we go,  
Youths, rejoice! the flow'rets blow!  
Sing ye! join the chorus gay!  
Hail this merry, merry May!

WILLIAM ROSCOE.

### THE WOODLAND IN SPRING.

E'EN in the spring and playtime of the year,  
That calls the unwonted villager abroad  
With all her little ones, a sportive train,  
To gather kingcups in the yellow mead,

Sits cooing in the pine-tree, nor suspends  
His long love-ditty for my near approach.  
Drawn from his refuge in some lovely elm,  
That age or injury has hollowed deep,  
Where, on his bed of wool and matted  
leaves,  
He has outslept the winter, ventures  
forth  
To frisk awhile, and bask in the  
warm sun,  
The squirrel, flippant, pert, and  
full of play;



And prink their hair with daisies, or to pick  
A cheap but wholesome salad from the brook:  
These shades are all my own. The timorous hare,  
Grown so familiar with her frequent guest,  
Scarce shuns me; and the stock dove, unalarmed,

He sees me, and at  
once, swift as a bird,  
Ascends the neighboring beech; there whisks his  
brush.  
And perks his ears, and stamps and cries aloud,  
With all the prettiness of feigned alarm,  
And anger insignificantly fierce.

WILLIAM COWPER.

### BREATHINGS OF SPRING.

WHAT wakest thou, Spring? Sweet voices  
in the woods,  
And reed-like echoes, that long have  
been mute;  
Thou bringest back to fill the solitudes,  
The lark's clear pipe, the cuckoo's viewless flute,  
Whose tone seems breathing mournfulness or  
glee,  
E'en as our hearts may be,

And the leaves greet thee, Spring!—the joyous  
leaves,  
Whose tremblings gladden many a copse and  
glade,  
Where each young spray a rosy flush receives,  
When thy south wind hath pierced the whispery  
shade,  
And happy murmurs, running through the grass,  
Tell that thy footsteps pass,

And the bright waters—they too hear thy call,  
Spring, the awakener! thou hast burst their  
sleep!

Amidst the hollows of the rocks their fall  
Makes melody, and in the forests deep,  
Where sudden sparkles and blue gleams betray  
Their winding to the day.

And flowers—the fairy-peopled world of flowers!  
Thou from the dust hast set that glory free,  
Coloring the cowslip with the sunny hours,  
And pencilling the wood anemone:  
Silent they seem—yet each to thoughtful eye  
Glow with mute poesy.

But what awakest thou in the heart, O Spring!  
The human heart, with all its dreams and sighs?  
Thou that givest back so many a buried thing,  
Restorer of forgotten harmonies!  
Fresh songs and scents break forth, where'er thou art,  
What wakest thou in the heart?

Vain longings for the dead!—why come they back  
With thy young birds, and leaves and living  
blooms?

Oh! is it not, that from thine earthly track  
Hope to thy world may look beyond the tombs?  
Yes, gentle Spring! no sorrow dims thine air,  
Breathed by our loved ones *there*!

FELICIA D. HEMANS.

#### CORINNA'S GOING A-MAYING.

GET up, get up for shame! the blooming morn  
Upon her wings presents the God unshorn!  
See how Aurora throws her fair  
Fresh-quilted colors through the air!—  
Get up, sweet slug-a-bed! and see  
The dew bespangling herb and tree.  
Each flower has wept and bowed towards the east  
Above an hour since, yet you are not dressed!—  
Nay, not so much as out of bed,  
When all the birds have matins said,  
And sung their thankful hymns: 'tis sin—  
Nay, profanation, to keep in,  
Whereas a thousand virgins on this day  
Spring sooner than the lark, to fetch in May!

Come, my Corinna! come, and coming, mark  
How each field turns a street—each street a park,  
Made green, and trimmed with trees!—see how  
Devotion gives each house a bough  
Or branch!—each porch, each door, ere this  
An ark, a tabernacle is,  
Made up of whitehorn neatly interwove,  
As if here were those cooler shades of love.  
Can such delights be in the street  
And open fields, and we not see 't?  
Come, we'll abroad, and let's obey  
The proclamation made for May,  
And sin no more, as we have done by staying,  
But, my Corinna! come let's go a-Maying.

Come, let us go, while we are in our prime,  
And take the harmless folly of the time;  
We shall grow old apace and die  
Before we know our liberty.  
Our life is short, and our days run  
As fast away as does the sun:  
And as a vapor, or a drop of rain,  
Once lost, can ne'er be found again,  
So when or you or I are made  
A fable, song, or fleeting shade,  
All love, all liking, all delight,  
Lies drowned with us in endless night.  
Then while time serves, and we are but decaying,  
Come, my Corinna! come, let's go a-Maying.

ROBERT HERRICK.

#### THE EARTH'S GLADNESS.

THE earth with Spring's first flowers is glad,  
The skies, the seas are blue,  
But still shall finer spirits turn  
With hearts that long, and souls that burn,  
And for some ghostly whiteness yearn  
Some glimpses of the true;  
Chasing some fair ideal sweet,  
Breathless with bleeding feet.

High Summer comes with warmth and light,  
The populous cities teem  
Through statue-decked perspectives, long,  
Aglow with painting, lit with song,  
Surges the busy, world-worn throng.  
But, ah! not these their dream,  
Not these, like that white ghost allure,  
August, celestial, pure.

Crowning the cloud-based ramparts, shines  
The city of their love,  
Now soft with fair reflected light,  
And now intolerably bright,  
Dazzling the feeble, struggling sight,  
It beckons from above.  
It gleams above the untrodden snows,  
Flushed by the dawn's weird rose.

It gleams, it grows, it sinks, it fades,  
While up the perilous height,  
From the safe, cloistered walls of home,  
Low cot, or æry palace dome,  
The faithful pilgrims boldly come.  
Though Heaven be veiled in night,  
They come, they climb, they dare not stay  
Whose feet forerun the day.

And some through midnight darkness fall  
Missing the illumined sky;  
And some with cleansed heart and mind,  
And souls to lower splendors blind,  
The city of their longing find,  
Clear to the mortal eye.  
For all yet here, or far beyond the sun,  
At last the height is won. LEWIS R. MORRIS.





"GATHERING FLOWERS, HERSELF A FAIRER FLOWER"



AN OCEAN VOYAGE



## ON MAY MORNING.

**N**OW the bright morning-star, day's har-  
binger,  
Comes dancing from the East, and leads  
with her  
The flowery May, who from her green lap throws  
The yellow cowslip and the pale primrose.

Hail bounteous May ! that dost inspire  
Mirth, and youth, and warm desire ;  
Woods and groves are of thy dressing,  
Hill and dale doth boast thy blessing.  
Thus we salute thee with our early song,  
And welcome thee, and wish thee long.

JOHN MILTON



## SUMMER EVE.

**D**OWN the sultry arc of day  
The burning wheels have urged their  
way,  
And Eve along the western skies  
Spreads her intermingling dyes ;  
Down the deep, the miry lane,  
Creaking comes the empty wain ;  
And driver on the shaft-horse sits,  
Whistling now and then by fits.  
The barn is still—the master's gone—  
And thresher puts his jacket on ;  
While Dick upon the ladder tall  
Nails the dead kite to the wall.  
Here comes Shepherd Jack at last,  
He has penned the sheepcot fast ;  
For 'twas but two nights before  
A lamb was eaten on the moor ;  
His empty wallet Rover carries—  
Now for Jack, when near home, tarries ;  
With lolling tongue he runs to try  
If the horse-trough be not dry.  
The milk is settled in the pans,  
And supper messes in the cans ;  
In the hovel carts are wheeled,  
And both the colts are drove a-field :  
The horses are all bedded up,

And the ewe is with the tup.  
The snare for Mister Fox is set,  
The leaven laid, the thatching wet,  
And Bess has slinked away to talk  
With Roger in the holly walk.

Now on the settle all but Bess  
Are set, to eat their supper mess ;  
And little Tom and roguish Kate  
Are swinging on the meadow gate.  
Now they chat of various things—  
Of taxes, ministers, and kings ;  
Or else tell all the village news—  
How madam did the 'squire refuse,  
How parson on his tithes was bent,  
And landlord oft distrained for rent.

Thus do they, till in the sky  
The pale-eyed moon is mounted high.  
The mistress sees that lazy Kate  
The happing coal on kitchen grate  
Has laid—while master goes throughout,  
Sees shutter fast, the mastiff out ;  
The candles safe, the hearths all clear,  
And nought from thieves or fire to fear ;  
Then both to bed together creep,  
And join the general troop of sleep.

HENRY KIRKE WHITE.

## CHILDREN IN SPRING.

THE snow has left the cottage-top;  
 The thatch moss grows in brighter green;  
 And eaves in quick succession drop,  
 Where grinning icicles have been,  
 Pit-patting with a pleasant noise  
 In tubs set by the cottage-door;  
 While ducks and geese, with happy joys,  
 Plunge in the yard-pond brimming o'er.

The sun peeps through the window-pane,  
 Which children mark with laughing eye,  
 And in the wet street steal again,  
 To tell each other spring is nigh.  
 Then as young hope the past recalls,  
 In playing groups they often draw,  
 To build beside the sunny walls  
 Their spring-time huts of sticks or straw.



And oft in pleasure's dream they hie  
 Round homesteads by the village side,  
 Scratching the hedge-row mosses by,  
 Where painted pooty shells abide;  
 Mistaking oft the ivy spray  
 For leaves that come with budding spring,  
 And wondering, in their search for play,  
 Why birds delay to build and sing.

The mavis thrush, with wild delight,  
 Upon the orchard's dripping tree  
 Mutters, to see the day so bright  
 Fragments of young hope's poesy;  
 And dame oft stops her buzzing wheel,  
 To hear the robin's note once more,  
 Who tootles while he pecks his meal  
 From sweet-brier buds beside the door

JOHN CLAR

## THE ROSE.

O, lovely rose!  
 Tell her that wastes her time and me  
 That now she knows,  
 When I resemble her to thee,  
 How sweet and fair she seems to be.

Tell her that's young,  
 And shuns to have her graces spied,  
 That hadst thou sprung  
 In deserts where no men abide,  
 Thou must have uncommended died.

Small is the worth  
 Of beauty from the light retired!  
 Bid her come forth—  
 Suffer herself to be desired,  
 And not blush so to be admired.

Then die, that she  
 The common fate of all things rare  
 May read in thee—  
 How small a part of time they share  
 That are so wondrous sweet and fair

EDMUND WALLER





A SPRING ROSE.

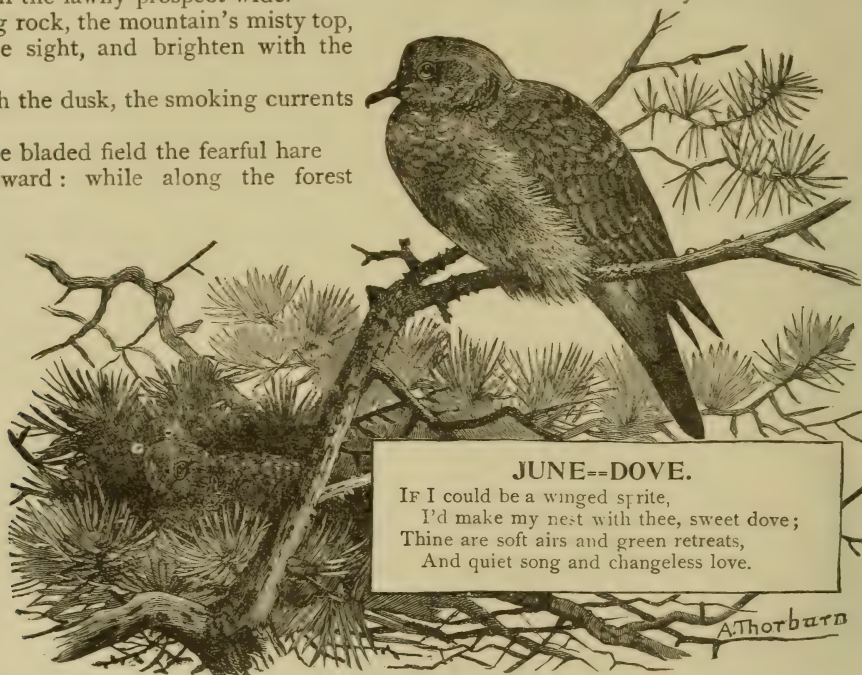


## MORNING IN SUMMER.

AND soon, observant of approaching day,  
 The meek-eyed morn appears, mother of  
 dews,  
 At first faint gleaming in the dappled east ;  
 Till far o'er ether spreads the winding glow,  
 And from before the lustre of her face  
 White break the clouds away. With quickened  
 step,  
 Brown night retires : young day pours in apace,  
 And opens all the lawnly prospect wide.  
 The dripping rock, the mountain's misty top,  
 Swell on the sight, and brighten with the  
 dawn.  
 Blue, through the dusk, the smoking currents  
 shine ;  
 And from the bladed field the fearful hare  
 Limp, awkward : while along the forest  
 glade

## A JUNE DAY.

WHO has not dreamed a world of bliss,  
 On a bright, sunny noon like this,  
 Couched by his native brook's green maze,  
 With comrade of his boyish days ?  
 While all around them seemed to be  
 Just as in joyous infancy.  
 Who has not loved, at such an hour,  
 Upon that heath, in birchen bower,  
 Lulled in the poet's dreamy mood,  
 Its wild and sunny solitude ?



## JUNE--DOVE.

IF I could be a winged sprite,  
 I'd make my nest with thee, sweet dove ;  
 Thine are soft airs and green retreats,  
 And quiet song and changeless love.

The wild deer trip, and, often turning, gaze  
 At early passenger. Music awakes  
 The native voice of undissembled joy ;  
 And thick around the woodland hymns arise.  
 Roused by the cock, the soon-clad shepherd  
 leaves  
 His mossy cottage, where with peace he dwells ;  
 And from the crowded fold, in order, drives  
 His flock, to taste the verdure of the morn.  
 But yonder comes the powerful king of day,  
 Rejoicing in the east ! The lessening cloud,  
 The kindling azure, and the mountain's brow  
 Illumed with fluid gold, his near approach  
 Betoken glad. Lo ! now, apparent all,  
 Aslant the dew-bright earth, and colored air,  
 He looks in boundless majesty abroad ;  
 And sheds the shining day, that burnished plays  
 On rocks, and hills and towers, and wandering  
 streams,  
 High-gleaming from afar.

JAMES THOMSON.

While o'er the waste of purple ling  
 You marked a sultry glimmering ;  
 Silence herself there seems to sleep,  
 Wrapped in a slumber long and deep,  
 Where slowly stray those lonely sheep  
 Through the tall fox-gloves' crimson bloom.  
 And gleaming of the scattered broom.

Love you not, then, to list and hear  
 The crackling of the gorse-flowers near,  
 Pouring an orange-scented tide  
 Of fragrance o'er the desert wide ?  
 To hear the buzzard whimpering shrill  
 Hovering above you high and still ?  
 The twittering of the bird that dwells  
 Amongst the heath's delicious bells ?  
 While round your bed, or fern and blade,  
 Insects in green and gold arrayed,  
 The sun's gay tribes have lightly strayed  
 And sweeter sound their humming wings  
 Than the proud minstrel's echoing strings.

WILLIAM HOWITT.



## JULY—CUCKOO.

He's told his name to every grove—  
Cry shame such vanity upon!  
Yet now at parting we grow sad,  
For when he leaves us spring has gone.



## REPOSE IN SUMMER.

HER eyelids dropped their silken eaves,  
I breathed upon her eyes,  
Through all the summer of my leaves,  
A welcome mixed with sighs.

Sometimes I let a sunbeam slip  
To light her shaded eye;  
A second fluttered round her lip,  
Like a golden butterfly.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

## SONNET ON COUNTRY LIFE.

TO one who has been long in city pent,  
'Tis very sweet to look into the fair  
And open face of heaven—to breathe a  
prayer  
Fuil in the smile of the blue firmament.  
Who is more happy, when, with heart's content,  
Fatigued he sinks into some pleasant lair  
Of wavy grass, and reads a debonair  
And gentle tale of love and languishment?  
Returning home at evening, with an ear  
Catching the notes of Philomel—an eye  
Watching the sailing cloudlet's bright career,  
He mourns that day so soon has glided by:  
E'en like the passage of an angel's tear  
That falls through the clear ether silently.

JOHN KEATS.

## THE BLACKBIRD.

O BLACKBIRD! sing me something well:  
While all the neighbors shoot the round  
I keep smooth plats of fruitful ground,  
Where thou may'st warble, eat, and dwell.

The espaliers and the standards all  
Are thine; the range of lawn and park;  
The unnetted black-hearts ripen dark,  
All thine, against the garden wall.

Yet, tho' I spared thee all the spring,  
Thy sole delight is, sitting still,  
With that gold dagger of thy bill  
To fret the summer jenneting.

A golden bill! the silver tongue,  
Cold February loved, is dry:  
Plenty corrupts the melody  
That made thee famous once, when young:

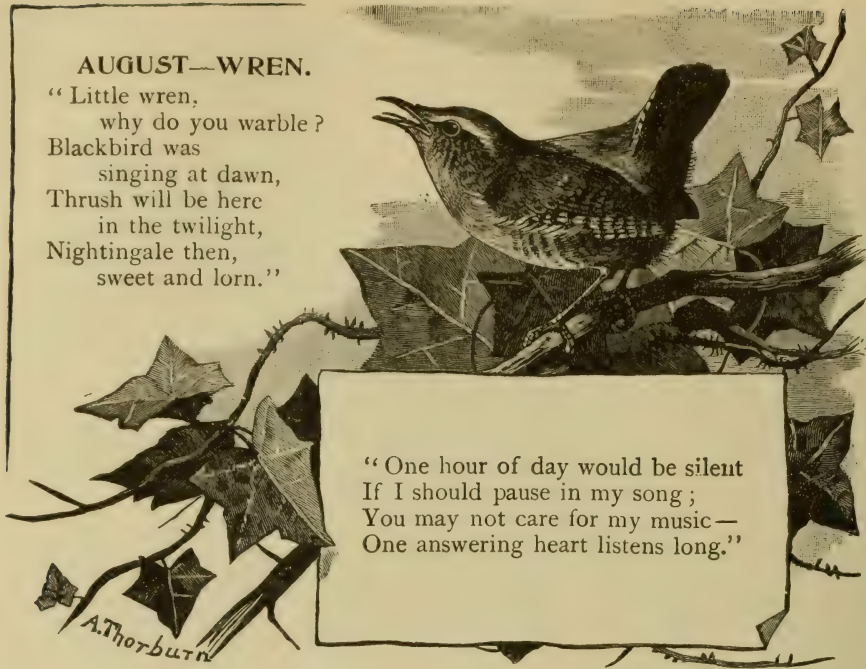
And in the sultry garden-squares,  
Now thy flute-notes are changed to coarse,  
I hear thee not at all, or hoarse  
As when a hawker hawks his wares.

Take warning! he that will not sing  
While yon sun prospers in the blue,  
Shall sing for want, ere leaves are new,  
Caught in the frozen palms of spring.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

## AUGUST—WREN.

"Little wren,  
why do you warble?  
Blackbird was  
singing at dawn,  
Thrush will be here  
in the twilight,  
Nightingale then,  
sweet and lorn."



"One hour of day would be silent  
If I should pause in my song;  
You may not care for my music—  
One answering heart listens long."

## SUMMER REVERIE.

I STOOD tiptoe upon a little hill,  
The air was cooling, and so very still,  
That the sweet buds which with a modest pride  
Pull droopingly, in slanting curve aside,  
Their scanty-leaved, and finely-tapering stems,  
Had not yet lost their starry diadems  
Caught from the early sobbing of the morn.  
The clouds were pure and white as flocks new  
shorn,  
And fresh from the clear brook; sweetly they slept  
On the blue fields of heaven, and then there crept  
A little noiseless noise among the leaves,  
Born of the very sigh that silence heaves;  
For not the faintest motion could be seen  
Of all the shades that slanted o'er the green.

There was wide wandering for the greediest eye,  
To peer about upon variety;  
Far round the horizon's crystal air to skim,  
And trace the dwindled edgings of its brim;

To picture out the quaint and curious bending  
Of a fresh woodland alley never-ending:  
Or by the bowery clefts, and leafy shelves,  
Guess where the jaunty streams refresh themselves.

I gazed awhile, and felt as light and free  
As though the fanning wings of Mercury  
Had played upon my heels: I was light-hearted,  
And many pleasures to my vision started;  
So I straightway began to pluck a posy  
Of luxuries bright, milky, soft, and rosy.

A bush of May-flowers with the bees about them;  
Ah, sure no tasteful nook could be without them!  
And let a lush laburnum oversweep them,  
And let long grass grow round the roots to keep  
them  
Moist, cool, and green; and shade the violets,  
That they may bind the moss in leafy nets.

JOHN KEATS.

## SHEPHERD AND FLOCK.

A ROUND the adjoining brook, that purls along  
The vocal grove, now fretting o'er a rock,  
Now scarcely moving through a reedy pool,  
Now starting to a sudden stream, and now  
Gently diffused into a limpid plain;  
A various group the herds and flocks compose,  
Rural confusion! On the grassy bank  
Some ruminating lie; while others stand  
Half in the flood, and often bending sip

The circling surface. In the middle droops  
The strong laborious ox, of honest front,  
Which incomposed he shakes; and from his sides  
The troublous insects lashes with his tail,  
Returning still. Amid his subjects safe  
Slumbers the monarch-swain, his careless arm  
Thrown round his head, on downy moss sustained  
Here laid his scrip, with wholesome viands filled;  
There, listening every noise, his watchful dog.

JAMES THOMSON.



## A WINTER SKETCH.

THE blessed morn has come again ;  
 The early gray  
 Taps at the slumberer's window-pane,  
 And seems to say,  
 Break, break from the enchanter's chain,  
 Away, away !

'Tis winter, yet there is no sound  
 Along the air  
 Of winds along their battle-ground ;  
 But gently there  
 The snow is falling—all around  
 How fair, how fair ! RALPH HOYT.



## TO MEADOWS.

YE have been fresh and green ;  
 Ye have been filled with flowers ;  
 And ye the walks have been  
 Where maids have spent their hours.

Ye have beheld where they  
 With wicker arks did come,  
 To kiss and bear away  
 The richer cowslips home ;

You've heard them sweetly sing,  
 And seen them in a round ;

Each virgin, like the spring,  
 With honeysuckles crowned.

But now we see none here  
 Whose silvery feet did tread,  
 And with dishevelled hair  
 Adorned this smoother mead.

Like unthrifths, having spent  
 Your stock, and needy grown,  
 You're left here to lament  
 Your poor estates alone.

ROBERT HERRICK.

## A SONG FOR THE SEASONS.

WHEN the merry lark doth gild  
 With his song the summer hours,  
 And their nests the swallows build  
 In the roofs and tops of towers,  
 And the golden broom-flower burns  
 All about the waste,  
 And the maiden May returns  
 With a pretty haste—  
 Then, how merry are the times!  
 The summer times! the spring times!

Now, from off the ashy stone  
 The chilly midnight cricket crieth,  
 And all merry birds are flown,  
 And our dream of pleasure dieth;  
 Now the once blue, laughing sky  
 Saddens into gray,  
 And the frozen rivers sigh,  
 Pining all away!  
 Now, how solemn are the times!  
 The winter times! the night times!

Yet, be merry: all around  
 Is through one vast change revolving;  
 Even night, who lately frowned,  
 Is in paler dawn dissolving;  
 Earth will burst her fetters strange,  
 And in spring grow free;  
 All things in the world will change,  
 Save—my love for thee!  
 Sing then, hopeful are all times!  
 Winter, summer, spring times!  
 BARRY CORNWALL.

## SUMMER'S HAUNTS.

UNTO me, glad summer,  
 How hast thou flown to me?  
 My chainless footsteps nought hath kept  
 From thy haunts of song and glee;  
 Thou hast flown in wayward visions,  
 In memories of the dead—  
 In shadows from a troubled heart,  
 O'er thy sunny pathway shed.  
 FELICIA D. HEMANS.

## THE LAST ROSE OF SUMMER.

'TIS the last rose of summer  
 Left blooming alone;  
 All her lovely companions  
 Are faded and gone;  
 No flower of her kindred,  
 No rosebud is nigh,  
 To reflect back her blushes,  
 Or give sigh for sigh!  
 I'll not leave thee, thou lone one,  
 To pine on the stem;  
 Since the lovely are sleeping,  
 Go, sleep thou with them.

Thus kindly I scatter  
 Thy leaves o'er the bed  
 Where thy mates of the garden  
 Lie scentless and dead.

So soon may I follow,  
 When friendships decay,  
 And from love's shining circle  
 The gems drop away!  
 When true hearts lie withered  
 And fond ones are flown,  
 Oh! who would inhabit  
 This bleak world alone?  
 THOMAS MOORE.

## FAIR SUMMER.

THE spring's gay promise melted into thee,  
 Fair summer! and thy gentle reign is  
 here;  
 Thy emerald robes are on each leafy tree;  
 In the blue sky thy voice is rich and clear;  
 And the free brooks have songs to bless thy  
 reign—  
 They leap in music 'midst thy bright domain.

Thus gazing on thy void and sapphire sky,  
 O, summer! in my inmost soul arise  
 Uplifted thoughts, to which the woods reply,  
 And the bland air with its soft melodies—  
 Till basking in some vision's glorious ray,  
 I long for eagles' plumes to flee away!  
 WILLIS G. CLARK.

## A DAY IN AUTUMN.

THERE was not, on that day, a speck to stain  
 The azure heaven; the blessed sun, alone,  
 In unapproachable divinity,  
 Careered, rejoicing in his fields of light.  
 How beautiful, beneath the bright blue sky,  
 The billows heave! one glowing green expanse,  
 Save where along the bending line of shore  
 Such hue is known as when the peacock's neck  
 Assumes its proudest tint of amethyst,  
 Embathed in emerald glory. All the flocks  
 Of ocean are abroad: like floating foam,  
 The sea-gulls rise and fall upon the waves;  
 With long-protruded neck the cormorants  
 Wing their far flight aloft, and round and round  
 The plovers wheel, and give their note of joy.

It was a day that sent into the heart  
 A summer feeling: even the insect swarms  
 From their dark nooks and coverts issued forth,  
 To sport through one day of existence more;  
 The solitary primrose on the bank  
 Seemed now as though it had no cause to mourn  
 Its bleak autumnal birth; the rocks and shores,  
 The forest, and the everlasting hills,  
 Smiled in that joyful sunshine—they partook  
 The universal blessing.

ROBERT SOUTHEY.



## SEPTEMBER—CURLEW.

White breakers foam upon the desolate sands,  
The gray sea-grass bends in the freshening breeze,  
And, heard with winds and waves, the curlew's cry  
Blends in a wild sea music that can please.



## A SONG FOR SEPTEMBER.

SEPTEMBER strews the woodland o'er  
With many a brilliant color;  
The world is brighter than before—  
Why should our hearts be duller?  
Sorrow and the scarlet leaf,  
Sad thoughts and sunny weather!  
Ah me! this glory and this grief  
Agree not well together.

This is the parting season—this  
The time when friends are flying;  
And lovers now, with many a kiss,  
Their long farewells are sighing.  
Why is earth so gayly drest?  
This pomp that autumn beareth,  
A funeral seems, where every guest  
A bridal garment weareth.

Each one of us, perchance, may here,  
On some blue morn hereafter,  
Return to view the gaudy year,  
But not with boyish laughter.  
We shall then be wrinkled men,  
Our brows with silver laden,  
And thou this glen mayst seek again,  
But nevermore a maiden!

Nature perhaps foresees that spring  
Will touch her teeming bosom,  
And that a few brief months will bring  
The bird, the bee, the blossom;

Ah! these forests do not know—  
Or would less brightly wither—  
The virgin that adorns them so  
Will never more come hither!

THOMAS WILLIAM PARSONS.

## SERENITY OF AUTUMN.

BUT see the fading many-colored woods,  
Shade deepening over shade, the country  
round

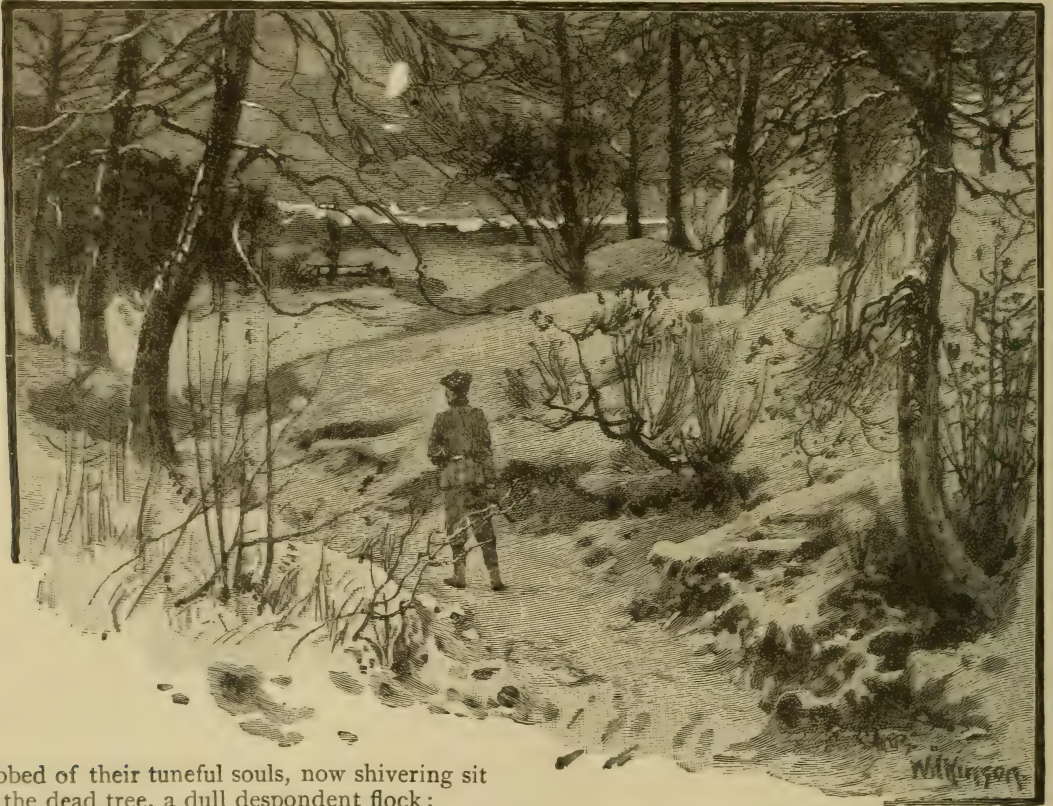
Imbrown; a crowded umbrage, dusk and dun,  
Of every hue, from wan declining green  
To sooty dark. These now the lonesome Muse,  
Low whispering, lead into their leaf-strown walks,  
And give the season in its latest view.

Meantime, light shadowing all, a sober calm  
Fleeces unbounded ether: whose least wave  
Stands tremulous, uncertain where to turn  
The gentle current: while illumined wide,  
The dewy-skirted clouds imbibe the sun,  
And through their lucid veil his softened force  
Shed o'er the peaceful world. Then is the time,  
For those whom virtue and whom nature charm,  
To steal themselves from the degenerate crowd,  
And soar above this little scene of things;  
To tread low-thoughted vice beneath their feet;  
To soothe the throbbing passions into peace;  
And woo lone quiet in her silent walks.

Thus solitary, and in pensive guise,  
Oft let me wander o'er the russet mead,  
And through the saddened grove, where scarce is  
heard

One dying strain, to cheer the woodman's toil.  
 Haply some widowed songster pours his plaint,  
 Far, in faint warblings, through the tawny copse;  
 While congregated thrushes, linnets, larks,  
 And each wild throat, whose artless strains so late  
 Swelled all the music of the swarming shades,

The rivers run chill;  
 The red sun is sinking;  
 And I am grown old,  
 And life is fast shrinking;  
 Here's enough for sad thinking!  
 THOMAS HOOD.



Robbed of their tuneful souls, now shivering sit  
 On the dead tree, a dull despondent flock;  
 With not a brightness waving o'er their plumes,  
 And nought save chattering discord in their note.

JAMES THOMSON.

#### AUTUMN.

THE autumn is old;  
 The sere leaves are flying;  
 He hath gathered up gold,  
 And now he is dying:  
 Old age, begin sighing!

The vintage is ripe;  
 The harvest is heaping;  
 But some that have sowed  
 Have no riches for reaping:  
 Poor wretch, fall a-weeping!

The year's in the wane;  
 There is nothing adorning;  
 The night has no eve,  
 And the day has no morning;  
 Cold winter gives warning.

#### AUTUMN FLOWERS.

THOSE few pale autumn flowers,  
 How beautiful they are!  
 Than all that went before,  
 Than all the summer store,  
 How lovelier far!

And why?—They are the last!  
 The last! the last! the last!  
 Oh! by that little word  
 How many thoughts are stirred  
 That whisper of the past!

Pale flowers! pale perishing flowers!  
 Ye're types of precious things;  
 Types of those bitter moments,  
 That flit, like life's enjoyments,  
 On rapid, rapid wings:

Last hours with parting dear ones  
 (That time the fastest spends),



Last tears in silence shed,  
Last words half uttered,  
Last looks of dying friends.

Who but would fain compress  
A life into a day—  
The last day spent with one  
Who, ere the morrow's sun,  
Must leave us, and for aye?

The rabbit is cavorting  
Along the gloomy slope,  
The shotgun of the sportsman  
Eliminates his hope.

The butterfly's departed,  
Likewise the belted bee,  
The small boy in the orchard  
Is up the apple tree.

### OCTOBER—SWALLOW.

THE sky grows dim, the leaves like lost hope fall,  
And Swallows, joyous comers long ago,  
Rise up to take departure—summer friends,  
Who leave us lone to meet the coming woe.



O precious, precious moments!  
Pale flowers! ye're types of those;  
The saddest, sweetest, dearest,  
Because, like those, the nearest  
To an eternal close.

Pale flowers! pale perishing flowers!  
I woo your gentle breath—  
I leave the summer rose  
For younger, blither brows;  
Tell me of change and death!  
CAROLINE B. SOUTHEY.

### OCTOBER.

THE pumpkin pie is yellow,  
The buckwheat cake is brown,  
The farmer's gray neck whiskers  
Are full of thistle down.

The leaves are crisp and russet,  
The sumac's blazing red,  
The butternut descending  
Is cracked upon your head.

The county fair is blooming,  
The circus is no more,  
And on the polished brass dogs  
We make the hickory roar.

The trees wear lovely colors  
In beautiful excess;  
All nature seems to rustle  
Just like a new silk dress.

The sausage soon will ripen,  
The popcorn soon will pop,  
And Christmas things enliven  
The window of the shop.

Sing ho! for merry autumn,  
Sing ho! for autumn gay,  
Whose pretty potpie squirrels  
Among the branches play.

For now no merry bluebird  
Upon the rose tree toots,  
And autumn, golden autumn,  
Serenely up and scoots.

## BEAUTIES OF AUTUMN.

THE month is now far spent; and the meridian sun,  
Most sweetly smiling, with attempered beams,  
Sheds gently down a mild and grateful warmth;  
Beneath its yellow lustre, groves and woods,

With its bright colors intermixed with spots  
Of darker green. Yes, it were sweetly sad  
To wander in the open fields, and hear,  
E'en at this hour, the noon-day hardly past,  
The lulling insects of the summer's night;  
To hear, where lately buzzing swarms were heard  
A lonely bee, long roving here and there

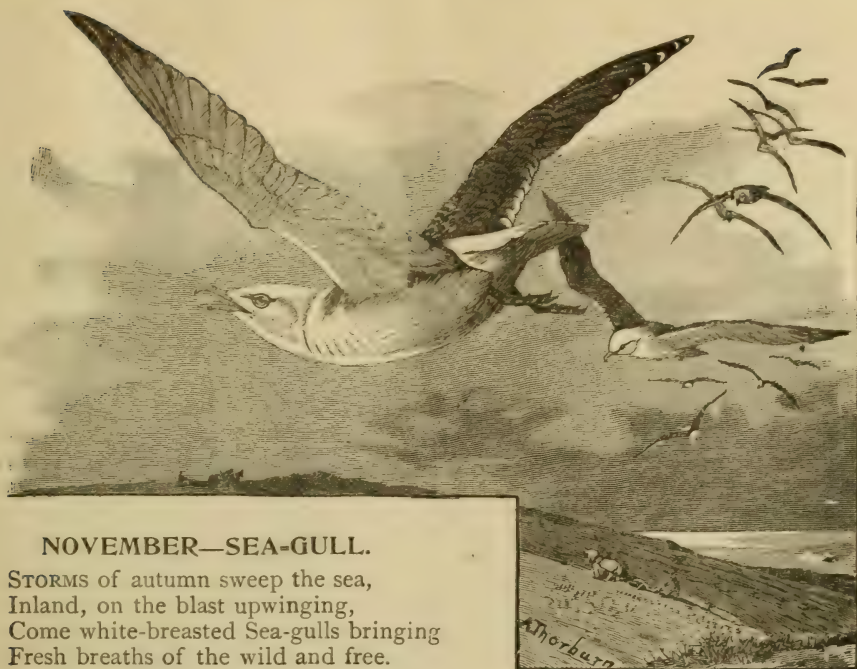


Chequered by one night's frost with various hues,  
While yet no wind has swept a leaf away,  
Shine doubly rich. It were a sad delight  
Down the smooth stream to glide, and see it tinged

Upon each brink with all the gorgeous hues,  
The yellow, red, or purple of the trees  
That singly, or in tufts, or forests thick,  
Adorn the shores—to see, perhaps, the side  
Of some high mount reflected far below,

To find a single flower, but all in vain;  
Then rising quick, and with a louder hum,  
In widening circles round and round his head,  
Straight by the listener flying clear away,  
As if to bid the fields a last adieu;  
To hear, within the woodland's sunny side,  
Late full of music, nothing save, perhaps,  
The sound of nut-shells, by the squirrel dropped  
From some tall beech, fast falling through the leaves.  
CARLOS WILCOX.





### NOVEMBER—SEA-GULL.

STORMS of autumn sweep the sea,  
Inland, on the blast upwinging,  
Come white-breasted Sea-gulls bringing  
Fresh breaths of the wild and free.

### A STILL DAY IN AUTUMN.

**I** LOVE to wander through the woodlands hoary,  
In the soft gloom of an autumnal day,  
When summer gathers up her robes of glory,  
And, like a dream of beauty, glides away.

How, through each loved, familiar path she lingers,  
Serenely smiling through the golden mist,  
Tinting the wild grape with her dewy fingers,  
Till the cool emerald turns to amethyst;

Kindling the faint stars of the hazel, shining  
To light the gloom of autumn's mouldering  
halls;

With hoary plumes the clematis entwining,  
Where, o'er the rock, her withered garland  
falls.

Warm lights are on the sleepy uplands waning  
Beneath dark clouds along the horizon rolled,  
Till the slant sunbeams, through their fringes rain-  
ing,

Bathe all the hills in melancholy gold.

The moist winds breathe of crisped leaves and  
flowers,

In the damp hollows of the woodland sown,  
Mingling the freshness of autumnal showers  
With spicy airs from cedarn alleys blown.

Beside the brook and on the umbered meadow,  
Where yellow fern-tufts fleck the faded ground,  
With folded lids beneath their palmy shadow,  
The gentian nods, in dreary slumbers bound.

Upon those soft, fringed lids the bee sits brooding,  
Like a fond lover loath to say farewell;  
Or, with shut wings, through silken folds intruding,  
Creeps near her heart his drowsy tale to tell.

The little birds upon the hill-side lonely  
Flit noiselessly along from spray to spray,  
Silent as a sweet, wandering thought, that only  
Shows its bright wings and softly glides away.

The scentless flowers, in the warm sunlight dream-  
ing,

Forget to breathe their fulness of delight;  
And through the tranced woods soft airs are  
streaming,

Still as the dew-fall of the summer night.

So, in my heart, a sweet, unwonted feeling  
Stirs, like the wind in ocean's hollow shell,  
Through all its secret chambers sadly stealing,  
Yet finds no words its mystic charm to tell.

SARAH H. WHITMAN.

### VERSES IN PRAISE OF ANGLING.

**Q**UIVERING fears, heart-tearing cares,  
Anxious sighs, untimely tears,  
Fly, fly to courts,  
Fly to fond worldlings' sports,  
Where strained sardonic smiles are glosing still,  
And grief is forced to laugh against her will,  
Where mirth's but mummery,  
And sorrows only real be.

Fly from our country pastimes, fly,  
 Sad troops of human misery ;  
     Come, serene looks,  
     Clear as the crystal brooks,

Abused mortals ! did you know  
 Where joy, heart's ease, and comforts grow,  
     You'd scorn proud towers  
     And seek them in these bowers,



Or the pure azured heaven that smiles to  
     see  
 the rich attendance on our poverty ;  
     Peace and a secure mind,  
     Which all men seek, we only find.

Where winds, sometimes, our woods perhaps may  
     shake,  
 But blustering care could never tempest make,  
     Nor murmurs e'er come nigh us,  
     Saving of fountains that glide by us.



Here's no fantastic mask nor dance,  
 But of our kids that frisk and prance;  
     Nor wars are seen,  
     Unless upon the green  
 Two harmless lambs are butting one the other,  
 Which done, both bleating run, each to his mother;  
     And wounds are never found,  
     Save what the ploughshare gives the ground.

Here are no entrapping baits  
 To hasten to too hasty fates;  
     Unless it be  
     The fond credulity  
 Of silly fish, which, worldling like, still look  
 Upon the bait, but never on the hook;  
     Nor envy, 'less among  
     The birds, for price of their sweet song.

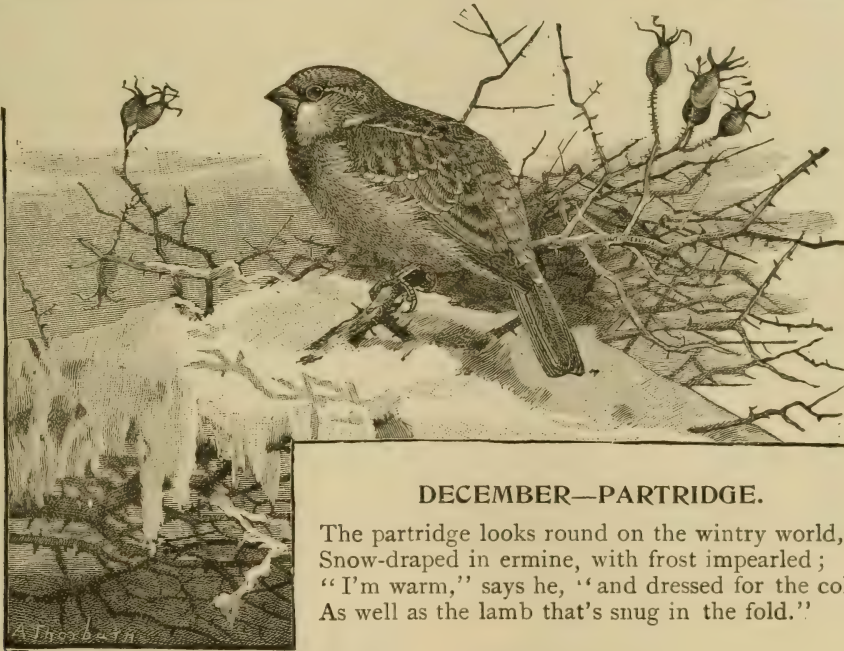
Go, let the diving negro seek  
 For gems, hid in some forlorn creek:

We all pearls scorn  
 Save what the dewy morn  
 Congeals upon each little spire of grass,  
 Which careless shepherds beat down as they  
     pass;

And gold ne'er here appears,  
 Save what the yellow Ceres bears.

Blest silent groves, oh, may you be,  
 For ever, mirth's best nursery!  
     May pure contents  
     For ever pitch their tents  
 Upon these downs, these meads, these rocks, these  
     mountains;  
 And peace still slumber by these purling foun-  
     tains,  
 Which we may every year  
 Meet, when we come a-fishing here.

SIR HENRY WOTTON.



#### DECEMBER—PARTRIDGE.

The partridge looks round on the wintry world,  
 Snow-draped in ermine, with frost impearled;  
 "I'm warm," says he, "and dressed for the cold  
 As well as the lamb that's snug in the fold."

#### AUTUMN—A DIRGE.

THE warm sun is falling; the bleak wind is  
     wailing;  
 The bare boughs are sighing; the pale  
     flowers are dying;  
     And the year  
 On the earth, her death-bed, in shroud of leaves dead,  
     Is lying.  
 Come, months, come away,  
 From November to May;  
 In your saddest array  
     Follow the bier  
     Of the dead, cold year,  
 And like dim shadows watch by her sepulchre.

The chill rain is falling; the nipt worm is crawling;  
 The rivers are swelling; the thunder is knelling  
     For the year;

The blithe swallows are flown, and the lizards  
     each gone

To his dwelling;  
 Come, months, come away;  
 Put on white, black and gray;  
 Let your light sisters play—  
 Ye, follow the bier  
 Of the dead, cold year,  
 And make her grave green with tear on tear.

PERCY B. SHELLEY.

## THE FIRST SNOWFALL.

THE snow had begun in the gloaming,  
And busily all the night  
Had been heaping field and highway  
With a silence deep and white.

Every pine and fir and hemlock  
Wore ermine too dear for an earl,  
And the poorest twig on the elm-tree  
Was ridged inch deep with pearl.

From sheds new-roofed with Carrara  
Came chanticleer's muffled crow,  
The stiff rails were softened to swan's-down,  
And still fluttered down the snow.

I remembered the gradual patience  
That fell from that cloud-like snow,  
Flake by flake, healing and hiding  
The scar of our deep-plunged woe.

And again to the child I whispered,  
"The snow that husheth all,  
Darling, the merciful Father  
Alone can make it fall!"

Then, with eyes that saw not, I kissed her,  
And she, kissing back, could not know  
That my kiss was given to her sister,  
Folded close under deepening snow.

JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.



I stood and watched by the window  
The noiseless work of the sky,  
And the sudden flurries of snow-birds,  
Like brown leaves whirling by.

I thought of a mound in sweet Auburn  
Where a little headstone stood;  
How the flakes were folding it gently,  
As did robins the babes in the wood.

Up spoke our own little Mabel,  
Saying, "Father, who makes it snow?"  
And I told of the good All-Father  
Who cares for us here below.

Again I looked at the snowfall,  
And thought of the leaden sky  
That arched o'er our first great sorrow,  
When that mound was heaped so high.

## OLD-TIME WINTER.

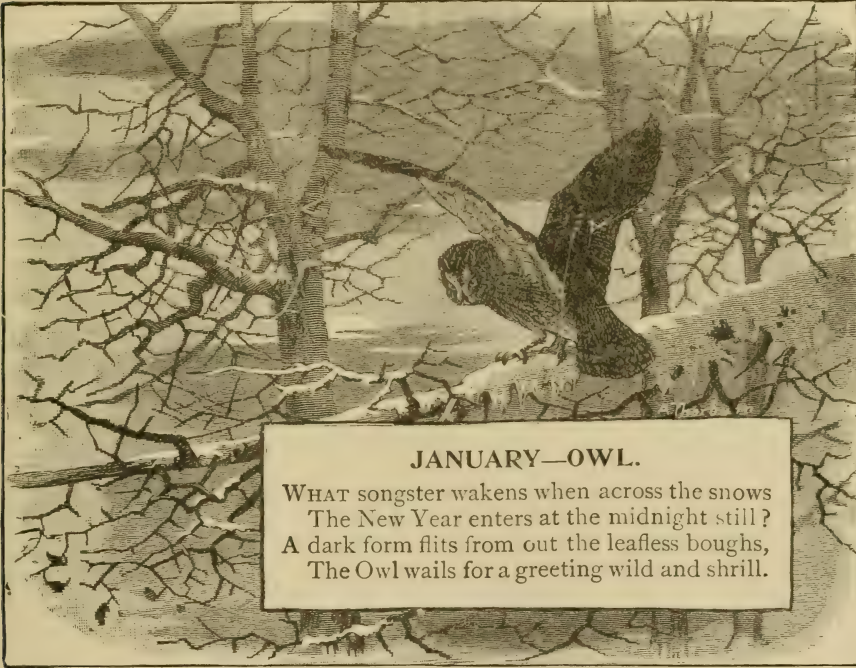
WHERE, oh, where, is winter,  
The sort we used to know?  
The icy blast,  
The skies o'ercast,  
And the drifting, sifting snow?  
Where are the ponds for skating,  
The snow-clad coasting hills;  
The urchin's sled,  
And the usual dread  
Of colds and other ills?  
Where are the jingling sleighbells,  
The girl with the frosted nose,  
The slippery walks  
And the old-fashioned gawks,  
With the shoes inside their hose?  
Where are the snowball battles,  
Of the erstwhile festive kid;



The snowy spheres,  
That skipped one's ears,  
The wind that chased one's lid?  
Where is the old-style winter,  
The winter of winds that blow?  
Tell us we pray,  
Where the icicles stay,  
Of the winters we used to know?

## DIRGE FOR THE YEAR.

ORPHAN hours, the year is dead,  
Come and sigh, come and weep!  
Merry hours, smile instead,  
For the year is but asleep:  
See, it smiles as it is sleeping,  
Mocking your untimely weeping.



## JANUARY—OWL.

WHAT songster wakens when across the snows  
The New Year enters at the midnight still?  
A dark form flits from out the leafless boughs,  
The Owl wails for a greeting wild and shrill.

## BLOW, BLOW, THOU WINTER WIND.

BLOW, blow, thou winter wind—  
Thou art not so unkind  
As man's ingratitude;  
Thy tooth is not so keen,  
Because thou art not seen,  
Although thy breath be rude,  
Heigh ho! sing heigh ho! unto the green holly;  
Most friendship is feigning, most loving mere folly;  
Then, heigh ho! the holly!  
This life is most jolly!  
  
Freeze, freeze, thou bitter sky—  
Thou dost not bite so nigh  
As benefits forgot;  
Though thou the waters warp,  
Thy sting is not so sharp  
As friend remembered not.  
Heigh ho! sing heigh ho! unto the green holly;  
Most friendship is feigning, most loving mere folly;  
Then, heigh ho! the holly!  
This life is most jolly!

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

As an earthquake rocks a corse  
In its coffin in the clay,  
So white winter, that rough nurse,  
Rocks the dead-cold year to-day;  
Solemn hours! wail aloud  
For your mother in her shroud.

As the wild air stirs and sways  
The tree-swung cradle of a child,  
So the breath of these rude days  
Rocks the year. Be calm and mild,  
Trembling hours; she will arise  
With new love within her eyes.

January gray is here,  
Like a sexton by her grave;  
February bears the bier;  
March with grief doth howl and rave,  
And April weeps—but, O ye hours!  
Follow with May's fairest flowers.

PERCY B. SHELLEY.

## THE LAST SNOW OF WINTER.

SOFT snow still rests within this wayside cleft,  
 Veiling the primrose buds not yet unfurled;  
 Last trace of dreary winter, idly left  
 On beds of moss, and sere leaves crisply curled;  
 Why does it linger while the violets blow,  
 And sweet things grow?

A relic of long nights and weary days,  
 When all fair things were hidden from my sight;

It was a time of rapture! Clear and loud  
 The village clock tolled six—I wheeled about,  
 Proud and exulting, like an untired horse  
 That cares not for his home.—All shod with steel  
 We hissed along the polished ice, in games  
 Confederate, imitative of the chase  
 And woodland pleasures—the resounding horn,  
 The pack loud-chiming, and the hunted hare.

So through the darkness and the cold we flew,  
 And not a voice was idle: with the din



## FEBRUARY—SPARROW.

The robin steals your praise away,  
 In vain you have the winter cold;  
 For all have eyes for feathers gay,  
 But no one marks your jerkin old.

A chill reminder of those mournful ways  
 I traversed when the fields were cold and white;  
 My life was dim, my hopes lay still and low  
 Beneath the snow!

Now spring is coming, and my buried love  
 Breaks fresh and strong and living through the  
 sod;

The lark sings loudly in the blue above,  
 The budding earth must magnify her God;  
 Let the old sorrows and old errors go  
 With the last snow!

SARAH DOUDNEY.

## SKATING.

AND in the frosty season, when the sun  
 Was set, and, visible for many a mile,  
 The cottage-windows through the twilight  
 blazed,

I heeded not the summons: happy time  
 It was indeed for all of us; for me

Smitten, the precipices rang aloud;  
 The leafless trees and every icy crag  
 Tinkled like iron; while the distant hills  
 Into the tumult sent an alien sound  
 Of melancholy, not unnoticed, while the stars,  
 Eastward, were sparkling clear, and in the west  
 The orange sky of evening died away.

Not seldom from the uproar I retired  
 Into a silent bay, or sportively  
 Glanced sideways, leaving the tumultuous throng,  
 To cut across the reflex of a star;  
 Image, that, flying still before me, gleamed  
 Upon the glassy plain: and oftentimes,  
 When we had given our bodies to the wind,  
 And all the shadowy banks on either side  
 Came sweeping through the darkness, spinning  
 still

The rapid line of motion, then at once  
 Have I, reclining back upon my heels,  
 Stopped short; yet still the solitary cliffs





WINTER PASTIME.

Wheeled by me—even as if the earth had rolled  
 With visible motion her diurnal round !  
 Behind me did they stretch in solemn train,  
 Feebler and feebler, and I stood and watched  
 Till all was tranquil as a summer sea.

WILLIAM WORDSWORTH.

### WITHERED FLOWERS.

**A** DIEU ! ye withered flowerets !  
 Your day of glory's past ;  
 But your parting smile was loveliest,  
 For we knew it was your last :  
 No more the sweet aroma  
 Of your golden cups shall rise,  
 To scent the morning's stilly breath,  
 Or gloaming's zephyr sighs.

Ye were the sweetest offerings  
 Which friendship could bestow—  
 A token of devoted love  
 In pleasure or in woe !  
 Ye graced the head of infancy,  
 By soft affection twined  
 Into a fairy coronal  
 Its sunny brows to bind.

Ye decked the coffins of the dead,  
 By yearning sorrows strewd  
 Along each lifeless lineament,  
 In death's cold damps bestowed ;  
 Ye were the pleasure of our eyes  
 In dingle, wood and word,  
 In the parterre's sheltered premises,  
 And on the mountain cold.

But ah ! a dreary blast hath blown  
 Athwart you in your bloom,  
 And, pale and sickly, now your leaves  
 The hues of death assume :  
 We mourn your vanished loveliness,  
 Ye sweet departed flowers !  
 For ah ! the fate which blighted you  
 An emblem is of ours.

There comes a blast to terminate  
 Our evanescent span :  
 For frail, as your existence, is  
 The mortal life of man !  
 And is the land we hasten to  
 A land of grief and gloom ?  
 No ! there the Lily of the Vale  
 And Rose of Sharon bloom !

And there a stream of ecstasy  
 Through groves of glory flows,  
 And on its banks the Tree of Life  
 In heavenly beauty grows ;  
 And flowers that never fade away,  
 Whose blossoms never close,  
 Bloom round the walks where angels stray,  
 And saints redeemed repose.

And though, like you, sweet flowers of earth,  
 We wither and depart,  
 And leave behind, to mourn our loss.  
 Full many an aching heart ;  
 Yet, when the winter of the grave  
 Is past, we hope to rise,  
 Warmed by the Sun of Righteousness,  
 To blossom in the skies.

JOHN BETHUNE.





# DESCRIPTIONS AND TALES OF THE SEA:

EMBRACING

GRAPHIC PEN-PICTURES OF THE WORLD OF WATERS.



## THE LIFE BRIGADE.

ARK! 'mid the strife of waters  
A shrill despairing cry,  
As of some drowning sailor  
In his last agony!  
Another! and now are mingled  
Heart-rending shrieks for aid.  
Lo! a sinking ship. What ho! arouse,  
Arouse the Life Brigade!

They come with hurrying footsteps:  
No need for a second call;  
They are broad awake and ready,  
And willing one and all.  
Not a hand among them trembles,  
Each tread is firm and free,  
Not one man's spirit falters  
In the face of the awful sea.

Yet well may the bravest sailor  
Shrink back appalled to-night  
From that army of massive breakers  
With their foam-crests gleaming white,  
Those beautiful, terrible breakers,  
Waiting to snatch their prey,  
And bury yon hapless vessel  
'Neath a monument of spray!

But rugged, and strong, and cheery  
Dauntless and undismayed,  
Are the weather-beaten heroes  
Of the gallant Life Brigade.  
"To the rescue!" shouts their leader,  
Nor pauses for reply—  
A plunge!—and the great waves bear him  
Away to do or die!

The whole night long, unwearied,  
They battle with wind and sea,  
All ignorant and heedless  
Of what their end may be.  
They search the tattered rigging,  
They climb the quivering mast,  
And life after life is rescued  
Till the frail ship sinks at last.

The thunderous clouds have vanished,  
And rose-fingered morn awakes,  
While over the breast of ocean  
The shimmering sunlight breaks;  
And the Life Brigade have finished  
The work God gave them to do.  
Their names are called. "Any missing?"  
Mournful the answer—"Two!"

Two of the best and bravest  
Have been dragged by the cruel waves  
Down to the depths unmeasured,  
'Mid thousands of sailor graves!  
Two lives are given for many!  
And the tears of sorrow shed,  
Should be tears of joy and glory  
For the grandeur of the dead!

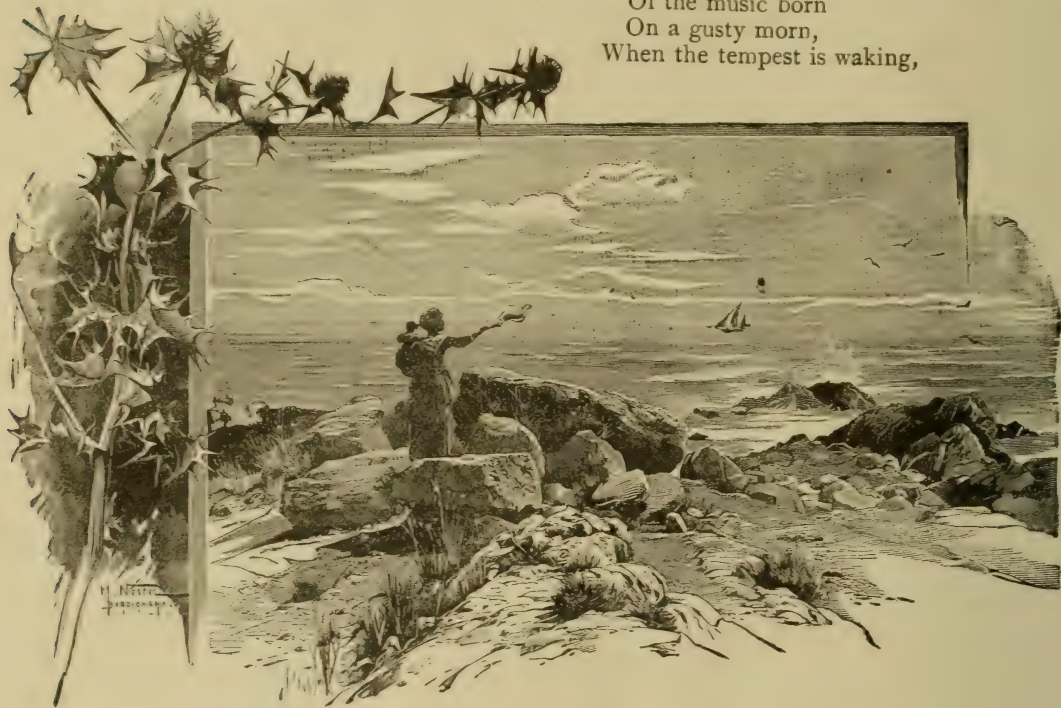
MINNIE MACKAY

## THE LANDSMAN'S SONG.

O H! who would be bound to the barren sea,  
 If he could dwell on land—  
 Where his step is ever both firm and free,  
 Where flowers arise,  
 Like sweet girls' eyes,  
 And rivulets sing  
 Like birds in spring?

And so—I will take my stand  
 On land, on land!  
 For ever and ever on solid land!

Some swear they could die on the salt, salt sea,  
 (But have they been loved on land?)  
 Some rave of the ocean in drunken glee—  
 Of the music born  
 On a gusty morn,  
 When the tempest is waking,



For me—I will take my stand  
 On land, on land!  
 For ever and ever on solid land!

I've sailed on the riotous roaring sea,  
 With an undaunted band:  
 Yet my village home more pleaseth me,  
 With its valley gay  
 Where maidens stray,  
 And its grassy mead  
 Where the white flocks feed;

And billows are breaking,  
 And lightning flashing,  
 And the thick rain dashing,  
 And the winds and the thunders  
 Shout forth the sea wonders!  
 —Such things may give joy  
 To a dreaming boy:

But for *me*—I will take my stand  
 On land, on land!  
 For ever and ever on solid land.

BARRY CORNWALL.

## MY BRIGANTINE.

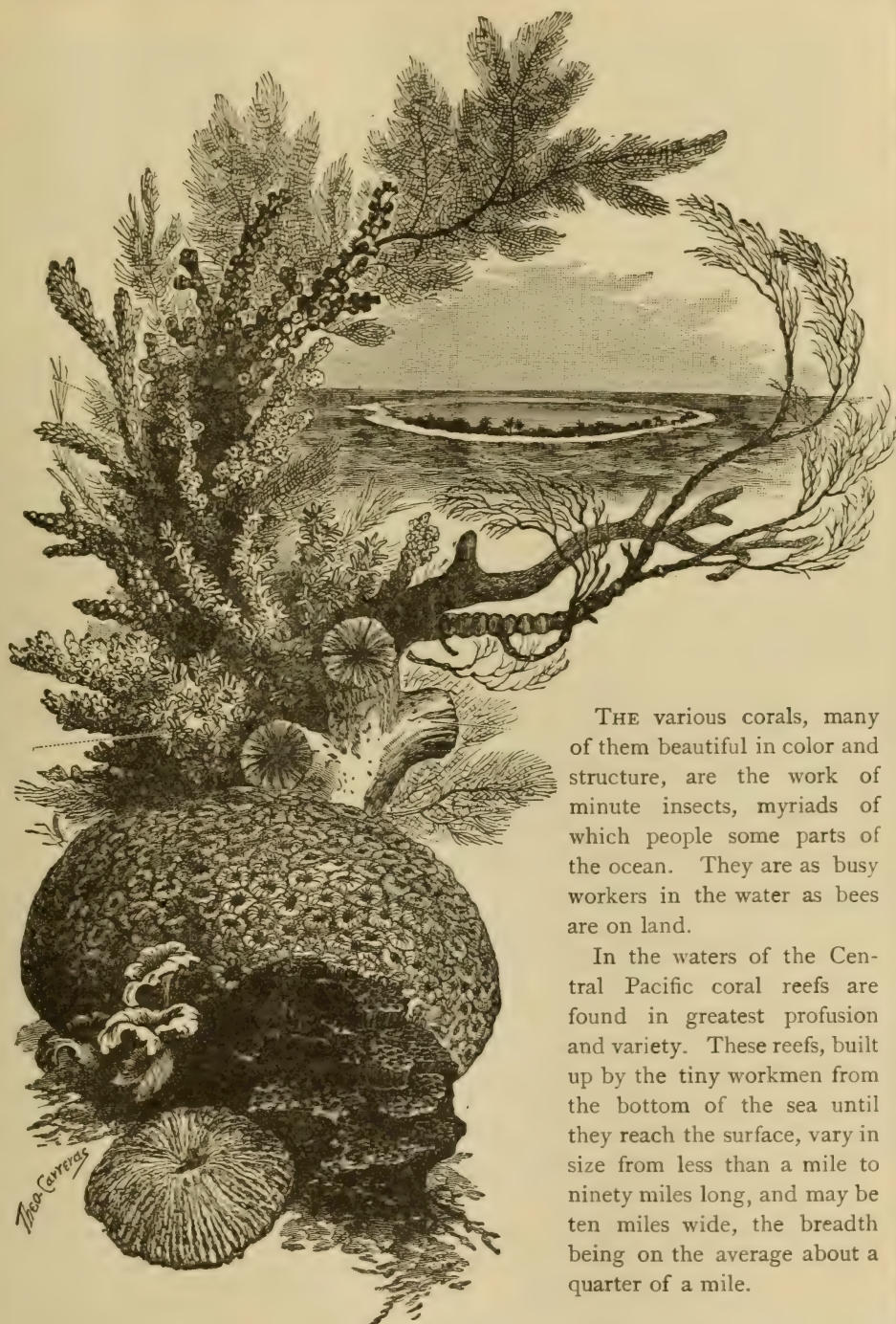
JUST in thy mould and beauteous in thy form,  
 Gentle in roll and buoyant on the surge,  
 Light as the sea-fowl rocking in the storm,  
 In breeze and gale thy onward course we  
 urge,  
 My water-queen!  
 Lady of mine,  
 More light and swift than thou none thread the  
 sea,  
 With surer keel or steadier on its path.

We brave each waste of ocean-mystery  
 And laugh to hear the howling tempest's wrath,  
 For we are thine.  
 "My brigantine!

Trust to the mystic power that points thy way,  
 Trust to the eye that pierces from afar;  
 Trust the red meteors that around thee play,  
 And, fearless, trust the Sea-Green Lady's Star,  
 Thou bark divine!"

JAMES FENIMORE COOPER.





THE various corals, many of them beautiful in color and structure, are the work of minute insects, myriads of which people some parts of the ocean. They are as busy workers in the water as bees are on land.

In the waters of the Central Pacific coral reefs are found in greatest profusion and variety. These reefs, built up by the tiny workmen from the bottom of the sea until they reach the surface, vary in size from less than a mile to ninety miles long, and may be ten miles wide, the breadth being on the average about a quarter of a mile.



## IS MY LOVER ON THE SEA?

**I**S my lover on the sea,  
Sailing East, or sailing West?  
Mighty ocean, gentle be,  
Rock him into rest!

Let no angry wind arise,  
Nor a wave with whitened crest;  
All be gentle as his eyes  
When he is caressed!



Bear him (as the breeze above  
Bears the bird unto its nest),  
Here—unto his home of love,  
And there bid him rest!

BARRY CORNWALL.

## WRECK OF THE HURON.

**A** FEW days ago there went out from our Brooklyn Navy Yard a man-of-war, the *Huron*. She steamed down to Hampton Roads, dropped anchor for further orders, and then went on southward—one hundred and thirty-six souls on board—and the life of the humblest boy in sailor's jacket as precious as the life of the commander.

There were storms in the air, the jib-stay had been carried away, but what cares such a monarch

of the deep for a hurricane! All's well at twelve o'clock at night! Strike eight bells! All's well at one o'clock in the morning! Strike two bells! How the water tosses from the iron prow of the *Huron* as she seems moving irresistibly on! If a fishing smack came in her way she would ride it down and not know she touched it.

But, alas! through the darkness she is aiming for Nag's Head! What is the matter with the compasses? At one o'clock and forty minutes

there is a harsh grating on the bottom of the ship, and the cry goes across the ship, "What's the matter?" Then the sea lifts up the ship to let her fall on the breakers—shock! shock! shock! The dreadful command of the captain rings across the deck and is repeated among the hammocks, "All hands save the ship!" Then comes the thud of the axe in answer to the order to cut away the mast. Overboard go the guns. They are of no use in this battle with the wind and wave.

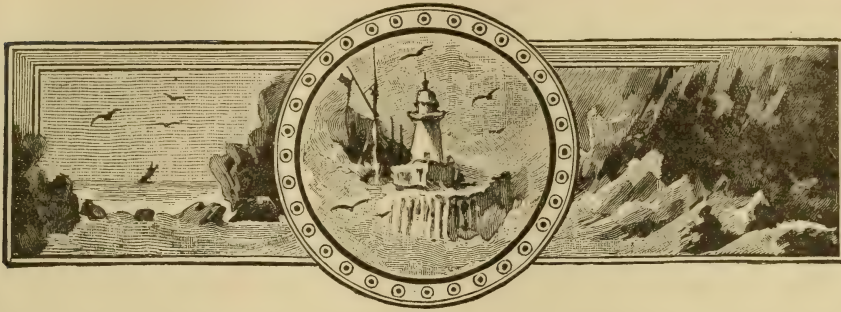
Heavier and heavier the vessel falls till the timbers begin to crack. The work of death goes on, every surge of the sea carrying more men from the fore-castle, and reaching up its briny fingers to those hanging in the rigging. Numb and frozen, they hold on and lash themselves fast, while some, daring each other to the undertaking, plunge into the beating surf and struggle for the land. Oh, cruel sea! Pity them, as bruised, and mangled, and with broken bones, they make desperate effort for dear life. For thirty

miles along the beach the dead of the *Huron* are strewn, and throughout the land there is weeping and lamentation and great woe.

A surviving officer of the vessel testifies that the conduct of the men was admirable. It is a magnificent thing to see a man dying at his post, doing his whole duty. It seems that every shipwreck must give to the world an illustration of the doctrine of vicarious sacrifice—men daring all things to save their fellows. Who can see such things without thinking of the greatest deed of these nineteen centuries, the pushing out of the Chieftain of the universe to take the human race off the wreck of the world? And this is a rescue that will fill heaven with hallelujahs and resounding praise, and the jubilant notes of the anthem will never cease.

T. DE WITT TALMAGE.





### THE LIGHTHOUSE.

THE rocky ledge runs far into the sea,  
And on its outer point, some miles away,  
The lighthouse lifts its massive masonry,  
A pillar of fire by night, of cloud by day.

Even at this distance I can see the tides,  
Upheaving, break unheard along its base,  
A speechless wrath, that rises and subsides  
In the white lip and tremor of the face.

And as the evening darkens, lo ! how bright,  
Through the deep purple of the twilight air,  
Beams forth the sudden radiance of its  
light

With strange, unearthly splendor in  
its glare !

And the great ships sail outward and  
return,  
Bending and bowing o'er the billowy  
swells,

And ever joyful, as they see it burn,  
They wave their silent welcomes and  
farewells.

They come forth from the darkness, and  
their sails

Gleam for a moment only in the blaze,  
And eager faces, as the light unveils,  
Gaze at the tower, and vanish while  
they gaze.

The mariner remembers when a child,  
On his first voyage, he saw it fade and  
sink ;

And when, returning from adventures  
wild,

He saw it rise again o'er ocean's brink.

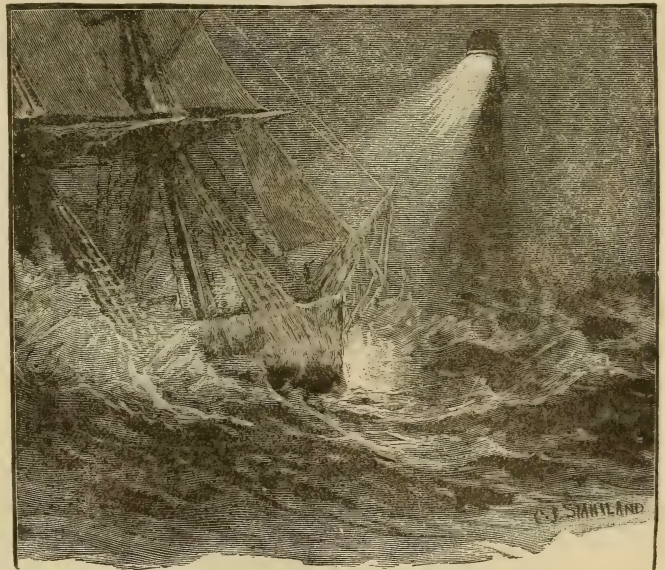
Steadfast, serene, immovable, the same  
Year after year, through all the silent night  
Burns on for evermore that quenchless flame,  
Shines on that inextinguishable light !

It sees the ocean to its bosom clasp  
The rocks and sea-sand with the kiss of peace ;  
It sees the wild winds lift it in their grasp,  
And hold it up, and shake it like a fleece.

The startled waves leap over it ; the storm  
Smites it with all the scourges of the rain,  
And steadily against its solid form  
Press the great shoulders of the hurricane.

The sea-bird wheeling round it, with the din  
Of wings and winds and solitary cries,  
Blinded and maddened by the light within,  
Dashes himself against the glare, and dies.

A new Prometheus, chained upon the rock,  
Still grasping in his hand the fire of Jove,



It does not hear the cry, nor heed the shock,  
But hails the mariner with words of love.

“Sail on !” it says, “sail on, ye stately ships !  
And with your floating bridge the ocean  
span ;

Be mine to guard this light from all eclipse,  
Be yours to bring man nearer unto man !”

H. W. LONGFELLOW.



## THE MINUTE GUN.

WHEN in the storm on Albion's coast,  
The night-watch guards his wary post,  
From thoughts of danger free,  
He marks some vessel's dusky form,  
And hears, amid the howling storm,  
The minute-gun at sea.

Swift on the shore a hardy few  
The life-boat man with gallant crew  
And dare the dangerous wave ;  
Through the wild surf they cleave their way,

Lost in the foam, nor know dismay,  
For they go the crew to save.

But, O, what rapture fills each breast  
Of the hopeless crew of the ship distressed !  
Then, landed safe, what joy to tell  
Of all the dangers that befell !  
Then is heard no more,  
By the watch on shore,  
The minute-gun at sea.

R. S. SHARPE.



## I LOVED THE OCEAN.

WHAT was it that I loved so well about my  
childhood's home ?  
It was the wide and wave-lashed shore,  
The black rocks crowned with foam !  
It was the sea-gull's flapping wing, all trackless in  
its flight,  
Its screaming note that welcomed on the fierce  
and stormy night !  
The wild heath had its flowers and moss, the for-  
est had its trees,  
Which bending to the evening wind, made music  
in the breeze.  
But earth, ha ! ha ! I laugh e'en now, earth had  
no charms for me ;

No scene half bright enough to win my young  
heart from the sea !  
No ! 't was the ocean, vast and deep, the fathom-  
less, the free !  
The mighty rushing waters, that were ever dear  
to me !  
My earliest steps would wander from the green and  
fertile land,  
Down where the clear blue ocean rolled to pace  
the rugged strand ;  
Oh ! how I loved the waters, and even longed  
to be  
A bird, a boat, or anything that dwelt upon the  
sea !  
ELIZA COOK



THE WHITE SQUALL.



AND so the hours kept  
tolling;  
And through the ocean  
rolling  
Went the brave Iberia  
bowling,  
Before the break of  
day—

When a squall upon a  
sudden,  
Came o'er the waters  
scudding;  
And the clouds began  
to gather,  
And the sea was lashed  
to lather,  
And the lowering thun-  
der grumbled,  
And the lightning  
jumped and tumbled,  
And the ship, and all  
the ocean,  
Woke up in wild com-  
motion.  
Then the wind set up a  
howling,

And the poodle dog a yowling,  
And the cocks began a crowing,  
And the old cow raised a lowing,  
As she heard the tempest blowing;  
And fowls and geese did cackle,  
And the cordage and the tackle  
Began to shriek and crackle;  
And the spray dashed o'er the funnels,  
And down the deck in runnels;  
And the rushing water soaks all,  
From the seamen in the fo'ksal  
To the stokers, whose black faces  
Peer out of their bed-places;  
And the captain he was bawling,  
And the sailors pulling, hauling,  
And the quarter-deck tarpauling  
Was shivered in the squalling;  
And the passengers awoken,  
Most pitifully shaken;  
And the steward jumps up, and hastens  
For the necessary basins.

And when, its force expended,  
The harmless storm was ended,  
And as the sunrise splendid  
Came blushing o'er the sea—  
I thought, as day was breaking,  
My little girls were waking,  
And smiling, and making  
A prayer at home for me.

WILLIAM MAKEPEACE THACKERAY.

THE BOATMEN'S SONG.

COME, sport with the sea-gull—come, ride  
on the billows,  
Come, dance with the mermaids upon the  
wave's crest;  
The sea is the mother that fondles and pillows  
Our loved little craft on her passionate breast.

We dip the long oars in the swift-flowing tide,  
We shoot the sharp prow through the white,  
splashing foam,  
Fast away—far away o'er the waters we glide,  
And, jubilant, sing to the winds as we roam.

We have bronze on our cheeks and we carry the  
traces  
Of storm and of sun as we bend to the oar,



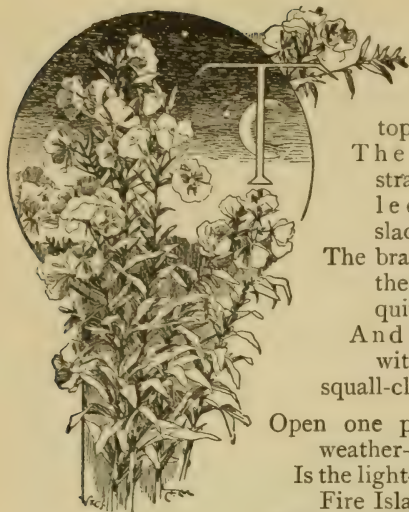
The tales of the deep you may read in our faces,  
And hear in our ballads the hoarse tempest's  
roar.

Eyes fired with love scan the wide waters o'er,  
Breasts beat with the wavelets that strike our  
light craft;  
To the watchers who wait on the dim, distant  
shore,  
Our thoughts and heart messages fondly we  
waft.

Now away, brave and gay, through the mist and  
the spray,  
With cradle-like motion  
We toss on the ocean,  
And murmuring waters around the boat play;  
We are gallant and merry,  
And our dull cares we bury  
Down deep in the caves of the wide-spreading bay.

HENRY DAVENPORT.

## TACKING SHIP OFF SHORE.



THE weather-  
leech of the  
topsail shivers,  
The bowlines  
strain, and the  
lee-shrouds  
slacken,  
The braces are taut,  
the lithe boom  
quivers,  
And the waves  
with the coming  
squall-cloud blacken.

Open one point on the  
weather-bow,  
Is the light-house tall on  
Fire Island Head?

There's a shade of doubt

on the captain's brow,  
And the pilot watches the heaving lead.

I stand at the wheel, and with eager eye  
To sea and to sky and to shore I gaze,  
Till the muttered order of "Full and by!"  
Is suddenly changed for "Full for stays!"

The ship bends lower before the breeze,  
As her broadside fair to the blast she lays;  
And she swifter springs to the rising seas,  
As the pilot calls, "Stand by for stays!"

It is silence all, as each in his place,  
With the gathered coil in his hardened hands,  
By tack and bowline, by sheet and brace,  
Waiting the watchword impatient stands.

And the light on Fire Island Head draws near,  
As, trumpet-winged, the pilot's shout  
From his post on the bowsprit's heel I hear,  
With the welcome call of "Ready! About!"

No time to spare! It is touch and go;  
And the captain cries, "Down, helm! hard  
down!"

As my weight on the whirling spokes I throw,  
While heaven grows black with the storm-cloud's  
frown.

High o'er the knight-heads flies the spray,  
As we meet the shock of the plunging sea;  
And my shoulder stiff to the wheel I lay,  
As I answer, "Ay, ay, sir! Ha-a-rd a-lee!"

With the swerving leap of a startled steed  
The ship flies fast in the eye of the wind,

The dangerous shoals on the lee recede,  
And the headland white we have left behind.

The topsails flutter, the jibs collapse,  
And belly and tug at the groaning cleats;  
The spanker slats, and the mainsail flaps;  
And thunders the order, "Tacks and sheets!"

'Mid the rattle of blocks and the tramp of the  
crew,

Hisses the rain of the rushing squall:  
The sails are aback from clew to clew,  
And now is the moment for, "Mainsail, haul!"



And the heavy yards, like a baby's toy,  
By fifty strong arms are swiftly swung:  
She holds her way, and I look with joy  
For the first white spray o'er the bulwarks flung.

"Let go, and haul!" 'Tis the last command,  
And the head-sails fill to the blast once more:  
Astern and to leeward lies the land,  
With its breakers white on the shingly shore.

What matters the reef, or the rain, or the squall?  
I steady the helm for the open sea;  
The first mate clamors, "Belay, there, all!"  
And the captain's breath once more comes free.

And so off shore let the good ship fly;  
Little care I how the gusts may blow,  
In my fo'castle bunk, in a jacket dry,  
Eight bells have struck, and my watch is below.

WALTER MITCHELL.

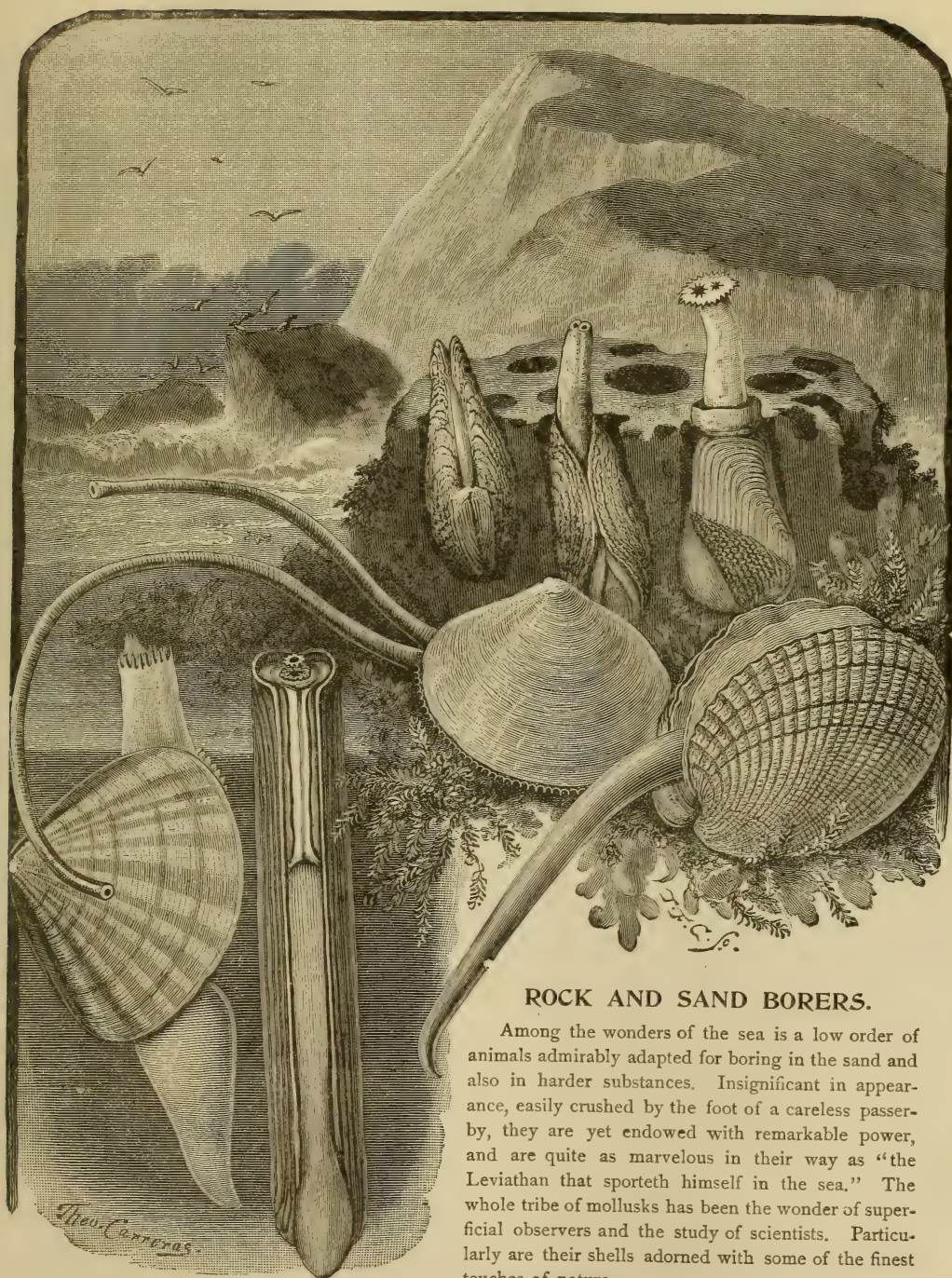
## SOLITUDE OF THE SEA.

THERE is a rapture on the lonely shore,  
There is society, where none intrudes,  
By the deep sea, and music in its roar:  
I love not man the less, but nature more,

From these our interviews, in which I steal  
From all I may be, or have been before,  
To mingle with the universe and feel  
What I can ne'er express, yet cannot all conceal.

LORD BYRON.





### ROCK AND SAND BORERS.

Among the wonders of the sea is a low order of animals admirably adapted for boring in the sand and also in harder substances. Insignificant in appearance, easily crushed by the foot of a careless passer-by, they are yet endowed with remarkable power, and are quite as marvelous in their way as "the Leviathan that sporteth himself in the sea." The whole tribe of mollusks has been the wonder of superficial observers and the study of scientists. Particularly are their shells adorned with some of the finest touches of nature.





## THE OCEAN.

ALL hail to the ruins, the rocks, and the shores !  
 Thou wide-rolling Ocean, all hail !  
 Now brilliant with sunbeams and dimpled with oars,  
 Now dark with the fresh-blowing gale,  
 While soft o'er thy bosom the cloud-shadows sail,  
 And the silver-winged sea-fowl on high,  
 Like meteors bespangle the sky,  
 Or drive in the gulf, or triumphantly ride,  
 Like foam on the surges, the swans of the tide.

From the tumult and smoke of the city set free,  
 With eager and awful delight,  
 From the crest of the mountain I gaze upon thee,  
 I gaze—and am changed at the sight ;  
 For mine eye is illumined, my genius takes flight,  
 My soul, like the sun, with a glance  
 Embraces the boundless expanse,  
 And moves on thy waters, wherever they roll,  
 From the day-darting zone to the night-shadowed pole.

JAMES MONTGOMERY.

## THE GRAY SWAN.

“ **P**RAY, tell me, sailor,  
 tell me true,  
 Is my little lad, my Elihu,  
 A-sailing with your ship ?”  
 The sailor's eyes were dim with dew—  
 “ Your little lad, your Elihu ?”

He said with trembling lip—  
 “ What little lad ? What ship ?”

“ What little lad ! as if there could be  
 Another such a one as he !

What little lad, do you say ?  
 Why, Elihu, that to the sea  
 The moment I put him off my knee !  
 It was just the other day  
 The Gray Swan sailed away.”

“ The other day !” the sailor's eyes  
 Stood open with a great surprise,—

“ The other day ! the Swan !”  
 His heart began in his throat to rise.

“ Ay, ay, sir ; here in the cupboard lies  
 The jacket he had on.”

“ And so your lad is gone !”

“ Gone with the Swan.” “ And did she stand  
 With her anchor clutching hold of the sand,  
 For a month, and never stir ?”

“ Why to be sure ! I've seen from the land,  
 Like a lover kissing his lady's hand,  
 The wild sea kissing her,  
 A sight to remember, sir.”

“ But, my good mother, do you know  
 All this was twenty years ago ?

I stood on the Gray Swan's deck,  
 And to that lad I saw you throw,  
 Taking it off, as it might be, so,  
 The kerchief from your neck.”  
 “ Ay, and he'll bring it back !”

“ And did the little lawless lad  
 That has made you sick and made you sad,  
 Sail with the Gray Swan's crew ?”

“ Lawless ! the man is going mad !  
 The best boy ever mother had—  
 Be sure he sailed with the crew !  
 What would you have him do ?”

“ And he has never written a line,  
 Nor sent you a word, nor made you sign  
 To say he was alive ?”

“ Hold ! if 'twas wrong the wrong is mine  
 Besides, he may be in the brine,  
 And could he write from the grave ?  
 “ Tut, man ; what would you have ?”

“ Gone twenty years—a long, long cruise,  
 'Twas wicked thus your love to abuse ;  
 But if the lad still live,  
 And come back home, think you, you can for-  
 give ?”

“ Miserable man ; you're as mad as the sea—  
 you rave—  
 What have I to forgive !”

The sailor twitched his shirt so blue,  
 And from within his bosom drew  
 The kerchief. She was wild.

“ My God ! my Father ! is it true !  
 My little lad, my Elihu !  
 My blessed boy, my child !  
 My dead—my living child !”

ALICE CARY.



SAILOR'S SONG.

**B**LOW high, blow low, let tempests tear  
The mainmast by the board;  
My heart with thoughts of thee, my dear,  
And love, well-stored,  
Shall brave all danger, scorn all fear,  
The roaring winds the raging sea,

And this shall be my song:  
Blow high, blow low, let tempests tear  
The mainmast from the board.

And on that night when all the crew,  
The memory of their former lives



In hopes on shore  
To be once more,  
Safe moored with thee!

Aloft, while mountains high we go,  
The whistling winds that scud along,  
And the surge roaring from below,  
Shall my signal be,  
To think on thee,

O'er flowing cups of flip renew,  
And drink their sweethearts and their wives,  
I'll heave a sigh, and think on thee;  
And, as the ship rolls through the sea,  
The burden of my song shall be—  
Blow high, blow low, let tempests tear  
The mainmast by the board.

CHARLES DIBDIN.

THE SEA IN CALM.

**L**OOK what immortal floods the sunset pours  
Upon us.—Mark! how still (as though in  
dreams  
Bound) the once wild and terrible ocean seems;  
How silent are the winds! No billow roars:  
But all is tranquil as Elysian shores!  
The silver margin which aye runneth round  
The moon-enchanted sea hath here no sound;

Even Echo speaks not on these radiant moors!  
What! is the giant of the ocean dead,  
Whose strength was all unmatched beneath the sun,  
No; he reposes! Now his toils are done,  
More quiet than the babbling brook is he.  
So mightiest powers by deepest calms are fed,  
And asleep, how oft, in things that gentlest be!

BARRY CORNWALL.



## THE LOST ATLANTIC.

'TIS night on the waters. The darkness hangs  
over the sea like a pall:  
The moon is dissolved in the gloaming—  
the stars have gone out in the sky.  
Hushed is the voice of the mermaid; secure in  
her spar-lighted hall,

Rest, man! in thy confident power, enwrapt in  
unbroken repose,  
While ocean is bearing thee forth from thy land  
to a strange, distant shore.  
Tranquilly slumber, sweet maid! nor thine eyelid  
of beauty uncloses



## ABANDONING THE SHIP.

She lists to the voice of the billows, and winds  
that are fitful and high,  
But the gallant ship speeds on her passage, and  
soon in the harbor will glide,  
Unscathed from the fury of ocean, and safe  
from the rage of the blast;  
On, on, with the prosperous breezes, she fearlessly  
walks on the tide,  
With the splash of her paddles time keeping with  
waves that uprear—fall—are passed.  
'Tis night on the waters. Now gentle, oh babe!  
be thy slumbers and deep;  
Thy visions contrast with the heavens that  
darkly arch over thee, child;  
Nor chill sweeping down from the Northland, nor  
storm shall forbid thee to sleep,  
Nor danger approach thee, though booms the  
loud ocean in majesty wild.

On the sorrows and joys of a world that shall  
grieve thee and glad thee no more.  
'Tis night on the waters—a night of ill omen,  
disaster and doom—  
For DEATH is the ghastly commander that now  
on the vessel's deck stands!  
From the mystic unknown he advances, appareled  
in garbs of the tomb,  
And over a thousand still sleepers he stretches  
his skeleton hands!  
Hark to the loud detonations of breakers and  
billows! . . . A shock!  
The strong and majestic vessel goes down—the  
seas break o'er her now!  
The proud but ill-fated Atlantic is dashed on the  
perilous rock,  
For Death—the commander—the pilot—his  
station has ta'en at her prow.



Up through the night on the waters, and filling  
with horror the air,  
The agonized wails of a thousand, that shrink  
from the sepulchre, rise.  
Up from the waste of wide waters ascend both a  
curse and a prayer;  
To each, in his triumph unsated, grim Death,  
the commander, replies:  
"The crypts of the charnel are open. To me—  
the invincible king—  
Relentless—compassionless—deathless—to me  
be an offering made!"  
Up through the night on the waters the souls of  
five hundred take wing—  
Down, 'mid the seaweed and coral, the clay of  
five hundred is laid.

'Tis morn on the waters. From ocean is lifted  
the shadowy pall;  
The ripples disport in the daylight; the phan-  
toms of midnight have flown.  
The mermaid is plaintively chanting, adown in  
her spar-lighted hall,  
A requiem, mournfully tender, for those she  
laments as her own.  
Over the populous nations, that loved ones and  
lost ones bewail,  
A mantle of sorrow is resting, like night on a  
desolate heath;  
O the day was portentous and sad that so many  
doomed hundreds set sail  
On the strong yet ill-fated Atlantic, whose cap-  
tain and pilot was *Death*.

JOHN TALMAN, JR.

### TWILIGHT.



HE twilight is sad and cloudy;  
The wind blows wild and free;  
And like the wings of seabirds  
Flash the white caps of the sea;  
But in the fisherman's cottage  
There shines a ruddier light,  
And a little face at the window  
Peers out into the night;  
Close, close it is pressed to the window,  
As if those childish eyes  
Were looking into the darkness,  
To see some form arise.  
And a woman's waving shadow  
Is passing to and fro,  
Now rising to the ceiling,  
Now bowing and bending low.

What tale do the roaring ocean  
And the night-wind, bleak and wild,  
As they beat at the crazy casement,  
Tell to that little child?

And why do the roaring ocean,  
And the night-wind, wild and bleak,  
As they beat at the heart of the mother,  
Drive the color from her cheek?

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

### MARY'S DREAM.

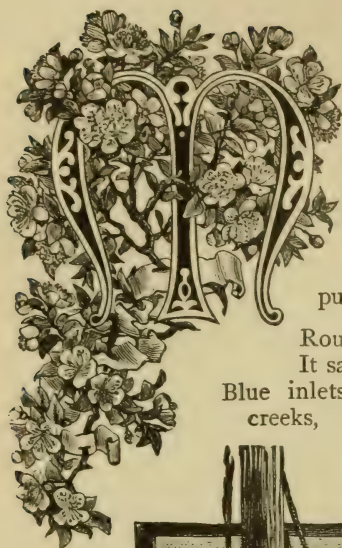
The author is known only for this one beautiful poem, yet this has given him enduring fame.

THE moon had climbed the highest hill  
Which rises o'er the source of Dee,  
And from the eastern summit shed  
Her silver light on tower and tree;  
When Mary laid her down to sleep,  
Her thoughts on Sandy far at sea,  
When, soft and slow, a voice was heard;  
Saying, "Mary, weep no more for me!"  
She from her pillow gently raised  
Her head, to ask who there might be,  
And saw young Sandy shivering stand,  
With visage pale and hollow e'e.  
"O, Mary dear, cold is my clay;  
It lieth beneath a stormy sea.  
Far, far from thee I sleep in death;  
So, Mary, weep no more for me!"

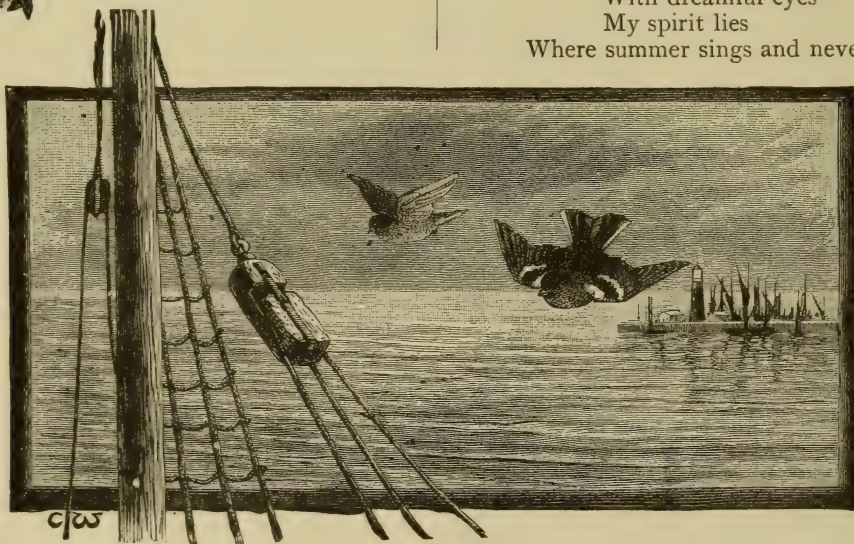
"Three stormy nights and stormy days  
We tossed upon the raging main;  
And long we strove our bark to save,  
But all our striving was in vain.  
Even then, when horror chilled my blood,  
My heart was filled with love for thee:  
The storm is past, and I at rest;  
So, Mary, weep no more for me!  
"O maiden dear, thyself prepare;  
We soon shall meet upon that shore,  
Where love is free from doubt and care,  
And thou and I shall part no more!"  
Loud crowed the cock, the shadow fled,  
No more of Sandy could she see;  
But soft the passing spirit said,  
"Sweet Mary, weep no more for me!"

JOHN LOWE.

## DRIFTING.



Y soul to-day  
Is far away,  
Sailing the Vesu-  
vian Bay ;  
My winged  
boat,  
A bird afloat,  
Swims round the  
purple peaks remote ;  
Round purple peaks  
It sails and seeks  
Blue inlets and their crystal  
creeks,



Where high rocks throw,  
Through deeps below,  
A duplicated golden glow.

Far, vague, and dim  
The mountains swim ;  
While on Vesuvius' misty brim,  
With outstretched hands,  
The gray smoke stands,  
O'erlooking the volcanic lands.

I heed not, if  
My rippling skiff  
Float swift or slow from cliff to cliff :  
With dreamful eyes  
My spirit lies  
Under the walls of Paradise.

Under the walls  
Where swells and falls  
The bay's deep breast at intervals,

At piece I lie,  
Blown softly by,  
A cloud upon this liquid sky.  
The day, so mild,  
Is Heaven's own child,  
With earth and ocean reconciled ;  
The airs I feel  
Around me steal  
Are murmuring to the murmuring keel.

Over the rail  
My hand I trail  
Within the shadow of the sail,  
A joy intense ;  
The cooling sense  
Glides down my drowsy indolence.

With dreamful eyes  
My spirit lies  
Where summer sings and never dies ;

O'erweiled with vines,  
She glows and shines  
Among her future oil and wines.

Her children, hid  
The cliffs amid,  
Are gamboling with the gamboling kid,  
Or down the walls,  
With tipsy calls,  
Laugh on the rocks like waterfalls.

The fisher's child,  
With tresses wild,  
Unto the smooth, bright sand beguiled,  
With glowing lips  
Sings as he skips,  
Or gazes at the far-off ships.

Yon deep bark goes  
Where traffic blows  
From lands of sun to lands of snows ;



This happier one,  
Its course is run  
From lands of snow to lands of sun.

O happy ship,  
To rise and dip,  
With the blue crystal at your lip!  
O happy crew,  
My heart with you  
Sails, and sails, and sings anew!

No more, no more  
The worldly shore  
Upbraids me with its loud uproar!  
With dreamful eyes  
My spirit lies  
Under the walls of paradise!

THOMAS BUCHANAN READ.

### THE LAUNCHING OF THE SHIP.

**A**LL is finished, and at length  
Has come the bridal day  
Of beauty and of strength.  
To-day the vessel shall be launched!  
With fleecy clouds the sky is blanched,  
And o'er the bay,  
Slowly, in all its splendors dight,  
The great sun rises to behold the sight.  
The ocean old,  
Centuries old,  
Strong as youth, and as uncontrolled,  
Paces restless to and fro,  
Up and down the sands of gold.  
His beating heart is not at rest;  
And far and wide,  
With ceaseless flow,  
His beard of snow  
Heaves with the heaving of his breast.  
He waits impatient for his bride.  
There she stands,  
With her foot upon the sands,  
Decked with flags and streamers gay,  
In honor of her marriage-day;  
Her snow-white signals fluttering, blending  
Round her like a veil descending,  
Ready to be  
The bride of the gray old sea.  
Then the Master,  
With a gesture of command,  
Waved his hand;  
And at the word,  
Loud and sudden there was heard,  
All around them and below,  
The sound of hammers, blow on blow,  
Knocking away the shores and spurs.  
And see! she stirs,  
She starts, she moves,—she seems to feel  
The thrill of life along her keel,  
And, spurning with her foot the ground,  
With one exulting, joyous bound,

She leaps into the ocean's arms.  
And lo! from the assembled crowd  
There rose a shout, prolonged and loud,  
That to the ocean seemed to say,  
"Take her, O bridegroom, old and gray;  
Take her to thy protecting arms.  
With all her youth and all her charms."

How beautiful she is! how fair  
She lies within those arms, that press  
Her form with many a soft caress  
Of tenderness and watchful care!  
Sail forth into the sea, O ship!  
Through wind and wave, right onward steer;  
The moistened eye, the trembling lip,  
Are not the signs of doubt or fear.

Sail forth into the sea of life,  
O gentle, loving, trusting wife!  
And safe from all adversity,  
Upon the bosom of that sea  
Thy comings and thy goings be!  
For gentleness, and love, and trust,  
Prevail o'er angry wave and gust;  
And in the wreck of noble lives  
Something immortal still survives!

Thou, too, sail on, O ship of State!  
Sail on, O Union, strong and great!  
Humanity, with all its fears,  
With all its hopes of future years,  
Is hanging breathless on thy fate!  
We know what master laid thy keel,  
What workmen wrought thy ribs of steel,  
Who made each mast, and sail, and rope,  
What anvils rang, what hammers beat,  
In what a forge, and what a heat,  
Were shaped the anchors of thy hope.

Fear not each sudden sound and shock;  
'Tis of the wave and not the rock;  
'Tis but the flapping of the sail,  
And not a rent made by the gale.  
In spite of rock and tempest roar,  
In spite of false lights on the shore,  
Sail on, nor fear to breast the sea.  
Our hearts, our hopes, are all with thee,—  
Our hearts, our hopes, our prayers, our tears,  
Our faith triumphant o'er our fears,  
Are all with thee—are all with thee.

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

### SUBLIMITY OF THE OCEAN.

**W**HAT is there more sublime than the track-  
less, desert, all-surrounding, unfathomable sea? What is there more peacefully sublime than the calm, gently-heaving, silent sea? What is there more terribly sublime than the angry, dashing, foaming sea? Power—resistless, overwhelming power—is its attribute and its expression, whether in the careless, conscious grandeur of its deep rest, or the wild tumult of its excited wrath.

## MARINER'S HYMN.

**L**AUNCH thy bark, mariner !  
 Christian, God speed thee !  
 Let loose the rudder-bands—  
 Good angels—lead thee !  
 Set thy sails warily,

“What of the night, watchman ?  
 What of the night ?”  
 “Cloudy—all quiet—  
 No land yet—all’s right.”  
 Be wakeful, be vigilant—



THE RESCUE.

Tempests will come ;  
 Steer thy course steadily ;  
 Christian, steer home !  
 Look to the weather-bow,  
 Breakers are round thee ;  
 Let fall the plummet now,  
 Shallows may ground thee.  
 Reef in the foresail there ;  
 Hold the helm fast !  
 So—let the vessel wear—  
 There swept the blast.

Danger may be  
 At an hour when all seemeth  
 Securest to thee.  
 How ! gains the leak so fast ?  
 Clean out the hold—  
 Hoist up thy merchandise,  
 Heave out the gold ;  
 There—let the ingots go—  
 Now the ship rights ;  
 Hurrah ! the harbor’s near—  
 Lo ! the red lights !



Slacken not sail yet  
At inlet or island ;  
Straight for the beacon steer,  
Straight for the high land.

Crowd all thy canvas on,  
Cut through the foam—  
Christian ! cast anchor now—  
Heaven is thy home !

MRS. ROBERT SOUTHEY.

THE RETURN OF THE ADMIRAL.



Oh ! would I were our Admiral,  
To order, with a word—  
To lose a dozen drops of blood,  
And straight rise up a lord !  
I'd shout e'en to you shark, there,  
Who follows in our lee,  
"Some day I'll make thee carry me,  
Like lightning through the sea."

The Admiral grew paler,  
And paler as we flew :  
Still talked he to his officers,  
And smiled upon his crew ;  
And he looked up at the heavens,  
And looked down on the sea,  
And at last he spied the creature,  
That kept following in our lee.  
He shook—'twas but an instant—  
For speedily the pride  
Ran crimson to his heart,  
Till all chances he defied :

It threw boldness on his forehead ;  
Gave firmness to his breath ;  
And he stood like some grim warrior  
New risen up from death.

OTH gallantly, and merrily,  
We ride along the sea !  
The morning is all sunshine,  
The wind is blowing free :  
The billows are all sparkling,  
And bounding in the light,  
Like creatures in whose sunny veins  
The blood is running bright.  
All nature knows our triumph :  
Strange birds about us sweep ;  
Strange things come up to look at us,  
The masters of the deep.  
In our wake, like any servant,  
Follows even the bold shark—  
Oh, proud must be our Admiral  
Of such a bonny barque !

Proud, proud, must be our Admiral  
(Though he is pale to-day),  
Of twice five hundred iron men,  
Who all his nod obey ;  
Who've fought for him, and conquered—  
Who've won, with sweat and gore,  
*Nobility !* which he shall have  
Whene'er he touch the shore.

That night, a horrid whisper  
Fell on us where we lay ;  
And we knew our old fine Admiral  
Was changing into clay ;  
And we heard the wash of waters,  
Though nothing could we see,  
And a whistle and a plunge  
Among the billows on our lee !  
Till dawn we watched the body  
In its dead and ghastly sleep,  
And next evening at sunset,  
It was slung into the deep !  
And never, from that moment—  
Save one shudder through the sea,  
Saw we (or heard) the shark  
That had followed in our lee !

BARRY CORNWALL.

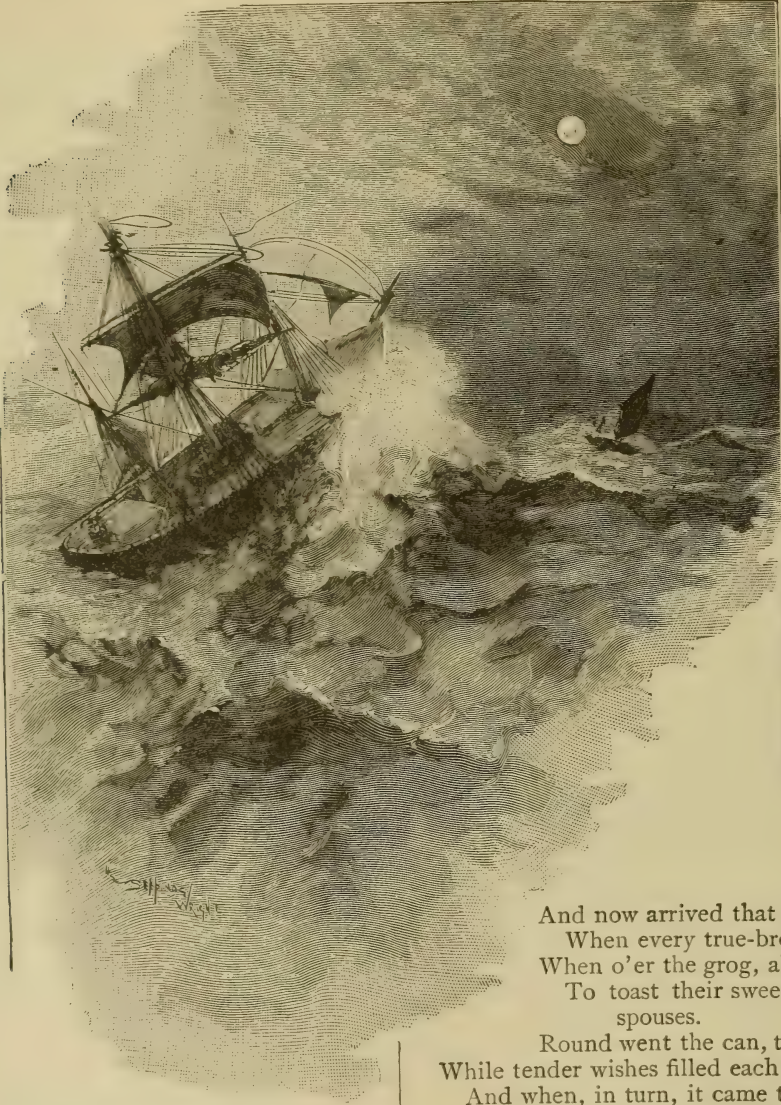
LIFE'S TROUBLED SEA.

**T**HIS life is like a troubled sea,  
Where, helm a-weather or a-lee,  
The ship will neither stay nor wear.  
But drives, of every rock in fear.  
Still blows in vain the hurricane,  
While love is at the helm.

## THE SAILOR'S JOURNAL.

'T WAS post meridian, half-past four,  
By signal I from Nancy parted ;  
At six she lingered on the shore,  
With uplift hands and broken-hearted.

I little to their mirth inclined,  
While tender thoughts rushed on my fancy,  
And my warm sighs increased the wind,  
Looked on the moon, and thought of Nancy !



At seven, while taughtening the forestay,  
I saw her faint, or else 'twas fancy ;  
At eight we all got under weigh,  
And bade a long adieu to Nancy !

Night came, and now eight bells had rung,  
While careless sailors, ever cheery,  
On the mid watch so jovial sung,  
With tempers labor cannot weary.

And now arrived that jovial night  
When every true-bred tar carouses ;  
When o'er the grog, all hands delight  
To toast their sweethearts and their  
spouses.

Round went the can, the jest, the glee,  
While tender wishes filled each fancy ;  
And when, in turn, it came to me,  
I heaved a sigh, and toasted Nancy !

Next morn a storm came on at four,  
At six the elements in motion  
Plunged me and three poor sailors more  
Headlong within the foaming ocean.  
Poor wretches ! they soon found their graves :  
For me—it may be only fancy—  
But love seemed to forbid the waves  
To snatch me from the arms of Nancy !



Scarce the foul hurricane was cleared,  
 Scarce winds and waves had ceased to rattle,  
 When a bold enemy appeared,  
 And, dauntless, we prepared for battle.  
 And now, while some loved friend or wife  
 Like lightning rushed on every fancy,  
 To Providence I trusted life,  
 Put up a prayer and thought of Nancy!

At last—'twas in the month of May—  
 The crew, it being lovely weather,  
 At three A. M. discovered day,  
 And England's chalky cliffs together.  
 At seven up Channel now we bore,  
 While hopes and fears rushed on my fancy;  
 At twelve I gaily jumped ashore,  
 And to my throbbing heart pressed Nancy!  
 CHARLES DIBDIN.



I NEVER knew how dear thou wert,  
 Till I was on the silent sea;  
 And then my lone and musing heart  
 Sent back its passionate thoughts to thee.  
 When the wind slept on ocean's breast,  
 And the moon smiled above the deep,  
 I longed thus o'er thy spirit's rest  
 A vigil like yon moon to keep.  
 When the gales rose, and, tempest-tossed,  
 Our struggling ship was sore beset,  
 Our topsails rent, our bearing lost,  
 And fear in every spirit met—

Oh! then, amid the midnight storm,  
 Peace on my soul thy memory shed:  
 The floating image of thy form  
 Made strong my heart amid its dread.

Yes! on the dark and troubled sea,  
 I strove my spirit's depths to know,  
 And found its deep, deep love for thee,  
 Fathomless as the gulfs below.  
 The waters bore me on my way—  
 Yet, oh! more swift than rushing streams,  
 To thee flew back, from day to day,  
 My clinging love—my burning dreams.  
 CATHARINE WARFIELD.

#### OCEAN.

OF all objects which I have ever seen, there is none which affects my imagination so much as the sea, or ocean. I cannot see the heavings of this prodigious bulk of waters, even in a calm, without a very pleasing astonishment;

but when it is worked up in a tempest, so that the horizon on every side is nothing but foaming billows and floating mountains, it is impossible to describe the agreeable horror that rises from such a prospect.  
 JOSEPH ADDISON.

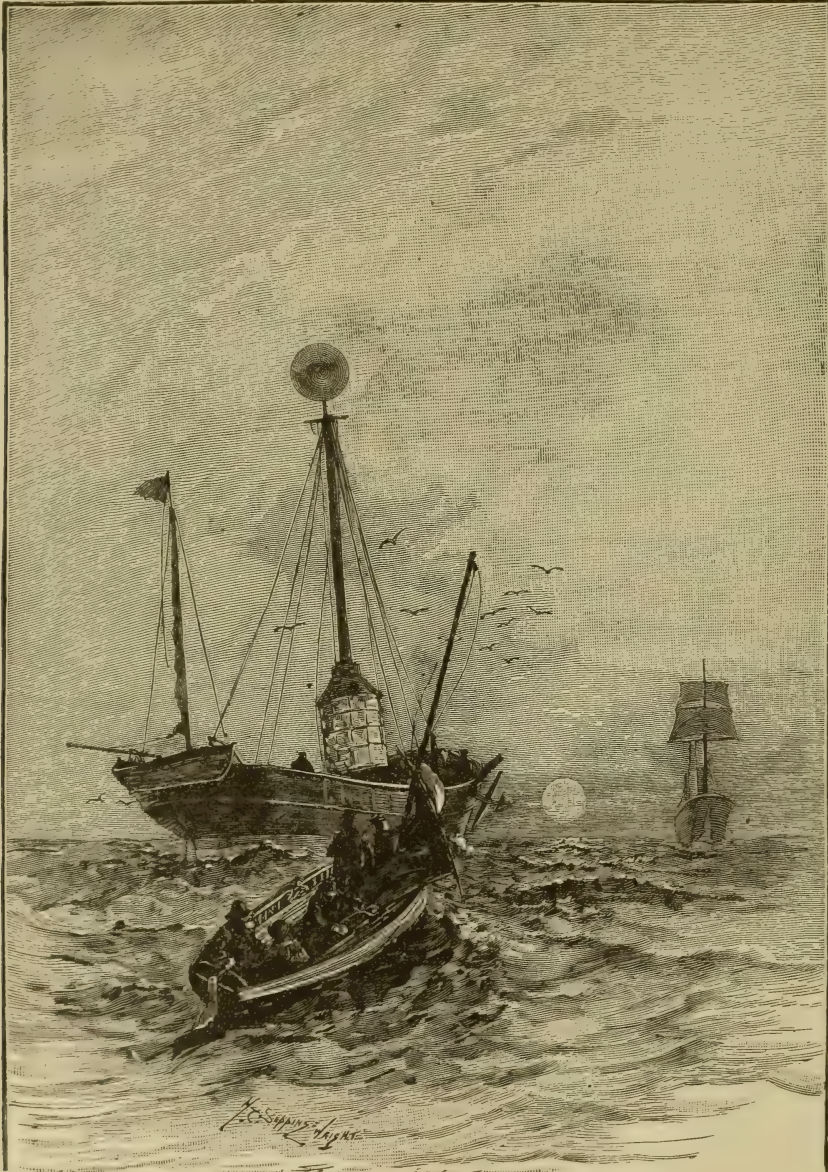


## THE SOUND OF THE SEA.

THOU art sounding on, thou mighty sea!  
 For ever and the same;  
 The ancient rocks yet ring to thee—  
 Those thunders nought can tame.

Thy billowy anthem, ne'er to sleep  
 Until the close of time.

It fills the noontide's calm profound  
 The sunset's heaven of gold;



Oh! many a glorious voice is gone  
 From the rich bowers of earth,  
 And hushed is many a lovely one  
 Of mournfulness or mirth.  
 But thou art swelling on, thou deep!  
 Through many an olden clime,

And the still midnight hears the sound  
 Even as first it rolled.

Let there be silence, deep and strange,  
 Where sceptred cities rose!  
 Thou speakest of One who doth not change—  
 So may our hearts repose.

FELICIA D. HEMANS.





### THE MERMAID.

HO would be  
A mermaid fair,  
Singing alone,  
Combing her hair  
Under the sea,  
In a golden curl  
With a comb of pearl,  
On a throne?

I would be a mermaid fair;  
I would sing to myself the whole of the day;  
With a comb of pearl I would comb my hair,  
And still as I combed I would sing and say,  
"Who is it loves me? who loves not me?"  
I would comb my hair till my ringlets would fall,  
Low adown, low adown.

From under my starry sea-bud crown  
Low adown and around,  
And I should look like a fountain of gold  
Springing alone  
With a shrill inner sound,  
Over the throne  
In the midst of the hall;  
And all the mermen under the sea  
Would feel their immortality  
Die in their hearts for the love of me.

But at night I would wander away, away,  
I would fling on each side my low-flowing  
locks,  
And lightly vault from the throne and play  
With the mermen in and out of the rocks;  
We would run to and fro, and hide and seek,  
On the broad sea-wolds in the crimson shells,  
Whose silvery spikes are nighest the sea.  
But if any came near I would call, and shriek,

And adown the steep like a wave I would leap  
From the diamond-ledges that jut from the  
dells;  
For I would not be kissed by all who would list,  
Of the bold merry mermen under the sea;  
They would sue me, and woo me, and flatter me,  
In the purple twilights under the sea;  
But the king of them all would carry me,  
Woo me, and win me, and marry me,  
In the branching jaspers under the sea;  
Then all the dry pried things that be  
In the hueless mosses under the sea  
Would curl round my silver feet silently,  
All looking up for the love of me.  
And if I should carol aloud, from aloft  
All things that are forked, and horned, and soft,  
Would lean out from the hollow sphere of the  
sea,  
All looking down for the love of me.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

### GONE LIKE A DREAM.

**S**UDDENLY, out in the black night before us,  
and not two hundred yards away, we heard,  
at a moment when the wind was silent, the  
clear note of a human voice. Instantly the wind  
swept howling down upon the Head, and the Cove  
bellowed, and churned, and danced with a new  
fury. But we had heard the sound, and we knew,  
with agony, that this was the doomed ship now  
close on ruin, and that what we had heard was the  
voice of her master issuing his last command.

Crouching together on the edge, we waited,  
straining every sense, for the inevitable end. It  
was long, however, and to us it seemed like ages,  
ere the vessel suddenly appeared for one brief in-  
stant, relieved against a tower of glimmering foam.  
I still see her reefed mainsail flapping loose, as the  
boom fell heavily across the deck; I still see the

black outline of the hull, and still think I can dis-  
tinguish the figure of a man stretched upon the  
tiller.

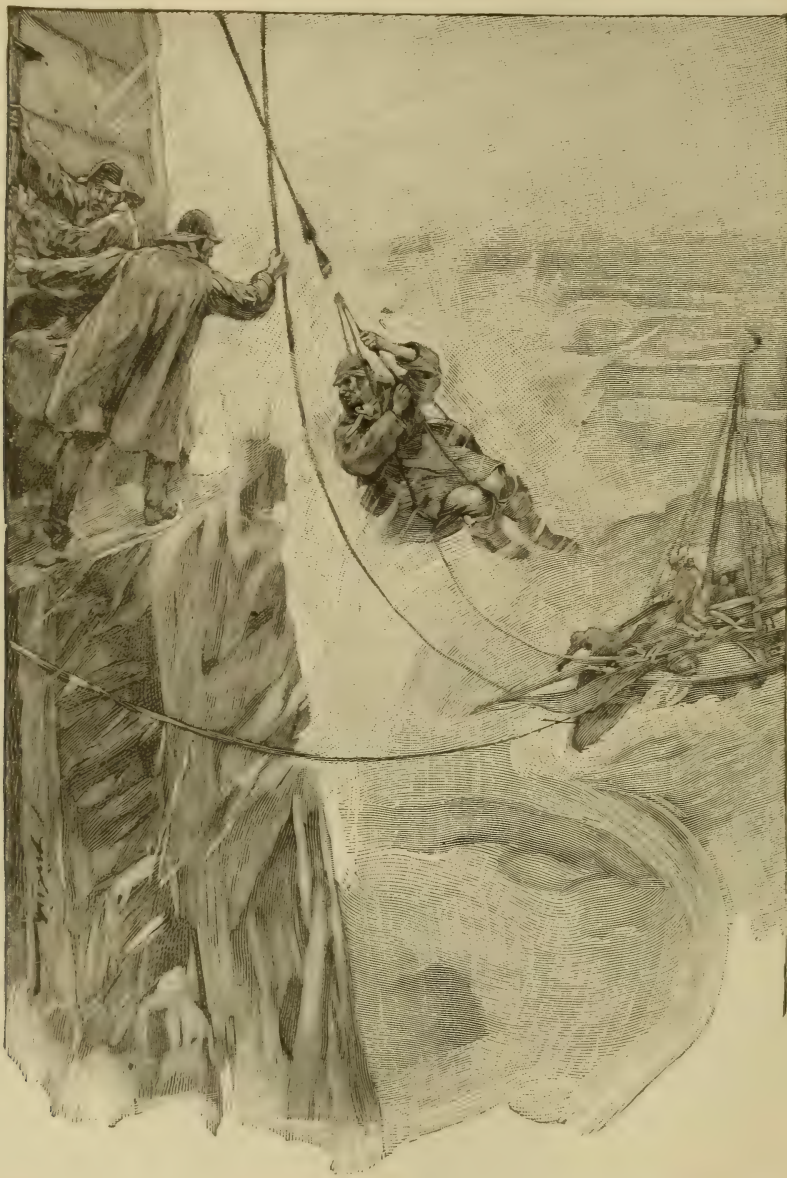
Yet the whole sight we had of her passed swifter  
than lightning; the very wave that disclosed her  
fell burying her forever; the mingled cry of many  
voices at the point of death rose and was quenched  
in the roaring of the ocean. And with that the  
tragedy was at an end. The strong ship, with all  
her gear, and the lamp perhaps still burning in her  
cabin, the lives of so many men, precious surely to  
others, dear, at least, as heaven to themselves, had  
all, in that one moment, gone down into the sur-  
ging waters. They were gone like a dream. And  
the wind still ran and shouted, and the senseless  
waters in the Cove still leaped and tumbled as  
before.

ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.

## THE SHIPWRECK.

'T WAS twilight, and the sunless day went down  
Over the waste of waters, like a veil,  
Which, if withdrawn, would but disclose  
the frown

That still could keep afloat the struggling tars,  
For yet they strove, although of no great use:  
There was no light in heaven but a few stars,  
The boats put off o'ercrowded with their crews;



Of one whose hate is masked but to assail.  
Thus to their hopeless eyes the night was shown,  
And grimly darkled over the faces pale,  
And the dim desolate deep; twelve days had fear  
Been their familiar, and now death was here.

At half-past eight o'clock, booms, hencoops, spars,  
And all things for a chance, had been cast loose,

She gave a heel, and then a lurch to port,  
And, going down head foremost—sunk, in short.

Then rose from sea to sky the wild farewell—  
Then shrieked the timid, and stood still the  
brave,

Then some leaped overboard with dreadful yell,  
As eager to anticipate their grave;



And the sea yawned round her like a hell,  
And down she sucked with her the whirling wave,  
Like one who grapples with his enemy,  
And strives to strangle him before he die.

And first one universal shriek there rushed,  
Louder than the loud ocean, like a crash  
Of echoing thunder; and then all was hushed,  
Save the wild wind and the remorseless dash  
Of billows; but at intervals there gushed  
Accompanied with a convulsive splash,  
A solitary shriek, the bubbling cry  
Of some strong swimmer in his agony.

There were two fathers in this ghastly crew,  
And with them their two sons, of whom the one  
Was more robust and hardy to the view,  
But he died early; and when he was gone,  
His nearest messmate told his sire, who threw  
One glance at him, and said, "Heaven's will be  
done;

I can do nothing," and he saw him thrown  
Into the deep without a tear or groan.

The other father had a weaklier child,  
Of a soft cheek, and aspect delicate;  
But the boy bore up long, and with a mild  
And patient spirit held aloof his fate;  
Little he said, and now and then he smiled,  
As if to win a part from off the weight  
He saw increasing on his father's heart,  
With the deep deadly thought, that they must part.

And o'er him bent his sire, and never raised  
His eyes from off his face, but wiped the foam  
From his pale lips, and ever on him gazed;  
And when the wished-for shower at length was  
come,

### THE SECRET OF THE SEA.

AH! what pleasant visions haunt me  
As I gaze upon the sea!  
All the old romantic legends,  
All my dreams come back to me.

Sails of silk and ropes of sendal,  
Such as gleam in ancient lore;  
And the singing of the sailors,  
And the answer from the shore!

Most of all, the Spanish ballad  
Haunts me oft, and tarries long,  
Of the noble Count Arnaldos  
And the sailor's mystic song.

Like the long waves on a sea-beach,  
Where the sand as silver shines,  
With a soft, monotonous cadence,  
Flow its unrhymed lyric lines;

Telling how the Count Arnaldos,  
With his hawk upon his hand,  
Saw a fair and stately galley,  
Steering onward to the land;—

And the boy's eyes, which the dull film half  
glazed,

Brightened, and for a moment seemed to roam,  
He squeezed from out a rag some drops of rain,  
Into his dying child's mouth—but in vain.

The boy expired—the father held the clay,  
And looked upon it long; and when at last  
Death left no doubt, and the dead burden lay  
Stiff on his heart, and pulse and hope were past.  
He watched it wistfully, until away

'Twas borne by the rude wave wherein 'twas  
cast;  
Then he himself sunk down, all dumb and shiv-  
ing,

And gave no sign of life, save his limbs quivering.

As morning broke, the light wind died away;  
When he who had the watch sung out and swore,  
If 'twas not land that rose with the sun's ray,

He wished that land he never might see more:  
And the rest rubbed their eyes, and saw a bay,  
Or thought they saw, and shaped their course for  
shore;

For shore it was, and gradually grew  
Distinct, and high, and palpable to view.

And then of these some part burst into tears,  
And other, looking with a stupid stare,  
Could not yet separate their hopes from fears,  
And seemed as if they had no further care,  
While a few prayed—(the first time for some  
years)—

And at the bottom of the boat three were  
Asleep: they shook them by the hand and head,  
And tried to waken them, but found them dead.

LORD BYRON.

How he heard the ancient helmsman  
Chant a song so wild and clear,  
That the sailing sea-bird slowly  
Poised upon the mast to hear,

Till his soul was full of longing,  
And he cried, with impulse strong—  
"Helmsman! for the love of heaven,  
Teach me, too, that wondrous song!"

"Wouldst thou,"—so the helmsman answered,  
"Learn the secret of the sea?  
Only those who brave its dangers  
Comprehend its mystery!"

In each sail that skims the horizon,  
In each landward-blowing breeze,  
I behold that stately galley,  
Hear those mournful melodies;

Till my soul is full of longing  
For the secret of the sea,  
And the heart of the great ocean  
Sends a thrilling pulse through me.

H. W. LONGFELLOW

## DRIFTING OUT TO SEA.

TWO little ones grown tired of play,  
 Roamed by the sea one summer day,  
 Watching the great waves come and go,  
 Prattling—as children will, you know—  
 Of dolls and marbles, kites and strings,  
 Sometimes hinting at graver things.

At last they spied within their reach,  
 An old boat cast upon the beach.  
 Helter-skelter with merry din,

And now across the sunny sky  
 A black cloud stretches far away,  
 And shuts the golden gates of day.

A storm comes on with flash and roar,  
 While all the sky is shrouded o'er;  
 The great waves rolling from the West,  
 Bring night and darkness on their breast,  
 Still floats the boat through driving storm,  
 Protected by God's powerful arm.



Over its sides they clamber in—  
 Ben, with his tangled, nut-brown hair,  
 Bess, with her sweet face flushed and fair.

Rolling in from the briny deep,  
 Nearer, nearer, the great waves creep;  
 Higher, higher, upon the sands,  
 Reaching out with their giant hands;  
 Grasping the boat in boisterous glee,  
 Tossing it up and out to sea.

The sun went down 'mid clouds of gold;  
 Night came, with footsteps damp and cold;  
 Day dawned; the hours crept slowly by;

The home-bound vessel, "Seabird," lies  
 In ready trim, 'twixt sea and skies,  
 Her captain paces restless now,  
 A troubled look upon his brow:  
 While all his nerves with terror thrill—  
 The shadow of some coming ill.

The mate comes up to where he stands,  
 And grasps his arm with eager hands;  
 "A boat has just swept past," says he,  
 "Bearing two children out to sea—  
 'Tis dangerous now to put about,  
 Yet they cannot be saved without."



"Naught but their safety will suffice—  
They must be saved!" the captain cries.  
"By every thought that's just and right,  
By lips I hoped to kiss to-night,  
I'll peril vessel, life and men,  
And God will not forsake me then."

With anxious faces, one and all,  
Each man responded to the call;  
And when at last, through driving storm,  
They lifted up each little form,  
The captain started with a groan:  
"My God!" he cried, "they are my own."

### THE VOYAGE.

WE left behind the painted buoy  
That tosses at the harbor-mouth:  
And madly danced our hearts with joy,  
As fast we fled to the South:  
How fresh was every sight and sound  
On open main or winding shore!  
We knew the merry world was round,  
And we might sail forevermore.

Warm broke the breeze against the brow,  
Dry sang the tackle, sang the sail:  
The Lady's-head upon the prow  
Caught the shrill salt, and sheered the gale.  
The broad seas swelled to meet the keel,  
And swept behind: so quick the run,  
We felt the good ship shake and reel,  
We seemed to sail into the sun!

By peaks that flamed, or, all in shade,  
Gloomed the low coast and quivering brine  
With ashy rains, that spreading made  
Fantastic plume or sable pine;  
By sands and steaming flats, and floods  
Of mighty mouth, we scudded fast,  
And hills and scarlet-mingled woods  
Glowed for a moment as we passed.

For one fair Vision ever fled  
Down the waste waters day and night,  
And still we followed where she led  
In hope to gain upon her flight.  
Her face was evermore unseen,  
And fixed upon the far sea-line;  
But each man murmured, "O my Queen,  
I follow till I make thee mine."

And now we lost her, now she gleamed  
Like fancy made of golden air,  
Now nearer to the prow she seemed  
Like virtue firm, like knowledge fair,  
Now high on waves that idly burst  
Like heavenly hope she crowned the sea,  
And now, the bloodless point reversed,  
She bore the blade of liberty.

And only one among us—him  
We pleased not—he was seldom pleased:  
He saw not far: his eyes were dim:  
But ours he swore were all diseased.  
"A ship of fools," he shrieked in spite,  
"A ship of fools," he sneered and wept.  
And overboard one stormy night  
He cast his body, and on we swept.

And never sail of ours was furled  
Nor anchor dropt at eve or morn;  
We loved the glories of the world,  
But laws of nature were our scorn;  
For blasts would rise and rave and cease,  
But whence were those that drove the sail  
Across the whirlwind's heart of peace,  
And to and through the counter-gale?

Again to colder climes we came,  
For still we followed where she led:  
Now mate is blind and captain lame,  
And half the crew are sick or dead.  
But blind or lame or sick or sound  
We follow that which flies before:  
We know the merry world is round,  
And we may sail for evermore.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

### BY THE SEA.

O GOLDEN glory on sea and land,  
O crimson twilight and azure sky,  
While, far out, beyond the shining sand,  
The sea-birds shoreward hurrying fly;  
They dipped their wings in the northern sea,  
Till, tired at last, they are wandering back,  
To build their nests in the dear old cliff,  
And fly once more o'er the homeward track.

I catch the gleam of their flashing wings,  
I hear the greeting from hearts content;  
Ah, that my song were as free from pain,  
And my life as free from days ill-spent.

The sweetest songs are the songs of home,  
When voices we love take up the strain;  
If a chord be lost, the dearest song  
Is never the same to us again.

Then veil your glory, O crimson sky,  
A day is dead, and a great white stone  
I roll on its grave, lest its restless ghost  
Might vex my soul with its ceaseless moan.  
I have buried deep the "might have been,"  
The restless longing for what may be,  
I have said a prayer and shed my tears,  
And left the grave by the tossing sea.

## THE SEA-FAIRIES.

**S**LOW sailed the weary mariners and saw,  
Betwixt the green brink and the running  
foam,

Sweet faces, rounded arms, and bosoms prest  
To little harps of gold; and while they mused,  
Whispering to each other half in fear,  
Shrill music reached them on the middle sea.

Whither away, whither away, whither away? fly  
no more.

Mariner, mariner, furl your sails,  
For here are the blissful downs and dales,  
And merrily, merrily carol the gales,  
And the spangle dances in bight and bay  
And the rainbow forms and flies on the land  
Over the islands free;  
And the rainbow lives in the curve of the sand.  
Hither, come hither and see;  
And the rainbow hangs on the poising wave,  
And sweet is the color of cove and cave,



Whither away from the high green field, and the  
happy blossoming shore?

Day and night to the billow the fountain calls;  
Down shower the gamboling waterfalls  
From wandering over the lea:

Out of the live-green heart of the dells  
They freshen the silvery-crimson shells,  
And thick with white bells the clover-hill swells  
High over the full-toned sea:

O hither, come hither and furl your sails,  
Come hither to me and to me:

Hither, come hither and frolic and play;  
Here it is only the mew that wails;

We will sing to you all the day:

And sweet shall your welcome be:

O hither, come hither, and be our lords

For merry brides are we:

We will kiss sweet kisses, and speak sweet words

O listen, listen, your eyes shall glisten

With pleasure and love and jubilee:

O listen, listen, your eyes shall glisten

When the sharp clear twang of the golden chords  
Runs up the ridged sea.

Who can light on as happy a shore

All the world o'er, all the world o'er?

Whither away? listen and stay: mariner, mariner,  
fly no more.

ALFRED TENNYSON,



# AN OLD-FASHIONED SEA-FIGHT.

**W**OULD you hear of an old-fashioned sea-fight?

Would you learn who won by the light of the moon and stars?

List to the story as my grandmother's father, the sailor, told it to me.

Our foe was no skulk in his ship, I tell you (said he); His was the surly English pluck, and there is no tougher or truer, and never was, and never will be;

Along the lowered eve he came, horribly raking us.

We closed with him, the yards entangled, the cannon touched;

My captain lashed fast with his own hands.

We had received some eighteen-pound shots under the water;

On our lower-gun deck two large pieces had burst at the first fire, killing all around, and blowing up overhead.

Fighting at sundown, fighting at dark;

Ten o'clock at night, the full moon well up, our leaks on the gain, and five feet of water reported;

The master-at-arms loosing the prisoners confined in the after-hold, to give them a chance for themselves.

The transit to and from the magazine is now stopt by the sentinels,

They see so many strange faces, they do not know whom to trust.

Our frigate takes fire;

The other asks if we demand quarter,

If our colors are struck, and the fighting is done.

Now I laugh content, for I hear the voice of my little captain:

"We have not struck," he composedly cries, "we have just begun our part of the fighting."

Only three guns are in use;

One is directed by the captain himself against the enemy's main-mast;

Two, well served with grape and canister, silence his musketry and clear his decks.

The tops alone second the fire of this little battery, especially the main-top;

They hold out bravely during the whole of the action.

Not a moment's cease;

The leaks gain fast on the pumps, the fire eats toward the powder-magazine.

One of the pumps has been shot away, it is generally thought we are sinking.

Serene stands the little captain;

He is not hurried, his voice is neither high nor low; His eyes give more light to us than our battle-lanterns.

Toward twelve at night, there in the beams of the moon, they surrender to us.

Stretched and still lies the midnight;

Two great hills motionless on the breast of the darkness;

Our vessel riddled and slowly sinking—preparations to pass to the one we have conquered;

The captain on the quarter-deck coldly giving his orders through a countenance white as a sheet;

Near by, the corpse of the child that served in the cabin;

The dead face of an old salt with long white hair and carefully curled whiskers;

The flames, spite of all that can be done, flickering aloft and below;

The husky voices of the two or three officers yet fit for duty;

Formless stacks of bodies, and bodies by themselves, dabs of flesh upon the masts and spars,

Cut of cordage, dangle of rigging, slight shock of the soothe of waves,

Black and impassive guns, litter of powder-parcels, strong scent,

Delicate sniffs of sea-breeze, smells of sedgy grass, and charge to survivors,

The hiss of the surgeon's knife, the gnawing teeth of his saw,

Wheeze, chuck, swash of falling blood, short wild scream, and long, dull, tapering groan;

These so—these irretrievable.

WALT WHITMAN.

# THE SAILOR-BOY.

**H**E rose at dawn and fired with hope,  
Shot o'er the seething harbor-bar,  
And reached the ship and caught the rope  
And whistled to the morning star.

And while he whistled long and loud

He heard a fierce mermaiden cry,

"O boy, though thou art young and proud,  
I see the place where thou wilt lie.

"The sands and yeasty surges mix

In caves about the dreary bay,

And on thy ribs the limpet sticks,

And in thy heart the scrawl shall play."

"Fool," he answered, "death is sure

To those that stay and those that roam,

But I will nevermore endure

To sit with empty hands at home.

"My mother clings about my neck,

My sisters crying, 'Stay, for shame;'

My father raves of death and wreck,

They are all to blame, they are all to blame

"God help me! save I take my part

Of danger on the roaring sea,

A devil rises in my heart,

Far worse than any death to me."

ALFRED TENNYSON.

## THE GALLANT SAIL-BOAT.

FROM "TWIN SOULS: A PSYCHIC ROMANCE."

HIGH noon had dried the morning dew,  
 Old Æolus his warm winds blew,  
 The wavelets washed the gleaming strand  
 And flung their foam upon the sand,  
 The bathers shouted in their glee,  
 As, splashing in the genial sea,  
 They dipped beneath the waves and then,  
 With each new breaker, plunged again.  
 The young, the old looked on and laughed,  
 With freshened cheeks the breeze they quaffed,  
 Bright children frolicked on the beach,  
 And accents of their prattling speech  
 Joined with the surf-song, loud and clear,  
 In music dulcet to the ear.

The fashion of the town was there  
 To breathe the cool and bracing air:  
 The men of mind, the men of wealth,  
 The men who, in pursuit of health,  
 Take pills and potions for their ills—  
 Dull headaches, sideaches, sweats and chills—  
 And, skipping off from work and care,  
 Take once a year a breath of air.

And women, pale and melancholy,  
 Burned out by fashion's winter folly,  
 Like eastern queens were decked and dressed,  
 Just to lie by and take a rest.  
 These drooping willows, day by day,  
 In stupid languor seemed to say,  
 "Life somewhere on this dismal sphere  
 May be worth living, but not here."

Not such the sprightly, merry party,  
 Young maidens bright and fellows hearty,  
 Who stood with Conrad on the shore,  
 Where break the waters evermore.  
 Among the group that clustered there,  
 Could there be found a mated pair,  
 Who, come what might of wind and weather,  
 Would sail life's rumpled sea together?

The boat, impatient of delay,  
 With spreading, white wings flew away,  
 Pushed its bold venture more and more,  
 Left far behind the fading shore,  
 And glided on, swan-like and free,  
 A thing of life, sylph of the sea.  
 The speed grew swift, each eager sail  
 Swelled as it caught the gentle gale,

And so, with canvas all unfurled,  
 Around the prow the waters curled,  
 And wreaths of spray, formed one by one,  
 Made rainbows in the shining sun.

The lively breeze then stiffer grew,  
 The sail-boat leaped and darted through  
 Each billow as it struck her breast,  
 Or, mounting upward, skimmed the crest,  
 Plunged down into the hollow graves,  
 Made by the fast advancing waves,  
 Then rose again with graceful bound,  
 Wet with the white-caps splashing round,  
 And in her frolicsome advance,  
 Moved like a maiden in the dance.  
 Careening low upon her side,  
 No bird that cuts the air could glide  
 More deftly than she gaily flew,  
 Light-hearted, o'er the waters blue.

And just as gay were those on board,  
 Their youthful spirits in accord.  
 As well-tuned strings wake with a thrill  
 Touched by the harpist's facile skill,  
 So these young hearts were in attune,  
 And carolled like the birds of June.  
 The pleasure-seekers, side by side,  
 Rode with the wind, rode with the tide,  
 While sparkling jest and blithesome song,  
 And bursts of laughter loud and long,  
 Spontaneous mirth and shouts of glee,  
 Went floating o'er the ruffled sea.

HENRY DAVENPORT.

## BEAUTY OF SEA-WAVES.

A LADY, on seeing the sea at Brighton for the first time, exclaimed, "What a beautiful field!" She had never seen such a beautiful green, moving, sparkling, grassy prairie. Mr. Leigh Hunt lavished a page of admiration upon a line of Ariosto's describing the waves as

"Neptune's white herds lowing o'er the deep."

Anacreon exclaims, in language appropriate to calm seas and smooth sand-beaches, "How the waves of the sea kiss the shore!" Saint-Lambert has four lines descriptive of the waves of a stormy sea dashing upon the beach, which have been much admired by writers upon imitative harmony. "Neptune has raised up his turbulent plains, the sea falls and leaps upon the trembling shores. She remounts, groans, and with redoubled blows makes the abyss and the shaken mountains resound."



# ALBUM OF LOVE:

CONTAINING

## GLOWING TRIBUTES TO THE MASTER PASSION.

### THE CROWNING GRACE.



MANY live and die knowing nothing of love except through their intellect. Their ideas on the subject are fanciful, because it has never been revealed by consciousness. Yet it were to question the benignity of God to believe that an element of our being so operative and subtle, and one that abounds chiefly in the good and the gifted, is of light import or not susceptible of being explained by reason, justified by conscience, and hallowed by religion, and thus made to bear a harvest not only of delight, but of virtue.

Love, Petrarch maintains, is the

crowning grace of humanity, the holiest right of the soul, the golden link which binds us to duty and truth, the redeeming principle that chiefly reconciles the heart to life, and is prophetic of eternal good. It is a blessing of a glorious experience, according to the soul in which it is engendered.

The blessedness of true love springs from the soul itself, and is felt to be its legitimate and holiest fruit. Thus, and thus alone, is human nature richly developed, and the best interests of life wisely embraced. Shadows give way to substance, vague wishes to permanent aims, indifferent moods to endearing associations, and vain desire to a "hope full of immortality." Man is for the first time revealed to himself, and absolutely known to another; for entire sympathy, not friendly observation, is the key to our individual natures; and

when this has fairly opened the sacred portal, we are alone no more for ever!

HENRY T. TUCKERMAN.

### A CUBAN LOVE SONG.

THE dewdrops glitter on the tree,  
Gold flashes the wild, tropic sea.  
And now I'm dreaming, love, of thee,  
Of Charmiane.

The wood-dove coos within his nest  
With gentle love his home is blest,  
And he knows that I love thee best,  
My Charmiane!

Now night is come and fireflies bright  
Shed o'er the flowers their golden light  
And love-birds call with all their might  
To Charmiane!

The silver morn hangs in the sky,  
Around the tower the black bats fly,  
Whilst I am calling soft to my  
Sweet Charmiane.

DAISY DEANE.

### I WON'T BE YOUR DEARIE ANY MORE.

YOU are fickle, oh, so fickle, dare I tell,  
All my striving shall undo the magic spell,  
Sweet the dreams I dreamt the while  
Will no more my heart beguile,  
For I won't be your dearie any more.

All confiding on your single heart I dreamt,  
Little thinking that your vows were never meant;  
You will wonder when you find,  
That the girl you left behind,  
Isn't going to be your dearie any more.

In some other luscious beauty's liquid eyes  
You will steep your fickle heart with tender sighs,  
But when at length you'll run  
From the fickle web you've spun,  
You will find I'm not your dearie any more.

Some other bonnet now you'll dote upon,  
And your evenings at the club will madly run,  
The estrangement will not hurt,  
For with others I can flirt,

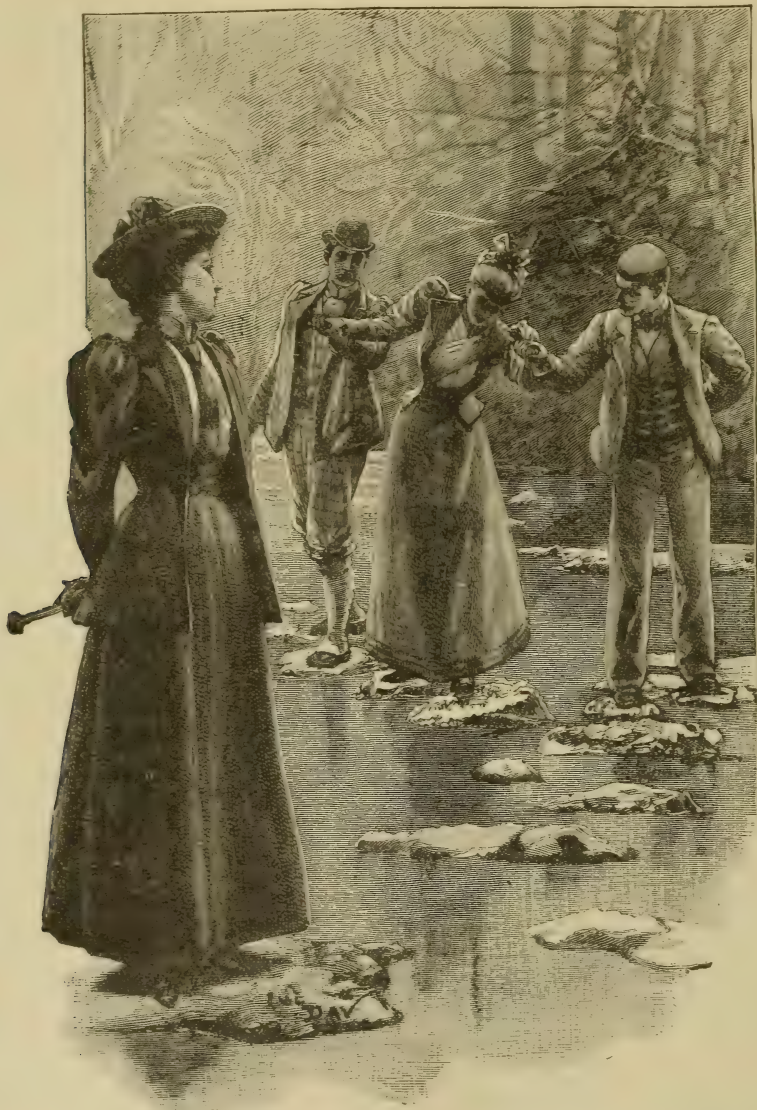
As I won't be your dearie any more.

ROSE REILLY.

## MY IDEAL.

HER height? Perhaps you'd deem her tall—  
 To be exact, just five feet seven,  
 Her arching feet are not too small;  
 Her glancing eyes are bits of heaven.

Her nose is just the proper size,  
 Without a trace of upward turning.  
 Her shell-like ears are wee and wise  
 The tongue of scandal ever spurning.



Slim are her hands, though not too wee—  
 I could not fancy useless fingers;  
 Her hands are all that hands should be,  
 And own a touch whose memory lingers.

Though little of her neck is seen,  
 That little is both smooth and sightly;  
 And fair as marble is its sheen  
 Above her bodice gleaming whitely.

In mirth and woe her voice is low,  
 Her calm demeanor never fluttered;  
 Her every accent seems to go  
 Straight to one's heart as soon as uttered.  
 She ne'er coquets as others do;  
 Her tender heart would never let her.  
 Where does she dwell? I would I knew,  
 As yet, alas! I've never met her.

SAMUEL MINTURN PECK.



THE FIRST KISS.

HOW delicious is the winning  
Of a kiss at love's beginning,  
When two mutual hearts are sighing  
For the knot there's no untying.

Yet remember, midst your wooing,  
Love has bliss, but love has ruing;  
Other smiles may make you fickle,  
Tears for other charms may trickle.

Love he comes, and love he tarries,  
Just as fate or fancy carries,—  
Longest stays when sorest chidden,  
Laughs and flies when pressed and bidden.

Bind the sea to slumber stilly,  
Bind its odor to the lily,  
Bind the aspen ne'er to quiver,—  
Then bind love to last forever!

Love's a fire that needs renewal  
Of fresh beauty for its fuel;  
Love's wing moults when caged and captured,—  
Only free he soars enraptured.

Can you keep the bee from ranging,  
Or the ring-dove's neck from changing?  
No! nor fettered love from dying  
In the knot there's no untying.

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

QUAKERDOM.

THE FORMAL CALL.

THROUGH her forced, abnormal quiet  
Flashed the soul of frolic riot,  
And a most malicious laughter lighted up  
her downcast eyes;  
All in vain I tried each topic,  
Ranged from polar climes to tropic,—  
Every commonplace I started met with yes-or-no  
replies.

For her mother—stiff and stately,  
As if starched and ironed lately—  
Sat erect, with rigid elbows bedded thus in curving  
palms;  
There she sat on guard before us,  
And in words precise, decorous,  
And most calm, reviewed the weather, and recited  
several psalms.

How without abruptly ending  
This my visit, and offending  
Wealthy neighbors, was the problem which em-  
ployed my mental care;  
When the butler, bowing lowly,  
Uttered clearly, stiffly, slowly,  
"Madam, please, the gardener wants you,"—  
Heaven, I thought, has heard my prayer.

"Pardon me!" she grandly uttered;  
Bowing low, I gladly muttered,  
"Surely, madam!" and, relieved, I turned to scan  
the daughter's face:

Ha! what pent-up mirth outflashes  
From beneath those pencilled lashes!  
How the drill of Quaker custom yields to nature's  
brilliant grace.

Brightly springs the prisoned fountain  
From the side of Delphi's mountain  
When the stone that weighed upon its buoyant life  
is thrust aside;  
So the long-enforced stagnation  
Of the maiden's conversation  
Now imparted five-fold brilliance to its ever-vary-  
ing tide.

Widely ranging, quickly changing,  
Witty, winning, from beginning  
Unto end I listened, merely flinging in a casual  
word;  
Eloquent and yet how simple!  
Hand and eye, and eddying dimple,  
Tongue and lip together made a music seen as well  
as heard.

When the noonday woods are ringing,  
All the birds of summer singing,  
Suddenly there falls a silence, and we know a ser-  
pent nigh:  
So upon the door a rattle  
Stopped our animated tattle,  
And the stately mother found us prim enough to  
suit her eye. CHARLES G. HALPINE.

MARION MOORE.

GONE, art thou, Marion, Marion Moore,  
Gone, like the bird in the autumn that  
singeth;  
Gone, like the flower by the way-side that springeth;  
Gone, like the leaf of the ivy that clingeth  
Round the lone rock on a storm-beaten shore!

Dear wert thou, Marion, Marion Moore,  
Dear as the tide in my broken heart throbbing;  
Dear as the soul o'er thy memory sobbing;  
Sorrow my life of its roses is robbing  
Wasting is all the glad beauty of yore.

I will remember thee, Marion Moore!  
I shall remember, alas! to regret thee!  
I will regret when all others forget thee;  
Deep in my breast will the hour that I met thee  
Linger and burn till life's fever is o'er.

Gone, art thou, Marion, Marion Moore!  
Gone, like the breeze o'er the billow that bloweth;  
Gone, like the rill to the ocean that floweth;  
Gone, as the day from the grey mountain goeth,  
Darkness behind thee, but glory before.

Peace to thee, Marion, Marion Moore!  
Peace which the queens of the earth cannot borrow;  
Peace from a kingdom that crowned thee with  
sorrow;

O! to be happy with thee on the morrow  
Who would not fly from this desolate shore?

JAMES G. CLARK.

## SPEAK IT ONCE MORE.

FROM THE PORTUGUESE.

SAY over again, and yet once over again,  
That thou dost love me. Though the word  
repeated  
Should seem "a cuckoo-song," as thou dost treat it,  
Remember, never to the hill or plain,  
Valley and wood, without her cuckoo-strain,  
Comes the fresh spring in all her green completed.  
Beloved, I, amid the darkness greeted  
By a doubtful spirit-voice, in that doubt's pain

Cry: "Speak once more—thou lovest!" Who can  
fear

Too many stars, though each in heaven shall roll—  
Too many flowers, though each shall crown the  
year?

Say thou dost love me, love me, love me—toll  
The silver iterance!—only minding, dear,  
To love me also in silence, with thy soul.

ELIZABETH B. BROWNING.

## HER BRIGHT EYES TOLD ME YES.



WEET Molly was a maiden coy, divinely fair to see,  
With all a maiden's willfulness she tantalized poor me.  
She laughed at all my pleadings, oh, it seemed they were in vain,  
My ardent vows she ridiculed, and treated with disdain.  
But when I gazed into her face, no more I felt distress,  
For though her lips they told me no, her bright eyes told me yes.

Although her lips they told me no, her bright eyes told me yes,  
Beneath her sweeping lashes I could see love's tenderness.

Some day I knew she would be mine—the truth she would confess—

For though her lips they told me no, her bright eyes told me yes.

At times I tried to steal a kiss, my arm crept round  
her waist,  
I tilted up her dimpled chin and stooped, her lips  
to taste.  
And then in simulated wrath, and with a haughty  
"sir,"  
She'd tear herself from my embrace, but swift I'd  
follow her,  
And undismayed I'd try again—her thoughts I  
well could guess—  
For though her lips they told me no, her bright  
eyes told me, yes.

And now for years she's been my wife, we both  
are getting old,

Our heads are white, our backs are bent, but love  
has not grown cold.

Content we journey hand in hand along life's  
winding way;

Joy keeps our hearts forever young, as on our wed-  
ding day.

My youthful dream came true, I knew I'd have  
this happiness—

For though her lips they told me no, her bright  
eyes told me, yes. TOM L. SAPPINGTON.

## THE CHESS-BOARD.

M Y little love, do you remember,  
Ere we were grown so sadly wise,  
Those evenings in the bleak December,  
Curtailed warm from the snowy weather,  
When you and I played chess together,  
Checkmated by each other's eyes?

Ah! still I see your soft white hand  
Hovering warm o'er Queen and Knight;  
Brave Pawns in valiant battle stand;  
The double Castles guard the wings;  
The Bishop, bent on distant things,  
Moves, sidling, through the fight.

Our fingers touch; our glances meet,  
And falter; falls your golden hair  
Against my cheek; your bosom sweet  
Is heaving. Down the field your Queen

Rides slow, her soldiery all between,  
And checks me unaware.

Ah me! the little battle's done;  
Disperst is all its chivalry.  
Full many a move since then have we  
Mid life's perplexing checkers made,  
And many a game with fortune played;  
What is it we have won?

This, this at least—if this alone:

That never, never, nevermore,  
As in those old still nights of yore,  
(Ere we were grown so sadly wise),  
Can you and I shut out the skies,  
Shut out the world and wintry weather,  
And eyes exchanging warmth with eyes,  
Play chess, as then we played together.

ROBERT BULWER LYTTON.





WHISPERS OF LOVE.



## WOO THE FAIR ONE.

DOST thou idly ask to hear  
 At what gentle seasons  
 Nymphs relent, when lovers near  
 Press the tenderest reasons?  
 Ah, they give their faith too soft  
 To the careless wooer;  
 Maidens' hearts are always soft:  
 Would that men's were truer.

When, through boughs that knit the bower,  
 Moonlight gleams are stealing;  
 Woo her, till the gentle hour  
 Wake a gentler feeling.

Woo her, when autumnal dyes  
 Tinge the woody mountain;  
 When the drooping foliage lies  
 In the weedy fountain;



MATCHMAKING IN THE OLDEN TIME.

Woo the fair one, when around  
 Early birds are singing;  
 When, o'er all the fragrant ground,  
 Early herbs are springing:  
 When the brookside, bank, and grove,  
 All with blossoms laden,  
 Shine with beauty, breathe of love—  
 Woo the timid maiden.

Woo her when, with rosy blush,  
 Summer eve is sinking;  
 When, on rills that softly gush,  
 Stars are softly winking;

Let the scene, that tells how fast  
 Youth is passing over,  
 Warn her, ere her bloom is past,  
 To secure her lover.

Woo her, when the north winds call  
 At the lattice nightly;  
 When, within the cheerful hall,  
 Blaze the fagots brightly;  
 While the wintry tempest round  
 Sweeps the landscape hoary,  
 Sweeter in her ear shall sound  
 Love's delightful story. W. C. BRYANT.





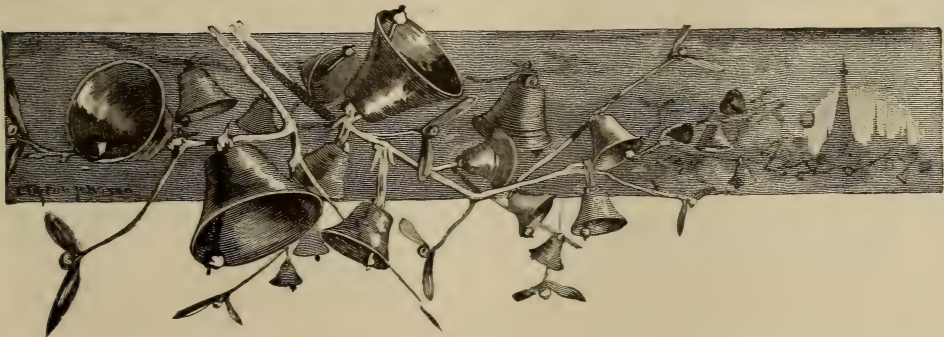
TWILIGHT shade is calmly falling  
 Round about the dew-robed flowers;  
 Philomel's lone song is calling  
 Lovers to their fairy bowers;  
 Echo, on the zephyrs gliding,  
 Bears a voice that seems to say—  
 "Ears and hearts, come, list my tiding:  
 This has been a wedding day."

Hark! The merry chimes are pealing—  
 Soft and glad the music swells;  
 Gaily on the night wind stealing,  
 Sweetly sound the wedding bells.

Ev'ry simple breast rejoices,  
 Laughter rides upon the gale;  
 Happy hearts and happy voices  
 Dwell within the lowly vale;  
 O, how sweet, on zephyrs gliding,  
 Sound the bells that seem to say—  
 "Ears and hearts, come, list my tiding:  
 This has been a wedding day."

Hark! The merry chimes are pealing—  
 Soft and glad the music swells;  
 Gaily on the night wind stealing,  
 Sweetly sound the wedding bells.

ELIZA COOK.



## MIZPAH!

It is said on good authority that a common custom among the ancient Hebrews when they separated was to speak the word "Mizpah," meaning thereby, "Jehovah watch between me and thee while we are absent one from another."

I KISSED your lips, and held your hands,  
And said farewell, and went away,  
Well knowing that another day  
Would speed you forth to other lands.  
And down the summer-scented street  
I heard your echoing voice repeat  
The Hebrew motto, quaint and sweet:  
" Mizpah !"

A thousand miles between us lay  
When autumn passed in lingering flight,  
And drenched with fragrant dew at night  
The woodland fires he lit by day ;  
But, all the golden distance through,  
From you to me and me to you  
Went out the tender prayer and true :  
Mizpah !

The winter night falls cold and bleak ;  
I sit, in saddened mood, alone,  
And listen to the wind's low moan,  
And hide a fear I dare not speak,  
For you are far, so far away,  
And younger lips have turned to clay ;  
Dear love ! I tremble while I pray,  
Mizpah !

At spring shall blossom up the plain,  
And Easter lilies scent the air,  
And song birds riot everywhere,  
And heart and hope grow glad again.  
Yet still my nightly prayer shall be,  
Though swallows build or swallows flee,  
Until my love comes back to me,  
Mizpah !

And when, with flowers of June, you come,  
And face to face again we stand,  
And heart to heart and hand to hand,  
O love ! within the one dear home :  
We shall not need to say again,  
In winter's snow or summer's rain,  
Till death shall come to part us twain :  
Mizpah !

## TRUE LOVE.

HE offers me no palace,  
No name of high degree ;  
Bright fortune's golden chalice  
He does not bring to me ;  
But he has won my hand,  
And he has gained my heart ;  
More than palace grand,  
All gold can impart  
His true love for me !  
His true love for me !

By many a tender token,  
By many a winning word,  
I know with love unbroken  
His heart for me is stirred ;  
For this I give my hand  
And yield my trusting heart,  
For more than title grand,  
Or aught wealth can impart,  
Is a true heart to me !  
Is a true heart to me !

Bright are the halls of pleasure,  
And grand is fashion's train,  
But far more do I treasure  
A home without a stain !  
Rank may not always charm,  
Nor fortune always bless ;  
But love the heart will warm,  
And bring true happiness !  
Then a bright home for me !  
Truth, love, and home for me !

## BONNIE WEE THING.

BONNIE wee thing ! cannie wee thing !  
Lovely wee thing ! wert thou mine,  
I wad wear thee in my bosom,  
Lest my jewel I should tine.  
Wishfully I look, and languish,  
In that bonnie face o' thine ;  
And my heart it stounds wi' anguish,  
Lest my wee thing be na mine.

Wit and grace, and love and beauty,  
In ae constellation shine ;  
To adore thee is my duty,  
Goddess o' this soul o' mine !  
Bonnie wee thing, cannie wee thing,  
Lovely wee thing, wert thou mine,  
I wad wear thee in my bosom,  
Lest my jewel I should tine.

ROBERT BURNS.

## HER CHRISTMAS LETTER.

WHEN I write to you  
My pen I'd dip with honey dew,  
When I write to you.

What can a woman say !  
Not hers to sing love's roundelay,  
What can a woman say !

" Faithful, strong and true !"  
Must run my letter through,  
When I write to you.

When you are far away  
My heart can make no holiday ;  
Come Christmas when it may.

AUGUSTA PRESCOTT.





## OH DOUBT ME NOT!

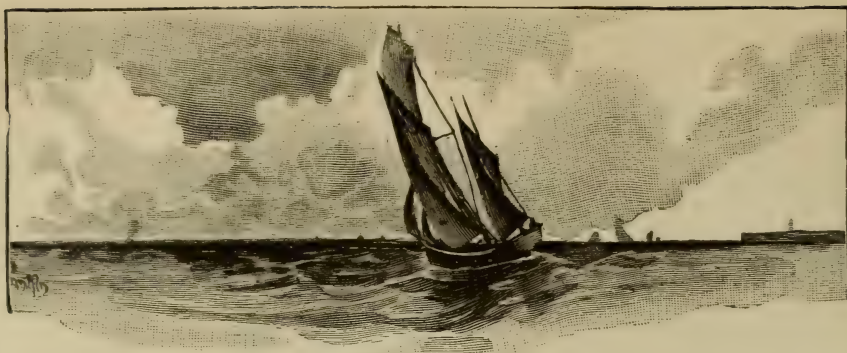
OH doubt me not!—the season  
 Is o'er, when folly made me rove,  
 And now the vestal, reason,  
 Shall watch the fire awaked by love.  
 Although this heart was early blown,  
 And fairest hands disturbed the tree,  
 They only shook some blossoms down,  
 Its fruit has all been kept for thee.  
 Then doubt me not—the season  
 Is o'er, when folly made me rove;  
 And now the vestal, reason,  
 Shall watch the fire awaked by love.

THOMAS MOORE.

## REMEMBERED.

NAY, tempt me not to love again,  
 There was a time when love was sweet;  
 Dear Nea! had I known thee then,  
 Our souls had not been slow to meet!  
 But, oh! this weary heart hath run  
 So many a time the rounds of pain,  
 Not e'en for thee, thou lovely one!  
 Would I endure such pangs again.  
 In pleasure's dream or sorrow's hour,  
 In crowded hall or lonely bower,  
 The business of my soul shall be,  
 Forever to remember thee!

THOMAS MOORE.



## TO MY DREAM-LOVE.

WHERE art thou, oh! my beautiful? Afar  
I seek thee sadly, till the day is done,  
And o'er the splendor of the setting sun,  
Cold, calm, and silvery floats the even-  
ing star:

Where art thou? Ah! where art thou, hid in light  
That haunts me, yet still wraps thee from my  
sight?

Not wholly, ah! not wholly—still love's eyes  
Trace thy dim beauty through the mystic veil,  
Like the young moon that glimmers faint and pale,  
At noon-tide through the sun-web of the skies:  
But ah! I ope mine arms, and thou art gone,  
And only memory knows where thou hast shone.

Night—night the tender, the compassionate,  
Bindeth thee, gem-like, 'mid her raven hair:  
I dream, I see, I feel that thou art there—  
And stand all weeping at sleep's golden gate,  
Till the leaves open, and the glory streams  
Down through my tranced soul in radiant dreams.

Too short, too short, soon comes the chilly morn,  
To shake from love's boughs all their sleep-born  
bloom,

And wake my heart back to its bitter doom,  
Sending me through the land downcast, forlorn,  
Whilst thou, my beautiful, art far away,  
Bearing the brightness from my joyless day.

I stand and gaze across earth's fairest sea,  
And still the flashing of the restless main  
Sounds like the clashing of a prisoner's chain,  
That binds me, oh! my beautiful, from thee.  
Oh! sea-bird, flashing past on snow-white wing,  
Bear my soul to her in thy wandering!

My heart is weary, gazing o'er the sea—  
O'er the long dreary lines that close the sky:  
Through solemn sunsets ever mournfully,  
Gazing in vain, my beautiful, for thee;  
Hearing the sullen waves for evermore  
Dashing around me on the lonely shore.

But tides creep lazily about the sands,  
Washing frail land-marks, Lethe-like, away;  
And though their records perish day by day,  
Still stand I ever with close-claped hands,  
Gazing far westward o'er the heaving sea,  
Gazing in vain, my beautiful, for thee.

WALTER A. CASSELS.

## KISS ME, AND BE STILL.

SWEETHEART, if there should come a time  
When in my careworn face  
The beauty of a vanished prime,  
You strive in vain to trace;  
When faded tresses gray and thin,  
Defy the binder's skill;  
Sweetheart, betray no sign,  
By word no look repine.  
Think of the grace that once was mine;  
Kiss me and be still.

Sweetheart, if there should come a year  
When from my withered lips  
The loving word that now rings clear,  
In tuneless weakness slips;  
If I should sing with quavering voice

Some old song worse than ill,  
Sweetheart, with kind deceit,  
No mocking words repeat.  
Think of the voice that once was sweet;  
Kiss me, and be still.

Sweetheart, if there should come a day—  
I know not when nor how—  
When your love beams with lessening ray,  
That burns so brightly now;  
When you can meet my faithful eyes,  
And feel no answering thrill;  
Sweetheart, let me know—  
I could not bear the woe—  
Think of the dear, dead long ago;  
Kiss me, and be still.

SAMUEL MINTURN PECK.



THE ARCTIC LOVER.

ONE is the long, long winter night;  
 Look, my beloved one!  
 How glorious, through his depths of light,  
 Rolls the majestic sun!  
 The willows waked from winter's death,  
 Give out a fragrance like thy breath—  
 The summer is begun!

Ay, 'tis the long bright summer day:  
 Hark, to that mighty crash!  
 The loosened ice-ridge breaks away—  
 The smitten waters flash.  
 Seaward the glittering mountain rides,  
 While down its green translucent sides,  
 The foamy torrents dash.

See, love, my boat is moored for thee,  
 By ocean's weedy floor—  
 The petrel does not skim the sea  
 More swiftly than my oar.  
 We'll go, where, on the rocky isles,  
 Her eggs the screaming sea-fowl piles  
 Beside the pebbly shore.

Or, bide thou where the poppy blows,  
 With wind-flowers frail and fair,  
 While I, upon his isle of snows,  
 Seek and defy the bear.  
 Fierce though he be, and huge of frame,  
 This arm his savage strength shall tame,  
 And drag him from his lair.

When crimson sky and flamy cloud  
 Bespeak the summer o'er,  
 And the dead valleys wear a shroud  
 Of snows that melt no more,  
 I'll build of ice thy winter home,  
 With glistening walls and glassy dome,  
 And spread with skins the floor.

The white fox by thy couch shall play;  
 And, from the frozen skies,  
 The meteors of a mimic day  
 Shall flash upon thine eyes.  
 And I—for such thy vow—meanwhile  
 Shall hear thy voice and see thy smile,  
 Till that long midnight flies.

W. C. BRYANT.

THE POWER OF LOVE.

THE passion remakes the world for the youth. It makes all things alive and significant. Nature grows conscious. Every bird on the boughs of the tree sings now to his heart and soul. Almost the notes are articulate. The clouds have faces, as he looks on them. The trees of the forest, the waving grass and the peeping flowers have grown intelligent; and almost he fears to trust them with the secret which they seem to invite. Yet nature soothes and sympathizes. In the green solitude he finds a dearer home than with men.

“Fountain heads and pathless groves,  
 Places which pale passion loves,  
 Moonlight walks, when all the fowls  
 Are safely housed, save bats and owls,  
 A midnight bell, a passing groan,  
 These are the sounds we feed upon.”

Behold there in the wood the fine madman! He is a palace of sweet sounds and sights; he dilates; he is twice a man; he walks with arms akimbo; he soliloquizes; he accosts the grass and the trees; he feels the blood of the violet, the clover and the lily in his veins; and he talks with the brook that wets his foot.

The causes that have sharpened his perceptions of natural beauty have made him love music and verse. It is a fact often observed that men have written good verses under the inspiration of passion, who cannot write well under any other circumstances.

The like force has the passion over all his nature. It expands the sentiment; it makes the clown gentle, and gives the coward heart. Into the most pitiful and abject it will infuse a heart and courage to defy the world, so only it have the countenance of the beloved object. In giving him to another, it still more gives him to himself. He is a new man, with new perceptions, new and keener purposes, and a religious solemnity of character and aims. He does not longer appertain to his family and society. He is somewhat. He is a person. He is a soul.

R. W. EMERSON.

## THE WELCOME.



COME in the evening, or come in the morning;  
Come when you're looked for, or come without warning;  
Kisses and welcome you'll find here before you,  
And the oftener you come here the more I'll adore you!  
Light is my heart since the day we were plighted;  
Red is my cheek that they told me was blighted;  
The green of the trees looks far greener than ever.  
And the linnets are singing, "True lovers don't sever!"

I'll pull you sweet flowers, to wear if you choose them!  
Or, after you've kissed them, they'll lie on my bosom;  
I'll fetch from the mountain its breeze to inspire you;  
I'll fetch from my fancy a tale that won't tire you.  
Oh! your step's like the rain to the summer-vexed farmer,  
Or sabre and shield to a knight without armor;  
I'll sing you sweet songs till the stars rise above me,  
Then wandering, I'll wish you in silence to love me.

We'll look through the trees at the cliff and the  
eyrie;

We'll tread round the rath on the track of the fairy;  
We'll look on the stars, and we'll list to the river,  
Till you ask of your darling what gift you can give  
her.

Oh! she'll whisper you—"Love, as unchangeably  
beaming,

And trust, when in secret, most tunefully streaming;  
Till the starlight of heaven above us shall quiver,  
As our souls flow in one down eternity's river."

So come in the evening, or come in the morning;  
Come when you're looked for, or come without  
warning;

Kisses and welcome you'll find here before you,  
And the oftener you come here the more I'll adore  
you!

Light is my heart since the day we were plighted;  
Red is my cheek that they told me was blighted;  
The green of the trees looks far greener than ever,  
And the linnets are singing, "True lovers don't  
sever!"

THOMAS DAVIS.

## CAN YOU FORGET ME?

CAN you forget me?—I who have so cher-  
ished

The veriest trifle that was memory's link?  
The roses that you gave me, although perished,  
Were precious in my sight; they made me  
think

You took them in their scentless beauty stooping  
From the warm shelter of the garden wall;

Autumn, while into languid winter drooping,  
Gave its last blossoms, opening but to fall.

Can you forget them?

Can you forget me? My whole soul was blended;  
At least it sought to blend itself with thine;

My life's whole purpose, winning thee, seemed  
ended;

Thou wert my heart's sweet home—my spirit's  
shrine.

Can you forget me?—when the firelight burning,  
Flung sudden gleams around the quiet room?  
How would thy words, to long past moments turn-  
ing,

Trust me with thoughts soft as the shadowy  
gloom!

Can you forget them?

Can you forget me? This is vainly tasking  
The faithless heart where I, alas! am not.

Too well I know the idleness of asking—  
The misery—of why am I forgot?

The happy hours that I have passed while kneeling,  
Half slave, half child, to gaze upon thy face,

But what to thee this passionate appealing—  
Let my heart break—it is a common case.

You have forgotten me.

LETITIA E. LANDON.

## THE STARS ARE WITH THE VOYAGER.

THE stars are with the voyager  
Wherever he may sail;  
The moon is constant to her time;  
The sun will never fail;  
But follow, follow round the world,  
The green earth and the sea;  
So love is with the lover's heart,  
Wherever he may be.

Wherever he may be, the stars  
Must daily lose their light;  
The moon will veil her in the shade;  
The sun will set at night.  
The sun may set, but constant love  
Will shine when he's away;  
So that dull night is never night,  
And day is brighter day.

THOMAS HOOD.



ETHEL'S SONG OF LOVE.

FROM "TWIN SOULS: A PSYCHIC ROMANCE."

**I** LOVE, and my heart that was dying,  
 Scarce gasping a tremulous breath,  
 To song turns its sorrowful sighing,  
 And ceases its moanings for death;  
 O worlds! hear my jubilant singing—  
 Notes keyed to the coo of the dove—  
 Notes keyed to the clarion, ringing—  
 O worlds, 'tis the music of love!  
 O love, I hear melodies stealing  
 From woodlands and meadows and dells,

Now, hues of the May-trees are whiter,  
 And deeper the blush of the dawn,  
 The far constellations are brighter,  
 The wail of the night winds is gone.

Hush, hush! Through the shadows that hover  
 Around me this star-lighted night,  
 I catch the footfall of my lover—  
 Two beings in one now unite;  
 He comes with the glow of the morning,  
 He comes with the breath of the spring;



As if the glad angels were pealing  
 Soft chimes from invisible bells;  
 A mystical harp thou art thrumming,  
 Whose strings are the sun's mellow beams—  
 I list to the sweet, tender humming,  
 And hear it again in my dreams.

O love, my hot brow thou art wreathing  
 With blossoms pearl dew have caressed;  
 With affluent joy thou art breathing  
 New life through my perishing breast;

Too cheap were such tawdry adorning  
 As graces the head of a king.

O lover, to me thou art bringing  
 The gems of earth's opulent zones,  
 And down at my feet thou art flinging  
 Far more than the splendor of thrones!  
 Poor, poor was my spirit and dying,  
 Till thou to my bosom didst fly,  
 Now, angels as well might be sighing,  
 And pant in their heaven to die.

HENRY DAVENPORT.

FOR LOVE'S SWEET SAKE.

**A** WAKE!—the starry midnight hour  
 Hangs charmed, and pauseth in its flight;  
 In its own sweetness sleeps the flower,  
 And the doves lie hushed in deep delight.  
 Awake! awake!  
 Look forth, my love, for love's sweet sake!

Awake!—soft dews will soon arise  
 From daisied mead and thorny brake:  
 Then, sweet, uncloud those eastern eyes,  
 And like the tender morning break!  
 Awake! awake!  
 Dawn forth, my love, for love's sweet sake!

Awake!—within the musk-rose bower  
 I watch, pale flower of love, for thee.  
 Ah, come! and show the starry hour  
 What wealth of love thou hid'st from me!  
 Awake! awake!  
 Show all thy love, for love's sweet sake!

Awake!—ne'er heed though listening night  
 Steal music from thy silver voice;  
 Uncloud thy beauty, rare and bright,  
 And bid the world and me rejoice!

Awake! awake!  
 She comes at last, for love's sweet sake.

BARRY CORNWALL.

## THE SLEEPING BEAUTY.

FROM "THE DAY DREAM."

YEAR after year unto her feet,  
 She lying on her couch alone,  
 Across the purple coverlet,  
 The maiden's jet-black hair has grown ;  
 On either side her trancèd form  
 Forth streaming from a braid of pearl ;  
 The slumb'rous light is rich and warm,  
 And moves not on the rounded curl.



The silk star-broidered coverlid  
 Unto her limbs itself doth mould,  
 Languidly ever ; and amid  
 Her full black ringlets, downward rolled,  
 Glows forth each softly shadowed arm,  
 With bracelets of the diamond bright.  
 Her constant beauty doth inform  
 Stillness with love, and day with light.

She sleeps ; her breathings are not heard  
 In palace chambers far apart.  
 The fragrant tresses are not stirred  
 That lie upon her charmed heart.  
 She sleeps ; on either hand upswells  
 The gold-fringed pillow lightly prest ;  
 She sleeps, nor dreams, but ever dwells  
 A perfect form in perfect rest.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

## THE REVIVAL OF THE "SLEEPING BEAUTY."

FROM "THE DAY DREAM."

A TOUCH, a kiss ! the charm was snapt.  
 There rose a noise of striking clocks ;  
 And feet that ran, and doors that clapt,  
 And barking dogs, and crowing cocks ;  
 A fuller light illumined all ;

A breeze through all the garden swept ;  
 A sudden hubbub shook the hall ;  
 And sixty feet the fountain leapt.

The hedge broke in, the banner blew,  
 The butler drank, the steward scrawled,  
 The fire shot up, the martin flew,  
 The parrot screamed, the peacock squalled ;  
 The maid and page renewed their strife ;  
 The palace banged, and buzzed and clackt ;  
 And all the long-pent stream of life  
 Dashed downward in a cataract.

And last of all the king awoke,  
 And in his chair himself upreared,  
 And yawned, and rubbed his face, and  
 spoke :

"By holy rood, a royal beard !  
 How say you ? we have slept, my lords ;  
 My beard has grown into my lap."  
 The barons swore, with many words,  
 'T was but an after-dinner's nap.

"Pardy !" returned the king, "but still  
 My joints are something stiff or so.  
 My lord, and shall we pass the bill  
 I mentioned half an hour ago ?"  
 The chancellor, sedate and vain,  
 In courteous words returned reply ;  
 But dallied with his golden chain,  
 And, smiling, put the question by.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

## THE "SLEEPING BEAUTY" DEPARTS WITH HER LOVER.

FROM "THE DAY DREAM."

AND on her lover's arm she leant,  
 And round her waist she felt it fold ;  
 And far across the hills they went  
 In that new world which is the old.  
 Across the hills, and far away  
 Beyond their utmost purple rim,  
 And deep into the dying day,  
 The happy princess followed him.

"I'd sleep another hundred years,  
 O love, for such another kiss !"  
 "O wake forever, love," she hears,  
 "O love, 't was such as this and this."  
 And o'er them many a sliding star,  
 And many a merry wind was borne,  
 And, streamed through many a golden bar,  
 The twilight melted into morn.

"O eyes long laid in happy sleep !"  
 "O happy sleep, that lightly fled !"  
 "O happy kiss, that woke thy sleep !"  
 "O love, thy kiss would wake the dead !"  
 And o'er them many a flowing range  
 Of vapor buoyed the crescent bark ;  
 And, rapt through many a rosy change,  
 The twilight died into the dark.



"A hundred summers! can it be?  
And whither goest thou, tell me where!"  
"O, seek my father's court with me,  
For there are greater wonders there."  
And o'er the hills, and far away  
Beyond their utmost purple rim,  
Beyond the night, across the day,  
Through all the world she followed him.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

### THE BELLE OF THE BALL.

YEARS, years ago, ere yet my dreams  
Had been of being wise or witty,  
Ere I had done with writing themes,  
Or yawned o'er this infernal Chitty—  
Years, years ago, while all my joys  
Were in my fowling-piece and filly;  
In short, while I was yet a boy,  
I fell in love with Laura Lilly.

I saw her at the county ball;  
There, when the sounds of flute and fiddle  
Gave signal sweet in that old hall  
Of hands across and down the middle,  
Hers was the subtlest spell by far  
Of all that sets young hearts romancing:  
She was our queen, our rose, our star;  
And then she danced—O heaven! her dancing.

Dark was her hair; her hand was white;  
Her voice was exquisitely tender;  
Her eyes well full of liquid light;  
I never saw a waist so slender;  
Her every look, her every smile,  
Shot right and left a score of arrows:  
I thought 't was Venus from her isle,  
And wondered where she'd left her sparrows.

Through sunny May, through sultry June,  
I loved her with a love eternal;  
I spoke her praises to the moon,  
I wrote them to the Sunday journal.  
My mother laughed; I soon found out  
That ancient ladies have no feeling:  
My father frowned; but how should gout  
See any happiness in kneeling?

She was the daughter of a dean—  
Rich, fat and rather apoplectic;  
She had one brother just thirteen,  
Whose color was extremely hectic;  
Her grandmother for many a year,  
Had fed the parish with her bounty;  
Her second cousin was a peer,  
And lord-lieutenant of the county.

But titles and the three-per-cents,  
And mortgages, and great relations,  
And India bonds, and tithes and rents,  
O, what are they to love's sensations;  
Black eyes, fair forehead, clustering locks—

Such wealth, such honors Cupid chooses;  
He cares as little for the stocks  
As Baron Rothschild for the muses.

She sketched; the vale, the wood, the beach,  
Grew lovelier from her pencil's shading:  
She botanized; I envied each  
Young blossom in her boudoir fading:  
She warbled Handel; it was grand—  
She made the Catilina jealous:  
She touched the organ; I could stand  
For hours and hours to blow the bellows

And she was flattered, worshipped, bored;  
Her steps were watched, her dress was noted;  
Her poodle-dog was quite adored;  
Her sayings were extremely quoted.  
She laughed—and every heart was glad,  
As if the taxes were abolished;  
She frowned—and every look was sad,  
As if the opera were demolished

She smiled on many just for fun—  
I knew that there was nothing in it;  
I was the first, the only one,  
Her heart had thought of for a minute.  
I knew it, for she told me so,  
In phrase which was divinely moulded;  
She wrote a charming hand—and O,  
How sweetly all her notes were folded!

Our love was most like other loves,—  
A little glow, a little shiver,  
A rosebud and a pair of gloves,  
And "Fly Not Yet," upon the river;  
Some jealousy of some one's heir,  
Some hopes of dying broken-hearted;  
A miniature, a lock of hair,  
The usual vows—and then we parted.

We parted: months and years rolled by;  
We met again four summers after.  
Our parting was all sob and sigh.  
Our meeting was all mirth and laughter!  
For in my heart's most secret cell  
There had been many other lodgers;  
And she was not the ball-room's belle,  
But only Mrs.—Something—Rogers!

WINTHROP M. PRAED.

### MY TRUE-LOVE HATH MY HEART.

MY true-love hath my heart, and I have his,  
By just exchange one to the other given:  
I hold his dear, and mine he cannot miss,  
There never was a better bargain driven:  
My true-love hath my heart, and I have his.

His heart in me keeps him and me in one;  
My heart in him his thoughts and senses guides:  
He loves my heart, for once it was his own;  
I cherish his because in me it bides:  
My true-love hath my heart, and I have his.

SIR PHILIP SIDNEY.

## A REVERIE.

IT was only a winsome way she had,  
 As there in the twilight gray.  
 She smiled on me till my heart was glad,  
 In the glad, old-fashioned way;  
 And fainter far than echoes are  
 Was the touch of a tremulous tone  
 That round me fell with the magic spell  
 Of a hand that clasped my own.

The rough old river, close to our feet,  
 Ran on with curve and fret  
 As our love once ran on its way to meet  
 And be lost in a vain regret;  
 My darkened room shook out its gloom  
 Into folds of a fair delight,  
 Till overhead was canopied  
 By only the stars of night.

She flung me a shred of broken song,  
 Raveled from the unrest  
 That flutters where faith has suffered wrong  
 From doubts in the human breast;  
 And here and there and everywhere  
 The world bent down to wait,  
 With me, the sign of a form divine  
 And the click of a cottage gate.

Ah! Fate, you cannot hide her face  
 And fairy form from me!  
 For the soul is careless of time and space  
 And master of things to be;  
 And while you would have my spirit sad  
 As I sit in the twilight gray,  
 She smiles on me till my heart is glad  
 In the glad, old-fashioned way.

## THE BACHELOR'S SOLILOQUY.

TO marry or not to marry? that's the question.  
 Whether 'tis nobler in the bach to suffer  
 The jeers and banter of outrageous females,  
 Or to take arms against a sea of troubles,  
 And by proposing, end them. To court; to marry,  
 To be a bach no more: and, by a marriage end  
 The heart-ache, and the thousand and one ills  
 Bachelors are heir to; 'tis a consummation  
 Heartily to be wished. To court, to marry;  
 To marry! perchance to rue—ay, there's the rub;  
 For in that state what afterthoughts may come,  
 When we have shuffled off this bachelor coil,  
 Must bring repentance.

There's the respect  
 That makes men live so long a single life,  
 For who would bear the scorn of pretty girls,  
 The hints of widows, the insolence of married men,  
 The inconveniences of undarned socks,  
 And thread-bare coats, and shirts with buttons off,  
 The pangs of love-fits, and the misery  
 Of sleeping with cold feet, the dumps, the blues,  
 The horrors and the owl-like loneliness;

When he himself might his quietus make  
 With a bare "will you have me?" Who would bear  
 To fret and groan under a single life,  
 But that the dread of something after marriage—  
 That undiscovered net-work from whose meshes  
 No venturer escapes, puzzles the will,  
 And makes us rather bear the ills we have  
 Than fly to others that we know not of?

## CONSTANCY.

BENEATH the shadows of the trees,  
 In groves where floats the perfumed breeze,  
 'Mid roses and 'mid violets,  
 I wait, O, love, for thee.

'Neath skies of deep and sunny blue  
 By water that reflects its hue,  
 By bayou deep and shallow bay,  
 I wait, O, love, for thee.

With youth and ever-living love,  
 Which comes to us from Heaven above,  
 With hope and trust and charity,  
 I wait, O, love, for thee.

'Till age shall turn my dark hair gray,  
 'Till life's illusions fade away,  
 'Till earth shall sever life's frail cord,  
 I'll wait, O, love, for thee.

ADELE AUZE.

## GO, HAPPY ROSE.

GO, happy rose! and interweave  
 With other flowers, bind my love!  
 Tell her, too, she must not be  
 Longer flowing, longer free,  
 That so oft hath fettered me.

Say, if she's fretful, I have bands  
 Of pearl and gold to bind her hands;  
 Tell her, if she struggle still,  
 I have myrtle rods at will,  
 For to tame, though not to kill.

Take then my blessing thus, and go,  
 And tell her this,—but do not so!  
 Lest a handsome anger fly,  
 Like a lightning from her eye,  
 And burn thee up, as well as I.

ROBERT HERRICK.

## LIGHT.

THE night has a thousand eyes,  
 And the day but one;  
 Yet the light of the bright world dies,  
 With the dying sun.

The mind has a thousand eyes,  
 And the heart but one;  
 Yet the light of a whole life dies,  
 When love is done.

FRANCIS W. BOURDILLON.





CONSTANCY.



## LOVE AND MAY.

HER words fell soft upon my ear,  
 Like dropping dew from leafy spray :  
 She knew no shame, and felt no fear ;  
 She told me how her childhood grew—  
 Her joys how keen, her cares how few :  
 She smiled, and said her name was May.



I marked her for a little space ;  
 And soon she seemed to heed me not,  
 But gathered flowers before my face.  
 Oh, sweet to me her untaught ways !  
 The love I bore her all my days  
 Was born of that wild woodland spot.  
 I never called her bride nor wife,  
 I watched her bloom a little more,  
 And then she faded out of life :  
 She quaffed the wave I might not drink,  
 And I stood thirsting on the brink !  
 Oh ! hurrying tide !—Oh, dreary shore !

Wild as an untamed bird of spring,  
 She sported 'mid the forest ways,  
 Whose blossoms pale did round her crown,  
 Blithe was she as the banks of June,  
 Where humming-bees kept sweetest tune ;  
 The soul of love was in her lays.

Still, shouting 'neath the greenwood tree,  
 Glad children call upon her name ;  
 But life and time are changed to me :  
 The grass is growing where she trod,  
 Above her head a bladeless sod—  
 The very earth is not the same.

ELEONORA L. HERVEY.

## ESTRANGED.

AH well ! we are wiser at last ;  
 The charming delusion is over ;  
 Your dream of devotion is past,  
 And I—am no longer a lover.  
 But, darling (allow me the phrase  
 For simple civility's sake),  
 Don't think in this calmest of days,  
 I've any reproaches to make.

Ah no ! not a querulous word  
 Shall fall from my passionless pen ,  
 The sharp little scoldings you've heard  
 I never shall utter again.  
 But if in this final adieu,  
 Too chilly for even a kiss,  
 I venture a comment or two,  
 You surely won't take it amiss.

I'm thinking, my dear, of the day—  
 (Well, habit is certainly queer,  
 And still, in a lover-like way,  
 I call you my "darling" and "dear"),  
 I'm thinking, I say, of the time  
 I vowed you were charmingly clever,  
 And raved of your beauty in rhyme,  
 And promised to love you forever !

Forever ! a beautiful phrase,  
 Suggestive of heavenly pleasure,  
 That millions and millions of days  
 Were wholly unequal to measure !  
 And yet, as we sadly have seen,  
 The case is remarkably clear,  
 'Tis a word that may happen to mean  
 Rather less than a calendar year !

Yet I never have broken my vow,  
 Although I admit that I swore  
 To love you forever, and now  
 Confess that I love you no more ;  
 For, since you're no longer the same,  
 (Heaven pardon and pity us both !)  
 To be loving you now, I proclaim,  
 Were really breaking my oath !

JOHN G. SAXE.



## LOVE ME LITTLE, LOVE ME LONG.

This poem, the author of which is unknown, was originally printed more than 300 years ago. The title has become a common saying, and the sentiment appears to have been suggested by another saying, that "hot love is always short."

**L**OVE me little, love me long!  
Is the burden of my song:  
Love that is too hot and strong  
Burneth soon to waste.

Still I would not have thee cold,—  
Not too backward, nor too bold;  
Love that lasteth till 't is old  
Fadeth not in haste.

Love me little, love me long!  
Is the burden of my song.

If thou lovest me too much,  
'Twill not prove as true a touch;  
Love me little more than such,—  
For I fear the end.

I'm with little well content,  
And a little from thee sent  
Is enough, with true intent  
To be steadfast, friend.

Say thou lovest me, while thou live,  
I to thee my love will give,  
Never dreaming to deceive

While that life endures;  
Nay, and after death, in sooth,  
I to thee will keep my truth,  
As now when in my May of youth:  
This my love assures.

Constant love is moderate ever,  
And it will through life persevere;  
Give me that with true endeavor,—  
I will it restore.

A suit of durance let it be,  
For all weathers,—that for me,—  
For the land or for the sea;  
Lasting evermore.

Winter's cold or summer's heat,  
Autumn's tempests on it beat;  
It can never know defeat,  
Never can rebel:

Such the love that I would gain,  
Such the love, I tell thee plain,  
Thou must give, or woo in vain:  
So to thee—farewell!

## THE MILKMAID'S SONG.

**P**ULL, pull! and the pail is full,  
And milking's done and over.  
Who would not sit here under the tree?  
What a fair, fair thing's a green field to see!  
Brim, brim, to the rim, ah me!  
I have set my pail on the daisies!  
It seems so light—can the sun be set?  
The dews must be heavy, my cheeks are wet,  
I could cry to have hurt the daisies!

Harry is near, Harry is near,  
My heart's as sick as if he were here,  
My lips are burning, my cheeks are wet,  
He hasn't uttered a word as yet,  
But the air's astir with his praises.  
My Harry!  
The air's astir with your praises.

He has scaled the rock by the pixy's stone,  
He's among the kingcups—he picks me one,  
I love the grass that I tread upon  
When I go to my Harry!  
He has jumped the brook, he has climbed the  
knowe,

There's never a faster foot I know,  
But still he seems to tarry.

O Harry! O Harry! my love, my pride,  
My heart is leaping, my arms are wide!  
Roll up, roll up, you dull hillside,  
Roll up, and bring my Harry!  
They may talk of glory over the sea,  
But Harry's alive, and Harry's for me,  
My love, my lad, my Harry!

Come spring, come winter, come sun, come snow,  
What cares Dolly, whether or no,  
While I can milk and marry?  
Right or wrong, and wrong or right,  
Quarrel who quarrel, and fight who fight,  
But I'll bring my pail home every night  
To love, and home, and Harry!

We'll drink our can, we'll eat our cake,  
There's beer in the barrel, there's bread in the  
bake,  
The world may sleep, the world may wake,  
But I shall milk and marry,  
And marry,  
I shall milk and marry.

SYDNEY DOBELL.

## THE PLAYTHING.

**K**ITTY'S charming voice and face,  
Syren-like, first caught my fancy;  
Wit and humor next take place,  
And now I dote on sprightly Nancy.

Kitty tunes her pipe in vain,  
With airs most languishing and dying;  
Calls me false, ungrateful swain,  
And tries in vain to shoot me flying.

Nancy with resistless art,  
Always humorous, gay, and witty,  
Has talked herself into my heart,  
And quite excluded tuneful Kitty.

Ah, Kitty! Love, a wanton boy,  
Now pleased with song, and now with prattle,  
Still longing for the newest toy,  
Has changed his whistle for a rattle.

### WHEN SHOULD LOVERS BREATHE THEIR VOWS?

WHEN should lovers breathe their vows?  
When should ladies hear them?  
When the dew is on the boughs,  
When none else are near them  
When the moon shines cold and pale,

Other roses seek the day,  
But blushes are night flowers.  
O, when the moon and stars are bright,  
When the dew drops glisten,  
Then their vows should lovers plight,  
Then should ladies listen!

LETITIA E. LONDON.

### MOLL McCARTY.

She's not so very gay,  
But I can't stay away  
From her party—from  
her party.  
Down the street, beside  
the glare  
Of a lamplight's rosy  
flare  
Lives McCarty—Moll  
McCarty.

CHORUS:—And her eyes  
shine bright  
Like the stars on frosty  
night,  
And just as hearty—  
just as hearty,  
With a crystalline de-  
light  
That sinks my soul in  
plight,  
Oh, McCarty—Moll  
McCarty.

Her lips are cherry red,  
Like rosebuds in their bed;  
Or at a party—at a party.  
When the sad tears fill her eye,  
Then in sympathy I cry  
With McCarty—Moll McCarty.

You're not so very gay,  
But you stole my heart away  
At your party—at your party;  
And though o'er this world I'd roam  
My heart would turn to you as home,  
Sweet McCarty—Moll McCarty.

Your home beside the flare  
Of lamplight's rosy glare  
Holds a party—holds a party:

The sweet babe upon my knee,  
Who resembles you and me,  
My McCarty—Moll McCarty.

CHARLES M. WALLINGTON.

### A HEINE LOVE SONG.

THE image of the moon at night  
All trembling in the ocean lies,  
But she, with calm and steadfast light,  
Moves proudly through the radiant skies.  
How like the tranquil moon thou art—  
Thou fairest flower of womankind!  
And, look, within my fluttering heart  
Thy image trembling is enshrined!

EUGENE FIELD.



When the birds are sleeping,  
When no voice is on the gale,  
When the rose is weeping;  
When the stars are bright on high,  
Like hopes in young love's dreaming,  
And glancing round the light clouds fly,  
Like soft fears to shade their beaming.

The fairest smiles are those that live  
On the brow by starlight wreathing;  
And the lips their richest incense give  
When the sigh is at midnight breathing.  
O, softest is the cheek's love-ray  
When seen by moonlight hours,





## A GLEAM OF SUNSHINE.

THIS is the place. Stand still, my steed,  
 Let me review the scene,  
 And summon from the shadowy past  
 The forms that once have been.

The past and present here unite  
 Beneath time's flowing tide,  
 Like footprints hidden by a brook,  
 But seen on either side.

Here runs the highway to the town;  
 There the green lane descends,  
 Through which I walked to church with thee,  
 O gentlest of my friends!

The shadow of the linden-trees  
 Lay moving on the grass;  
 Between them and the moving boughs,  
 A shadow, thou didst pass.

Thy dress was like the lilies,  
 And thy heart as pure as they:  
 One of God's holy messengers  
 Did walk with me that day.

I saw the branches of the trees  
 Bend down thy touch to meet,  
 The clover-blossoms in the grass  
 Rise up to kiss thy feet.

"Sleep, sleep to-day, tormenting cares,  
 Of earth and folly born!"  
 Solemnly sang the village choir  
 On that sweet Sabbath morn.

Through the closed blinds the golden sun  
 Poured in a dusty beam,  
 Like the celestial ladder seen  
 By Jacob in his dream.

And ever and anon, the wind,  
 Sweet-scented with the hay,  
 Turned o'er the hymn-book's fluttering leaves  
 That on the window lay.

Long was the good man's sermon,  
 Yet it seemed not so to me;  
 For he spoke of Ruth the beautiful,  
 And still I thought of thee.

Long was the prayer he uttered,  
 Yet it seemed not so to me;  
 For in my heart I prayed with him,  
 And still I thought of thee.

But now, alas! the place seems changed;  
 Thou art no longer here:  
 Part of the sunshine of the scene  
 With thee did disappear.

Though thoughts, deep-rooted in my heart,  
 Like pine-trees dark and high,  
 Subdue the light of noon, and breathe  
 A low and ceaseless sigh;

This memory brightens o'er the past,  
 As when the sun, concealed  
 Behind some cloud that near us hangs,  
 Shines on a distant field.

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

## UP! QUIT THY BOWER.

UP! quit thy bower! late wears the hour,  
 Long have the rooks cawed round the tower!  
 O'er flower and tree loud hums the bee,  
 And the wild kid sports merrily.  
 The sun is bright, the sky is clear;  
 Wake, lady, wake! and hasten here.

Up, maiden fair! and bind thy hair,  
 And rouse thee in the breezy air!  
 The lulling stream that soothed thy dream

Is dancing in the sunny beam.  
 Waste not these hours, so fresh, so gay:  
 Leave thy soft couch, and haste away!

Up! Time will tell the morning bell  
 Its service-sound has chimed well;  
 The aged crone keeps house alone,  
 The reapers to the fields are gone.  
 Lose not these hours, so cool, so gay:  
 Lo! whilst thou sleep'st they haste away!

JOANNA BAILLIE.

## FOLLOWING SUIT.

ONE springtime day a gentle maid  
 Adown the garden pathway strayed  
 That wound the shady orchard through;  
 And thinking of her eyes of blue,  
 And tender glances, sweet and true,  
 I followed suit—pray, wouldn't you?

A saucy breeze that chanced to stray  
 Along that fragrant garden way  
 Swept back her wavy golden hair,

Surprised to see a maid so fair,  
 And sighed for love such charms to view,  
 I followed suit—pray, wouldn't you?

A ray from out the sunlit sky  
 Espied the maid as she passed by,  
 And rained his kisses, soft and warm,  
 On neck and hair and snowy arm,  
 And cheek of apple-blossom hue.  
 I followed suit—pray, wouldn't you?



## I SAW TWO CLOUDS AT MORNING.

I SAW two clouds at morning,  
 Tinged by the rising sun,  
 And in the dawn they floated on,  
 And mingled into one;  
 I thought that morning cloud was  
 blessed,  
 It moved so sweetly to the west.

I saw two summer currents  
 Flow smoothly to their meeting,  
 And join their course, with silent  
 force,  
 In peace each other greeting;  
 Calm was their course through banks of  
 green,  
 While dimpling eddies played between.

Such be your gentle motion,  
 Till life's last pulse shall beat;  
 Like summer's beam and summer's  
 stream,  
 Float on, in joy, to meet  
 A calmer sea, where storms shall cease,  
 A purer sky, where all is peace.

JOHN G. C. BRAINARD.

## GREEN GROW THE RASHES O!

GREEN grow the rashes O,  
 Green grow the rashes O;  
 The sweetest hours that e'er I  
 spend  
 Are spent among the lasses O.

There's naught but care on ev'ry han',  
 In every hour that passes O;  
 What signifies the life o' man,  
 An' 't were na for the lasses O?

The warly race may riches chase,  
 An' riches still may fly them O;  
 An' though at last they catch them fast,  
 Their hearts can ne'er enjoy them O.

Gie me a canny hour at e'en,  
 My arms about my dearie O,  
 An' warly cares an' warly men  
 May all gae tapsalteerie O.

For you sae douce, ye sneer at this,  
 Ye 're naught but senseless asses O!  
 The wisest man the warl' e'er saw  
 He dearly lo'ed the lasses O.

Auld nature swears the lovely dears  
 Her noblest work she classes O:  
 Her 'prentice han' she tried on man,  
 And then she made the lasses O.

ROBERT BURNS.

## A MADRIGAL.

THE dreary days of winter come,  
 The fields are bare, the woods are dumb,  
 And chilled with drenching rain;  
 But, dearest, in your face I see  
 The merry, merry months again.



For April left within your eyes  
 The peerless azure of his skies;  
 And snowy blooms of May  
 Are on your brow; and June impressed  
 The kisses of his rosiest day

On either cheek. As for your hair,  
 September stored his treasure there  
 Of glittering gold, that I  
 Might gaze thereon and valiantly  
 The winter frosts and chills defy.



THROUGH the golden corn we went,  
 In the rosy evening light;  
 We, the poppies mid the gold,  
 Gathered with a child's delight.

Time was naught to us, for we  
 Scarcely felt the moments glide;  
 She, in robes of purest white,  
 Seemed an angel by my side.

O, that glorious sunset hour,  
 With its radiance round us thrown,  
 Seemed an emblem sweet and fair,  
 Of the joy I deemed my own.

On we wandered for a while,  
 Then the cornfield path we traced;  
 Evening shadows from the sky  
 All its glowing tints had chased.

All the ruddy petals gone,  
 From the gathered poppies now;  
 All the light of hope and joy  
 Faded out from cheek and brow.

For a question and reply,  
 Those sad evening breezes bore—  
 And I knew that side by side  
 We should wander nevermore.

S. J. REILLY.

#### LOVE'S FLOWER.

IF I were blind and thou shouldst enter  
 E'er so softly in the room,  
     I should know it,  
     I should feel it,  
 Something subtle would reveal it,  
 And a glory round the centre  
 That would lighten up the gloom.  
 And my heart would surely guide me,  
 With love's second-sight provide me,  
 One amid the crowd to find,  
 If I were blind!

If I were deaf, and thou hadst spoken  
 Ere thy presence I had known,  
     I should know it,  
     I should feel it,  
 Something subtle would reveal it,

And the seal at once be broken  
 By love's liquid undertone.  
 And the world's discordant noises—  
 Whisper, wheresoe'er thou art,  
 'Twill reach thy heart.

If I were dead and thou should venture  
 Near the coffin where I lay,  
     I should know it,  
     I should feel it,  
 Something subtle would reveal it,  
 And no look of mildest censure  
 Rest upon that face of clay.  
 Shouldst thou kiss me, conscious flashes  
 Of love's fire through death's cold ashes  
 Would give back the cheek its red,  
 If I were dead!

#### JAMIE'S ON THE SEA.

ERE the twilight bat was fitting,  
 In the sunset at her knitting,  
 Sang a lonely maiden, sitting  
 Underneath her threshold tree.

And as daylight died before us,  
 And the vesper star shone o'er us,  
 Fitful rose her tender chorus,  
 "Jamie's on the stormy sea."



SONG.

O H! never, no, never,  
 Thou'lt meet me again!  
 Thy spirit for ever  
 Has burst from its chain;  
 The links thou hast broken  
 Are all that remain,  
 For never, oh! never,  
 Thou'lt meet me again.  
 Like the sound of the viol,  
 That dies on the blast;  
 Like the shade on the dial,  
 Thy spirit has passed.  
 The breezes blow round me,  
 But give back no strain;  
 The shade on the dial  
 Returns not again.  
 Where roses enshrined thee,  
 In light trellised shade,  
 Still hoping to find thee,  
 How oft have I strayed!  
 Thy desolate dwelling  
 I traverse in vain;—  
 The stillness has whispered  
 Thou'lt ne'er come again.

CAROLINE OLIPHANT.

WHEN YOUR BEAUTY APPEARS.

“WHEN your beauty appears,  
 In its graces and airs,  
 All bright as an angel new dropt from  
 the skies,  
 At distance I gaze, and am awed by my fears,  
 So strangely you dazzle my eyes!  
 But when without art  
 Your kind thoughts you impart,  
 When your love runs in blushes through every vein,  
 When it darts from your eyes, when it pants  
 at your heart,  
 Then I know that you're woman again.”  
 “There's a passion and pride  
 In our sex,” she replied;  
 “And thus (might I gratify both) I would do—  
 Still an angel appear to each lover beside,  
 But still be a woman for you.”

THOMAS PARNELL.

SWEET, BE NOT PROUD.

SWEET, be not proud of those two eyes,  
 Which starlike sparkle in their skies;  
 Nor be you proud that you can see  
 All hearts your captives, yours yet free.  
 Be you not proud of that rich hair,  
 Which wantons with the lovesick air;  
 When as that ruby which you wear,  
 Sunk from the tip of your soft ear,  
 Will last to be a precious stone  
 When all your world of beauty's gone.

ROBERT HERRICK.

AN OLD LOVE-LETTER.

THROUGH her tears she gazed upon it,  
 Record of that brief bright dream!  
 And she clasped it closer—closer—  
 For a message it would seem,



Coming from the lips now silent,  
 Coming from a hand now cold;  
 And she felt the same emotion  
 It had thrilled her with of old.

MRS. J. C. NEAL.

DON'T MARRY A MAN "TO SAVE HIM."

A CRY comes over from Oregon  
 For a car-load of maidens, fully grown,  
 All of them women of blood and tone—  
 Come marry our men "to save them."

There are thousands here in these haunts of sin,  
Spending their money in gaming and gin,  
Corrupt without and corrupt within—  
Come marry these men "to save them."

They have each been somebody's pride and joy,  
Somebody's petted and pampered boy,  
Spoiled for lack of a maiden coy—  
Come marry these men "to save them."

You must be healthy, pure, and strong,  
Alike to breast and bear the wrong,  
Willing to carry a burden long—  
Come marry these men "to save them."

You must be leader, but always seem  
To be gentle and helpless as love's young dream,  
And leaned upon when you seem to lean—  
Come marry these men "to save them."

You must be cleanly, and kind, and sweet,  
Making a path for their godless feet  
Up to the grace of the mercy-seat—  
Come marry these men "to save them."

Oh, woman, you are sold at a fearful price,  
If you wed your virtue to whisky and dice,  
And trust your soul to a den of vice—  
Don't marry a man "to save him."

A life that is pure needs a pure one in turn,  
A being to honor, and not to spurn,  
An equal love, that shall constant burn—  
Don't marry a man "to save him."

A woman's life is a precious thing,  
Her love a rose unwithering;  
Would you bury it deep in early spring,  
By marrying a man "to save him?"

You can pray for his soul from morn till eve,  
You can wish the angels to bring reprieve  
To his sin-bound heart, but you'll always grieve  
If you marry a man "to save him."

God gives to woman a right to press  
Her claim to a man's best manliness.  
A woman gives all; shall a man give less?  
Don't marry a man "to save him."

### THE EMERALD RING.

A SUPERSTITION.

IT is a gem which hath the power to show  
If plighted lovers keep their faith or no;  
If faithful, it is like the leaves of spring;  
If faithless, like those leaves when withering.  
Take back again your emerald gem,  
There is no color in the stone;  
It might have graced a diadem,  
But now its hue and light are gone!  
Take back your gift, and give me mine—  
The kiss that sealed our last love-vow;

Ah, other lips have been on thine—  
My kiss is lost and sullied now!  
The gem is pale, the kiss forgot,  
And, more than either, you are changed;  
But *my* true love has altered not,  
My heart is broken—not estranged!  
LETITIA E. LONDON.

### THE LOVE OF A MOTHER.

WHO that has languished, even in advanced  
life, in sickness and despondency; who  
that has pined on a weary bed in the  
neglect and loneliness of a foreign  
land; but has thought on the mother "that  
looked on his childhood," that smoothed his pil-  
low and administered to his helplessness? Oh!  
there is an enduring tenderness in the love of a  
mother to a son that transcends all other affections  
of the heart. It is neither to be chilled by selfish-  
ness, nor daunted by danger, nor weakened by  
worthlessness, nor stifled by ingratitude.

She will sacrifice every comfort to his conveni-  
ence; she will surrender every pleasure to his en-  
joyment; she will glory in his fame and exult in  
his prosperity—and, if misfortune overtake him,  
he will be the dearer to her from his misfortunes;  
and if disgrace settle upon his name, she will still  
love and cherish him in spite of his disgrace; and  
if all the world beside cast him off, she will be all  
the world to him.

WASHINGTON IRVING.

### "O NANCY, WILT THOU GO WITH ME."

O NANCY, wilt thou go with me,  
Nor sigh to leave the flaunting town?  
Can silent glens have charms for thee,  
The lonely cot and russet gown?  
No longer drest in silken sheen,  
No longer decked with jewels rare,  
Say, canst thou quit each courtly scene  
Where thou wert fairest of the fair?

O Nancy! when thou'rt far away,  
Wilt thou not cast a wish behind?  
Say, canst thou face the parching ray,  
Nor shrink before the wintry wind?  
O, can that soft and gentle mien  
Extremes of hardship learn to bear,  
Nor sad regret each courtly scene  
Where thou wert fairest of the fair?

O Nancy! canst thou love so true,  
Through perils keen with me to go,  
Or when thy swain mishap shall rue,  
To share with him the pangs of woe?  
Say, should disease or pain befall,  
Wilt thou assume the nurse's care,  
Nor wistful those gay scenes recall  
Where thou wert fairest of the fair?



And when a last thy love shall die,  
Wilt thou receive his parting breath?  
Wilt thou repress each struggling sigh,  
And cheer with smiles the bed of death?  
And wilt thou o'er his breathless clay,  
Strew flowers and drop the tender tear,  
Nor then regret those scenes so gay  
Where thou wert fairest of the fair?

THOMAS PERCY.

LOVE DISSEMBLED.

**T**HINK not I love him, though I ask for  
him;  
'T is but a peevish boy:—yet he talks  
well;—

But what care I for words?—yet words do  
well,

When he that speaks them pleases those that  
hear.

But, sure, he's proud; and yet his pride be-  
comes him:

He 'll make a proper man: The best thing  
in him

Is his complexion; and faster than his  
tongue

Did make offence, his eye did heal it up.

He is not very tall; yet for his years he's  
tall;

His leg is but so so; and yet 't is well:

There was a pretty redness in his lip,

A little ripper and more lusty red

Than that mixed in his cheek; 't was just  
the difference

Betwixt the constant red, and mingled  
damask.

There be some women, Silviu's, had they  
marked him

In parcels, as I did, would have gone near

To fall in love with him: but, for my part,

I love him not, nor hate him not; and yet

I have more cause to hate him than to love him:

For what had he to do to chide at me?

He said mine eyes were black, and my hair black;

And, now I am remembered, scorned at me:

I marvel, why I answered not again:

But that's all one; omittance is no quittance.

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

A WOMAN'S QUESTION.

**B**EFORE I trust my fate to thee,

Or place my hand in thine,

Before I let thy future give

Color and form to mine,

Before I peril all for thee,

Question thy soul to night for me.

I break all slighter bonds, nor feel

A shadow of regret:

Is there one link within the past

That holds thy spirit yet?

Or is thy faith as clear and free  
As that which I can pledge to thee?

Does there within thy dimmest dreams

A possible future shine,

Wherein thy life could henceforth breathe

Untouched, unshared by mine?

If so, at any pain or cost,

O, tell me before all is lost!



Look deeper still: if thou canst feel,

Within thy inmost soul,

That thou hast kept a portion back,

While I have staked the whole,

Let no false pity spare the blow,

But in true mercy tell me so.

Is there within thy heart a need

That mine cannot fulfill?

One chord that any other hand

Could better wake or still?

Speak now, lest at some future day

My whole life wither and decay.

Lives there within thy nature hid

The demon-spirit, change,

Shedding a passing glory still

On all things new and strange?

It may not be thy fault alone—

But shield my heart against thine own.

Couldst thou withdraw thy hand one day

And answer to my claim,

That fate, and that to-day's mistake—  
Not thou—had been to blame!  
Some soothe their conscience thus; but thou  
Wilt surely warn and save me now.

Nay, answer *not*—I dare not hear,  
The words would come too late;  
Yet I would spare thee all remorse,  
So comfort thee, my fate:  
Whatever on my heart may fall,  
Remember, I *would* risk it all!  
ADELAIDE ANNE PROCTER.

### THE KNIGHT'S TOAST.

THE feast is o'er! Now brimming wine  
In lordly cup is seen to shine  
Before each eager guest;  
And silence fills the crowded hall,  
As deep as when the herald's call  
Thrills in the loyal breast.

Then up arose the noble host,  
And, smiling, cried; "A toast! a toast!  
To all our ladies fair!  
Here, before all, I pledge the name  
Of Staunton's proud and beauteous dame—  
The Lady Gundamere!"

Then to his feet each gallant sprung,  
And joyous was the shout that rung,  
As Stanley gave the word;  
And every cup was raised on high,  
Nor ceased the loud and gladsome cry,  
Till Stanley's voice was heard.

"Enough, enough," he smiling said,  
And lowly bent his haughty head;  
"That all may have their due,  
Now each, in turn, must play his part,  
And pledge the lady of his heart,  
Like gallant knight and true!"

Then, one by one, each guest sprang up,  
And drained in turn the brimming cup,  
And named the loved one's name;  
And each, as hand on high he raised,  
His lady's grace or beauty praised,  
Her constancy and fame.

'Tis now St. Leon's turn to rise;  
On him are fixed those countless eyes;  
A gallant knight is he;  
Envied by some, admired by all,  
Far famed in lady's bower, and hall—  
The flower of chivalry.

St. Leon raised his kindling eye,  
And lifts the sparkling cup on high;  
"I drink to *one*," he said,

"Whose image never may depart,  
Deep graven on this grateful heart,  
Till memory be dead.

"To one whose love for me shall last  
When lighter passions long have passed—  
So holy 'tis and true;  
To one whose love hath longer dwelt,  
More deeply fixed, more keenly felt,  
Than any pledged by you."

Each guest upstarted at the word,  
And laid a hand upon his sword,  
With fury-flashing eye;  
And Stanley said: "We crave the name,  
Proud knight, of this most peerless dame,  
Whose love you count so high."

St. Leon paused, as if he would  
Not breathe her name in careless mood,  
Thus lightly, to another;  
Then bent his noble head, as though  
To give that word the reverence due,  
And gently said, "My mother!"

### LOVE IS A SICKNESS.

LOVE is a sickness full of woes,  
All remedies refusing;  
A plant that most with cutting grows,  
Most barren with best using.  
Why so?

More we enjoy it, more it dies;  
If not enjoyed, it sighing cries  
Heigh-ho!

Love is a torment of the mind,  
A tempest everlasting;  
And Jove hath made it of a kind,  
Not well, nor full, nor fasting.  
Why so?

More we enjoy it, more it dies;  
If not enjoyed, it sighing cries  
Heigh-ho! SAMUEL DANIEL.

### GRAY AND SILVER.

I HAD a love; dark-haired was she,  
Her eyes were gray.  
For sake of her across the sea  
I sailed away.

Death, sickness, tempest and defeat  
All passed me by;  
With years came fortune, fair and fleet,  
And rich was I.

Again for me the sun looked down  
Familiar skies;  
I found my love, her locks had grown  
Gray as her eyes.

"Alas!" she sighed, "forget me, now  
No longer fair."

"I loved thy heart," I whispered low,  
"And not thy hair."

C. E. D. PHELPS.





LOVE'S ENTREATY.



## LET NOT WOMAN E'ER COMPLAIN.

**L**ET not woman e'er complain  
Of inconstancy in love;  
Let not woman e'er complain  
Fickle man is apt to rove;  
Look abroad through nature's range,

## MY OWN.

**I** CANNOT call thee beautiful,  
I cannot call thee fair,  
Give praise unbounded to thine eyes,  
The color of thy hair,  
Pronounce thy form a Hebe's,  
Thy voice of matchless tone;  
But know thou art a woman,  
And lovable, my own.

I cannot call thee other  
Than what thou art, for though  
I felt disposed to flatter thee,  
Thou wouldst not have it so;  
Thy charms are no divinity's—  
Humanity alone  
Hath multiplied the gifts that  
make  
Thee lovable, my own.

But if thou be not beautiful,  
And if thou be not fair,  
The loving heart thy bosom  
shields,  
And all the goodness there,  
First won my admiration,  
And truly have I grown  
To know that more than beauty  
makes  
Thee lovable, my own.

Let others measure happiness  
By charms that please the eye;  
I sought for gifts more lasting  
Than beauty, therefore I,  
In seeking found thee, and thou art  
(No queen on beauty's throne)  
A woman only, to be loved  
As I love thee, my own.  
DORA K. FREANEY

## KISSING HER HAIR.

**K**ISSING her hair, I sat  
against her feet:  
Wove and unwove it—  
wound, and found it  
sweet;

Made fast therewith her hands, drew down her  
eyes,  
Deep as deep flowers, and dreamy like dim skies;  
With her own tresses bound, and found her fair—  
Kissing her hair.

Sleep were no sweeter than her face to me—  
Sleep of cold sea-bloom under the cold sea:  
What pain could get between my face and hers?  
What new sweet thing would love not relish worse?  
Unless, perhaps, white death had kissed me there—  
Kissing her hair.

ALGERNON CHARLES SWINBURNE,



Nature's mighty law is change;  
Ladies, would it not be strange  
Man should then a monster prove?

Mark the winds, and mark the skies;  
Ocean's ebb and ocean's flow;  
Sun and moon but set to rise,  
Round and round the seasons go.  
Why then ask of silly man,  
To oppose great nature's plan?  
We'll be constant while we can—  
You can be no more, you know.

ROBERT BURNS.





WHEN THOU ART NEAR ME.

WHEN thou art near me,  
Sorrow seems to fly,  
And when I think, as well I may,  
That on this earth there is no one  
More blest than I.

But when thou leavest me,  
Doubts and fears arise,  
And darkness reigns,  
Where all before was light.

The sunshine of my soul  
Is in those eyes,

And when they leave me,  
All the world is night.

When thou art near me,  
Beauty lights my sky,  
The earth is glad, and tells me  
That neither king nor peasant  
Is so blest as I.

And when thou art near me,  
Sorrow seems to fly,  
And then I feel, as well I may,  
That on the earth there dwells not one  
So blest as I. LADY JANE SCOTT.

## REUBEN AND ROSE:

A TALE OF ROMANCE.



THE darkness that hung upon Willumberg's walls  
Had long been remembered with awe and dismay;  
For years not a sunbeam had played in its halls,  
And it seemed as shut out from the regions of day.

Though the valleys were brightened by many a beam,  
Yet none could the woods of that castle illumine;  
And the lightning, which flashed on the neighboring stream,  
Flew back, as if fearing to enter the gloom!

"Oh! when shall this horrible darkness disperse!"  
Said Willumberg's lord to the Seer of the Cave;—  
"It can never dispel," said the wizard of verse,  
"Till the bright star of chivalry sinks in the wave!"

And who was the bright star of chivalry then?  
Who *could* be but Reuben, the flower of the age?  
For Reuben was first in the combat of men,  
Though youth had scarce written his name on her page.

For Willumberg's daughter his young heart had beat—  
For Rose, who was bright as the spirit of dawn,  
When with wand dropping diamonds, and silvery feet,  
It walks o'er the flowers of the mountain and lawn.

Must Rose, then, from Reuben so fatally sever?  
Sad, sad were the words of the Seer of the Cave,  
That darkness should cover that castle forever,  
Or Reuben be sunk in the merciless wave!

To the wizard she flew, saying, "Tell me, oh, tell!  
Shall my Reuben no more be restored to my eyes?"

"Yes, yes—when a spirit shall toll the great bell  
Of the mouldering abbey, your Reuben shall rise!"

Twice, thrice he repeated, "Your Reuben shall rise!"

And Rose felt a moment's release from her pain;  
And wiped, while she listened, the tears from her eyes,  
And hoped she might yet see her hero again.

That hero could smile at the terrors of death,  
When he felt that he died for the sire of his Rose,

To the Oder he flew, and there, plunging beneath,  
In the depth of the billows soon found his repose.

How strangely the order of destiny falls!—  
Not long in the waters the warrior lay,  
When a sunbeam was seen to glance over the walls,  
And the castle of Willumberg basked in the ray.

All, all but the soul of the maid was in light,  
There sorrow and terror lay gloomy and blank;  
Two days did she wander, and all the long night,  
In quest of her love, on the wide river's bank.

Oft, oft did she pause for the toll of the bell,  
And heard but the breathings of night in the air;

Long, long did she gaze on the watery swell,  
And saw but the foam of the white billow there.

And often as midnight its veil would undraw,  
As she looked at the light of the moon in the stream,

She thought 'twas his helmet of silver she saw,  
As the curl of the surge glittered high in the beam.

And now the third night was begemming the sky;

Poor Rose, on the cold dewy margent reclined,  
There wept till the tear almost froze in her eye,  
When—hark!—'twas the bell that came deep in the wind!

She startled, and saw, through the glimmering shade,

A form o'er the waters in majesty glide;  
She knew 'twas her love, though his cheek was decayed,

And his helmet of silver was washed by the tide,



Was this what the Seer of the Cave had foretold?—  
Dim, dim, through the phantom the moon shot  
a gleam,  
'Twas Reuben, but, ah! he was deathly and cold,  
And fled away like the spell of a dream!

Twice, thrice did he rise, and as often she thought  
From the bank to embrace him, but vain her  
endeavor,  
Then, plunging beneath, at a billow she caught,  
And sunk to repose on its bosom forever!

THOMAS MOORE.

### LOVE'S FORGOTTEN PROMISE.

“I WILL come back,” Love cried; “I will  
come back,”  
And there where he had passed lay one  
bright track,  
Dreamlike and golden as the moonlit sea,  
Between the pine woods' shadow, tall and black,  
“I will come back!” Love cried. Ah, me!  
Love will come back.

He will come back. Yet, Love, I wait, I wait,  
Though it is evening now, and cold and late,  
And I am weary watching here so long,  
A pale, sad watcher at a silent gate—  
For love, who is so fair and swift and strong,  
I wait, I wait.

He will come back—come back, though he delays;  
He will come back—for in old years and days  
He was my playmate. He will not forget.  
Though he may linger long amid new ways,  
He will bring back, with barren sweet regret,  
Old years and days.

Hush! on the lonely hills Love comes again;  
But his young feet are marked with many a stain,  
The golden haze has passed from his fair brow,  
And round him clings the blood-red robe of pain;  
And it is night. O Love—Love—enter now!  
Remain! remain!

### HER SHADOW.

BENDING between me and the taper,  
While o'er the harp her white hands  
strayed,  
The shadows of her waving tresses  
Above my hand were gently swayed.

With every graceful movement waving,  
I marked their undulating swell;  
I watched them while they met and parted,  
Curled close or widened, rose or fell.

I laughed in triumph and in pleasure—  
So strange the sport, so undesigned!  
Her mother turned and asked me, gravely,  
“What thought was passing through my mind?”

'Tis love that blinds the eyes of mothers;  
'Tis love that makes the young maids fair!  
She touched my hand; my rings she counted;  
Yet never felt the shadows there.

Keep, gamesome love, beloved infant,  
Keep ever thus all mothers blind;  
And make thy dedicated virgins,  
In substance as in shadow, kind!

AUBREY DE VERE.

### FOUND AT LAST.

IN each man's soul there lives a dream  
Lit by a woman's eyes,  
Whose glance is like the tender gleam  
That thrills the evening skies.  
It is a dream that never faints,  
Though weal or woe befalls;  
But haunts the heart and softly paints  
A picture on its walls.

In each man's heart there floats a voice  
That speaks to him alone,  
The voice of her, his spirit's choice,  
He longs to call his own  
The days may hasten like the wind,  
Or lag with sullen feet;  
Some day his wandering heart shall find  
The face he longs to meet.

SAMUEL M. PECK.

### WAITING NEAR.

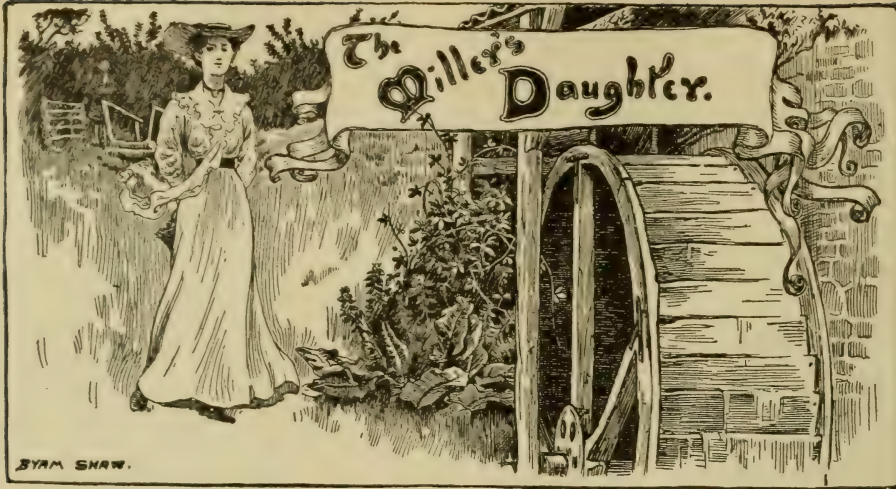
ALTHOUGH I enter not,  
Yet round about the spot  
Oftimes I hover;  
And near the sacred gate  
With longing eyes I wait,  
Expectant of her.

My lady comes at last,  
Timid, and stepping fast,  
And hastening hither,  
With modest eyes downcast;  
She comes—she's here—she's past—  
May heaven go with her.

Kneel, undisturbed, fair saint:  
Pour out your praise or plaint  
Meekly and duly;  
I will not enter there,  
To sully your pure prayer  
With thoughts unruly.

But suffer me to pace  
Round the forbidden place,  
Lingering a minute  
Like outcast spirits who wait,  
And see through heaven's gate  
Angels within it.

W. M. THACKERAY.



IT is the miller's daughter,  
 And she is grown so dear, so dear,  
 That I would be the jewel  
 That trembles in her ear;  
 For, hid in ringlets day and night,  
 I'd touch her neck so warm and white.

And I would be the girdle  
 About her dainty, dainty waist,  
 And her heart would beat against me  
 In sorrow and in rest;  
 And I should know if it beat right,  
 I'd clasp it round so close and tight.

And I would be the necklace,  
 And all day long to fall and rise  
 Upon her balmy bosom,  
 With her laughter and her sighs;  
 And I would lie so light, so light  
 I scarce should be unclasped at night.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

#### MY CHOICE.

SHALL I tell you whom I love?  
 Hearken then awhile to me;  
 And if such a woman move  
 As I now shall versify,  
 Be assured 'tis she or none,  
 That I love, and love alone.

Nature did her so much right  
 As she scorns the help of art.  
 In as many virtues dight  
 As e'er yet embraced a heart.  
 So much good so truly tried,  
 Some for less were deified.

Wit she hath, without desire  
 To make known how much she hath;  
 And her anger flames no higher

Than may fitly sweeten wrath.  
 Full of pity as may be,  
 Though perhaps not so to me.

Reason masters every sense,  
 And her virtues grace her birth;  
 Lovely as all excellence,  
 Modest in her most of mirth.  
 Likelihood enough to prove  
 Only worth could kindle love.

Such she is; and if you know  
 Such a one as I have sung;  
 Be she brown, or fair, or so  
 That she be but somewhat young;  
 Be assured 'tis she, or none,  
 That I love, and love alone.

WILLIAM BROWNE.



## THE AGE OF WISDOM.

**H**O! pretty page, with the dimpled chin,  
That never has known the barber's shear,  
All your wish is woman to win;  
This is the way that boys begin—  
Wait till you come to forty year.

Curly gold locks cover foolish brains;  
Billing and cooing is all your cheer—  
Sighing, and singing of midnight strains,  
Under Bonnybell's window-panes—  
Wait till you come to forty year.

Forty times over let Michaelmas pass;  
Grizzling hair the brain doth clear;  
Then you know a boy is an ass,  
Then you know the worth of a lass—  
Once you have come to forty year.

Pledge me round; I bid ye declare,  
All good fellows whose beards are gray—  
Did not the fairest of the fair  
Common grow and wearisome ere  
Ever a month was past away?

The reddest lips that ever have kissed,  
The brightest eyes that ever have shone,  
May pray and whisper and we not list,  
Or look away and never be missed—  
Ere yet ever a month is gone.

Gillian's dead! God rest her bier—  
How I loved her twenty years sine—  
Marian's married; but I sit here,  
Alone and merry at forty year,  
Dipping my nose in the Gascon wine.  
W. M. THACKERAY.

## AH! WHAT IS LOVE?

**A**H! what is love? It is a pretty thing,  
As sweet unto a shepherd as a king,  
And sweeter too;

For kings have cares that wait upon a crown,  
And cares can make the sweetest face to frown;  
Ah then, ah then,

If country loves such sweet desires gain,  
What lady would not love a shepherd swain?

His flocks are folded; he comes home at night  
As merry as a king in his delight,  
And merrier, too;

For kings bethink them what the state require,  
Where shepherds, careless, carol by the fire;  
Ah then, ah then,

If country loves such sweet desires gain,  
What lady would not love a shepherd swain?

He kisseth first, then sits as blithe to eat  
His cream and curd as doth the king his meat,  
And blither, too;

For kings have often fears when they sup,  
Where shepherds dread no poison in their cup;  
Ah then, ah then,

If country loves such sweet desires gain,  
What lady would not love a shepherd swain?

Upon his couch of straw he sleeps as sound  
As doth the king upon his beds of down,  
More sounder, too;  
For cares cause kings full oft their sleep to spill,  
Where weary shepherds lie and snort their fill;  
Ah then, ah then,

If country loves such sweet desires gain,  
What lady would not love a shepherd swain?



Thus with his wife he spends the year as blithe  
As doth the king at every tide or syth,  
And blither, too;

For kings have wars and broils to take in hand,  
When shepherds laugh, and love upon the land;  
Ah then, ah then,

If country loves such sweet desires gain,  
What lady would not love a shepherd swain?

ROBERT GREENE.

## TELL ME, MY HEART, IF THIS BE LOVE.

**W**HEN Delia on the plain appears,  
Awed by a thousand tender fears,  
I would approach, but dare not move;—  
Tell me, my heart, if this be love.

Whene'er she speaks, my ravished ear  
No other voice than hers can hear;  
No other wit but hers approve,—  
Tell me, my heart, if this be love.

If she some other swain commend,  
Though I was once his fondest friend,  
His instant enemy I prove;—  
Tell me, my heart, if this be love.

When she is absent, I no more  
Delight in all that pleased before,  
The clearest spring, the shadiest grove ;—  
Tell me, my heart, if this be love,

When fond of power, of beauty vain,  
Her nets she spread for every swain,  
I strove to hate, but vainly strove ;—  
Tell me, my heart, if this be love.

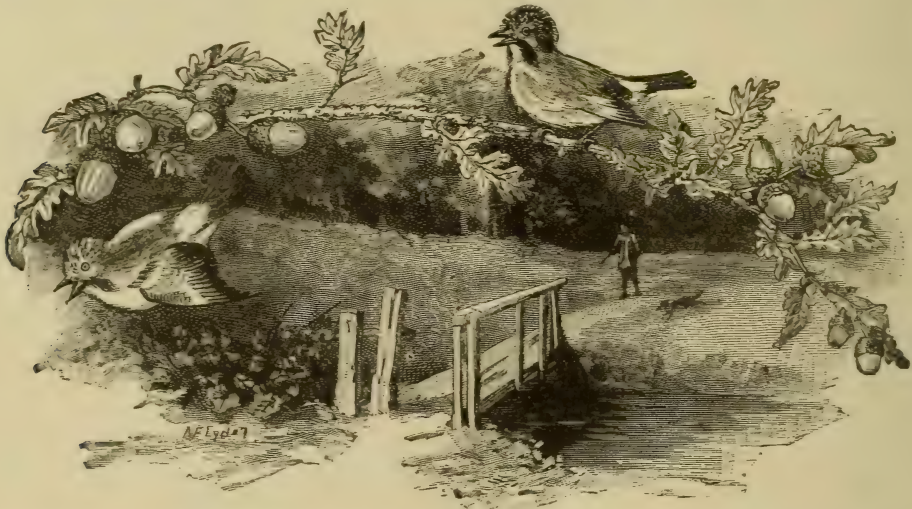
GEORGE LORD LYTTETLTON.

### BROKEN HEARTS.

**S**HALL I confess it?—I believe in broken hearts, and the possibility of dying of disappointed love. I do not, however, consider it a malady often fatal to my own sex ; but I firmly believe that it withers down many a lovely woman into an early grave.

Look for her, after a little while, and you will find friendship weeping over her untimely grave, and wondering that one who but lately glowed with all the radiance of health and beauty, should so speedily be brought down to "darkness and the worm." You will be told of some wintry chill, some casual indisposition that laid her low—but no one knows of the mental malady that previously sapped her strength, and made her so easy a prey to the spoiler.

She is like some tender tree, the pride and beauty of the grove ; graceful in its form, bright in its foliage, but with the worm preying at its heart. We find it suddenly withering when it should be most fresh and luxuriant. We see it drooping its branches to the earth and shedding leaf by leaf ; until, wasted and perished away, it falls even in



How many bright eyes grow dim—how many soft cheeks grow pale—how many lovely forms fade away into the tomb, and none can tell the cause that blighted their loveliness ! As the dove will clasp its wings to its side, and cover and conceal the arrow that is preying on its vitals, so it is the nature of woman to hide from the world the pangs of wounded affection. The love of a delicate female is always shy and silent. Even when fortunate, she scarcely breathes it to herself ; but when otherwise, she buries it in the recesses of her bosom, and there lets it cower and brood among the ruins of her peace.

With her the desire of the heart has failed. The great charm of existence is at an end. She neglects all the cheerful exercises which gladden the spirits, quicken the pulses, and send the tide of life in healthful currents through the veins. Her rest is broken—the sweet refreshment of sleep is poisoned by melancholy dreams—"dry sorrow drinks her blood," until her enfeebled frame sinks under the slighted external injury.

the stillness of the forest ; and as we muse over the beautiful ruin, we strive in vain to recollect the blast or thunderbolt that could have smitten it with decay.

WASHINGTON IRVING.

### WHY.

**T**HERE'S a little rustic seat  
Just beneath the hill-top's brow,  
Bowered with meadow-grasses sweet  
And with many a fragrant bough ;  
And on sunny summer days,  
There a lassie oft I see,  
With a far-off dreamy gaze  
As of deep expectancy.  
Shall I tell you why she lingers ?  
This is why ! this is why !  
Though she knows it not, she's waiting  
For young love to wander by !

Ere the summer's colors pass  
Into autumn's deeper hues,  
Ere the trees and flowers and grass  
Young-year strength and freshness lose,



On that little rustic seat  
Lass and lad I'm sure to see,  
In companionship so sweet  
They've no eyes or thought for me!  
Shall I tell you why 'tis so?  
This is why! this is why!  
Love the master, love the tyrant,  
He at length has wandered by!

### HE THAT LOVES A ROSY CHEEK.

**H**E that loves a rosy cheek,  
Or a coral lip admires,  
Or from starlight eyes doth seek  
Fuel to maintain his fires;  
As old Time makes these decay,  
So his flames must waste away.

But a smooth and steadfast mind,  
Gentle thoughts, and calm desires,  
Hearts with equal love combined,  
Kindle never-dying fires:—  
Where these are not, I despise  
Lovely cheeks or lips or eyes.

THOMAS CAREW.

### THE SHEPHERD'S RESOLUTION.

**S**HALL I, wasting in despair,  
Die because a woman's fair?  
Or make pale my cheeks with care  
'Cause another's rosy are?  
Be she fairer than the day,  
Or the flowery meads in May,  
If she be not so to me,  
What care I how fair she be?

'Cause her fortune seems too high,  
Shall I play the fool and die?  
Those that bear a noble mind  
Where they want of riches find,  
Think what with them they would do  
That without them dare to woo;  
And unless that mind I see,  
What care I how great she be?

Great, or good, or kind, or fair,  
I will ne'er the more despair:  
If she love me, this believe—  
I will die ere she shall grieve,  
If she slight me when I woo,  
I can scorn and let her go;  
For if she be not for me,  
What care I for whom she be?

GEORGE WITHER.

### MY SWEETHEARTS.

**M**Y first was young and very fair,  
With bright blue eyes and yellow hair;  
A surplice white in church he wore;  
I loved him for a month or more.

13

My second, he was gaunt and thin,  
All round the hemispheres he'd been;  
He'd shot at lions, killed a bear;  
I loved him for about a year.

My third had flowing coal-black locks,  
(I wore then green and yellow frocks).  
He played and sang my heart away;  
I loved him one year and a day.

My fourth was handsome, but so poor!  
That only made me love him more;  
I wept and sighed, but had to part,  
It almost, almost broke my heart.



My fifth was—well, I cannot say  
What he was like; but one fine day  
I swore to love him all my life;  
And now he calls me "little wife."

My sixth? My sixth is very small,  
He hardly seems a man at all;  
But, O, I could not bear to part,  
With either fifth or sixth sweetheart.

### LOVE NOT ME FOR COMELY GRACE

**L**OVE not me for comely grace,  
For my pleasing eye or face,  
Nor for any outward part,  
No, nor for my constant heart;  
For those may fail or turn to ill,  
So thou and I shall sever;  
Keep therefore a true woman's eye,  
And love me still, but know not why.  
So hast thou the same reason still  
To dote upon me ever.

### TO HELEN IN A HUFF.

**N**AY, lady, one frown is enough  
In a life as soon over as this—  
And though minutes seem long in a huff,  
They're minutes 'tis pity to miss!  
The smiles you imprison so lightly  
Are reckoned, like days in eclipse;  
And though you may smile again brightly,  
You've lost so much light from your lips!  
Pray, lady, smile!

The cup that is longest untasted  
May be with our bliss running o'er,

And, love when we will, we have wasted  
 An age in not loving before!  
 Perchance Cupid's forging a fetter  
 To tie us together some day,

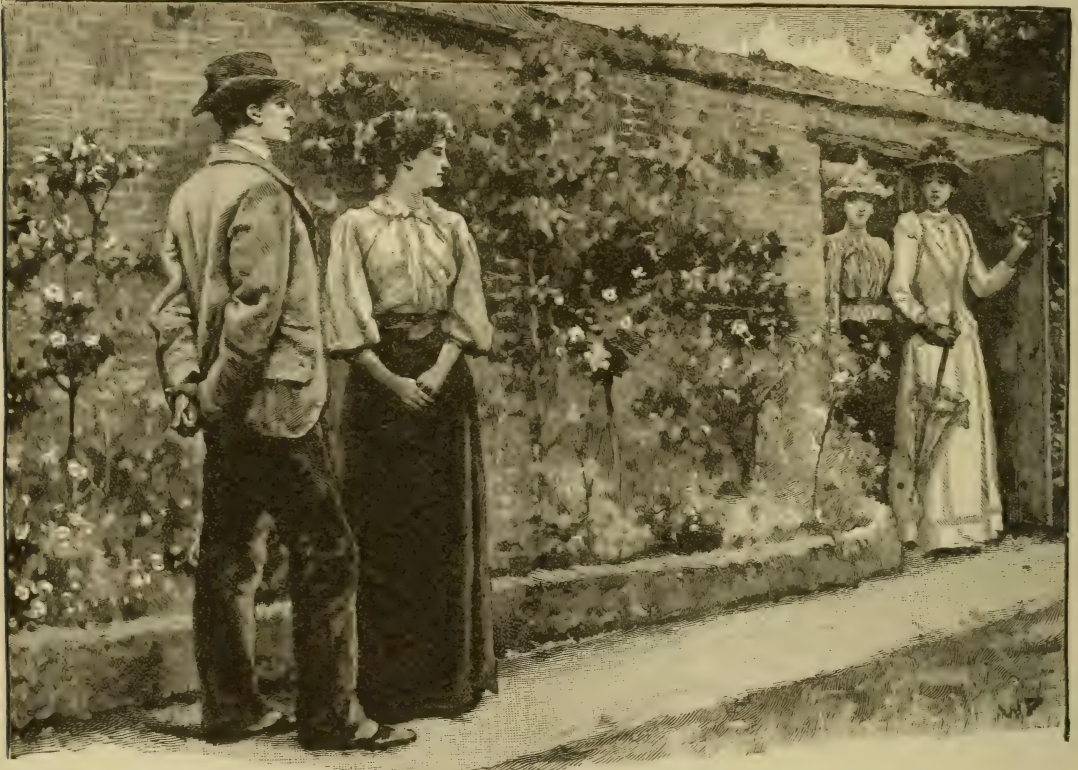
And, just for the chance, we had better  
 Be laying up love, I should say!  
 Nay, lady, smile!

N. P. WILLIS.

### JEALOUSY.

I HAVE thy love—I know no fear  
 Of that divine possession;  
 Yet draw more close, and thou shalt hear  
 A jealous heart's confession.

I am so much a miser grown,  
 That I could wish to hide thee,  
 Where never breath but mine alone  
 Could drink delight beside thee.



I nurse no pang, lest fairer youth  
 Of loftier hopes should win thee;  
 There blows no wind to chill the truth,  
 Whose amaranth blooms within thee.

Unworthier thee if I could grow  
 (The love that lured thee perished),  
 Thy woman heart could ne'er forego  
 The earliest dream it cherished.

I do not think that doubt and love  
 Are one—whate'er they tell us;  
 Yet—nay—lift *not* thy looks above,  
 A star can make me jealous.

If thou art mine, all mine at last,  
 I covet so the treasure,  
 No glance that thou canst elsewhere cast,  
 But robs me of a pleasure.

Then say not, with that soothing air,  
 I have no rival nigh thee;  
 The sunbeam lingering in thy hair—  
 The breeze that trembles by thee—

The very herb beneath thy feet—  
 The rose whose odors woo thee—  
 In all things, rivals he must meet,  
 Who would be all things to thee!

If sunlight from the dial be  
 But for one moment banished,  
 Turn to the silenced plate and see  
 The hours themselves are vanished.

In aught that from me lures thine eyes,  
 My jealousy has trial;  
 The lightest cloud across the skies  
 Has darkness for the dial.

E. BULWER LYTTON.



## FOR LOVE'S SAKE.

**I**F thou must love me, let it be for naught  
 Except for love's sake only. Do not say,  
 "I love her for her smile, her look, her way  
 Of speaking gently—for a trick of thought  
 That falls in well with mine, and certes brought  
 A sense of pleasant ease on such a day."  
 For these things in themselves, beloved, may  
 Be changed, or change for thee—and love so  
 wrought,  
 May be unwrought so. Neither love me for  
 Thine own dear pity's wiping my cheeks dry—  
 A creature might forget to weep, who bore  
 Thy comfort long, and lose thy love thereby.  
 But love me for love's sake, that evermore  
 Thou mayst love on, through love's eternity.  
 ELIZABETH B. BROWNING.

## JENNY'S KISS.

**J**ENNY kissed me when we met,  
 Jumping from the chair she sat in;  
 Time, you thief! who love to get  
 Sweets into your list, put *that* in:  
 Say I'm weary, say I'm sad,  
 Say that health and wealth have missed me,  
 Say I'm growing old, but add,  
 Jenny kissed me.

LEIGH HUNT.

## SATISFACTORY CHAPERONAGE.

**I** ROWED with Doris in my boat  
 Far from the city's noise;  
 And found a pleasant spot to float  
 Where leaves and lilies poise  
 Upon the little waves that creep  
 To rock the drowsy birds to sleep.

We talked, but we were not alone  
 Which seemed to disconcert us;  
 Aunt Josie was our chaperon,  
 But little did she hurt us.  
 For when I looked, I found her deep  
 In calm, unchaperoning sleep.

The chance was far too good to miss,  
 And, Doris being willing,  
 I backward leaned and took a kiss  
 That set my pulses thrilling;  
 When lo! I saw Aunt Josie peep;  
 The wretch had only feigned her sleep!

But Doris sat with downcast eyes  
 Nor dreamed we were discovered,  
 While just a hint of mild surprise  
 O'er Aunt Jo's face hovered;  
 And then she winked to show she'd keep  
 My secret, and again feigned sleep!

ELLIS P. BUTLER.

## GILBERT AND AMETHYSTA.

**"O** SUN! awakener of care,  
 Withhold thy dawning light;  
 O moon! the lover's planet fair,  
 Prolong the hours of night!"  
 Thus prays the passion-stricken boy,  
 Extravagant and fond:  
 The maid as loving, but more coy,  
 Would willing respond—  
 "How fast the moments fade away!  
 Oh, how unwelcome is the day!"  
 But lest her speech might seem too bold,  
 She leaves the loving thought untold.

At length, upon a flowery bank,  
 O'er-canopied by leafy arches,  
 Formed by the intertwining boughs  
 Of fragrant chestnut-trees and larches,  
 They sit; the nightingale the while  
 Singing, as if from every feather  
 In all its frame it poured the notes;  
 And thus the pair discourse together:

"Old stories tell that men are fickle,  
 False and fickle every one,  
 And that love by guile untainted  
 Never dwelt beneath the sun.  
 Great in sorrow, strong in danger,  
 Must his pure affection prove,  
 Who would hope to win for ever  
 Maiden's passion, woman's love."

"O Amethysta, best beloved!  
 Since first thine eyes upon me shone,  
 My soul has had no other joy  
 Than love of thee, and thee alone;  
 No other passion shall it own;  
 And be the doubt for ever far!  
 Thee at my side, whate'er betide,  
 In vain the envious world shall war;  
 I'll love thee still,  
 Through good, through ill,  
 My light, my life, my guiding star!"

"And couldst thou, Gilbert, for my sake  
 Endure the freezing looks of scorn?  
 If slander's tongue should do me wrong,  
 And pride should call me lowly-born,  
 Wouldst thou, as now, repeat thy vow,  
 Nor prove for vanity forsworn?"

"Ah, never! Envy may defame,  
 And men may censure if they will;  
 Thy virtue shall disprove their blame,  
 And Gilbert will adore thee still.  
 No rancorous tongue shall work thee ill;  
 And pride itself, O maiden mine,  
 Shall bow to worth so high as thine;  
 And envy with a sigh confess  
 Thy least of charms—thy loveliness."

"And couldst thou (oh, forgive the fear—  
Fond as a woman's fear should be!)—  
Couldst thou endure, not scorn alone,  
But scorn and poverty for me?  
Couldst thou, for Amethysta's sake,  
Renounce the honors, thine by birth—  
The wealth, the titles, and the power,  
And all that men most prize on earth;  
And dwell in our secluded cot,  
By all thy former friends forgot,  
And never chide me, or repine  
That I consented to be thine?"

"No, Amethysta! poor the heart  
That veers as fortune's currents blow;  
And mine shall be a nobler part—  
My true affection shall not know  
Change or decrease, or ever cease  
To prize thee best of all below.  
Love, like the beacon on the sea  
That warns the tempest-beaten bark,  
Still shines, if true, like mine for thee,  
The brightest when the sky is dark!"

Thus as they speak his fingers play  
Amid her soft luxuriant tresses,  
Their cheeks with mutual blushes burn,  
Their tender eyes exchange caresses.  
So gentle is the night of May,  
So much the lovers have to say,  
They never heed the flight of time;  
And it is far towards the hour  
When sounds the matin chime,  
Ere from their sheltering forest bower,  
And bank with early flowers bestrewn,  
They rise and think they rise too soon,  
And see the modest eastern sky  
Blushing because the morn draws nigh,  
And hear the woods and welkin ringing  
With the sweet song the lark is singing.

"Oh, light the touch of time has been,  
And flowers his hand has carried,  
Or thus all night in forests green  
Our feet would not have tarried.  
We have outwatched the moon, my love,  
And all the stars but one:  
There is no need that we should part  
For rising of the sun.  
The air so full of odors sweet,  
The breeze-encircled hill,  
The music of the early birds,  
And thy sweet looks and sweeter words,  
Invite to linger still."  
The maid looked up into his face  
With eyes he thought that dimmed the  
day,  
And the reply upon her lips  
Melted in happy smiles away.

CHARLES MACKAY.

### LOVE THOU THE BEST.

I DO not say that thou shouldst never change;  
Only let not thy wandering fancy range  
To waste itself in follies unrepressed;  
Love me, or else at least, love thou the best.

Thy love for me how often hast declared!  
Thine inmost soul before my vision bared!  
I know thy fervent fondness, yet the praise  
Of lesser loves doth light thy lonely days.

Oh, listen, love, and to my words pray heed;  
If ever thou shouldst feel thy spirit's need  
More fully satisfied, or understood,  
More quenched in evil, spurred to all things good.

By newer love, think not of plighted truth,  
Think never of those hot, wild vows of youth;  
Fling off old bonds, each tie and promise  
break  
Not for thy senses', but thy spirit's sake.

Though I should weep, yet through my tears I'd see  
Such faithfulness more fine than constancy;  
Through breaking heart and lonely life unblest  
I'd still rejoice that thou shouldst love the best.

### LOVE AND JEALOUSY.

A SWEET little voice comes ringing  
From a cottage over the way;  
'Tis a fair little maiden singing  
The whole of the livelong day.  
And this is her song, I hear her  
A-lilting it o'er and o'er—  
"When jealousy creeps in the window,  
Then love flies out at the door."

"With little of wealth to squander  
True love will be satisfied;  
And never an envious murmur,  
When luxury is denied.  
But list to these words of warning,  
And your heart will never be sore;  
When jealousy creeps in the window,  
Then love flies out at the door.

CHORUS—"Oh love flies out at the door,  
Oh love flies out at the door;  
When jealousy creeps in the window,  
Then love flies out at the door."

MARY INGRAM MATTIS.

### TO THE END.

A S the wings of an angel might guard, as the  
hands of a mother might cherish,  
So have I loved you, mine own, though  
hope and though faith should perish;  
And my will is set to hold you yet, close hid in  
my deep heart's centre,  
In a secret shrine that none may divine, where no  
one but I may enter.



When the stars shine dimly and wan, when the  
leaves on the pane are fretting,  
When the mist has blotted the world in a dull and  
a dread forgetting,  
Over the hill where the wind blows chill, over the  
wintry hollows,

LEGEND OF A COQUET.

'TIS said that when Dan Cupid aims his  
arrow,  
Its golden point ne'er fails to find the  
mark;



A wild voice calls, on my sleet it falls, and my  
spirit awakes and follows.  
Call, and I come through the night, though the  
mist and the darkness may hide you,  
Weary and desolate heart, my place is surely be-  
side you.  
From the depth of your black despair, come back,  
my arm shall be strong to move you,  
To bear you up to the golden gates of heaven, be-  
cause I love you.

But once, at least, his victim's charms unnerved  
him.

Or else he aimed at Bessie in the dark.

For in her trembling cheek the frail shaft quiv-  
ered,

Till, pitying, grieved at his unwitting sin,  
Kissing, he healed the wound, withdrew the ar-  
row,

Leaving a dimple where the barb had been.



And in the dimple where its point had rested  
The wondrous arrow left its fabled power;  
But Cupid, fearing lest again he harm her,  
Has never dared assail her from that hour.

### UNDER THE MISTLETOE.

FROM Christmas dance and pleasant plans  
You stole away—perchance to rest.  
You were a daughter of the manse  
And I—a hapless, homeless guest.  
Along those storied walls you sped,  
Forgive me that I watched you go!  
How could I help it, when you shed  
More radiance than the taper's glow?

From light-spun jest and careless mirth  
You fled: Oh, love, why did you flee?  
Could you have dreamt how void of worth,  
Your absence made that cheer to me?  
The rooms were full of Christmas time,  
And the ladies' laughter, sweetly low,  
Rang faint as distant silvered chime  
Of bells, across the crystal snow.

A sensuous, sobbing waltz—indeed  
Within the mazes of that dance  
Man might have well forsworn his creed;  
Disarmed by beauty's magic lance,  
Yet o'er the fairest there you shone,  
Ah, did I not, sweet, tell you so,  
While we two briefly were alone—  
Enraptured 'neath the mistletoe?

Within the circling glow you stood,  
Nay, was I then so much to blame?  
Your eyes downcast, in pensive mood,  
Seemed but to spur the leading flame.  
I loved you so! You were so fair!  
But far above me, dear, I know;  
Yet I forgot—yet, then and there,  
I kissed you 'neath the mistletoe.

One thrilling second 'neath my kiss,  
Your sweet lips pulsed—could you forget?  
That moment's clinging, tempting bliss,  
Seems worth a whole life of regret.  
Your warm face quivered on my breast,  
So long before I let you go;  
For I, in Paradise, was blessed  
Full well beneath that mistletoe.

In dreams I oft repeat that night,  
While pausing 'neath some verdant bough;  
The distant strains, that leaping light,  
My maddened pulse, long sobered now!  
And oft I've wondered, love, since then,  
As Yule-log seasons come and go,  
If you recall that dear one, when  
I kissed you 'neath the mistletoe.

Ah, me! The strongest are but weak,  
When pushing 'gainst fate's iron chain;

Crushed passions, which we dare not speak,  
Are those that wear upon the brain.  
But whether better to forget  
That Christmas page of long ago,  
I would not, if I could, regret  
One moment 'neath its mistletoe.

So often, when I pass you by,  
A serf where you are throned a queen,  
I wonder if you never sigh,  
Or weep, perchance, when all unseen!  
And if we two should stand again,  
Alone, as in that grand Yule glow,  
Would you be tender, love, as when  
I kissed you 'neath the mistletoe?  
MARTHA E. HALAHAN.

### THE CHANGE.

THEY features do not wear the light  
They wore in happier days;  
Though still there may be much to love,  
There's little left to praise.

The rose has faded from thy cheek—  
There's scarce a blush left now;  
And there's a dark and weary sign  
Upon thine altered brow

Thy raven hair is dashed with gray,  
Thine eyes are dim with tears;  
And care, before thy youth is past,  
Has done the work of years.

Beautiful wreck! for still thy face,  
Though changed, is very fair:  
Like beauty's moonlight, left to show  
Her morning sun was there.

LETITIA E. LONDON.

### THE HUNTER'S SERENADE.

THEY bower is finished, fairest!  
Fit bower for hunter's bride—  
Where old woods overshadow  
The green savanna's side.  
I've wandered long, and wandered far,  
And never have I met,  
In all this lovely western land,  
A spot so lovely yet.  
But I shall think it fairer,  
When thou art come to bless,  
With thy sweet smile and silver voice,  
Its silent loveliness.

For thee the wild grape glistens,  
On sunny knoll and tree,  
The slim papaya ripens  
Its yellow fruit for thee.  
For thee the duck, on glassy stream,  
The prairie-fowl shall die,  
My rifle for thy feast shall bring  
The wild swan from the sky.



The forest's leaping panther,  
Fierce, beautiful, and fleet,  
Shall yield his spotted hide to be  
A carpet for thy feet.

I know, for thou hast told me,  
Thy maiden love of flowers ;  
Ah, those that deck thy gardens  
Are pale compared with ours.  
When our wide woods and mighty lawns  
Bloom to the April skies,  
The earth has no more gorgeous sight  
To show to human eyes.  
In meadows red with blossoms,  
All summer long, the bee  
Murmurs, and loads his yellow thighs,  
For thee, my love, and me.

Or wouldst thou gaze at tokens  
Of ages long ago—  
Our old oaks stream with mosses,  
And sprout with mistletoe ;  
And mighty vines, like serpents, climb  
The giant sycamore ;  
And trunks, o'erthrown for centuries,  
Cumber the forest floor ;  
And in the great savanna,  
The solitary mound,  
Built by the elder world, o'erlooks  
The loneliness around.

Come, thou has not forgotten,  
Thy pledge and promise quite,  
With many blushes murmured,  
Beneath the evening light.  
Come, the young violets crowd my door,  
Thy earliest look to win,  
And at my silent window-sill  
The jessamine peeps in.  
All day the red-bird warbles,  
Upon the mulberry near,  
And the night-sparrow trills her song,  
All night, with none to hear.

W. C. BRYANT.

### THE LOVELINESS OF LOVE.

**I**T is not beauty I demand,  
A crystal brow, the moon's despair,  
Nor the snow's daughter, a white hand,  
Nor mermaid's yellow pride of hair.

Tell me not of your starry eyes,  
Your lips that seem on roses fed,  
Your breasts, where Cupid tumbling lies  
Nor sleeps for kissing of his bed—

A bloomy pair of vermeil cheeks  
Like Hebe's in her ruddiest hours,  
A breath that softer music speaks  
Than summer winds a-wooing flowers ;—

These are but gauds ; nay, what are lips?  
Coral beneath the ocean-stream,  
Whose brink when your adventurer slips  
Full oft he perisheth on them.

And what are cheeks, but ensigns oft  
That wave hot youth to fields of blood?  
Did Helen's breast, though ne'er so soft,  
Do Greece or Ilium any good?

Eyes can with baleful ardor burn ;  
Poison can breath, that erst perfumed ;  
There's many a white hand holds an urn  
With lover's hearts to dust consumed.

For crystal brows there's naught within ;  
They are but empty cells for pride ;  
He who the Siren's hair would win  
Is mostly strangled in the tide.

Give me, instead of beauty's bust,  
A tender heart, a loyal mind,  
Which with temptation I would trust,  
Yet never linked with error find—

One in whose gentle bosom I  
Could pour my secret heart of woes,  
Like the care-burdened honey-fly  
That hides his murmurs in the rose—

My earthly comforter ! whose love  
So indefeasible might be  
That, when my spirit wonned above,  
Hers could not stay, for sympathy.

### MY DEAR AND ONLY LOVE.

**M**Y dear and only love, I pray,  
This noble world of thee  
Be governed by no other sway  
But purest monarchy.  
For if confusion have a part,  
Which virtuous souls abhor,  
And hold a synod in thy heart,  
I'll never love thee more.

Like Alexander I will reign,  
And I will reign alone,  
My thoughts shall evermore disdain  
A rival on my throne.  
He either fears his fate too much,  
Or his deserts are small,  
That puts it not unto the touch,  
To win or lose it all.

JAMES GRAHAM.

### WOONG.

**A**LITTLE bird once met another bird,  
And whistled to her, "Will you be my  
mate?"  
With fluttering wings she twittered, "How  
absurd !  
Oh, what a silly pate !"

And off into a distant tree she flew,  
To find concealment in the shady cover;  
And passed the hours in slyly peeping through  
At her rejected lover.

The jilted bird, with drooping heart and wing,  
Poured forth his grief all day in plaintive songs;  
Telling in sadness to the ear of spring  
The story of his wrongs.

But little thought he, while each nook and dell  
With the wild music of his plaint was thrilling,

That scornful breast with sighs began to swell—  
Half-pitying and half-willing.

Next month I walked the same sequestered way,  
When close together on a twig I spied them;  
And in a nest half-hid with leaves there lay  
Four little birds beside them.

Coy maid, this moral in your ear I drop:  
When lover's hopes within their hearts you  
prison,  
Fly out of sight and hearing; do not stop  
To look behind and listen.

JOHN B. L. SOULE.

### LOVE IS ENOUGH.

**L**OVE is enough. Let us not seek for gold.  
Wealth breeds false aims, and pride and  
selfishness;

In those serene, Arcadian days of old,  
Men gave no thought to princely homes and  
dress.

The gods who dwelt in fair Olympia's height,  
Lived only for dear love and love's delight;  
Love is enough.

Love is enough. Why should we care for fame?  
Ambition is a most unpleasant guest:

It lures us with the glory of a name  
Far from the happy haunts of peace and rest.  
Let us stay here in this secluded place,  
Made beautiful by love's endearing grace;  
Love is enough.

Love is enough. Why should we strive for power?  
It brings men only envy and distrust;  
The poor world's homage pleases but an hour,  
And earthly honors vanish in the dust.  
The grandest lives are oftentimes desolate;  
Let me be loved, and let who will be great;  
Love is enough.

Love is enough. Why should we ask for more?  
What greater gift have gods vouchsafed to men?  
What better boon of all their precious store  
Than our fond hearts that love and love again?  
Old love may die; new love is just as sweet;  
And life is fair, and all the world complete;  
Love is enough.

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

### TO AN ABSENT WIFE.

**T**IS morn; the sea breeze seems to bring  
Joy, health, and freshness on its wing;  
Bright flowers, to me all strange and new,  
Are glittering in the early dew;  
And perfumes rise from many a grove  
As incense to the clouds that move  
Like spirits o'er yon welkin clear;  
But I am sad—thou art not here.

'Tis noon; a calm unbroken sleep  
Is on the blue waves of the deep;  
A soft haze, like a fairy dream,  
Is floating over hill and stream;  
And many a broad magnolia flower  
Within its shadowy woodland bower  
Is gleaming like a lovely star;  
But I am sad—thou art afar.

'Tis eve; on earth the sunset skies  
Are painting their own Eden dyes;  
The stars come down, and trembling glow  
Like blossoms in the waves below;

And, like some unseen sprite, the breeze  
Seems lingering 'mid the orange-trees,  
Breathing in music round the spot;  
But I am sad—I see thee not.

'Tis midnight; with a soothing spell  
The far tones of the ocean swell,  
Soft as a mother's cadence mild,  
Low bending o'er her sleeping child;  
And on each wandering breeze are heard  
The rich notes of the mocking-bird  
In many a wild and wondrous lay;  
But I am sad—thou art away.

I sink in dreams, low, sweet, and clear;  
Thy own dear voice is in my ear;  
Around my cheek thy tresses twine,  
Thy own loved hand is clasped in mine,  
Thy own soft lip to mine is pressed,  
Thy head is pillowed on my breast.  
Oh! I have all my heart holds dear;  
And I am happy—thou art here.

GEORGE D. PRENTICE.



# NARRATIVES IN VERSE:

## INCLUDING

### TALES OF ADVENTURE AND ROMANCE.



#### MASSACRE AT FORT DEARBORN, CHICAGO, 1812.

ORN of the prairie and the wave—the blue sea and the green,  
A city of the Occident, CHICAGO, lay between;  
Dim trails upon the meadow, faint wakes upon the main,  
On either sea a schooner and a canvas-covered wain.  
I saw a dot upon the map, and a house-fly's flimsy wing—  
They said 'twas Dearborn's picket flag when Wilderness was  
king;

I heard the reed-bird's morning song—the Indian's awkward flail—  
The rice tattoo in his rude canoe like a dash of April hail—  
The beaded grasses' rustling bend—the swash of the lazy tide  
Where ships shake out the salted sails and navies grandly ride!

I heard the block-house gates unbar, the column's solemn tread,  
I saw the tree of a single leaf its splendid foliage shed  
To wave awhile that August morn above the column's head;  
I heard the moan of muffled drum, the woman's wail of fife,

The Dead March played for Dearborn's men just marching out of life,  
The swooping of the savage cloud that burst upon the rank  
And struck it with its thunderbolt in forehead and in flank,  
The spatter of the musket-shot, the rifles' whistling rain—  
The sand-hills drift round hope forlorn that never marched again!

BENJAMIN F. TAYLOR.

#### AN INCIDENT OF THE FIRE AT HAMBURGH.

THE tower of old Saint Nicholas soared up-  
ward to the skies,

Like some huge piece of nature's make,  
the growth of centuries;

You could not deem its crowding spires a work of  
human art,

They seemed to struggle lightward so from a  
sturdy living heart.

Not nature's self more freely speaks in crystal or  
in oak

Than, through the pious builder's hand, in that  
gray pile she spoke;

And as from acorn springs the oak, so, freely and  
alone

Sprang from his heart this hymn to God, sung in  
obedient stone.

It seemed a wondrous freak of chance, so perfect,  
yet so rough,

A whim of nature crystallized slowly in granite  
tough

The thick spires yearned toward the sky in quaint  
harmonious lines,

And in broad sunlight basked and slept, like a  
grove of blasted pines.

Never did rock or stream or tree lay claim with  
better right

To all the adorning sympathies of shadow and of  
light;

And in that forest petrified, as forester there  
dwells

Stout Herman, the old sacristan, sole lord of all  
its bells.

Surge leaping after surge, the fire roared onward,  
red as blood,

Till half of Hamburgh lay engulfed beneath the  
eddy flood;

For miles away, the fiery spray poured down its  
deadly rain,

And back and forth the billows drew, and paused,  
and broke again,

From square to square, with tiger leaps, still on  
 and on it came ;  
 The air to leeward trembled with the pantings of  
 the flame,  
 And church and palace, which even now stood  
 whelmed but to the knee,  
 Lift their black roofs like breakers lone amid the  
 rushing sea.  
 Up in his tower old Herman sat and watched with  
 quiet look ;  
 His soul had trusted God too long to be at last  
 forsook :  
 He could not fear, for surely God a pathway  
 would unfold  
 Through this red sea, for faithful hearts, as once  
 he did of old.  
 But scarcely can he cross himself, or on his good  
 saint call,  
 Before the sacrilegious flood o'erleaped the church-  
 yard wall,

And, ere a *pater* half was said, 'mid smoke and  
 crackling glare,  
 His island tower scarce juts its head above the  
 wide despair.  
 Upon the peril's desperate peak his heart stood  
 up sublime ;  
 His first thought was for God above, his next was  
 for his chime ;  
 "Sing now, and make your voices heard in hymns  
 of praise," cried he,  
 "As did the Israelites of old, safe-walking through  
 the sea !  
 "Through this red sea our God hath made our  
 pathway safe to shore ;  
 Our promised land stands full in sight ; shout now  
 as ne'er before."  
 And, as the tower came crashing down, the bells,  
 in clear accord,  
 Pealed forth the grand old German hymn—"All  
 good souls praise the Lord !"

JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.

## THE DYING WARRIOR.

A WOUNDED chieftain, lying  
 By the Danube's leafy side,  
 Thus faintly said, in dying,  
 "Oh ! bear, thou foaming tide  
 "This gift to my lady bride."

'Twas then, in life's last quiver,  
 He flung the scarf he wore  
 Into the foaming river,  
 Which, ah too quickly, bore  
 That pledge of one no more !

With fond impatience burning,  
 The chieftain's lady stood,  
 To watch her love returning

In triumph down the flood,  
 From that day's field of blood.  
 But, field, alas ! ill-fated,  
 The lady saw, instead  
 Of the bark whose speed she waited,  
 Her hero's scarf, all red  
 With the drops his heart had shed.

One shriek—and all was over—  
 Her life-pulse ceased to beat ;  
 The gloomy waves now cover  
 That bridal flower so sweet,  
 And the scarf is her winding-sheet.

THOMAS MOORE.

## THE INDIAN BOAT.

'T WAS midnight dark,  
 The seaman's bark  
 Swift o'er the waters bore him,  
 When, through the night;  
 He spied a light  
 Shoot o'er the wave before him.  
 "A sail ! a sail !" he cries ;  
 "She comes from the Indian shore,  
 And to-night shall be our prize,  
 With her freight of golden ore :  
 Sail on ! sail on !"  
 When morning shone,  
 He saw the gold still clearer ;  
 But, though so fast  
 The waves he passed,  
 That boat seemed never the nearer.

Bright daylight came,  
 And still the same  
 Rich bark before him floated ;

While on the prize  
 His wishful eyes  
 Like any young lover's doted :  
 "More sail ! more sail !" he cries,  
 While the waves o'ertop the mast ;  
 And his bounding galley flies,  
 Like an arrow before the blast.  
 Thus on, and on,  
 Till day was gone,  
 And the moon through heaven did hie her,  
 He swept the main,  
 But all in vain,  
 That boat seemed never the nigher.

And many a day  
 To night gave way,  
 And many a morn succeeded :  
 While still his flight,  
 Through day and night,  
 That restless mariner speeded.



Who knows—who knows what seas  
 He is now careering o'er?  
 Behind, the eternal breeze,  
 And that mocking bark, before!  
 For, oh till sky  
 And earth shall die,  
 And their death leave none to rue it,  
 That boat must flee  
 O'er the boundless sea,  
 And that ship in vain pursue it.

THOMAS MOORE.

### THE GREEN MOUNTAIN JUSTICE.

“THE snow is deep,” the Justice said;  
 “There’s mighty mischief overhead.”  
 “High talk, indeed!” his wife ex-  
 claimed;

“What, sir! shall Providence be blamed?”

The Justice, laughing, said, “Oh no!

I only meant the loads of snow  
 Upon the roofs. The barn is weak;

I greatly fear the roof will break.

So hand me up the spade, my dear,  
 I’ll mount the barn, the roof to clear.”

“No!” said the wife; “the barn is high,

And if you slip, and fall, and die,

How will my living be secured?—

Stephen, your life is not insured.

But tie a rope your waist around,

And it will hold you safe and sound.”

“I will,” said he. “Now for the roof—

All snugly tied, and danger-proof!

Excelsior! Excel—But no!

The rope is not secured below!”

Said Rachel, “Climb, the end to throw

Across the top, and I will go

And tie that end around my waist.”

“Well, every woman to her taste;

You always would be tightly laced.

Rachel, when you became my bride,

I thought the knot securely tied;

But lest the bond should break in twain,

I’ll have it fastened once again.”

Below the arm-pits tied around,

She takes her station on the ground,

While on the roof, beyond the ridge,

He shovels clear the lower edge.

But, sad mischance! the loosened snow

Comes sliding down, to plunge below.

And as he tumbles with the slide,

Up Rachel goes on t’other side.

Just half-way down the Justice hung;

Just half-way up the woman swung.

“Good land o’ Goshen!” shouted she;

“Why, do you see it?” answered he.

The couple, dangling in the breeze,  
 Like turkeys, hung outside to freeze,  
 At their rope’s end and wit’s end, too,  
 Shout back and forth what best to do.

Cried Stephen, “Take it coolly, wife;  
 All have their ups and downs in life.”

Quoth Rachel, “What a pity ’tis

To joke at such a time as this?

A man whose wife is being hung  
 Should know enough to hold his tongue.”

“Now, Rachel, as I look below,

I see a tempting heap of snow.

Suppose, my dear, I take my knife,

And cut the rope to save my life?”

She shouted, “Don’t! ’twould be my death—

I see some pointed stones beneath.

A better way would be to call,

With all our might, for Phebe Hall.”

“Agreed!” he roared. First he, then she

Gave tongue; “O Phebe! Phebe! *Phe-e-*

*be* Hall!” in tones both fine and coarse,

Enough to make a drover hoarse.

Now Phebe, over at the farm,

Was sitting, sewing, snug and warm;

But hearing, as she thought, her name,

Sprang up, and to the rescue came;

Beheld the scene, and thus she thought:

“If now a kitchen chair were brought,

And I could reach the lady’s foot,

I’d draw her downward by the boot,

Then cut the rope, and let him go;

He cannot miss the pile of snow.”

He sees her moving towards his wife,

Armed with a chair and carving-knife,

And, ere he is aware, perceives

His head ascending to the eaves;

And, guessing what the two are at,

Screams from beneath the roof, “Stop that!

You make me fall too far, by half!”

But Phebe answers, with a laugh,

“Please tell a body by what right

You’ve brought your wife to such a plight!”

And then, with well-directed blows,

She cuts the rope and down he goes.

The wife untied, they walk around,

When lo! no Stephen can be found.

They call in vain, run to and fro;

They look around, above, below;

No trace or token can they see,

And deeper grows the mystery.

Then Rachel’s heart within her sank;

But, glancing at the snowy bank,

She caught a little gleam of hope—

A gentle movement of the rope.

They scrape away a little snow;

What’s this? A hat! Ah! he’s below.

Then upward heaves the snowy pile,

And forth he stalks in tragic style,

Unhurt, and with a roguish smile;

And Rachel sees, with glad surprise,

The missing found, the fallen rise.

HENRY REEVES.





### WILLY-NILLY.

I LOVE the sweetest maid alive,  
She well doth know it,  
She loveth me, but she doth strive  
Never to show it.

When I do hold myself apart,  
She cometh nigh me;  
But when I open all my heart,  
She quick doth fly me.

She liketh well to be admired,  
But deems me silly  
Admiring her, and I grow tired  
Of willy-nilly.

The while my tale of love is told,  
She ne'er relenteth;  
So, if she's cruel, I'll be cold,  
Till she repenteth.

E. F. BREWTHALL.

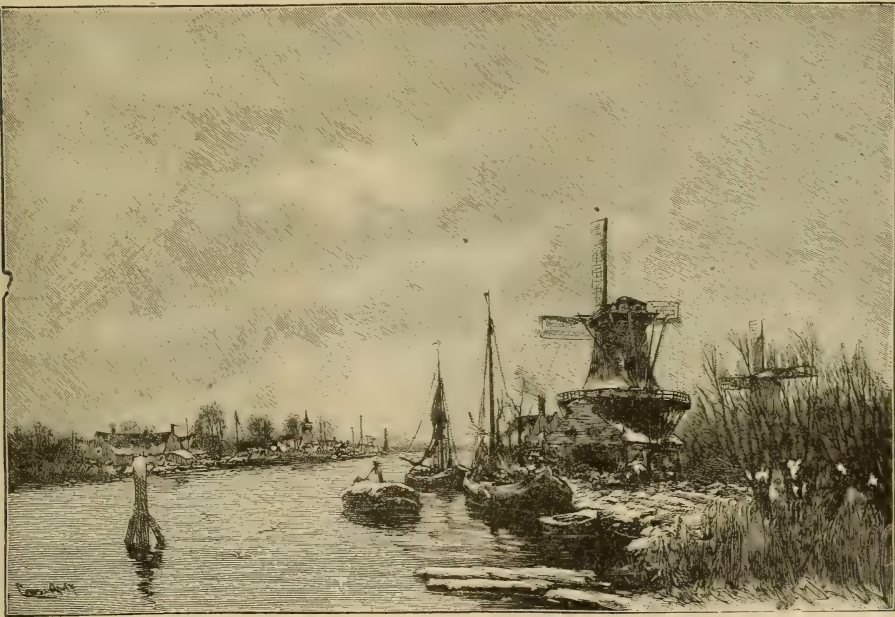




MY LANDLADY.

A SMALL brisk woman, capped with many a bow;  
 "Yes," so she says, "and younger, too, than some,"  
 Who bids me, bustling, "Godspeed," when I go,  
 And gives me, rustling, "Welcome," when I come.  
 "Ay, sir, 'tis cold—and freezing hard, they say;  
 I'd like to give that hulking brute a hit—  
 Beating his horse in such a shameful way!—  
 Step here, sir, till your fire's blazed up a bit."  
 A musky haunt of lavender and shells,  
 Quaint-figured Chinese monsters, toys, and trays—

"Where is he?" "Ah, sir, he is dead—my boy!  
 Full thirty years ago—in 'sixty-three;  
 He's always living in my head—my boy!  
 He was left drowning in the Southern Sea.  
 "There were two souls washed overboard, they said,  
 And one the waves brought back; but he was left.  
 They saw him place the life-buoy o'er his head;  
 The sea was running wildly;—he was left.  
 "He was a strong, strong swimmer. Do you know,  
 When the wind whistled yesternight, I cried,  
 And prayed to God—though 'twas so long ago—  
 He did not struggle much before he died.



A life's collection—where each object tells  
 Of fashions gone and half-forgotten ways:—

A glossy screen, where wide-mouth dragons ramp;  
 A vexed inscription in a sampler-frame;  
 A shade of beads upon a red-capped lamp;  
 A child's mug graven with a golden name;

A pictured ship, with full-blown canvas set;  
 A card, with seaweed twisted to a wreath,  
 Circling a silky curl as black as jet,  
 With yellow writing faded underneath.

Looking, I sink within the shrouded chair,  
 And note the objects, slowly one by one,  
 And light at last upon a portrait there—  
 Wide-collared, raven-haired. "Yes, 'tis my son!"

"'Twas his third voyage. That's the box he brought—  
 Or would have brought, my poor deserted boy!  
 And these the words the agents sent—they thought  
 That money, perhaps, could make my loss a joy.  
 "Look, sir, I've something here that I prize more,  
 This is a fragment of the poor lad's coat—  
 That other clutched him as the wave went o'er,  
 And this stayed in his hand. That's what they wrote.  
 "Well, well, 'tis done. My story's shocking you;  
 Grief is for them that have both time and wealth;  
 We can't mourn much, who have much work to do;  
 Your fire is bright. Thank God, I have my health?"  
 AUSTIN DOBSON.

## KNIGHT TOGGENBURG.

“**K**NIGHT, to love thee like a sister  
 Vows this heart to thee ;  
 Ask no other, warmer feeling—  
 That were pain to me,  
 Tranquil would I see thy coming,  
 Tranquil see thee go ;  
 What that starting tear would tell me,  
 I must never know.”

He with silent anguish listens,  
 Though his heart-strings bleed ;



Clasps her in his last embraces,  
 Springs upon his steed ;  
 Summons every faithful vassal  
 From his Alpine home ;  
 Binds the cross upon his bosom,  
 Seeks the Holy Tomb.

There full many a deed of glory  
 Wrought the hero's arm ;  
 Foremost still his plumage floated  
 Where the foemen swarm ;  
 Till the Moslem, terror-stricken,  
 Quailed before his name ;—  
 But the pang that wrings his bosom  
 Lives at heart the same.

One long year he bears his sorrow,  
 But no more can bear ;  
 Rest he seeks, but finding never,  
 Leaves the army there ;  
 Sees a ship by Joppa's haven,  
 Which, with swelling sail,

Wafts him where his lady's breathing  
 Mingles with the gale.

At her father's castle-portal  
 Hark ! his knock is heard :  
 See ! the gloomy gate uncloses  
 With the thunder-word :  
 “ She thou seek'st is veiled forever,  
 Is the bride of heaven ;  
 Yester-eve the vows were plighted—  
 She to God is given.”

Then his old ancestral castle  
 He forever flees ;  
 Battle steed and trusty weapon  
 Nevermore he sees.  
 From the Toggenburg descending  
 Forth unknown he glides ;  
 For the frame once sheathed in iron  
 Now the sackcloth hides.

There beside that hallowed region  
 He hath built his bower,  
 Where from out the dusky lindens  
 Looked the convent-tower ;  
 Waiting from the morning's glim-  
 mer  
 Till the day was done,  
 Tranquil hope in every feature,  
 Sat he there alone.

Gazing upward to the convent,  
 Hour on hour he passed ;  
 Watching still his lady's lattice  
 Till it oped at last ;  
 Till that form looked forth so  
 lovely,

Till the sweet face smiled  
 Down into the lonesome valley,  
 Peaceful, angel-mild.

Then he laid him down to slumber,  
 Cheered by peaceful dreams,  
 Calmly waiting till the morning  
 Showed again its beams.  
 Thus for days he watched and waited,  
 Thus for years he lay,  
 Happy if he saw the lattice  
 Open day by day—

If that form looked forth so lovely,  
 If the sweet face smiled  
 Down into the lonesome valley,  
 Peaceful, angel-mild.  
 There a corpse they found him sitting  
 Once when day returned,  
 Still his pale and placid features  
 To the lattice turned.

F. VON SCHILLER.



PHILLIPS OF PELHAMVILLE.

SHORT is the story I say, if you will  
Hear it, of Phillips of Pelhamville :  
An engineer for many a day  
Over miles and miles of the double way.

Day and night, in all kinds of weather,  
He and the engine he drave together.

I can fancy this Phillips as one in my mind  
With little of speech to waste on his kind,

Always sharp and abrupt of tone,  
Whether off duty or standing on.

With this firm belief in himself that he reckoned  
His duty first ; all the rest was second.

Short is the story I say, if you will  
Hear it, of Phillips of Pelhamville.

He was out that day, running sharp, for he knew  
He must shunt ahead for a train overdue,

The South Express coming on behind  
With the swing and rush of a mighty wind.

No need to say in this verse of mine  
How accidents happen along the line.

A rail lying wide to the gauge ahead,  
A signal clear when it should be red ;

An axle breaking, the tire of a wheel  
Snapping off at a hidden flaw in the steel.

Enough. There were wagons piled up in the air,  
As if some giant had tossed them there.

Rails broken and bent like a willow wand,  
And sleepers torn up through the ballast and sand.

The hiss of the steam was heard, as it rushed  
Through the safety-valves of the engine, crushed

Deep into the slope, like a monster driven  
To hide itself from the eye of heaven.

But where was Phillips? From underneath  
The tender wheels, with their grip of death,

They drew him, scalded by steam, and burned  
By the engine fires as it overturned.

They laid him gently upon the slope,  
Then knelt beside him with little of hope.

Though dying, he was the only one  
Of them all that knew what ought to be done ;

For his fading eye grew quick with a fear,  
As if of some danger approaching near.

And it sought—not the wreck of his train that lay  
Over the six and the four-feet way—

But down the track, for there hung on his mind  
The South Express coming up behind.

And he half arose with a stifled groan,  
While his voice had the same old ring in its tone :

“Signal the South Express!” he said,  
Then fell back in the arms of his stoker, dead.  
Short, as you see, is this story of mine,  
And of one more hero of the line.

For hero he was, though before his name  
Goes forth no trumpet-blast of fame.

Yet true to his duty, as steel to steel,  
Was Phillips the driver of Pelhamville.

ALEXANDER ANDERSON.

THE FAMINE.

FROM “HIAWATHA.”

IN the wigwam with Nokomis,  
With those gloomy guests that watched her,  
With the Famine and the Fever,  
She was lying, the beloved,  
She the dying Minnehaha.

“Hark!” she said, “I hear a rushing,  
Hear a roaring and a rushing,  
Hear the Falls of Minnehaha  
Calling to me from a distance!”

“No, my child!” said old Nokomis,  
“’Tis the night-wind in the pine-trees!”

“Look!” she said, “I see my father  
Standing lonely at his doorway,  
Beckoning to me from his wigwam  
In the land of the Dacotahs!”

“No, my child!” said old Nokomis,  
“’Tis the smoke that waves and beckons!”

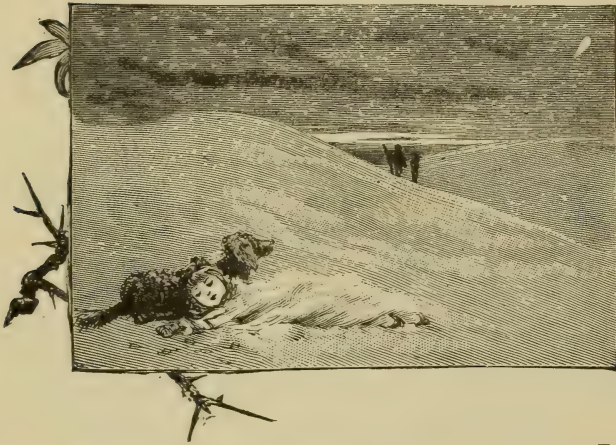
“Ah!” she said, “the eyes of Pauguk  
Glare upon me in the darkness,  
I can feel his icy fingers  
Clasping mine amid the darkness!  
Hiawatha! Hiawatha!”

And the desolate Hiawatha,  
Far away amid the forest,  
Miles away among the mountains,  
Heard that sudden cry of anguish,  
Heard the voice of Minnehaha  
Calling to him in the darkness,  
“HIAWATHA! HIAWATHA!”

Over snow-fields waste and pathless,  
Under snow-encumbered branches,  
Homeward hurried Hiawatha,  
Empty-handed, heavy-hearted,  
Heard Nokomis moaning, wailing ;  
“Wahonowin! Wahonowin!  
Would that I had perished for you,  
Would that I were dead as you are!  
Wahonowin! Wahonowin!”  
And he rushed into the wigwam,  
Saw the old Nokomis slowly  
Rocking to and fro and moaning,  
Saw his lovely Minnehaha  
Lying dead and cold before him,  
And his bursting heart within him

Uttered such a cry of anguish,  
That the forest moaned and shuddered,  
That the very stars in heaven  
Shook and trembled with his anguish.

Then he sat down still and speechless,  
On the bed of Minnehaha,  
At the feet of Laughing Water,  
At those willing feet, that never  
More would lightly run to meet him,  
Never more would lightly follow.  
With both hands his face he covered,  
Seven long days and nights he sat there,  
As if in a swoon he sat there,  
Speechless, motionless, unconscious  
Of the daylight or the darkness.



Then they buried Minnehaha;  
In the snow a grave they made her,  
In the forest deep and darksome,  
Underneath the moaning hemlocks;  
Clothed her in her richest garments,  
Wrapped her in her robes of ermine,  
Covered her with snow, like ermine;  
Thus they buried Minnehaha.  
And at night a fire was lighted,  
On her grave four times was kindled,  
For her soul upon its journey  
To the Islands of the Blessed.  
From his doorway Hiawatha  
Saw it burning in the forest,  
Lighting up the gloomy hemlocks;  
From his sleepless bed uprising,  
From the bed of Minnehaha,  
Stood and watched it at the doorway,  
That it might not be extinguished,  
Might not leave her in the darkness.

"Farewell!" said he, "Minnehaha;  
Farewell, O my Laughing Water!  
All my heart is buried with you,  
All my thoughts go onward with you!  
Come not back again to labor,

Come not back again to suffer,  
Where the Famine and the Fever  
Wear the heart and waste the body.  
Soon my task will be completed,  
Soon your footsteps I shall follow  
To the Islands of the Blessed,  
To the Kingdom of Ponemah,  
To the Land of the Hereafter!"

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

### CONDUCTOR BRADLEY.

CONDUCTOR Bradley (always may his  
name  
Be said with reverence!) as the swift doom  
came,  
Smitten to death, a crushed and mangled frame,

Sank with the brake he grasped just  
where he stood  
To do the utmost that a brave man  
could,  
And die, if needful, as a true man  
should.

Men stooped above him; women  
dropped their tears  
On that poor wreck beyond all hopes  
or fears,  
Lost in the strength and glory of his  
years.

What heard they? Lo! the ghastly  
lips of pain,  
Dead to all thought save duty's,  
moved again:

"Put out the signals for the other train!"

No nobler utterance since the world began,  
From lips of saint or martyr ever ran,  
Electric, through the sympathies of man.

Ah, me! how poor and noteless seem to this  
The sick-bed drama of self-consciousness—  
Our sensual fears of pain and hopes of bliss!

Oh, grand, supreme endeavor! Not in vain  
That last brave act of failing tongue and brain!  
Freighted with life, the downward-rushing train,

Following the wrecked one as wave follows wave,  
Obeyed the warning which the dead lips gave.  
Others he saved, himself he could not save!

Nay, the lost life *was* saved. He is not dead  
Who in his record still the earth shall tread  
With God's clear aureole shining round his head.

We bow as in the dust, with all our pride  
Of virtue dwarfed the noble deed beside,  
God give us grace to live as Bradley died!

J. G. WHITTIER.



## A GIRL HEROINE.

SHE had heard of heroines far away,  
Of wonderful deeds that girls had done,  
And wished that she were as brave as they  
Who such an amount of praise had won.  
There was naught she could do to gain renown,  
No chance for a commonplace girl like her;  
For a blizzard never had reached the town,  
Nor anything else that made a stir.

She had often read of Joan of Arc,  
And in spirit followed the daring maid,  
And wondered if she was scared at the dark,  
Or of ghosts and goblins had been afraid  
When she was a child. And was it true  
That angels came to her in a trance,  
And told her exactly what to do  
For her honor, and the glory and good of  
France?

And Amy sighed; and she said: "'Tis well  
That I lead an easy and quiet life,  
With nothing that's likely to compel  
My taking part in such active strife;  
For I faint away at the sight of blood,  
Would run a mile to avoid a cow,  
And at thought of terrors of fire and flood  
Am ready to go in hysterics now.

"I am only brave in my dreams, and then  
To accomplish my purpose I never fail,  
But rush to the charge with valiant mein  
And a heart that scoffs at a coat-of-mail.  
What plans I make! and what deeds I do!  
King Arthur himself had no grander schemes,  
Nor ever more glorious triumphs knew  
Than I—in my rapturous girlish dreams."

That night came a wild, fierce cry of "Fire!"  
And Amy sprang from her couch with a scream,  
For the flames about her were drawing nigher,  
And seemed at first like a horrid dream.  
The stairs were ablaze; and below them stood  
Her mother—the young babe in her arms—  
And she looked as only a mother could  
Whose heart was tortured with vague alarms.

She strove to speak, but her lips were dumb;  
She tried to move, but she could not stir;  
Oh, why should horror her strength benumb,  
And at this moment so cripple her?  
There—above—in an inner room—  
Her children slept, while the flames rose higher;  
Naught could avert their fearful doom;  
And between her and them was this wall of fire!

Quick as a flash did Amy speed  
To the bed where nestled each tiny elf;  
Strength was given for the hour of need.  
She had no time to think of herself,  
But seizing each, with a loving kiss  
She hushed their fears, and then hurled them so

Over the fiery red abyss  
That they were caught by the men below.

Then Amy stood at the head of the stair  
Alone and pallid—but not with fright:  
And she looked like an angel standing there,  
Crowned with a halo of dazzling light.  
She did not know that they called her name,  
Nor heard them shrieking, "Jump! jump this  
way!"

Her gaze was fixed on the lurid flame,  
And she knew 'twas fatal to long delay.

So over the chasm, with flying leap,  
Did Amy go into outstretched hands,  
That were eager the hungry flames to keep  
From leaving their mark on these precious  
brands,

Plucked from the burning. And oh, what bliss  
To gaze once more on her mother's face,  
To be rewarded with kiss on kiss,  
When closely held in her fond embrace!

From the noisy plaudits she shrank dismayed,  
With a feeling that her deserts were small—  
'Twas but an impulse that she obeyed;  
Yet she was a heroine after all,  
And had learned the lesson that from above  
Is strength imparted for all our needs,  
And that even a child with a heart of love  
May astonish the world with its mighty deeds.

## THE FAITHFUL LOVERS.

I'D been away from here three years—about  
that—  
And I returned to find my Mary true;  
And thought I'd question her, nor doubted that  
It was unnecessary so to do.

'Twas by the chimney corner we were sitting;  
"Mary," said I, "have you been always  
true?"

"Franky," said she—just pausing in her knit-  
ting—

"I don't think I've unfaithful been to you;  
But for the three years past I'll tell you what  
I've done: then say if I've been true or not.

"When first you left, my grief was uncontrollable,  
Alone I mourned my miserable lot,  
And all who saw me thought me inconsolable,  
Till Captain Clifford came from Aldershott;  
To flirt with him amused me while 'twas new;  
I don't count that unfaithfulness. Do you?"

"The next—oh! let me see—was Freddy Phipps,  
I met him at my uncle's, Christmas-tide;  
And 'neath the mistletoe, where lips met lips,  
He gave me his first kiss"—and here she  
sighed;

"We stayed six weeks at uncle's—how time flew!  
I don't count that unfaithfulness. Do you?"

" Lord Cecil Fossmore, only twenty-one,  
Lent me his horse. Oh, how we rode and  
raced !

We scoured the downs, we rode to hounds—such  
fun !

And often was his arm around my waist—  
That was to lift me up or down. But who  
Would count that unfaithfulness ? Do you ?

' Do you know Reggy Vere ? Ah, how he sings !  
We met—'twas at a picnic. Ah, such weather !  
He gave me, look, the first of these two rings,

When we were lost in Cliefden woods to-  
gether.

Ah, what happy times we spent, we two !  
I don't count that unfaithfulness to you.

" I've got another ring from him. D'you see  
The plain gold circle that is shining here ?"  
I took her hand : " Oh, Mary ! can it be  
That you "—quoth she, " That I am Mrs.  
Vere.

I don't count that unfaithfulness, do you ?"

" No," I replied, " FOR I AM MARRIED, TOO."



### THE MORTE CHAPEL.

HOW IT WAS CONSECRATED.

A Norwegian bark was driven on the rocks at Morte Point, North Devon, during a heavy storm. All attempts to launch the boats proved failures, but an immense wave lifted the upper part of the ship, and carried it with the sailors upon it safely to the shore. The captain, a God-fearing man, led his crew to the village, and found shelter in the newly-built chapel, which as yet had not been used for public worship.

" **N**O boat may ride," the captain cried,  
" In a raging sea like this ;  
And the rocks that gore my brave barque  
o'er,  
Must sink her soon, I wis.

" Yet launch the boat, for man must strive  
Ere ever he turns to God."

The boat was lowered—the white waves poured  
To sink her like a clod.

Said the captain brave, "'Tis the hour of prayer  
When human efforts fail ;"  
By the quivering mast they knelt them fast,  
'Mid the thunders of the gale.

Crash went the timbers of the wreck,  
And strewed that fatal strand ;  
But safe to shore, the mad waves o'er,  
The deck was swept to land.

Right on the crest of the wild foam's breast,  
It steers like a thing of life ;  
And the mariners there scarce cease their prayer,  
Ere it lifts them from the strife.

" Now rise, ye men," cried the captain then,  
" For the Master's hand is seen ;  
Though the billows roar on the angry shore,  
'Tis the hour of praise, I ween."



They climbed the hill, where the village still  
Slept 'neath the silent stars;  
Not a voice they hear, to bid them cheer,  
Not a house will loose its bars.

'Tis the village kirk, unblest of man,  
That opens wide its door;  
And, shelter found, they kneel around  
In prayer on its unstained floor.

Their hearts they raise, in a hymn of praise,  
A glad, thanksgiving song;  
What bishop or choir with a joy like theirs?  
What hallowing rite so strong?

And the benediction lingers yet,  
Like the dew or the gracious rain;  
For the clouds that rise, and float to the skies,  
Must fall to the earth again.

WALTER BAXENDALE.

### THE CHARGE OF THE LIGHT BRIGADE AT BALAKLAVA.

From September, 1854, to June, 1856, Balaklava, a small Greek fishing-village in the Crimea, was the British headquarters during the Crimean war. Here the famous charge of the Six Hundred was made, October 25, 1854, which has rendered the name of Balaklava glorious as that of Thermopylæ. The ballad was written, as Tennyson himself tells us, after reading the report in a morning journal, where only six hundred and seven sabres were mentioned as having taken part in the magnificent charge. Later, the soldiers sang this ballad, now of world-wide fame, by their watch-fires in the Crimea.

**H**ALF a league, half a league,  
Half a league onward,  
All in the valley of death,  
Rode the six hundred.

Into the valley of death  
Rode the six hundred;  
For up came an order which  
Some one had blundered.  
"Forward, the light brigade!  
Take the guns!" Nolan said:  
Into the valley of death,  
Rode the six hundred.

"Forward the light brigade!"  
No man was there dismayed—  
Not though the soldier knew  
Some one had blundered:  
Theirs not to make reply,  
Theirs not to reason why,  
Theirs but to do and die—  
Into the valley of death,  
Rode the six hundred.

Cannon to right of them,  
Cannon to left of them,  
Cannon in front of them,  
Volleyed and thundered.  
Stormed at with shot and shell,  
Boldly they rode and well;

Into the jaws of death,  
Into the mouth of hell,  
Rode the six hundred.

Flashed all their sabres bare,  
Flashed all at once in air,  
Sabring the gunners there,  
Charging an army, while  
All the world wondered.  
Plunged in the battery smoke,  
With many a desperate stroke  
The Russian line they broke;  
Then they rode back, but not—  
Not the six hundred.

Cannon to right of them,  
Cannon to left of them,  
Cannon behind them,  
Volleyed and thundered:  
Stormed at with shot and shell,  
While horse and hero fell,  
They that had fought so well,  
Came through the jaws of death,  
Back from the mouth of hell,  
All that was left of them  
Left of six hundred.

When can their glory fade?  
Oh, the wild charge they made!  
All the world wondered.  
Honor the charge they made!  
Honor the Light Brigade,  
Noble six hundred!

ALFRED TENNYSON.

### ONE OF THE SIX HUNDRED.

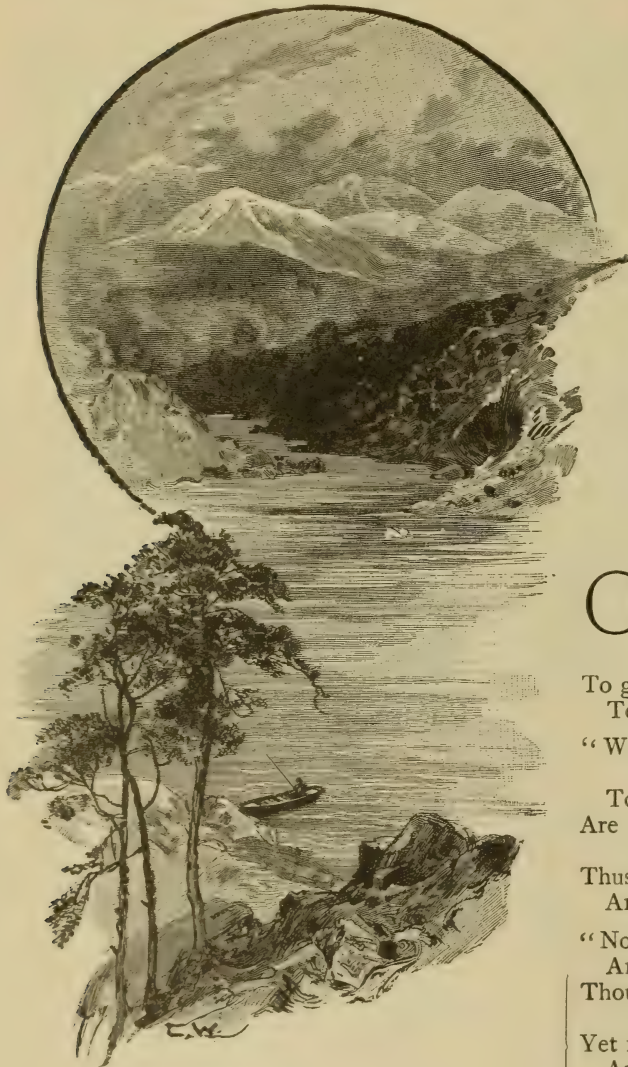
A paragraph recently appeared in a New York journal announcing the death of John Fitzpatrick, one of the Light Brigade, who died of starvation in England. He had received a pension of sixpence a day, which, however, was withdrawn several years ago, and he endeavored to eke out a miserable existence by riding in circus pageants. Old age and disease had unfitted him for this or any other work; the only refuge for the disabled soldier was the workhouse, from which he shrank in horror. The verdict of the coroner's jury was: "Died of starvation, and the case is a disgrace to the War Office."

**S**PEED the news; speed the news!  
Speed the news onward!  
"Died of starvation," one  
Of the Six Hundred:  
One who his part had played  
Well in the Light Brigade,  
Rode with six hundred.

Food to the right of him,  
Food to the left of him,  
Food all around, yet  
The veteran hungered;  
He, who through shot and shell  
Fearlessly rode, and well,  
And when the word was "Charge,"  
Shrank not nor lingered.

"Off to the workhouse, you!"  
Back in dismay he drew—  
Feeling he never knew

When cannon thundered.  
His not to plead or sigh,  
His but to starve and die,  
And to a paupers' grave  
Sink with a soul as brave  
As through the vale of death  
Rode the six hundred.



Flashed a proud spirit there,  
Up through the man's despair,  
Shaming the servile there,  
Scaring the timid, while  
Sordid souls wondered;  
Then turned to face his fate  
Calmly, with a soul as great

As when through shot and shell  
He rode with six hundred!  
With high hope elate,  
Laughing in face of fate—  
Rode with six hundred.

Hunger his mate by day,  
Sunday and working day,  
Winter and summer day—  
Shame on the nation!  
Struggling with might and main,  
Smit with disease and pain,  
He, in Victoria's reign,  
"Died of starvation."

While yet the land with pride  
Tells of the headlong ride  
Of the six hundred;  
While yet the welkin rings,  
While yet the laureate sings,  
"Some one has blundered;"  
Let us with bated breath  
Tell how one starved to death—  
Of the six hundred.

What can that bosom hide?  
Oh the dread death he died!  
Well may men wonder—  
One of the Light Brigade,  
One who that charge had made,  
Died of sheer hunger.

#### RIVER AND TIDE.

ON the bank of the river was seated one day  
An old man, and close by his side  
Was a child who had paused from his  
laughing and play  
To gaze at the stream, as it hurried away  
To the sea, with the ebb of the tide.

"What see you, my child, in the stream, as it  
flows  
To the ocean, so dark and deep?  
Are you watching how swift, yet how silent it  
goes?  
Thus hurry our lives, till they sink in repose,  
And are lost in a measureless sleep.

"Now listen, my boy! You are young, I am old,  
And yet like two rivers are we;  
Though the flood-tide of youth from time's ocean  
in rolled,  
Yet it ebbs all too soon, and its waters grow cold  
As it creeps back again to the sea."

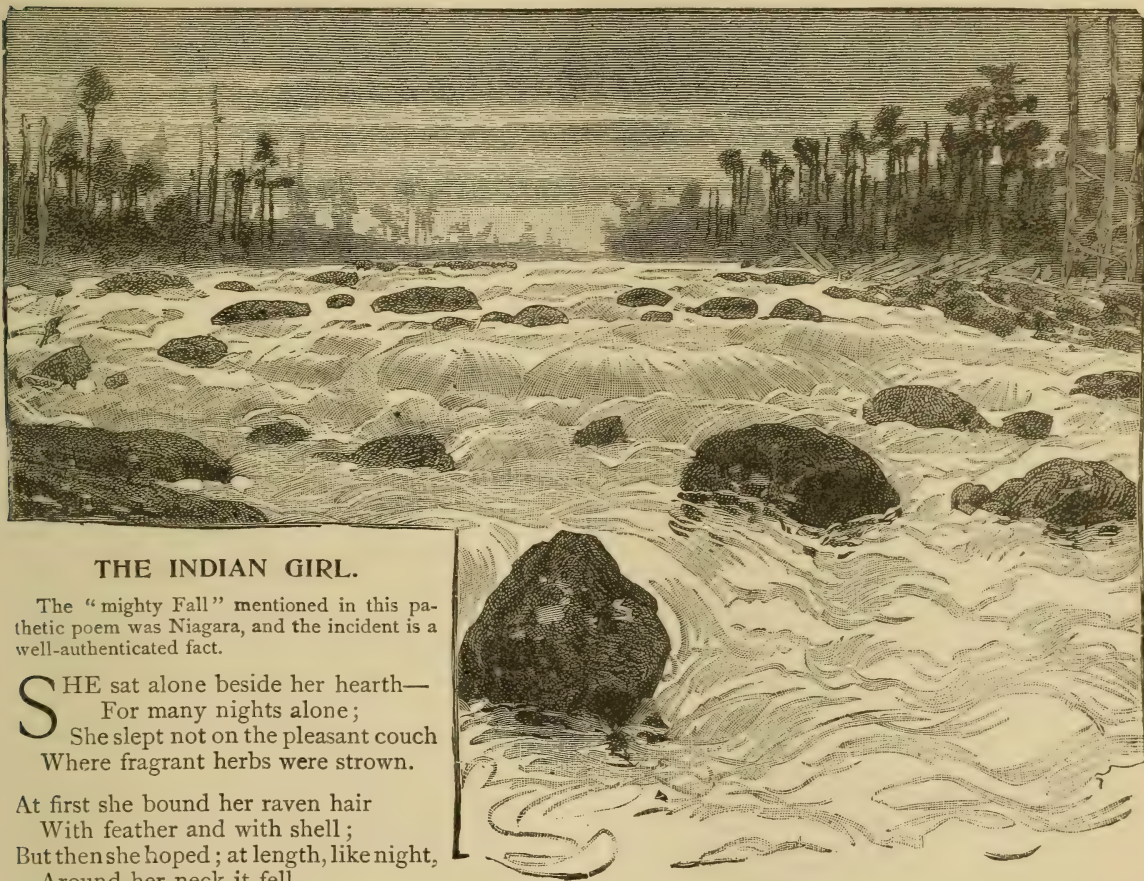
"But the river returns!" cried the boy, while his  
eyes  
Gleamed bright at the water below.  
"Ah! yes," said the old man; "but time, as it  
flies,  
Turns the tide of our life, and it never can rise."  
"But first," said the boy, "it must flow."



Thus, watching its course from the bank of the  
stream,  
They mused, as they sat side by side ;  
Each read different tales in the river's bright  
gleam—  
One borne with the flow of a glorious dream,  
And one going out with the tide.

Ah ! nothing like the heavy step  
Betrays the heavy heart.

It is a usual history  
That Indian girl could tell ;  
Fate sets apart one common doom  
For all who love too well.



### THE INDIAN GIRL.

The "mighty Fall" mentioned in this pathetic poem was Niagara, and the incident is a well-authenticated fact.

SHE sat alone beside her hearth—  
For many nights alone ;  
She slept not on the pleasant couch  
Where fragrant herbs were strown.

At first she bound her raven hair  
With feather and with shell ;  
But then she hoped ; at length, like night,  
Around her neck it fell.

They saw her wandering 'mid the woods,  
Lone, with the cheerless dawn,  
And then they said, "Can this be her  
We called, 'The Startled Fawn?'"

Her heart was in her large sad eyes,  
Half sunshine and half shade ;  
And love, as love first springs to life,  
Of everything afraid.

The red leaf far more heavily  
Fell down to autumn earth,  
Than her light feet, which seemed to move  
To music and to mirth.

With the light feet of early youth,  
What hopes and joys depart !

The proud—the shy—the sensitive—  
Life has not many such ;  
They dearly buy their happiness,  
By feeling it too much.

A stranger to her forest home,  
That fair young stranger came ;  
They raised for him the funeral song—  
For him the funeral flame.

Love sprang from pity—and her arms  
Around his arms she threw ;  
She told her father, "If he dies,  
Your daughter dieth too."

For her sweet sake they set him free—  
He lingered at her side ;

And many a native song yet tells  
Of that pale stranger's bride.

Two years have passed—how much two years  
Have taken in their flight!  
They've taken from the lip its smile,  
And from the eye its light.

Poor child! she was a child in years—  
So timid and so young;  
With what a fond and earnest faith  
To desperate hope she clung!

His eyes grew cold—his voice grew strange—  
They only grew more dear.  
She served him meekly, anxiously,  
With love—half faith, half fear.

And can a fond and faithful heart  
Be worthless in those eyes  
For which it beats?—Ah! woe to those  
Who such a heart despise.

Poor child! what lonely days she passed,  
With nothing to recall  
But bitter taunts, and careless words,  
And looks more cold than all.

Alas! for love, that sits at home,  
Forsaken, and yet fond;  
The grief that sits beside the hearth,  
Life has no grief beyond.

He left her, but she followed him—  
She thought he could not bear  
When she had left her home for him  
To look on her despair.

Adown the strange and mighty stream  
She took her lonely way!  
The stars at night her pilots were,  
As was the sun by day.

Yet mournfully—how mournfully;—  
The Indian looked behind,  
When the last sound of voice or step  
Died on the midnight wind.

Yet still adown the gloomy stream  
She plied her weary oar;  
Her husband—he had left their home,  
And it was home no more.

She found him—but she found in vain—  
He spurned her from his side;  
He said, her brow was all too dark,  
For her to be his bride.

She grasped his hands—her own were cold—  
And silent turned away,  
As she had not a tear to shed,  
And not a word to say.

And pale as death she reached her boat,  
And guided it along;  
With broken voice she strove to raise  
A melancholy song.

None watched the lonely Indian girl—  
She passed unmarked of all,  
Until they saw her slight canoe  
Approach the mighty Fall!

Upright, within that slender boat  
They saw the pale girl stand,  
Her dark hair streaming far behind—  
Upraised her desperate hand.

The air is filled with shriek and shout—  
They call, but call in vain;  
The boat amid the waters dashed—  
'Twas never seen again!

LETITIA E. LONDON.

### IN SCHOOL DAYS.

**S**TILL sits the school-house by the road  
A ragged beggar sunning;  
Around it still the sumachs grow,  
And blackberry vines are running.

Within, the master's desk is seen,  
Deep scarred by raps official;  
The warping floor, the battered seats,  
The jackknife's carved initial;

The charcoal frescoes on its wall;  
Its door's worn sill, betraying  
The feet that, creeping slow to school,  
Went storming out to playing.

Long years ago a winter sun  
Shone over it at setting;  
Lit up its western window-panes,  
And low eaves' icy fretting.

It touched the tangled golden curls,  
And brown eyes, full of grieving,  
Of one who still her steps delayed  
When all the school were leaving.

For near her stood the little boy,  
Her childish favor singled,  
His cap pulled low upon a face  
Where pride and shame were mingled.

Pushing with restless feet the snow  
To right and left, he lingered;  
As restlessly her tiny hands  
The blue-checked apron fingered.

He saw her lift her eyes; he felt  
The soft hands' light caressing,  
And heard the trembling of her voice,  
As if a fault confessing:



"I'm sorry that I spelt the word ;  
I hate to go above you,  
Because"—the brown eyes lower fell—  
"Because, you see, I love you!"

Still memory to a gray-haired man  
That sweet child-face is showing.  
Dear girl! the grasses on her grave  
Have forty years been growing.

He lives to learn in life's hard school,  
How few who pass above him  
Lament their triumph and his loss,  
Like her—because they love him.

J. G. WHITTIER.

### THE KING AND THE COTTAGE.

The following lines breathe a sentiment kindred to that of the gifted author's far-famed poem entitled, "Home, Sweet Home." The one is the companion of the other, and both are tributes to domestic joys almost without a rival.

THERE once was a king on his throne of gold  
seated ;  
His courtiers in smiles were all standing  
around ;  
They heard him with news of fresh victories  
greeted ;  
The skies with the joy of his people resound ;  
And all thought this king was most thoroughly  
blest,  
Till sadly he sighed forth his secret unrest :  
"How much more delight to my bosom 'twould  
bring,  
To feel myself happy, than know myself king!"

"Ah what! while such power and such treasure  
possessing,"  
(A courtier, astonished, stepped forward and cried),  
"Could fortune bestow in exchange for the blessing?"

And thus to the courtier the king straight replied :  
"Health, a cottage, few friends, and a heart all my  
own  
Were heaven in exchange for the cares of a throne!"  
"Then live if no longer to empire you cling,  
Seek these, and be happy, and let *me* be the king!"

The king gave the courtier his throne and descended ;

The longed for delights of retirement to prove,  
And now for the first time around him there  
blended

The smiles of contentment, and friendship and  
love ;

But the courtier soon came to the king in his cot ;  
"Oh no!" said the king, "I'll no more change  
my lot!

Think not, that once freed from the diadem's  
sting,

I'll give up my cottage and stoop to be king!"

JOHN HOWARD PAYNE.

### UNCLE JO.

I HAVE in memory a little story,  
That few indeed would rhyme about but *me* ;  
'Tis not of love, nor fame, nor yet of glory,  
Although a little colored with the three—  
In very truth, I think as much, perchance,  
As most tales disembodied from romance.

Jo lived about the village, and was neighbor  
To every one who had hard work to do ;  
If he possessed a genius, 'twas for labor  
Most people thought, but there were one or two  
Who sometimes said, when he arose to go,  
"Come in again and see us, Uncle Jo!"

The "Uncle" was a courtesy they gave—  
And felt they could *afford* to give to him,  
Just as the master makes of some good slave  
An "Aunt Jemima," or an "Uncle Jim ;"  
And of this dubious kindness Jo was glad—  
Poor fellow, it was all he ever had!

A mile or so away he had a brother,—  
A rich, proud man, that people didn't hire ;  
But Jo had neither sister, wife nor mother,  
And baked his corn-cake, at his cabin fire,  
After the day's work, hard for you and me,  
But he was never tired—how could he be?

They called him dull, but he had eyes of quickness  
For everybody that he could befriend ;  
Said one and all, "How kind he is in sickness,"  
But there, of course, his goodness had an end.  
Another praise there was, might have been given,  
For, one or more days out of every seven,

With his old pickaxe swung across his shoulder,  
And downcast eyes, and slow and sober tread,  
He sought the place of graves, and each beholder  
Wondered and asked each other, who was dead?  
But when he digged all day, nobody thought  
That he had done a whit more than he ought.

At length, one winter when the sunbeams slanted  
Faintly and cold across the churchyard snow,  
The bell tolled out—alas! a grave was wanted,  
And all looked anxiously for Uncle Jo ;  
His spade stood there, against his own roof-tree,  
There was his pickaxe, too, but where was he?

They called and called again, but no replying ;  
Smooth at the window, and about the door  
The snow in cold and heavy drifts was lying—  
He didn't need the daylight any more.  
One shook him roughly, and another said,  
"As true as preaching, Uncle Joe is dead!"

And when they wrapped him in the linen, fairer  
And finer, too, than he had worn till then,  
They found a picture—haply of the sharer  
Of sunny hope, some time ; or where or when,  
They did not care to know, but closed his eyes,—  
And placed it in the coffin where he lies!

None wrote his epitaph, nor saw the beauty  
 Of the pure love that reached into the grave,  
 Nor how, in unobtrusive ways of duty  
 He kept, despite the dark; but men less brave  
 Have left great names, while not a willow bends  
 Above *his* dust—poor Jo, he had no friends!



#### THE NEWSBOY'S DEBT.

ONLY last year, at Christmas time,  
 While pacing down a city street,  
 I saw a tiny, ill-clad boy—  
 One of the thousands that we meet—

As ragged as a boy could be,  
 With half a cap, with one good shoe;  
 Just patches to keep out the wind—  
 I know the wind blew keenly, too;

A newsboy, with a newsboy's lungs,  
 A square Scotch face and honest brow,  
 And eyes that liked to smile so well  
 They had not yet forgotten how;

A newsboy, hawking his last sheets  
 With loud persistence. Now and then

Stopping to beat his stiffened hands,  
 And trudging bravely on again.

Dodging about among the crowd,  
 Shouting his "Extras" o'er and o'er,  
 Pausing by whiles to cheat the wind  
 Within some alley, by some door.

At last he stopped—six papers left,  
 Tucked hopelessly beneath his  
 arm—

To eye a fruiter's outspread store,  
 And products from some country  
 farm.

He stood and gazed with wistful  
 face,  
 All a child's longing in his eyes;  
 Then started, as I touched his arm,  
 And turned in quick, mechanic  
 wise.

Raised his torn cap with purple  
 hands,  
 Said, "Paper, sir? Sun, Sta,  
 Times!"

And brushed away a freezing tear  
 That marked his cheek with frosty  
 rimes.

"How many have you? Never mind—  
 Don't stop to count—I'll take  
 them all;  
 And when you pass my office here  
 With stock on hand, give me a  
 call."

He thanked me with a broad Scotch  
 smile,  
 A look half wondering and half  
 glad.

I fumbled for the proper "change,"  
 And said, "You seem a little lad

"To rough it in the streets like this."  
 "I'm ten years old this Christ-  
 mas time!"

"Your name?" "Jim Hanley." "Here's a bill—  
 I've nothing else, but this one dime—

"Five dollars. When you get it changed  
 Come to my office—that's the place.  
 Now wait a bit, there's time enough:  
 You need not run a headlong race.

"Where do you live?" "Most anywhere.  
 We hired a stable-loft to-day,  
 Me and two others." "And you thought  
 The fruiter's window pretty, hey?"

"And you are cold?" "Aye, just a bit.  
 I don't mind cold." "Why, that is strange!"  
 He smiled and pulled his ragged cap,  
 And darted off to get the "change."



So, with half unconscious sigh,  
I sought my office desk again.  
An hour or more my busy wits  
Found work enough with book and pen.

But when the mantel clock struck five  
I started with a sudden thought,  
For there beside my hat and cloak  
Lay those six papers I had bought.

"Why, where's the boy, and where's the 'change'  
He should have brought an hour ago?  
Ah, well! ah, well! they're all alike!  
I was a fool to tempt him so!

"Dishonest! Well, I might have known;  
And yet his face seemed candid, too.  
He would have earned the difference  
If he had brought me what was due."

Just two days later, as I sat,  
Half dozing in my office chair,  
I heard a timid knock, and called,  
In my brusque fashion, "Who's there?"

An urchin entered, barely seven—  
The same Scotch face, the same blue eyes—  
And stood half doubting, at the door,  
Abashed at my forbidding guise.

"Sir, if you please, my brother Jim—  
The one you gave the bill, you know—  
He couldn't bring the money, sir,  
Because his back was hurted so.

"He didn't mean to keep the 'change,'  
He got runned over up the street;  
One wheel went right across his back,  
And t'other fore-wheel mashed his feet.

"They stopped the horses just in time,  
And then they took him up for dead;  
And all that day and yesterday  
He wasn't right in his head.

"They took him to the hospital—  
One of the newsboys knew 'twas Jim—  
And I went too, because, you see,  
We two are brothers, I and him.

"He had that money in his hand,  
And never saw it any more.  
Indeed, he didn't mean to steal!  
He never lost a cent before.

"He was afraid that you might think  
He meant to keep it any way.  
This morning, when they brought him to,  
He cried because he couldn't pay.

"He made me fetch his jacket here;  
It's torn and dirtied pretty bad,  
It's only fit to sell for rags,  
But then you know it's all he had!

"When he gets well—it wont be long—  
If you will call the money lent,  
He says he'll work his fingers off  
But what he'll pay you every cent."

And then he cast a rueful glance  
At the soiled jacket, where it lay,  
"No, no, my boy! Take back the coat.  
Your brother's badly hurt, you say?

"Where did they take him? Just run on,  
And hail a cab, then wait for me.  
Why, I would give a thousand coats,  
And pounds, for such a boy as he!"

A half hour after this we stood  
Together in the crowded wards,  
And the nurse checked the hasty steps  
That fell too loudly on the boards.

I thought him smiling in his sleep,  
And scarce believed her when she said,  
Smoothing away the tangled hair  
From brow and cheek, "The boy is dead!"

Dead? Dead so soon? How fair he looked,  
One streak of sunshine on his hair.  
Poor lad! Well, it is warm in heaven;  
No need of "change" and jackets there.

And something rising in my throat  
Made it so hard for me to speak,  
I turned away, and left a tear  
Lying upon his sunburned cheek.

HELEN HUNT JACKSON.

#### SCOTT AND THE VETERAN.

A N old and crippled veteran to the War De-  
partment came,  
He sought the Chief who led him on many  
a field of fame—

The Chief who shouted "Forward!" where'er  
his banner rose,  
And bore its stars in triumph behind the flying  
foes.

"Have you forgotten, General," the battered  
soldier cried,

"The days of eighteen hundred twelve, when I  
was at your side?

Have you forgotten Johnson, who fought at  
Lundy's Lane?

'Tis true, I'm old and pensioned, but I want  
to fight again."

"Have I forgotten?" said the Chief: "my brave  
old soldier, no!

And here's the hand I gave you then, and let it  
tell you so;

But you have done your share, my friend; you're  
crippled, old and gray,

And we have need of younger arms and fresher  
blood to-day."

"But, General," cried the veteran, a flush upon his brow,  
 "The very men who fought with us, they say, are traitors now:  
 They've torn the flag of Lundy's Lane, our old red, white and blue,  
 And while a drop of blood is left, I'll show that drop is true.

"I'm not so weak but I can strike, and I've a good old gun,  
 To get the range of traitors' hearts, and prick them, one by one.  
 Your Minnie rifles and such arms, it ain't worth while to try;  
 I couldn't get the hang o' them, but I'll keep my powder dry!"

"God bless you, comrade!" said the Chief,—  
 "God bless your loyal heart!  
 But younger men are in the field, and claim to have a part;  
 They'll plant our sacred banner firm, in each rebellious town,  
 And woe, henceforth, to any hand that dares to pull it down!"

"But, General!"—still persisting, the weeping veteran cried,  
 "I'm young enough to follow, so long as you're my guide;  
 And some you know, must bite the dust, and that, at least, can I;  
 So give the young ones place to fight, but me a place to die!"

"If they should fire on Pickens, let the colonel in command  
 Put me upon the rampart with the flag-staff in my hand:  
 No odds how hot the cannon-smoke, or how the shell may fly,  
 I'll hold the stars and stripes aloft, and hold them till I die!"

"I'm ready, General; so you let a post to me be given,  
 Where Washington can look at me, as he looks down from heaven,  
 And say to Putnam at his side, or may be, General Wayne—  
 "There stands old Billy Johnson, who fought at Lundy's Lane!"

"And when the fight is raging hot, before the traitors fly,  
 When shell and ball are screeching, and bursting in the sky,  
 If any shot should pierce through me, and lay me on my face,  
 My soul would go to Washington's, and not to Arnold's place!"

BAYARD TAYLOR.

## BEN FISHER.

BEN FISHER had finished his hard day's work,  
 And he sat at his cottage door;  
 His good wife, Kate, sat by his side,  
 And the moonlight danced on the floor—  
 The moonlight danced on the cottage floor,  
 Her beams were clear and bright  
 As when he and Kate, twelve years before,  
 Talked love in her mellow light.

Ben Fisher had never a pipe of clay,  
 And never a dram drank he;  
 So he loved at home with his wife to stay,  
 And they chatted right merrily;  
 Right merrily chatted they on, the while  
 Her babe slept on her breast,  
 While a chubby rogue, with rosy smile,  
 On his father's knee found rest.

Ben told her how fast the potatoes grew,  
 And the corn in the lower field;  
 And the wheat on the hill was grown to seed,  
 And promised a glorious yield;—  
 A glorious yield in the harvest time,  
 And his orchard was doing fair;  
 His sheep and his stock were in their prime,  
 His farm all in good repair.

Kate said that her garden looked beautiful,  
 Her fowls and her calves were fat;  
 That the butter that Tommy that morning churned,  
 Would buy him a Sunday hat;  
 That Jenny, for Pa, a new shirt had made,  
 And 'twas done too by the rule;  
 That Neddy the garden could nicely spade;  
 And Ann was ahead at school.

Ben slowly raised his toil-worn hand  
 Through his locks of grayish brown;  
 "I tell you, Kate, what I think," said he,  
 "We're the happiest folks in town."  
 "I know," said Kate, "that we all work hard—  
 Work and health go together, I've found;  
 For there's Mrs. Bell does not work at all,  
 And she's sick the whole year round.

"They're worth their thousands, so people say,  
 But I ne'er saw them happy yet;  
 'Twould not be me that would take their gold,  
 And live in a constant fret;  
 My humble home has a light within,  
 Mrs. Bell's gold could not buy—  
 Six healthy children, a merry heart,  
 And a husband's love-lit eye."

I fancied a tear was in Ben's eye—  
 The moon shone brighter and clearer,  
 I could not tell why the man should cry,  
 But he hitched up to Kate still nearer;  
 He leaned his head on her shoulder there,  
 And he took her hand in his—  
 I guess—(though I looked at the moon just then),  
 That he left on her lips a kiss.

FRANCIS DANA GAGE.

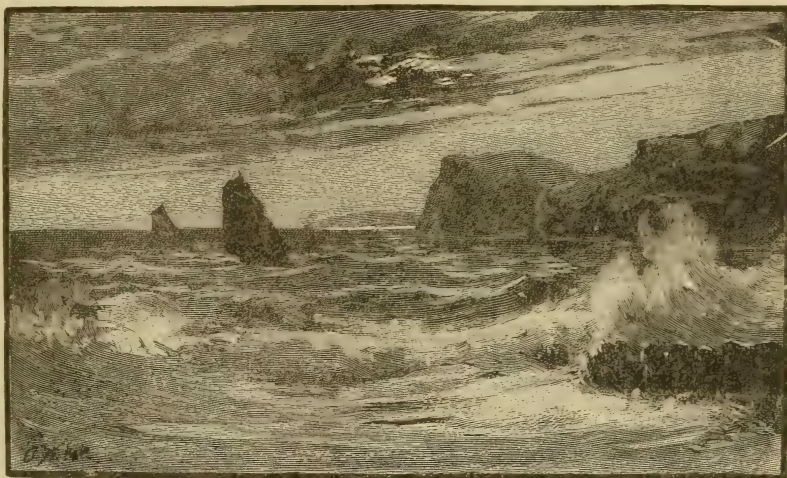


## THE SEA-KING'S GRAVE.

**H**IGH over the wild sea-border, on the fur-  
 thest downs to the West,  
 Is the green grave-mound of the Norse-  
 man, with the yew-tree grove on its crest.  
 And I heard in the winds his story, as they leapt  
 up salt from the wave,  
 And tore at the creaking branches that grow from  
 the sea-king's grave;  
 Some son of the old-world Vikings, the wild sea-  
 wandering lords,  
 Who sailed in a snake-prowed  
 galley, with a terror  
 of twenty swords.  
 From the fiords of the sunless  
 winter, they came on  
 an icy blast,  
 Till over the whole world's  
 seaboard the shadow  
 of Odin passed,  
 Till they sped to the inland  
 waters and under the  
 Southland skies,  
 And stared on the puny  
 princes with their  
 blue victorious eyes.  
 And they said he was old and  
 royal, and a warrior  
 all his days,  
 But the king who had slain  
 his brother lived yet in the island ways;  
 And he came from a hundred battles, and died in  
 his last wild quest,  
 For he said, "I will have my vengeance, and then  
 I will take my rest."  
 He had passed on his homeward journey, and the  
 king of the isles was dead;  
 He had drunken the draft of triumph, and his cup  
 was the isle king's head;  
 And he spoke of the song and feasting, and the  
 gladness of things to be,  
 And three days over the waters they rowed on a  
 waveless sea;  
 Till a small cloud rose to the shoreward, and a  
 gust broke out of the cloud,  
 And the spray beat over the rowers, and the mur-  
 mur of winds was loud  
 With the voice of the far-off thunders, till the  
 shuddering air grew warm,  
 And the day was as dark as at even, and the wild  
 god rode on the storm.  
 But the old man laughed in the thunder as he set  
 his casque on his brow,  
 And he waved his sword in the lightning and  
 clung to the painted prow.  
 And a shaft from the storm-god's quiver flashed  
 out from the flame-flushed skies,  
 Rang down on his war-worn harness and gleamed  
 in his fiery eyes,

And his mail and his crested helmet, and his hair  
 and his beard burned red;  
 And they said, "It is Odin calls;" and he fell,  
 and they found him dead.

So here, in his war guise armored, they laid him  
 down to his rest,  
 In his casque with the reindeer antlers, and the  
 long grey beard on his breast;  
 His bier was the spoil of the islands, with a sail for  
 a shroud beneath,



And an oar of his blood-red galley, and his battle-  
 brand in the sheath;  
 And they buried his bow beside him, and planted  
 the grove of yew,  
 For the grave of a mighty archer, one tree for  
 each of his crew;  
 Where the flowerless cliffs are sheerest, where the  
 sea-birds circle and swarm,  
 And the rocks are at war with the waters, with  
 their jagged grey teeth in the storm;  
 And the huge Atlantic billows sweep in, and the  
 mists enclose  
 The hill with the grass-grown mound where the  
 Norseman's yew-tree grows.

RENNELL RODD.

## THE HEATHEN CHINEE.

TABLE MOUNTAIN, 1870.

**W**HICH I wish to remark—  
 And my language is plain—  
 That for ways that are dark,  
 And for tricks that are vain,  
 The heathen Chinee is peculiar,  
 Which the same I would rise to explain.

Ah Sin was his name;  
 And I shall not deny  
 In regard to the same  
 What that name might imply,

But his smile it was pensive and child-like,  
As I frequent remarked to Bill Nye.

It was August the third,  
And quite soft was the skies;  
Which it might be inferred  
That Ah Sin was likewise;  
Yet he played it that day upon William  
And me in a way I despise.

Which we had a small game,  
And Ah Sin took a hand:  
It was euchre. The same  
He did not understand;  
But he smiled as he sat by the table,  
With a smile that was child-like and bland.

Yet the cards they were stocked  
In a way that I grieve,  
And my feelings were shocked  
At the state of Nye's sleeve,  
Which was stuffed full of aces and bowers,  
And the same with intent to deceive.

But the hands that were played  
By that heathen Chinee,  
And the points that he made  
Were quite frightful to see—  
Till at last he put down a right bower,  
Which the same Nye had dealt unto me.

Then I looked up at Nye,  
And he gazed upon me;  
And he rose with a sigh,  
And said, "Can this be?  
We are ruined by Chinese cheap labor,"  
And he went for that heathen Chinee.

In the scene that ensued  
I did not take a hand,  
But the floor it was strewed  
Like the leaves on the strand  
With the cards that Ah Sin had been hiding,  
In the game he "did not understand."

In his sleeves, which were long,  
He had twenty-four packs—  
Which was coming it strong,  
Yet I state but the facts;  
And we found on his nails, which were taper,  
What is frequent in tapers—that's wax.

Which is why I remark,  
And my language is plain,  
That for ways that are dark,  
And for tricks that are vain,  
The heathen Chinee is peculiar,  
Which the same I am free to maintain.

BRET HARTE.

### LOVED ONE WAS NOT THERE.

WE gathered round the festive board,  
The crackling fagot blazed;  
But few would taste the wine that poured,  
Or join the song we raised:  
For there was now a glass unfilled—  
A favored place to spare;  
All eyes were dull, all hearts were chilled—  
The loved one was not there.

No happy laugh was heard to ring,  
No form would lead the dance;  
A smothered sorrow seemed to fling  
A gloom in every glance.  
The grave had closed upon a brow,  
The honest, bright, and fair;  
We missed our mate, we mourned the blow—  
The loved one was not there.

ELIZA COOK.

### THE GUARD'S STORY.

WE were on picket, sir, he and I,  
Under the blue of a midnight sky  
In the wilderness, where the night  
bird's song  
Gives back an echo all night long.  
Where the silver stars as they come and pass  
Leave stars of dew on the tangled grass,  
And the rivers sing in the silent hours  
Their sweetest songs to the list'ning flowers.

He'd a slender form and a girlish face,  
That seemed in the army out of place,  
Though he smiled as I told him so that day,—  
Aye, smiled and flushed in a girlish way  
That 'minded me of a face I knew,  
In a distant village, 'neath the blue;  
When our army marched, at the meadow bars,  
She met and kissed me 'neath the stars.

Before us the river silent ran,  
And we'd been placed to guard the ford;  
A dangerous place, and we'd jump and start  
Whenever a leaf by the wind was stirred.  
Behind us the army lay encamped,  
Their camp-fires burned into the night,  
Like bonfires built upon the hills,  
And set by demon hands alight.

Somehow, whenever I looked that way,  
I seemed to see her face again,  
Kind o' hazy like, as you've seen a star  
A peepin' out through a misty rain!  
And once, believe, as I thought of her,  
I thought aloud, and I called him Bess,  
When he started quick, and smiling, said,  
"You dream of some one at home, I guess."

'Twas just in the flush of the morning light,  
We stopped for a chat at the end of our beat,



When a rifle flashed at the river's bank,  
 And bathed in blood he sank at my feet ;  
 All of a sudden I knew *her* then,  
 And kneeling, I kissed the girlish face ;  
 And raised her head from the tangled grass,  
 To find on my breast its resting place.

When the corporal came to change the guard,  
 At six in the morning, he found me there,  
 With Bessie's dead form clasped in my arms,  
 And hid in my heart her dying prayer.  
 They buried her under the moaning pines,  
 And never a man in the army knew  
 That Willie Searles and my girl were one.  
 You're the first I've told—the story's new.

### THE OVERLAND TRAIN.

**T**HE Plains ! The shouting drivers at the wheel ;  
 The crash of leather whips ; the crush and  
 roll  
 Of wheels ; the groan of yokes and grinding steel  
 And iron chain, and lo ! at last the whole  
 Vast line, that reached as if to touch the goal,  
 Began to stretch and stream away and wind  
 Toward the west, as if with one control :  
 Then hope loomed fair, and home lay far behind ;  
 Before, the boundless plain, and fiercest of their  
 kind.

Some hills at last began to lift and break ;  
 Some streams began to fail of wood and tide,  
 The sombre plain began betime to take  
 A hue of weary brown, and wild and wide  
 It stretched its naked breast on every side.  
 A babe was heard at last to cry for bread  
 Amid the deserts ; cattle lowed and died,  
 And dying men went by with broken tread,  
 And left a long black serpent line of wreck and  
 dead.

They rose by night ; they struggled on and on  
 As thin and still as ghosts ; then here and there  
 Beside the dusty way before the dawn  
 Men silent laid them down in their despair,  
 And died. But woman ! Woman, frail as fair !  
 May man have strength to give to you your due ;  
 You faltered not, nor murmured anywhere,  
 You held your babes, held to your course, and  
 you  
 Bore on through burning hell your double burthens  
 through.

The dust arose, a long dim line like smoke  
 From out a riven earth. The wheels went by,  
 The thousand feet in harness and in yoke,  
 They tore the ways of ashen alkali,  
 And desert winds blew sudden, swift and dry.  
 The dust ! it sat upon and filled the train !  
 It seemed to fret and fill the very sky.  
 Lo ! dust upon the beasts, the tent, the plain,  
 And dust, alas ! on breasts that rose not up again.

My brave and unremembered heroes, rest ;  
 You fell in silence, silent lie and sleep.  
 Sleep on unsung, for this, I say, were best ;  
 The world to-day has hardly time to weep ;  
 The world to-day will hardly care to keep  
 In heart her plain and unpretending brave ;  
 The desert winds, they whistle by and sweep  
 About you ; browned and russet grasses wave  
 Along a thousand leagues that lie one common  
 grave.

JOAQUIN MILLER.

### THE BRIDGE OF SIGHS.

**O**NE more unfortunate,  
 Weary of breath,  
 Rashly importunate,  
 Gone to her death !

Take her up tenderly,  
 Lift her with care ;  
 Fashioned so slenderly—  
 Young, and so fair !

Look at her garments  
 Clinging like cerements,  
 Whilst the wave constantly  
 Drips from her clothing ;  
 Take her up instantly,  
 Loving, not loathing !

Touch her not scornfully !  
 Think of her mournfully,  
 Gently and humanly—  
 Not of the stains of her ;  
 All that remains of her  
 Now is pure womanly.

Make no deep scrutiny  
 Into her mutiny,  
 Rash and undutiful ;  
 Past all dishonor,  
 Death has left on her  
 Only the beautiful.

Still, for all slips of hers—  
 One of Eve's family—  
 Wipe those poor lips of hers,  
 Oozing so clammyly.

Loop up her tresses  
 Escaped from the comb—  
 Her fair auburn tresses—  
 Whilst wonderment guesses  
 Where was her home ?

Who was her father ?  
 Who was her mother ?  
 Had she a sister ?  
 Had she a brother ?  
 Or was there a dearer one  
 Still, and a nearer one  
 Yet, than all other ?

Alas! for the rarity  
Of Christian charity  
Under the sun!  
O! it was pitiful!  
Near a whole city full,  
Home she had none.

Sisterly, brotherly,  
Fatherly, motherly  
Feelings had changed—  
Love, by harsh evidence,  
Thrown from its eminence;  
Even God's providence  
Seeming estranged.

Where the lamps quiver  
So far in the river,  
With many a light  
From window and casement,  
From garret to basement,  
She stood, with amazement,  
Houseless by night.

The bleak wind of March  
Made her tremble and shiver;  
But not the dark arch,  
Or the black flowing river;  
Mad from life's history,  
Glad to death's mystery,  
Swift to be hurled  
Anywhere, anywhere  
Out of the world!

In she plunged boldly—  
No matter how coldly  
The rough river ran—  
Over the brink of it!  
Picture it—think of it!  
Dissolute man!  
Lave in it, drink of it,  
Then if you can!

Take her up tenderly—  
Lift her with care!  
Fashioned so slenderly—  
Young, and so fair!

Ere her limbs, frigidly,  
Stiffen too rigidly,  
Decently, kindly,  
Smooth and compose them;  
And her eyes, close them,  
Staring so blindly!

Dreadfully staring  
Through muddy impurity,  
As when with the daring  
Last look of despairing,  
Fixed on futurity.

Perishing gloomily,  
Spurred by contumely,  
Cold inhumanity,  
Burning insanity  
Into her rest!  
Cross her hands humbly,  
As if praying dumbly,  
Over her breast!

Owning her weakness,  
Her evil behavior,  
And leaving, with meekness,  
Her sins to her Saviour!

THOMAS HOOD.

#### ARABELLA AND SALLY ANN.

ARABELLA was a schoolgirl,  
So was Sally Ann.  
Hasty pudding can't be thicker  
Than two schoolgirls can.

These were thick as schoolgirls can be,  
Deathless love they swore,  
Vowed that naught on earth should part them—  
One forever more.

They grew up as schoolgirls will do,  
Went to parties, too,  
And as oft before has happened,  
Suitors came to woo.

But as fate or luck would have it,  
One misguided man  
Favored blue-eyed Arabella  
More than Sally Ann.

And, of course, it made no difference  
That the laws are such  
That he could not wed two women,  
Though they wished it much.

So a coolness rose between them,  
And the cause—a man.  
Cold was Arabella—very;  
Colder Sally Ann.

Now they call each other "creature;"  
What is still more sad—  
Bella, though she won the treasure,  
Wishes Sally had.

PAUL CARSON.



# FAMOUS BALLADS, LEGENDS

AND

## NATIONAL AIRS.

### THE DAMSEL OF PERU.



HERE olive leaves were  
twinkling in every wind  
that blew,  
There sat beneath the  
pleasant shade a damsel  
of Peru.

Betwixt the slender  
boughs, as they opened  
to the air,  
Came glimpses of her  
ivory neck and of her  
glossy hair;

And sweetly rang her sil-  
ver voice, within that  
shady nook,

As from the shrubby glen  
is heard the sound of hidden brook.

'Tis a song of love and valor, in the noble Span-  
ish tongue,

That once upon the sunny plains of old Castile  
was sung;

When, from their mountain holds, on the Moor-  
ish rout below,

Had rushed the Christians like a flood, and swept  
away the foe.

Awhile that melody is still, and then breaks forth  
anew

A wilder rhyme, a livelier note, of freedom and  
Peru.

For she has bound the sword to a youthful lover's  
side,

And sent him to the war the day she should have  
been his bride,

And bade him bear a faithful heart to battle for  
the right,

And held the fountains of her eyes till he was out  
of sight.

Since the parting kiss was given, six weary months  
are fled,

And yet the foe is in the land, and blood must  
yet be shed.

A white hand parts the branches, a lovely face  
looks forth,

And bright dark eyes gaze steadfastly and sadly  
toward the north.

Thou look'st in vain, sweet maiden, the sharpest  
sight would fail

To spy a sign of human life abroad in all the  
vale;

For the noon is coming on, and the sunbeams  
fiercely beat,

And the silent hills and forest-tops seem reeling  
in the heat.

That white hand is withdrawn, that fair sad face  
is gone,

But the music of that silver voice is flowing  
sweetly on,

Not as of late, in cheerful tones, but mournfully  
and low—

A ballad of a tender maid heart-broken long  
ago,

Of him who died in battle, the youthful and the  
brave,

And her who died of sorrow, upon his early  
grave.

But see, along that mountain's slope, a fiery horse-  
man ride;

Mark his torn plume, his tarnished belt, the sabre  
at his side.

His spurs are buried rowel deep, he rides with  
loosened rein,

There's blood upon his charger's flank and foam  
upon the mane;

He speeds him towards the olive-grove, along that  
shaded hill:

God shield the helpless maiden there, if he should  
mean her ill!

And suddenly that song has ceased, and suddenly  
I hear

A shriek sent up amid the shade, a shriek—but not  
of fear.

For tender accents follow, and tenderer pauses  
speak

The overflow of gladness, when words are all too  
weak:

"I lay my good sword at thy feet, for now Peru  
is free,

And I am come to dwell beside the olive-grove  
with thee."

W. C. BRYANT.

## THE AFRICAN CHIEF.

The story of the African Chief related in this ballad is well known. The chief was a warrior of majestic stature, brother of the king of the Solima nation. He had been taken in battle and was brought in chains for sale to the Rio Pongas, where he was exhibited in the market-place, his ankles still adorned with the massive rings of gold which he wore when captured. The refusal of his captor to listen to his offers of ransom drove him mad and he died a maniac.

**C**HAINED in the market-place he stood,  
A man of giant frame,  
Amid the gathering multitude  
That shrunk to hear his name—  
All stern of look and strong of limb  
His dark eye on the ground :—  
And silently they gazed on him,  
As on a lion bound.

Vainly, but well, that chief had fought,  
He was a captive now,  
Yet pride, that fortune humbles not,  
Was written on his brow.  
The scars his dark broad bosom wore,  
Showed warrior true and brave ;  
A prince among his tribe before,  
He could not be a slave.

Then to his conqueror he spake—  
“ My brother is a king ;  
Undo this necklace from my neck,  
And take this bracelet ring,  
And send me where my brother reigns,  
And I will fill thy hands  
With store of ivory from the plains,  
And gold-dust from the sands.”

“ Not for thy ivory nor thy gold  
Will I unbind thy chain ;  
That bloody hand shall never hold  
The battle-spear again.  
A price thy nation never gave  
Shall yet be paid for thee ;  
For thou shalt be the Christian's slave,  
In lands beyond the sea.”

Then wept the warrior chief, and bade  
To shred his locks away ;  
And one by one, each heavy braid  
Before the victor lay.  
Thick were the platted locks, and long,  
And closely hidden there  
Shone many a wedge of gold among  
The dark and crisped hair.

“ Look, feast thy greedy eye with gold  
Long kept for sorest need :  
Take it—thou askest sums untold,  
And say that I am freed.  
Take it—my wife, the long, long day,  
Weeps by the cocoa-tree,  
And my young children leave their play,  
And ask in vain for me.”

“ I take thy gold—but I have made  
Thy fetters fast and strong,  
And ween that by the cocoa shade  
Thy wife will wait thee long.”  
Strong was the agony that shook  
The captive's frame to hear,  
And the proud meaning of his look  
Was changed to mortal fear.

His heart was broken—crazed his brain  
At once his eye grew wild ;  
He struggled fiercely with his chain,  
Whispered, and wept, and smiled ;  
Yet wore not long those fatal bands,  
And once, at shut of day,  
They drew him forth upon the sands,  
The foul hyena's prey. W. C. BRYANT.

## THE PRIVATE OF THE BUFFS.

**L**AST night, among his fellow roughs,  
He jested, quaffed, and swore ;  
A drunken private of the Buffs,  
Who never looked before.  
To-day, beneath the foeman's frown,  
He stands in Elgin's place,  
Ambassador from Britain's crown,  
And type of all her race.  
Poor, reckless, rude, low-born, untaught,  
Bewildered, and alone,  
A heart, with English instinct fraught,  
He yet can call his own.  
Ay, tear his body limb from limb,  
Bring cord or axe or flame,  
He only knows that not through him  
Shall England come to shame.

Far Kentish hop-fields round him seemed,  
Like dreams, to come and go ;  
Bright leagues of cherry-blossom gleamed,  
One sheet of living snow ;  
The smoke above his father's door  
In gray soft eddys hung ;  
Must he then watch it rise no more,  
Doomed by himself so young ?

Yes, honor calls !—with strength like steel  
He put the vision by ;  
Let dusky Indians whine and kneel,  
An English lad must die.  
And thus, with eyes that would not shrink,  
With knee to man unbent,  
Unflinching on its dreadful brink,  
To his red grave he went.

Vain mightiest fleets of iron framed,  
Vain those all-shattering guns,  
Unless proud England keep untamed  
The strong heart of her sons ;  
So let his name through Europe ring—  
A man of mean estate,  
Who died, as firm as Sparta's king,  
Because his soul was great.

SIR FRANCIS H. DOYLE.



## A MAID OF NORMANDY.

**W**ITHIN a sheltered mossy glade,  
Hid in a mighty forest's shade,  
There first it was I chanced to see  
My little maid of Normandy.

*I* was a painter, poor, obscure;  
*She* was a peasant, fair and pure;  
And oh! she was so dear to me—  
My little maid of Normandy.

And I was all the world to her.  
Scarce ever from my side she'd stir,  
But watched me paint with childish glee—  
My little maid of Normandy.

Alas! alas! there came a day  
When all the sunshine died away!  
They buried her beside the sea—  
My little maid of Normandy.



And time went on, and hour by hour,  
And day by day love gained in power,  
Till she was all the world to me—  
My little maid of Normandy.

And now I roam the will world o'er,  
But memory haunts me evermore!  
One love alone for me can be—  
My little maid of Normandy.

GEORGE WEATHERS

## BORDER BAILLAD.

**M**ARCH, march, Ettrick and Teviotdale!  
Why the de'il dinna ye march forward in  
order?  
March, march, Eskdale and Liddesdale!  
All the Blue Bonnets are over the Border!

Many a banner spread  
Flutters above your head,  
Many a crest that is famous in story!  
Mount and make ready, then,  
Sons of the mountain glen,  
Fight for the queen and our old Scottish glory!



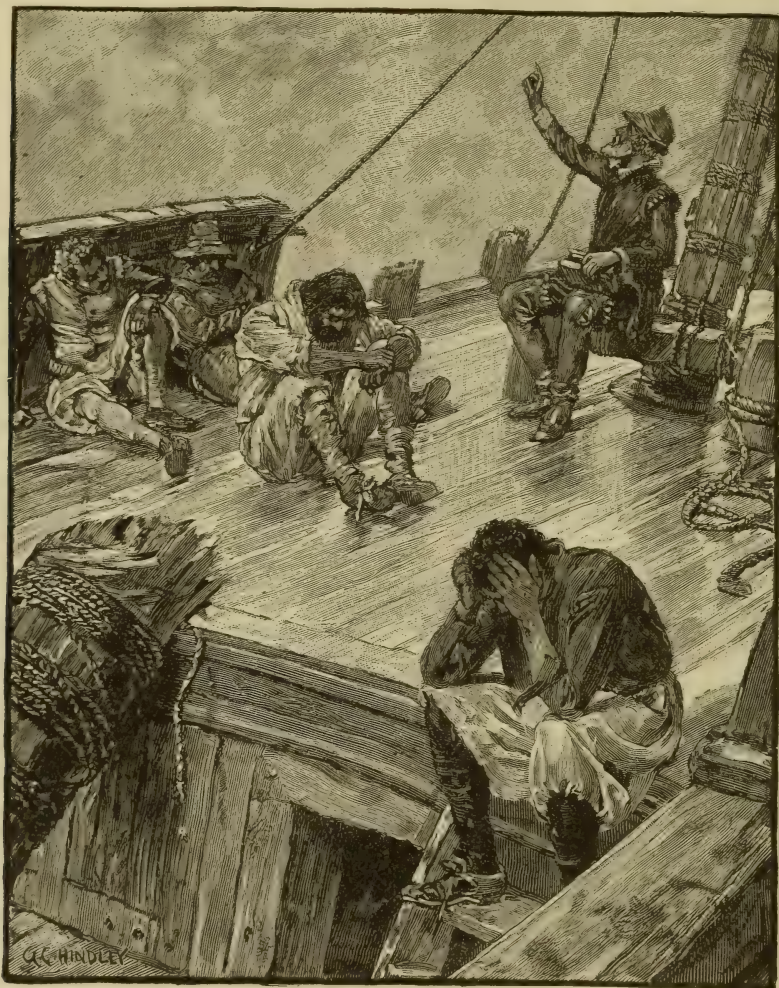
Come from the hills where your hirsels are grazing ;  
 Come from the glen of the buck and the roe ;  
 Come to the crag where the beacon is blazing ;  
 Come with the buckler, the lance and the bow.  
 Trumpets are sounding ;  
 War-steeds are bounding ;

Stand to your arms, and march in good order,  
 England shall many a day  
 Tell of the bloody fray,  
 When the Blue Bonnets came over the Border.  
 SIR WALTER SCOTT.

### SIR HUMPHREY GILBERT.

**S**OUTHWARD with fleet of ice  
 Sailed the corsair Death ;  
 Wild and fast blew the blast,  
 And the east wind was his breath.

Eastward from Campobello  
 Sir Humphrey Gilbert sailed ;  
 Three days or more seaward he bore,  
 Then, alas ! the land-wind failed.



His lordly ships of ice  
 Glistened in the sun ;  
 On each side, like pennons wide,  
 Flashing crystal streamlets run.

His sails of white sea-mist  
 Dripped with silver rain ;  
 But where he passed there were cast  
 Leaden shadows o'er the main.

Alas ! the land-wind failed,  
 And ice-cold grew the night ;  
 And never more, on sea or shore,  
 Should Sir Humphrey see the light.

He sat upon the deck,  
 The Book was in his hand ;  
 "Do not fear ! Heaven is as near,"  
 He said, "by water as by land !"



In the first watch of the night,  
Without a signal's sound,  
Out of the sea, mysteriously,  
The fleet of Death rose all around.

The moon and the evening star  
Were hanging in the shrouds;  
Every mast, as it passed,  
Seemed to rake the passing clouds.

They grappled with their prize,  
At midnight black and cold!  
As of a rock was the shock;  
Heavily the ground-swell rolled.

Southward through day and dark,  
They drift in close embrace,  
With mist and rain, to the Spanish Main;  
Yet there seems no change of place.

Southward, forever southward,  
They drift through dark and day;  
And like a dream, in the Gulf-Stream  
Sinking, vanish all away.

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

### THE PILGRIM FATHERS.

THE Pilgrim Fathers, where are they?  
The waves that brought them o'er  
Still roll in the bay, and throw their spray,  
As they break along the shore—  
Still roll in the bay as they rolled that day  
When the Mayflower moored below,  
When the sea around was black with storms,  
And white the shore with snow.

The mists that wrapped the pilgrim's sleep  
Still brood upon the tide;  
And his rocks yet keep their watch by the deep,  
To stay its waves of pride;  
But the snow-white sail that he gave to the gale  
When the heavens looked dark, is gone;  
As an angel's wing through an opening cloud  
Is seen, and then withdrawn.

The pilgrim exile—sainted name!  
The hill, whose icy brow  
Rejoiced, when he came, in the morning's flame,  
In the morning's flame burns now.  
And the moon's cold light, as it lay that night  
On the hillside and the sea,  
Still lies where he laid his houseless head;  
But the pilgrim, where is he?

The Pilgrim Fathers are at rest;  
When summer is throned on high,  
And the world's warm breast is in verdure dressed,  
Go, stand on the hill where they lie:  
The earliest ray of the golden day  
On the hallowed spot is cast;  
And the evening sun, as he leaves the world,  
Looks kindly on that spot last.

The pilgrim spirit has not fled:  
It walks in noon's broad light;  
And it watches the bed of the glorious dead,  
With the holy stars by night:  
It watches the bed of the brave who have bled,  
And shall guard this ice-bound shore,  
Till the waves of the bay where the Mayflower lay  
Shall foam and freeze no more,

JOHN PIERPONT.

### THE CRAZED MAIDEN.

LET me not have this gloomy view  
About my room, about my bed;  
But morning roses, wet with dew,  
To cool my burning brow instead;  
As flowers that once in Eden grew,  
Let them their fragrant spirits shed,  
And every day their sweets renew,  
Till I, a fading flower, am dead.

O let the herbs I loved to rear  
Give to my sense their perfumed breath!  
Let them be placed about my bier,  
And grace the gloomy house of death.  
I'll have my grave beneath a hill,  
Where only Lucy's self shall know,  
Where runs the pure pellucid rill  
Upon its gravelly bed below:  
There violets on the borders blow,  
And insects their soft light display,  
Till, as the morning sunbeams glow,  
The cold phosphoric fires decay.

That is the grave to Lucy shown;  
The soil a pure and silver sand;  
The green cold moss above it grown,  
Unplucked of all but maiden hand.  
In virgin earth, till then unturned,  
There let my maiden form be laid;  
Nor let my mouldering clay be spurned,  
Nor for new guest that bed be made.

There will the lark, the lamb, in sport,  
In air, on earth, securely play:  
And Lucy to my grave resort,  
As innocent, but not so gay.  
I will not have the churchyard ground  
With bones all black and ugly grown,  
To press my shivering body round,  
Or on my wasted limbs be thrown.

With ribs and skulls I will not sleep,  
In clammy beds of cold blue clay,  
Through which the clammy earth-worms creep,  
And on the shrouded bosom prey.  
I will not have the bell proclaim  
When those sad marriage rites begin,  
And boys, without regard or shame,  
Press the vile mouldering masses in.

GEORGE CRABBE.

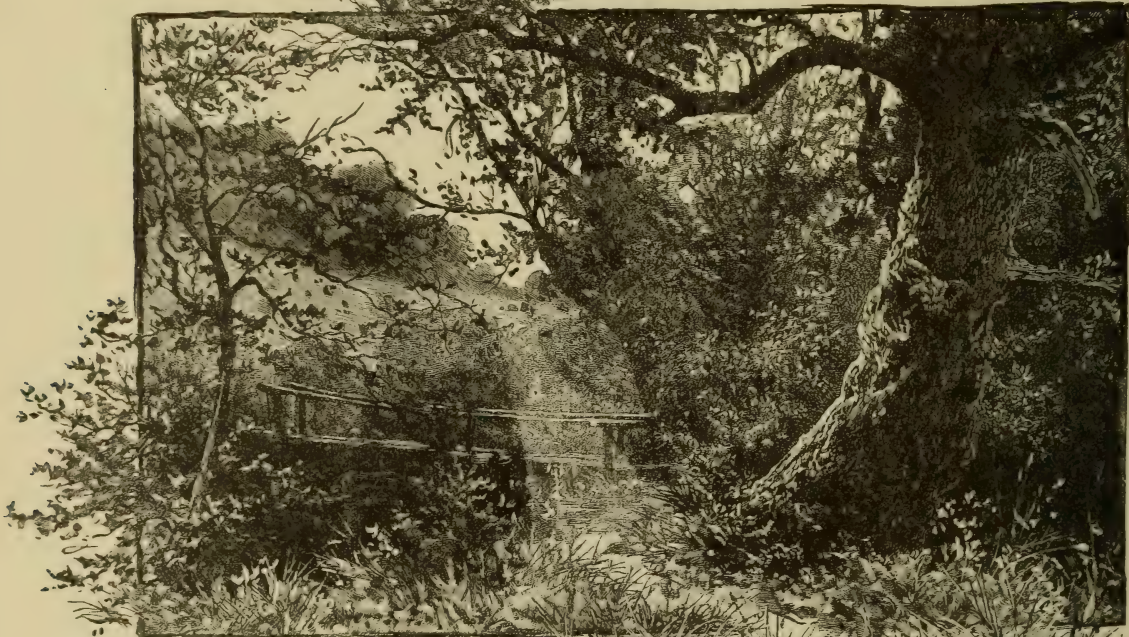
## THE MURDERED TRAVELER.

Some years since, in the month of May, the remains of a human body, partly devoured by wild animals, were found in a woody ravine, near a solitary road passing between the mountains west of the village of Stockbridge, Mass. It was supposed that the person came to his death by violence, but no traces could be discovered of his murderers. It was only recollected that one evening, in the course of the previous winter, a traveler had stopped

And many a vernal blossom sprung,  
And nodded careless by.

The red-bird warbled, as he wrought  
His hanging nest o'erhead,  
And fearless, near the fatal spot,  
Her young the partridge led.

But there was weeping far away,  
And gentle eyes, for him,  
With watching many an anxious day,  
Were sorrowful and dim.



at an inn in the village of West Stockbridge; that he had inquired the way to Stockbridge; and that, in paying the innkeeper for something he had ordered, it appeared that he had a considerable sum of money in his possession. Two ill-looking men were present, and went out about the same time that the traveler proceeded on his journey. During the winter, also, two men of shabby appearance, but plentifully supplied with money, had lingered for awhile about the village of Stockbridge. Several years afterward, a criminal, about to be executed for a capital offence in Canada, confessed that he had been concerned in murdering a traveler in Stockbridge for the sake of his money. Nothing was ever discovered respecting the name or residence of the person murdered.

WHEN spring, to woods and wastes around,  
Brought bloom and joy again,  
The murdered traveler's bones were found,  
Far down a narrow glen.

The fragrant birch, above him, hung  
Her tassels in the sky;

They little knew, who loved him so,  
The fearful death he met,  
When shouting o'er the desert snow,  
Unarmed, and hard beset;—

Nor how, when round the frosty pole  
The northern dawn was red,  
The mountain wolf and wild-cat stole  
To banquet on the dead.



Nor how, when strangers found his bones,  
They dressed the hasty bier,  
And marked his grave with nameless stones,  
Unmoistened by a tear.

But long they looked, and feared, and wept,  
Within his distant home;  
And dreamed, and started as they slept,  
For joy that he was come.

Long, long they looked—but never spied  
His welcome step again,  
Nor knew the fearful death he died  
Far down that narrow glen.

W. C. BRYANT.

### LEONIDAS.

**S**HOUT for the mighty men  
Who died along this shore,  
Who died within the mountain's glen!  
For never nobler chieftain's head  
Was laid on valor's crimson bed,  
Nor ever prouder gore  
Sprang forth, than theirs who won the day  
Upon thy strand, Thermopylæ!

Shout for the mighty men  
Who on the Persian tents,  
Like lions from their midnight den  
Bounding on the slumbering deer,  
Rushed—a storm of sword and spear;  
Like the roused elements,  
Let loose from an immortal hand  
To chasten or to crush a land!

But there are none to hear—  
Greece is a hopeless slave.  
Leonidas! no hand is near  
To lift thy fiery falchion now;  
No warrior makes the warrior's vow  
Upon thy sea-washed grave.  
The voice that should be raised by men  
Must now be given by wave and glen.

And it is given! The surge,  
The tree, the rock, the sand  
On freedom's kneeling spirit urge,  
In sounds that speak but to the free,  
The memory of thine and thee!  
The vision of thy band  
Still gleams within the glorious dell  
Where their gore hallowed as it fell!

And is thy grandeur done?  
Mother of men like these!  
Has not thy outcry gone  
Where justice has an ear to hear?  
Be holy! God shall guide thy spear,  
Till in thy crimsoned seas  
Are plunged the chain and scimitar.  
Greece shall be a new-born star!

GEORGE CROLY,

### THE WAY OF WOOING.

**A** MAIDEN sat at her window wide,  
Pretty enough for a Prince's bride,  
Yet nobody came to claim her.  
She sat like a beautiful picture there,  
With pretty bluebells and roses fair,  
And jasmine-leaves to frame her.  
And why she sat there nobody knows;  
But this she sang as she plucked a rose,  
The leaves around her strewing:  
"I've time to lose and power to choose;  
'Tis not so much the gallant who woos,  
But the gallant's *way* of wooing!"

A lover came riding by awhile,  
A wealthy lover was he, whose smile  
Some maids would value greatly—  
A formal lover, who bowed and bent,  
With many a high-flown compliment,  
And cold demeanor stately.  
"You've still," said she to her suitor stern,  
"The 'prentice-work of your craft to learn,  
If thus you come a-cooing.  
I've time to lose and power to choose;  
'Tis not so much the gallant who woos,  
As the gallant's *way* of wooing!"

A second lover came ambling by—  
A timid lad with a frightened eye  
And a color mantling highly,  
He muttered the errand on which he'd come,  
Then only chuckled and bit his tongue,  
And simpered, simpered shyly.  
"No," said the maiden, "go your way;  
You dare but think what a man would say,  
Yet dare to come a-suing!  
I've time to lose and power to choose;  
'Tis not so much the gallant who woos,  
As the gallant's *way* of wooing!"

A third rode up at a startling pace—  
A suitor poor, with a homely face—  
No doubts appeared to bind him.  
He kissed her lips and he pressed her waist,  
And off he rode with the maiden placed  
On a pillion safe behind him.  
And she heard the suitor bold confide  
This golden hint to the priest who tied  
The knot there's no undoing;  
"With pretty young maidens who can choose,  
'Tis not so much the gallant who woos,  
As the gallant's *way* of wooing!"

### AN INDIAN STORY.

**"I** KNOW where the timid fawn abides  
In the depths of the shady dell,  
Where the leaves are broad and the thicket  
hides,  
With its many stems and its tangled sides,  
From the eye of the hunter well,

"I know where the young May violet grows,  
In its lone and lowly nook,  
On the mossy bank, where the larch-tree throws  
Its broad dark boughs, in solemn repose,  
Far over the silent brook.

"And that timid fawn starts not with fear  
When I steal to her secret bower;  
And that young May violet to me is dear,  
And I visit the silent streamlet near,  
To look on the lovely flower."

Thus Maquon sings as he lightly walks  
To the hunting-ground on the hills;  
'Tis a song of his maid of the woods and rocks,  
With her bright black eyes and long black locks,  
And voice like the music of rills.

He goes to the chase—but evil eyes  
Are at watch in the thicker shades;  
For she was lovely that smiled on his sighs,  
And he bore, from a hundred lovers, his prize,  
The flower of the forest maids.

The boughs in the morning wind are stirred,  
And the woods their song renew,  
With the early carol of many a bird,  
And the quickened tune of the streamlet heard  
Where the hazels trickle with dew;

And Maquon has promised his dark-haired maid,  
Ere eve shall redden the sky,  
A good red deer from the forest shade,  
That bounds with the herd through grove and glade,  
At her cabin-door shall lie.

The hollow woods, in the setting sun,  
Ring shrill with the fire-bird's lay;  
And Maquon's sylvan labors are done,  
And his shafts are spent, but the spoil they won  
He bears on his homeward way.

He stops near his bower—his eye perceives  
Strange traces along the ground—  
At once to the earth his burden he heaves,  
He breaks through the veil of boughs and leaves,  
And gains its door with a bound.

But the vines are torn on its walls that leant,  
And all from the young shrubs there  
By struggling hands have the leaves been rent,  
And there hangs on the sassafras, broken and bent,  
One tress of the well-known hair.

But where is she who, at this calm hour,  
Ever watched his coming to see?  
She is not at the door, nor yet in the bower;  
He calls—but he only hears on the flower  
The hum of the laden bee.

It is not a time for idle grief,  
Nor a time for tears to flow;  
The horror that freezes his limbs is brief—  
He grasps his war-axe and bow, and a sheaf  
Of darts made sharp for the foe.

And he looks for the print of the ruffian's feet,  
Where he bore the maiden away;  
And he darts on the fatal path more fleet  
Than the blast that hurries the vapor and sleet  
O'er the wild November day.

'Twas early summer when Maquon's bride  
Was stolen away from his door;  
But at length the maples in crimson are dyed,  
And the grape is black on the cabin side,—  
And she smiles at his hearth once more.

But far in the pine-grove, dark and cold,  
Where the yellow leaf falls not,  
Nor the autumn shines in scarlet and gold,  
There lies a hillock of fresh dark mould,  
In the deepest gloom of the spot.

And the Indian girls, that pass that way,  
Point out the ravisher's grave;  
"And how soon to the bower she loved," they say,  
"Returned the maid that was borne away  
From Maquon, the fond and the brave."

W. C. BRYANT.

### MONTEREY.

WE were not many, we who stood  
Before the iron sleet that day;  
Yet many a gallant spirit would  
Give half his years if but he could  
Have with us been at Monterey.

Now here, now there, the shot it hailed  
In deadly drifts of fiery spray,  
Yet not a single soldier quailed  
When wounded comrades round him wailed  
Their dying shout at Monterey.

And on, still on, our column kept  
Through walls of flame its withering way;  
Where fell the dead, the living stept,  
Still charging on the guns which swept  
The slippery streets of Monterey.

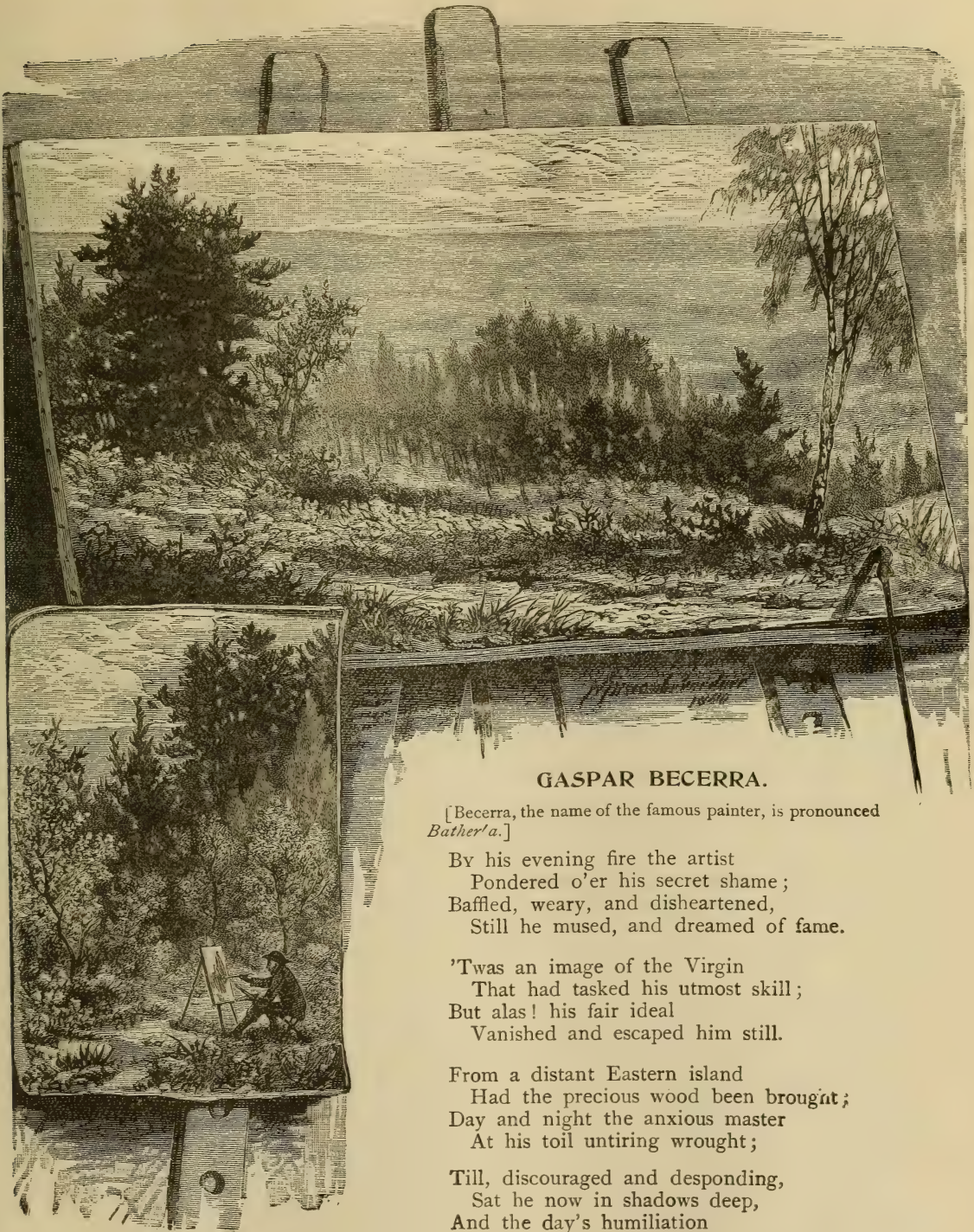
The foe himself recoiled aghast,  
When, striking where he strongest lay,  
We swooped his flanking batteries past,  
And braving full their murderous blast,  
Stormed home the towers of Monterey.

Our banners on those turrets wave,  
And there our evening bugles play;  
Where orange-boughs above their grave,  
Keep green the memory of the brave  
Who fought and fell at Monterey.

We are not many, we who pressed  
Beside the brave who fell that day;  
But who of us has not confessed  
He'd rather share their warrior rest  
Than not have been at Monterey?

CHARLES FENNO HOFFMAN.





## GASPAR BECERRA.

[Becerra, the name of the famous painter, is pronounced *Bather'a*.]

By his evening fire the artist  
 Pondered o'er his secret shame;  
 Baffled, weary, and disheartened,  
 Still he mused, and dreamed of fame.

'Twas an image of the Virgin  
 That had tasked his utmost skill;  
 But alas! his fair ideal  
 Vanished and escaped him still.

From a distant Eastern island  
 Had the precious wood been brought;  
 Day and night the anxious master  
 At his toil untiring wrought;

Till, discouraged and desponding,  
 Sat he now in shadows deep,  
 And the day's humiliation  
 Found oblivion in sleep.



Then a voice cried, "Rise, O master!  
From the burning brand of oak  
Shape the thought that stirs within thee!"  
And the startled artist woke—

Woke, and from the smoking embers  
Seized and quenched the glowing wood;  
And therefrom he carved an image,  
And he saw that it was good.

O thou sculptor, painter, poet!  
Take this lesson to thy heart:  
That is best which lieth nearest;  
Shape from that thy work of art.  
H. W. LONGFELLOW.

### BOADICEA.

**W**HEN the British warrior queen,  
Bleeding from the Roman rods,  
Sought, with an indignant mien,  
Counsel of her country's gods,

Sage beneath the spreading oak  
Sat the Druid, hoary chief;  
Every burning word he spoke  
Full of rage and full of grief.

Princess! if our aged eyes  
Weep upon thy matchless wrongs,  
'Tis because resentment ties  
All the terrors of our tongues.

Rome shall perish—write that word  
In the blood that she has spilt;  
Perish, hopeless and abhorred,  
Deep in ruin as in guilt.

Rome, for empire far renowned,  
Tramples on a thousand states;  
Soon her pride shall kiss the ground—  
Hark! the Gaul is at her gates!

Other Romans shall arise,  
Heedless of a soldier's name;  
Sounds, not arms, shall win the prize,  
Harmony the path to fame.

Then the progeny that springs  
From the forests of our land,  
Armed with thunder, clad with wings,  
Shall a wider world command.

Regions Cæsar never knew  
Thy posterity shall sway;  
Where his eagles never flew,  
None invincible as they.

Such the bard's prophetic words,  
Pregnant with celestial fire,  
Bending as he swept the chords  
Of his sweet but awful lyre.

She, with all a monarch's pride,  
Felt them in her bosom glow,

Rushed to battle, fought, and died;  
Dying, hurled them at the foe.

Ruffians, pitiless as proud,  
Heaven awards the vengeance due;  
Empire is on us bestowed,  
Shame and ruin wait for you.

WILLIAM COWPER.

### PERICLES AND ASPASIA.

**T**HIS was the ruler of the land  
When Athens was the land of fame;  
This was the light that led the band  
When each was like a living flame;  
The centre of earth's noblest ring,  
Of more than men the more than king.

Yet not by fetter, nor by spear,  
His sovereignty was held or won:  
Feared—but alone as freemen fear,  
Loved—but as freemen love alone,  
He waived the sceptre o'er his kind  
By nature's first great title, mind!

Resistless words were on his tongue;  
Then eloquence first flashed below.  
Full armed to life the portent sprung,  
Minerva from the thunderer's brow!  
And his the sole, the sacred hand  
That shook her ægis o'er the land.

And throned immortal by his side,  
A woman sits with eye sublime,  
Aspasia, all his spirit's bride;  
But, if their solemn love were crime,  
Pity the beauty and the sage—  
Their crime was in their darkened age.

He perished, but his wreath was won—  
He perished in his height of fame;  
Then sunk the cloud on Athens' sun,  
Yet still she conquered in his name.  
Filled with his soul, she could not die;  
Her conquest was posterity!

GEORGE CROLY.

### YARN OF THE "NANCY BELL."

**T**WAS on the shores that round the coast  
From Deal to Ramsgate span,  
That I found alone on a piece of stone,  
An elderly naval man.

His hair was weedy, his beard was long,  
And weedy and long was he,  
And I heard this wight on the shore recite  
In a singular minor key:

"Oh, I am a cook and a captain bold,  
And a mate of the Nancy brig,  
And a bo'sun tight, and a midshipmite,  
And the crew of the captain's gig."



And he shook his fists and he tore his hair,  
Till I really felt afraid,  
For I couldn't help thinking the man had been  
drinking  
And so I simply said:

"Oh, elderly man, it's little I know  
Of the duties of men of the sea,  
And I'll eat my hand if I understand  
How you can possibly be

"At once a cook and a captain bold  
And the mate of the Nancy brig,  
And a bo'sun tight and a midshipmite,  
And the crew of the captain's gig."

"The next lot fell to the Nancy's mate,  
And a delicate dish he made;  
Then our appetite with the midshipmite  
We seven survivors stayed.

"And then we murdered the bo'sun tight,  
And he much resembled pig;  
Then we wittled free, did the cook and me,  
On the crew of the captain's gig.

"Then only the cook and me was left,  
And the delicate question 'Which  
Of us two goes to the kettle?' arose,  
And we argued it out as sich.



Then he gave a hitch to his trousers, which  
Is a trick all seamen larn,  
And having got rid of a thumping quid,  
He spun this painful yarn:

"'Twas on the good ship 'Nancy Bell,'  
That we sailed to the Indian sea,  
And there on a reef we came to grief,  
Which has often occurred to me.

"And pretty nigh all of the crew was drowned,  
(There was seventy-seven o' soul),  
And only ten of the Nancy's men  
Said 'Here!' to the muster roll.

"There was me and the cook and the captain bold,  
And the mate of the Nancy brig,  
And the bo'sun tight, and the midshipmite,  
And the crew of the captain's gig.

"For a month we'd neither wittles nor drink,  
Till a hungry we did feel,  
So we drawed a lot, and accordin' shot  
The captain for our meal,

"For I loved that cook as a brother, I did,  
And the cook he worshiped me;  
But we'd both be blowed if we'd either be stowed  
In the other chap's hold, you see.

"'Ill be eat if you dine's off me,' says Tom;  
'Yes, that,' says I, 'you'll be—  
'I'm boiled if I die, my friend,' quoth I,  
And 'Exactly so,' quoth he.

"Says he, 'Dear James, to murder me  
Were a foolish thing to do,  
For don't you see that you can't cook *me*  
While I can—and will—cook *you*!

"So he boils the water, and takes the salt  
And the pepper in portions true  
(Which he ne'er forgot), and some chopped  
chalot,  
And some sage and parsley too.

"'Come here,' says he, with a proper pride,  
Which his smiling features tell,  
'Twill soothing be if I let you see  
How extremely nice you'll smell,'

- " And he stirred it round and round and round,  
And he sniffed at the foaming froth;  
When I ups with his heels, and smothers his  
squeals  
In the scum of the boiling broth.
- " And I eat that cook in a week or less,  
And—as I eating be  
The last of his chops, why I almost drops,  
For a wessel in sight I see.
- " And I never larf, and I never smile,  
And i never lark nor play,  
But I sit and croak, and a single joke  
I have, which is to say,
- " Oh, I am a cook and a captain bold,  
And the mate of the Nancy brig,  
And a bo'sun tight, and a midshipmite,  
And the crew of the captain's gig!"
- W. S. GILBERT.

#### THE INDIAN GIRL'S LAMENT.

- A**N Indian girl was sitting where  
Her lover, slain in battle, slept;  
Her maiden veil, her own black hair,  
Came down o'er eyes that wept;  
And wildly, in her woodland tongue,  
This sad and simple lay she sung:
- " I've pulled away the shrubs that grew  
Too close above thy sleeping head,  
And broke the forest boughs that threw  
Their shadows o'er thy bed,  
That, shining from the sweet southwest,  
The sunbeams might rejoice thy rest.
- " It was a weary, weary road  
That led thee to the pleasant coast,  
Where thou, in his serene abode,  
Hast met thy father's ghost;  
Where everlasting autumn lies  
On yellow woods and sunny skies.
- " 'Twas I the broidered mocsen made,  
That shod thee for the distant land;  
'Twas I thy bow and arrows laid  
Beside thy still cold hand;  
Thy bow in many a battle bent,  
Thy arrows never vainly sent.
- " With wampum belts I crossed thy breast,  
And wrapped thee in the bison's hide,  
And laid the food that pleased thee best,  
In plenty, by thy side,  
And decked thee bravely, as became  
A warrior of illustrious name.
- " Thou'rt happy now, for thou hast passed  
The long dark journey of the grave,  
And in the land of light, at last,  
Hast joined the good and brave;  
Amid the flushed and balmy air,  
The bravest and the loveliest there,

- " Yet, oft to thine own Indian maid  
Even there thy thoughts will earthward stray—  
To her who sits where thou wert laid,  
And weeps the hours away,  
Yet almost can her grief forget,  
To think that thou dost love her yet.
- " And thou, by one of those still lakes  
That in a shining cluster lie,  
On which the south wind scarcely breaks  
The image of the sky,  
A bower for thee and me hast made  
Beneath the many-colored shade.
- " And thou dost wait and watch to meet  
My spirit sent to join the blessed,  
And, wondering what detains my feet  
From the bright land of rest,  
Dost seem, in every sound, to hear  
The rustling of my footsteps near."
- W. C. BRYANT.

#### BATTLE-HYMN OF THE REPUBLIC.

- M**INE eyes have seen the glory of the coming  
of the Lord:  
He is tramping out the vintage where the  
grapes of wrath are stored;  
He hath loosed the fateful lightnings of his terri-  
ble, swift sword:  
His truth is marching on.
- I have seen him in the watch-fires of a hundred  
circling camps;  
They have builded him an altar in the evening  
dews and damps;  
I can read his righteous sentence by the dim and  
flaring lamps:  
His day is marching on.
- I have read a fiery gospel, writ in burnished rows  
of steel:  
"As ye deal with my contemnners, so with you my  
grace shall deal;  
Let the Hero, born of woman, crush the serpent  
with his heel,  
Since God is marching on."
- He has sounded forth the trumpet that shall never  
call retreat;  
He is sifting out the hearts of men before his judg-  
ment-seat;  
O, be swift, my soul, to answer him! be jubilant,  
my feet!  
Our God is marching on.
- In the beauty of the lillies Christ was born across  
the sea,  
With a glory in his bosom that transfigures you  
and me;  
As he died to make men holy, let us die to make  
men free,  
While God is marching on.
- JULIA WARD HOWE,

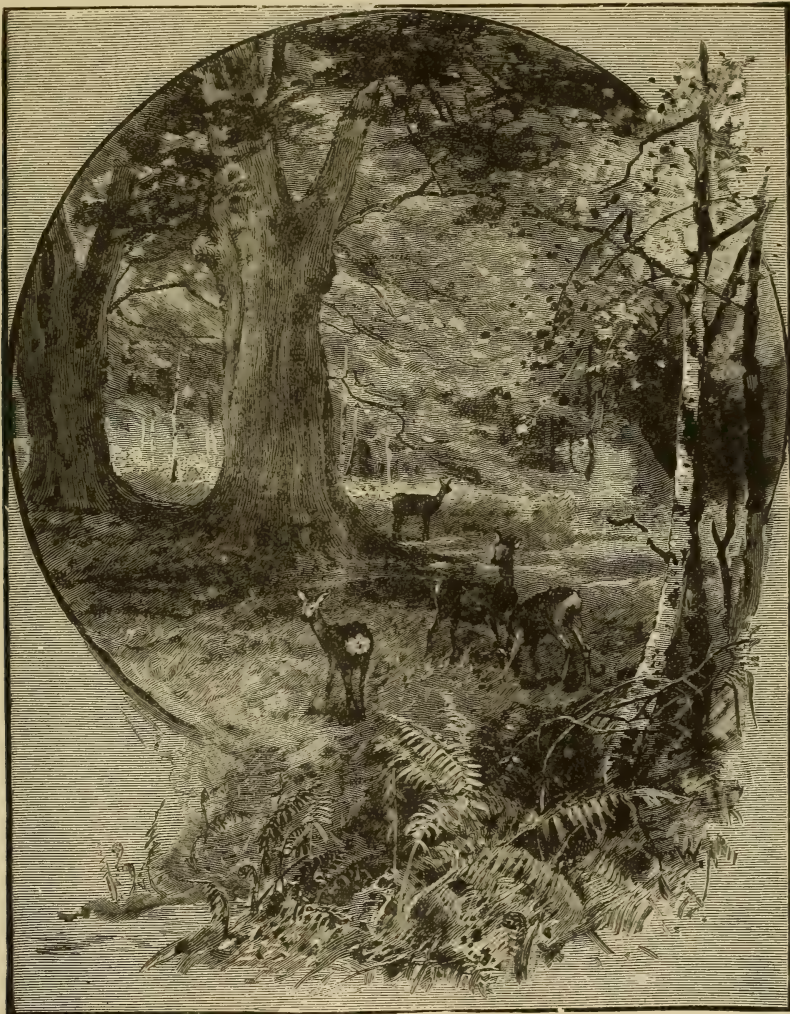


## THE WHITE-FOOTED DEER.

During the expedition of Colonel Long, who had charge of the explorations between the Mississippi river and the Rocky Mountains, three specimens of a variety of the common deer were brought in, having all the feet white near the hoofs, and extending to those on the hind feet from a little above the spurious hoofs. This white extremity was

She only came when on the cliffs  
The evening moonlight lay,  
And no man knew the secret haunts  
In which she walked by day.

White were her feet, her forehead showed  
A spot of silvery white,



divided, upon the sides of the foot, by the general color of the leg, which extends down near to the hoofs, leaving a white triangle in front, of which the point was elevated rather higher than the spurious hoofs.

**I**T was a hundred years ago,  
When, by the woodland ways,  
The traveller saw the wild deer drink,  
Or crop the birchen sprays.

Beneath a hill, whose rocky side  
O'erbrowed a brassy mead,  
And fenced a cottage from the wind,  
A deer was wont to feed,

That seemed to glimmer like a star  
In autumn's hazy night.

And here, when sang the whippoorwill,  
She cropped the sprouting leaves,  
And here her rustling steps were heard  
On still October eves.

But when the broad midsummer moon  
Rose o'er that grassy lawn,  
Beside the silver-footed deer  
There gazed a spotted fawn.

The cottage dame forbade her son  
To aim the rifle here;

"It was a sin," she said, "to harm  
Or fright that friendly deer.

"This spot has been my pleasant home  
Ten peaceful years and more;  
And ever, when the moonlight shines,  
She feeds before our door.

"The red men say that here she walked  
A thousand moons ago;  
They never raise the war-whoop here,  
And never twang the bow.

"I love to watch her as she feeds,  
And think that all is well  
While such a gentle creature haunts  
The place in which we dwell."

The youth obeyed, and sought for game  
In forests far away,  
Where, deep in silence and in moss,  
The ancient woodland lay.

But once, in autumn's golden time,  
He ranged the wild in vain,  
Nor roused the pheasant nor the deer,  
And wandered home again.

The crescent moon and crimson eve  
Shone with a mingling light;  
The deer, upon the grassy mead,  
Was feeding full in sight.

He raised the rifle to his eye,  
And from the cliffs around  
A sudden echo, shrill and sharp,  
Gave back its deadly sound.

Away into the neighboring wood  
The startled creature flew,  
And crimson drops at morning lay  
Amid the glimmering dew.

Next evening shone the waxing moon  
As sweetly as before;  
The deer upon the grassy mead  
Was seen again no more.

But ere the crescent moon was old,  
By night the red men came,  
And burnt the cottage to the ground,  
And slew the youth and dame.

Now woods have overgrown the mead,  
And hid the cliffs from sight;  
There shrieks the hovering hawk at noon,  
And prowls the fox at night.

W. C. BRYANT.

#### O MOTHER OF A MIGHTY RACE.

O MOTHER of a mighty race,  
Yet lovely in thy youthful grace!  
The elder dames, thy haughty peers,  
Admire and hate thy blooming years;  
With words of shame  
And taunts of scorn they join thy name,

For on thy cheeks the glow is spread  
That tints thy morning hills with red;  
Thy step—the wild deer's rustling feet  
Within thy woods are not more fleet;  
Thy hopeful eye  
Is bright as thine own sunny sky.

Ay, let them rail—those haughty ones,  
While safe thou dwellest with thy sons!  
They do not know how loved thou art,  
How many a fond and fearless heart  
Would rise to throw  
Its life between thee and the foe.

They know not, in their hate and pride,  
What virtues with thy children bide—  
How true, how good, thy graceful maids  
Make bright, like flowers, the valley shades;  
What generous men  
Spring, like thine oaks, by hill and glen;

What cordial welcomes greet the guest  
By thy lone rivers of the west;  
How faith is kept, and truth revered,  
And man is loved, and God is feared,  
In woodland homes,  
And where the ocean border foams.

There's freedom at thy gates, and rest  
For earth's downtrodden and opprest,  
A shelter for the hunted head,  
For the starved laborer toil and bread.  
Power, at thy bounds,  
Stops, and calls back his baffled hounds.

O fair young mother! on thy brow  
Shall sit a nobler grace than now.  
Deep in the brightness of thy skies  
The thronging years in glory rise,  
And, as they fleet,  
Drop strength and riches at thy feet.

Thine eye, with every coming hour,  
Shall brighten, and thy form shall tower;  
And when thy sisters, elder born,  
Would brand thy name with words of scorn,  
Before thine eye  
Upon their lips the taunt shall die.

W. C. BRYANT.

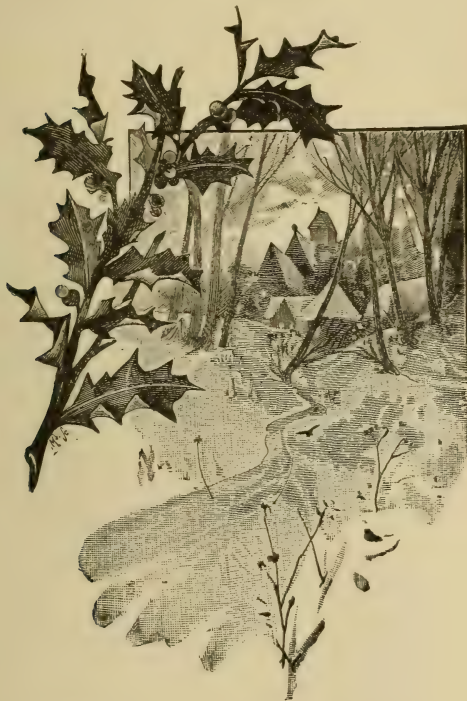
#### "ONCE ON A TIME."

A FAIRY woke one winter night  
And looked about with glances bright.  
"I think I will arise," she said,  
"And leave my comrades in their bed,  
And I will go abroad and see  
How mortals fare." So, full of glee  
At such wild daring, forth she went,  
On bold investigation bent.  
The air was chill, the moon shone bright  
As ever on a summer night;  
The ground was covered deep with snow,  
And trees stood leafless, row on row.



The fairy shivered in the wind  
And said, "The friends I left behind  
In their deep slumber happier are  
Than I who rashly roam so far."

Yet on she went and sought the town,  
And in amaze went up and down.  
Such lights, such music and good cheer,  
As grace no other time of year,  
Such happy faces everywhere,  
Such glad release from fret and care,  
And homes so garlanded with green,  
As ne'er before the elf had seen!



"I thought the world was dull and drear  
In winter-time," said she. "Oh, dear!  
I wish my comrades only knew  
How bright it is, how fresh and new,  
In its white dress; how every street  
Is all alive with bounding feet;  
How people laugh and sing and play—  
It surely is some festal day!"

Through street and house and church and store  
She flitted, wondering more and more  
At all she saw and all she heard,  
Hoping for some enlightening word,  
When on a banner carried by  
She saw these words uplifted high—  
"Rejoice, O, Earth! be glad and gay;  
It is the blessed Christmas Day!"

Away she sped o'er town and hill  
And field and wood and frozen rill,

Unto a cavern warm and deep,  
And woke her comrades from their sleep—  
"Arise!" she cried; "Oh, come away!  
The world is keeping Christmas Day!"  
And, ever since, when birth-bells chime,  
The fairies help keep Christmas time.

LILLIAN GREY.

### THE PHANTOM CITY.

It was somewhere on the banks of the romantic and picturesque Penobscot, probably at the Indian village where Bangor now stands, that the fabulous city "Norembege" was located by the early French fishermen and explorers of Cape Breton, who told big stories of its wealth and magnificence. The winding stream bore many an adventurer in search of this Northern Eldorado; and in 1604 Champlain, the French voyager, sailed up the river on the same errand. But he found no evidence of civilization save a cross, very old and mossy, that marked the burial-place of a nameless traveler, and he wisely concluded that those who told of the city had never seen it—that it was but a shadow and a dream.

**M**IDSUMMER'S crimson moon,  
Above the hills like some night-opening  
rose  
Uplifted, pours its beauty down the vale  
Where broad Penobscot flows.

And I remember now  
That this is haunted ground. In ages past  
Here stood the storied Norembege's walls,  
Magnificent and vast.

The streets were ivory paved,  
The stately walls were built of golden ore,  
Its domes outshone the sunset, and full boughs  
Hesperian fruitage bore.

And up this winding flood  
Has wandered many a sea-tossed daring bark,  
While eager eyes have scanned the rugged shore,  
Or pierced the wildwood dark,

But watched in vain; afar  
They saw the spires gleam golden on the sky,  
The distant drum-beat heard, or bugle-note  
Wound wildly, fitfully.

Banners of strange device  
Beckoned from distant heights; yet as the stream  
Narrowed among the hills, the city fled—  
A mystery—or a dream.

FRANCES P. MACE.

### HER LAST MOMENT.

**H**ANGS the picture, bold and striking,  
On the Academic wall,  
Claiming notice, if not liking,  
With a strong, resistless call.  
Some approve, while some denounce it,  
But the praise outweighs by far,  
And the critics all pronounce it  
Greatest work of Alan Barr.

Pictured on a summer morning,  
 There you see the Falls of Lynn,  
 Almost *hear* the sound of warning  
 In the foaming torrent's din,  
 As you note the ground is crumbling  
 'Neath the footstep of the girl,  
 Gazing down into the tumbling  
 Waters in their eddying whirl.

Of no dangers apprehensive,  
 Poising there in lightsome grace,  
 Radiant happiness, though pensive,  
 Shines from out that happy face.  
 "Her last Moment," such the title  
 Of that vivid artist-dream,  
 Telling in a curt recital,  
 Of a tragedy supreme.

"Hush! a truce to praise or stricture."  
 "See! the artist and his wife!"  
 "Is the lady in the picture,  
 Then, her portrait, drawn from life?"  
 "Nay! less lovely," is the murmur,  
 As, beside his stately bride,  
 And with lips compressed the firmer,  
 Alan breasts the human tide.

At the throng the lady glances,  
 To her husband saying loud—  
 "Strange this oddest of your fancies  
 Has such power to charm the crowd!  
 Yet I hardly deem it equal  
 In true feeling to your last ——"  
 Alan Barr heard not the sequel,  
 For his thoughts were in the past.

Oh! the glory of that summer  
 Only poet's tongue could tell!  
 And the city-bred new-comer  
 Yielded to its magic spell.  
 Busy nature's marvels daily  
 Ceaseless wonder wrought in her,  
 While her artist kinsman gaily  
 Acted as interpreter.

So began the old, old story,  
 As through shady lanes they strolled  
 Or drank in the sunset glory,  
 Hues of blue, and rose, and gold.  
 "It was but his bounden duty;  
 Courtesy to his mother's guest,"  
 Alan argued, when her beauty  
 Caused a thrill within his breast.

Childlike beauty, childlike sweetness,  
 Marked the face of Rose Adair,  
 Yet in full and rich completeness,  
 Woman's soul was pictured there.  
 Quick responsive to each feeling.  
 Sharing nature's varying mood,  
 Frank, transparent, yet revealing  
 Depths not straightway understood.

So, within the careless present,  
 Alan revelled, wilful-blind,  
 Diving, as a pastime pleasant,  
 For the treasures of her mind.  
 Rose, meanwhile, in him but seeing  
 Noble nature, good and wise;  
 Talented and kingly being,  
 Loomed the painter in her eyes.

Yet, when jest with earnest blending,  
 Alan scoffed at higher themes,  
 Saying; "What more blest than spending,  
 Golden days in golden dreams?"  
 Flamed her eyes in steel-blue splendor,  
 Though she colored 'neath his gaze.  
 "Nay," she said in accents tender,  
 "Golden *deeds* make golden days!

"Life means not a mere existence  
 Passed in ease and dreamy sloth."  
 Urging still with soft persistence,  
 Tasks upon the idler, loth  
 To resign his much-loved leisure,  
 Yet he roused at her behest,  
 Seeking so to give her pleasure,  
 Sketched the spot she loved the best.

Conscience-pangs thus idly stifling,  
 Acting an unworthy part,  
 Pledged unto another, trifling  
 With a pure and trusting heart.  
 With a wordless wooing winning  
 Love he was not free to claim,  
 'Gainst all truth and honor sinning,  
 Sin the world is slow to blame.

Rose, half thoughtful, happy wholly,  
 Gazed into the Falls of Lynn,  
 As he sat and painted slowly,  
 While the conflict raged within;  
 Conscience proved at length the stronger—  
 "Yes, to-morrow we must part;  
 She shall be deceived no longer,  
 Oh! but it will break her heart!"

Then, with softened glance and tender,  
 Turned he to sweet Rose Adair,  
 Just to see the figure slender  
 Flutter from his sight—oh, where?  
 Far below, the swirling water  
 Seizing on its dainty prey,  
 Tossed and buffeted and caught her,  
 In a fierce tumultuous play.

Though so cruelly is battered  
 Life from out that shapely form,  
 Yet the gentle heart, unshattered,  
 Haveden is from earthly storm.  
 Now no polished phrases cruel  
 Tell her of a hopeless loss,  
 Tell her she has changed her jewel  
 For a thing of worthless dross.



Not for her to pine and languish  
 Till long years the pain might lull ;  
 Even spared the parting anguish—  
 Oh ! but God was merciful !  
 Almost reeled the painter's reason,  
 'Neath the sudden blow, whose force  
 Ended that idyllic season  
 With a weight of dull remorse.

Yet with manhood's strength reviving  
 Her last counsel he obeys,  
 Solace seeks in fruitful striving :  
 "Golden deeds make golden days."  
 Still his troth-pledge is unbroken,  
 And he weds where faith is due—  
 Henceforth (though to woman spoken !)  
 Alan's every word is *true*.

Always with him, fading never;  
 Is the haunting fate of Rose,  
 Till the scene, with slight endeavor,  
 Vivid on the canvas grows.  
 Now, in beauty and completeness,  
 Hangs the graceful picture there,  
 Alan owns, with bitter sweetness,  
 Fame—the gift of Rose Adair.

MARGARET CRAVEN.

#### EDWARD GRAY.

SWEET Emma Moreland of yonder town  
 Met we walking on yonder way,  
 "And have you lost your heart?" she said :  
 "And are you married yet, Edward Gray?"

Sweet Emma Moreland spoke to me :  
 Bitterly weeping I turned away :  
 "Sweet Emma Moreland, love no more  
 Can touch the heart of Edward Gray.

"Ellen Adair she loved me well,  
 Against her father's and mother's will :  
 To-day I sat for an hour and wept,  
 By Ellen's grave, on the windy hill.

"Shy she was, and I thought her cold ;  
 Thought her proud, and fled over the sea ;  
 Filled I was with folly and spite,  
 When Ellen Adair was dying for me.

"Cruel, cruel the words I said !  
 Cruelly came they back to-day :  
 'You're too slight and fickle,' I said,  
 'To trouble the heart of Edward Gray.'

"There I put my face in the grass—  
 Whispered, 'Listen to my despair :  
 I repent me of all I did :  
 Speak a little, Ellen Adair !'

"Then I took a pencil, and wrote  
 On the mossy stone, as I lay,  
 'Here lies the body of Ellen Adair ;  
 And here the heart of Edward Gray !'

"Love may come, and love may go,  
 And fly, like a bird, from tree to tree :  
 But I will love no more, no more,  
 Till Ellen Adair comes back to me.

"Bitterly wept I over the stone :  
 Bitterly weeping I turned away :  
 There lies the body of Ellen Adair !  
 And there the heart of Edward Gray !"

ALFRED TENNYSON.

#### MY MARYLAND.

THE despot's heel is on thy shore,  
 Maryland !  
 His torch is at thy temple door,  
 Maryland !

Avenge the patriotic gore  
 That flecked the streets of Baltimore,  
 And be the battle queen of yore,  
 Maryland, my Maryland !

Hark to an exiled son's appeal,  
 Maryland !

My Mother State, to thee I kneel,  
 Maryland !

For life or death, for woe or weal,  
 Thy peerless chivalry reveal,  
 And gird thy beauteous limbs with steel,  
 Maryland, my Maryland !

Thou wilt not cower in the dust,  
 Maryland !

Thy beaming sword shall never rust,  
 Maryland !

Remember Carroll's sacred trust,  
 Remember Howard's warlike thrust,  
 And all thy slumberers wake the just,  
 Maryland, my Maryland !

Come ! 'tis the red dawn of the day,  
 Maryland !

Come with thy panoplied array,  
 Maryland !

With Ringgold's spirit for the fray,  
 With Watson's blood at Monterey,  
 With fearless Lowe and dashing May,  
 Maryland, my Maryland !

Dear Mother burst the tyrant's chain,  
 Maryland !

Virginia should not call in vain,  
 Maryland !

She meets her sisters on the plain,  
 "Sic semper !" 'tis the proud refrain  
 That baffles minions back again,  
 Maryland !

Arise in majesty again,  
 Maryland, my Maryland !

Come ! for thy shield is bright and strong,  
 Maryland !

Come ! for thy dalliance does thee wrong,  
 Maryland !

Come to thine own heroic throng  
Stalking with liberty along,  
And chant thy dauntless slogan-song,  
Maryland, my Maryland !

I see the blush upon thy cheek,  
Maryland !  
But thou wast ever bravely meek,  
Maryland !

But lo ! there surges forth a shriek,  
From hill to hill, from creek to creek,  
Potomac calls to Chesapeake,  
Maryland, my Maryland !

Thou wilt not yield the Vandal toll,  
Maryland !  
Thou wilt not crook to his control,  
Maryland !  
Better the fire upon the roll,  
Better the shot, the blade, the bowl,  
Than crucifixion of the soul,  
Maryland, my Maryland !

I hear the distant thunder-hum !  
Maryland !  
The "Old Line's" bugle, fife and drum,  
Maryland !

She is not dead, nor deaf, nor dumb ;  
Huzza ! she spurns the Northern scum—  
She breathes ! She burns ! She'll come ! She'll  
come !

Maryland, my Maryland !

JAMES R. RANDALL.

### THE PLACE WHERE MAN SHOULD DIE.

**H**OW little reck's it where men die,  
When once the moment's past  
In which the dim and glazing eye  
Has looked on earth its last ;  
Whether beneath the sculptured urn  
The coffined form shall rest,  
Or, in its nakedness, return  
Back to its mother's breast.

Death is a common friend or foe,  
As different men may hold,  
And at its summons each must go,  
The timid and the bold ;  
But when the spirit, free and warm,  
Deserts it, as it must,  
What matter where the lifeless form  
Dissolves again to dust ?

The soldier falls 'mid corpses piled  
Upon the battle-plain,  
Where reinless war-steeds gallop wild  
Above the gory slain ;  
But though his corpse be grim to see,  
Hoof-trampled on the sod,  
What reck's it when the spirit free  
Has soared aloft to God !

The coward's dying eye may close  
Upon his downy bed,  
And softest hands his limbs compose,  
Or garments o'er him spread ;  
But ye who shun the bloody fray  
Where fall the mangled brave,  
Go strip his coffin-lid away,  
And see him in his grave !

'Twere sweet indeed to close our eyes  
With those we cherish near,  
And, wafted upward by their sighs,  
Soar to some calmer sphere ;  
But whether on the scaffold high,  
Or in the battle's van,  
The fittest place where man can die  
Is where he dies for man.

MICHAEL J. BARRY.

### THE DEATH OF ALIATAR.

FROM THE SPANISH.

**T**IS not with gilded sabres  
That gleam in baldricks blue,  
Nor nodding plumes in caps of Fez,  
Of gay and gaudy hue—  
But, habited in mourning weeds,  
Come marching from afar,  
By four and four, the valiant men  
Who fought with Aliatar.  
All mournfully and slowly  
The afflicted warriors come,  
To the deep wail of the trumpet,  
And beat of muffled drum.

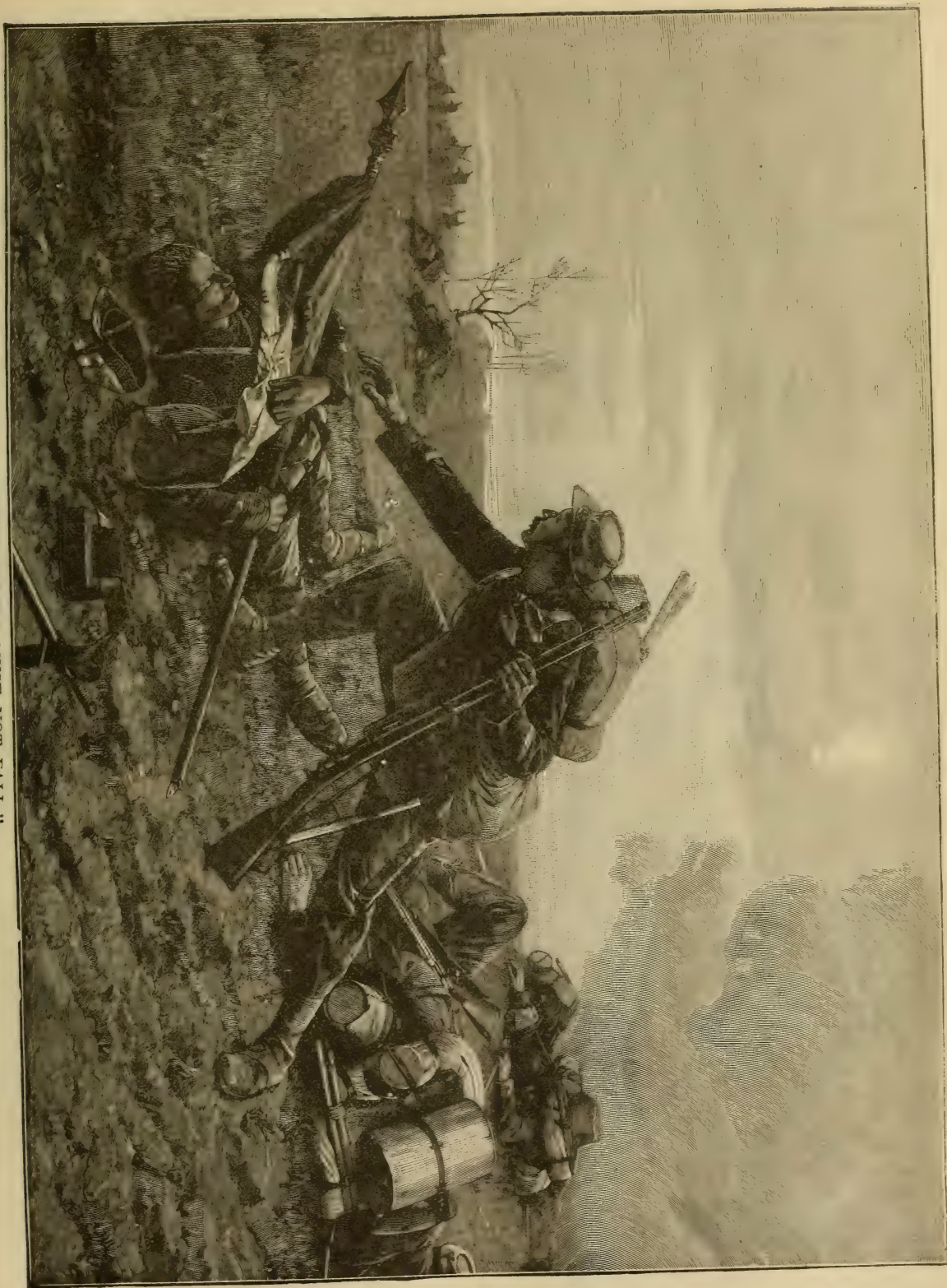
The banner of the Phenix,  
The flag that loved the sky,  
That scarce the wind dared wanton with,  
It flew so proud and high—  
Now leaves its place in battle-field,  
And sweeps the ground in grief,  
The bearer drags its glorious folds  
Behind the fallen chief.

Brave Aliatar led forward  
A hundred Moors to go  
To where his brother held Motril  
Against the leaguering foe.  
On horseback went the gallant Moor,  
That gallant band to lead ;  
And now his bier is at the gate,  
From whence he pricked his steed,

The knights of the Grand Master  
In crowded ambush lay ;  
They rushed upon him where the reeds  
Were thick beside the way ;  
They smote the valiant Aliatar,  
They smote the warrior dead,  
And broken, but not beaten, were  
The gallant ranks he led.



"THE COLORS MUST NOT FALL."



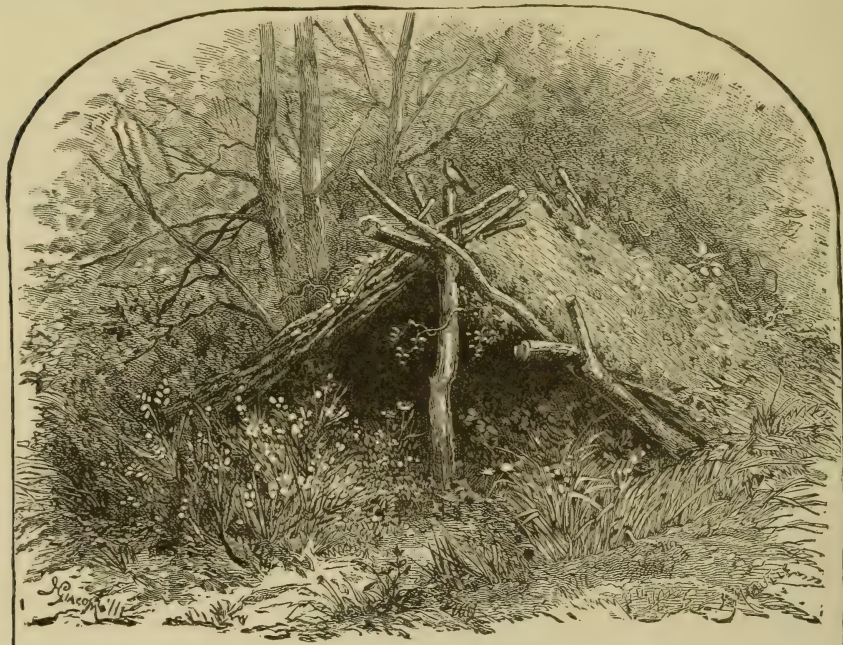


Oh! what was Zayda's sorrow,  
 How passionate her cries!  
 Her lover's wounds streamed not more free  
 Than that poor maiden's eyes.  
 Say, Love—for didst thou see her tears?  
 Oh, no! he drew more tight  
 The blinding fillet o'er his lids  
 To spare his eyes the sight.

Nor Zayda weeps him only,  
 But all that dwell between

The great Alhambra's palace walls  
 And springs of Albaicin.  
 The ladies weep the flower of knights,  
 The brave the bravest here;  
 The people weep a champion,  
 The Alcaydes a noble peer,  
 While mournfully and slowly  
 The afflicted warriors come,  
 To the deep wail of the trumpet,  
 And beat of muffled drum.

W. C. BRYANT.



### THE LAKE OF THE DISMAL SWAMP.

WRITTEN AT NORFOLK IN VIRGINIA.

"They tell of a young man who lost his mind upon the death of a girl he loved, and who, suddenly disappearing from his friends, was never afterwards heard of. As he had frequently said in his ravings that the girl was not dead, but gone to the Dismal Swamp, it is supposed he had wandered into that dreary wilderness, and had died of hunger, or been lost in some of its dreadful morasses."

The Great Dismal Swamp is ten or twelve miles distant from Norfolk, and the lake in the middle of it (about seven miles long) is called Drummond's Pond.

"THEY made her a grave too cold and damp  
 For a soul so warm and true;  
 And she's gone to the lake of the Dismal  
 Swamp,  
 Where all night long, by a firefly lamp,  
 She paddles her white canoe.

And her firefly lamp I soon shall see,  
 And her paddle I soon shall hear;  
 Long and loving our life shall be,  
 And I'll hide the maid in a cypress-tree,  
 When the footstep of death is near!"

Away to the Dismal Swamp he speeds,—  
 His path was rugged and sore,  
 Through tangled juniper, beds of reeds,  
 Through many a fen where the serpent feeds.  
 And man never trod before!

And when on earth he sunk to sleep,  
 If slumber his eyelids knew,  
 He lay where the deadly vine doth weep  
 Its venomous tear, and nightly steep  
 The flesh with blistering dew!

And near him the she-wolf stirred the brake,  
 And the copper-snake breathed in his ear,  
 Till he starting cried, from his dream awake,  
 "O, when shall I see the dusky lake,  
 And the white canoe of my dear?"

He saw the lake, and a meteor bright  
 Quick over its surface played,—  
 "Welcome," he said, "my dear one's light!"  
 And the dim shore echoed for many a night  
 The name of the death-cold maid!



Till he hollowed a boat of the birchen bark,  
Which carried him off from shore;  
Far he followed the meteor spark,  
The wind was high and the clouds were dark,  
And the boat returned no more.

But oft, from the Indian hunter's camp,  
This lover and maid so true  
Are seen, at the hour of midnight damp,  
To cross the lake by a firefly lamp,  
And paddle their white canoe!

THOMAS MOORE.

### THE STAR-SPANGLED BANNER.

**O** SAY, can you see, by the dawn's early light,  
What so proudly we hailed in the twilight's  
last gleaming?

Whose broad stripes and bright stars through the  
perilous fight,

O'er the ramparts we watched were so gallantly  
streaming;

And the rocket's red glare, the bombs bursting in  
air,

Gave proof through the night that our flag was still  
there.

O, say, does that star-spangled banner yet wave  
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave?

On the shore, dimly seen through the mists of the  
deep,

Where the foe's haughty host in dread silence  
reposes,

What is that which the breeze, o'er the towering  
steep,

As it fitfully blows, half conceals, half discloses?  
Now it catches the gleam of the morning's first  
beam,

In full glory reflected now shines on the stream.  
'Tis the star-spangled banner! O, long may it  
wave

O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!

And where is that band who so vauntingly swore  
That the havoc of war and the battle's confusion

A home and a country should leave us no more!  
Their blood has washed out their foul footsteps'

pollution.

No refuge could save the hireling and slave  
From the terror of death and the gloom of the  
grave.

And the star-spangled banner in triumph shall wave  
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!

O, thus be it ever, when freemen shall stand  
Between their loved homes and the war's deso-

lation;

Blest with victory and peace, may the heaven-res-

cued land

Praise the power that has made and preserved us  
a nation.

Then conquer we must, for our cause it is just,  
And this be our motto, "In God is our trust."  
And the star-spangled banner in triumph shall wave  
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

FRANCIS S. KEY.

### HYMN FOR ENGLAND'S JUBILEE.

JULY, 1897.

**G**OD of our fathers, known of old—  
Lord of our far-flung battle line,  
Beneath whose awful Hand we hold  
Dominion over palm and pine—  
Lord God of Hosts, be with us yet,  
Lest we forget—lest we forget!

The tumult and the shouting dies—  
The captains and the kings depart.  
Still stands Thine ancient Sacrifice,  
An humble and a contrite heart.  
Lord God of Hosts, be with us yet,  
Lest we forget—lest we forget!

Far-called our navies melt away—  
On dune and headland sinks the fire;  
Lo, all our pomp of yesterday  
Is one with Nineveh and Tyre!  
Judge of the Nations, spare us yet,  
Lest we forget—lest we forget!

If, drunk with sight of power, we loose  
Wild tongues that have not Thee in awe—  
Such boasting as the Gentiles use  
Or lesser breeds without the Law—  
Lord God of Hosts, be with us yet,  
Lest we forget—lest we forget!

For heathen heart that puts her trust  
In reeking tube and iron shard—  
All valiant dust that builds on dust,  
And guarding calls not Thee to guard—  
For frantic boast and foolish word,  
Thy mercy on Thy people, Lord!

Amen.

RUDYARD KIPLING.

### THE HAPPIEST LAND.

FROM THE GERMAN.

**T**HERE sat one day in quiet,  
By an alehouse on the Rhine,  
Four hale and hearty fellows,  
And drank the precious wine.

The landlord's daughter filled their cups,  
Around the rustic board;  
Then sat they all so calm and still,  
And spake not one rude word.

But when the maid departed,  
A Swabian raised his hand,  
And cried, all hot and flushed with wine,  
"Long live the Swabian land!"

"The greatest kingdom upon earth  
Cannot with that compare;  
With all the stout and hardy men  
And the nut-brown maidens there."

"Ha!" cried a Saxon, laughing—  
And dashed his beard with wine;

"I had rather live in Lapland,  
Than that Swabian land of thine!

"The goodliest land on all this earth,  
It is the Saxon land!

There have I as many maidens  
As fingers on this hand!"

"Hold your tongues! both Swabian and Saxon!"  
A bold Bohemian cries;

"If there's a heaven upon this earth,  
In Bohemia it lies.

"There the tailor blows the flute,  
And the cobbler blows the horn,  
And the miner blows the bugle,  
Over mountain gorge and bourn."

And then the landlord's daughter  
Up to heaven raised her hand,  
And said, ye may no more contend,—  
There lies the happiest land!"

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

### THE FAIR HELEN.

The legend upon which this ballad is founded is briefly this: Helen Irving, daughter of the Laird of Kirconnell in Dumfriesshire, celebrated for her beauty, was beloved by two gentlemen. The favored lover was Adam Fleming, of Kirkpatrick; the other is supposed to have been a Bell, of Bracket House. The latter's suit was favored by the friends of the lady; consequently, the lovers were compelled to meet in secret, and by night in the Kirconnell churchyard, a picturesque spot almost surrounded by the river Kirtle. During one of these meetings the despised suitor suddenly appeared on the opposite bank of the stream and fired a carbine at his rival. But Helen, throwing herself before her lover, received the bullet intended for him, and died in his arms. Fleming fought the murderer and cut him to pieces. Other accounts state that Fleming pursued his foe to Spain, and slew him in the streets of Madrid. The first part of the ballad—suspected to be modern—consists of an address to the lady, either by Fleming or his rival; the second part—by far the more beautiful—forms the lament of Fleming over Helen's grave. Lord Macaulay considered this the finest ballad in the English language.

#### PART I.

O SWEETEST sweet, and fairest fair,  
Of birth and worth beyond compare,  
Thou art the causer of my care,  
Since first I loved thee.

Yet God hath given to me a mind,  
The which to thee shall prove as kind  
As any one that thou shalt find,  
Of high or low degree.

The shallowest water makes maist din,  
The deadliest pool, the deepest lin;  
The richest man least truth within,  
Though he preferred be.

Yet, nevertheless, I am content,  
And never a whit my love repent,  
But think the time was a' weel spent,  
Though I disdained be.

O! Helen sweet, and maist complete,  
My captive spirit's at thy feet!  
Think'st thou still fit thus for to treat  
Thy captive cruelly?

O! Helen brave! but this I crave,  
Of thy poor slave some pity have,  
And do him save that's near his grave,  
And dies for love of thee.

#### PART II.

I wish I were where Helen lies,  
Night and day on me she cries,  
O that I were where Helen lies,  
On fair Kirconnell Lee!

Curst be the heart that thought the thought  
And curst the hand that fired the shot,  
When in my arms burd Helen dropt,  
And died to succor me!

O think na ye my heart was sair,  
When my love dropt down and spak nae fair!  
There did swoon wi' meikle care,  
On fair Kirconnell Lee.

As I went down the water side,  
None but my foe to be my guide,  
None but my foe to be my guide,  
On fair Kirconnell Lee;

I lighted down my sword to draw,  
I hacked him in pieces sma',  
I hacked him in pieces sma',  
For her sake that died for me.

O Helen fair, beyond compare!  
I'll make a garland of thy hair,  
Shall bind my heart for evermair,  
Until the day I die.

O that I were where Helen lies!  
Night and day on me she cries;  
Out of my bed she bids me rise,  
Says, "Haste and come to me!"—

O Helen fair! O Helen chaste!  
If I were with thee, I were blest,  
Where thou lies low, and takes thy rest,  
On fair Kirconnell Lee.

I wish my grave were growing green,  
A winding sheet drawn ower my een,  
And I in Helen's arms lying,  
On fair Kirconnell Lee.

I wish I were where Helen lies!  
Night and day on me she cries;  
And I am weary of the skies,  
For her sake that died for me.



# HOPE AND MEMORY:

OR

## BRIGHT GLIMPSES OF THE PAST AND FUTURE.

### A RETROSPECT.



YES, I behold again the place,  
The seat of joy, the source of pain;  
It brings in view the form and face  
That I must never see again.

The night-bird's song that sweetly floats  
On this soft gloom—this balmy air,  
Brings to the mind her sweeter notes  
That I again must never hear.

Lo! yonder shines that window's light,  
My guide, my token, heretofore;  
And now again it shines as bright,

When those dear eyes can shine no more.

Then hurry from this place away!  
It gives not now the bliss it gave;  
For death has made its charm his prey,  
And joy is buried in her grave.

GEORGE CRABBE.

### THE LONG-AGO.

ON that deep-retiring shore  
Frequent pearls of beauty lie,  
Where the passion-waves of yore  
Fiercely beat and mounted high:  
Sorrows that are sorrows still  
Lose the bitter taste of woe;  
Nothing's altogether ill  
In the griefs of long-ago.  
Tombs where lonely love repines,  
Ghastly tenements of tears,  
Wear the look of happy shrines  
Through the golden mist of years.  
Death, to those who trust in good,  
Vindicates his hardest blow;  
Oh! we would not, if we could,  
Wake the sleep of long-ago!  
Though the doom of swift decay  
Shocks the soul where life is strong,  
Though for frailer hearts the day  
Lingers sad and overlong—  
Still the weight will find a leaven,  
Still the spoiler's hand is slow,  
While the future has its heaven,  
And the past its long-ago.

LORD HOUGHTON.

### MEMORIES OF CHILDHOOD.

OH dear old friend! I come this way  
Once more, once more to rest on thee,  
While generous branch and leafy spray  
A pleasant bower make for me.

It seems as only yesterday  
That I was racing down the mead,  
With young companions blithe and gay,  
To mount thee, brave and bonny steed

The blackbird pipes as cheerily now,  
As gaily flaunts the butterfly,  
As when we shook the pliant bough  
By madly urging thee on high.

But scattered is that gamesome band  
That filled with mirth the flying hours;  
One sojourns in a distant land,  
One sleeps beneath the daisy flowers.

And others from my ken have passed,  
But this I feel, where'er they be,  
They'll not forget while life shall last  
Our swing beneath the chestnut-tree.

J. G. WATTS.

## DEPARTED JOYS.

**A**MONGST the thunder-splintered caves,  
On ocean's long and windy shore,  
I catch the voice of dying waves  
Below the ridges old and hoar.

The spray descends in silver showers,  
And lovely whispers come and go,  
Like echoes from the happy hours  
I never more may hope to know !

The moonlight dreams upon the sail  
That drives the restless ship to sea ;  
The clouds troop past the mountain vale,  
And sink like spirits down the lee ;

Why comes thy voice, thou lonely one,  
Along the wild harp's wailing strings ?  
Have not our hours of meeting gone,  
Like fading dreams on phantom wings ?

Are not the grasses round thy grave  
Yet springing green and fresh to view ?  
And does the gleam on ocean's wave  
Tide gladness now to me and you ?

H. C. KENDALL

## THE PLEASURES OF MEMORY.

**C**HILDHOOD'S loved group revisits every  
scene,  
The tangled wood-walk and the tufted  
green !

Indulgent memory wakes, and lo, they live !  
Clothed with far softer hues than light can give.  
Thou first, best friend that Heaven assigns below,  
To soothe and sweeten all the cares we know ;  
Whose glad suggestions still each vain alarm,  
When nature fades and life forgets to charm ;  
Thee would the Muse invoke ! to thee belong  
The sage's precept and the poet's song.

What softened views thy magic glass reveals,  
When o'er the landscape time's meek twilight  
steals !

As when in ocean sinks the orb of day,  
Long on the wave reflected lustres play ;  
Thy tempered gleams of happiness resigned,  
Glance on the darkened mirror of the mind.

The school's lone porch, with reverend mosses gray,  
Just tells the pensive pilgrim where it lay.  
Mute is the bell that rang at peep of dawn,  
Quickening my truant feet across the lawn :  
Unheard the shout that rent the noontide air  
When the slow dial gave a pause to care.  
Up springs, at every step, to claim a tear,  
Some little friendship formed and cherished here ;  
And not the lightest leaf, but trembling teems  
With golden visions and romantic dreams.

Down by yon hazel copse, at evening blazed  
The gipsy's fagot—there we stood and gazed ;

Gazed on her sunburnt face with silent awe,  
Her tattered mantle and her hood of straw ;  
Her moving lips, her caldron brimming o'er ;  
The drowsy brood that on her back she bore,  
Imps in the barn with mousing owlets bred,  
From rifled roost at nightly revel fed ;  
Whose dark eyes flashed through locks of blackest  
shade,

When in the breeze the distant watch-dog bayed :  
And heroes fled the sibyl's muttered call,  
Whose elfin prowess scaled the orchard wall.  
As o'er my palm the silver piece she drew,  
And traced the line of life with searching view,  
How throbbed my fluttering pulse with hopes and  
fears,

To learn the color of my future years !

Ah, then, what honest triumph flushed my breast ;  
This truth once known—to bless is to be blest !  
We led the bending beggar on his way—  
Bare were his feet, his tresses silver-gray—  
Soothed the keen pangs his aged spirit felt,  
And on his tale with mute attention dwelt :  
As in his scrip we dropt our little store,  
And sighed to think that little was no more,  
He breathed his prayer, " Long may such goodness  
live ! "

'Twas all he gave—'twas all he had to give.

Hail, memory, hail ! in thy exhaustless mine  
From age to age unnumbered treasures shine !  
Thought and her shadowy brood thy call obey,  
And place and time are subject to thy sway !  
Thy pleasures most we feel when most alone :  
The only pleasures we can call our own.  
Lighter than air, hope's summer-visions die,  
If but a fleeting cloud obscure the sky ;  
If but a beam of sober reason play,  
Lo, fancy's fairy frost-work melts away !  
But can the wiles of art, the grasp of power,  
Snatch the rich relics of a well-spent hour ?  
These, when the trembling spirit wings her flight,  
Pour round her path a stream of living light ;  
And gild those pure and perfect realms of rest,  
Where virtue triumphs, and her sons are blest !

SAMUEL ROGERS.

## WATCH AND WAIT.

**T**HE red-breast sings with a plaintive note,  
The cattle are housed in stall, my dear,  
The dead leaves float at the rim of the moat,  
Under the moss grown wall, my dear ;  
But your eyes are happy with dreams of spring,  
As you sit by the hearth to-night,  
And your opal ring, like a living thing,  
Flashes with fitful light !

The dainty blossoms are gone indeed  
To their home in the darkness deep, my dear,  
But the hopeful seed for the whole world's need  
Is laid in the earth to sleep, my dear !





DREAMING OF THE FUTURE.



And you gaze deep, deep, in the heart of the glow,  
On the flickering, dancing flame,  
And your blushes show what your lips breathe low,  
As you whisper the one loved name.

Though the dwindling day to the dark decline,  
And the year be fain to depart, my dear,  
Sweet visions shine like gems of the mine  
In the hush of your faithful heart, my dear!  
Watch yet awhile, and wait—who knows  
What fate may have stored for you?  
When winter goes, and the leaves uncloze,  
And beautiful dreams come true!

M. C. GILLINGTON.

Primeval hope, the Aonian muses say,  
When man and nature mourned their first decay;  
When every form of death, and every woe,  
Shot from malignant stars to earth below;  
When murder bared his arm, and rampant war  
Yoked the red dragons of his iron car;  
When peace and mercy, banished from the plain,  
Sprang on the viewless winds to heaven again;  
All, all forsook the friendless, guilty mind,  
But hope, the charmer, lingered still behind.  
Thus, while Elijah's burning wheels prepare  
From Carmel's heights to sweep the fields of air,  
The prophet's mantle, ere his flight began,  
Dropt on the world—a sacred gift to man.



### THE PLEASURES OF HOPE.

Few poems have afforded so much delight as the one from which these delightful lines have been selected. The popularity it gained instantly upon its publication has not diminished. The seventh line below has passed into a popular proverb.

**A**T summer eve, when heaven's ethereal bow  
Spans with bright arch the glittering hills  
below,  
Why to yon mountain turns the musing eye,  
Whose sunbright summit mingles with the sky?  
Why do those cliffs of shadowy tint appear  
More sweet than all the landscape smiling near?  
'Tis distance lends enchantment to the view,  
And robes the mountain in its azure hue.  
Thus, with delight, we linger to survey  
The promised joys of life's unmeasured way;  
Thus, from afar, each dim-discovered scene  
More pleasing seems than all the past hath been,  
And every form, that fancy can repair  
From dark oblivion, glows divinely there.

Auspicious hope! in thy sweet garden grow  
Wreaths for each toil, a charm for every woe;  
Won by their sweets, in nature's languid hour,  
The way-worn pilgrim seeks thy summer bower;  
There, as the wild bee murmurs on the wing,  
What peaceful dreams thy handmaid spirits bring!  
What viewless forms the Æolian organ play,  
And sweep the furrowed lines of anxious thought  
away.

Lo! at the couch, where infant beauty sleeps,  
Her silent watch the mournful mother keeps;  
She, while the lovely babe unconscious lies,  
Smiles on her slumbering child with pensive eyes,  
And weaves a song of melancholy joy—  
"Sleep, image of thy father, sleep, my boy;  
No lingering hour of sorrow shall be thine,  
No sigh that rends thy father's heart and mine;  
Bright as his manly sire the son shall be  
In form and soul; but, ah, more blest than he!  
Thy fame, thy worth, thy filial love at last,



Shall soothe his aching heart for all the past—  
With many a smile my solitude repay,  
And chase the world's ungenerous scorn away.

Warsaw's last champion from her height surveyed,  
Wide o'er the fields, a waste of ruin laid—  
"Oh! Heaven!" he cried, "my bleeding country save!

Is there no hand on high to shield the brave?  
Yet, though destruction sweep those lovely plains,  
Rise, fellow-men! our country yet remains!  
By that dread name, we wave the sword on high!  
And swear for her to live!—with her to die!"

He said, and on the rampart heights arrayed  
His trusty warriors, few, but undismayed;  
Firm-paced and slow, a horrid front they form,  
Still as the breeze, but dreadful as the storm;

Low murmuring sounds along their banners fly,  
Revenge, or death—the watchword and reply;  
Then pealed the notes, omnipotent to charm,  
And the loud tocsin tolled their last alarm!

In vain, alas! in vain, ye gallant few!  
From rank to rank your volleyed thunder flew:—  
Oh, bloodiest picture in the book of time,  
Sarmatia fell, unwept, without a crime;  
Found not a generous friend, a pitying foe,  
Strength in her arm, nor mercy in her woe!  
Dropt from her nerveless grasp the shattered  
spear,  
Closed her bright eye, and curbed her high  
career;—  
Hope, for a season, bade the world farewell,  
And Freedom shrieked—as Kosciuszko fell!  
THOMAS CAMPBELL.



### THE PILGRIM.

'T WAS only a wandering pilgrim  
That slowly was treading along;  
'Twas only the portal to heaven  
That seemed to open in song.  
But I had been wondering sadly  
Of times that are borne in song.  
His hair, it was gray as the snowflakes;  
His beard, it was hoary, too;  
While his wrinkled hand with palsy shakes,  
And a hazy mist is his view,  
While tottering on to that portal  
Which opens for me and for you.  
Ay! strong returns the remembrance!  
Ay! sad that form glided by!  
But never a fuller acceptance  
Bequeathed to man from on high.  
And I will cherish it ever  
As a thing that cannot die.  
For may I not once roam as sadly  
The paths I now tread in glee?  
And may not my thoughts once dream madly  
Of the foam on the restless sea?  
Oh, will I then harbor in safety  
On the shores of eternity?

### MY TRUNDLE BED.

AS I rummaged through the attic,  
List'ning to the falling rain,  
As it pattered on the shingles  
And against the window pane;  
Peeping over chests and boxes,  
Which with dust were thickly spread,  
Saw I in the farthest corner  
What was once my trundle bed.  
So I drew it from the recess,  
Where it had remained so long,  
Hearing all the while the music  
Of my mother's voice in song;  
As she sung in sweetest accents,  
What I since have often read—  
"Hush, my dear, lie still and slumber,  
Holy angels guard thy bed."  
As I listened, happy hours,  
That I thought had been forgot,  
Came with all the gush of memory,  
Rushing, thronging to the spot;  
And I wandered back to childhood,  
To those merry days of yore,  
When I knelt beside my mother,  
By this bed upon the floor.

Then it was with hands so gently  
 Placed upon my infant head,  
 That she taught my lips to utter  
 Carefully the words she said;  
 Never can they be forgotten,  
 Deep are they in mem'ry graven—  
 "Hallowed be thy name, O Father!  
 Father! thou who art in heaven."

Years have passed, and that dear mother  
 Long has mouldered 'neath the sod,  
 And I trust her sainted spirit  
 Revels in the home of God:  
 But that scene at summer twilight  
 Never has from memory fled,  
 And it comes in all its freshness  
 When I see my trundle bed.

This she taught me, then she told me  
 Of its import, great and deep—  
 After which I learned to utter,  
 "Now I lay me down to sleep:"  
 Then it was with hands uplifted,  
 And in accents soft and mild,  
 That my mother asked—"Our Father!  
 Father! do thou bless my child!"

#### REMEMBRANCE.

THE season comes when first we met,  
 But you return no more;  
 Why cannot I the days forget,  
 Which time can ne'er restore?  
 O days too sweet, too bright to last,  
 Are you indeed forever past?  
 The fleeting shadows of delight,  
 In memory I trace:  
 In fancy stop their rapid flight  
 And all the past replace:  
 But ah! I wake to endless woes,  
 And tears the fading visions close!

ANNE HUNTER.

#### "EMBER PICTURE."

CLOSE by the embers  
 Burning low,  
 While she remembers  
 Long ago,  
 E'er the December's  
 Drifted snow  
 Silvered her soft brown hair:  
 Pensively rocking  
 To and fro;  
 Memories flocking  
 Come and go;  
 Holding a stocking  
 Long ago  
 Worn by a baby fair.

Sad as the sighing  
 Winds that blow,  
 Thoughts of one lying

'Neath the snow,  
 Flit through the dying  
 Embers' glow;  
 And memories round her throng:  
 Memories bringing  
 Joy and woe—  
 Drifting—clinging  
 Like the snow,  
 While she is singing  
 Soft and low—  
 Singing a cradle song.

#### A LITTLE SONG OF HOPE.

I 'VE battled through adversity when skies were  
 blue and bright  
 To win of fickle fortune but a feather in the  
 fight,  
 An' I've never felt a flurry nor the smallest mite  
 distressed,  
 Till Sol had sunk to slumber in the cradle of the  
 west.  
 It always seemed that even, with its darkness an'  
 its dew,  
 Brought forth a host of pigmies, an' these little  
 troubles grew  
 Till, like Gulliver, they bound me, an' when hope  
 had nearly gone,  
 I felt a peace come stealing through the gateway  
 of the dawn.  
 I've lain awake so troubled, an' a-tossin' through  
 the night,  
 A-hopin' I'd be guided in the paths o' truth an'  
 right,  
 A-wrestlin' with my conscience over somethin' I  
 had done,  
 Or else a-plannin' duties with the risin' o' the sun;  
 An' I've conjured up the sorrows that it seemed  
 were sure to fall  
 Upon me an' to wrap me in a sort o' sombre pall;  
 But the ills have always vanished when the morn-  
 ing cried, Begone!  
 An' a dream o' peace came stealin' through the gate-  
 way of the dawn.  
 An' so I say to sinners, an' to saints who strive as well,  
 The cares that came upon you when the shades o'  
 sorrow fell  
 Will vanish with the vision of a soul-enlightened  
 day,  
 An' God will wipe the tear-drops from your swollen  
 eyes away.  
 The host of little worries that beset you through  
 the night  
 Shall flee in stealth, an', banished, shall be frown-  
 ing in their flight,  
 An' the rest will be the sweeter for the ills you've  
 undergone  
 When that holy peace comes stealing through the  
 gateway of the dawn. R. F. GREENE.



## MEMORIES.

A BEAUTIFUL and happy girl,  
 With step as light as summer air,  
 Eyes glad with smiles, and brow of pearl,  
 Shadowed by many a careless curl  
 Of unconfined and flowing hair ;

A heart, which, like a fine-toned lute,  
 With every breath of feeling woke,  
 And, even when the tongue was mute,  
 From eye and lip in music spoke.

How thrills once more the lengthening chain  
 Of memory, at the thought of thee !

Old hopes which long in dust  
 have lain,  
 Old dreams, come thronging  
 back again,  
 And boyhood lives again in  
 me ;  
 I feel its glow upon my cheek,  
 Its fulness of the heart is  
 mine,  
 As when I leaned to hear thee  
 speak,  
 Or raised my doubtful eye  
 to thine.

I hear again thy low replies,  
 I feel thine arm within my  
 own,  
 And timidly again arise  
 The fringed lids of hazel  
 eyes,  
 With soft brown tresses over-  
 blown.

Ah ! memories of sweet sum-  
 mer eves,  
 Of moonlit wave and wil-  
 lowy way,  
 Of stars and bowers, and dewy  
 leaves,  
 And smiles and tones more  
 dear than they !

Ere this, thy quiet eye hath  
 smiled  
 My picture of thy youth to  
 see,

When, half a woman, half a  
 child,  
 Thy very artlessness beguiled,  
 And folly's self seemed wise  
 in thee ;

I too can smile, when o'er that  
 hour

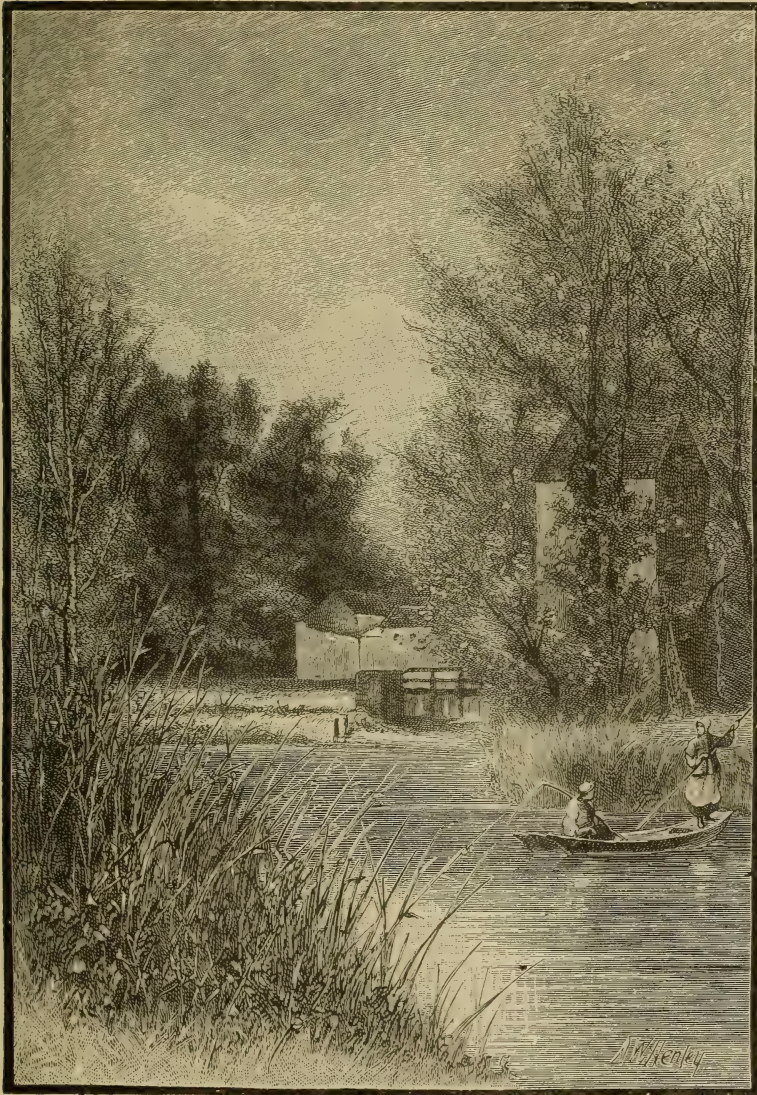
The lights of memory back-  
 ward stream,

Yet feel the while that manhood's power  
 Is vainer than my boyhood's dream.

Years have passed on, and left their trace  
 Of graver care and deeper thought ;

And unto me the calm, cold face  
 Of manhood, and to thee the grace  
 Of woman's pensive beauty brought.

More wide, perchance, for blame than praise,  
 The schoolboy's humble name has flown :



A seeming child in everything,  
 Save thoughtful brow and ripening charms,  
 As nature wears the smile of spring  
 When sinking into summer's arms,

A mind rejoicing in the light  
 Which melted through its graceful bower,  
 Leaf after leaf, dew-moist and bright,  
 And stainless in its holy white,  
 Unfolding like a morning flower ;



Thine, in the green and quiet ways  
Of unobtrusive goodness known.

And wider yet in thought and deed  
Diverge our pathways, one in youth,  
Thine the Genevan's sternest creed,  
While answers to my spirit's need  
The Derby dalesman's simple truth.  
For thee, the priestly rite and prayer,  
And holy day, and solemn psalm;  
For me, the silent reverence where  
My brethren gather, slow and calm.

Yet hath thy spirit left on me  
An impress time has worn not out,  
And something of myself in thee,  
A shadow from the past, I see,  
Lingering, even yet, thy way about;  
Not wholly can the heart unlearn  
That lesson of its better hours,  
Not yet has time's dull footstep worn  
To common dust that path of flowers

Thus, while at times before our eyes  
The shadows melt, and fall apart,  
And, smiling through them, round us lies  
The warm light of our morning skies—  
The Indian summer of the heart!—  
In secret sympathies of mind,  
In founts of feeling which retain  
Their pure, fresh flow, we yet may find  
Our early dreams not wholly vain!

J. G. WHITTIER.

### THE UNHAPPY PAST.

O MEMORY! thou fond deceiver,  
Still importunate and vain!  
To former joys recurring ever,  
And turning all the past to pain:

Hence, intruder most distressing!  
Seek the happy and the free:  
The wretch who wants each other blessing  
Ever wants a friend in thee.

OLIVER GOLDSMITH.

### HEAVENWARD.

WOULD you be young again?  
So would not I—  
One tear to memory given,  
Onward I'd hie.  
Life's dark flood forded o'er,  
All but at rest on shore,  
Say, would you plunge once more,  
With home so nigh?

If you might, would you now  
Retrace your way?  
Wander through thorny wilds,  
Faint and astray?

Night's gloomy waters fled,  
Morning all beaming red,  
Hope's smiles around us shed,  
Heavenward—away.

Where are they gone, of yore  
My best delight?  
Dear and more dear, though now  
Hidden from sight.  
Where they rejoice to be,  
There is the land for me;  
Fly, time—fly speedily,  
Come, life and light.

LADY NAIRNE.

### NEVER DESPAIR.

NEVER give up! it is wiser and better  
Always to hope, than once to despair;  
Fling off the load of doubt's cankering  
fetter,

And break the dark spell of tyrannical care:  
Never give up or the burden may sink you—  
Providence kindly has mingled the cup;  
And in all trials and troubles, bethink you  
The watchword of life must be—never give up.

M. F. TUPPER.

### IN MEMORIAM.

THOU wert the first of all I knew  
To pass unto the dead,  
And Paradise hath seemed more true,  
And come down closer to my view,  
Since there thy presence fled.

The whispers of thy gentle soul  
At silent lonely hours,  
Like some sweet saint-bell's distant toll  
Come o'er the waters, as they roll  
Betwixt thy world and ours.

Oh! still my spirit clings to thee,  
And feels thee at my side;  
Like a green ivy, when the tree,  
Its shoots had clasped so lovingly,  
Within its arms hath died;

And ever round that lifeless thing  
Where first their clusters grew,  
Close as while yet it lived they cling,  
And shrine it in a second spring  
Of lustre dark and new.

T. WHYTEHEAD.

### SUN OF THE SOUL.

SUN of the soul! whose cheerful ray  
Darts o'er this gloom of life a smile;  
Sweet hope, yet further gild my way,  
Yet light my weary steps awhile,  
Till thy fair lamp dissolve in endless day.

J. LANGHORNE.



## EDEN FLOWERS.

GENTLE mourner, fondly dreaming  
O'er the grave of buried years,  
Where the cold pale stars are gleaming  
Far along this vale of tears ;—

Sweetest spring from thoughts of sadness  
Eden flowers that ne'er decay.

Here, of mirth and anguish blended,  
Joys are born that cannot c'oy,



Fond enthusiast, wildly gazing  
From the towers of childhood's home,  
On the visioned beacon's blazing  
Bright o'er ocean's sun-flushed foam ;—

Hope's false mirage hides the morrow,  
Memory gilds the days gone by ;  
Give not thy young life to sorrow,  
Trust not joys that bloom to die.

Fiercest throbs the pulse of gladness,  
Heralding a darker day ;

Ending—not till life is ended—  
In the painless, endless joy.

H. N. OXENHAM.

## THE VISIONARY.

WHEN midnight o'er the moonless skies  
Her pall of transient death has spread,  
When mortals sleep, when spectres rise,  
And nought is wakeful but the dead !

No bloodless shape my way pursues,  
No sheeted ghost my couch annoys,

Visions more sad my fancy views,  
 Visions of long departed joys !  
 The shade of youthful hope is there,  
 That lingered long, and latest died ;  
 Ambition all dissolved to air,  
 With phantom honors at her side.

What empty shadows glimmer nigh !  
 They once were friendship, truth, and love !  
 Oh, die to thought, to memory die,  
 Since lifeless to my heart ye prove !

W. E. SPENCER.

### SAD RECOLLECTIONS.

**C**OLD in the earth—and the deep snow piled  
 above thee.  
 Far, far removed, cold in the dreary grave !  
 Have I forgot, my only love, to love thee,  
 Severed at last by time's all-severing wave ?

Now, when alone, do my thoughts no longer hover  
 Over the mountains, on that northern shore,  
 Resting their wings where heath and fern-leaves  
 cover  
 Thy noble heart for ever, evermore ?

No later light has lightened up my heaven,  
 No second morn has ever shone for me ;  
 All my life's bliss from thy dear life was given,  
 All my life's bliss is in the grave with thee.

But when the days of golden dreams had per-  
 ished,  
 And even despair was powerless to destroy ;  
 Then did I learn how existence could be cher-  
 ished,  
 Strengthened and fed without the aid of joy.



Cold in the earth—and fifteen wild December,  
 From those brown hills, have melted into spring ;  
 Faithful, indeed, is the spirit that remembers  
 After such years of change and suffering !

Sweet love of youth, forgive, if I forget thee,  
 While the world's tide is bearing me along,  
 Other desires and other hopes beset me,  
 Hopes which obscure, but cannot do thee wrong !

Then did I check the tears of useless passion—  
 Weaned my young soul from yearning after thine ;  
 Sternly denied its burning wish to hasten  
 Down to that tomb, already more than mine.

And even yet, I dare not let it languish,  
 Dare not indulge in memory's rapturous pain ;  
 Once drinking deep of that divinest anguish,  
 How could I seek the empty world again ?

EMILY BRONTË.

### LIGHT IN DARKNESS.

**F**ATIGUED with life, yet loath to part,  
 On hope the wretch relies ;  
 And every blow that sinks the heart  
 Bids the deluder rise.

Hope, like the taper's gleamy light,  
 Adorns the wretch's way ;  
 And still, as darker grows the night,  
 Emits a brighter ray.

OLIVER GOLDSMITH.

### HOPE AND WISDOM.

**Y**OUTH is the virgin nurse of tender hope,  
 And lifts her up and shows a far-off scene ;  
 When care with heavy tread would interlope,  
 They call the boys to shout her from the green.

Ere long another comes, before whose eyes  
 Nurseling and nurse alike stand mute and quail ;  
 Wisdom : to her hope not one word replies,  
 And youth lets drop the dear romantic tale.

W. S. LANDOR.

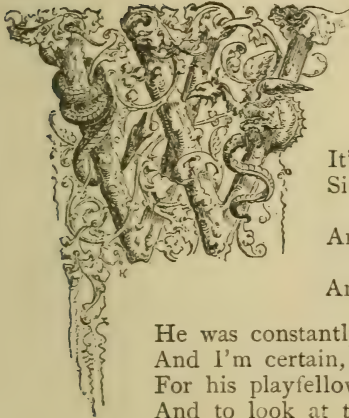


# PATRIOTS AND HEROES:

COMMEMORATING THEIR

## NOBLE SACRIFICES AND VALIANT DEEDS.

### THE LITTLE FIREMAN.



HAT do you think o' my youngster—he's a likely lad, sir, eh? You wouldn't think he was a hero in the amateur-fireman way. But he is. I can tell you a story that'll make you look and stare; How he brought down a lad at a fire, sir, from the top of that building there.

It's a hospital, that's what it is, sir; and it's nearly a fortnight ago Since a chum o' my Willie's went in, sir, on account of his health bein' low.

And my Will he got anxious and worried, for he missed his young play-fellow bad,

And he went about gloomy and grumpy, and always looked lonely and sad.

He was constantly watching that window (the top one, up there to the right), And I'm certain, if I would a-let him, he'd a-looked at it all through the night; For his playfellow's bed lay near it, and my Willie knew that quite well, And to look at that window was pleasure, far more than we can tell.

Well, he kept like that for some days, sir; he was always a-watching that place, When he rushed into me one evening, with a look of alarm on his face.

"It's on fire!" he shouted; "oh, father, the hospital's all in a blaze!"

And he looked at me with such eyes, sir, that I shrank from his terrified gaze.

"Oh, father!" he cried in his terror, and he seemed nigh ready to drop,

"How can they get at poor Tommy? he's right at the very tip-top,

It'll burn him right up to a cinder if he is obliged to stay;

I'll run out and tell them to fetch him," and he instantly darted away.

I told him to stop, but he did'nt; so I followed him, sir, like mad,

But he went on ahead like an engine, and the crush was fearfully bad;

The hospital, sir, was a-burning, and the flames getting fiercer and higher,

While the firemen were working their hardest to get some control o' the fire.

They were fetching the patients out too, sir, as quickly as ever they could,

And the fire-escape men were all busy and doing a great deal of good;

But the friends of the patients were watching to see that they all were got out, And above all the roar of the flames, sir, we presently heard a shout:

"There's a boy at the top forgotten," and I thought o' my Will's little chum;

And my eyes grew heavy and dim, sir, for the great salt tears would come.

The firemen seemed well nigh distracted,—the escape was on fire at the top;

And they said it was death to ascend it, for the ladder would certainly drop.

But a lad dashed up that escape, sir, as it seemed to his certain death;

While the crowd stood speechless and silent, and every one held his breath.

That boy was my Will, I could see him, by the light from the great red fire,

And I felt—well, I can't tell how, sir, as I saw him mount higher and higher.

For the ladder seemed all of a totter, but that boy of mine was so light

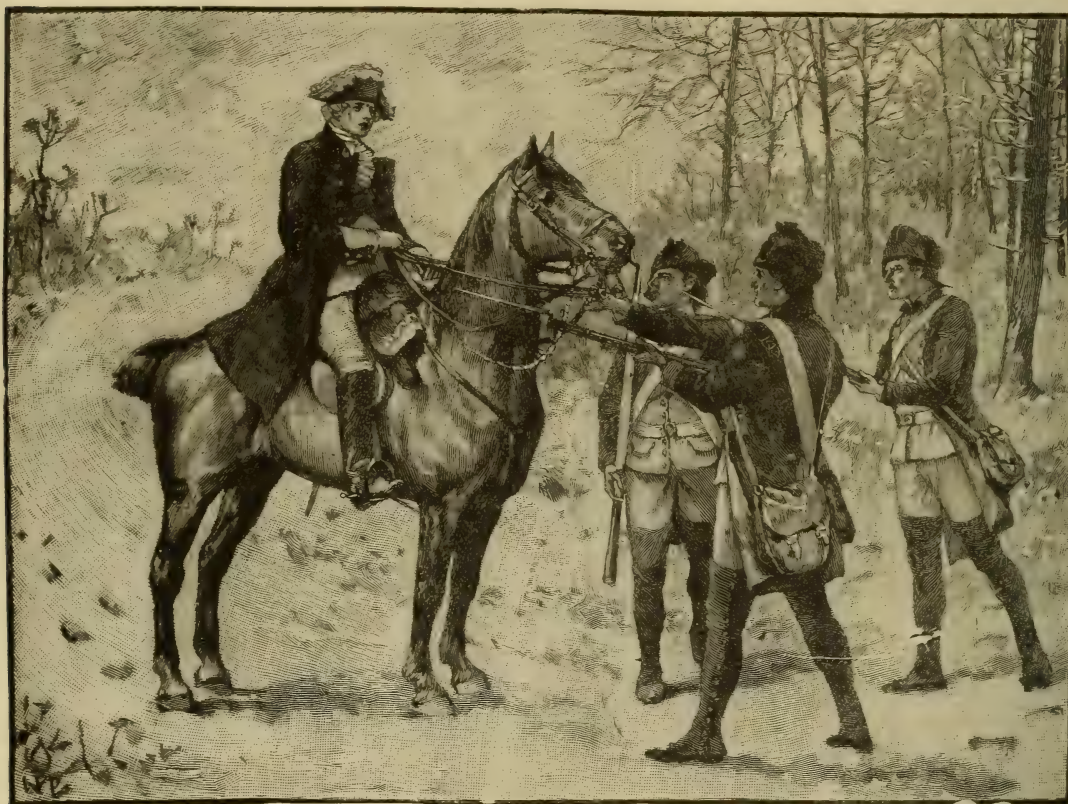
That he got to the window in safety; and we saw him get in all right;

But he came out again in a second, and he carried a small white pack;

That boy had gone in after Tommy, and was bringing him down on his back.

Such a cheer rent the heavens just then, sir, as I never shall hear again ;  
 And the crowd got as mad as hatters, and shouted with might and main.  
 But the lads got down safe to the ground, sir, and both of 'em fainted away ;  
 For after that dreadful excitement, 'twas no wonder at all, I say.

What had this young man done to merit immortality? The mission whose tragic issue lifted him out of the oblivion of other minor British officers, in its inception was free from peril or daring, and its object and purposes were utterly infamous. Had he succeeded by the desecration of the honorable uses of passes and flags of truce, his name would have been held in everlasting execration.



ARREST OF ANDRE.

What do you think of him, now, sir? a likely lad, sir, eh !  
 There's not many youngsters a-going as could act in that sort of a way ;  
 For he risked his own life for his playmate, and he's ready to do it still,  
 So I hope there's no harm in my saying I'm proud of my Fireman Will.

JOHN F. NICHOLLS.

#### ANDRE AND HALE.

**A**NDRE's story is the one overmastering romance of the Revolution. American and English literature are full of eloquence and poetry in tribute to his memory and sympathy for his fate. After a lapse of a hundred years there is no abatement of absorbing interest.

In his failure, the infant republic escaped the dagger with which he was feeling for its heart, and the crime was drowned in tears for his untimely end.

His youth and beauty, his skill with pen and pencil, his effervescing spirits and magnetic disposition, the brightness of his life, the calm courage in the gloom of his death, his early love and disappointment, and the image of his lost Honora hid in his mouth when captured in Canada, with the exclamation, "That saved, I care not for the loss of all the rest," and nestling in his bosom when he was slain, surrounded him with a halo of poetry and pity which have secured for him what he most sought and could never have won in battles and sieges—a fame and recognition which have outlived that of all the generals under whom he served



Are kings only grateful, and do republics forget? Is fame a travesty, and the judgment of mankind a farce? America had a parallel case in Captain Nathan Hale. Of the same age as Andre, he graduated at Yale college with high honors, enlisted in the patriot cause at the beginning of the contest, and secured the love and confidence of all about him. When none else would go on a most important and perilous mission, he volunteered, and was captured by the British.

While Andre received every kindness, courtesy and attention, and was fed from Washington's table, Hale was thrust into a noisome dungeon in the sugar-house. While Andre was tried by a board of officers, and had ample time and every facility for defence, Hale was summarily ordered to execution the next morning. While Andre's last wishes and bequests were sacredly followed, the infamous Cunningham tore from Hale his letters to his mother and sister, and asked him what he had to say. "All I have to say," was Hale's reply, "is that I regret I have but one life to lose for my country." His death was concealed for months, because Cunningham said he did not want the rebels to know they had a man who could die so bravely.

And yet, while Andre rests in that grandest of mausoleums, where the proudest of nations garners the remains and perpetuates the memories of its most eminent and honored, the name and deeds of Nathan Hale have passed into oblivion, and only a simple tomb in a village churchyard marks his resting-place. The dying declarations of Andre and Hale express the animating spirit of their several armies, and teach why, with all their power, England could not conquer America. "I call upon you to witness that I die like a brave man," said Andre, and he spoke from British and Hessian surroundings, seeking only glory and pay. "I regret that I have only one life to lose for my country," said Hale; and with him and his comrades self was forgotten in that absorbing, passionate patriotism which pledges fortune, honor and life to the sacred cause.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.

#### ANDRE'S REQUEST TO WASHINGTON.

IT is not the fear of death  
That damps my brow,  
It is not for another breath  
I ask thee now;  
I can die with a lip unstirred  
And a quiet heart—  
Let but this prayer be heard  
Ere I depart.  
  
I can give up my mother's look—  
My sister's kiss;  
I can think of love—yet brook  
A death like this!

I can give up the young fame  
I burned to win—  
All—but the spotless name  
I glory in.

Thine is the power to give,  
Thine to deny,  
Joy for the hour I live—  
Calmness to die.  
By all the brave should cherish,  
By my dying breath,  
I ask that I may perish  
By a soldier's death!

N. P. WILLIS.

#### DYING FOR LIBERTY.

AS by the shore, at break of day,  
A vanquished chief expiring lay,  
Upon the sands with broken sword,  
He traced his farewell to the free;  
And there the last unfinished word  
He dying wrote, was "Liberty!"

At night a sea-bird shrieked the knell  
Of him who thus for freedom fell;  
The words he wrote, ere evening came,  
Were covered by the sounding sea;  
So pass away the cause and name  
Of him who dies for liberty!

THOMAS MOORE.

#### THE LONE GRAVE ON THE MOUNTAIN

ON the crest of the hills I found it,  
For the grave of a host there was room,  
For the pyramids of Ægyptus  
Are as naught to this lofty tomb.  
There he lies till the trump shall call him,  
In his grave on the hills, all alone;  
Just a soldier's grave, so they told me,  
But yet one that a king might own.

There he fell, there he died, there they laid him;  
Though unmarked and forgot, 'tis a throne.  
What's his name? He died for his country,  
Then what matter his name unknown?  
'Tis the act, not the actor, liveth;  
'Tis the deeds which we do crown the grave;  
What life wins in transient glory;  
It is death makes a king or slave.

Here the sun's last blush lingers longest,  
Here the feet of the morning first come,  
And the thunder's voice speaketh his requiem,  
Like the roll of a funeral drum.  
See, the clouds above him are stooping,  
And they gather around him and weep;  
So I leave him, unwrapped in his glory,  
With his God, on the hills, asleep.

CHARLES G. BEEDE.

## I'M WITH YOU ONCE AGAIN.

I'M with you once again, my friends,  
 No more my footsteps roam ;  
 Where it began my journey ends,  
 Amid the scenes of home.  
 No other clime has skies so blue,  
 Or streams so broad and clear,  
 And where are hearts so warm and true  
 As those that meet me here ?

Since last, with spirits wild and free,  
 I pressed my native strand,  
 I've wandered many miles at sea,  
 And many miles on land :  
 I've seen fair regions of the earth  
 With rude commotion torn,  
 Which taught me how to prize the worth  
 Of that where I was born.

In other countries when I heard  
 The language of my own,  
 How fondly each familiar word  
 Awoke an answering tone !  
 But when our woodland songs were sung  
 Upon a foreign mart  
 The vows that faltered on the tongue  
 With rapture thrilled my heart !

My native land ! I turn to you,  
 With blessing and with prayer,  
 Where man is brave and woman true,  
 And free as mountain air.  
 Long may our flag in triumph wave,  
 Against the world combined,  
 And friends a welcome—foes a grave,  
 Within our borders find.

GEORGE P. MORRIS.

## IT IS GREAT FOR OUR COUNTRY TO DIE.

OH ! it is great for our country to die, where  
 ranks are contending :  
 Bright is the wreath of our fame ; glory  
 awaits us for aye—

Glory, that never is dim, shining on with light  
 never ending—  
 Glory that never shall fade, never, oh ! never  
 away.

Oh ! it is sweet for our country to die ! How softly  
 reposes  
 Warrior youth on his bier, wet by the tears of  
 his love,

Wet by a mother's warm tears ; they crown him  
 with garlands of roses,  
 Weep, and then joyously turn, bright where he  
 triumphs above.

Not to the shades shall the youth descend, who for  
 country hath perished ;  
 Hebe awaits him in heaven, welcomes him there  
 with her smile ;

There, at the banquet divine, the patriot spirit is  
 cherished ;  
 Gods love the young who ascend pure from the  
 funeral pile.

Not to Elysian fields, by the still, oblivious river ;  
 Not to the isles of the blest, over the blue, roll-  
 ing sea ;

But on Olympian heights shall dwell the devoted  
 forever ;  
 There shall assemble the good, there the wise,  
 valiant and free.

Oh ! then, how great for our country to die, in the  
 front rank to perish,  
 Firm with our breast to the foe, victory's shout  
 in our ear !

Long they our statues shall crown, in songs our  
 memory cherish ;  
 We shall look forth from our heaven, pleased  
 the sweet music to hear.

JAMES G. PERCIVAL.





## THE CUBAN CRISIS.

RED is the setting sun,  
 Redder the Cuban sod;  
 Maceo's valiant fight is done  
 For freedom and for God.  
 The long-leaved pine and the stately palm  
 Bend lowly in grief to-night,  
 And through the hush of the tropic calm  
 There rolls from the sea a mournful psalm,  
 A requiem over the right.

Honored with many scars  
 Now lies the hero brave;  
 Pityingly the southern stars  
 Weep o'er the martyr's grave,  
 While night winds whisper of deeds so fell  
 That nature shudders in sleep,  
 And every tree in the crimson dell  
 Mutters a secret most dread to tell  
 Of treachery foul and deep.

Every land shall know,  
 Heaven and earth shall see;  
 The whole world weeps when a traitor's blow  
 Strikes at the brave and free.  
 But from Havana comes clang of bells,  
 Borne gaily across the lea  
 From Morro Castle, where Weyler dwells,  
 A drunken wassail the clamor swells  
 With plaudits and fiendish glee.

Dark seem the midnights there,  
 Dark are the crimes they blot;  
 But darker still are the dungeons where  
 The friends of freedom rot.  
 Their chains clank dull on the slimy walls,  
 Their festering bones protrude;  
 And day after day the death bell tolls  
 As the drifting smoke from the slaughter rolls,  
 'Mid jeers from the multitude!

Red is the rising sun,  
 Red with the wrath of God;  
 For Cuba reddens in streams that run  
 With blood where her tyrants have trod.  
 Still flows to the sea the scarlet tide;  
 How long shall it last, O Lord!  
 But hell rolls on where the Spaniards ride,  
 And frenzied women in terror hide  
 From a fate far worse than the sword.

Our skies are obscured with smoke,  
 Our seas are stained with blood;  
 Our hills still echo the butcher's stroke  
 Across the crimson flood.  
 Our flag insulted, our brothers slain,  
 At last awakens our land;  
 Now sweeps a tempest from every plain,  
 Our sovereign people have challenged Spain,  
 The judgment hour is at hand.

LOUIS S. AMONSON.

## THE LITTLE DRUMMER.

AT his post, the little major  
 Dropped his drum, that battle day;  
 On the field, all stained with crimson,  
 Through that battle-night he lay,  
 Crying, "Oh, for love of Jesus,  
 Grant me but this little boon,  
 Can you, friends, refuse me water—  
 Can you, when I die so soon!"

There were none to help or save him;  
 All his friends had early fled,  
 Save the forms outstretched around him  
 Of the dying and the dead.  
 Hush! they come, there falls a footstep—  
 How it makes his heart rejoice;  
 They will help, oh, they will save him,  
 When they hear his fainting voice.

See, the lights are flourishing round him,  
 And he hears a loyal word;  
 Strangers they whose lips pronounce it,  
 Yet he trusts his voice is heard;  
 It was heard—oh, God forgive them,  
 They refuse his dying prayer;  
 "Nothing but a wounded drummer,"  
 So they say, and leave him there.

See, the moon that shone above him  
 Veils her face as if in grief,  
 And the skies are sadly weeping,  
 Shedding tear-drops of relief.  
 Oh, to die, by friends forsaken,  
 With his last request denied;  
 This he frets his keenest anguish,  
 When at morn he gasped and died.

## THE POOR VOTER ON ELECTION DAY

THE proudest now is but my peer,  
 The highest not more high;  
 To-day, of all the weary year,  
 A king of men am I.  
 To-day, alike are great and small,  
 The nameless and the known;  
 My palace is the people's hall,  
 The ballot-box my throne!

Who serves to-day upon the list  
 Beside the served shall stand;  
 Alike the brown and wrinkled fist,  
 The gloved and dainty hand!  
 The rich is level with the poor,  
 The weak is strong to-day;  
 And sleekest broadcloth counts no more  
 Than homespun frock of gray.

To-day let pomp and vain pretence  
 My stubborn right abide;  
 I set a plain man's common sense  
 Against the pedant's pride.

To-day shall simple manhood try  
The strength of gold and land;  
The wide world has not wealth to buy  
The power in my right hand!

While there's a grief to seek redress,  
Or balance to adjust  
Where weighs our living manhood less  
Than Mammon's vilest dust—  
While there's a right to need my vote,  
A wrong to sweep away,  
Up! clouted knee and ragged coat!  
A man's a man to-day!

J. G. WHITTIER.

### A BRAVE MAN.

**N**O common object to your sight displays,  
But what with pleasure heaven itself sur-  
veys,

A brave man struggling in the storm of fate,  
And greatly falling with a falling state.  
While Cato gives his little senate laws,  
What bosom beats not in his country's cause!  
Who sees him act, but envies every deed?  
Who hears him groan, and does not wish to bleed?

ALEXANDER POPE.

### PATRIOTISM AND FREEDOM.

**I**NSENSIBLE to high heroic deeds,  
Is there a spirit clothed in mortal weeds,  
Who at the patriot's moving story  
Devoted to his country's good,

Devoted to his country's glory,  
Shedding for freemen's rights his generous blood—  
Listeneth not with deep heaved, high,  
Quivering nerve, and glistening eye,  
Feeling within a spark of heavenly flame,  
That with the hero's worth may humble kindred  
claim?

If such there be, still let him plod  
On the dull foggy paths of care,  
Nor raise his eyes from the dank sod  
To view creation fair:  
What boots to him the wondrous works of God?  
His soul with brutal things hath ta'en its earthly  
lair.

Oh! who so base as not to feel  
The pride of freedom once enjoyed,  
Though hostile gold or hostile steel  
Have long that bliss destroyed!  
The meanest drudge will sometimes vaunt  
Of independent sires who bore  
Names known to fame in days of yore,  
Spite of the smiling stranger's taunt;  
But recent freedom lost—what heart  
Can bear the humbling thought—the quick'ning  
mad'ning smart?

JOANNA BAILLIE.

### ROMERO:

A FUGITIVE FROM MEXICO.

**W**HEN freedom, from the land of Spain,  
By Spain's degenerate sons was driven,  
Who gave their willing limbs again  
To wear the chain so lately riven?  
Romero broke the sword he wore—  
“Go, faithful band,” the warrior said,  
“Go, undishonored, never more  
The blood of man shall make thee red:  
I grieve for that already shed;  
And I am sick at heart to know,  
That faithful friend and noble foe  
Have only bled to make more strong  
The yoke that Spain has worn so long.  
Wear it who will, in abject fear—  
I wear it not who have been free;  
The perjured Ferdinand shall hear  
No oath of loyalty from me.”

Then, hunted by the hounds of power,  
Romero chose a safe retreat,  
Where bleak Nevada's summits tower  
Above the beauty at their feet.  
There once, when on his cabin lay  
The crimson light of setting day,  
When even on the mountain's breast  
The chainless winds were all at rest,  
And he could hear the river's flow  
From the calm paradise below;  
Warmed with his former fires again,  
He framed this rude but solemn strain:

“Here will I make my home—for here at least I  
see,  
Upon this wild Sierra's side, the steps of liberty;  
Where the locust chirps unscared beneath the un-  
pruned lime,  
And the merry bee doth hide from man the spoil  
of the mountain thyme;  
Where the pure winds come and go, and the wild  
vine gads at will,  
An outcast from the haunts of man, she dwells with  
nature still.

“I see the valleys, Spain! where thy mighty rivers  
run,  
And the hills that lift thy harvests and vineyards  
to the sun,  
And the flocks that drink thy brooks and sprinkle  
all the green,  
Where lie thy plains, with sheep-walks seamed, and  
olive-shades between;  
I see thy fig-trees bask, with the fair pomegranate  
near,  
And the fragrance of thy lemon-groves can almost  
reach me here.

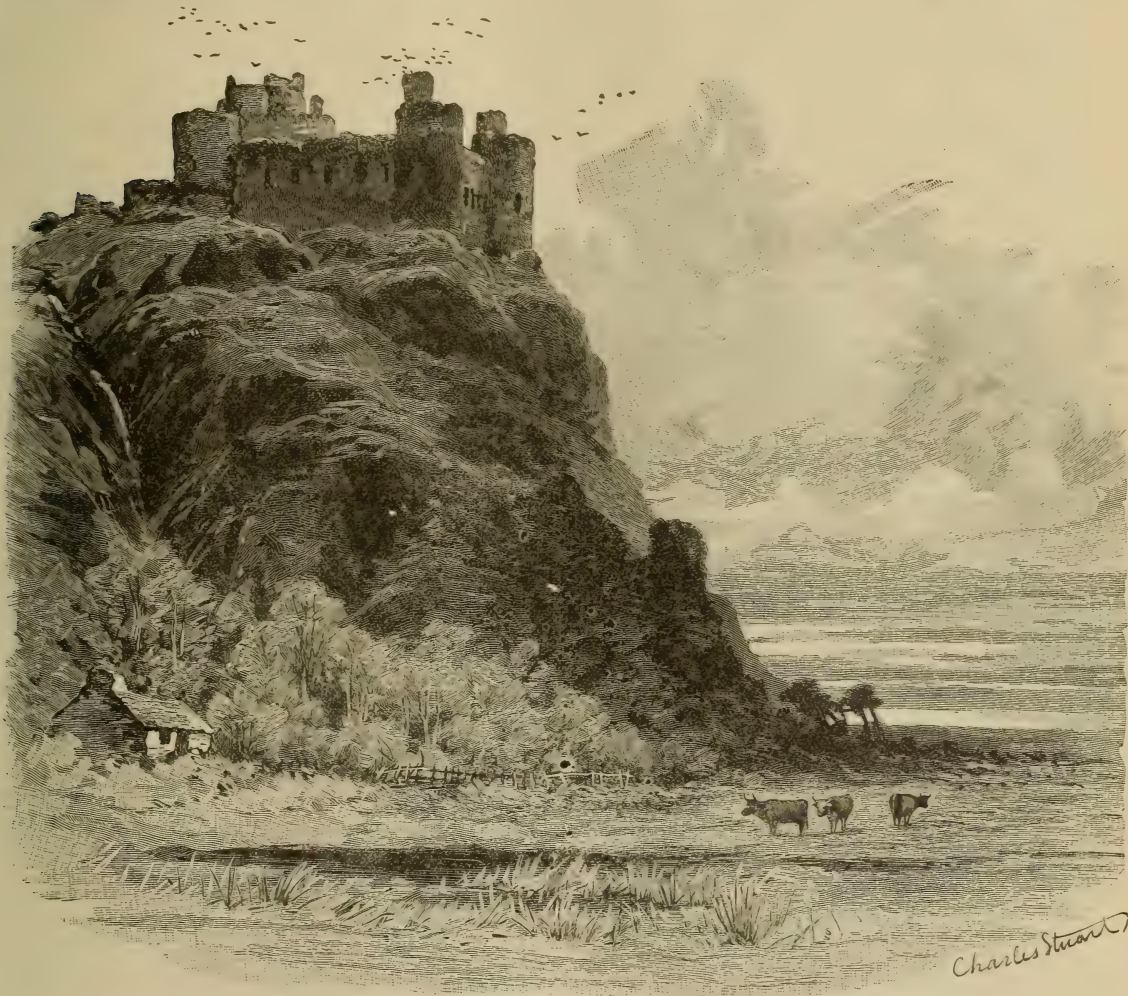
“Fair—fair—but fallen Spain! 'tis with a swell-  
ing heart,



That I think on all thou mightst have been, and  
 look at what thou art;  
 But the strife is over now, and all the good and  
 brave,  
 That would have raised thee up, are gone, to exile  
 or the grave.  
 Thy fleeces are for monks, thy grapes for the con-  
 vent feast,  
 And the wealth of all thy harvest-fields for the  
 pampered lord and priest.

"But I shall see the day, it will come before I die,  
 I shall see it in my silver hairs, and with an age-  
 dimmed eye;—  
 When the spirit of the land to liberty shall bound,  
 As yonder fountain leaps away from the darkness  
 of the ground;  
 And to my mountain cell, the voices of the free  
 Shall rise, as from the beaten shore the thunders  
 of the sea."

W. C. BRYANT.



HARLECH CASTLE.

### MARCH OF THE MEN OF HARLECH.

The War of the Roses was a disastrous struggle which desolated England during the fifteenth century. It was so called because the two factions into which the country was divided upheld the claims to the throne of the Houses of York and Lancaster, whose badges were the white and the red rose respectively. Harlech is an ancient town of North Wales, situated on the sea coast. On a steep hill overlooking the stream is its massive castle, which held out for the House of Lancaster in the War of the Roses and later for

Charles I. The "March of the Men of Harlech" commemorates its capture by the Yorkists in 1468.

**M**EN of Harlech! in the hollow,  
 Do you hear, like rushing billow,  
 Wave on wave that surging follow,  
 Battle's distant sound?  
 'Tis the tramp of Saxon foeman,  
 Saxon spearmen, Saxon bowmen,



Be they knights, or hinds, or yeomen,  
 They shall bite the ground !  
 Loose thy folds asunder,  
 Flag we conquer under !  
 The placid sky now bright on high  
 Shall launch its bolts in thunder !  
 Onward, 'tis our country needs us,  
 He is bravest, he who leads us !  
 Honor's self now proudly heads us !  
 Freedom, God and Right !  
 Cambria, God and Right !  
 He is bravest, he who leads us !  
 Honor's self now proudly heads us !  
 Cambria, God and Right !  
 Rocky steeps and passes narrow  
 Flash with spear and flight of arrow ;  
 Who would think of pain or sorrow ?

Death is glory now.  
 Hurl the reeling horsemen over !  
 Let the earth dead foemen cover !  
 Fate of friend, of wife, of lover,  
 Trembles on a blow !  
 Strands of life are riven,  
 Blow for blow is given,  
 In deadly lock or battle shock,  
 And mercy shrieks to heaven !  
 Men of Harlech ! young or hoary,  
 Would you win a name in story ?  
 Strike for home, for life, for glory !  
 Freedom, God and right !  
 Cambria, God and Right !  
 Would you win a name in story ?  
 Strike for home, for life, for glory,  
 Cambria, God and Right !

### BEAUTY OF HEROIC DEEDS.

THE presence of a higher, namely, of the spiritual element is essential to its perfection. The high and divine beauty which can be loved without effeminacy, is that which is found in combination with the human will, and never separate. Beauty is the mark God sets upon virtue. Every natural action is graceful. Every heroic act is also decent, and causes the place and the bystanders to shine. We are taught by great actions that the universe is the property of every individual in it. Every rational creature has all nature for his dowry and estate. It is his, if he will. He may divest himself of it ; he may creep into a corner, and abdicate his kingdom, as most men do ; but he is entitled to the world by his constitution. In proportion to the energy of his thought and will, he takes up the world into himself.

"All those things for which men plough, build or sail, obey virtue ;" said an ancient historian. "The winds and waves," said Gibbon, "are always on the side of the ablest navigators." So are the sun and moon and all the stars of heaven. When a noble act is done—perchance in a scene of great natural beauty ; when Leonidas and his three hundred martyrs consume one day in dying, and the sun and moon come each and look at them once in the steep defile of Thermopylæ ; when Arnold Winkelried, in the high Alps, under the shadow of the avalanche, gathers in his side a sheaf of Austrian spears to break the line for his comrades ; are not these heroes entitled to add the beauty of the scene to the beauty of the deed ?

When the bark of Columbus nears the shore of America—before it, the beach lined with savages, fleeing out of all their huts of cane ; the sea behind ; and the purple mountains of the Indian Archipelago around, can we separate the man from the living picture ? Does not the New World clothe his form with her palm-groves and savannahs as fit drapery ? Ever does natural beauty steal in like air, and envelop great actions. When Sir Harry Vane was dragged up the Tower-hill, sitting on a sled, to suffer death, as the champion of the English laws, one of the multitude cried out to him, "You never sate on so glorious a seat." Charles II., to intimidate the citizens of London, caused the patriot Lord Russel to be drawn in an open coach through the principal streets of the city on his way to the scaffold. "But," to use the simple narrative of his biographer, "the multitude imagined they saw liberty and virtue sitting by his side."

In private places, among sordid objects, an act of truth or heroism seems at once to draw to itself the sky as its temple, the sun as its candle. Nature stretcheth out her arms to embrace man, only let his thoughts be of equal greatness. Willingly does she follow his steps with the rose and the violet, and bend her lines of grandeur and grace to the decoration of her darling child. Only let his thoughts be of equal scope, and the frame will suit the picture. A virtuous man is in unison with her works, and makes the central figure of the visible sphere.

RALPH WALDO EMERSON.

### THE FATHERS OF THE REPUBLIC.

TO be cold and breathless, to feel not and speak not,—this is not the end of existence to the men who have breathed their spirits into the institutions of their country, who have stamped their characters on the pillars of the age,

who have poured their heart's blood into the channels of the public prosperity.

Tell me, ye who tread the sods of yon sacred height, is Warren dead ? Can you not still see him—not pale and prostrate, the blood of his



gallant heart pouring out of his ghastly wound, but moving resplendent over the field of honor, with the rose of heaven upon his cheek, and the fire of liberty in his eye?

Tell me, ye who make your pious pilgrimage to the shades of Vernon, is Washington indeed shut up in the cold and narrow house? That which sustained it are hushed; but the lofty spirits that conceived, resolved and maintained it, and which alone, to such men, make it life to live—these cannot expire.

EDWARD EVERETT.

### THE INCORRUPTIBLE PATRIOT.

Governor Johnstone, of New Jersey, is said to have offered Gen. Joseph Reed fifty thousand dollars if he would try to re-unite the colonies to the mother country. Said he, "I am not worth purchasing; but, such as I am, the King of Great Britain is not rich enough to buy me."

**I** SPURN your gilded bait, oh, King! my faith you cannot buy;

Go, tamper with some craven heart, and dream of victory;

My honor never shall be dimmed by taking such a bribe;

The honest man can look above the mercenary tribe.

Carlisle and Eden may consort to bring about a peace;

Our year of jubilee will be the year of our release. Until your fleets and armies are all remanded back, Freedom's avenging angel will keep upon your track.

What said our noble Laurens? What answer did he make?

Did he accept your overtures, and thus our cause forsake?

No! as his country's mouth-piece, he spoke the burning words,

"Off with conciliation's terms—the battle is the Lord's!"

Are ye afraid of Bourbon's house? And do ye now despair,

Because to shield the perishing the arm of France is bare?

That treaty of alliance, which makes a double strife, Has, like the sun, but warmed afresh your viper brood to life.

And art thou, Johnstone, art thou, pray, upon this mission sent,

To keep at distance, by thy craft, the throne's dismemberment?

Dismemberment!—ah, come it must, for union is a sin,

When parents' hands the furnace heat, and thrust the children in.

Why, English hearts there are at home, that pulsate with our own;

Voices beyond Atlantic's waves send forth a loving tone;

Within the Cabinet are men who would not offer gold,

To see our country's liberty, like chattel, bought and sold.

You say that office shall be mine if I the traitor play:

Can office ever compensate for honesty's decay? Ten thousand pounds! ten thousand pounds! Shall

I an Esau prove, And for a mess of pottage sell the heritage I love?

If you can blot out Bunker Hill, or Brandywine ignore,

Or Valley Forge annihilate, and wipe away its gore; If you can make the orphans' tears forget to plead

with God, Then you may find a patriot's soul that owns a monarch's nod.

The King of England cannot buy the faith which fills my heart;

My truth and virtue cannot stand in traffic's servile mart;

For till your fleets and armies are all remanded back,

Freedom's avenging angel will keep upon your track.

EDWARD C. JONES.

### REDMOND, IN ROKEBY HALL.

**W**ILFRED has fallen—but o'er him stood Young Redmond, soiled with smoke and blood

Cheering his mates, with heart and hand Still to make good their desperate stand.

"Up, comrades, up! in Rokeby halls

Ne'er be it said our courage falls—

What faint ye for their savage cry,

Or do the smoke-wreaths daunt your eye?

These rafters have returned a shout

As loud at Rokeby's wassail rout;

As thick a smoke these hearths have given

At Hallowtide or Christmas even.

Stand to it yet! renew the fight,

For Rokeby and Matilda's right!

These slaves! they dare not, hand to hand,

Bide buffet from a true man's brand."

SIR WALTER SCOTT.

### COURAGE ENSURES SUCCESS.

**N**O, there is a necessity in fate, Why still the brave bold man is fortunate;

He keeps his object ever full in sight,

And that assurance holds him firm and right;

True, 'tis a narrow way that leads to bliss,

But right before there is no precipice;

Fear makes men look aside, and so their footing miss.

JOHN DRYDEN.

## DO OR DIE.

**I** DETEST that waiting; though it seems so safe  
to fight  
Behind high walls, and hurl down foes into  
Deep fosses, or behold them sprawl on spikes  
Strewed to receive them, still I like it not—  
My soul seems lukewarm; but when I set on them  
Though they were piled on mountains I would  
have  
A pluck at them, or perish in hot blood!  
Let me then charge!

LORD BYRON.

HYMN OF THE MORAVIAN NUNS OF  
BETHLEHEM,

AT THE CONSECRATION OF PULASKI'S BANNER.

Count Pulaski, a celebrated Polish officer, was born of distinguished parentage in 1747. Taking up arms against the Russian invaders, he commanded in many battles and sieges and performed many daring exploits. His fame as a warrior was unrivaled. He went into exile in 1772, and entered the service of the United States five years later. Four days after the battle of Brandywine he was appointed commander of the cavalry with the rank of brigadier-general. He resigned his command and raised a body called Pulaski's Legion, which was ordered to South Carolina early in 1779. He was killed in the autumn of that year at the siege of Savannah. The occasion of presenting to him a banner forms the subject of the following poem:

**W**HEN the dying flame of day  
Through the chancel shot its ray,  
Far the glimmering tapers shed  
Faint light on the cowed head;  
And the censer burning swung,  
Where, before the altar, hung  
The blood-red banner, that with prayer  
Had been consecrated there.

And the nun's sweet hymn was heard the while,  
Sung low in the dim, mysterious aisle.

"Take thy banner! May it wave  
Proudly o'er the good and brave;  
When the battle's distant wail  
Breaks the sabbath of our vale,  
When the clarion's music thrills  
To the hearts of these lone hills,  
When the spear in conflict shakes,  
And the strong lance shivering breaks.

"Take thy banner! and, beneath  
The battle-cloud's encircling wreath,  
Guard it!—till our homes are free!  
Guard it!—God will prosper thee!  
In the dark and trying hour,  
In the breaking forth of power,  
In the rush of steeds and men,  
His right hand will shield thee then.

"Take thy banner! But, when night  
Closes round the ghastly fight,  
If the vanquished warrior bow,  
Spare him!—By our holy vow,

By our prayers and many tears,  
By the mercy that endears,  
Spare him!—he our love hath shared!  
Spare him!—as thou wouldst be spared!

"Take thy banner!—and if e'er  
Thou shouldst press the soldier's bier,  
And the muffled drum should beat  
To the tread of mournful feet,  
Then this crimson flag shall be  
Martial cloak and shroud for thee."

The warrior took that banner proud,  
And it was his martial cloak and shroud!

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

## RETURN OF THE HILLSIDE LEGION.

**W**HAT telegraphed word  
The village hath stirred?  
Why eagerly gather the people;  
And why do they wait  
At crossing and gate—  
Why flutters yon flag on the steeple?

Wall, stranger, do tell—  
It's now a smart spell  
Since our sogers went marchin' away,  
And we calculate now,  
To show the boys how  
We can welcome the Legion to-day.

Bill Allendale's drum  
Will sound when they come,  
And there's watchers above on the hill.  
To let us all know,  
When the big bugles blow,  
To hurrah with a hearty good will.

All the women folks wait  
By the 'Cademy gate,  
With posies all drippin' with dew;  
The Legion shan't say  
We helped them away,  
And forgot them when the service was through.

My Jack's comin', too,  
He's served the war through;  
Hark! the rattle and roar of the train!  
There's the bugle and drum,  
Our sogers have come,  
Hurrah! for the boys home again.

"Stand aside! stand aside!  
Leave a space far and wide  
Till the regiment forms on the track."  
Two soldiers in blue—  
Two men—only two  
Stepped off, and the Legion was back.

The hurrah softly died,  
In the space far and wide,  
As they welcomed the worn, weary men;



The drum on the hill  
Grew suddenly still,  
And the bugle was silent again.

I asked Farmer Shore  
A question no more,  
For a sick soldier lay on his breast!  
While his hand, hard and brown,  
Stroked tenderly down,  
The locks of the weary at rest.

ETHEL LYNN.

### PATRICK HENRY.

**N**O individual influenced by his eloquence the cause of the American Revolution more than did Patrick Henry. His great speech

before the Virginian Convention has become historic, passages of which have been read and committed to memory by almost every school-boy from that time to the present. He insisted on the necessity of fighting for independence, and closed with the words, "Give me liberty or give me death!"

He was constantly in advance of the most ardent patriots, suggesting and carrying into effect by his immediate personal influence measures that were opposed as premature and violent by all the eminent supporters of the cause of liberty. Although unpromising and shiftless in his early youth, he ripened out into a noble manhood, and, being inspired by the struggle for independence, he used all the resources of his burning eloquence in favor of the colonies, and has left behind him a name as a patriot and an orator which history delights to commemorate and advancing time does not eclipse.

### HEROES OF THE MINES.

**M**ANY strangely thrilling tales  
That time to a wondering world con-  
signs,

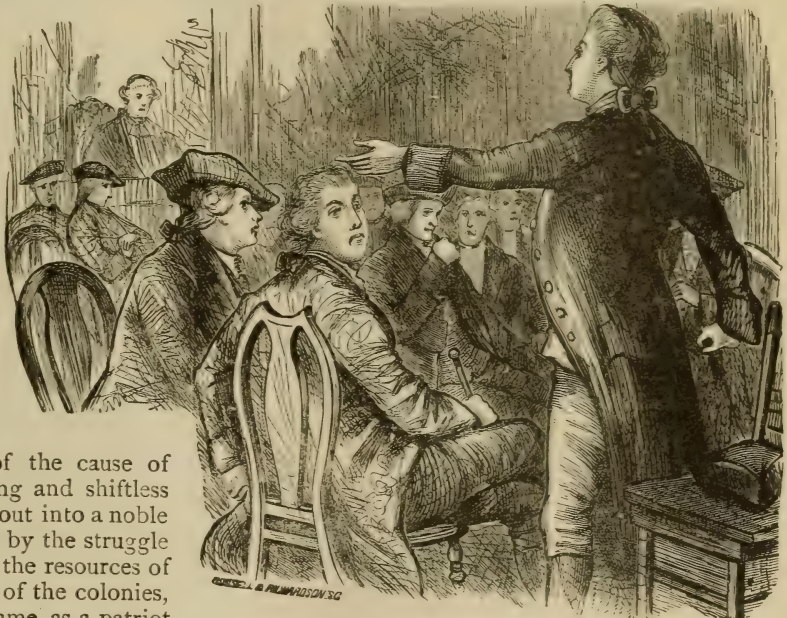
Is one from the rock-rent hills of Wales;  
Where men, down deep in its dark coal mines,  
Were there enclosed by the fire-damp's shock,  
Imprisoned fast in the fearful gloom;  
While countless tons of the ruptured rock  
Confined them there in a living tomb.

Grouped overhead were the weeping wives,  
And men with faces stern and still,  
Who sadly thought of the hundred lives  
That death had claimed in the trembling hill;  
Or watched, impatient, the curling smoke  
That rose from the burning mine below;

And the roaring flames, that raged and broke  
Like the waves of hell in their crimson flow.

Long hours they waited, then work began—  
With a fierce desire to seek their dead;  
And no one shrank from the risk he ran,  
But hearts were heavy with grief, as lead.  
And they vainly hoped that a chosen few,  
In the chambers somewhere beneath the ground,  
Had refuge sought, and perhaps lived through,  
And 'scaped the fate that the rest had found.

They fiercely labored through many days,  
Nor paused to rest in the darksome night,  
And slowly opened the cumbered ways,  
Where many a bloody and ghastly sight



They met, in working and toiling by;  
And mangled corpses were sent above,  
Where hillsides echoed the anguished cry  
Of some poor creature's despairing love.

But on they went; for they found not all,  
Though hundreds lay in the grasp of death—  
And hourly hastened to catch the call  
Of some poor wretch with expiring breath,  
Who might have lived in a rock-hewn grave,  
To hear the rapid but deadened sound  
That told him comrades had sought to save,  
And wrest its prey from the flinty ground.

When, sudden, a sound the stillness broke,  
As the sound of waters far away;  
While each arrested his falling stroke,  
No frozen statues as still as they  
Who looked and listened in rapt surprise  
To the shivering echoes, low and long,



While through the caverns fall and rise  
The solemn chant of a sacred song.

A song that all, in their native tongue,  
Had listened to on their mother's breast,  
And heard in trembling accents sung  
When friends were laid in the grave to rest ;  
A hymn so old, as to form a part  
Of the oldest legends the Welshmen knew,  
To cling to their inmost soul and heart,  
As the old home anthems ever do :

To the Christian's glad, triumphant strain,  
That looked with trust to an awful death ;  
That proudly conquered despair and pain,  
And sang sweet songs with the latest breath.  
No higher heroes in ancient days,  
Who proudly figure in glorious tales,  
Had stronger claims to the hero's praise  
Than these rough men in the mines of Wales.

Then the seeking miners bent their powers  
Till the sturdy strokes fell thick and fast,



"In the deep and angry billows  
None can raise my sinking head  
But my fond and faithful Saviour,  
Who hath lived and died instead.  
Friend of friends in death's dark river,  
Firm support upon the wave,  
Seeing him I sing contented  
Though death's waters round me rave."

Thus distant voices sang the song,  
Afaint with fasting, but not with fears ;  
For the brave old miners' hearts were strong,  
While listening comrades heard with tears  
The notes that the prisoned miners sang,  
Who knew not yet that help drew nigh,  
Till the dismal death-trap's echoes rang  
With the fearless faith that dared to die ;

And working bravely a few short hours,  
They rescued the little band at last ;  
But some were discovered, alas, too late ;  
While those surviving the bitter fright  
Bore such dread marks of their cruel fate  
That strong men wept at the woeful sight

For hunger's clutches had marked each face  
With the sign of suffering branded deep,  
And the lines that pain's sharp pencils trace  
On the forms that such dread vigils keep.  
'Tis a simple story, sad but true,  
Of the humble heroes, rough and brave,  
Who sang a grand old anthem through  
In the gloomy depth of a living grave—  
One of the sadly simple tales  
Of life and death in the mines of Wales.

J. EDGAR JONES,



## THE LITTLE MAYFLOWER.

AND now—for the fulness of time is come—let us go up once more, in imagination, to yonder hill, and look out upon the November scene. That single dark speck, just discernible through the perspective glass, on the waste of waters, is the fated vessel. The storm moans through her tattered canvas, as she creeps, almost sinking, to her anchorage in Provincetown harbor; and there she lies, with all her treasures, not of silver and gold (for of these she has none), but of courage, of patience, of zeal, of high spiritual daring.

So often as I dwell in imagination on this scene; when I consider the condition of the Mayflower, utterly incapable, as she was, of living through another gale; when I survey the terrible front presented by our coast to the navigator who, unacquainted with its channels and roadsteads, should approach it in the stormy season, I dare not call it a mere piece of good fortune, that the general north and south wall of the shore of New England should be broken by this extraordinary projection of the cape, running out into the ocean a hundred miles, as if on purpose to receive and encircle the precious vessel.

As I now see her, freighted with the destinies of a continent, barely escaped from the perils of the deep, approaching the shore precisely where the broad sweep of this most remarkable headland presents almost the only point at which, for hundreds of miles, she could, with any ease, have made a harbor, and this, perhaps, the very best on the seaboard, I feel my spirit raised above the sphere of mere natural agencies.

I see the mountains of New England rising from their rocky thrones. They rush forward into the ocean, settling down as they advance; and there they range themselves, as a mighty bulwark around the heaven-directed vessel. Yes, the everlasting God himself stretches out the arm of his mercy and his power, in substantial manifestation, and gathers the meek company of his worshippers as in the hollow of his hand. EDWARD EVERETT.

## THE DRUMMER BOY OF SHILOH.

ON Shiloh's dark and bloody ground the dead and wounded lay;

Among them was a drummer boy who beat the drum that day;

A wounded soldier held him up, his drum was by his side;

He clasped his hands and raised his eyes, and prayed before he died.

"Look down upon the battlefield, O, thou our Heavenly Friend;

Have mercy on our sinful souls;" the soldiers cried Amen;

For gathered 'round a little group each brave man knelt and cried;  
They listened to the drummer boy, who prayed before he died.

"Oh, mother," said the dying boy, "look down from heaven on me;

Receive me to thy fond embrace, O take me home to thee;

I've loved my country as my God, to serve them both I've tried."

He smiled, shook hands; death seized the boy, who prayed before he died.

Each soldier wept then like a child, stout hearts were they and brave;

The flag his winding sheet; God's book the key unto his grave;

They wrote upon a simple board these words: "This is a guide

To those who'd mourn the drummer boy, who prayed before he died."

Ye angels 'round the throne of grace, look down upon the braves

Who fought and died on Shiloh's plain now slumbering in their graves;

How many homes made desolate, how many hearts have sighed,

How many like the drummer boy, who prayed before he died!

## THE MAN WITH THE MUSKET.

SOLDIERS pass on from this rage of renown,  
This ant-hill, commotion and strife,  
Pass by where the marbles and bronzes look down

With their fast-frozen gestures of life,  
On, out to the nameless who lie 'neath the gloom  
Of the pitying cypress and pine;  
Your man is the man of the sword and the plume,  
But the man of the musket is mine.

I knew him! By all that is noble, I knew  
This commonplace hero I name!

I've camped with him, marched with him, fought with him, too,

In the swirl of the fierce battle-flame!  
Laughed with him, cried with him, taken a part  
Of his canteen and blanket, and known  
That the throb of his chivalrous prairie boy's heart  
Was an answering stroke of my own.

I knew him, I tell you! And, also, I knew

When he fell on the battle-swept ridge,  
That poor battered body that lay there in blue  
Was only a plank in the bridge

Over which some should pass to a fame  
That shall shine while the high stars shall shine!

Your hero is known by an echoing name,  
But the man with the musket is mine.



I knew him! All through him the good and the  
 bad  
 Ran together and equally free;  
 But I judge as I trust Christ will judge the brave  
 lad,  
 For death made him noble to me!

In the cyclone of war, in the battle's eclipse  
 Life shook off its lingering sands,  
 And he died with the names that he loved on his  
 lips,  
 His musket still grasped in his hands!

So darkly glooms yon thunder-cloud,  
 That swathes, as with a purple shroud,  
 Benledi's distant hill.

Is it the thunder's solemn sound  
 That mutters deep and dread,  
 Or echoes from the groaning ground  
 The warrior's measured tread?  
 Is it the lightning's quivering glance  
 That on the thick streams,  
 Or do they flash on spear and lance  
 The sun's retiring beams?



Up close to the flag my soldier went down,  
 In the salient front of the line;  
 You may take for your heroes the men of renown,  
 But the man of the musket is mine.

H. S. TAYLOR.

#### BATTLE OF BEAL' AN' DUINE.

THE Minstrel came once more to view  
 The eastern ridge of Benvenue,  
 For ere he parted, he would say  
 Farewell to lovely Loch Achray.  
 Where shall he find, in foreign land,  
 So lone a lake, so sweet a strand?  
 There is no breeze upon the fern,  
 No ripple on the lake,  
 Upon her aerie nods the erne,  
 The deer has sought the brake,  
 The small birds will not sing aloud,  
 The springing trout lies still,

I see the dagger-crest of Mar,  
 I see the Moray's silver star,  
 Wave o'er the cloud of Saxon war,  
 That up the lake comes winding far!  
 To hero, bound for battle strife,  
 Or bard of martial lay,  
 'Twere worth ten years of peaceful life,  
 One glance at their array!

Their light-armed archers far and near,  
 Surveyed the tangled ground,  
 Their center ranks, with pike and spear,  
 A twilight forest frowned,  
 Their barbed horsemen, in the rear,  
 The stern battalia crowned.  
 No cymbal clashed, no clarion rang,  
 Still were the pipe and drum:  
 Save heavy tread, and armor's clang,  
 The sullen march was dumb.



There breathed no wind their crests to shake,  
 Or wave their flags abroad;  
 Scarce the frail aspen seemed to quake,  
 That shadowed o'er their road;  
 Their vanward scouts no tidings bring,  
 Can rouse no lurking foe,  
 Nor spy a trace of living thing,  
 Save when they stirred the roe;  
 The host moves like a deep sea-wave,  
 Where ride no rocks, its pride to brave,  
 High-swelling, dark and slow.  
 The lake is passed, and now they gain  
 A narrow and a broken plain,  
 Before the Trosach's rugged jaws:  
 And here, the horse and spearmen pause,  
 While to explore a dangerous glen,  
 Dive through the pass the archer-men.

At once there rose so wild a yell  
 Within that dark and narrow dell,  
 As all the fiends, from heaven that fell,  
 Had pealed the banner-cry of heli!  
 Forth from the pass in tumult driven,  
 Like chaff before the wind of heaven,  
 The archery appear;  
 For life! for life! their flight they ply;  
 While shriek and shout and battle-cry,  
 And plaids and bonnets waving high,  
 And broadswords flashing to the sky,  
 Are maddening in the rear.

Onward they drive, in dreadful race,  
 Pursuers and pursued;  
 Before that tide of flight and chase,  
 How shall it keep its rooted place,  
 The spearmen's twilight wood?  
 "Down! down!" cried Mar, "your lances down!  
 Bear back both friend and foe!  
 Like reeds before the tempest's frown,  
 That serried grove of lances brown  
 At once lay leveled low;  
 And closely shouldering side to side,  
 The bristling ranks the onset bide,  
 "We'll quell the savage mountaineer  
 As their Tinchell crows the game!  
 They come as fleet as mountain deer,  
 We'll drive them back as tame,"  
 Bearing before them in their course  
 The relics of the archer force,  
 Like wave with crest of sparkling foam,  
 Right onward did Clan Alpine come.  
 Above their tide, each broadsword bright  
 Was brandishing like gleam of light,  
 Each targe was dark below;  
 And with the ocean's mighty swing,  
 When heaving to the tempest's wing,  
 They hurled them on the foe.

I heard the lance's shivering crash,  
 As when the whirlwind rends the ash;

I heard the broadsword's deadly clang,  
 As if a hundred anvils rang;  
 But Moray wheeled his rearward rank  
 Of horsemen on Clan Alpine's flank,  
 "My banner-man, advance!  
 I see," he cried, "their column shake;  
 Now, gallants! for your ladies' sake,  
 Upon them with your lance!"

The horsemen dashed among the rout  
 As deer break through the broom;  
 Their steeds are stout, their swords are out.  
 They soon make lightsome room.  
 Clan Alpine's best are backward borne;  
 Where, where was Roderick then?  
 One blast upon his bugle horn  
 Were worth a thousand men.  
 And reflux through the pass of fear  
 The battle's tide was poured;  
 Vanished the Saxon's struggling spear,  
 Vanished the mountain's sword  
 As Bracklin's chasm, so black and steep  
 Receives her roaring lin;  
 As the dark caverns of the deep  
 Suck the wild whirlpool in,  
 So did the deep and darksome pass  
 Devour the battle's mingled mass;  
 None linger now upon the plain,  
 Save those who ne'er shall fight again.

SIR WALTER SCOTT.

#### FORGET NOT THE FIELD.

FORGET not the field where they perished,  
 The truest, the last of the brave,  
 All gone—and the bright hopes we cher-  
 ished,  
 Gone with them, and quenched in their  
 grave!

Oh! could we from death but recover  
 Those hearts as they bounded before,  
 In the face of high Heaven to fight over  
 That combat for freedom once more;—

Could the chain for an instant be riven  
 Which tyranny flung round us then,  
 No! 'tis not in man, nor in heaven,  
 To let tyranny bind it again!

But 'tis past—and though blazoned in story  
 The name of our victor may be,  
 Accurst is the march of that glory  
 Which treads o'er the hearts of the free.

Far dearer the grave or the prison  
 Illumed by one patriot name,  
 Than the trophies of all who have risen  
 On liberty's ruins to fame.

THOMAS MOORE.

## PAUL REVERE'S RIDE.

Paul Revere, an American patriot of the Revolution, and one of the earliest American engravers, was born at Boston in 1735. He took an active part in the destruction of the tea in Boston harbor, and was conspicuous for his patriotism in the political movements of the time. His midnight expedition to Concord to give notice of the intended attack of General Gage forms the subject of the following spirited poem:



**L**ISTEN, my children, and you shall hear  
Of the midnight ride of Paul Revere,  
On the eighteenth of April, in Seventy-Five:  
Hardly a man is now alive  
Who remembers that famous day and year.

He said to his friend,—"If the British march  
By land or sea from the town to-night,  
Hang a lantern aloft in the belfry-arch  
Of the North-Church-tower, as a signal-light,—  
One if by land, and two if by sea;

And I on the opposite shore will be,  
Ready to ride and spread the alarm  
Through every Middlesex village and farm  
For the country-folk to be up and to arm."

Then he said good-night, and with muffled oar  
Silently rowed to the Charlestown shore,  
Just as the moon rose over the bay,  
Where swinging wide at her moorings lay  
The *Somerset*, British man-of-war:  
A phantom ship, with each mast and spar  
Across the moon, like a prison-bar,  
And a huge, black hulk, that was magnified  
By its own reflection in the tide.

Meanwhile, his friend, through alley and street  
Wanders and watches with eager ears,  
Till in the silence around him he hears  
The muster of men at the barrack-door,  
The sound of arms, and the tramp of feet,  
And the measured tread of the grenadiers  
Marching down to their boats on the shore.

Then he climbed to the tower of the church,  
Up the wooden stairs with stealthy tread,  
To the belfry-chamber overhead,  
And startled the pigeons from their perch  
On the sombre rafters, that round him made  
Masses and moving shapes of shade—  
Up the light ladder, slender and tall,  
To the highest window in the wall,  
Where he paused to listen and look down  
A moment on the roofs of the town,  
And the moonlight flowing over all.

Beneath, in the churhyard, lay the dead  
In their night-encampment on the hill,  
Wrapped in silence so deep and still,  
That he could hear, like a sentinel's tread,  
The watchful night-wind as it went  
Creeping along from tent to tent,  
And seeming to whisper, "All is well!"  
A moment only he feels the spell  
Of the place and the hour, the secret dread  
Of the lonely belfry and the dead;  
For suddenly all his thoughts are bent  
On a shadowy something far away,  
Where the river widens to meet the bay—  
A line of black, that bends and floats  
On the rising tide, like a bridge of boats.

Meanwhile, impatient to mount and ride  
Booted and spurred, with a heavy stride,  
On the opposite shore walked Paul Revere;  
Now he patted his horse's side,  
Now gazed on the landscape far and near,  
Then impetuous stamped the earth,  
And turned and tightened his saddle-girth;  
But mostly he watched with eager search  
The belfry-tower of the old North Church,  
As it rose above the graves on the hill,  
Lonely, and spectral, and sombre, and still.



And lo ! as he looks, on the belfry's height,  
A glimmer, and then a gleam of light !  
He springs to the saddle, the bridle he turns,  
But lingers and gazes, till full on his sight  
A second lamp in the belfry burns !

A hurrying of hoofs in a village-street,  
A shape in the moonlight, a bulk in the dark,  
And beneath from the pebbles, in passing, a spark  
Struck out by a steed that flies fearless and fleet :  
That was all ! And yet, through the gloom and  
the light,

The fate of a nation was riding that night ;  
And the spark struck out by that steed, in his  
flight,

Kindled the land into flame with its heat.

It was twelve by the village-clock,  
When he crossed the bridge into Medford town.  
He heard the crowing of the cock,  
And the barking of the farmer's dog,  
And felt the damp of the river-fog,  
That rises when the sun goes down.

It was one by the village-clock,  
When he rode into Lexington.  
He saw the gilded weathercock  
Swim in the moonlight as he passed,  
And the meeting-house windows, blank and bare,  
Gaze at him with a spectral glare,  
As if they already stood aghast  
At the bloody work they would look upon.

It was two by the village-clock,  
When he came to the bridge in Concord town.  
He heard the bleating of the flock,  
And the twitter of birds among the trees,  
And felt the breath of the morning breeze  
Blowing over the meadows brown.  
And one was safe and asleep in his bed  
Who at the bridge would be first to fall,  
Who that day would be lying dead,  
Pierced by a British musket-ball.

You know the rest. In the books you have read  
How the British regulars fired and fled—  
How the farmers gave them ball for ball,  
From behind each fence and farm-yard wall,  
Chasing the red-coats down the lane,  
Then crossing the fields to emerge again  
Under the trees at the turn of the road,  
And only pausing to fire and load.

So through the night rode Paul Revere ;  
And so through the night went his cry of alarm  
To every Middlesex village and farm—  
A cry of defiance, and not of fear—  
A voice in the darkness, a knock at the door,  
And a word that shall echo forevermore !  
For, borne on the night-wind of the past,  
Through all our history to the last,  
In the hour of darkness and peril and need,

The people will waken and listen to hear  
The hurrying hoof-beat of that steed,  
And the midnight-message of Paul Revere.

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

### A SONG OF THE NORTH.

Captain Crozier, the second officer of Sir John Franklin's last ill-fated expedition, sailed with Franklin in 1845, in search of a Northwest passage, after which nothing was heard of the party until 1859, when Captain McClintock found on King William's Island a record, dated April 25, 1848, signed by Captain Crozier, stating that the ships Erebus and Terror had been abandoned and that the crews, under command of Crozier, were about to start for Great Fish River. Fitz James was one of the officers in command. All of the expedition perished in the snows of the North, after leaving relics which were discovered by subsequent expeditions.

“**A**WAY ! away !” cried the stout Sir John,  
“While the blossoms are on the trees ;  
For the summer is short and the time  
speeds on,

As we sail for the northern seas.  
Ho ! gallant Crozier and brave Fitz James !

We will start the world I trow,  
When we find a way to the Northern seas  
That never was found till now !

A good stout ship is the Erebus  
As ever unfurled a sail,  
And the Terror will match with as brave a one,  
As ever outrode a gale.”

So they bid farewell to their pleasant homes,  
To the hills and valleys green,  
With three hearty cheers for their native isle,  
And three for the English queen.  
They sped them away beyond cape and bay,  
Where the day and night are one—  
Where the hissing light in the heavens grew  
bright  
And flamed like a midnight sun.

There was nought below save the fields of snow,  
That stretched to the icy pole ;  
And the Esquimaux in his strange canoe,  
Was the only living soul !

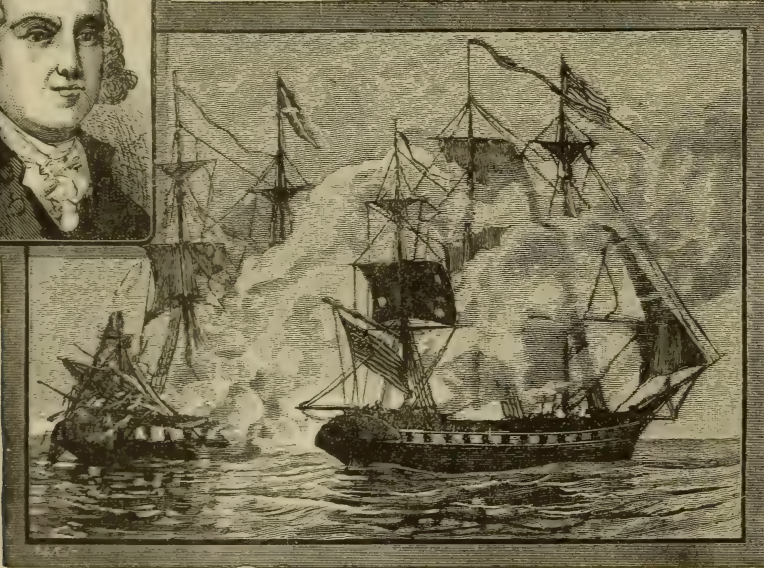
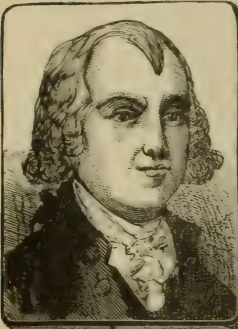
Along the coast like a giant host,  
The glittering icebergs frowned ;  
Or they met on the main like a battle plain,  
And crashed with a fearful sound !  
The seal and the bear, with a curious stare,  
Looked down from the frozen heights,  
And the stars in the skies with their great wild  
eyes,

Peered out from the Northern lights.  
The gallant Crozier and the brave Fitz James,  
And even the stout Sir John,  
Felt a doubt like a chill through their warm  
hearts thrill

As they urged the good ships on.  
They sped them away, beyond cape and bay,  
Where even the tear-drops freeze ;

But no way was found by strait or sound,  
 To sail through the Northern seas;  
 They sped them away, beyond cape and bay,  
 And they sought but they sought in vain!  
 But no way was found, through the ice around  
 To return to their homes again.  
 But the wild waves rose, and the waters froze  
 Till they closed like a prison wall;  
 And the icebergs stood, in the silent flood  
 Like jailers grim and tall.  
 O God, O God!—it was hard to die  
 In that prison-house of ice!  
 For what was fame, or a mighty name,  
 When life was the fearful price.

The gallant Crozier and the brave Fitz James,  
 And even the stout Sir John,  
 Had a secret dread, and the hopes all fled,  
 As the weeks and months passed on.



Then the Ice King came, with his eyes of flame,  
 And looked on the fated crew;  
 His chilling breath was as cold as death,  
 And it pierced their warm hearts through.  
 A heavy sleep that was dark and deep,  
 Came over their weary eyes,  
 And they dreamed strange dreams of the hills  
 and streams,  
 And the blue of their native skies.  
 The Christmas chimes of the good old times  
 Were heard in each dying ear,  
 And the darling feet and the voices sweet  
 Of their wives and children dear!  
 But it faded away—away—away!  
 Like a sound on a distant shore;

And deeper and deeper came the sleep,  
 Till they slept to wake no more!

Oh, the sailor's wife and the sailor's child!  
 They weep and watch and pray;  
 And the Lady Jane, she will hope in vain  
 As the long years pass away!  
 The gallant Crozier and the brave Fitz James,  
 And the good Sir John have found  
 An open way to a quiet bay,  
 And a port where all are bound.  
 Let the waters roar round the ice-bound shore  
 That circles the frozen pole,  
 But there is no sleep and no grave so deep  
 That can hold the human Soul.

ELIZABETH DOTEN.

### THE "CONSTITUTION" AND "GUERRIERE."

**D**URING the War of 1812 a British squadron sailed from Halifax to cruise off the port of New York. The American frigate "Constitution," Captain Hull, while endeavoring to enter New York harbor, fell in with this squadron, and was chased by it for four days. Her escape was due entirely to the superior skill of her officers and the energy of her crew. The chase was one of the most remarkable in history, and the escape of the American frigate won great credit for Captain Hull. Failing to reach New York, Hull sailed for Boston, and reached that port in safety. Remaining there a few days, he put to sea again, just in time to avoid orders from Washington to remain in port.

The "Constitution" sailed from Boston to the northeast. On the 19th of August, while cruising off the mouth of the St. Lawrence, she fell in with the British frigate "Guerriere," Captain Dacres, one of the vessels that had chased her during the previous month. The "Guerriere" immediately stood towards her, and both vessels prepared for action. The English commander opened his fire at long range, but Captain Hull refused to reply until he had gotten his ship into a favorable position, and for an hour and a half he manoeuvred in silence, under a heavy fire from the British frigate.

At length, having gotten within pistol shot of her adversary, the "Constitution" opened a terrible fire upon her, and poured in her broadsides



with such effect that the "Guerriere" struck her colors within thirty minutes. The "Guerriere" lost seventy-nine men killed and wounded, while the loss of the "Constitution" was but seven men. The "Guerriere" was so much injured in the fight that she could not be brought into port, and Hull had her burned.

The "Constitution" then returned to Boston with her prisoners, and was received with an ovation. It was the first time in half a century that a British frigate had struck her flag in a fair fight, and the victory was hailed with delight in all parts of the country.

### THE SHIP OF STATE.

THE Ship of State—above her skies are blue,  
But still she rocks a little, it is true,  
And there are passengers whose faces white  
Show they don't feel as happy as they might.  
Yet, on the whole, her crew are quite content,  
Since its wild fury the typhoon has spent;  
And willing, if her pilot thinks it best,  
To head a little nearer south by west.  
And this they feel, the ship came too near wreck  
In the long quarrel for the quarter deck.

Now, when she glides serenely on her way,  
The shallows past, where dread explosives lay,  
The stiff obstructives' churlish game to try,  
Let sleeping dogs and still torpedoes lie.  
And so I give you all "The Ship of State!  
Freedom's last venture is her priceless freight.  
God speed her, keep her, bless her while she steers  
Amid the breakers of unsounded years.  
Lead her through danger's path with even keel  
And guide the honest hand that holds her wheel."

O. W. HOLMES.

### THE IMMORTALS.

PATRIOTS have toiled, and in their country's  
cause,  
Bled nobly, and their deeds, as they deserve,  
Receive proud recompense. We give in charge  
Their names to the sweet lyre. The historic Muse,  
Proud of her treasure, marches with it down  
To latest times: and Sculpture in her turn  
Gives bond, in stone and ever-during brass,  
To guard them, and immortalize her trust.

### THE BALLOT BOX.

WE have a weapon, firmer set,  
And better than the bayonet;  
A weapon which comes down as still  
As snow-flakes fall upon the sod,  
But executes a freeman's will  
As lightning does the will of God.  
Naught from its force, or bolt, or knocks  
Can shield them—'tis the Ballot Box.

JOHN PIERPONT.



### PATRIOTISM.

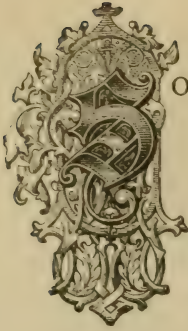
DEFEAT of patriotism, the heart of a nation will be cold and cramped and sordid; the arts will have no enduring impulse, and commerce no invigorating soul; society will degenerate, and the mean and vicious triumph. Patriotism is not a wild and glittering passion, but a glorious reality. The virtue that gave to paganism its dazzling lustre, to barbarism its redeeming trait, to Christianity its heroic form, is not dead. It still lives to console, to sanctify humanity. In every clime it has its altar, its worship and festivities.

On the heathered hill of Scotland the sword of Wallace is yet a bright tradition. The genius of France, in the brilliant literature of the day, pays its high homage to the piety and heroism of the young Maid of Orleans. In her new Senate-hall, England bids her sculptor place, among the effigies of her greatest sons, the images of Hampden and of Russell. In the gay and graceful capital of Belgium, the daring hand of Geefs has reared a monument, full of glorious meaning, to the three hundred martyrs of the revolution.

By the soft, blue waters of Lake Lucerne stands the chapel of William Tell. On the anniversary of his revolt and victory, across those waters, as they glitter in the July sun, skim the light boats of the allied cantons. From the prows hang the banners of the republic, and, as they near the sacred spot, the daughters of Lucerne chant the hymns of their old poetic land. Then bursts forth the glad *Te Deum*, and heaven again hears the voice of that wild chivalry of the mountains which, five centuries since, pierced the white eagle of Vienna, and flung it bleeding on the rocks of Uri.

At Innsbruck, in the black aisle of the old cathedral, the peasant of the Tyrol kneels before the statue of Andreas Hofer. In the defiles and valleys of the Tyrol, who forgets the day on which he fell within the walls of Mantua? It is a festive day all through this quiet, noble land. In that old cathedral his inspiring memory is recalled amid the pageantries of the altar; his image appears in every house; his victories and virtues are proclaimed in the songs of the people: and when the sun goes down a chain of fires, in the deep red light of which the eagle spreads his wings and holds his giddy revelry, proclaims the glory of the chief whose blood has made his native land a sainted spot in Europe. Shall not all join in this glorious worship? Shall not all have the faith, the duties, the festivities of patriotism? Happy is the country whose sons and daughters love her sacred soil, and are ready to consecrate it to freedom with their blood.

T. F. MEAGHER.



## THE PRIDE OF BATTERY B.

OUTH Mountain towered upon our right, far off the river lay,  
 And over on the wooded height we held their lines at bay.  
 At last the muttering guns were still, the day died slow and  
 wan;  
 At last the gunners' pipes did fill, the sergeant's yarns be-  
 gan;  
 When, as the wind a moment blew aside the fragrant flood  
 Our brierwoods raised, within our view a little maiden stood;  
 A tiny tot of six or seven, from fireside fresh she seemed,  
 (Of such a little one in heaven one soldier often dreamed).

And as we started, one little hand went to her  
 curly head  
 In grave salute. "And who are you?" at length  
 the sergeant said.  
 "And where's your home?" he growled again.  
 She lisped out, "Who is me?  
 Why, don't you know? I'm little Jane, the pride  
 of Battery B.  
 My home? Why that was burned away, and pa  
 and ma are dead,  
 And so I ride the guns all day along with Sergeant  
 Ned.  
 And I've a drum that's not a toy, a cap with  
 feathers too,  
 And I march beside the drummer boy on Sundays  
 at review.  
 But now our 'bacca's all give out, the men can't  
 have their smoke,  
 And so they're cross; why even Ned won't play  
 with me and joke.  
 And the big colonel said to-day—I hate to hear  
 him swear—  
 He'd give a leg for a good pipe like the Yanks had  
 over there.  
 And so I thought when beat the drum, and the big  
 guns were still,  
 I'd creep beneath the tent and come out here  
 across the hill,  
 And beg, good Mister Yankee men, you'd give me  
 some Lone Jack;  
 Please do! When we get some again I'll surely  
 bring it back.

Indeed I will, for Ned, say he, if I do what I say,  
 I'll be a general yet, maybe, and ride a prancing  
 bay."

We brimmed her tiny apron o'er. You should  
 have heard her laugh,  
 As each man from his scanty store shook out a  
 generous half.  
 To kiss the little mouth stooped down a score of  
 grimy men,  
 Until the sergeant's husky voice said, "'Tention,  
 squad!" and then  
 We gave her escort, till good-night the pretty  
 waif we bid,  
 And watched her toddle out of sight—or else  
 'twas tears that hid  
 Her tiny form—nor turned about a man, nor spoke  
 a word,  
 Till after awhile, a far hoarse shout upon the wind  
 we heard.

We sent it back, and cast sad eyes upon the scene  
 around,  
 A baby's hand had touched the tie that brothers  
 once had bound.  
 That's all; save when the dawn awoke again the  
 work of hell,  
 And through the sullen clouds of smoke the  
 screaming missiles fell,  
 Our general often rubbed his glass and marveled  
 much to see  
 Not a single shell that whole day fell in the camp  
 of Battery B. F. H. GASSAWAY.

## HARMODIUS AND ARISTOGITON.

FROM THE GREEK.

Harmodius was a young Athenian, who, with his friend  
 Aristogiton, acquired celebrity by a conspiracy against Hip-  
 pias and Hipparchus, who held the chief power in Athens  
 about 525 B. C. Harmodius having received a personal  
 affront from Hipparchus, the two friends conspired to revenge  
 this by the death of both the brothers. They first attacked  
 and killed Hipparchus, whose guards then slew Harmodius  
 and arrested Aristogiton, who was afterwards put to death by  
 the order of Hippias. The latter having become tyrannical  
 and unpopular was expelled from the state about three years  
 after that event. Statues were erected at the public expense  
 to the memory of the conspirators, who were regarded as  
 heroes and martyrs of liberty. It is said that when the tyrant  
 Dionysius asked Antipho which was the finest kind of brass,

he replied, "That of which the statues of Harmodius and  
 Aristogiton are formed."

I'LL wreath my sword in myrtle bough,  
 The sword that laid the tyrant low,  
 When patriots, burning to be free,  
 To Athens gave equality.

Harmodius, hail! though reft of breath,  
 Thou ne'er shall feel the stroke of death;  
 The heroes' happy isles shall be  
 The bright abode allotted thee.



I'll wreath my sword in myrtle bough,  
The sword that laid Hipparchus low,  
When at Athena's adverse fane  
He knelt, and never rose again.

While freedom's name is understood,  
You shall delight the wise and good;  
You dared to set your country free,  
And gave her laws equality.

LORD DENMAN.

His loss was deeply and universally lamented. His memory is cherished with even warmer regard than that of some others, who, from the greater length of their career and the wider sphere in which they acted, may be supposed to have rendered more important services to the country. He was born at Roxbury, Mass., in 1741, and graduated at Harvard College in 1759. He possessed in high perfection the gift of eloquence.



#### WARREN AND BUNKER HILL.

**G**ENERAL JOSEPH WARREN was one of the most distinguished patriots of the American Revolution. He opposed the plan of fortifying the heights of Charlestown, but the majority of the council of war decided against him, and thus brought on the battle of Bunker Hill before the Americans were fully prepared for it. While both the armies were awaiting the signal for action on the 17th of June, 1775, General Warren joined the ranks as a volunteer, and declined to take the command of the army which was offered to him by General Putnam. He was about to retire from the redoubt, after the ammunition of the Americans had been exhausted, when he was shot in the forehead and instantly killed.

#### ANDREAS HOFER.

Hofer was a celebrated Tyrolese patriot. With his army of peasants he signally defeated the French commander after a long and obstinate conflict, but, overpowered at last by the reinforcements sent from France, he took refuge in the mountains. Being soon after betrayed by a former friend, he was tried and shot, February, 1810. At the place of execution he said "he stood before Him who created him; and standing he would yield up his spirit to Him." A coin which had been issued during his administration, he delivered to the corporal, with the charge to bear witness, that in his last hour, he felt himself bound by every tie of constancy to his poor father-land. Then he cried "Fire!"

**I** WILL not kneel to yield my life;  
Behold me firmly stand,  
As oft I've stood in deadly strife  
For my dear father-land;

The cause for which I long have bled,  
I cherish to the last—  
God's blessing be upon it shed  
When my vain life is past!

On nature's ramparts was I born,  
And o'er them walked elate,  
My retinue the hues of dawn,  
The mists my robe of state;  
I will not shame my mountain-birth,  
Slaves only crouch to die,  
Erect I'll take my leave of earth,  
With clear and dauntless eye.

Thoughts of the eagle's lofty home,  
Of stars that ever shine,  
The torrent's crested arch of foam,  
The darkly waving pine,  
The dizzy crag, eternal snow,  
Echoes that wildly roll—  
With valor make my bosom glow,  
And wing my parting soul.

This coin will make my country's tears,  
Fresh cast in freedom's mould,  
'Tis dearer to my brave compeers  
Than all your despot's gold;  
O, let it bear the last farewell  
Of one free mountaineer,  
And bid the Tyrol peasants swell  
Their songs of martial cheer!

I've met ye on a fairer field,  
And seen ye tamely bow,  
Think not with suppliant knee I'll yield  
To craven vengeance now;  
Cut short my few and toilsome days,  
Set loose a tyrant's thrall,  
I'll die with unaverted gaze,  
And conquer as I fall.

H. T. TUCKERMAN.

#### LEXINGTON.

**S**LOWLY the mist o'er the meadow was creeping,  
Bright on the dewy buds glistened the sun,  
When from his couch, while his children  
were sleeping,  
Rose the bold rebel and shouldered his gun.  
Waving her golden veil  
Over the silent dale,  
Blithe looked the morning on cottage and spire,  
Hushed was his parting sigh,  
While from his noble eye  
Flashed the last sparkle of liberty's fire.  
On the smooth green where the fresh leaf is spring-  
ing  
Calmly the first-born of glory have met;  
Hush! the death-volley around them is ringing!  
Look! with their life-blood the young grass is  
wet!

Faint is the feeble breath,  
Murmuring low in death,  
"Tell to our sons how their fathers have died;"  
Nerveless the iron hand,  
Raised for its native land,  
Lies by the weapon that gleams at its side.  
Over the hillsides the wild knell is tolling,  
From their fair hamlets the yeomanry come;  
As through the storm-clouds the thunder-burst  
rolling,  
Circles the beat of the mustering drum.  
Fast on the soldier's path  
Darkens the waves of wrath,  
Long have they gathered, and loud shall they fall,  
Red glares the musket's flash,  
Sharp rings the rifle's crash,  
Blazing and clanging from thicket and wall.  
Snow-girdled crags where the hoarse wind is rav-  
ing,  
Rocks where the weary floods murmur and wail  
Wilds where the fern by the furrow is waving,  
Reeled with the echoes that rode on the gale;  
Far as the tempest thrills,  
Over the darkened hills,  
Far as the sunshine streams over the plain,  
Roused by the tyrant band,  
Woke all the mighty land,  
Girded for battle from mountain to main.  
Green be the graves where her martyrs are lying!  
Shroudless and tombless they sank to their rest,  
While o'er their ashes the starry fold flying,  
Wraps the proud eagle they roused from his nest  
Borne on her Northern pine,  
Long o'er the foamy brine,  
Spread her broad banner to storm and to sun!  
Heaven keep her ever free,  
Wide as o'er land and sea  
Floats the fair emblem her heroes have won!  
O. W. HOLMES.

#### THE SWORD OF BUNKER HILL.

**H**E lay upon his dying bed,  
His eyes were growing dim  
When with a feeble voice he called  
His weeping son to him.  
"Weep not, my boy," the veteran said  
"I bow to heaven's high will,  
But quickly from yon antlers bring  
The Sword of Bunker Hill."

The sword was brought; the soldier's eyes  
Lit with a sudden flame,  
And as he grasped the ancient blade,  
He murmured Warren's name.  
Then said: "My boy, I leave you gold,  
But what is better still,  
I leave you, mark me, mark me now,  
The Sword of Bunker Hill.



"'Twas on that dread immortal day  
We dared the British band,  
A captain raised this sword on me,  
I tore it from his hand.  
And as the awful battle raged,  
It lighted freedom's wil!  
For, boy, the God of freedom blessed  
The Sword of Bunker Hill.

"O keep the sword"—his accents broke;  
A smile, and he was dead—  
But his wrinkled hands still grasped the blade  
Upon that dying bed.  
The son remains, the sword remains,  
Its glory growing still,  
And many millions bless the sire  
And Sword of Bunker Hill.

### THE WOUNDED SOLDIER.

STEADY, boys, steady! Keep your arms  
ready,  
God only knows whom we may meet here.  
Don't let me be taken; I'd rather awaken  
To-morrow, in—no matter where,  
Than to lie in that foul prison-hole, over there.  
Step slowly! Speak lowly! The rocks may *have*  
life!

Lay me down in the hollow; we are out of the  
strife.

By heaven! the foeman may track me in blood,  
For this hole in my breast is outpouring a flood.  
No! No surgeon for me; he can give me no aid;  
The surgeon I want is a pick-axe and spade.  
What, Morris, a tear? Why, shame on you, man!  
I thought you a hero; but since you began  
To whimper and cry, like a girl in her teens,  
By George! I don't know what the devil it means.

Well! well! I am rough, 'tis a very rough school!  
This life of a trooper—but yet I'm no fool!  
I know a brave man, and a friend from a foe;  
And, boys, that you love me I certainly know,  
But wasn't it grand,

When they came down the hill over sloughing and  
sand?

But we stood—did we not?—like immovable rock,  
Unheeding their balls and repelling their shock.  
Did you mind the loud cry, when, as turning to fly,  
Our men sprang upon them, determined to die?

Oh, wasn't it grand?

God help the poor wretches who fell in the fight;  
No time was there given for prayers or for flight.  
They fell by the score, in the crash, hand to hand,  
And they mingled their blood with the sloughing  
and sand.

Great heavens! This bullet-hole gaps like a  
grave;

A curse on the aim of the traitorous knave!  
Is there never a one of you knows how to pray,

Or speak for a man as his life ebbs away?

Pray! Pray!

Our Father! Our Father!—why don't you pro-  
ceed?

Can't you see I am dying? Great God, how I  
bleed!

Our Father in heaven—boys, tell me the rest,  
While I stanch the hot blood from the hole in my  
breast.

There's something about the forgiveness of sin;  
Put that in! put that in!—and then  
I'll follow your words and say an "Amen."

Here, Morris, old fellow, get hold of my hand,  
And Wilson, my comrade—oh! wasn't it grand  
When they came down the hill like a thunder-  
charged cloud,  
And were scattered like mist by our brave little  
crowd?—

Where's Wilson, my comrade? Here stoop down  
your head,

Can't you say a short prayer for the dying and  
dead?

"Christ-God, who died for sinners all,  
Hear Thou this suppliant wanderer's cry;  
Let not e'en this poor sparrow fall  
Unheeded by Thy gracious eye;  
Throw wide Thy gates to let him in,  
And take him, pleading, to Thine arms;  
Forgive, O Lord, his lifelong sin,  
And quiet all his fierce alarms."

God bless you, my comrade, for singing that hymn,  
It is light to my path, now my sight has grown  
dim.

I am dying! Bend down, till I touch you once  
more;

Don't forget me, old fellow—God prosper this  
war!

Confusion to enemies!—keep hold of my hand—  
And float our dear flag o'er a prosperous land!

J. W. WATSON.

### THE OLD GRENADIER'S STORY.

T WAS the day beside the Pyramids,  
It seems but an hour ago,  
That Kleber's Foot stood firm in squares,  
Returning blow for blow.

The Mamelukes were tossing  
Their standards to the sky,  
When I heard a child's voice say, "My men,  
Teach me the way to die!"

'Twas a little drummer, with his side  
Torn terribly with shot;  
But still he feebly beat his drum,  
As though the wound were not.

And when the Mameluke's wild horse  
Burst with a scream and cry,  
He said, "O men of the Forty-third,  
Teach me the way to die!"

"My mother has got other sons,  
With stouter hearts than mine,  
But none more ready blood for France  
To pour out free as wine.  
Yet still life's sweet," the brave lad moaned,  
"Fair are this earth and sky ;  
Then, comrades of the Forty-third,  
Teach me the way to die !"

I saw Salenche, of the granite heart,  
Wiping his burning eyes—  
It was by far more pitiful  
Than mere loud sobs and cries.  
One bit his cartridge till his lip  
Grew black as winter sky,  
But still the boy moaned, "Forty-third,  
Teach me the way to die !"

O never saw I sight like that !  
The sergeant flung down flag,  
Even the fifer bound his brow  
With a wet and bloody rag ;  
Then looked at locks, and fixed their steel,  
But never made reply,  
Until he sobbed out once again,  
"Teach me the way to die ?"

Then, with a shout that flew to God,  
They strode into the fray ;  
I saw their red plumes join and wave,  
But slowly melt away.  
The last who went—a wounded man—  
Bade the poor boy good-by,  
And said, "We men of the Forty-third  
Teach you the way to die !"

I never saw so sad a look  
As the poor youngster cast,  
When the hot smoke of cannon  
In cloud and whirlwind passed.  
Earth shook and heaven answered :  
I watched his eagle eye,  
As he faintly moaned, "The Forty-third  
Teach me the way to die !"

Then, with a musket for a crutch,  
He limped unto the fight ;  
I, with a bullet in my hip,  
Had neither strength nor might.  
But, proudly beating on his drum,  
A fever in his eye,  
I heard him moan, "The Forty-third  
Taught me the way to die !"

They found him on the morrow,  
Stretched on a heap of dead ;  
His hand was in the grenadier's  
Who at his bidding bled.  
They hung a medal round his neck,  
And closed his dauntless eye ;  
On the stone they cut, "The Forty-third  
Taught him the way to die !"

'Tis forty years from then till now—  
The grave gapes at my feet—  
Yet, when I think of such a boy,  
I feel my old heart beat.  
And from my sleep I sometimes wake,  
Hearing a feeble cry,  
And a voice that says, "Now, Forty-third,  
Teach me the way to die !"

G. W. THORNBURY.

### THE HOMES OF FREEDOM.

I HAVE seen my countrymen, and have been with them a fellow-wanderer, in other lands ; and little did I see or feel to warrant the apprehension, sometimes expressed, that foreign travel would weaken our patriotic attachments. One sigh for home—home, arose from all hearts. And why, from palaces and courts—why, from galleries of the arts, where the marble softens into life, and painting sheds an almost living presence of beauty around it—why, from the mountain's awful brow, and the lovely valleys and lakes touched with the sunset hues of old romance—why, from those venerable and touching ruins to which our very heart grows—why, from all these scenes, were they looking beyond the swellings of the Atlantic wave, to a dearer and holier spot of earth—their own, own country? Doubtless it was, in part, because it is their country.

But it was also, as every one's experience will testify, because they knew that *there* was no oppression, no pitiful exaction of petty tyranny ; because that *there*, they knew, was no accredited and irre-

sistible religious domination ; because that *there*, they knew, they should not meet the odious soldier at every corner, nor swarms of imploring beggars, the victims of misrule ; that *there*, no curse causeless did fall, and no blight, worse than plague and pestilence, did descend amidst the pure dews of heaven ; because, in fine, that *there*, they knew, was liberty—upon all the green hills, and amidst all the peaceful valleys—liberty, the wall of fire around the humblest home ; the crown of glory, studded with her ever-blazing stars upon the proudest mansion !

My friends, upon our own homes that blessing rests, that guardian care and glorious crown ; and when we return to those homes, and so long as we dwell in them—so long as no oppressor's foot invades their thresholds, let us bless them, and hallow them as the homes of freedom ! Let us make them, too, the homes of a nobler freedom—of freedom from vice, from evil, from passion—from every corrupting bondage of the soul.

ORVILLE DEWEY.



# THE SWORD AND THE PLOW:

OR

## THE VICTORIES OF WAR AND OF PEACE.



### A DESERTER.

DESERTER!" Well, Captain, the world's about right,  
And it's uncommon queer I should run from a fight,  
Or the chance of a fight; I, raised in a land  
Where boys, you may say, are born rifle in hand,  
And who've fought all my life for the right of my ranch,  
With the wily Apache and the cruel Comanche.

But it's true, and I'll own it, I did run away.  
"Drunk?" No, sir; I'd not tasted a drop all day;  
But—smile if you will—I'd a dream in the night,  
And I woke in a fever of sorrow and fright  
And went for my horse; 'twas up and away;  
And I rode like the wind, till the break of the day.

"What was it I dreamt?" I dreamed of my wife—  
The true little woman that's better than life—  
I dreamt of my boys—I have three—one is ten,  
The youngest is four—all brave little men—  
Of my one baby girl, my pretty white dove,  
The star of my home, the rose of its love.

I saw the log house on the clear San Antoine,  
And I knew that around it the grass had been  
mown,

For I felt in my dream, the sweet breath of the  
hay,

I was there, for I lifted a jessamine spray;  
And the dog that I loved heard my whispered  
command,

And whimpered and put his big head in my  
hand.

The place was so still; all the boys were at rest;  
And the mother lay dreaming, the babe at her  
breast.

I saw the fair scene for a moment; then stood  
In a circle of flame, amid shrieking and blood.  
The Comanche had the place—Captain, spare me  
the rest;

You know what that means, for you come from  
the West.

I woke with a shout, and I had but one aim—  
To save or revenge them—my head was aflame,  
And my heart had stood still; I was mad, I dare  
say,

For my horse fell dead at the dawn of the day;

Then I knew what I'd done, and with heart-  
broken breath,

When the boys found me out I was praying for  
death.

"A pardon?" No, Captain, I did run away.  
And the wrong to the flag it is right I should  
pay

With my life. It's not hard to be brave  
When one's children and wife have gone to the  
grave.

Boys, take a good aim! When I turn to the  
west

Put a ball through my heart; it's kindest and best.

He lifted his hat to the flag—bent his head  
And the prayer of his childhood solemnly said—  
Shouted, "Comrades, adieu!"—spread his arms  
to the west—

And a rifle ball instantly granted him rest,  
But o'er that sad grave by the Mexican sea,  
Wives and mothers have planted a blossoming  
tree,

And maidens bring roses, and tenderly say:  
"It was love—sweetest love—led the soldier  
away."

MARY A BARR.

## SONG OF THE GREEK AMAZON.

**I** BUCKLE to my slender side  
 The pistol and the scimitar,  
 And in my maiden flower and pride  
 Am come to share the tasks of war.  
 And yonder stands my fiery steed,  
 That paws the ground and neighs to go,  
 My charger of the Arab breed—  
 I took him from the routed foe.

My mirror is the mountain spring,  
 At which I dress my ruffled hair;  
 My dimmed and dusty arms I bring,  
 And wash away the blood-stain there.  
 Why should I guard from wind and sun  
 This cheek, whose virgin rose is fled?  
 It was for one—oh, only one—  
 I kept its bloom, and he is dead.

But they who slew him—unaware  
 Of coward murderers lurking nigh—  
 And left him to the fowls of air,  
 Are yet alive—and they must die.  
 They slew him and my virgin years  
 Are vowed to Greece and vengeance now,  
 And many an Othman dame, in tears,  
 Shall rule the Grecian maiden's vow.

I touched the lute in the better days,  
 I led in dance the joyous band;  
 Ah! they may move to mirthful lays  
 Whose hands can touch a lover's hand.  
 The march of hosts that haste to meet  
 Seems gayer than the dance to me;  
 The lute's sweet tones are not so sweet  
 As the fierce shout of victory.

W. C. BRYANT.

## THE SOLDIER'S WIDOW.

**W**O for my vine-clad home!  
 That it should ever be so dark to  
 me,  
 With its bright threshold, and its whispering tree!  
 That I should ever come,  
 Fearing the lonely echo of a tread  
 Beneath the roof-tree of my glorious dead!

Lead on, my orphan boy!  
 Thy home is not so desolate to thee—  
 And the low shiver in the linden tree  
 May bring to thee a joy;  
 But oh, how dark is the bright home before thee,  
 To her who with a joyous spirit bore thee!

Lead on! for thou art now  
 My sole remaining helper. God hath spoken,  
 And the strong heart I leaned upon is broken;  
 And I have seen his brow—  
 The forehead of my upright one, and just—  
 Trod by the hoof of battle in the dust.

He will not meet thee there  
 Who blest thee at the eventide, my son!  
 And when the shadows of the night steal on,  
 He will not call to prayer.  
 The lips that melted, giving thee to God,  
 Are in the icy keeping of the sod!

Ay, my own boy! thy sire  
 Is with the sleepers of the valley cast,  
 And the proud glory of my life hath passed  
 With his high glance of fire.  
 Wo that the linden and the vine should bloom,  
 And a just man be gathered to the tomb!

Why—bear them proudly, boy!  
 It is the sword he girded to his thigh—  
 It is the helm he wore in victory—  
 And shall we have no joy?  
 For thy green vales, oh Switzerland, he died!—  
 I will forget my sorrow in my pride!

N. P. WILLIS.

## HOME FROM THE WAR.

**M**ARCH! nor heed those arms that hold thee,  
 Though so fondly close they come;  
 Closer still will they enfold thee,  
 When thou bring'st fresh laurels home.  
 Dost thou dote on woman's brow?  
 Dost thou live but in her breath?  
 March!—one hour of victory now  
 Wins thee woman's smile till death.

Oh, what bliss, when war is over,  
 Beauty's long-missed smile to meet,  
 And, when wreaths our temples cover,  
 Lay them shining at her feet!  
 Who would not, that hour to reach,  
 Breathe out life's expiring sigh—  
 Proud as waves that on the beach  
 Lay their war-crests down, and die?

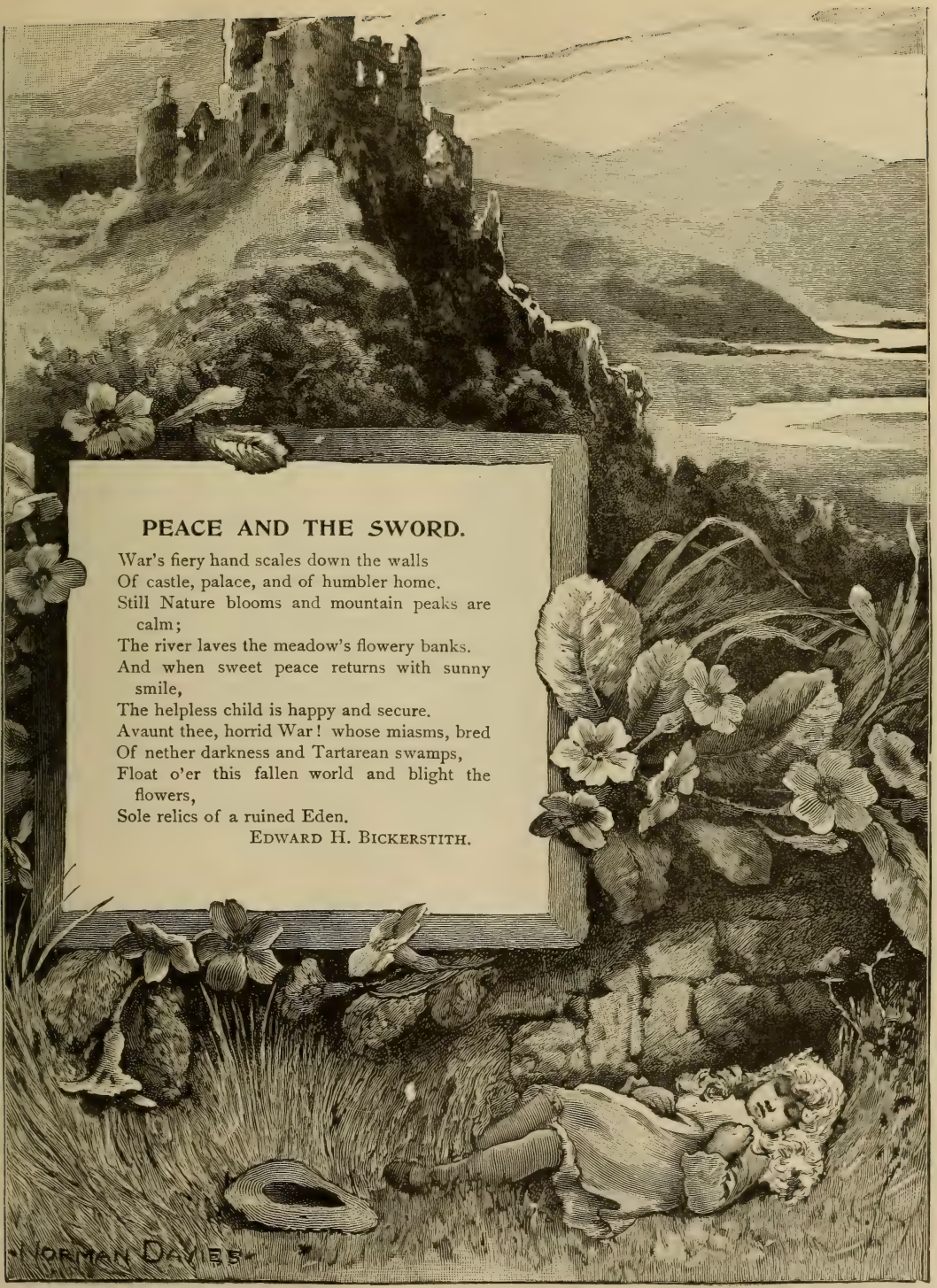
There! I see thy soul is burning;  
 She herself, who clasps thee so,  
 Paints, ev'n now, thy glad returning,  
 And, while clasping, bids thee go.  
 One deep sigh, to passion given,  
 One last glowing tear, and then—  
 March!—nor rest thy sword, till Heaven  
 Brings thee to those arms again.

THOMAS MOORE.

## THE GOLDEN AGE.

**F**OR lo! the days are hastening on;  
 By prophet bards foretold,  
 When, with the ever circling years,  
 Comes round the age of gold!  
 When peace shall over all the earth  
 Its final splendors fling,  
 And the whole world send back the song  
 Which now the angels sing!





### PEACE AND THE SWORD.

War's fiery hand scales down the walls  
Of castle, palace, and of humbler home.  
Still Nature blooms and mountain peaks are  
calm;  
The river laves the meadow's flowery banks.  
And when sweet peace returns with sunny  
smile,  
The helpless child is happy and secure.  
Avaunt thee, horrid War! whose miasms, bred  
Of nether darkness and Tartarean swamps,  
Float o'er this fallen world and blight the  
flowers,  
Sole relics of a ruined Eden.

EDWARD H. BICKERSTITH.

NORMAN DAVIES



## THE SWORD.

O VER the mantel hangs the sword,  
 Sheathed in scabbard, dented and old;  
 Red scarf, tasseled and faded there,  
 Clings to the hilt, never a word.

All the battles are left untold—

Fighting and blood, or when and where,  
 The sword speaks not; the sword is great;  
 Silence is gold when acts are fate.

Blood, did you say? Ay, death on death!

Who knows? Where is the wearer now—

He whose right arm wielded it then?

Dust, with the host that breathed the breath

Of the battle years, when the nation's vow

Freedomed the lives of a million men.

Silent? Ah, yes! The man who led  
 With horse and yonder sword, is dead.

Who can tell of its flashing blade?

Who confess the valor it taught?

Where are the ranks that followed its lead?

Where are the fields of carnage laid?

Where the hearts that back of it fought?

On what page is written their meed?

Silent the men and their battle-cry,  
 They who challenged their fate—to die!

Powerless now on the panelled wall—

Nevertheless—smitten like its master's hand;

Flash gone out of its tempered steel

Since it lay on its master's pall;

Bound no more by the red scarf band

Near the heart that it once could feel;

Never again to mix in the din

Or in the van to lose or to win!

Peace is carved on the rusty sword,

Peace is wrought in the silent stone,

Memory crowned by love's true art;

Battle and victory speak no word;

Sword art thou of the spirit of one

Whom death enshrines in the reverent heart;

Love and honor gleam from thy blade—

Battle and victory fade and fade!

STEPHEN H. THAYER.

## LOVE AND PEACE.

THERE is a story told  
 In Eastern tents, when autumn nights grow  
 cold,

And round the fire the Mongol shepherds sit

With grave responses listening unto it:

Once, on the errands of his mercy bent,

Buddha, the holy and benevolent,

Met a fell monster, huge and fierce of look,

Whose awful voice the hills and forests shook.

"O son of peace!" the giant cried, "thy fate

Is sealed at last, and love shall yield to hate."

The unarmed Buddha looking, with no trace

Of fear or anger, in the monster's face,

With pity said: "Poor fiend, even thee I love."

Lo! as he spake, the sky-tall terror sank  
 To handbreadth size; the huge abhorrence shrank  
 Into the form and fashion of a dove;  
 And where the thunder of its rage was heard,  
 Brooding above him sweetly sang the bird:  
 "Hate hath no harm for love," so ran the song,  
 "And peace unweaponed conquers every wrong!"

J. G. WHITTIER.

## THE RAVAGES OF WAR.

I NEED not dwell now on the waste and cruelty  
 of war. These stare us wildly in the face,  
 like lurid meteor lights, as we travel the page  
 of history. We see the desolation and death that  
 pursue its demoniac footsteps. We look upon  
 sacked towns, upon ravaged territories, upon vio-  
 lated homes; we behold all the sweets charities of  
 life changed to wormwood and gall. Our soul  
 is penetrated by the sharp moan of mothers, sis-  
 ters and daughters—of fathers, brothers and sons,  
 who, in the bitterness of their bereavement, refuse  
 to be comforted. Our eyes rest at last upon one  
 of those fair fields, where nature in her abundance  
 spreads her cloth of gold, spacious and apt, for  
 the entertainment of mighty multitudes; or, per-  
 haps, from the curious subtlety of its position, like  
 the carpet in the Arabian tale, seeming to contract  
 so as to be covered by a few only, or to dilate so  
 as to receive an innumerable host.

Here, under a bright sun, such as shone at Aus-  
 terlitz or Buena Vista—amidst the peaceful har-  
 monies of nature—on the Sabbath of peace—we  
 behold bands of brothers, children of a common  
 Father, heirs to a common happiness, struggling  
 together in the deadly fight, with the madness of  
 fallen spirits, seeking with murderous weapons the  
 lives of brothers who have never injured them or  
 their kindred. The havoc rages. The ground  
 is soaked with their commingling blood. The air  
 is rent by their commingling cries. Horse and  
 rider are stretched together on the earth.

More revolting than the mangled victims, than  
 the gashed limbs, than the lifeless trunks, than the  
 spattering brains, are the lawless passions which  
 sweep, tempest-like, through the fiendish tumult.

Nearer comes the storm, and nearer, rolling fast  
 and frightful on.

Speak, Ximena, speak and tell us, who has lost  
 and who has won?

"Alas! alas! I know not; friend and foe to-  
 gether fall,

O'er the dying rush the living; pray, my sister,  
 for them all!"

Horror-struck, we asked, wherefore this hateful  
 contest? The melancholy, but truthful answer  
 comes, that this is the *established* method of deter-  
 mining justice between nations!

CHARLES SUMNER.



## THE TURKISH CAMP.

BEFORE CORINTH.

'TIS midnight: on the mountains brown  
 The cold round moon shines deeply down;  
 Blue roll the waters, blue the sky  
 Spreads like an ocean hung on high,  
 Bespangled with those isles of light,  
 So wildly, spiritually bright;

And echo answered from the hill,  
 And the wide hum of that wild host  
 Rustled like leaves from coast to coast,  
 As rose the Muezzin's voice in air  
 In midnight call to wonted prayer;  
 It rose, that chanted mournful strain,



Who ever gazed upon them shining,  
 And turned to earth without repining  
 Nor wished for wings to flee away,  
 And mix with their eternal ray?  
 The waves on either shore lay there,  
 Calm, clear, and azure as the air:  
 And scarce their foam the pebbles shook,  
 But murmured meekly as the brook.

The winds were pillowed on the waves;  
 The banners drooped along their staves,  
 And, as they fell around them furling,  
 Above them shone the crescent curling;  
 And that deep silence was unbroke,  
 Save where the watch his signal spoke,  
 Save where the steed neighed oft and  
 shrill,

Like some lone spirit's o'er the plain:  
 'Twas musical, but sadly sweet,  
 Such as when winds and harp-strings meet,  
 And take a long unmeasured tone,  
 To mortal minstrelsy unknown.

It seemed to those within the wall  
 A cry prophetic of their fall;  
 It struck even the besieger's ear  
 With something ominous and drear,  
 An undefined and sudden thrill,  
 Which makes the heart a moment still,  
 Then beat with quicker pulse, ashamed  
 Of that strange sense its silence framed;  
 Such as a sudden passing-bell  
 Wakes, though but for a stranger's knell.

LORD BYRON.

## THE BATTLE-FIELD.

This striking poem is an American classic. Two lines alone, if there were no others, are enough to give it immortal fame :

"Truth, crushed to earth, shall rise again;  
The eternal years of God are hers."

ONCE this soft turf this rivulet's sands,  
Were trampled by a hurrying crowd,  
And fiery hearts and armed hands  
Encountered in the battle cloud.

Ah! never shall the land forget  
How gushed the life-blood of her brave,  
Gushed warm with hope and courage yet,  
Upon the soil they fought to save.

Now all is calm, and fresh, and still,  
Alone the chirp of flitting bird,  
And talk of children on the hill,  
And bell of wandering kine are heard.

No solemn host goes trailing by  
The black-mouthed gun and staggering wain;  
Men start not at the battle-cry,  
Oh, be it never heard again!

Soon rested those who fought; but thou  
Who minglest in the harder strife  
For truths which men receive not now,  
Thy warfare only ends with life.

A friendless warfare! lingering long  
Through weary day and weary year.  
A wild and many-weaponed throng  
Hang on thy front, and flank, and rear.

Yet nerve thy spirit to the proof,  
And blench not at thy chosen lot.  
The timid good may stand aloof,  
The sage may frown—yet faint thou not.

Nor heed the shaft too surely cast,  
The foul and hissing bolt of scorn;  
For with thy side shall dwell, at last,  
The victory of endurance born.

Truth, crushed to earth, shall rise again;  
The eternal years of God are hers;  
But Error, wounded, writhes with pain,  
And dies among his worshippers.

Yea, though thou lie upon the dust,  
When they who helped thee flee in fear,  
Die full of hope and manly trust,  
Like those who fell in battle here.

Another hand thy sword shall wield,  
Another hand the standard wave,  
Till from the trumpet's mouth is pealed  
The blast of triumph o'er thy grave.

W. C. BRYANT.

## THE REGIMENT'S RETURN.

HE is coming, he is coming, my true-love comes  
home to-day;  
All the city throngs to meet him as he lin-  
gers by the way.

He is coming from the battle, with his knapsack  
and his gun—

He, a hundred times my darling, for the dangers  
he hath run.

Twice they said that he was dead, but I would not  
believe the lie;

While my faithful heart kept loving him I knew he  
could not die.

All in white will I array me, with a rosebud in my  
hair,

And his ring upon my finger—he shall see it shin-  
ing there.

He will kiss me, he will kiss me with the kiss of  
long ago;

He will fold his arms around me close, and I shall  
cry, I know.

Oh the years that I have waited—rather lives they  
seemed to be—

For the dawning of the happy day that brings him  
back to me.

But the worthy cause has triumphed. Oh, joy!  
the war is over.

He is coming, he is coming, my gallant soldier  
lover.

Men are shouting all around me, women weep and  
laugh for joy,

Wives behold again their husbands, and the mother  
clasps her boy;

All the city throbs with passion; 'tis a day of  
jubilee;

But the happiness of thousands brings not happi-  
ness to me;

I remember, I remember, when the soldiers went  
away,

There was one among the noblest who has not re-  
turned to-day.

Oh, I loved him, how I loved him, and I never  
can forget

That he kissed me as we parted, for the kiss is  
burning yet!

'Tis his picture in my bosom, where his head will  
never lie;

'Tis his ring upon my finger—I will wear it till I  
die.

Oh, his comrades say that dying he looked up and  
breathed my name;

They have come to those that loved them but my  
darling never came.

Oh, they said he died a hero—but I knew how  
that would be;

And they say the cause has triumphed—will that  
bring him back to me? E. J. CUTLER.



## WAR'S DESTRUCTION.

CONCEIVE, but for a moment, the consternation which the approach of an invading army would impress on the peaceful villages in our own neighborhood. When you have placed yourselves for an instant in that situation, you will learn to sympathize with those unhappy countries which have sustained the ravages of arms. But how is it possible to give you an idea of these horrors?

Here you behold rich harvests, the bounty of heaven, and the reward of industry, consumed in a moment, or trampled under foot, while famine and pestilence follow the steps of desolation. There the cottages of peasants given up to the flames, mothers expiring through fear, not for themselves, but their infants; the inhabitants flying with their helpless babes in all directions, miserable fugitives on their native soil.

In another part you witness opulent cities taken by storm; the streets, where no sounds were heard but those of peaceful industry, filled on a sudden with slaughter and blood, resounding with the cries of the pursuing and the pursued; the palaces of nobles demolished; the houses of the rich pillaged, and every age, sex and rank, mingled in promiscuous massacre and ruin.

ROBERT HALL.

## THE BATTLE-SONG OF GUSTAVUS ADOLPHUS.

FROM THE GERMAN.

FEAR not, O little flock! the foe  
Who madly seeks your overthrow,  
Dread not his rage and power;  
What though your courage sometimes faints?  
His seeming triumph o'er God's saints  
Lasts but a little hour.

Be of good cheer; your cause belongs  
To him who can avenge your wrongs,  
Leave it to him, our Lord.  
Though hidden now from all our eyes,  
He sees the Gideon who shall rise  
To save us, and his word.

As true as God's own word is true,  
Not earth or hell with all their crew  
Against us shall prevail.  
A jest and by-word are they grown;  
God is with us, we are his own,  
Our victory cannot fail.

Amen, Lord Jesus, grant our prayer;  
Great Captain, now thine arm make bare;  
Fight for us once again.  
So shall the saints and martyrs raise  
A mighty chorus to thy praise,  
World without end. Amen.

MICHAEL ALTENBURG.

## OLD IRONSIDES.

The frigate "Constitution," whose gloricus record is known to all familiar with our naval history, was saved from destruction by the following beautiful lines of Dr. Holmes, which caused the people to pause, and reconsider their determination of breaking up the nation's favorite.

AY, tear her tattered ensign down!  
Long has it waved on high,  
And many an eye has danced to see  
That banner in the sky;  
Beneath it rung the battle shout  
And burst the cannon's roar:  
The meteor of the ocean air  
Shall sweep the clouds no more.

Her deck, once red with hero's blood,  
Where knelt the vanquished foe,  
When winds were hurrying o'er the flood  
And waves were white below,  
No more shall feel the victor's tread,  
Or know the conquered knee:  
The harpies of the shore shall pluck  
The eagle of the sea.

Oh, better that her shattered hulk  
Should sink beneath the wave—  
Her thunders shook the mighty deep,  
And there should be her grave.  
Nail to the mast her holy flag,  
Set every threadbare sail,  
And give her to the god of storms,  
The lightning, and the gale.

O. W. HOLMES.

## FESTIVE PEACE.

NOW are our brows bound with victorious  
wreaths;  
Our bruised arms hung up for monuments;  
Our stern alarms changed to merry meet-  
ing,  
Our dreadful marches to delightful measures.  
Grim-visaged war has smoothed his wrinkled front;  
And now—instead of mounting barbed steeds,  
To fright the souls of fearful adversaries—  
He capers nimbly in a lady's chamber,  
To the lascivious pleasing of a lute.

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

## A BRIGHTER DAY.

LET us reckon upon the future. A time will come when the science of destruction shall bend before the arts of peace; when the genius which multiplies our powers—which creates new products—which diffuses comfort and happiness among the great mass of the people—shall occupy in the general estimation of mankind that rank which reason and common sense now assign to it.

## THE SOLDIER'S RETURN.

HOW sweet it was to breathe that cooler air,  
 And take possession of my father's chair!  
 Beneath my elbow, on the solid frame,  
 Appeared the rough initials of my name,  
 Cut forty years before! The same old clock  
 Struck the same bell, and gave my heart a shock  
 I never can forget. A short breeze sprung,  
 And while a sigh was trembling on my tongue,  
 Caught the old dangling almanacs behind,

While thus I mused, still gazing, gazing still,  
 On beds of moss that spread the window-sill,  
 I deemed no moss my eye had ever seen  
 Had been so lovely, brilliant, fresh and green,  
 And guessed some infant hand had placed it there,  
 And prized its hue, so exquisite, so rare.  
 Feelings on feelings mingling, doubling rose;  
 My heart felt anything but calm repose;  
 I could not reckon minutes, hours, nor years,



And up they flew like banners in the wind;  
 Then gently, singly, down, down, down they went,  
 And told of twenty years that I had spent  
 Far from my native land. That instant came  
 A robin on the threshold; though so tame,  
 At first he looked distrustful, almost shy,  
 And cast on me his coal-black steadfast eye,  
 And seemed to say—past friendship to renew—  
 “Ah ha! old worn-out soldier, is it you?”

But rose at once, and found relief in tears;  
 Then, like a fool, confused, sat down again,  
 And thought upon the past with shame and pain;  
 I raved at war and all its horrid cost,  
 And glory's quagmire, where the brave are lost.  
 On carnage, fire, and plunder long I mused,  
 And cursed the murdering weapons I had used.

ROBERT BLOOMFIELD.

## SOLDIER, REST! THY WARFARE O'ER.

FROM “THE LADY OF THE LAKE.”

SOLDIER, rest! thy warfare o'er,  
 Sleep the sleep that knows not breaking;  
 Dream of battled fields no more,  
 Days of danger, nights of waking;  
 In our isle's enchanted hall,  
 Hands unseen thy couch are strewing,  
 Fairy strains of music fall,  
 Every sense in slumber dewing;  
 Soldier, rest! thy warfare o'er,  
 Dream of fighting fields no more;  
 Sleep the sleep that knows not breaking,  
 Morn of toil, nor night of waking.  
 No rude sound shall reach thine ear,  
 Armor's clang, or war-steed champing,  
 Triumph nor pibroch summon here  
 Mustering, or squadron tramping.  
 Yet the lark's shrill fife may come  
 Att he daybreak from the fallow,

And the bitter sound his drum,  
 Booming from the sedgy shallow.  
 Ruder sounds shall none be near,  
 Guards nor warders challenge here;  
 Here's no war-steed's neigh and champing,  
 Shouting clans or squadrons stamping.  
 Huntsman, rest! thy chase is done,  
 While our slumberous spells assail ye,  
 Dream not, with the rising sun,  
 Bugles here shall sound reveillé.  
 Sleep! the deer is in his den;  
 Sleep! thy hounds are by thee lying;  
 Sleep! nor dream in yonder glen  
 How thy gallant steed lay dying.  
 Huntsman, rest! thy chase is done,  
 Think not of the rising sun,  
 For, at dawning to assail ye,  
 Here no bugles sound reveillé.

SIR WALTER SCOTT.



## ODE TO PEACE.

**D**AUGHTER of God! that sit'st on high  
 Amid the dances of the sky,  
 And guidest with thy gentle sway  
 Thy planets on their tuneful way;  
 Sweet Peace! shall ne'er again  
 The smile of thy most holy face,  
 From thine ethereal dwelling-place,  
 Rejoice the wretched, weary race  
 Of discord-breathing men?

Then come from thy serene abode,  
 Thou gladness-giving child of God!  
 And cease the world's ensanguined strife,  
 And reconcile my soul to life;  
 For much I long to see,  
 Ere I shall to the grave descend,  
 Thy hand its blessed branch extend,  
 And to the world's remotest end  
 Wave love and harmony!

WILLIAM TENNENT.



Too long, O gladness-giving queen!  
 Thy tarrying in heaven has been;  
 Too long o'er this fair blooming world  
 The flag of blood has been unfurled,  
 Polluting God's pure day;  
 Whilst, as each maddening people reels,  
 War onward drives his scythéd wheels,  
 And at his horses' bloody heels  
 Shriek murder and dismay.

Oft have I wept to hear the cry  
 Of widow wailing bitterly;  
 To see the parent's silent tear  
 For children fallen beneath the spear;  
 And I have felt so sore  
 The sense of human guilt and woe,  
 That I, in virtue's passionéd glow,  
 Have cursed (my soul was wounded so)  
 The shape of man I bore!

## WHEN BANNERS ARE WAVING.

**W**HEN banners are waving,  
 And lances a-pushing;  
 When captains are shouting,  
 And war-horses rushing;  
 When cannon are roaring,  
 And hot bullets flying,  
 He that would honor win,  
 Must not fear dying.

Though shafts fly so thick  
 That it seems to be snowing;  
 Though streamlets with blood  
 More than water are flowing;  
 Though with sabre and bullet  
 Our bravest are dying,  
 We speak of revenge, but  
 We ne'er speak of flying.

Come, stand to it, heroes !  
 The heathen are coming ;  
 Horsemen are round the walls,  
 Riding and running ;  
 Maidens and matrons all  
 Arm ! arm ! are crying,  
 From petards the wildfire's  
 Flashing and flying.

The trumpets from turrets high  
 Loudly are braying ;  
 The steeds for the onset  
 Are snorting and neighing ;  
 As waves in the ocean,  
 The dark plumes are dancing ;  
 As stars in the blue sky,  
 The helmets are glancing.

Their ladders are planting,  
 Their sabres are sweeping ;  
 Now swords from our sheaths  
 By the thousand are leaping ;  
 Like the flash of the lightning  
 Ere men hearken thunder,  
 Swords gleam, and the steel caps  
 Are cloven asunder.

The shouting has ceased,  
 And the flashing of cannon !  
 I looked from the turret  
 For crescent and pennon :  
 As flax touched by fire,  
 As hail in the river,  
 They were smote, they were fallen,  
 And had melted for ever.

#### BEFORE THE BATTLE.

**B**Y the hope within us springing,  
 Herald of to-morrow's strife ;  
 By that sun, whose light is bringing  
 Chains or freedom, death or life—  
 Oh ! remember life can be  
 No charm for him, who lives not free !  
 Like the day-star in the wave,  
 Sinks a hero in his grave,  
 Midst the dew-fall of a nation's tears.  
 Happy is he o'er whose decline  
 The smiles of home may soothing shine,  
 And light him down the steep of years ;  
 But oh, how blest they sink to rest,  
 Who close their eyes on victory's breast !

O'er his watch-fire's fading embers  
 Now the foeman's cheek turns white,  
 When his heart that field remembers,  
 Where we tamed his tyrant might.  
 Never let him bind again  
 A chain, like that we broke from then.  
 Hark ! the horn of combat calls—  
 Ere the golden evening falls,  
 May we pledge that horn in triumph round !  
 Many a heart that now beats high,

In slumber cold at night shall lie,  
 Nor waken even at victory's sound.—  
 But oh, how blest that hero's sleep,  
 O'er whom a wond'ring world shall weep !  
 THOMAS MOORE.

#### THE BROADSWORDS OF SCOTLAND.

**N**OW there's peace on the shore, now there's  
 calm on the sea,  
 Fill a glass to the heroes whose swords kept us  
 free,

Right descendants of Wallace, Montrose and  
 Dundee.

O the broadswords of old Scotland !  
 And O the old Scottish broadswords !

Old Sir Ralph Abercromby, the good and the  
 brave—

Let him flee from our board, let him sleep with  
 the slave,

Whose libation comes slow while we honor his  
 grave.

Though he died not, like him, amid victory's  
 roar,

Though disaster and gloom wove his shroud on  
 the shore,

Not the less we remember the spirit of Moore.

Yea, a place with the fallen the living shall claim ;  
 We'll intwine in one wreath every glorious name,  
 The Gordon, the Ramsay, the Hope, and the  
 Graham.

Count the rocks of the Spey, count the groves of  
 the Forth,

Count the stars in the clear, cloudless heaven of  
 the north ;

Then go blazon their numbers, their names, and  
 their worth.

The highest in splendor, the humblest in place,  
 Stand united in glory, as kindred in race,  
 For the private is brother in blood to his Grace.

Then sacred to each and to all let it be,  
 Fill a glass to the heroes whose swords kept us  
 free,

Right descendants of Wallace, Montrose and  
 Dundee.

O the broadswords of old Scotland !  
 And O the old Scottish broadswords !

JOHN G. LOCKHART.

#### LET THE SWORD RUST.

**W**ERE half the power that fills the world  
 with terror,  
 Were half the wealth bestowed on camps  
 and courts,

Given to redeem the human mind from error,  
 There were no need of arsenals and forts !

H. W. LONGFELLOW.



## THE ANGELS OF BUENA VISTA.

“**S**PEAK, and tell us, our Ximena, looking  
northward far away,  
O'er the camp of the invaders, o'er the  
Mexican array,  
Who is losing? who is winning?—are they far,  
or come they near?  
Look abroad, and tell us, sister, whither rolls  
the storm we hear?

“Down the hills of Angostura still the  
storm of battle rolls;  
Blood is flowing, men are dying; God,  
have mercy on their souls!”

“Who is losing? who is winning?”—  
“Over hill and over plain,  
I see but smoke of cannon clouding  
through the mountain rain.”

“Holy mother! keep our brothers! Look  
Ximena, look once more!”

“Still I see the fearful whirlwind rolling  
darkly as before,  
Bearing on in strange confusion, friend  
and foeman, foot and horse,  
Like some wild and troubled torrent  
sweeping down its mountain course.”

“Look forth once more, Ximena!” “Ah!  
the smoke has rolled away;  
And I see the northern rifles gleaming  
down the ranks of grey.  
Hark! that sudden blast of bugles!  
there the troop of Minon wheels;  
There the northern horses thunder,  
with the cannon at their heels.

“Jesus, pity! how it thickens! now re-  
treat and now advance!  
Right against the blazing cannon shivers  
Puebla's charging lance!  
Down they go, the brave young riders;  
horse and foot together fall;  
Like a ploughshare in the fallow, through  
them ploughs the northern ball.”

Nearer came the storm, and nearer, roll-  
ing fast and frightful on:

“Speak, Ximena, speak and tell us, who  
has lost and who has won?”

“Alas! alas! I know not; friend and  
foe together fall,  
O'er the dying rush the living: pray, my  
sisters, for them all!

“Lo! the wind the smoke is lifting: Blessed  
Mother, save my brain!  
I can see the wounded crawling slowly out from  
heaps of slain.  
Now they stagger, blind and bleeding; now  
they fall and strive to rise;  
Hasten, sisters, haste and save them, lest they  
die before our eyes!

“Oh, my heart's love! oh, my dear one! lay thy  
poor head on my knee;  
Dost thou know the lips that kiss thee? canst  
thou hear me? canst thou see?  
Oh, my husband, brave and gentle! oh, my  
Bernal, look once more  
On the blessed cross before thee! Mercy!  
mercy! all is o'er!”



NEWS FROM THE BATTLE FIELD.

Dry thy tears, my poor Ximena; lay thy dear  
one down to rest;  
Let his hands be meekly folded; lay the cross  
upon his breast;  
Let his dirge be sung hereafter, and his funeral  
masses said;  
To-day, thou poor bereaved one! the living ask  
thy aid.

Close beside her, faintly moaning, fair and young, a soldier lay,  
Torn with shot, and pierced with lances, bleeding slow his life away;  
But, as tenderly before him the lorn Ximena knelt,  
She saw the northern eagle shining on his pistol belt.

With a stifled cry of horror straight she turned away her head;  
With a sad and bitter feeling looked she back upon her dead;  
But she heard the youth's low moaning, and his struggling breath of pain,  
And she raised the cooling water to his parched lips again.

Whispered low the dying soldier, pressed her hand, and faintly smiled:  
Was that pitying face his mother's? did she watch beside her child?  
All his stranger words with meaning her woman's heart supplied;  
With her kiss upon his forehead, "Mother!" murmured he, and died!

"A bitter curse upon them, poor boy, who led thee forth,  
From some gentle, sad-eyed mother, weeping lonely in the North!"  
Spake the mournful Mexic woman, as she laid him with her dead,  
And turned to soothe the living, and bind the wounds which bled.

"Look forth once more, Ximena!" "Like a cloud before the wind  
Rolls the battle down the mountains, leaving blood and death behind;  
Ah! they plead in vain for mercy; in the dust the wounded strive;  
Hide your faces, holy angels! oh, thou Christ of God, forgive!"

Sink, oh night, among thy mountains! let the cool grey shadows fall;  
Dying brothers, fighting demons, drop thy curtain over all!  
Through the thickening winter twilight, wide apart the battle rolled,  
In its sheath the sabre rested, and the cannon's lips grew cold.

But the noble Mexic women still their holy task pursued,  
Through that long, dark night of sorrow, worn and faint, and lacking food;  
Over weak and suffering brothers, with a tender care they hung,  
And the dying foemen blessed them in a strange and northern tongue.

Not wholly lost, O Father! is this evil world of ours:  
Upward through its blood and ashes, spring afresh the Eden flowers;  
From its smoking hell of battle, love and pity send their prayer,  
And still thy white-winged angels hover dimly in our air.

J. G. WHITTIER.

### A PICTURE OF PEACE.

FROM "EVANGELINE."

PEACE seemed to reign upon the earth, and the restless heart of the ocean  
Was for a moment consoled. All sounds were in harmony blended.  
Voices of children at play, the crowing of cocks in the farm-yard,  
Whirr of wings in the drowsy air, and the cooing of pigeons,  
All were subdued and low as the murmurs of love, and the great sun  
Looked with eye of peace through the golden vapors around him.

H. W. LONGFELLOW

### THE TYRANT'S SCOURGE.

AH! whence yon glare,  
That fires the arch of heaven?—that dark red smoke  
Blotting the silver moon? The stars are quenched  
In darkness, and pure and spangling snow  
Gleams faintly through the gloom that gathers round!  
Hark to that roar, whose swift and deafening peals  
In countless echoes through the mountains ring,  
Startling pale midnight on her starry throne!  
Now swells the intermingling din; the jar  
Frequent and frightful of the bursting bomb;  
The falling beam, the shriek, the groan, the shout,  
The ceaseless clangor, and the rush of men  
Inebriate with rage;—loud, and more loud  
The discord grows; till pale death shuts the scene,  
And o'er the conqueror and the conquered draws  
His cold and bloody shroud. Of all the men  
Whom day's departing beam saw blooming there,  
In proud and vigorous health; of all the hearts  
That beat with anxious life at sunset there,  
How few survive, how few are beating now!  
All is deep silence, like the fearful calm  
That slumbers in the storm's portentous pause;  
Save when the frantic wail of widowed love  
Comes shuddering on the blast, or the faint moan  
With which some soul burst from the frame of clay  
Wrapt round its struggling powers.

The gray morn  
Dawns on the mournful scene; the sulphurous smoke  
Before the icy winds slow rolls away,



And the bright beams of frosty morning dance  
 Along the spangling snow. There tracks of blood  
 Even to the forest's depth, and scattered arms,  
 And lifeless warriors, whose hard lineaments  
 Death's self could change not, mark the dreadful  
 path

Of the outsallying victors; far behind,  
 Black ashes note where their proud city stood.  
 Within yon forest is a gloomy glen—  
 Each tree which guards its darkness from the day  
 Waves o'er a warrior's tomb.

War is the statesman's game, the priest's delight,  
 The lawyer's jest, the hired assassin's trade,  
 And to those royal murderers whose mean thrones  
 Are bought by crimes of treachery and gore,  
 The bread they eat, the staff on which they lean.  
 Guards, garbed in blood red livery, surround  
 Their palaces, participate the crimes  
 That force defends, and from a nation's rage  
 Secure the crown, which all the curses reach  
 That famine, frenzy, woe and penury breathe.  
 These are the hired bravos who defend  
 The tyrant's throne. PERCY P. SHELLEY.

#### THE DEATH OF THE WARRIOR KING.

THERE are noble heads bowed down and pale,  
 Deep sounds of woe arise,  
 And tears flow fast around the couch  
 Where a wounded warrior lies;  
 The hue of death is gathering dark  
 Upon his lofty brow,  
 And the arm of might and valor falls,  
 Weak as an infant's now.

I saw him 'mid the battling hosts,  
 Like a bright and leading star,  
 Where banner, helm and falchion gleamed,  
 And flew the bolts of war.  
 When, in his plentitude of power,  
 He trod the Holy Land,  
 I saw the routed Saracens  
 Flee from his blood-dark brand.

I saw him in the banquet hour  
 Forsake the festive throng,  
 To seek his favorite minstrel's haunt,  
 And give his soul to song;  
 For dearly as he loved renown,  
 He loved that spell-wrought strain  
 Which bade the braves of perished days  
 Light conquest's torch again.

Then seemed the bard to cope with time,  
 And triumph o'er his doom—  
 Another world in freshness burst  
 Oblivion's mighty tomb!  
 Again the hardy Britons rushed  
 Like lions to the fight,  
 While horse and foot—helm, shield and lance,  
 Swept by his visioned sight!

But battle shout and waving plume,  
 The drum's heart-stirring beat,  
 The glittering pomp of prosperous war,  
 The rush of million feet,  
 The magic of the minstrel's song,  
 Which told of victories o'er,  
 Are sights and sounds the dying king  
 Shall see—shall hear no more!

It was the hour of deep midnight,  
 In the dim and quiet sky,  
 When, with sable clock and 'broidered pall,  
 A funeral-train swept by;  
 Dull and sad fell the torches' glare  
 On many a stately crest—  
 They bore the noble warrior king  
 To his last dark home of rest.

CHARLES SWAIN.

#### THE FLIGHT OF XERXES.

I SAW him on the battle-eve,  
 When like a king he bore him—  
 Proud hosts in glittering helm and greave  
 And prouder chiefs before him;  
 The warrior, and the warrior's deeds,  
 The morrow, and the morrow's meeds,  
 No daunting thoughts came o'er him;  
 He looked around him, and his eye  
 Defiance flashed to earth and sky.

He looked on ocean—its broad breast  
 Was covered with his fleet;  
 On earth—and saw from east to west  
 His bannered millions meet;  
 While rock and glen and cave and coast  
 Shook with the war-cry of that host,  
 The thunder of their feet!  
 He heard the imperial echoes ring—  
 He heard, and felt himself a king.

I saw him next alone: nor camp  
 Nor chief his steps attended;  
 Nor banner blazed, nor courser's tramp  
 With war-cries proudly blended.  
 He stood alone, whom fortune high  
 So lately seemed to deify;  
 He who with heaven contended  
 Fled like a fugitive and slave!  
 Behind, the foe; before, the wave.

He stood—fleet, army, treasure, gone—  
 Alone, and in despair!  
 But wave and wind swept ruthless on,  
 For they were monarchs there;  
 And Xerxes, in a single bark,  
 Where late his thousand ships were dark,  
 Must all their fury dare.  
 What a revenge—a trophy, this—  
 For thee, immortal Salamis!

MARIA J. JEWSBURY.

## AFTER THE TEMPEST.

**I**T was a scene of peace—and, like a spell,  
 Did that serene and golden sunlight fall  
 Upon the motionless wood that clothed the  
 fell,  
 And precipice upspringing like a wall,  
 And glassy river and white waterfall,  
 And happy living things that trod the bright  
 And beauteous scene; while far beyond them all,  
 On many a lovely valley, out of sight,  
 Was poured from the blue heavens the same soft  
 golden light.

I looked, and thought the quiet of the scene  
 An emblem of the peace that yet shall be,  
 When o'er earth's continents, and isles between,  
 The noise of war shall cease from sea to sea,  
 And married nations dwell in harmony;  
 When millions, crouching in the dust to one,  
 No more shall beg their lives on bended knee,  
 Nor the black stake be dressed, nor in the sun  
 The o'erlabored captive toil, and wish his life  
 were done.

Too long, at clash of arms amid her bowers  
 And pools of blood, the earth has stood aghast,  
 The fair earth, that should only blush with flowers  
 And ruddy fruits; but not for aye can last  
 The storm, and sweet the sunshine when 'tis past.  
 Lo, the clouds roll away—they break—they fly,  
 And, like the glorious light of summer cast  
 O'er the wide landscape from the embracing sky,  
 On all the peaceful world the smile of heaven  
 shall lie.

W. C. BRYANT.

## LEFT ON THE BATTLE-FIELD.

**W**HAT, was it a dream? am I all alone  
 In the dreary night and the driz-  
 zling rain?  
 Hist!—ah, it was only the river's moan;  
 They have left me behind with the mangled  
 slain.

Yes, now I remember it all too well!  
 We met, from the battling ranks apart;  
 Together our weapons flashed and fell,  
 And mine was sheathed in his quivering  
 heart.

In the cypress gloom, where the deed was done,  
 It was all too dark to see his face;  
 But I heard his death-groans, one by one,  
 And he holds me still in a cold embrace.

He spoke but once, and I could not hear  
 The words he said, for the cannon's roar;  
 But my heart grew cold with a deadly fear—  
 O God! I had heard that voice before!

Had heard it before at our mother's knee,  
 When we lisped the words of our evening  
 prayer!

My brother! would I had died for thee—  
 This burden is more that my soul can bear!

I pressed my lips to his death-cold cheek,  
 And begged him to show me, by word or sign,  
 That he knew and forgave me: he could not  
 speak,  
 But he nestled his poor cold face to mine.

The blood flowed fast from my wounded side,  
 And then for a while I forgot my pain,  
 And over the lakelet we seemed to glide  
 In our little boat, two boys again.

And then, in my dream, we stood alone  
 On a forest path where the shadows fall;  
 And I heard again the tremulous tone,  
 And the tender words of his last farewell.

But that parting was years, long years ago,  
 He wandered away to a foreign land;  
 And our dear old mother will never know  
 That he died to-night by his brother's hand.

The soldiers who buried the dead away  
 Disturbed not the clasp of that last embrace,  
 But laid them to sleep till the judgment-day,  
 Heart folded to heart, and face to face.

SARAH T. BOLTON.

## HORRORS OF WAR.

**A**VAUNT thee, horrid war: whose miasms,  
 bred  
 Of nether darkness and tartarean swamps,  
 Float o'er this fallen world, and blight the  
 flowers,

Sole relics of a ruined Eden! Hence,  
 With all thy cruel ravages! fair homes  
 Rifled for thee of husband, brother, son;  
 Wild passions slipped like hell-hounds in the  
 heart,

And baying in full cry for blood; the shock  
 Of battle: the quick throes of dying men;  
 The ghastly stillness of the mangled dead;  
 The crumbling ramparts breached, the city-  
 stormed,

The shrieks of violated innocence,  
 And bloom, almost too delicate for the print  
 Of bridal kisses and the touch of love,  
 Ruthlessly trampled underneath the heel  
 Of armed lust; and, pitiful to see,  
 The mother's womb ripped by the pitiless sword,  
 And life—her unborn offspring's, and her own—  
 Shed in short mortal travail; lurid flames,  
 Wrapping the toils of arduous centuries  
 And hopes of ages in one funeral pyre;  
 Gaunt famine after, and remorseless plague,  
 Reaping their myriads where the warrior's scythe  
 Had been content with thousands; leaving scars  
 Upon a nation's heart, which never time  
 Wholly can heal: hence horrid, horrid war!

EDWARD H. BICKERSTETH.



## THE INDIAN BRAVE.

I AM fresh from the conflict—I'm drunk with  
the blood  
Of the white men, who chased me o'er prairie  
and flood,  
Till I trapped them at last, and exultingly swore  
That my fearless red warriors should revel in  
gore!  
I have well kept my oath, O Manitou, the Just!

## AFTER THE BATTLE.

NIGHT closed around the conqueror's way,  
And lightnings showed the distant hill,  
Where those who lost that dreadful day,  
Stood few and faint, but fearless still.  
The soldier's hope, the patriot's zeal,  
For ever dimmed, for ever crost—  
Oh! who shall say what heroes feel,  
When all but life and honor's lost?



Three hundred white hirelings are low in the dust.  
The unequal conflict was bloody and brief,  
And they weep for their men and their golden-  
haired chief.

I hate the palefaces! I'll fight to the death  
While the prairies are mine, and a warrior has  
breath!  
By the bones of our fathers, whose ruin they  
wrought,  
When they first trod our land, and for sympathy  
sought—  
By the souls of our slain, when our villages  
burned—  
By all the black vices our people have learned,  
No season of rest shall my enemies see,  
Till the earth drinks my blood, or my people are  
free.

FRANCIS S. SMITH.

The last sad hour of freedom's dream,  
And valor's task, moved slowly by,  
While mute they watched, till morning's beam  
Should rise and give them light to die.  
There's yet a world, where souls are free,  
Where tyrants taint not nature's bliss;—  
If death that world's bright opening be,  
Oh! who would live a slave in this?

THOMAS MOORE.

## COMING PEACE.

DRUMS and battle cries  
Go out in music of the morning star;  
And soon we shall have thinkers in the  
place  
Of fighters; each found able as a man  
To strike electric influence through a race,  
Unstayed by city-wall and barbican.

ELIZABETH B. BROWNING.



## THE LEGEND OF SIR JOSEPH WAGSTAFF.

A WARWICKSHIRE BALLAD.

FROM Salisbury Church the bells rang out,  
 Right sharp their notes and stern;  
 Within the town were rabble and rout,  
 Like tow did the houses burn,  
 And the prisoners freed were all about  
 Wherever a man might turn.

Till the roar and the clash and the battle's  
 flash

Burst in on their intent.

"Now hang them all!" Sir Joseph cried,  
 And sternly flashed his eye;  
 "The craven cowards that dare to doom  
 And do not dare to die!  
 If my neck's in the other end of the rope,  
 Quoth Wagstaff, "What care I?"



"I CHARGE THEE, BOY, LET GO!"

For its key, ho! boot and saddle!  
 And up with the sceptre and crown!  
 The day of the great Assizes  
 Like a storm swept Wagstaff down,  
 With his men and his arms and his drums and alarms  
 To the gates of Salisbury town.

The Judges sat in their grave sad state  
 That the rebel Commons sent,  
 And many a loyal man and true  
 To a felon's prison went;

Now Cromwell has taken him to horse  
 And gathered a goodly band  
 To fight with Sir Joseph Wagstaff's force  
 In the swelling Devon land,  
 And cut down their ranks like new-mown grass  
 Till never a man mote stand.

"Ho, lead the flight, Sir Arthur Knight!  
 For one must head the race,  
 But to turn his back on a stricken fight  
 Is not a Wagstaff's place,



And the hills of Devon are as near to heaven  
As Charlcote's sheltered chace.

"My little page, why dost thou stand  
And view thy master so?  
Poor little lad, let go my hand,  
I charge thee, boy, let go!  
What have I ever done for thee  
That thou shouldst love me so?

"If thou escap'st this bloody day  
Hie thee to Tachbrook Hall,  
And tell Dame Alice it is our way  
In battle-field to fall,  
There were twenty Wagstaffs to my day  
And they fell in battle all!

"Would they had slain me where I stood  
'Neath the blue and open sky,  
For this foul dank prison taints my blood  
And a dog's death I must die.  
Was never a Wagstaff died like this  
Without his good sword nigh!

"Farewell, farewell, to Tachbrook Hall  
Where the noble park-lands sweep!  
Farewell to the lush sweet meadows all  
Where the peaceful cattle sleep!  
Farewell, broad oaks and elm trees tall  
By the quiet river deep!

"Farewell, my babe, thou child of care,  
Heir of thy father's fame!  
Thou tiny tender prop to bear  
Old Wagstaff's honored name!  
God grant thee strength that name to wear  
Unsullied as it came!

"But woe and curse and endless shame  
And vain remorse's sting  
Be his, the first of Wagstaff's name  
That turns from Church and King!  
God blight the ripe fruit of his age  
The blossoms of his spring!

"And his be every foul disgrace  
And every bitter pain,  
May he go mourning all his days  
Where once he used to reign!  
May all his strength be spent for naught  
And all his toil in vain!

"Farewell, farewell, my gentle wife,  
Now widowed ere thy prime—  
How differently I planned thy life  
The last sweet summer-time,  
When we trod the path from the gray church  
tower  
That rang our wedding chime.

"Farewell, farewell, my own right hand,  
My nervous arm and true!  
Poor body, on the scaffold's sand  
I take my leave of you!

I would 'twere 'mid an armed band  
With a good pike piercing through!"

In Tachbrook's ancient, solemn church  
Are Wagstaff tombs enow;  
Twenty knights and twenty dames  
In sculptured marble show,  
But Sir Joseph's head with blood-clots red  
Rots where the Thames doth flow.

A stranger rules in Tachbrook Hall—  
A stranger still shall reign!  
"Away!" he cries, "ye King's men all,  
Ye ne'er shall come again!"  
Thus cruel he cried e'er tears were dried  
That marked the widow's pain.

Yet still they say at Tachbrook Hall  
They hear a bugle horn  
Full cheerly to the hunter's call  
At early break of morn,  
The silver notes on the breeze that floats  
In the valleys far upborne.

And still when summer clothes the land  
With soft enamelled green,  
A figure on the terrace old  
At even oft is seen,  
With pensive brow and locks of gold,  
And a grave and knightly mien.

But the startled reaper drops his hook  
And shrinks with a ghastly fear,  
When he sees 'mid the line of the golden grain  
The shrivelled and blasted ear—  
For the mildew black marks Sir Joseph's track,  
And he knows that his step is here.

And when the hard rime clasps the trees,  
And biting north winds blow,  
He keeps his watch by the mouldering arch,  
As in days of long ago.  
And at morn they say 'twas no mortal tread  
Made that footprint on the snow.

And still on the storm round Tachbrook Hall  
A shadowy phantom flies,  
And ever he looks through the casements tall  
With sad, reproachful eyes;  
While through shutter and bar they know afar  
That without a spirit cries!

They say Sir Joseph's restless sprite  
For twice seven lives must wait,  
Till the lands shall pass to a lady bright,  
Who shall take a Wagstaff mate;  
The old, old wounds of hate.

Till then there hangs o'er Tachbrook Hall  
A shadow dim and gray,  
And sad with tears of other years  
That time should sweep away,  
And it may not lift for griefs or fears  
Till dawns that distant day. J. M. WAGSTAFF.

## THE TIME OF WAR.

THE flags of war like storm-birds fly,  
The charging trumpets blow;  
Yet rolls no thunder in the sky,  
No earthquake strives below.

And, calm and patient, nature keeps  
Her ancient promise well,  
Though o'er her bloom and greenness sweeps  
The battle's breath of hell.

And still she walks in golden hours  
Through harvest-happy farms,  
And still she wears her fruits and flowers  
Like jewels on her arms.

What mean the gladness of the plain,  
This joy of eve and morn,  
The mirth that shakes the beard of grain  
And yellow locks of corn?

Ah! eyes may well be full of tears,  
And hearts with hate are hot;  
But even-paced come round the years,  
And nature changes not.

She meets with smiles our bitter grief,  
With songs our groans of pain;  
She mocks with tint of flower and leaf  
The war field's crimson stain.

Still, in the cannon's pause we hear  
Her sweet thanksgiving psalm;  
Too near to God for doubt or fear,  
She shares the eternal calm.

She knows the seed lies safe below  
The fires that blast and burn;  
For all the tears of blood we sow  
She waits the rich return.

She sees with clearer eye than ours  
The good of suffering born—  
The hearts that blossom like her flowers,  
And ripen like her corn.

J. G. WHITTIER.

## CIVIL WAR.

“RIFLEMAN, shoot me a fancy shot  
Straight at the heart of yon prowling  
vidette;  
Ring me a ball in the glittering spot  
That shines on his breast like an amulet!”

“Ah, captain! here goes for a fine-drawn bead,  
There's music around when my barrel's in  
tune!”

Crack! went the rifle, the messenger sped,  
And dead from his horse fell the ringing  
dragon.

“Now, rifleman, steal through the bushes, and  
snatch  
From your victim some trinket to handsel first  
blood,

A button, a loop, or that luminous patch  
That gleams in the moon like a diamond stud!”

“O captain! I staggered, and sunk on my track,  
When I gazed on the face of that fallen vidette,  
For he looked so like you, as he lay on his  
back,  
That my heart rose upon me, and masters me  
yet.

“But I snatched off the trinket—this locket of  
gold;  
An inch from the centre my lead broke its  
way,  
Scarce grazing the picture, so fair to behold,  
Of a beautiful lady in bridal array.”

“Ha! rifleman, fling me the locket!—’t is she,  
My brother's young bride—and the fallen  
dagoon  
Was her husband—Hush! soldier, ’t was Heaven's  
decree,  
We must bury him there, by the light of the  
moon!

“But, hark! the far bugles their warnings unite;  
War is a virtue—weakness a sin;  
There's a lurking and loping around us to-night;  
Load again, rifleman, keep your hand in!”

## FAIR PEACE.

O H first of human blessings! and supreme!  
Fair peace! how lovely, how delightful  
thou!

By whose wide tie the kindred sons of men  
Live brothers like, in amity combined,  
And unsuspecting faith; while honest toil  
Gives every joy, and to those joys a right,  
Which idle, barbarous rapine but usurps.

JAMES THOMSON.



# RURAL SCENES:

OR

## LIGHTS AND SHADOWS OF COUNTRY LIFE.



### FARMER JOHN.

COME from his journey Farmer John  
Arrived this morning safe and sound;  
His black coat off and his old clothes on,  
"Now I'm myself," says Farmer John;  
And he thinks, "I'll look around."  
Up leaps the dog: "Get down, you pup!  
Are you so glad you would eat me up?"  
The old cow lows at the gate to greet him,  
The horses prick up their ears to meet him:  
"Well, well, old Bay!  
Ha, ha, old Gray!  
Do you get good food when I'm away?  
"You haven't a rib," says Farmer John;  
"The cattle are looking round and sleek;  
The colt is going to be a roan,  
And a beauty too; how he has grown!  
We'll wean the calf next week."

Says Farmer John, "When I've been off,  
To call you again about the trough,  
And watch you and pet you while you drink,  
Is a greater comfort than you can think!"

And he pats old Bay,  
And he slaps old Gray.

"Ah, this is the comfort of going away!

"For after all," says Farmer John,  
"The best of a journey is getting home.  
I've seen great sights, but would I give  
This spot, and the peaceful life I live,  
For all their Paris and Rome?"

"These hills for the city's stifled air,  
And big hotels, all bustle and glare;  
Land all houses, and roads all stones  
That deafen your ears and batter your bones?  
Would you, old Bay?

Would you, old Gray?

That's what one gets by going away.

"I've found this out," says Farmer John,  
"That happiness is not bought and sold,  
And clutched in a life of waste and hurry,  
In nights of pleasure and days of worry;  
And wealth isn't all in gold,  
Mortgages, stocks, and ten per cent.,  
But in simple ways and sweet content;

Few wants, pure hope, and noble ends,  
Some land to till, and a few good friends  
Like you, old Bay,  
And you, old Gray:

That's what I learned by going away."

J. T. TROWBRIDGE.

### THE VILLAGE BOY.

FREE from the village corner, see how wild  
The village boy along the pasture hies,  
With every smell, and sound, and sight be-  
guiled,

That round the prospect meets his wondering  
eyes;  
Now, stooping, eager for the cowslip peeps,  
As though he'd get them all,—now tired of these,  
Across the flaggy brook he eager leaps,  
For some new flower his happy rapture sees;—

Now, leering 'mid the bushes on his knees  
On woodland banks, for blue-bell flowers he  
creeps;—

And now, while looking up among the trees,  
He spies a nest, and down he throws his flowers,  
And up he climbs with new-fed ecstasies;  
The happiest object in the summer hours.

J. G. CLARKE.

## HOMESICK FOR THE COUNTRY.

I 'D kind o' like to have a cot  
Fixed on some sunny slope ; a spot  
Five acres more or less,

To solace mine and me,  
I kind o' think I should desire  
To hear around the lawn a choir  
Of wood-birds singing sweet ;

And in a dell I'd have a brook,  
Where I might sit and read my  
book.



Such should be my retreat,  
Far from the city's crowd and  
noise ;  
There would I rear the girls  
and boys,  
(I have some two or three).  
And if kind Heaven should  
bless my store  
With five or six or seven more,  
How happy I would be !

## SUMMER WOODS.

THE ceaseless hum of men,  
the dusty streets,  
Crowded with multitudi-  
nous life ; the din  
Of toil and traffic, and the woe  
and sin,  
The dweller in the populous  
city meets ;  
These have I left to seek the  
cool retreats  
Of the untrodden forest, where,  
in bowers  
Built by nature's hand, in-  
laid with flowers,  
And roofed with ivy, on the  
mossy seats  
Reclining, I can while away  
the hours  
In sweetest converse with old  
books, or give  
My thoughts to God ; or fan-  
cies fugitive  
Indulge, while over me their  
radiant showers  
Of rarest blossoms the old trees  
shake down,  
And thanks to Him my medi-  
tations crown !

WILLIAM H. BURLEIGH.

With maples, cedars, cherry-trees,  
And poplars whitening in the breeze.

'T would suit my taste, I guess,  
To have the porch with vines o'erhung,  
With bells of pendant woodbine swung,  
In every bell a bee :  
And round my latticed window spread  
A clump of roses, white and red.

## DEATH IN THE COUNTRY.

FROM "THE DUTCHMAN'S FIRESIDE."

THERE is to my mind and to my early recol-  
lections something exquisitely touching in  
the tolling of a church-bell amid the silence  
of the country. It communicates for miles around  
the message of mortality. The ploughman stops  
his horses to listen to the solemn tidings ; the



housewife remits her domestic occupations, and sits with her needle idle in her fingers, to ponder who it is that is going to the long home; and even the little thoughtless children, playing and laughing their way from school, are arrested for a moment in their evening gambols by these sounds of melancholy import, and cover their heads when they go to rest.

JAMES K. PAULDING.

### THAT CALF.

TO the yard, by the barn, came the farmer one morn,  
And, calling the cattle, he said,  
While they trembled with fright: "Now which of you, last night,  
Shut the barn door while I was abed?"  
Each one of them all shook his head.

Now the little calf Spot, she was down in the lot,  
And the way the rest talked was a shame;  
For no one, night before, saw her shut up the door;  
But they said that she did, all the same,  
For they always made her take the blame.

Said the horse (dapple gray), "I was not up that way  
Last night, as I now recollect;"  
And the bull, passing by, tossed his horns very high,  
And said, "Let who may here object,  
I say this, that calf I suspect."

Then out spoke the cow, "It is terrible now,  
To accuse honest folks of such tricks."  
Said the cock in the tree, "I'm sure 'twasn't me;"  
And the sheep all cried, "Bah! (there were six)  
Now that calf's got herself in a fix."

"Why, of course we all knew 'twas the wrong thing to do,"  
Said the chickens. "Of course," said the cat.  
"I suppose," cried the mule, "some folks think me a fool,  
But I'm not quite so simple as that;  
The poor calf never knows what she's at."

Just that moment, the calf, who was always the laugh  
And the jest of the yard, came in sight.  
"Did you shut my barn door?" asked the farmer once more.  
"I did, sir, I closed it last night,"  
Said the calf; "and I thought that was right."  
Then each one shook his head. "She will catch it," they cried,  
"Serves her right for her meddlesome ways."  
Said the farmer, "Come here, little bossy, my dear,

You have done what I cannot repay,  
And your fortune is made from to-day.

"For a wonder, last night, I forgot the door quite,  
And if you had not shut it so neat,  
All my colts had slipped in, and gone right to the bin,

And got what they ought not to eat,  
They'd have foundered themselves upon wheat."

Then each hoof of them all began loudly to bawl,  
The very mule smiled, the cock crew:

"Little Spotty, my dear, you're a favorite here,"  
They cried, "we all said it was you,  
We were so glad to give you your due."  
And the calf answered knowingly, "Boo!"  
PHOEBE CARY.

### SLEIGH SONG.

JINGLE, jingle, clear the way,  
'Tis the merry, merry sleigh;  
As it swiftly scuds along  
Hear the burst of happy song,  
See the gleam of glances bright,  
Flashing o'er the pathway white.

Jingle, jingle, past it flies,  
Sending shafts from hooded eyes,—  
Roguish archers, I'll be bound,  
Little heeding whom they wound;  
See them, with capricious pranks,  
Ploughing now the drifted banks.

Jingle, jingle, mid the glee  
Who among them cares for me?  
Jingle, jingle, on they go,  
Capes and bonnets white with snow,  
Not a single robe they fold  
To protect them from the cold.

Jingle, jingle, mid the storm,  
Fun and frolic keep them warm;  
Jingle, jingle, down the hills,  
O'er the meadows, past the mills.  
Now 't is slow, and now 't is fast;  
Winter will not always last.  
Jingle, jingle, clear the way,  
'Tis the merry, merry sleigh.

G. W. PETTEE.

### A CHARMING PROSPECT.

GROVES, fields, and meadows are at any season of the year pleasant to look upon, but never so much as in the opening of the spring, when they are all new and fresh, with their first glow upon them, and not yet too much accustomed and familiar to the eye. For this reason there is nothing that more enlivens a prospect than rivers, jetteaus, or falls of water, where the scene is perpetually shifting, and entertaining the sight every moment with something that is new.

JOSEPH ADDISON.

## NIGHTFALL: A PICTURE.

LOW burns the summer afternoon ;  
 A mellow lustre lights the scene ;  
 And from its smiling beauty soon  
 The purpling shade will chase the sheen.

The old, quaint homestead's windows blaze ;  
 The cedars long black pictures show ;

The harness, bridle, saddle dart  
 Gleam from the lower, rough expanse ;  
 At either side the stooping cart,  
 Pitchfork, and plow cast looks askance.

White Dobbin through the stable doors  
 Shows his round shape ; faint color coats  
 The manger, where the farmer pours,  
 With rustling rush, the glancing oats.



And broadly slopes one path of rays  
 Within the barn, and makes it glow.

The loft stares out—the cat intent,  
 Like carving, on some gnawing rat—  
 With sun-bathed hay and rafters bent,  
 Nooked, cobwebbed homes of wasp and bat.

A sun haze streaks the dusty shed ;  
 Makes spears of seams and gems of chinks ;  
 In mottled gloss the straw is spread ;  
 And the grey grindstone dully blinks.

The sun salutes the lowest west  
 With gorgeous tints around it drawn ;



A beacon on the mountain's breast,  
A crescent, shred, a star—and gone.

The landscape now prepares for night ;  
A gauzy mist slow settles round ;  
Eve shows her hues in every sight,  
And blends her voice with every sound.

The sheep stream rippling down the dell,  
Their smooth, sharp faces pointed straight ;  
The pacing kine, with tinkling bell,  
Come grazing through the pasture gate.

The ducks are grouped, and talk in fits ;  
One yawns with stretch of leg and wing ;  
One rears and fans, then, settling, sits ;  
One at a moth makes awkward spring.

The geese march grave in Indian file,  
The ragged patriarch at the head ;  
Then, screaming, flutter off awhile,,  
Fold up, and once more stately tread.

Brave chanticleer shows haughtiest air ;  
Hurls his shrill vaunt with lofty bend ;  
Lifts foot, glares round, then follows where  
His scratching, picking partlets wend.

Staid Towser scents the glittering ground ;  
Then, yawning, draws a crescent deep,  
Wheels his head-drooping frame around  
And sinks with forepaws stretched for sleep.

The oxen, loosened from the plow,  
Rest by the pear-tree's crooked trunk ;  
Tim, standing with yoke-burdened brow,  
Trim, in a mound beside him sunk.

One of the kine upon the bank,  
Heaves her face-lifting, wheezy roar ;  
One smooths, with lapping tongue, her flank ;  
With ponderous droop one finds the floor.

Freed Dobbin through the soft, clear dark  
Glimmers across the pillared scene,  
With the grouped geese—a pallid mark—  
And scattered bushes black between.

The fire-flies freckle every spot  
With fickle light that gleams and dies ;  
The bat, a wavering, soundless blot,  
The cat, a pair of prowling eyes.

Still the sweet, fragrant dark o'erflows  
The deepening air and darkening ground,  
By its rich scent I trace the rose,  
The viewless beetle by its sound.

The cricket scrapes its rib-like bars ;  
The tree-toad purrs in whirring tone ;  
And now the heavens are set with stars,  
And night and quiet reign alone.

ALFRED B. STREET.

### THE HOUSE ON THE HILL.

FROM the weather-worn house on the brow of  
the hill  
We are dwelling afar, in our manhood, to-  
day ;

But we see the old gables and hollyhocks still,  
As they looked long ago, ere we wandered  
away ;  
We can see the tall well-sweep that stands by the  
door,  
And the sunshine that gleams on the old oaken  
floor.

We can hear the low hum of the hard-working  
bees  
At their toil in our father's old orchard, once  
more,  
In the broad, trembling tops of the bright-bloom-  
ing trees,  
As they busily gather their sweet winter store ;  
And the murmuring brook, the delightful old  
horn,  
And the cawing black crows that are pulling the  
corn.

We can hear the sharp creak of the farm-gate  
again,  
And the loud, cackling hens in the gray barn  
near by,  
With its broad sagging floor and its scaffolds of  
grain,  
And its rafters that once seemed to reach to the  
sky ;  
We behold the great beams, and the bottomless  
bay  
Where the farm-boys once joyfully jumped on the  
hay.

We can see the low hog-pen, just over the way,  
And the long-ruined shed by the side of the  
road,  
Where the sleds in the summer were hidden away  
And the wagons and plows in the winter were  
stowed ;  
And the cider-mill, down in the hollow below,  
With a long, creaking sweep, the old horse used  
to draw,

Where we learned by the homely old tub long ago,  
What a world of sweet rapture there was in a  
straw.

From the cider-casks there, loosely lying around,  
More leaked from the bung-holes than dripped on  
the ground.

We beheld the bleak hillsides still bristling with  
rocks,  
Where the mountain streams murmured with  
musical sound,  
Where we hunted and fished, where we chased the  
red fox,  
With lazy old house-dog or loud-baying hound ;

And the cold, cheerless woods we delighted to tramp

For the shy, whirring partridge, in snow to our knees,

Where, with neck-yoke and pails, in the old sugar-camp,

We gathered the sap from the tall maple-trees ;  
And the fields where our plows danced a furious jig,

While we wearily followed the furrow all day,  
Where we stumbled and bounded o'er boulders so big

That it took twenty oxen to draw them away ;

Where we sowed, where we hoed, where we cradled and mowed,

Where we scattered the swaths that were heavy with dew,

Where we tumbled, we pitched, and behind the tall load

The broken old bull-rake reluctantly drew.

How we grasped the old "Sheepskin" with feelings of scorn

As we straddled the back of the old sorrel mare,  
And rode up and down through the green rows of corn,

Like a pin on a clothes-line that sways in the air ;  
We can hear our stern fathers reproving us still,  
As the careless old creature "comes down on a hill."

We are far from the home of our boyhood to-day,  
In the battle of life we are struggling alone ;  
The weather-worn farmhouse has gone to decay,  
The chimney has fallen, its swallows have flown.

But fancy yet brings, on her bright golden wings,  
Her beautiful pictures again from the past,  
And memory fondly and tenderly clings  
To pleasures and pastimes too lovely to last.

We wander again by the river to-day ;

We sit in the school-room, o'erflowing with fun,  
We whisper, we play, and we scamper away  
When our lessons are learned and the spelling is done.

We see the old cellar where apples were kept,  
The garret where all the old rubbish was thrown,  
The little back chamber where snugly we slept,  
The homely old kitchen, the broad hearth of stone,  
Where apples were roasted in many a row,  
Where our grandmothers nodded and knit long ago.

Our grandmothers long have reposed in the tomb ;  
With a strong, healthy race they have peopled the land ;  
They worked with the spindle, they toiled at the loom,  
Nor lazily brought up their babies by hand.

The old flint-lock musket, whose awful recoil  
Made many a Nimrod with agony cry,  
Once hung on the chimney, a part of the spoil  
Our gallant old grandfathers captured at "Ti."

Brave men were our grandfathers, sturdy and strong ;  
The kings of the forest they plucked from their lands ;

They were stern in their virtues, they hated all wrong,  
And they fought for the right with their hearts and their hands.

Down, down from the hillsides they swept in their might,

And up from the valleys they went on their way,  
To fight and to fall upon Hubbardton's height,  
To struggle and conquer in Bennington's fray.

Oh ! fresh be their memory, cherished the sod  
That long has grown green o'er their sacred remains,

And grateful our hearts to a generous God  
For the blood and the spirit that flows in our veins.

Our Allens, our Starks, and our Warrens are gone,  
But our mountains remain with their evergreen crown.

The souls of our heroes are yet marching on,  
The structure they founded shall never go down.

From the weather-worn house on the brow of the hill  
We are dwelling afar, in our manhood to-day ;  
But we see the old gables and hollyhocks still,  
As they looked when we left them to wander away.

But the dear ones we loved in the sweet long ago  
In the old village churchyard sleep under the snow.

Farewell to the friends of our bright boyhood days,  
To the beautiful vales once delightful to roam,  
To the fathers, the mothers, now gone from our gaze,

From the weather-worn house to their heavenly home,  
Where they wait, where they watch, and will welcome us still,

As they waited and watched in the house on the hill.

EUGENE J. HALL.

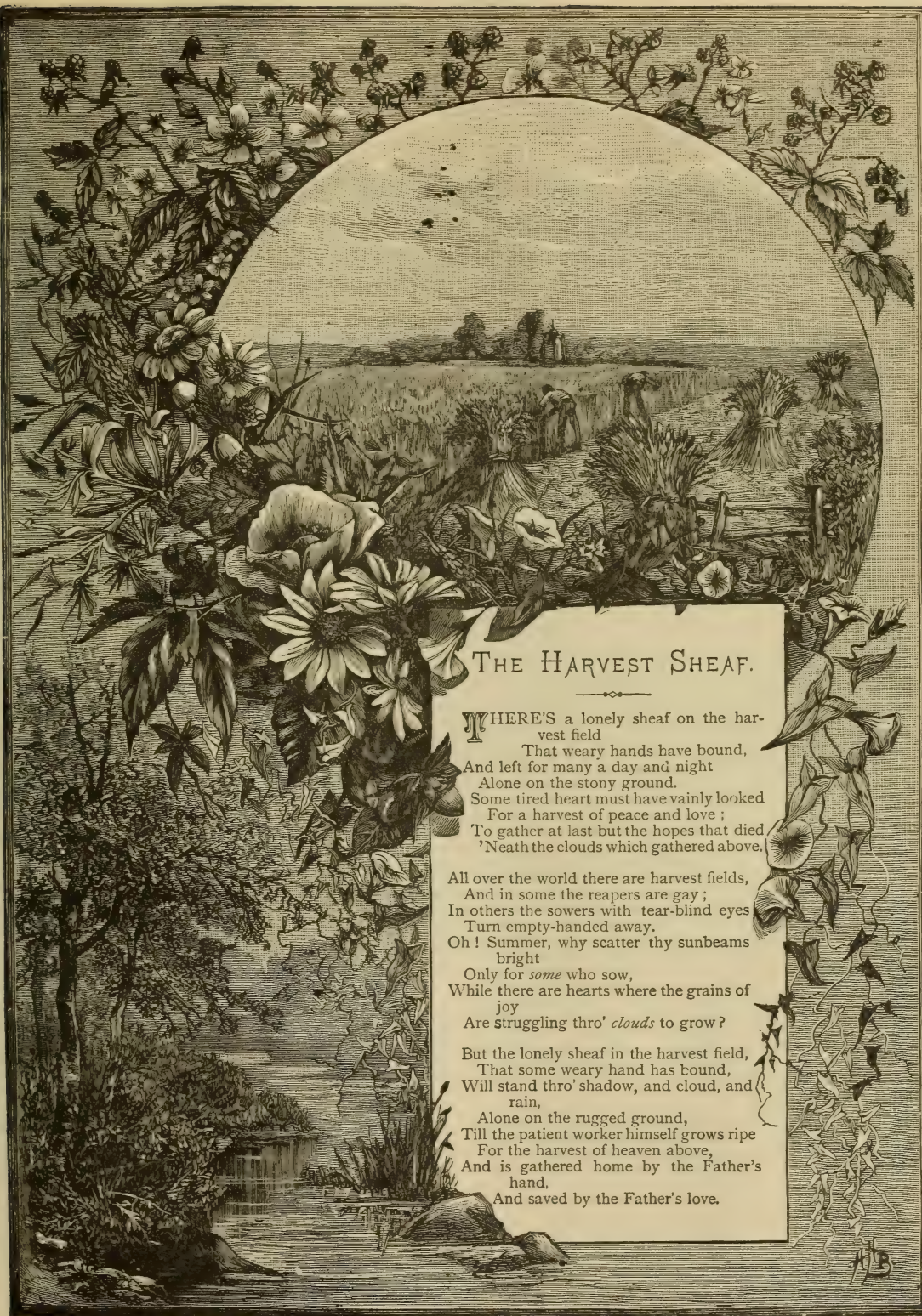
### AGRICULTURE.

**I**N ancient times, the sacred plough employed  
The kings, and awful fathers of mankind ;  
And some, with whom compared your insect tribes

Are but the beings of a summer's day,  
Have held the scale of empire, ruled the storm  
Of mighty war, then, with unwearied hand,  
Disdaining little delicacies, seized  
The plough, and greatly independent lived.

JAMES THOMSON.





## THE HARVEST SHEAF.

**T**HERE'S a lonely sheaf on the harvest field  
That weary hands have bound,  
And left for many a day and night  
Alone on the stony ground.  
Some tired heart must have vainly looked  
For a harvest of peace and love ;  
To gather at last but the hopes that died  
'Neath the clouds which gathered above.

All over the world there are harvest fields,  
And in some the reapers are gay ;  
In others the sowers with tear-blind eyes  
Turn empty-handed away.  
Oh ! Summer, why scatter thy sunbeams  
bright

Only for *some* who sow,  
While there are hearts where the grains of  
joy  
Are struggling thro' *clouds* to grow ?

But the lonely sheaf in the harvest field,  
That some weary hand has bound,  
Will stand thro' shadow, and cloud, and  
rain,  
Alone on the rugged ground,  
Till the patient worker himself grows ripe  
For the harvest of heaven above,  
And is gathered home by the Father's  
hand,  
And saved by the Father's love.



## DAN'S WIFE.

UP in early morning light,  
Sweeping, dusting, "setting aright,"  
Oiling all the household springs,  
Sewing buttons, tying strings,  
Telling Bridget what to do,  
Mending rips in Johnny's shoe,  
Running up and down the stair,  
Tying baby in her chair,  
Cutting meat, and spreading bread,  
Dishing out so much per head,  
Eating as she can, by chance,



Giving husband kindly glance,  
Toiling, working, busy life—  
"Smart woman,  
Dan's wife."

Dan comes home at fall of night,  
Home so cheerful, neat and bright,  
Children meet him at the door,  
Pull him in and look him o'er,  
Wife asks how the work has gone,  
"Busy times with us at home!"  
Supper done—Dan reads with ease;  
Happy Dan, but one to please.  
Children must be put to bed—  
All the little prayers are said,  
Little shoes are placed in rows,

Bedclothes tucked o'er little toes,  
Busy, noisy, wearing life—  
Tired woman,  
Dan's wife.

Dan reads on and falls asleep—  
See the woman softly creep;  
Baby rests at last, poor dear,  
Not a word her heart to cheer;  
Mending basket full to top,  
Stockings, shirt, and little frock;  
Tired eyes, and weary brain,  
Side with darting, ugly pain;  
"Never mind, 'twill pass away,"  
She must work, but never play;  
Closed piano, unused books,  
Done the walks to cosy nooks;  
Brightness faded out of life—  
Saddened woman,  
Dan's wife.

Upstairs, tossing to and fro,  
Fever holds the woman low;  
Children wander, free to play  
When and where they will to-day;  
Bridget loiters—dinner's cold,  
Dan looks anxious, cross, and old;  
Household screws are out of place,  
Lacking one dear, patient face;  
Steady hands, so weak, but true,  
Hands that knew just what to do,  
Never knowing rest or play,  
Folded now and laid away;  
Work of six in one short life—  
Shattered woman,  
Dan's wife.

KATE T. WOODS.



## THE ROBIN.

THOUGH the snow is falling fast  
 Specking o'er his coat with white—  
 Though loud roars the chilly blast,  
 And the evening's lost in night—

Yet from out the darkness dreary  
 Cometh still that cheerful note;  
 Praiseful aye, and never weary,  
 Is that little warbling throat.

Thank him for his lesson's sake,  
 Thank God's gentle minstrel there,  
 Who, when storms make others quake,  
 Sings of days that brighter were.

HARRISON WEIR.

## A LAY OF OLD TIME.

ONE morning of the first sad fall,  
 Poor Adam and his bride  
 Sat in the shade of Eden's wall—  
 But on the outer side.

She, blushing in her fig-leaf suit  
 For the chaste garb of old;  
 He, sighing o'er his bitter fruit  
 For Eden's drupes of gold.

Behind them, smiling in the morn,  
 Their forfeit garden lay,  
 Before them, wild with rock and thorn,  
 The desert stretched away.

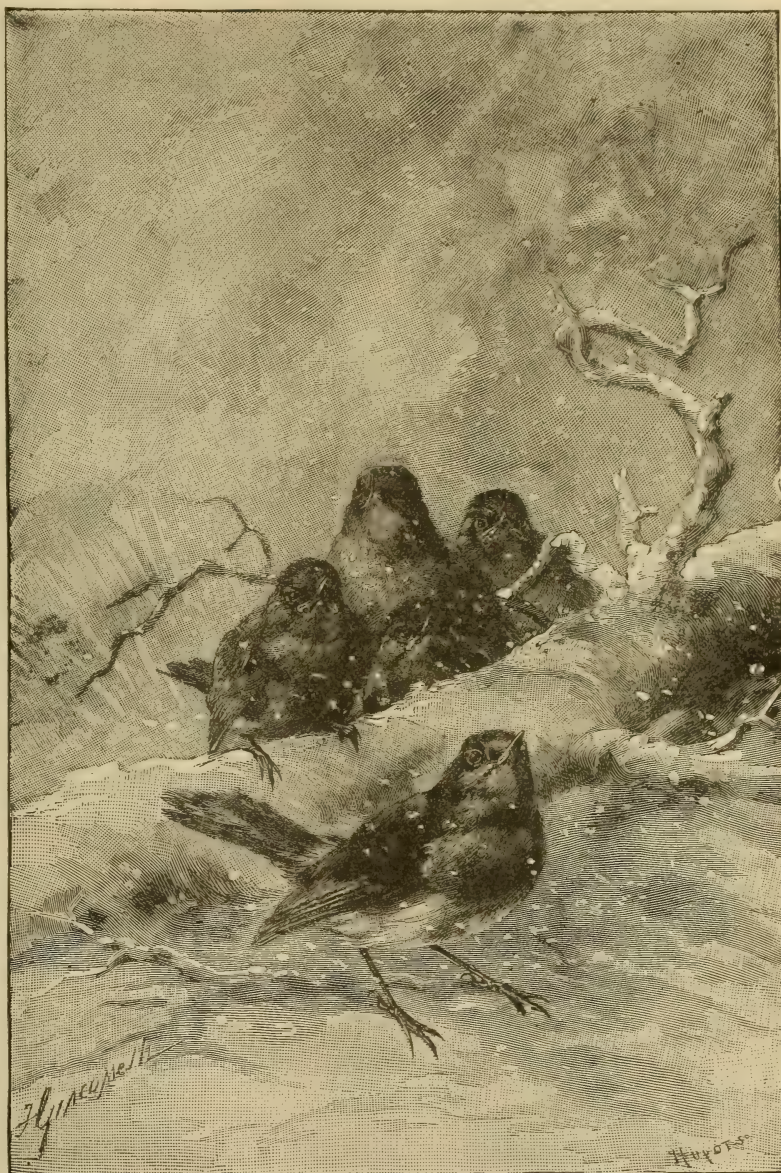
They heard the air above them fanned,  
 A light step on the sward,  
 And lo! they saw before them stand  
 The angel of the Lord!

"Arise," he said, "why look behind,  
 When hope is all before,  
 And patient hand and willing mind,  
 Your loss may yet restore?"

"I leave with you a spell whose power  
 Can make the desert glad,  
 20

And call around you fruit and flower  
 As fair as Eden had.

"I clothe your hands with power to lift  
 The curse from off your soil;



Your very doom shall seem a gift,  
 Your loss a gain through toil.

"Go, cheerful as yon humming-bees,  
 To labor as to play."  
 White glimmering over Eden's trees  
 The angel passed away.



The pilgrims of the world went forth  
Obedient to the word,  
And found wher'er they tilled the earth  
A garden of the Lord !

The thorn-tree cast its evil fruit  
And blushed with plum and pear ;  
And seeded grass and trodden root  
Grew sweet beneath their care.



We share our primal parents' fate,  
And in our turn and day,  
Look back on Eden's sworded gate  
As sad and lost as they.

But still for us his native skies  
The pitying Angel leaves,  
And leads through toil to Paradise  
New Adams and new Eves !

JOHN G. WHITTIER.

### A LITTLE SONG.

SING a song of summer time  
Coming by and by,  
Four-and-twenty blackbirds  
Sailing through the sky ;  
When the season opens  
They'll all begin to sing,  
And make the finest concert  
Ever heard upon the wing.  
Blackbirds, yellowbirds,  
Robins and the wrens,  
All coming home again  
When the winter ends.

Sing a song of summer-time,  
Coming very soon,  
With the beauty of the May,  
The glory of the June.

Now the busy farmer toils,  
Intent on crops and money,  
Now the velvet bees are out  
Hunting after honey.  
Well they know the flowery  
nooks  
Bathed in sunshine mellow,  
Where the morning-glories are,  
And roses pink and yellow.

### OUR SKATER BELLE.

A LONG the frozen lake  
she comes  
In linking crescents,  
light and fleet ;  
The ice-imprisoned Undine  
hums  
A welcome to her little feet.

I see the jaunty hat, the plume  
Swerve bird-like in the joy-  
ous gale—

The cheeks lit up to burning bloom,  
The young eyes sparkling through the veil.

The quick breath parts her laughing lips,  
The white neck shines through tossing curls ;  
Her vesture gently sways and dips,  
As on she speeds in shell-like whorls.

Men stop and smile to see her go ;  
They gaze, they smile in pleased surprise ;  
They ask her name ; they long to show  
Some silent friendship in their eyes.

She glances not ; she passes on ;  
Her steely footfall quicker rings ;  
She guesses not the benison  
Which follows her on noiseless wings.

Smooth be her ways, secure her tread  
Along the devious lines of life,  
From grace to grace successive led—  
A noble maiden, nobler wife !



## THE HOMESTEAD.

FROM the old squire's dwelling, gloomy and grand,  
Stretching away on either hand,  
Lie fields of broad and fertile land.

Acres on acres everywhere,  
The look of smiling plenty wear,  
That tells of the master's thoughtful care.

Here blossoms the clover, white and red,  
Here the heavy oats in a tangle spread,  
And the millet lifts her golden head ;

And, ripening, closely neighbored by  
Fields of barley and pale white rye,  
The yellow wheat grows strong and high.

There, miles away, like a faint blue line,  
Whenever the day is clear and fine,  
You can see the track of a river shine.

Near it a city hides unseen,  
Shut close the verdant hills between,  
As an acorn set in its cup of green.

And right beneath, at the foot of the hill,  
The little creek flows swift and still,  
That turns the wheel of Dovecote mill.

Nearer the grand old house one sees  
Fair rows of thrifty apple-trees,  
And tall straight pears o'ertopping these.



And near, untried through the summer days,  
Lifting their spears in the sun's fierce blaze,  
Stand the bearded ranks of the maize.

Straying over the side of the hill,  
The sheep run to and fro at will,  
Nibbling of short green grass their fill.

Sleek cows down the pasture take their ways,  
Or lie in the shade through the sultry days,  
Idle, and too full-fed to graze.

Ah ! you might wander far and wide,  
Nor find a spot in the country's side  
So fair to see as our valley's pride !

How, just beyond, if it will not tire  
Your feet to climb this green knoll higher,  
We can see the pretty village spire ;

And, mystic haunt of the whip-poor-wills,  
The wood, that all the background fills,  
Crowning the tops to the mill-creek hills.

And down at the foot of the garden, low  
On a rustic bench, a pretty show,  
White bee-hives, standing in a row.

Here trimmed in sprigs, with blossoms, each  
Of the little bees in easy reach,  
Hang the boughs of the plum and peach.

At the garden's head are poplars tall,  
And peacocks, making their harsh, loud call,  
Sun themselves all day on the wall.

And here you will find on every hand  
Walks and fountains and statues grand,  
And trees from many a foreign land.

And flowers, that only the learned can name,  
Here glow and burn like a gorgeous flame,  
Putting the poor man's blooms to shame.

Far away from their native air  
The Norway pines their green dress wear ;  
And larches swing their long, loose hair



Near the porch grows the broad catalpa tree,  
And o'er it the grand wisteria  
Born to the purple of royalty.

There looking the same for a weary while—  
'Twas built in this heavy, gloomy style—  
Stands the mansion, a grand old pile.

Always closed, as it is to-day,  
And the proud squire, so the neighbors say,  
Frowns each unwelcome guest away.

Who will make the delicious sketches,  
Which I'll place in my Theodore's desk.

"Then how pleasant to study the habits  
Of the creatures we meet as we roam;  
And perhaps keep a couple of rabbits,  
Or some fish and a bullfinch at home!  
The larks, when the summer has brought 'em,  
Will sing overtures quite like Mozart's,  
And the blackberries, dear, in the autumn  
Will make the most exquisite tarts.



Though some, who knew him long ago,  
If you ask, will shake their heads of snow,  
And tell you he was not always so,

Though grave and quiet at any time,  
But that now, his head in manhood's prime  
Is growing white as the winter's rime.

PHOEBE CARY.

#### A LIFE IN THE COUNTRY.

"O H! a life in the country how joyous,  
How ineffably charming it is;  
With no ill-mannered crowds to annoy us

Nor odious neighbors to quiz!"  
So murmured the beautiful Harriet  
To the fondly affectionate Brown,  
As they rolled in the flame-colored chariot  
From the nasty detestable town:  
Singing, "Oh, a life in the country how joyous,  
How ineffably charming it is!"

"I shall take a portfolio quite full  
Of the sweetest conceivable glees;  
And at times manufacture delightful  
Little odes to the doves on the trees.  
There'll be dear little stockingless wretches  
In those hats that are so picturesque,

"The bells of the sheep will be ringing  
All day amid sweet-scented showers,  
As we sit by some rivulet singing  
About May and her beautiful bowers.  
We'll take intellectual rambles  
In those balm-laden evenings of June,  
And say it reminds one of Campbell's  
(Or somebody's) lines to the moon."

But these charms began shortly to pall on  
The taste of the gay Mrs. Brown;  
She hadn't a body to call on,  
Nor a soul that could make up a gown.  
She was yearning to see her relations,  
And besides had a troublesome cough;  
And in fact she was losing all patience,  
And exclaimed, "We must really be off,  
Though a life in the country so joyous,  
So ineffably charming it is.

"But this morning I noticed a beetle  
Crawl along on the dining-room floor,  
If we stay till the summer, the heat'll  
Infallibly bring out some more.  
Now few have a greater objection  
To beetles than Harriet Brown:  
And, my dear, I think, on reflection—  
I should like to go back to the town."

C. S. CALVERLEY.



## A RURAL PICTURE.

**E**VEN now methinks  
 Each little cottage of my native vale  
 Swells out its earthen sides, upheaves its  
 roof,  
 Like to a hillock moved by laboring mole,  
 And with green trail-weeds clambering up its  
 walls,

Of 'nighted travelers, who shall gladly bend  
 Their doubtful footsteps towards the cheering  
 din.

Solemn, and grave, and cloistered, and demure  
 We shall not be. Will this content ye, damsels?

Every season  
 Shall have its suited pastime; even winter,  
 In its deep noon, when mountains piled with snow



Roses and every gay and fragrant plant  
 Before my fancy stands, a fairy bower,  
 Ay, and within it, too, do fairies dwell.  
 Peep through its wreathéd window, if indeed  
 The flowers grow not too close; and there within  
 Thou'lt see some half-a-dozen rosy brats,  
 Eating from wooden bowls their dainty milk.  
 Those are my mountain elves. Seest thou not  
 Their very forms distinctly?

I'll gather round my board  
 All that Heaven sends to me of way-worn folks,  
 And noble travelers, and neighboring friends,  
 Both young and old. Within my ample hall,  
 The worn-out man of arms shall o' tiptoe tread,  
 Tossing his grey locks from his wrinkled brow  
 With cheerful freedom, as he boasts his feats  
 Of days gone by. Music we'll have: and oft  
 The bickering dance upon our oaken floors  
 Shall, thundering loud, strike on the distant ear

And choked-up valleys from our mansion bar  
 All entrance, and nor guest nor traveler  
 Sounds at our gate; the empty hall forsaken,  
 In some warm chamber, by the crackling fire,  
 We'll hold our little, snug, domestic court,  
 Plying our work with song and tale between.

JOANNA BAILLIE.

## PEACEFUL ENJOYMENT.

**T**AKE the case of a common English land-  
 landscape;—green meadows with fat cattle;  
 canals, or navigable rivers; well-fenced,  
 well-cultivated fields; neat, clean, scattered cot-  
 tages; humble antique church, with church-yard  
 elms; and crossing hedge-rows, all seen under  
 bright skies, and in good weather; there is much  
 beauty, as every one will acknowledge, in such a  
 scene,



But in what does the beauty consist? Not, certainly, in the mere mixture of colors and forms; for colors more pleasing, and lines more graceful (according to any theory of grace that may be preferred), might be spread upon a board, or a painter's pallet, without engaging the eye to a second glance, or raising the least emotion in the mind: but in the picture of human happiness that



is presented to our imaginations and affections—and in the visible and unequivocal signs of comfort, and cheerful and peaceful enjoyment—and of that secure and successful industry that insures its continuance—and of the piety by which it is exalted—and of the simplicity by which it is contrasted with the guilt and the fever of a city life—in the images of health and temperance and plenty which it exhibits to every eye, and in the glimpses which it affords to warmer imaginations of those primitive or fabulous times when man was uncorrupted by luxury and ambition; and of those humble retreats in which we still delight to imagine that love and philosophy may find an unpolluted asylum.

LORD JEFFREY.

#### A HARVEST HYMN.

**G**REAT GOD! our heart-felt thanks to Thee!  
We feel thy presence everywhere;  
And pray, that we may ever be  
Thus objects of thy guardian care.

We sowed!—by Thee our work was seen,  
And blessed; and instantly went forth  
Thy mandate; and in living green  
Soon smiled the fair and fruitful  
earth.

We toiled!—and Thou didst note our  
toil;  
And gav'st the sunshine and the  
rain,  
Till ripened on the teeming soil  
The fragrant grass, and golden grain.

And now, we reap!—and oh, our God!  
From this, the earth's unbounded  
floor,  
We send our song of thanks abroad,  
And pray Thee, bless our hoarded  
store!

W. D. GALLAGHER.

#### MY LITTLE BROOK.

**A**LITTLE brook half hidden  
under trees—  
It gives me peace and rest the  
whole day through,  
Having this little brook to wander to,  
So cool, so clear, with grassy banks  
and these  
Sweet miracles of violets 'neath the  
trees.

There is a rock where I can sit and  
see  
The crystal ripples dancing down and  
racing,  
Like children round the stones each  
other chasing,

Then for a moment pausing seriously  
In a dark mimic pond that I can see.

The rock is rough and broken on its edge  
With jutting corners, but there come alway  
The merry ripples with their tiny spray,  
To press it ere they flow on by the sedge,  
They never fail the old rock's broken edge.

I sit here by the stream in full content,  
It is so constant, and I lay my hand  
Down through its waters on the golden sand,  
And watch the sunshine with its shallows blent,  
Watch it with ever-growing, sweet content.

And yet the waves they come I know not  
whence,  
And they flow on from me I know not whither,



Sometimes my fancy pines to follow thither ;  
 But I can only see the forest dense—  
 Still the brook flows I know not where nor  
 whence.

Who knows from what far hills it threads its  
 way,  
 What mysteries of cliffs and pines and skies  
 O'erhang the spot where its first fountains rise,  
 What shy wild deer may stoop to taste its spray,  
 Through what rare regions my brook threads  
 its way.

I only see the trees above, below,  
 Who knows through what fair lands the stream  
 may run,  
 What children play, what homes are built thereon,  
 Through what great cities broadening it may  
 go?—  
 I only see the trees above, below.

What do I care? I pause with full content,  
 My little brook beside the rock to see,  
 What it has been or what it yet may be,  
 Naught matters, I but know that it is sent  
 Flowing my way, and I am well content.

MARY B. BRANCH.

### CONRAD IN THE CITY.

FROM "TWIN SOULS: A PSYCHIC ROMANCE."

**B**ACK in the noisy, man-made town,  
 Walls high and blank, smoke-fouled  
 and brown,  
 A factory whose clattering wheels  
 With rattling speed are crazed and  
 hot,

Where life its best and worst reveals,  
 Where money *is* and man is *not*—  
 There was but little to impart  
 Content to Conrad's harassed heart.  
 He missed the ocean, missed the hills,  
 Woods, meadows, vales and romping rills.

A man within the city pent,  
 Whose mornings, noons and nights are spent  
 As if in prison serving time  
 To expiate some flagrant crime,  
 Is blind to nature's changing scene,  
 Earth, sky and clouds that intervene,  
 And all the rich and floral blooms  
 That dress the fields and breathe perfumes.

His landscape is the dusty street,  
 The back yard is his cool retreat,  
 His trees are poles with wires strung,  
 His birds are poultry, old and young,  
 His bower where twilight lovers hide  
 Is in an alley five feet wide,  
 His charming rest in shaded gullies  
 Is under awnings worked with pulleys.

His brook, whose waters leap and sputter,  
 Is found in every city gutter,  
 And all his wide and open heaven  
 Is in a room ten feet by seven.

There in the country prospects fair,  
 Here in the city smudgy air ;  
 There, grand old hills that prop the sky,  
 Here, buildings thirteen stories high ;  
 There, purling streams that sing and prattle,  
 Here, draymen's carts that jolt and rattle ;  
 There nature's hues of green and gold,  
 Here, whitewash, stucco, paint and mould ;  
 There, growing shrubs with blossoms bright,  
 Here, iron lamp-posts bolt upright ;  
 There, waving tops of elm and oak,  
 Here, chimneys tops begrimed with smoke ;  
 There, gurgling fountains on the lawn,  
 Here, draughts from rusty faucets drawn ;  
 There, bird-songs heard on mossy banks,  
 Here, music played by organ cranks ;  
 There, odors of the pink and rose,  
 Here, odors—different from those ;  
 There, valleys, slopes and verdant plains,  
 Rare berries, vines and billowy grains ;  
 Here, markets, shops and dirty stables,  
 Wheelbarrows, trolleys and car-cables !

Strange contrast now the seething town  
 To mountain glen with mossy down ;  
 Yet where is marked the path of duty,  
 There all things wear the garb of beauty.  
 Where noble aims employ the hours,  
 Dull workshops turn to floral bowers,  
 Life's routine has its sanctities,  
 And labor's blows are symphonies.

Now to the anvil !—Conrad thought—  
 Life is a thing that must be wrought,  
 Must be hard hammered, must be moulded,  
 Its new and living shapes unfolded.  
 We cannot choose our fields, our sky,  
 Nor swerve the fate that shall deny  
 Our wish to find unvexed content,  
 And build our own environment.  
 I think, I guess—but do not know :  
 Child-like, I trust the winds that blow,  
 And if I'm blown to unknown strand,  
 It will be wiser than I planned :  
 The harbor waits, I know not where—  
 My home-bound bark will anchor there,  
 And gain, through harmless storms or calms,  
 The isles of spices and of palms.

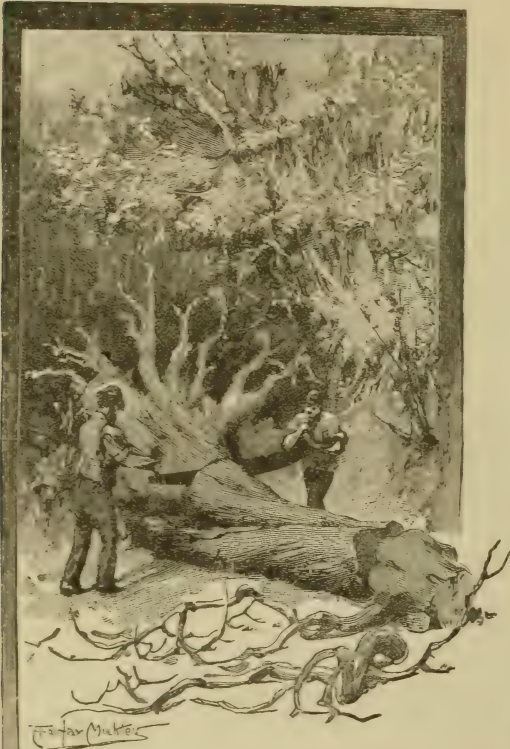
HENRY DAVENPORT.

### THE REAPERS.

**I** SIGH for the time  
 When the reapers at morn  
 Come down from the hill  
 At the sound of the horn ;  
 Or when dragging the rake,  
 I followed them out

While they tossed the light sheaves  
 With their laughter about;  
 Through the field, with boy-daring,  
 Barefooted I ran;  
 But the stubbles foreshadowed  
 The path of the man.  
 Now the uplands of life  
 Lie all barren of sheaves—  
 While my footsteps are loud  
 In the withering leaves.

T. BUCHANAN READ.



#### THE DRUDGE.

POOR drudge of the city!  
 How happy he feels,  
 With burrs on his legs  
 And the grass at his heels;  
 No *dodger* behind,  
 His bandannas to share,  
 No constable grumbling—  
 "You cannot go there!"

O. W. HOLMES.

#### THE HAYMAKER'S ROUNDELAY.

D RIFTED snow no more is seen,  
 Blust'ring winter passes by;  
 Merry spring comes clad in green,  
 While woodlands pour their melody:  
 I hear him! hark!  
 The merry lark

Calls us to the new-mown hay,  
 Piping to our roundelay.

When the golden sun appears,  
 On the mountain's surly brow,  
 When his jolly beams he rears,  
 Darting joy, behold them now:  
 Then, then, oh hark!  
 The merry lark  
 Calls us to the new-mown hay,  
 Piping to our roundelay.

What are honors? What's a court?  
 Calm content is worth them all;  
 Our honor is to drive the cart,  
 Our brightest court the harvest hall:  
 But now—oh hark!  
 The merry lark  
 Calls us to the new-mown hay,  
 Piping to our roundelay.

#### TRUE RICHES.

THANKS to my humble nature, while I've  
 limbs,  
 Tastes, senses, I'm determined to be rich;  
 So long as that fine alchymist, the sun,  
 Can transmute into gold whate'er I like  
 On earth, in air, or water! while a banquet  
 Is ever spread before me, in a hall  
 Of heaven's own building, perfumed with the  
 breath  
 Of nature's self, and ringing to the sounds  
 Of her own choristers.

J. N. BARKER.

#### THE COUNTRY MAID.

O H fairest of the rural maids!  
 Thy birth was in the forest shades;  
 Green boughs, and glimpses of the sky,  
 Were all that met thy infant eye.

Thy sports, thy wanderings, when a child,  
 Were ever in the sylvan wild;  
 And all the beauty of the place  
 Is in thy heart and on thy face.

The twilight of the trees and rocks  
 Is in the light shade of thy locks;  
 Thy step is as the wind that weaves  
 Its playful way among the leaves.

Thine eyes are springs, in whose serene  
 And silent waters heaven is seen;  
 Their lashes are the herbs that look  
 On their young figures in the brook.

The forest depths, by foot unpressed,  
 Are not more sinless than thy breast;  
 The holy peace, that fills the air  
 Of those calm solitudes, is there.

W. C. BRYANT.





THE RURAL MAID.



## SELLING THE FARM.

WELL, why don't you say it, husband? I know what you want to say;  
 You want to talk about selling the farm,  
 for the mortgage we cannot pay.  
 I know that we cannot pay it; I have thought of  
 it o'er and o'er;  
 For the wheat has failed on the corner lot, where  
 wheat never failed before.

And everything here's gone backward since Willie  
 went off to sea

I thought that the merciful Father would somehow  
 care for the lad,  
 Because he was trying to better the past, and be-  
 cause he was all we had.  
 But now I am well-nigh hopeless, since the hope  
 for my boy has fled,  
 For selling the farm means giving him up, and  
 knowing for sure he's dead.

O Thomas! how can we leave it, the home we  
 have always known?



To pay the mortgage and save the farm, the home-  
 stead, for you and me.

I know it was best to give it; it was right that the  
 debts be paid—

The debts that our thoughtless Willie, in the hours  
 of his weakness, made;

And Will would have paid it fairly, you know it as  
 well as I,

If the ship had not gone down that night, when  
 no other ship was nigh.

But, somehow, I didn't quit hoping, and ever I've  
 tried to pray—

(But I know if our Will was alive on earth, he'd  
 surely been here to-day).

We won it away from the forest, and made it so  
 much our own.

First day we kept house together was the day that  
 you brought me here;

And no other place in the wide, wide world will  
 ever be half so dear.

Of course you remember it, Thomas—I need not  
 ask you, I know,

For this is the month, and this is the day—it was  
 twenty-six years ago.

And don't you remember it, Thomas, the winter  
 the barn was made,

How we were so proud and happy, for all our  
 debts were paid?



The crops were good that summer, and everything  
worked like a charm,  
And we felt so rich and contented, to think we  
had paid for the farm.  
And now to think we must leave it, when here I  
was hoping to die;  
It seems as if it was breaking my heart, but the  
fount of my tears is dry.

There's a man up there in the village that's want-  
ing to buy, you say;  
Well, Thomas, he'll have to have it; but why does  
he come to day?  
But there, it is wrong to grieve you, for you have  
enough to bear,  
And in all of our petty trouble, you always have  
borne your share;  
I am but a sorry helpmeet since I have so childish  
grown:  
There, there, go on to the village; let me have it  
out alone.

Poor Thomas, he's growing feeble, he steps so  
weary and slow;  
There is not much in his looks to-day like twenty-  
six years ago.  
But I know that his heart is youthful as it was  
when we first were wed,  
And his love is as strong as ever for me, and for  
Willie, our boy that's dead.  
Oh, Willie, my baby Willie! I shall never see  
him more;  
I never shall hear his footsteps as he comes through  
the open door.

"How are you, dear little mother?" were always  
the words he'd say;  
It seems as if I would give the world to hear it  
again to-day.  
I knew when my boy was coming, be it ever so  
early or late,  
He was always a whistling "Home, Sweet Home,"  
as he opened the garden gate.

And many and many a moment, since the night  
that the ship went down,  
Have I started up at a whistle like his, out there  
on the road from town;  
And in many a night of sorrow, in the silence,  
early and late,  
Have I held my breath at a footstep that seemed  
to pause at the gate.

I hope that he cannot see us, wherever his soul  
may be;  
It would grieve him to know the trouble that's  
come to father and me.  
Out there is the tree he planted the day he was  
twelve years old;  
The sunlight is glinting through it, and turning  
its leaves to gold;

And often, when I was lonely, and no one near at  
hand,  
I have talked to it hours together, as if it could  
understand;  
And sometimes I used to fancy, whenever I spoke  
of my boy,  
It was waving its leaves together, like clapping its  
hands for joy.

It may be the man that will own it, that's coming  
to buy to-day,  
Will be chopping it down, or digging it up, and  
burning it out of the way.  
And there are the pansies yonder, and the roses he  
helped to tend:  
Why, every bush on the dear old place is as dear  
as a tried old friend.

And now we must go and leave them—but there  
they come from town;  
I haven't had time to smooth my hair, or even to  
change my gown.  
I can see them both quite plainly, although it is  
getting late,  
And the stranger's a whistling "Home, Sweet  
Home," as he comes up from the gate.  
I'll go out into the kitchen now, for I don't want  
to look on his face:  
What right has he to be whistling that, unless he  
has bought the place?

Why, can that be Thomas coming? He usually  
steps so slow;  
There's something come into his footsteps like  
twenty-six years ago;  
There's something that sounds like gladness, and  
the man that he used to be  
Before our Willie went out from home to die on  
the stormy sea.

What, Thomas! Why are you smiling and hold-  
ing my hands so tight?  
And why don't you tell me quickly—must we go  
from the farm to-night?  
What's that? "You bring me tidings, and tidings  
of wonderful joy?"  
It cannot be very joyous, unless it is news of my  
boy.  
O, Thomas! You cannot mean it! Here, let me  
look in your face;  
Now, tell me again—it is Willie that's wanting to  
buy the place?"

BETH DAY.

### TOWN AND COUNTRY.

God made the country and man made the town;  
What wonder then, that health and virtue, gifts  
That can alone make sweet the bitter draught  
That life holds out to all, should most abound  
And least be threatened in the fields and groves?

WILLIAM COWPER.



THE harvest dawn is near,  
The year delays not long;  
And he who sows with many a tear  
Shall reap with many a song.

Sad to his toil he goes,  
His seed with weeping leaves;  
But he shall come at twilight's close,  
And bring his golden sheaves.

#### THE PUMPKIN.

GREENLY and fair in the lands of the sun,  
The vines of the gourd and the rich melon  
run,  
And the rock and the tree and the cottage enfold,  
With broad leaves all greenness and blossoms all  
gold,  
Like that which o'er Nineveh's prophet once grew,  
While he waited to know that his warning was true,  
And longed for the storm-cloud, and listened in  
vain

For the rush of the whirlwind and red-fire rain.

On the banks of the Xenil, the dark Spanish maiden  
Comes up with the fruit of the tangled vine laden;  
And the Creole of Cuba laughs out to behold  
Through orange-leaves shining the broad spheres  
of gold;

Yet with dearer delight from his home in the  
North,

On the fields of his harvest the Yankee looks forth,  
Where crook-necks are coiling and yellow fruit  
shines,

And the sun of September melts down on his vines.

Ah! on Thanksgiving Day, when from East and  
from West,

From North and from South come the pilgrim and  
guest,

When the grey-haired New Englander sees round  
his board

The old broken links of affection restored,  
When the care-wearied man seeks his mother once  
more,

And the worn matron smiles where the girl smiled  
before,

What moistens the lip, and what brightens the eye?  
What calls back the past, like the rich pumpkin-pie?

O, fruit loved of boyhood! the old days recalling;  
When wood-grapes were purpling and brown nuts  
were falling!

When wild, ugly faces we carved in its skin,  
Glaring out through the dark with a candle within!  
When we laughed round the corn-heap, with hearts  
all in tune,

Our chair a broad pumpkin, our lantern the moon,  
Telling tales of the fairy who traveled like steam  
In a pumpkin-shell coach, with two rats for her  
team!

Then thanks for thy present!—none sweeter or  
better

E'er smoked from an oven or circled a platter!  
Fairer hands never wrought at a pastry more fine,  
Brighter eyes never watched o'er its baking than  
thine!



And the prayer, which my mouth is too full to  
express,  
Swells my heart that thy shadow may never be  
less,  
That the days of thy lot may be lengthened below,

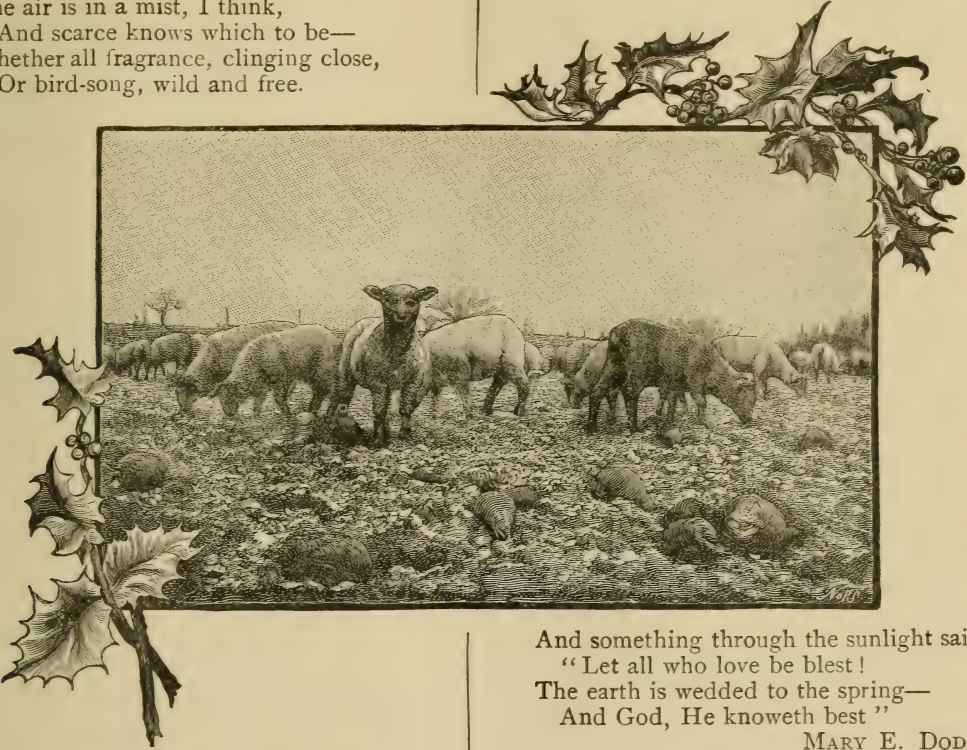
And the fame of thy worth like a pumpkin-vine  
grow,  
And thy life be as sweet, and its last sunset sky  
Gold-tinted and fair as thine own pumpkin-pie !  
J. G. WHITTIER.

BLOSSOM-TIME.

THERE'S a wedding in the orchard, dear,  
I know it by the flowers ;  
They're wreathed on every bough and branch,  
Or falling down in showers.

The air is in a mist, I think,  
And scarce knows which to be—  
Whether all fragrance, clinging close,  
Or bird-song, wild and free.

And though I saw no wedding-guest,  
Nor groom, nor gentle bride,  
I know that holy things were asked,  
And holy love replied.



And countless wedding-jewels shine,  
And golden gifts of grace ;  
I never saw such wealth of sun  
In any shady place.

It seemed I heard the flutt'ring robes  
Of maidens clad in white,  
The claspings of a thousand hands  
In tenderest delight :

While whispers rang among the boughs  
Of promises and praise ;  
And playful, loving messages  
Sped through the leaf-lit ways.

And just beyond the wreathed aisles  
That end against the blue,  
The raiment of the wedding-choir  
And priest came shining through.

And something through the sunlight said :  
" Let all who love be blest !  
The earth is wedded to the spring—  
And God, He knoweth best "

MARY E. DODGE.

COUNTRY LIFE.

THE merchant tempts me with his gold,  
The gold he worships night and day ;  
He bids me leave this dreary wold,  
And come into the city gay.  
I will not go ; I won't be sold ;  
I scorn his pleasures and array ;  
I'll rather bear the country's cold,  
Than from its freedom walk away.

What is to me the city's pride ?  
The haunt of luxury and pleasure ;  
Those fields and hills, this wild brookside,  
To me are better beyond measure.  
'Mid country scenes I'll still abide ;  
With country life and country leisure,  
Content, whatever may betide,  
With common good instead of treasure.

## THE OLD MILL.

**B**ESIDE the stream the grist-mill stands,  
 With bending roof and leaning wall;  
 So old, that when the winds are wild,  
 The miller trembles lest it fall;  
 And yet it baffles wind and rain,  
 Our brave old mill, and will again.

Its dam is steep, and hung with weeds;  
 The gates are up, the waters pour,  
 And tread the old wheels slippery round,  
 The lowest step forever o'er.  
 Methinks they fume, and chafe with ire,  
 Because they cannot climb it higher.

From morn to night in autumn time,  
 When harvests fill the neighboring plains,  
 Up to the mill the farmers drive,  
 And back anon with loaded wains;  
 And when the children come from school  
 They stop and watch its foamy pool.

The mill inside is small and dark;  
 But peeping in the open door  
 You see the miller flitting round,  
 The dusty bags along the floor,  
 The whirling shaft, the clattering spout,  
 And the yellow meal a-pouring out!

All day the meal is floating there,  
 Rising and falling in the breeze;  
 And when the sunlight strikes its mist  
 It glitters like a swarm of bees;  
 Or like the cloud of smoke and light  
 Above a blacksmith's forge at night.

I love our pleasant, quaint old mill,  
 It still recalls my boyish prime;  
 'Tis changed since then, and so am I,  
 We both have known the touch of time;  
 The mill is crumbling in decay,  
 And I—my hair is early gray.

I stand beside the stream of life,  
 And watch the current sweep along;  
 And when the flood-gates of my heart  
 Are raised, it turns the wheel of song;  
 But scant, as yet, the harvest brought  
 From out the golden fields of thought.

R. H. STODDARD.

## BACK TO THE FARM.

**B**ACK to the farm these autumn days,  
 A-swinging and a-swinging,  
 A fellow's brooding fancy strays,  
 A-swinging and a-swinging!  
 The frost that makes the pumpkin sweet—  
 You feel it in the city street;

The cobwebs hanging o'er the way  
 Are spiders' poems to the day;  
 The cricket's palpitating song  
 Is but the echo of a gong  
 The Liliputians might have beat  
 In sounding some ill-starred retreat;  
 The ripened cymlings, round and fair,  
 Seem fairies' skulls a-bleaching there;  
 And where the apples to the gaze  
 Make pimples on the orchard's face,  
 A haws hangs in the upper sea—  
 A loosened skiff that lazily  
 Is swinging and a-swinging.

Back to the old plantation days,  
 A-swinging and a-swinging,  
 O'er hazy hills and browning braes,  
 A-swinging and a-swinging!  
 The geese file through the pasture slow,  
 Like mimic cotton drays that go  
 Up city streets to where are furled  
 In bales the comforts of a world!  
 The old folks putter round the house—  
 The father turning in the cows  
 To graze where rye among the stalks  
 Is green as Gul's enamored walks;  
 And mother sings an old-time hymn  
 In rooms where hang on walls the dim  
 And pictured faces of the loved,  
 Who've died or from the home nest roved,  
 And dear old folks! there's one at least  
 Who through the years has never ceased  
 To long to be with you again,  
 Where dear old days through autumn's reign  
 Go swinging and a-swinging!

WILL T. HALE.

## GREEN RIVER.

**W**HEN breezes are soft and skies are fair,  
 I steal an hour from study and care,  
 And hie me away to the woodland scene,  
 Where wanders the stream with waters of green,  
 As if the bright fringe of herbs on its brink  
 Had given their stain to the wave they drink;  
 And they, whose meadows it murmurs through,  
 Have named the stream from its own fair hue.

Though forced to drudge for the dregs of men,  
 And scrawl strange words with the barbarous pen,  
 And mingle among the jostling crowd,  
 Where the sons of strife are subtle and loud—  
 I often come to this quiet place,  
 To breathe the airs that ruffle thy face,  
 And gaze upon thee in silent dream,  
 For in thy lonely and lovely stream  
 An image of that calm life appears  
 That won my heart in my greener years.

W. C. BRYANT.



## THE HAYMAKERS.

DOWN on the Merrimac River,  
While the autumn grass is green,  
Oh, there the jolly hay-men  
In their gundalows are seen;  
Floating down, as ebbs the current,  
And the dawn leads on the day,  
With their scythes and rakes all ready,  
To gather in the hay.

The good wife, up the river,  
Has made the oven hot,  
And with plenty of pandowdy  
Has filled her earthen pot.  
Their long oars sweep them onward,  
As the ripples round them play,  
And the jolly hay-men drift along  
To make the meadow hay.



At the bank-side then they moor her,  
Where the sluggish waters run,  
By the shallow creek's low edges,  
Beneath the fervid sun—  
And all day long the toilers  
Mow their swaths, and day by day,  
You can see their scythe blades flashing  
At the cutting of the hay.

When the meadow-birds are flying,  
Then down go scythe and rake,  
And right and left their scattering shots  
The sleeping echoes wake—  
For silent spreads the broad expanse,  
To the sand-hills far away,  
And thus they change their work for sport,  
At making of the hay.

When the gundalows are loaded—  
Gunwales to the water's brim—  
With their little square-sails set atop,  
Up the river how they swim!  
At home, beside the fire, by night,  
While the children round them play,  
What tales the jolly hay-men tell  
Of getting in the hay!

GEORGE LUNT.

## THE SONG OF THE MOWERS.

WE are up and away, ere the sunrise hath  
kissed  
In the valley below us, that ocean of  
mist,  
Ere the tops of the hills have grown bright in its  
ray,  
With our scythes on our shoulders, we're up and  
away.

The freshness and beauty of morning are ours,  
The music of birds and the fragrance of flowers;  
And our trail is the first that is seen in the dew,  
As our pathway through orchards and lanes we  
pursue.

Hurrah! here we are! now together, as one,  
Give your scythes to the sward, and press steadily  
on;

All together, as one, o'er the stubble we pass,  
With a swing and a ring of the steel through the  
grass.

Before us the clover stands thickly and tall,  
At our left it is piled in a verdurous wall;  
And never breathed monarch more fragrant per-  
fumes  
Than the sunshine distills from its leaves and its  
blossoms.

Invisible censers around us are swung,  
And anthems exultant from tree-tops are flung;  
And 'mid fragrance and music and beauty we share  
The jubilant life of the earth and the air.

Let the priest and the lawyer grow pale in their  
shades,  
And the slender young clerk keep his skin like a  
maid's;  
We care not, though dear Mother Nature may  
bronze

Our cheeks with the kiss that she gives to her sons.

Then cheerly, boys, cheerly! together, as one,  
Give your scythes to the sward, and press steadily on;  
All together, as one, o'er the stubble we pass,  
With a swing and a ring of the steel through the  
grass.

W. H. BURLEIGH.

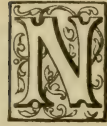
## THE COUNTRY LIFE.



Some peach-trees, with unfruitful boughs,  
A well, with weeds to hide it;  
No flowers, or only such as rise  
Self-sown, poor things, which all despise.

Dear country home! Can I forget  
The least of thy sweet trifles?  
The window-vines that clamber yet,  
Whose bloom the bee still rifles?  
The roadside blackberries, growing ripe,  
And in the woods the Indian Pipe?

Happy the man who tills his field,  
Content with rustic labor;  
Earth does to him her fulness yield,  
Hap what may to his neighbor.



NOT what we would, but what we must,  
Makes up the sum of living;  
Heaven is both more and less than just  
In taking and in giving.  
Swords cleave to hands that sought the plough,  
And laurels miss the soldier's brow.  
Me, whom the city holds, whose feet  
Have worn its stony highways,  
Familiar with its loneliest street—  
Its ways were never my ways.  
My cradle was beside the sea,  
And there, I hope, my grave will be.  
Old homestead! In that old gray town,  
Thy vane is seaward blowing,  
The slip of garden stretches down  
To where the tide is flowing;  
Below they lie, their sails all furled,  
The ships that go about the world.  
Dearer that little country house,  
Inland, with pines beside it;

Well days, sound nights, oh, can there be  
A life more rational and free?

Dear country life of child and man!

For both the best, the strongest,  
That with the earliest race began,  
And hast outlived the longest;  
Their cities perished long ago;  
Who the first farmers were we know.

Perhaps our Babels, too, will fall;  
If so, no lamentations,  
For Mother Earth will shelter all,  
And feed the unborn nations;  
Yes, and the swords that menace now,  
Will then be beaten to the plough.

R. H. STODDARD.

## THE PLOUGH.

FAR back in the ages,  
The plough with wreaths was crowned;  
The hands of kings and sages  
Entwined the chaplet round;  
Till men of spoil disdained the toil  
By which the world was nourished,  
And dews of blood enriched the soil  
Where green their laurels flourished;  
Now the world her fault repairs—  
The guilt that stains her story;  
And weeps her crimes amid the cares  
That formed her earliest glory.

The proud throne shall crumble,  
The diadem shall wane,  
The tribes of earth shall humble  
The pride of those who reign;  
And war shall lay his pomp away;—  
The fame that heroes cherish,  
The glory earned in deadly fray  
Shall fade, decay, and perish.  
Honor waits, o'er all the earth,  
Through endless generations,  
The art that calls her harvests forth,  
And feeds the expectant nations.

W. C. BRYANT.

## THE SACRED WOODS.

WHEN I am safe in my sylvan home,  
I mock at the pride of Greece and Rome!  
And when I am stretched beneath the  
pines  
When the evening star so holy shines,

I laugh at the lore and pride of man,  
At the Sophist's schools, and the learned clan;  
For what are they all in their high conceit,  
When man in the bush with God may meet?

R. W. EMERSON.



## THE MOWERS.

WHERE mountains round a lonely dale  
 Our cottage-roof enclose,  
 Come night or morn, the hissing pail  
 With yellow cream o'erflows ;  
 And roused at break of day from sleep,  
 And cheerly trudging hither—  
 A scythe-sweep, and a scythe-sweep,  
 We mow the grass together.

The fog drawn up the mountain-side  
 And scattered flake by flake,  
 The chasm of blue above grows wide,  
 And richer blue the lake ;  
 Gay sunlights o'er the hillocks creep,  
 And join for golden weather—  
 A scythe-sweep, and a scythe-sweep,  
 We mow the dale together.

To-morrow's sky may laugh or weep,  
 To Heaven we leave it, whether—  
 A scythe-sweep, and a scythe-sweep,  
 We've done our task together.

WILLIAM ALLINGHAM.

## THE CORNFIELD.

SOON as the morning trembles o'er the sky,  
 And, unperceived, unfolds the spreading day,  
 Before the ripened field the reapers stand,  
 At once they stoop and swell the lusty sheaves.

While through their cheerful band the rural talk  
 The rural scandal, and the rural jest,  
 Fly harmless, to deceive the tedious time,  
 And steal unfelt the sultry hours away.

JAMES THOMSON.



The good-wife stirs at five, we know,  
 And master soon comes round,  
 And many swaths must lie a-row  
 Ere breakfast-horn shall sound ;  
 The clover and the florin deep,  
 The grass of silvery feather—  
 A scythe-sweep and a scythe-sweep  
 We mow the dale together.

The noon-tide brings its welcome rest  
 Our toil-wet brows to dry ;  
 Anew with merry stave and jest  
 The shrieking hone we ply.  
 White falls the brook from steep to steep  
 Among the purple heather—  
 A scythe-sweep, and a scythe-sweep,  
 We mow the dale together.

For dial, see, our shadows turn ;  
 Low lies the stately mead ;  
 A scythe, an hour-glass, and an urn—  
 All flesh is grass, we read.

## MY HEAVEN.

RICH, though poor !  
 My low-roofed cottage is this hour a heaven  
 Music is in it—and the song she sings,  
 That sweet-voiced wife of mine, arrests the ear  
 Of my young child awake upon her knee  
 And with his calm eye on his master's face  
 My noble hound lies couchant.

N. P. WILLIS.

## CHILDREN AND FLOWERS.

THE birds begin to sing—they utter a few  
 rapturous notes, and then wait for an answer  
 in the silent woods. Those green-coated  
 musicians, the frogs, make holiday in the  
 neighboring marshes. They, too, belong to the  
 orchestra of nature ; whose vast theatre is again  
 opened, though the doors have been so long  
 bolted with icicles, and the scenery hung with  
 snow and frost, like cobwebs. This is the pre-

lude, which announces the rising of the broad green curtain. Already the grass shoots forth. The waters leap with thrilling pulse through the veins of the earth; the sap through the veins of the plants and trees; and the blood through the veins of man.

What a thrill of delight in springtime! What a joy in being and moving! Men are at work in gardens; and in the air there is an odor of the fresh earth. The leaf-buds begin to swell and blush. The white blossoms of the cherry hang upon the boughs like snow-flakes, and ere long our next-door neighbors will be completely hidden from us by the dense green foliage. The May flowers open their soft blue eyes. Children are let loose in the fields and gardens. They hold butter-cups under each other's chins, to see if they love butter. And the little girls adorn themselves

with chains and curls of dandelions; pull out the yellow leaves to see if the schoolboy loves them, and blow the down from the leadless stalk, to find out if their mothers want them at home.

And at night so cloudless and so still! Not a voice of living thing—not a whisper of leaf or waving bough—not a breath of wind—not a sound upon the earth nor in the air! And overhead bends the blue sky, dewy and soft, and radiant with innumerable stars, like the inverted bell of some blue flower, sprinkled with golden dust, and breathing fragrance. Or if the heavens are overcast, it is no wild storm of wind and rain; but clouds that melt and fall in showers. One does not wish to sleep; but lies awake to hear the pleasant sound of the dropping rain.

H. W. LONGFELLOW.





# THE WORLD'S WORKERS.

OR

## THE NOBILITY OF LABOR.



### THE DREAMER.

NOT in the laughing bowers,  
Where by green swinging elms a pleasant shade  
At summer's noon is made,  
And where swift-footed hours  
Steal the rich breath of enamored flowers,  
Dream I. Nor where the golden glories be,  
At sunset, laving o'er the flowing sea;  
And to pure eyes the faculty is given  
To trace a smooth ascent from earth to heaven!

Not on a couch of ease,  
With all the appliances of joy at hand—  
Soft light, sweet fragrance, beauty at command;  
Viands that might a godlike palate please,  
And music's soul-creative ecstasies,  
Dream I. Nor gloating o'er a wide estate,  
Till the full, self-complacent heart elate,  
Well satisfied with bliss of mortal birth,  
Sighs for an immortality on earth!

But where the incessant din  
Of iron hands, and roars of brazen throats,  
Join their unmingled notes,  
While the long summer day is pouring in,  
Till day is gone, and darkness doth begin,  
Dream I—as in the corner where I lie,  
On wintry nights, just covered from the sky!—  
Such is my fate—and, barren though it seem,  
Yet, thou blind, soulless scorner, yet I dream!

And yet I dream—  
Dream of a sleep where dreams no more shall  
come,  
My last, my first, my only welcome home!  
Rest, unbeheld since life's beginning stage,  
Sole remnant of my glorious heritage,  
Unalienable, I shall find thee yet,  
And in thy soft embrace the past forget.  
Thus do I dream!

### PRESS ON.

PRESS on! there's no such word as fail;  
Press nobly on! the goal is near;  
Ascend the mountain! breast the gale!  
Look upward, onward—never fear!  
Why shouldst thou faint? Heaven smiles above  
Though storm and vapor intervene;  
That sun shines on, whose name is love,  
Serenely o'er life's shadowed scene.

Press on! surmount the rocky steeps,  
Climb boldly o'er the torrents' arch;  
He fails alone who feebly creeps;  
He wins who dares the hero's march.  
Be thou a hero! let thy might  
Tramp on eternal snows its way,  
And through the ebon walls of night,  
Hew down a passage unto day.

Press on! if once, and twice thy feet  
Slip back and stumble, harder try;  
From him who never dreads to meet  
Danger and death, they're sure to fly.  
To coward ranks the bullet speeds;  
While on *their* breasts who never quail,  
Gleams, guardian of chivalric deeds,  
Bright courage, like a coat of mail.

Press on! if fortune play thee false  
To-day, to-morrow she'll be true;  
Whom now she sinks, she now exalts,  
Taking old gifts and granting new.  
The wisdom of the present hour  
Makes up for follies past and gone;  
To weakness strength succeeds, and power  
From frailty springs;—*Press on! PRESS ON!*

*Press on!* what though upon the ground  
 Thy love has been poured out like rain?  
 That happiness is always found  
 The sweetest that is born of pain.  
 Oft mid the forest's deepest glooms,  
 A bird sings from some blighted tree;  
 And in the dreariest desert blooms  
 A never-dying rose for thee.

Therefore, press on! and reach the goal,  
 And gain the prize, and wear the crown;  
 Faint not! for to the steadfast soul,  
 Come wealth and honor and renown.  
 To thine own self be true, and keep  
 Thy mind from sloth, thy heart from soil;  
 Press on! and thou shalt surely reap  
 A heavenly harvest for thy toil.

PARK BENJAMIN.

### DO SOMETHING.

**I**F the world seems cold to you,  
 Kindle fires to warm it!  
 Let their comfort hide from you  
 Winters that deform it.

Hearts as frozen as your own  
 To that radiance gather;  
 You will soon forget to moan,  
 "Ah! the cheerless weather."

If the world's a vale of tears,  
 Smile till rainbows span it;  
 Breathe the love that life endears—  
 Clear from clouds to fan it.

Of our gladness lend a gleam  
 Unto souls that shiver;  
 Show them how dark sorrow's stream  
 Blends with hope's bright river!

### HOW CYRUS LAID THE CABLE.

**C**OME, listen to my song, it is no silly fable,  
 'Tis all about the mighty cord they call the  
 Atlantic Cable.

Bold Cyrus Field, said he, "I have a pretty notion  
 That I could run a telegraph across the Atlantic  
 Ocean."

And all the people laughed and said they'd like to  
 see him do it;  
 He might get "half seas over," but never would  
 go through it.

To carry out his foolish plan he never would be  
 able;  
 He might as well go hang himself with his Atlan-  
 tic Cable.

But Cyrus was a valiant man, a fellow of decision,  
 And heeded not their careless words, their laughter  
 and derision.

Twice did his bravest efforts fail, yet his mind was  
 stable;  
 He wasn't the man to break his heart because he  
 broke his cable.

"Once more, my gallant boys," said he; "three  
 times,"—you know the fable.

"I'll make it thirty," muttered he, "but what I'll  
 lay the cable."

Hurrah! hurrah! again hurrah! what means this  
 great commotion?

Hurrah! hurrah! The cable's laid across the At-  
 lantic Ocean.

Loud ring the bells, for flashing through ten  
 thousand leagues of water,

Old Mother England's benison salutes her eldest  
 daughter.

O'er all the land the tidings spread, and soon in  
 every nation,  
 They'll hear about the cable with profoundest ad-  
 miration.

Long live the gallant souls who helped our noble  
 Cyrus;

And may their courage, faith, and zeal, with emu-  
 lation fire us.

And may we honor, evermore, the manly, bold  
 and stable,

And tell our sons, to make them brave, how Cyrus  
 laid the Cable.

### LITTLE BY LITTLE.

**O**NE step and then another, and the longest  
 walk is ended;

One stitch and then another, and the  
 widest rent is mended;

One brick upon another, and the highest wall is  
 made;

One flake upon another, and the deepest snow is  
 laid.

Then do not frown nor murmur at the work you  
 have to do,

Or say that such a mighty task you never can get  
 through;

But just endeavor, day by day, another point to  
 gain,

And soon the mountain that you feared will prove  
 to be a plain.

### THE WAY TO WIN.

**T**HERE'S always a river to cross,  
 Always an effort to make,

If there's anything good to win,  
 Any rich prize to take;

Yonder's the fruit we crave,

Yonder the charming scene;

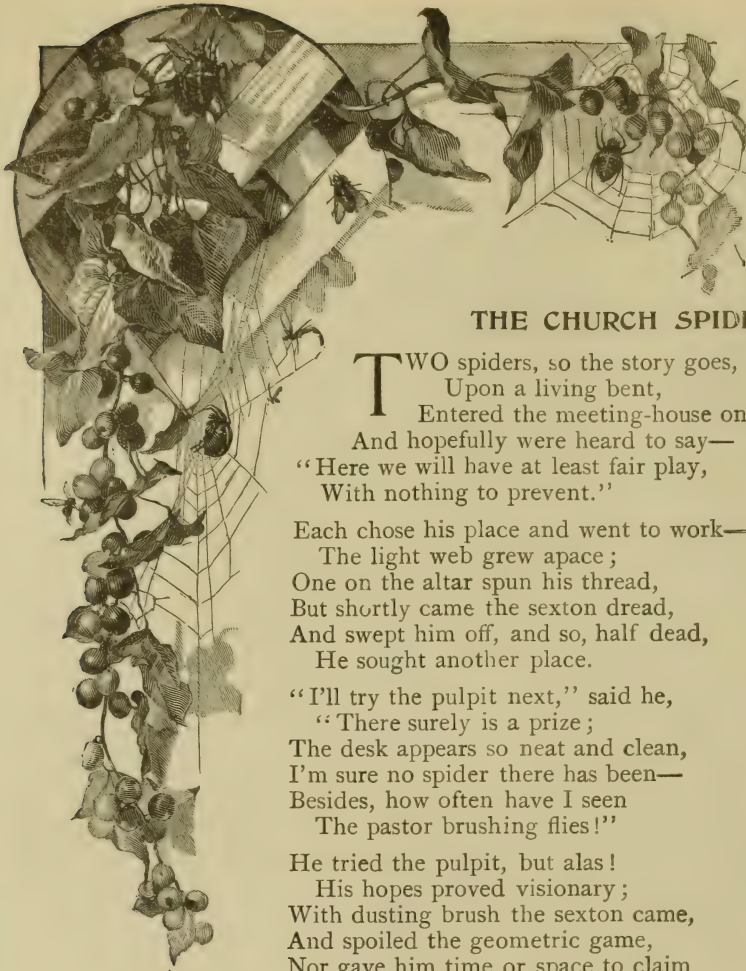
But deep and wide, with a troubled tide,  
 Is the river that lies between.





HOME EMPLOYMENTS,





### THE CHURCH SPIDER.

TWO spiders, so the story goes,  
Upon a living bent,  
Entered the meeting-house one day,  
And hopefully were heard to say—  
“Here we will have at least fair play,  
With nothing to prevent.”

Each chose his place and went to work—  
The light web grew apace;  
One on the altar spun his thread,  
But shortly came the sexton dread,  
And swept him off, and so, half dead,  
He sought another place.

“I’ll try the pulpit next,” said he,  
“There surely is a prize;  
The desk appears so neat and clean,  
I’m sure no spider there has been—  
Besides, how often have I seen  
The pastor brushing flies!”

He tried the pulpit, but alas!  
His hopes proved visionary;  
With dusting brush the sexton came,  
And spoiled the geometric game,  
Nor gave him time or space to claim  
The right of sanctuary.

At length, half starved, and weak and lean,  
He sought his former neighbor,  
Who now had grown so sleek and round,  
He weighed a fraction of a pound,  
And looked as if the art he’d found  
Of living without labor.

“How is it, friend,” he asked, “that I  
Endured such thumps and knocks,  
While you have grown so very gross?”  
“’Tis plain,” he answered—“not a loss  
I’ve met, since first I spun across  
The contribution box.”

### GILES AND MARY.

FORTH comes the maid, and like the morn-  
ing smiles;  
The mistress, too, and followed close by  
Giles.

A friendly tripod forms their humble seat,  
With pails bright scoured and delicately sweet.  
Where shadowing elms obstruct the morning ray  
Begins the work, begins the simple lay;  
The full-charged udder yields its willing stream  
While Mary sings some lover’s amorous dream;  
And crouching Giles beneath a neighboring tree  
Tugs o’er his pail, and chants with equal glee;

Whose hat with battered brim, of nap so bare,  
From the cow’s side purloins a coat of hair—  
A mottled ensign of his harmless trade,  
An unambitious, peaceable cockade.

As unambitious, too, that cheerful aid  
The mistress yields beside her rosy maid;  
With joy she views her plenteous reeking store,  
And bears a brimmer to the dairy door.  
Her cows dismissed, the luscious mead to roam,  
Till eve again recalls them loaded home.

ROBERT BLOOMFIELD.



## THE SHIP-BUILDERS.

THE sky is ruddy in the east,  
 The earth is gray below,  
 And spectral in the river-mist,  
 The ship's white timbers show.  
 Then let the sounds of measured stroke  
 And grating saw begin ;  
 The broad-axe to the gnarled oak,  
 The mallet to the pin !

Hark !—roars the bellows, blast on blast,  
 The sooty smithy jars,  
 And fire-sparks, rising far and fast,  
 Are fading with the stars.  
 All day for us the smith shall stand  
 Beside that flashing forge ;  
 All day for us his heavy hand  
 The groaning anvil scourge.

From far-off hills, the panting team  
 For us is toiling near ;  
 For us the raftsmen down the stream  
 Their island barges steer.  
 Rings out for us the axe-man's stroke  
 In forests old and still—  
 For us the century-circled oak  
 Falls crashing down his hill.

Up !—up !—in nobler toil than ours  
 No craftsmen bear a part  
 We make of nature's giant powers  
 The slaves of human art.  
 Lay rib to rib and beam to beam,  
 And drive the treenails free ;  
 Nor faithless joint nor yawning seam  
 Shall tempt the searching sea !

Where'er the keel of our good ship  
 The sea's rough field shall plough—  
 Where'er her tossing spars shall drip  
 With salt-spray caught below—  
 That ship must heed her master's beck,  
 Her helm obey his hand,  
 And seamen tread her reeling deck  
 As if they trod the land.

Her oaken ribs the vulture-beak  
 Of northern ice may peel ;  
 The sunken rock and coral peak  
 May grate along her keel ;  
 And know we well the painted shell  
 We give to wind and wave,  
 Must float, the sailor's citadel,  
 Or sink, the sailor's grave !

Ho !—strike away the bars and blocks,  
 And set the good ship free !  
 Why lingers on these dusty rocks  
 The young bride of the sea ?

Look ! how she moves adown the grooves,  
 In graceful beauty now !  
 How lowly on the breast she loves  
 Sinks down her virgin prow !

God bless her ! wheresoe'er the breeze  
 Her snowy wings shall fan,  
 Aside the frozen Hebrides,  
 Or sultry Hindostan !  
 Where'er, in mart or on the main,  
 With peaceful flag unfurled,  
 She helps to wind the silken chain  
 Of commerce round the world !

Speed on the ship !—But let her bear  
 No merchandise of sin,  
 No groaning cargo of despair  
 Her roomy hold within.  
 No Lethean drug for eastern lands,  
 Nor poison-draught for ours ;  
 But honest fruits of toiling hands  
 And nature's sun and showers.

Be hers the prairie's golden grain,  
 The desert's golden sand,  
 The clustered fruits of sunny Spain,  
 The spice of morning-land !  
 Her pathway on the open main  
 May blessings follow free,  
 And glad hearts welcome back again  
 Her white sails from the sea !  
 J. G. WHITTIER.

## THE SHOEMAKERS.

HO ! workers of the old time styled  
 The gentle craft of leather !  
 Young brothers of the ancient guild,  
 Stand forth once more together !  
 Call out again your long array,  
 In the olden merry manner !  
 Once more, on gay St. Crispin's day,  
 Fling out your blazoned banner.

Rap, rap ! upon the well-worn stone  
 How falls the polished hammer !  
 Rap, rap ! the measured sound has grown  
 A quick and merry clamor.  
 Now shape the sole ! now deftly curl  
 The glossy vamp around it,  
 And bless the while the bright-eyed girl  
 Whose gentle fingers bound it !

For you, along the Spanish main  
 A hundred keels are ploughing ;  
 For you, the Indian on the plain  
 His lasso-coil is throwing ;  
 For you, deep glens with hemlock dark  
 The woodman's fire is lighting ;  
 For you, upon the oak's gray bark,  
 The woodman's axe is smiting.

For you, from Carolina's pine  
 The rosin-gum is stealing ;  
 For you, the dark-eyed Florentine  
 Her silken skein is reeling ;  
 For you, the dizzy goat-herd roams  
 His rugged Alpine ledges ;  
 For you, round all her shepherd homes,  
 Bloom England's thorny hedges.

The foremost still, by day or night,  
 On moated mound or heather,  
 Where'er the need of trampled right  
 Brought toiling men together ;  
 Where the free burghers from the wall  
 Defied the mail-clad master,  
 Than yours, at freedom's trumpet-call,  
 No craftsmen rallied faster.

Let foplings sneer, let fools deride—  
 Ye heed no idle scorner ;  
 Free hands and hearts are still your pride,  
 And duty done, your honor.  
 Ye dare to trust, for honest fame,  
 The jury time empanels,  
 And leave to truth each noble name  
 Which glorifies your annals.

Thy songs, Hans Sachs, are living yet,  
 In strong and hearty German ;  
 And Bloomfield's lay, and Gifford's wit,  
 And patriot fame of Sherman ;  
 Still from his book, a mystic seer,  
 The soul of Behmen teaches,  
 And England's priestcraft shakes to hear  
 Of Fox's leathern breeches.

The foot is yours ; where'er it falls,  
 It treads your well-wrought leather,  
 On earthen floor, in marble halls,  
 On carpet or on heather.  
 Still there the sweetest charm is found  
 Of matron grace or vestal's,  
 As Hebe's foot bore nectar round  
 Among the old celestials !

Rap ! rap ! your stout and bluff brogan,  
 With footsteps slow and weary,  
 May wander where the sky's blue span  
 Shuts down upon the prairie.  
 On beauty's foot your slippers glance,  
 By Saratoga's fountains,  
 Or twinkle down the summer dance  
 Beneath the Crystal Mountains !

The red brick to the mason's hand,  
 The brown earth to the tiller's,  
 The shoe in yours shall wealth command,  
 Like fairy Cinderella's !  
 As they who shunned the household maid  
 Beheld the crown upon her,  
 So all shall see your toil repaid  
 With hearth and home and honor.

Then let the toast be freely quaffed,  
 In water cool and brimming—  
 " All honor to the good old craft,  
 Its merry men and women !"  
 Call out again your long array,  
 In the old time's pleasant manner ;  
 Once more, on gay St. Crispin's day,  
 Fling out his blazoned banner !

J. G. WHITTIER.

### MORAL COSMETICS.

YE who would have your features florid,  
 Lithe limbs, bright eyes, unwrinkled fore-  
 head,  
 From age's devastation horrid,  
 Adopt this plan—  
 'T will make, in climate cold or torrid,  
 A hale old man.

Avoid in youth luxurious diet,  
 Restrain the passions' lawless riot ;  
 Devoted to domestic quiet,  
 Be wisely gay ;  
 So shall ye, spite of age's fiat,  
 Resist decay.

Seek not in Mammon's worship pleasure,  
 But find your richest, dearest treasure  
 In God, his word, his work, not leisure ;  
 The mind, not sense,  
 Is the sole scale by which to measure  
 Your opulence.

This is the solace, this the science,  
 Life's purest, sweetest, best appliance,  
 That disappoints not man's reliance,  
 Whate'er his state ;  
 But challenges, with calm defiance,  
 Time, fortune, fate.

HORACE SMITH.

### ADVICE.

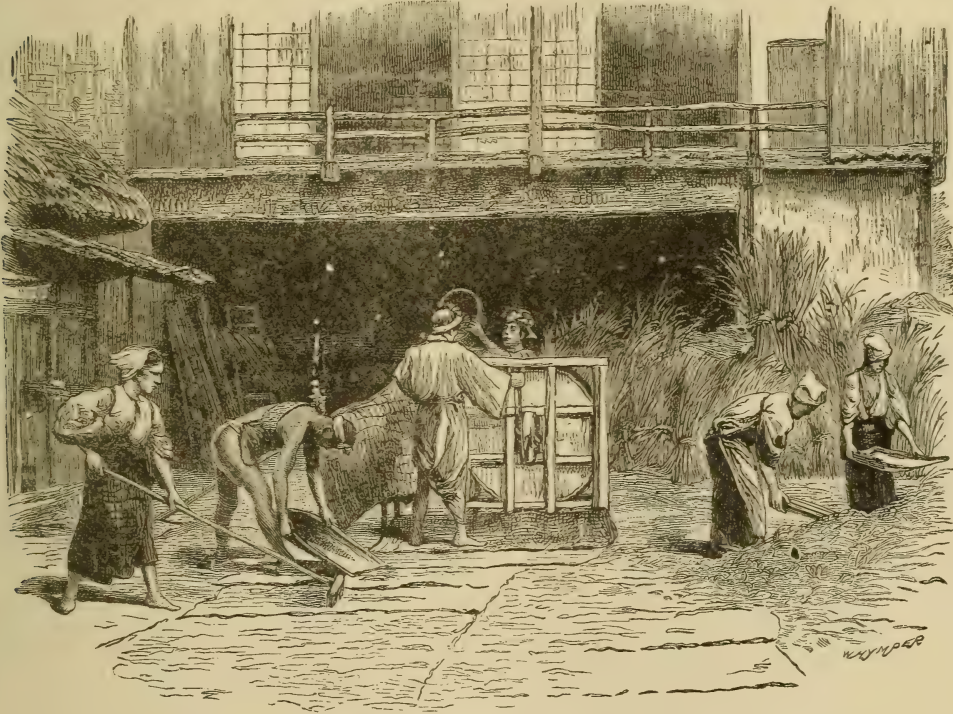
TAKE the open air,  
 The more you take the better ;  
 Follow nature's laws  
 To the very letter.  
 Let the doctors go  
 To the Bay of Biscay,  
 Let alone the gin,  
 The brandy, and the whiskey.  
 Freely exercise,  
 Keep your spirits cheerful ;  
 Let no dread of sickness  
 Make you ever fearful.  
 Eat the simplest food,  
 Drink the pure, cold water,  
 Then you will be well,  
 Or at least you oughter.



## A WORK-SONG.

**W**HO murmurs that his heart is sick  
 With toil from day to day,  
 That brows are wrinkled ere their  
 time  
 And locks of youth are grey?  
 'Twas not in such a craven mood  
 Our fathers won the lands,  
 But by the might of toiling brain,  
 The stroke of resolute hands:

For true love's fruits are noble acts,  
 And fruitless love must die;  
 And if thy fervency be spurned,  
 Go, set to work again—  
 'Twill help to quench the burning woe,  
 To ease the bitter pain;  
 For hard work is strength, boy,  
 Whatever the fiend may say,  
 And after storm and cloud and rain  
 Comes up the cheerier day.



WINNOWING RICE IN JAPAN.

For hard work is strength, boy;  
 And, whether in house or field,  
 Ho! for the men that mind and arm  
 In righteous labor wield!

If trouble clings about thy path  
 Ere yet thy days are old;  
 If dear friends sink in death, and leave  
 Thy world all void and cold;  
 Wilt thou lie down in aimless woe  
 And waste thy life away?  
 Nay, grieving's but a sluggish game  
 That coward spirits play;  
 But hard work is strength, boy,  
 And when the stout heart bleeds,  
 There's ne'er a balm that heals it  
 Like the doing of great deeds.

Ah!—lovest thou a bonnie lass?  
 Then scorn to dream and sigh,

And is a true, true wife thine own?  
 Let never a murmur rise  
 To draw one doubt across her brow,  
 One tear into her eyes;  
 And if thy children round her knees  
 Look up and cry for bread,  
 O kiss their fears away, and turn  
 And work with heart and head;  
 For hard work is strength, boy,  
 And with the setting sun  
 Come dearer peace and sweeter rest  
 The more of it that's done.

And if thou have no child, nor wife,  
 Nor bosom friend, what then?  
 Toil on with might through day, through  
 night,  
 To help thy fellow-men;  
 And though thou earn but little thanks,  
 Forbear to fret and pine;

There's One that drank of deadlier woes,  
And holds thee dear for thine:  
And hard work is strength, boy,  
And love is the end of life,  
Music that fires the blood of the brave  
In the midst of battle and strife.

And when thy power is ebb'd and gone,  
Lay down thy head to rest,  
And the great God will stretch his hands,  
And draw thee to his breast—  
Nay, talk no more of sickening heart,  
Gray hairs or wrinkled brow;  
Up, up, and gird thy loins for toil;  
There's good to do enow;  
And hard work is strength, boy,  
And life's a rapture still,  
That loses no whit of its joyousness  
To the men of unwavering will.  
GEORGE F. ARMSTRONG.

### THE HAPPY HEART.

RT thou poor, yet hast thou  
golden slumbers?  
O sweet content!  
Art thou rich, yet is thy mind  
perplexed?  
O punishment!  
Dost thou laugh to see how  
fools are vexed  
To add to golden numbers, golden  
numbers?  
O sweet content! O sweet, O sweet  
content!  
Work apace, apace, apace, apace;  
Honest labor bears a lovely face;  
Then hey nonny nonny, hey nonny nonny!  
Canst drink the waters of the crisped spring?  
O sweet content!  
Swimm'st thou in wealth, yet sink'st in thine own  
tears?  
O punishment!  
Then he that patiently want's burden bears  
No burden bears, but is a king, a king!  
O sweet content! O sweet, O sweet content!  
Work apace, apace, apace, apace;  
Honest labor bears a lovely face;  
Then hey nonny nonny, hey nonny nonny!

T. DECKER.

### LABOR ON.

**I**N the name of God advancing,  
Sow thy seed at morning light;  
Cheerily the furrow turning,  
Labor on with all thy might.  
Look not to the far-off future,  
Do the work which nearest lies;  
Sow thou must before thou reapest,  
Rest at last is labor's prize.

### PLUCK AND PRAYER.

**T**HERE wa'n't any use o' frettin',  
And I told Obadiah so,  
For ef we couldn't hold on to things  
We'd jest got to let 'em go.  
There were lots of folks that'd suffer  
Along with the rest of us,  
An' it didn't seem to be wuth our while  
To make sich a drefle fuss.  
With the point of a cambric needle  
I druv the wolf from the door,  
For I knew that we needn't starve to death,  
Or be lazy because we were poor.  
An' Obadiah he wondered,  
An' kept me patchin' his knees,  
An' thought it strange how the meal held out,  
An' strange we didn't freeze.

But I said to myself in a whisper,  
"God knows where His gift descends;  
An' 'tisin't allus that faith gits down  
As fur as the finger-ends."  
An' I wouldn't have no one reckon  
My Obadiah a shirk;  
For some, you know, have the gift to pray,  
An' others the gift to work.

### MAGNIFICENT POVERTY.

**P**OVERTY in youth, when it succeeds, is so far magnificent that it turns the whole will towards effort, and the whole soul towards aspiration. Poverty strips the material life entirely bare, and makes it hideous; thence arise inexpressible yearnings toward the ideal life. The rich young man has a hundred brilliant and coarse amusements, racing, hunting, dogs, cigars, gaming, feasting, and the rest; busying the lower portions of the soul at the expense of its higher and delicate portions.

The poor young man must work for his bread; he eats; when he has eaten, he has nothing more but revery. He goes free to the play which God gives; he beholds the sky, space, the stars, the flowers, the children, the humanity in which he suffers, the creation in which he shines. He looks at humanity so much that he sees the soul; he looks at creation so much that he sees God. He dreams, he feels that he is great; he dreams again, and he feels that he is tender. From the egotism of the suffering man, he passes to the compassion of the contemplating man. A wonderful feeling springs up within him, forgetfulness of self, and pity for all.

In thinking of the numberless enjoyments which nature offers, gives and gives lavishly to open souls, and refuses to closed souls, he, a millionaire of intelligence, comes to grieve for the millionaires of money. All hatred goes out of his heart in proportion as all light enters his mind. And then



is he unhappy? No. The misery of a young man is never miserable. The first lad you meet, poor as he may be, with his health, his strength, his quick step, his shining eyes, his blood which circulates warmly, his black locks, his fresh cheeks, his rosy lips, his white teeth, his pure breath, will always be envied by an old emperor.

And then every morning he sets about earning his bread; and while his hands are earning his living, his backbone is gaining firmness; his brain is gaining ideas. When his work is done, he returns in ineffable ecstasies to contemplation, to joy; he sees his feet in difficulties, in obstacles, on the pavement, in thorns, sometimes in mire; his head is in the light. He is firm, serene, gentle, peaceful, attentive, serious, content with little, benevolent; and he blesses God for having given him these two estates which many of the rich are without: labor which makes him free, and thought which makes him noble.

VICTOR HUGO.

### YOU AND I.

WHO would scorn his humble fellow  
For the coat he wears?  
For the poverty he suffers?  
For his daily cares?  
Who would pass him in the footway  
With averted eye?  
Would you, brother? No, you would not.  
If you would—not I.

Who, when vice or crime, repentant,  
With a grief sincere  
Asked for pardon, would refuse it—  
More than Heaven severe?  
Who, to erring woman's sorrow,  
Would with taunts reply?  
Would you brother? No, you would not.  
If you would—not I.

Who would say that all who differ  
From his sect must be  
Wicked sinners, heaven-rejected,  
Sunk in error's sea,  
And consign them to perdition  
With a holy sigh?  
Would you, brother? No, you would not.  
If you would—not I.

Who would say that six days' cheating  
In the shop or mart,  
Might be rubbed by Sunday praying  
From the tainted heart,  
If the Sunday face were solemn  
And the credit high?  
Would you, brother? No, you would not.  
If you would—not I.

Who would say that vice is virtue  
In a hall of state?

Or that rogues are not dishonest,  
If they dine off plate?  
Who would say success and merit  
Ne'er part company?  
Would you, brother? No, you would not.  
If you would—not I.

Who would give a cause his efforts  
When the cause was strong,  
But desert it on its failure,  
Whether right or wrong?  
Ever siding with the upmost,  
Letting downmost lie?  
Would you, brother? No, you would not.  
If you would—not I.

Who would lend his arm to strengthen  
Warfare with the right?  
Who would give his pen to blacken  
Freedom's page of light?  
Who would lend his tongue to utter  
Praise of tyranny?  
Would you, brother? No, you would not.  
If you would—not I.

CHARLES MACKAY.

### DON'T STAND IN THE WAY.

“THE world is too crowded,”  
The grumbler declares,  
“I don't like its labor,  
I don't like its cares.”  
If you care not to work, sir,  
And much rather play,  
Why, do as you please,  
But don't stand in the way.  
The sowers are coming  
To put in the seed,  
This army is scarcely  
Enough for our need;  
You can lend us a hand  
For an hour, or a day,  
Or stand like a post,  
But don't stand in the way.  
Life's summer and autumn  
They glide on apace,  
And then the glad reapers  
Will fall into place.  
But if you have not labored  
You can't expect pay;  
And the harvest is theirs!  
So don't stand in their way.  
Keep moving, keep moving,  
There's good work for all,  
Put a hand to the plough,  
Or go back to the wall.  
The young men are coming,  
And old men grown gray,  
The world needs them all;  
Friend, don't stand in the way.

## THE HUSBANDMAN.

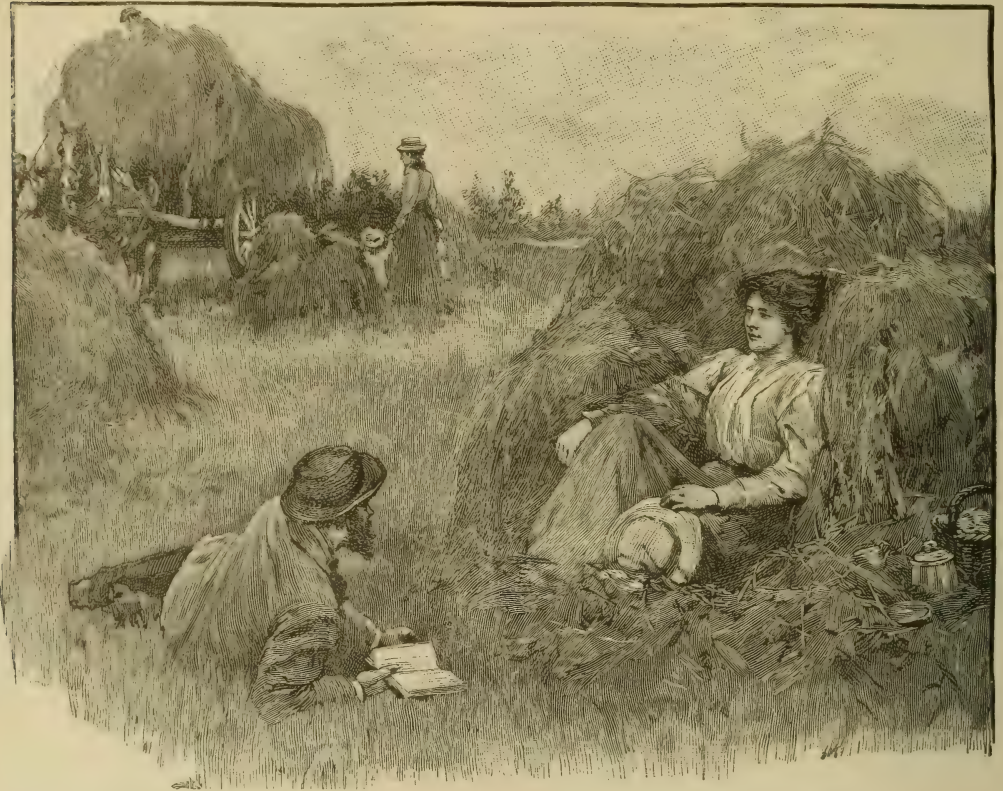
**E**ARTH, of man the bounteous mother,  
 Feeds him still with corn and wine;  
 He who best would aid a brother  
 Shares with him these gifts divine.

Many a power within her bosom,  
 Noiseless hidden, works beneath;

Work with these, as bids thy reason,  
 For they work thy toil to aid.

Sow thy seed and reap in gladness!  
 Man himself is all a seed;  
 Hope and hardship, joy and sadness—  
 Slow the plant to ripeness lead.

JOHN STERLING.



Hence are seed and leaf and blossom,  
 Golden ear, and clustered wreath.

These to swell with strength and beauty  
 Is the royal task of man;  
 Man's a king; his throne is duty,  
 Since his work on earth began.

Bud and harvest, bloom and vintage—  
 These, like man, are fruits of earth;  
 Stamped in clay, a heavenly mintage,  
 All from dust receive their birth.

What the dream but vain rebelling,  
 If from earth we sought to flee?  
 'Tis our stored and ample dwelling;  
 'Tis from it the skies we see.

Wind and frost, and hour and season,  
 Land and water, sun and shade—

## EARNING CAPITAL.

**Y**OUNG men amongst us generally have to earn their capital if they ever have any. It is not governed by the amount of wages or profit, but by the difference between earnings and spendings. The principle of saving has first to be established, and its beginning often tests the grit of a young man more than temptations to do wrong. He should have learned that money is only safely and surely gotten by work at least, by toil often, by drudgery frequently, and that his life will turn for worth or worthlessness as he regards the days of small things.

Our country is accumulating capital fast, and the good, competent boys of correct habits, who have learned the value of a dollar by saving a penny, will get the use of what they need of it. Too many, however, despise work, shirk from toil,

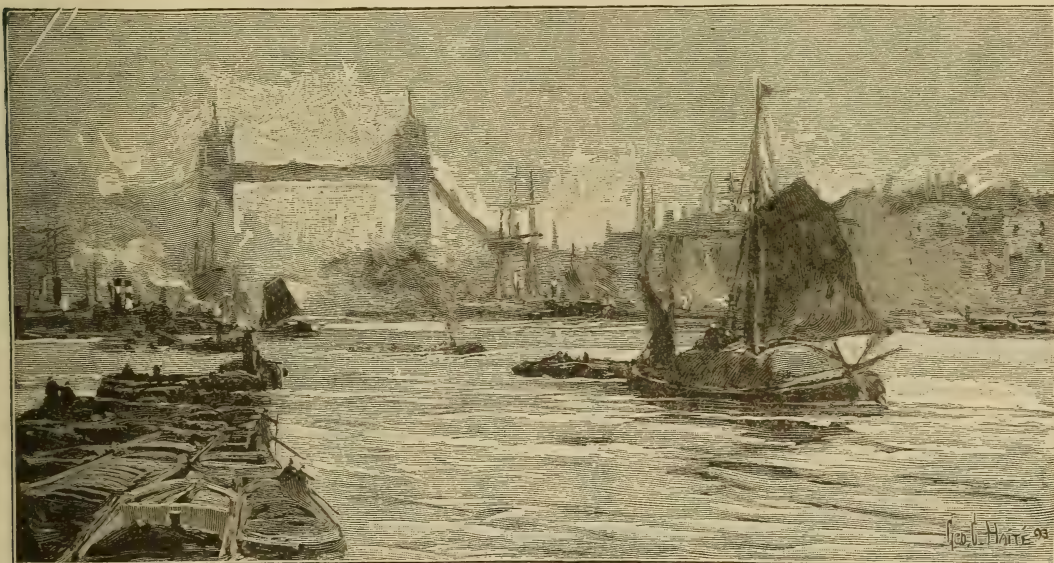


and in no emergency would be the drudge when these are the crucibles that try the gold in a fellow. Ownership of land in future does not promise enhanced values at such rapid rates as in the past, while good farming promises abundantly. With the young person everything turns on the habits of industry. I am not considering anything but this one distinction, for no matter how pleasant, temperate or honest a boy may be, if he shuns labor he is not worth the powder to blow him up. The struggle for the front will be greater; the fortune will favor the frugal.

But he who accomplishes most will learn soonest to save a dollar, if he has to sweat for it; and he who fails will keep the sidewalk. Wealth in the

For soon she found an early grave,  
Nor stayed her partner long alone.  
They left their orphan here below,  
A stranger wild beneath the sun,  
This lesson sad to learn from woe—  
The poor man's labor's never done.

No parent's hand, with pious care,  
My childhood's devious steps to guide;  
Or bid my venturesome youth beware  
The griefs that smote on every side.  
'Twas still a round of changing woe,  
Woe never ending, still begun,  
That taught my bleeding heart to know  
The poor man's labor's never done.



future will come from scientific knowledge of some industrial pursuit begun in early life, and pursued with all the energy of careful men. The biography, faithfully pictured, of our unfortunates who fail would be quite salutary and suggestive, and why a man went to the poor-house would be quite as valuable family reading as how another man went to the Senate.

JAMES WILSON.

#### THE POOR MAN'S LABOR.

MY mother sighed, the stream of pain  
Flowed fast and chilly o'er her brow;  
My father prayed, nor prayed in vain;  
Sweet Mercy cast a glance below.  
"My husband dear," the sufferer cried,  
"My pains are o'er, behold your son."  
"Thank Heaven, sweet partner," he replied;  
"The poor boy's labor's then begun."

Alas! the hapless life she gave  
By fate was doomed to cost her own;

Soon dies the faltering voice of fame;  
The vow of love's too warm to last;  
And friendship, what a faithless dream!  
And, wealth, how soon thy glare is past!  
But sure one hope remains to save—  
The longest course must soon be run,  
And in the shelter of the grave  
The poor man's labor must be done.

JOHN PHILPOT CURRAN.

#### WORKING AND DREAMING.

ALL the while my needle traces  
Stitches in a prosy seam,  
Flit before me little faces,  
And for them the while I dream.  
Building castle light and airy  
For my merry little Kate,  
Wondering if the wayward fairy  
Will unlock the golden gate.  
Scaling fame's proud height for Willie,  
Just as all fond mothers do,

And for her, my thoughtful Lily,  
Twining laurel leaflets, too.

In the far-off future roving  
Where the skies are bright and fair;  
Hearing voices charmed and loving,  
Calling all my darlings there.

Through the distant years I'm tracing  
Dewy pathways bright with flowers,

And along their borders placing  
Here and there these pets of ours.

And the while my fancy lingers  
In that hope-born summer clime,  
Pretty garments prove my fingers  
Have been busy all the time.

MRS. A. L. LAWRIE.

### TO THE HARVEST MOON.



PLEASEING 't is, O modest moon!  
Now the night is at her noon,  
'Neath thy sway to musing lie,  
While around the zephyrs sigh,  
Fanning soft the sun-tanned wheat,  
Ripened by the summer's heat;  
Picturing all the rustic's joy  
When boundless plenty greets his eye,  
And thinking soon,  
O modest moon!  
How many a female eye will roam  
Along the road,  
To see the load,  
The last dear load of harvest home.  
'Neath yon lowly roof he lies,  
The husbandman, with sleep-sealed eyes;  
He dreams of crowded barns, and round  
The yard he hears the flail resound;  
O, may no hurricane destroy  
His visionary views of joy!  
God of the winds! O, hear his humble prayer,  
And while the moon of harvest shines, thy bluster-  
ing whirlwind spare!

HENRY KIRKE WHITE.

### THE SACREDNESS OF WORK.

THERE is a perennial nobleness, and even sacredness, in work. Were he ever so benighted, or forgetful of his high calling, there is always hope in a man that actually and earnestly works; in idleness alone there is perpetual despair. Consider how, even in the meanest sorts of labor, the whole soul of a man is composed into real harmony. He bends himself with free valor against his task; and doubt, desire, sorrow, remorse, indignation, despair itself, shrink murmuring far off in their caves. The glow of labor in him is a purifying fire, wherein all poison is burned up; and of smoke itself there is made a bright and blessed flame.

Blessed is he who has found his work; let him ask no other blessedness; he has a life purpose.

Labor is life. From the heart of the worker rises the celestial force, breathed into him by Almighty God, awakening him to all nobleness, to all knowledge. Hast thou valued patience, courage, openness to light, or readiness to own thy mistakes? In wrestling with the dim brute powers of fact thou wilt continually learn. For every noble work the possibilities are diffused through immensity, undiscoverable, except to faith.

Man, son of heaven! is there not in thine inmost heart a spirit of active method, giving thee no rest till thou unfold it? Complain not. Look up. See thy fellow-workmen surviving through eternity, the sacred band of immortals. Strive to be one of that immortal company.

THOMAS CARLYLE.

### THE UNFINISHED STOCKING.

LAY it aside—her work; no more she sits  
By open window in the western sun,  
Thinking of this and that beloved one  
In silence as she knits.

Lay it aside; the needles in their place;  
No more she welcomes at the cottage door  
The coming of her children home once more  
With sweet and tearful face.



Lay it aside; her work is done and well;  
 A generous, sympathetic, Christian life—  
 A faithful mother and a noble wife—  
 Her influence who can tell?

Lay it aside—say not her work is done;  
 No deed of love or goodness ever dies,  
 But in the lives of others multiplies;  
 Say it is just begun.

SARAH K. BOLTON.

### THE GOOD OLD PLOUGH.

AS SUNG BY THE HUTCHINSONS.

LET them sing who may of the battle fray,  
 And the deeds that have long since past;  
 Let them chant in praise of the tar whose  
 days,

Are spent on the ocean vast.

I would render to these all the worship you please,  
 I would honor them even now;  
 But I'd give far more for my heart's full store  
 To the cause of the good old plough.

Let them laud the notes that in music float  
 Through the bright and glittering hall;  
 While the amorous twirl of the hair's bright curl  
 Round the shoulder of beauty fall.

But dearer to me is the song from the tree,  
 And the rich and blossoming bough;  
 O, these are the sweets which the rustic greets  
 As he follows the good old plough!

Full many there be that daily we see,  
 With a selfish and hollow pride,  
 Who the ploughman's lot, in his humble cot,  
 With a scornful look deride;  
 But I'd rather take, aye, a hearty shake  
 From his hand than to wealth I'd bow;  
 For the honest grasp of his hand's rough clasp,  
 Has stood by the good old plough.

All honor be, then, to these gray old men,  
 When at last they are bowed with toil!  
 Their warfare then o'er, they battle no more,  
 For they have conquered the stubborn soil.  
 And the chaplet each wears is his silver hairs;  
 And ne'er shall the victor's brow  
 With a laurel crown to the grave go down  
 Like the sons of the good old plough.

### THE FISHERMEN.

HURRAH! the seaward breezes  
 Sweep down the bay amain;  
 Heave up, my lads, the anchor!  
 Run up the sail again!

Leave to the lubber landmen  
 The rail-car and the steed;  
 The stars of heaven shall guide us,  
 The breath of heaven shall speed.

From the hill-top looks the steeple,  
 And the light-house from the sand;

And the scattered pines are waving  
 Their farewell from the land.  
 One glance, my lads, behind us,  
 For the homes we leave one sigh,  
 Ere we take the change and chances  
 Of the ocean and the sky.

Now, brothers, for the icebergs  
 Of frozen Labrador,  
 Floating spectral in the moonshine,  
 Along the low, black shore!  
 Where like snow the gannet's feathers  
 On Brador's rocks are shed,  
 And the noisy murr are flying,  
 Like black scuds, overhead;

Where in mist the rock is hiding,  
 And the sharp reef lurks below,  
 And the white squall smites in summer,  
 And the autumn tempests blow;  
 Where, through gray and rolling vapor,  
 From evening unto morn,  
 A thousand boats are hailing,  
 Horn answering unto horn.

Hurrah! for the Red Island,  
 With the white cross on its crown!  
 Hurrah! for Meccatina,  
 And its mountains bare and brown!  
 Where the Caribou's tall antlers  
 O'er the dwarf-wood freely toss,  
 And the footstep of the Mickmack  
 Has no sound upon the moss.

There we'll drop our lines, and gather  
 Old ocean's treasures in,  
 Where'er the mottled mackerel  
 Turns up a steel-dark fin.  
 The sea's our field of harvest,  
 Its scaly tribes our grain;  
 We'll reap the teeming waters  
 As at home they reap the plain!

Our wet hands spread the carpet,  
 And light the hearth of home;  
 From our fish, as in the old time,  
 The silver coin shall come.  
 As the demon fled the chamber  
 Where the fish of Tobit lay,  
 So ours from all our dwellings  
 Shall frighten want away.

Though the mist upon our jackets  
 In the bitter air congeals,  
 And our lines wind stiff and slowly  
 From off the frozen reels;  
 Though the fog be dark around us,  
 And the storm blow high and loud.  
 We will whistle down the wild wind,  
 And laugh beneath the cloud!

In the darkness as in daylight,  
 On the water as on land,  
 God's eye is looking on us,  
 And beneath us is his hand !  
 Death will find us soon or later,  
 On the deck or in the cot ;  
 And we cannot meet him better  
 Than in working out our lot.

Hurrah !—hurrah !—the west wind  
 Comes freshening down the bay,  
 The rising sails are filling—  
 Give way, my lads, give way !  
 Leave the coward landsman clinging  
 To the dull earth, like a weed—  
 The stars of heaven shall guide us,  
 The breath of heaven shall speed !  
 J. G. WHITTIER.

### THE CORN SONG.

**H**EAP high the farmer's wintry hoard !  
 Heap high the golden corn !  
 No richer gift has autumn poured  
 From out her lavish horn !

Let other lands, exulting, glean  
 The apple from the pine,  
 The orange from its glossy green,  
 The cluster from the vine ;

We better love the hardy gift  
 Our rugged vales bestow,  
 To cheer us when the storm shall drift  
 Our harvest-fields with snow.

Through vales of grass and meads of flowers,  
 Our ploughs their furrows made,  
 While on the hills the sun and showers  
 Of changeful April played.

We dropped the seed o'er hill and plain,  
 Beneath the sun of May,  
 And frightened from our sprouting grain  
 The robber crows away.

All through the long bright days of June,  
 Its leaves grew green and fair,  
 And waved in hot midsummer's noon  
 Its soft and yellow hair.

And now, with autumn's moonlit eves,  
 Its harvest time has come,  
 We pluck away the frosted leaves,  
 And bear the treasure home.

There, richer than the fabled gift  
 Apollo showered of old,  
 Fair hands the broken grain shall sift,  
 And knead its meal of gold.

Let vapid idlers loll in silk,  
 Around their costly board ;

Give us the bowl of samp and milk,  
 By homespun beauty poured !

Where'er the wide old kitchen hearth  
 Sends up its smoky curls,  
 Who will not thank the kindly earth,  
 And bless our farmer girls ?

Then shame on all the proud and vain,  
 Whose folly laughs to scorn  
 The blessing of our hardy grain,  
 Our wealth of golden corn !

Let earth withhold her goodly root,  
 Let mildew blight the rye,  
 Give to the worm the orchard's fruit,  
 The wheat-field to the fly.

But let the good old crop adorn  
 The hills our fathers trod ;  
 Still let us, for his golden corn,  
 Send up our thanks to God !  
 J. G. WHITTIER.

### THE HUSKERS.

**I**T was late in mild October, and the long autumnal rain  
 Had left the summer harvest-fields all green  
 with grass again ;  
 The first sharp frosts had fallen, leaving all the  
 woodlands gay  
 With the hues of summer's rainbow, or the  
 meadow-flowers of May.

Through a thin, dry mist, that morning, the sun  
 rose broad and red,  
 At first a rayless disc of fire, he brightened as he  
 sped ;  
 Yet, even his noontide glory fell chastened and  
 subdued,  
 On the corn-fields and the orchards, and softly  
 pictured wood.

And all that quiet afternoon, slow sloping to the  
 night,  
 He wove with golden shuttle the haze with yellow  
 light ;  
 Slanting through the painted beeches, he glorified  
 the hill ;  
 And, beneath it, pond and meadow lay brighter,  
 greener still.

And shouting boys in woodland haunts caught  
 glimpses of that sky,  
 Flecked by the many-tinted leaves, and laughed,  
 they knew not why ;  
 And school-girls, gay with aster-flowers, beside the  
 meadow brooks,  
 Mingled the glow of autumn with the sunshine of  
 sweet looks.



From spire and barn, looked westerly the patient  
weather-cocks ;  
But even the birches on the hill stood motionless  
as rocks.  
No sound was in the woodlands, save the squirrel's  
dropping shell,  
And the yellow leaves among the boughs, low  
rustling as they fell.

The summer grains were harvested ; the stubble-  
fields lay dry,  
Where June winds rolled, in light and shade, the  
pale-green waves of rye ;  
But still, on gentle hill-slopes, in valleys fringed  
with wood,  
Ungathered, bleaching in the sun, the heavy corn  
crop stood.

Bent low, by autumn's wind and rain, through  
husks that, dry and sere,  
Unfolded from their ripened charge, shone out the  
yellow ear ;  
Beneath, the turnip lay concealed, in many a ver-  
dant fold,  
And glistened in the slanting light the pumpkin's  
sphere of gold.

There wrought the busy harvesters ; and many a  
creaking wain  
Bore slowly to the long barn-floor its load of husk  
and grain ;  
Till broad and red, as when he rose, the sun sank  
down at last,  
And like a merry guest's farewell, the day in  
brightness passed.

And lo ! as through the western pines, on meadow,  
stream and pond,  
Flamed the red radiance of a sky, set all afire  
beyond,  
Slowly o'er the Eastern sea-bluffs a milder glory  
shone,  
And the sunset and the moonrise were mingled  
into one.

As thus into the quiet night the twilight lapsed  
away,  
And deeper in the brightening moon the tranquil  
shadows lay ;  
From many a brown old farm-house, and hamlet  
without name,  
Their milking and their home-tasks done, the  
merry huskers came.

Swung o'er the heaped-up harvest, from pitchforks  
in the mow,  
Shone dimly down the lanterns on the pleasant  
scene below ;  
The growing pile of husks behind, the golden ears  
before,  
And laughing eyes and busy hands and brown  
cheeks glimmering o'er.

Half hidden in a quiet nook, serene of look and  
heart,  
Talking their old times over, the old men sat  
apart ;  
While, up and down the unhusked pile, or nest-  
ling in its shade,  
At hide-and-seek, with laugh and shout, the happy  
children played.



Urged by the good host's daughter, a maiden  
young and fair,  
Lifting to light her sweet blue eyes and pride of  
soft brown hair,  
The master of the village school, sleek of hair and  
smooth of tongue,  
To the quaint tune of some old psalm, a husking-  
ballad sung.

J. G. WHITTIER.

### THE LUMBERMEN.

WILDLY round our woodland quarters,  
Sad-voiced autumn grieves ;  
Thickly down these swelling waters  
Float his fallen leaves.  
Through the tall and naked timber,  
Column-like and old,  
Gleam the sunsets of November,  
From their skies of gold.

O'er us, to the southland heading,  
Screams the gray wild goose ;  
On the night-frost sounds the treading  
Of the brindled moose.  
Noiseless creeping, while we're sleeping,  
Frost his task-work plies ;  
Soon, his icy bridges heaping,  
Shall our log-piles rise.

When, with sounds of smothered thunder,  
 On some night of rain,  
 Lake and river break asunder  
 Winter's weakened chain,  
 Down the wild March flood shall bear them  
 To the saw-mill's wheel,  
 Or where steam, the slave, shall tear them  
 With his teeth of steel.

Be it starlight, be it moonlight,  
 In these vales below,  
 When the earliest beams of sunlight  
 Streak the mountain's snow,  
 Crisps the hoar-frost, keen and early,  
 To our hurrying feet,  
 And the forest echoes clearly  
 All our blows repeat.



Where the crystal Ambijejis  
 Stretches broad and clear,  
 And Millnoket's pine-black ridges  
 Hide the browsing deer:  
 Where through lakes and wide morasses,  
 Or through rocky walls,  
 Swift and strong, Penobscot passes  
 White with foamy falls;

Where, through clouds, are glimpses given  
 Of Katahdin's sides —  
 Rock and forest piled to heaven,  
 Torn and ploughed by slides!

Far below, the Indian trapping,  
 In the sunshine warm;  
 Far above, the snow-cloud wrapping  
 Half the peak in storm!

Where are mossy carpets better  
 Than the Persian weaves,  
 And than eastern perfumes sweeter  
 Seem the fading leaves;  
 And a music wild and solemn,  
 From the pine-tree's height,  
 Rolls its vast and sea-like volume  
 On the wind of night;

Make we here our camp of winter;  
 And, through sleet and snow,  
 Pitchy knot and beechen splinter  
 On our hearth shall glow.  
 Here, with mirth to lighten duty,  
 We shall lack alone  
 Woman's smile and girlhood's beauty,  
 Childhood's lisping tone.

But their hearth is brighter burning  
 For our toil to-day;  
 And the welcome of returning  
 Shall our loss repay,  
 When, like seamen from the waters,  
 From the woods we come,  
 Greeting sisters, wives, and daughters,  
 Angels of our home!

Not for us the measured ringing  
 From the village spire,  
 Not for us the Sabbath singing  
 Of the sweet-voiced choir:  
 Ours the old, majestic temple,  
 Where God's brightness shines  
 Down the dome so grand and ample,  
 Propped by lofty pines!

Through each branch-enwoven skylight,  
 Speaks He in the breeze,  
 As of old beneath the twilight  
 Of lost Eden's trees!  
 For his ear, the inward feeling  
 Needs no outward tongue;  
 He can see the spirit kneeling  
 While the axe is swung.

Heeding truth alone, and turning  
 From the false and dim,  
 Lamp of toil or altar burning  
 Are alike to Him.  
 Strike, then, comrades! — 'Trade is waiting  
 On our rugged toil;  
 Far ships waiting for the freighting  
 Of our woodland spoil!

Ships, whose traffic links these highlands,  
 Bleak and cold, of ours,  
 With the citron-planted islands  
 Of a clime of flowers;



To our frosts the tribute bringing  
Of eternal heats;  
In our lap of winter flinging  
Tropic fruits and sweets.

Cheerly, on the axe of labor,  
Let the sunbeams dance,  
Better than the flash of sabre  
Or the gleam of lance!  
Strike!—With every blow is given  
Freer sun and sky,  
And the long-hid earth to heaven  
Looks, with wondering eye!

Loud behind us grow the murmurs  
Of the age to come;  
Clang of smiths, and tread of farmers,  
Bearing harvest home!  
Here her virgin lap with treasures  
Shall the green earth fill;  
Waving wheat and golden maize-ears  
Crown each beechen hill.

Keep who will the city's alleys,  
Take the smooth-shorn plain—  
Give to us the cedar valleys,  
Rocks and hills of Maine!  
In our north-land, wild and woody,  
Let us still have part;  
Rugged nurse and mother sturdy,  
Hold us to thy heart!

O! our free hearts beat the warmer  
For thy breath of snow;  
And our tread is all the firmer  
For thy rocks below.  
Freedom, hand in hand with labor,  
Walketh strong and brave;  
On the forehead of his neighbor  
No man writeth slave!

Lo, the day breaks! old Katahdin's  
Pine-trees show its fires,  
While from these dim forest gardens  
Rise their blackened spires.  
Up, my comrades! up and doing!  
Manhood's rugged play  
Still renewing, bravely hewing  
Through the world our way!

J. G. WHITTIER.

### THE NOBILITY OF LABOR.

**I** CALL upon those whom I address to stand up for the nobility of labor. It is Heaven's great ordinance for human improvement. Let not that great ordinance be broken down. What do I say? It is broken down; and it has been broken down for ages. Let it, then, be built up again; here, if anywhere, on these shores of a new world—of a new civilization. But how, I may be asked, is it broken down? Do not men toil? it may be said. They do, indeed, toil; but

they, too, generally do it because they must. Many submit to it as, in some sort, a degrading necessity; and they desire nothing so much on earth as escape from it. They fulfill the great law of labor in the letter, but break it in the spirit; fulfill it with the muscle, but break it with the mind.

To some field of labor, mental or manual, every idler should fasten, as a chosen and coveted theatre of improvement. But so is he not impelled to do, under the teachings of our imperfect civilization. On the contrary, he sits down, folds his hands, and blesses himself in his idleness. This way of thinking is the heritage of the absurd and unjust feudal system, under which serfs labored, and gentlemen spent their lives in fighting and feasting. It is time that this opprobrium of toil were done away.

Ashamed to toil, art thou? Ashamed of thy dingy workshop and dusty labor-field; of thy hard hands, scarred with service more honorable than that of war; of thy soiled and weather-stained garments, on which Mother Nature has embroidered, 'midst sun and rain, 'midst fire and steam, her own heraldic honors? Ashamed of these tokens and titles, and envious of the flaunting robes of imbecile idleness and vanity? It is treason to nature—it is impiety to Heaven—it is breaking Heaven's great ordinance. TOIL, I repeat—TOIL, either of the brain, or of the heart, or of the hand, is the only true manhood, the only true nobility!

ORVILLE DEWEY.

### THE SONG OF THE SHIRT.

**W**ITH fingers weary and worn,  
With eyelids heavy and red,  
A woman sat, in unwomanly rags,  
Plying her needle and thread—  
Stitch! stitch! stitch!  
In poverty, hunger, and dirt;  
And still with a voice of dolorous pitch  
She sang the "Song of the Shirt!"

"Work! work! work!  
While the cock is crowing aloof!  
And work—work—work  
Till the stars shine through the roof!  
It's, O, to be a slave  
Along with the barbarous Turk,  
Where woman has never a soul to save,  
If this is Christian work!

"Work—work—work!  
Till the brain begins to swim!  
Work—work—work  
Till the eyes are heavy and dim!  
Seam, and gusset, and band,  
Band, and gusset, and seam—  
Till over the buttons I fall asleep,  
And sew them on in a dream!

" O men with sisters dear !  
 O men with mothers and wives !  
 It is not linen you're wearing out,  
 But human creatures' lives !  
 Stitch—stitch—stitch,  
 In poverty, hunger, and dirt—  
 Sewing at once, with a double thread,  
 A shroud as well as a shirt !

" But why do I talk of death—  
 That phantom of grisly bone ?  
 I hardly fear his terrible shape,  
 It seems so like my own—  
 It seems so like my own  
 Because of the fasts I keep ;  
 O God ! that bread should be so dear !  
 And flesh and blood so cheap !

" Work—work—work !  
 My labor never flags ;  
 And what are its wages ? A bed of straw,  
 A crust of bread—and rags,  
 That shattered roof—and this naked floor—  
 A table—a broken chair—  
 And a wall so blank my shadow I thank  
 For sometimes falling there !

" Work—work—work !  
 From weary chime to chime !  
 Work—work—work  
 As prisoners work for crime !  
 Band, and gusset, and seam,  
 Seam, and gusset, and band—  
 Till the heart is sick and the brain benumbed,  
 As well as the weary hand.

" Work—work—work !  
 In the dull December light !  
 And work—work—work  
 When the weather is warm and bright !  
 While underneath the eves  
 The brooding swallows cling,  
 As if to show me their sunny backs,  
 And twit me with the spring.

" O but to breathe the breath  
 Of the cowslip and primrose sweet—  
 With the sky above my head,  
 And the grass beneath my feet !  
 For only one short hour  
 To feel as I used to feel,  
 Before I knew the woes of want,  
 And the walk that costs a meal !

" O but for one short hour—  
 A respite, however brief !  
 No blessed leisure for love or hope,  
 But only time for grief !  
 A little weeping would ease my heart :  
 But in their briny bed  
 My tears must stop, for every drop  
 Hinders needle and thread !"  
 With fingers weary and worn,  
 With eyelids heavy and red,  
 A woman sat, in unwomanly rags,  
 Plying her needle and thread—  
 Stitch ! stitch ! stitch !  
 In poverty, hunger, and dirt ;  
 And still with a voice of dolorous pitch—  
 Would that its tone could reach the rich !—  
 She sang this " Song of the Shirt !"

THOMAS HOOD.

#### ADVICE.

CHEER up, chillun, an' move yoh feet !  
 Doan' ack glum ter de folks yoh meet.  
 Er smile's ez easy ez a sigh,  
 An' it's no mo' wuhk foh ter laugh dan cry.  
 So git in step wif de hurryin' throng  
 Stid o' mopin' erlong.

When de bother comes an' yoh chance seems bad,  
 Yoh makes it wuss ef yoh face gits sad,  
 'Case it stands ter reason, er hahd-luck tale  
 When it comes ter winnin' yer friends will fail.  
 So brush yoh gyahments an' hum er song,  
 Stid o' mopin' erlong.



# BEAUTY AND GRANDEUR OF THE ALPS:

CONTAINING

BRILLIANT DESCRIPTIONS OF SWISS SCENERY.



## LAKE LEMAN (GENEVA) IN A CALM.

LEAR, placid Lemman ! thy contrasted lake,  
With the wild world I dwelt in, is a thing  
Which warms me, with its stillness, to forsake  
Earth's troubled waters for a purer spring.  
This quiet sail is as a noiseless wing  
To waft me from distraction ; once I loved  
Torn ocean's roar, but thy soft murmuring  
Sounds sweet as if a sister's voice reproved,  
That I with stern delights should e'er have been so moved.

It is the hush of night, and all between  
Thy margin and the mountains, dusk, yet clear,  
Mellowed and mingling, yet distinctly seen,  
Save darkened Jura, whose capt heights appear  
Precipitously steep ; and drawing near,  
There breathes a living fragrance from the shore,  
Of flowers yet fresh with childhood ; on the ear  
Drops the light drip of the suspended oar,  
Or chirps the grasshopper one good-night carol more.

At intervals, some bird from out the brakes  
Starts into voice a moment, then is still.  
There seems a floating whisper on the hill,  
But that is fancy—for the starlight dew  
All silently their tears of love instil,  
Weeping themselves away.

LORD BYRON.

## LAKE LEMAN (GENEVA) IN A STORM.

THE sky is changed—and such a change ! Oh  
night,  
And storm, and darkness, ye are wondrous  
strong,

Yet lovely in your strength, as in the light  
Of a dark eye in woman ! Far along,  
From peak to peak, the rattling crags among  
Leaps the live thunder ! Not from one lone  
cloud,

But every mountain now hath found a tongue,  
And Jura answers, through her misty shroud,  
Back to the joyous Alps, who call to her aloud !

Now, where the swift Rhone cleaves his way be-  
tween

Heights which appear as lovers who have parted  
In hate, whose mining depths so intervene  
That they can meet no more, though broken-  
hearted !

Though in their souls, which thus each other  
thwarted,

Love was the very root of the fond rage  
Which blighted their life's bloom, and then de-  
parted :

Itself expired, but leaving them an age  
Of years all winters—war within themselves to  
wage.

Now, where the quick Rhone thus hath cleft his  
way,

The mightiest of the storms hath ta'en his  
stand :

For here, not one, but many, make their play,  
And fling their thunderbolts from hand to  
hand,

Flashing and cast around : of all the band,  
The brightest through these parted hills hath  
forked

His lightnings—as if he did understand,  
That in such gaps as desolation worked,  
There the hot shaft should blast whatever there—  
in lurked.

And this is in the night: Most glorious night!  
Thou wert not sent for slumber! let me be  
A sharer in thy fierce and far delight—  
A portion of the tempest and of thee!  
How the lit lake shines, a phosphoric sea,  
And the big rain comes dancing to the earth!  
And now again 't is black—and now, the glee  
Of the loud hills shakes with its mountain-mirth,  
As if they did rejoice o'er a young earthquake's  
birth.



### THE MONARCH OF MOUNTAINS.

OUR bitter disappointment in the fog was hard to be borne, and we sat brooding and mourning over the gloomy prospect for the day, and wondering what we had best do with ourselves, when suddenly, on turning toward the window, Mont Blanc was flashing in the sunshine.

Such an instantaneous and extraordinary revelation of splendor we never dreamed of. The clouds had vanished, we could not tell where, and the whole illimitable vast of glory in this, the heart of Switzerland's Alpine grandeurs, was disclosed; the snowy Monarch of Mountains, the huge glaciers, the jagged granite peaks, needles, and rough enormous crags and ridges congregated and shooting up in every direction, with the long beautiful vale of Chamouny visible from end to end, far beneath, as still and shining as a picture! Just over the longitudinal ridge of mountains on one side was the moon in an infinite depth of ether; it seemed as if we could touch it; and on the other the sun was exulting as a bridegroom coming out of his chamber. The clouds still sweeping past us, now concealing, now partially veiling, and now revealing the view, added to its power by such sudden alternations.

But the hour of most intense splendor in this

Sky, mountains, rivers, winds, lake, lightnings!  
ye!

With night, and clouds, and thunder, and a  
soul

To make these felt and feeling, well may be  
Things that have made me watchful; the far  
roll

Of your departing voices is the knoll  
Of what in me is sleepless—if I rest.

But where of ye, oh tempests! is the goal?

Are ye like those within the human breast?

Or do ye find, at length, like eagles, some high  
nest?

LORD BYRON.

day of glory was the rising of the clouds in Chamouny, as we could discern them like stripes of amber floating in an azure sea. They rested upon, and floated over the successive glacier gorges of the mountain range on either hand, like so many islands of the blest, anchored in mid-heaven below us; or like so many radiant files of the white-robed heavenly host floating transversely across the valley. This extended through its whole length, and it was a most singular phenomenon; for through these ridges of cloud we could look as through a telescope down into the vale and along to its farther end; but the intensity of the light flashing from the snows of the mountains and reflected in these fleecy radiances, almost as so many secondary suns, hung in the clear atmosphere, was well nigh blinding.

The scene seemed to me a fit symbol of celestial glories; and I thought if a vision of such intense splendor could be arrayed by the divine power out of mere earth, air and water, and made to assume such beauty indescribable at a breath of the wind, a movement of the sun, a slight change in the elements, what mind could even dimly and distantly form to itself a conception of the splendors of the world of heavenly glory! GEORGE B. CHEEVER.

### ONE OF THE GEMS OF SWITZERLAND.

THE Lake of Geneva, called by the Romans Lacus Lemanus, has nearly the shape of a crescent, its horns being turned towards the south. It is the largest lake in Switzerland, being fifty-six miles long; it is eight miles wide at the broadest part, and its greatest depth is twelve hundred and thirty feet. Its surface is about twelve hundred and thirty feet above the level of the sea, but the height often varies in the year more than fifty inches, being usually lowest in the winter, between January and April, and highest in August and part of July and September, owing to the supplies then derived from the melting snows.



Besides these periodical variations, the lake is subject to other more arbitrary changes of level, called *seiches*. This phenomenon consists of a sudden rise and fall of the water in particular parts of the lake, independently of the agency of the wind or of any other apparent cause. It is most common in the vicinity of Geneva. During these oscillations the waters sometimes rise five feet, though the usual increase is not more than two; it never lasts longer than twenty-five minutes, but it is generally less. The cause of these *seiches* has not been explained with certainty, but they are observed to occur most commonly when the clouds are heavy and low.

The lake never freezes over entirely, but in severe winters the lower extremity is covered with ice. The sand and mud brought down by the Rhone and deposited around its mouth have caused considerable encroachments upon its upper extremity.

"Mon lac est le premier" are the words in which Voltaire has vaunted the beauties of the Lake of Geneva; and it must be confessed that, though it wants the gloomy sublimity of the Bay of Uri and the sunny softness of the Italian lakes, with their olive and citron groves, it has high claims to admiration. It also possesses great variety of scenery. The vine-covered slopes of Vaud contrast well with the abrupt, rocky precipices of Savoy. Near Geneva the hills subside, admitting an exquisite view of Mont Blanc, whose snowy summit, though sixty miles distant, is often reflected in its waters.

"Lake Lemman woos me with its crystal face,  
The mirror where the stars and mountains view  
The stillness of their aspect in each trace  
Its clear depth yields of their fair height and hue."

At its upper extremity it extends to the very base of the high Alps, which by their close vicinity give its scenery a character of magnificence.

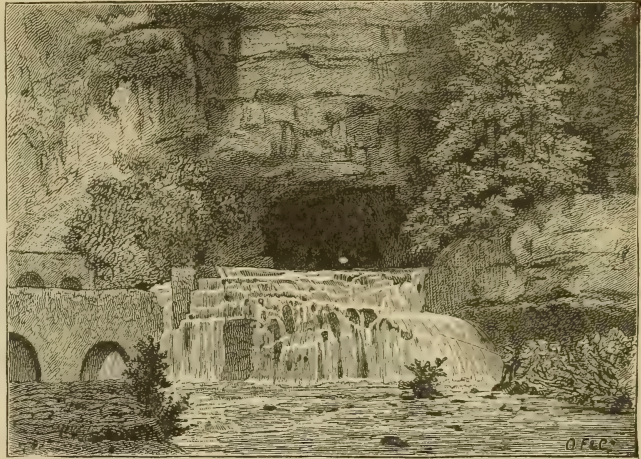
### THE BATTLE OF MORGARTEN.

THE wine month shone in its golden prime,  
And the red grapes clustering hung,  
But a deeper sound through the Switzers' clime,  
Than the vintage music rung—  
A sound through vaulted cave,  
A sound through echoing glen,  
Like the hollow swell of a rushing wave;  
'Twas the tread of steel-girt men.

But a band, the noblest band of all,  
Through the rude Morgarten strait,  
With blazoned streamers and lances tall,  
Moved onwards in princely state.

They came with heavy chains  
For the race despised so long—  
But amidst his Alp-domains,  
The herdsman's arm is strong!

The sun was reddening the clouds of morn  
When they entered the rock-defile,  
And shrill as a joyous hunter's horn  
Their bugles rang the while.  
But on the misty height  
Where the mountain people stood  
There was stillness as of night,  
When storms at distance brood.



There was stillness as of deep dead night,  
And a pause—but not of fear—  
While the Switzers gazed on the gathering might  
Of the hostile shield and spear.  
On wound these columns bright  
Between the lake and wood,  
But they looked not to the misty height  
Where the mountain people stood.

And the mighty rocks came bounding down  
Their startled foes among,  
With a joyous whirl from the summit thrown,  
Oh! the herdsman's arm is strong!  
They came like lauwine hurled  
From Alp to Alp in play.  
When the echoes shout through the snowy world,  
And the pines are borne away.

With their pikes and massy clubs they brake  
The cuirass and the shield,  
And the war-horse dashed to the reddening lake  
From the reapers of the field!  
The field—but not of sheaves:  
Proud crests and pennons lay,  
Strewn o'er it thick as the birchwood leaves  
In the autumn tempest's way.

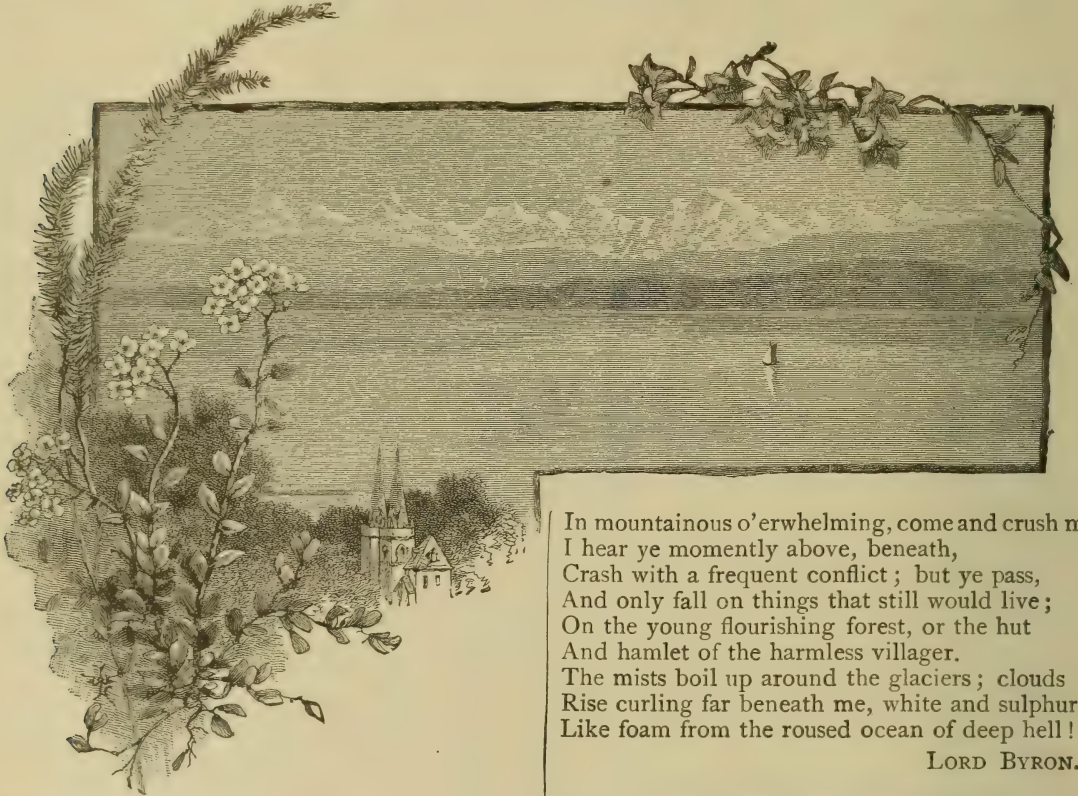
FELICIA D. HEMANS.

## THE GLACIER OF THE RHONE.

ERE long he reached the magnificent glacier of the Rhone ; a frozen cataract, more than two thousand feet in height, and many miles broad at its base. It fills the whole valley between two mountains, running back to their summits. At the base it is arched, like a dome ; and above, jagged and rough, and resembles a mass of gigantic crystals, of a pale emerald tint, mingled with white. A snowy crust covers its

white and sulphury, and immeasurably deep in appearance. The side we ascended was not of so precipitous a nature ; but, on arriving at the summit, we looked down upon the other side upon a boiling sea of cloud, dashing against the crags on which we stood—these crags on one side quite perpendicular. In passing the masses of snow, I made a snowball, and pelted Hobhouse with it."

Ye toppling crags of ice—  
Ye avalanches, whom a breath draws down



surface ; but at every rent and crevice the pale green ice shines clear in the sun. Its shape is that of a glove, lying with the palm downwards, and the fingers crooked and close together. It is a gauntlet of ice, which, centuries ago, winter, the king of these mountains, threw down in defiance to the sun ; and year by year the sun strives in vain to lift it from the ground on the point of his glittering spear.

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

## A FAMOUS SUMMIT.

A PART of Byron's "Manfred" was either written or mentally composed on the Wengern Alp. He says in his Journal, "Heard the avalanches falling every five minutes nearly. The clouds rose from the opposite valley, curling up perpendicular precipices, like the foam of the ocean of hell during a spring tide—it was

In mountainous o'erwhelming, come and crush me !  
I hear ye momentarily above, beneath,  
Crash with a frequent conflict ; but ye pass,  
And only fall on things that still would live ;  
On the young flourishing forest, or the hut  
And hamlet of the harmless villager.  
The mists boil up around the glaciers ; clouds  
Rise curling far beneath me, white and sulphury,  
Like foam from the roused ocean of deep hell !

LORD BYRON.

## THE BOY OF THE ALPS.

LIGHTLY, Alpine rover,  
Tread the mountains over ;  
Rude is the path thou'st yet to go ;  
Snow cliffs hanging o'er thee,  
Fields of ice before thee,  
While the hid torrent moans below.  
Hark, the deep thunder,  
Through the vales yonder !  
'Tis the huge av'lanche downward cast ;  
From rock to rock  
Rebounds the shock.  
But courage, boy ! the danger's past.  
Onward, youthful rover,  
Tread the glacier over,  
Safe shalt thou reach thy home at last.  
On, ere light forsake thee,  
Soon will dusk o'ertake thee ;



O'er yon ice-bridge lies the way!  
 Now, for the risk prepare thee;  
 Safe it yet may bear thee,  
 Though 'twill melt in morning's ray.

Hark, that dread howling!  
 'Tis the wolf prowling—  
 Scent of thy track the foe hath got;  
 And cliff and shore  
 Resound his roar.

But courage, boy—the danger's past!  
 Watching eyes have found thee,  
 Loving arms are round thee.  
 Safe hast thou reached thy father's cot.

THOMAS MOORE.

### MT. PILATUS.

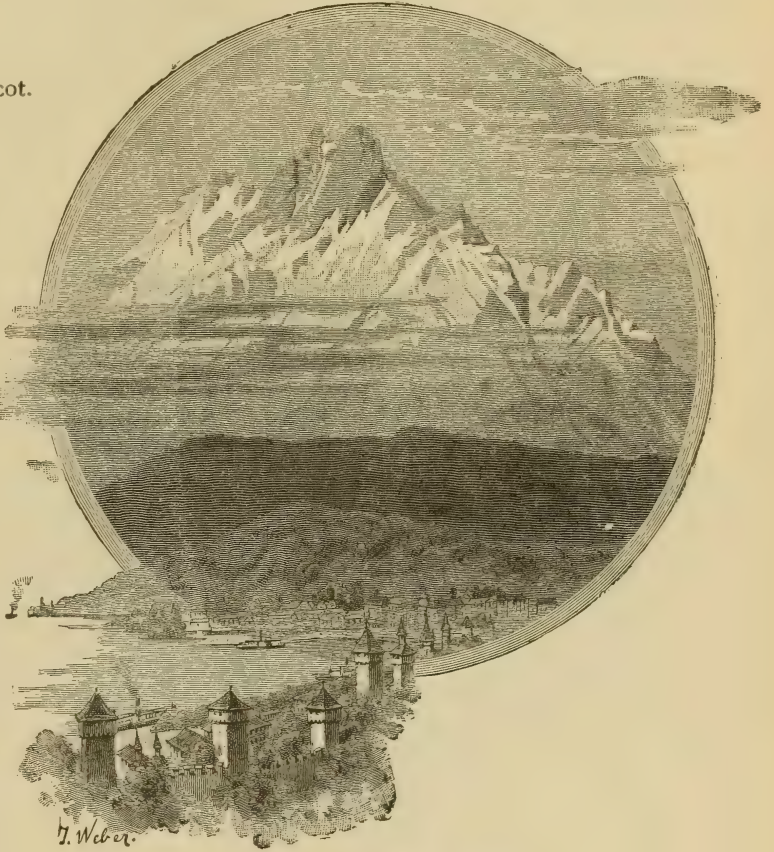
UNFORTUNATELY Pilatus is very attractive to clouds, otherwise the mountain is far more interesting than the Rigi, and the view from it in some respects finer, though a less complete panorama, and the grandeur of its own serrated outline, which forms so important a feature of the Rigi view, is of course wanting. The Lake of Lucerne lies open as far as Brunnen.

According to a wild tradition of considerable antiquity, this mountain derives its name from Pilate, the wicked governor of Judæa, who, having been banished to Gaul by Tiberius, wandered about among the mountains, stricken by conscience, until he ended his miserable existence by throwing himself into a lake on the top of Pilatus. The mountain, in consequence, labors under a very bad reputation. From its position as an outlier, or advanced guard of the chain of the Alps, it collects the clouds which float over the plain from the west and north; and it is remarked that almost all the storms which burst upon the Lake of Lucerne gather and brew on its summit.

This almost perpetual assembling of clouds was long attributed by the superstitious to the unquiet spirit still hovering round the sunken body, which, when disturbed by any intruder, revenged itself by sending storm, and darkness, and hail on the surrounding district. So prevalent was the belief in this superstition, even down to times comparatively recent, that the government of Lucerne forbade the ascent of the mountain, and the naturalist, Conrad Gessner, in 1555, was obliged to provide himself with a special order, removing the

interdict in his case, to enable him to carry on his researches.

According to some the name Pilatus is only a corruption of *Pileatus* (capped), arising from the cap of clouds which rarely quits its barren brow, and which is sometimes seen rising from it like steam from a caldron.



### MT. BLANC.

THIS mountain is very steep and rocky; it is exceedingly encumbered with its own immense ruins, which, in the course of ages, have rolled down from its summit and lodged either at its base or on its flanks. There are piles on piles of rocks, and some of them are of great dimensions; among which, to clear even a mule-path has evidently been a work of great labor and difficulty. The zigzag ascent winds around turns, which are very abrupt and frequent. They often pass along the edge of fearful precipices, where a false step would send the mule and the rider to destruction.

It often seems as if the apparently perverse, but

really skillful little animal, was about to walk deliberately off, as, in order that his feet may find their proper position, his head and neck are projected beyond the road, and overhang the precipice. But do not interfere with the nice balancing of your mule; he knows better than you can instruct him how to proceed, and has not the least inclination to roll down the mountain, although the wrong pulling up of a reign, or the sudden change of position of a heavy man on the saddle, may force him and yourself to that result. Trust a good Providence, and the mule, as the instrument, and you will pass safely along the mountain steeps.

BENJAMIN SILLIMAN.



### SUNRISE IN THE VALE OF CHAMOUNY.

**H**AST thou a charm to stay the morning star  
In his steep course? So long he seems to  
pause

On thy bald, awful head, O sovran Blanc!  
The Arve and Arveiron at thy base  
Rave ceaselessly; but thou, most awful form!  
Risest from forth thy silent sea of pines,  
How silently! Around thee and above,  
Deep is the air and dark, substantial, black,  
An ébon mass: methinks thou piercest it,  
As with a wedge! But when I look again,  
It is thine own calm home, thy crystal shrine,  
Thy habitation from eternity!  
O dread and silent mount! I gazed upon thee,

Till thou, still present to the bodily sense,  
Didst vanish from my thought: entranced in  
prayer

I worshiped the Invisible alone.

Yet, like some sweet beguiling melody,  
So sweet we know not we are listening to it,  
Thou, the meanwhile, wast blending with my  
thought,

Yea, with my life and life's own secret joy;  
Till the dilating soul, enrapt, transfused,  
Into the mighty vision passing—there,  
As in her natural form, swelled vast to heaven!

Awake, my soul! not only passive praise

Thou owest! not alone these swell-  
ing tears

Mute thanks and secret ecstasy.

Awake,

Voice of sweet song! Awake, my  
heart, awake!

Green vales and icy cliffs, all join  
my hymn.

Thou first and chief, sole sovran  
of the vale!

O, struggling with the darkness all  
the night,

And visited all night by troops of  
stars,

Or when they climb the sky or  
when they sink:

Companion of the morning star at  
dawn,

Thyself earth's rosy star, and of  
the dawn

Co-herald: wake, O wake and utter  
praise!

Who sank thy sunless pillars deep  
in earth?

Who filled thy countenance with  
rosy light?

Who made thee parent of perpetual  
streams?

And you, ye five wild torrents fiercely glad!  
Who called you forth from night and utter death,  
From dark and icy caverns called you forth,  
Down those precipitous, black, jagged rocks,  
Forever shattered and the same forever?  
Who gave you your invulnerable life,  
Your strength, your speed, your fury and your joy,  
Unceasing thunder and eternal foam?  
And who commanded (and the silence came),  
Here let the billows stiffen, and have rest?

Ye ice-falls! ye that from the mountain's brow  
Adown enormous ravines slope amain—  
Torrents, methinks, that heard a mighty voice,  
And stopped at once amid their maddest plunge—  
Motionless torrents! silent cataracts!



Who made you glorious as the gates of heaven  
Beneath the keen, full moon? Who bade the sun  
Clothe you with rainbows? Who, with living  
flowers

Of loveliest blue, spread garlands at your feet—  
God! let the torrents, like a shout of nations,  
Answer! and let the ice-plains echo, God!  
God! Sing, ye meadow streams, with gladsome  
voice!

Ye pine groves, with your soft and soul-like  
sounds!

And they, too, have a voice, yon piles of snow,  
And in their perilous fall shall thunder, God!

Ye living flowers that skirt the eternal frost!  
Ye wild goats sporting round the eagle's nest!  
Ye eagles, playmates of the mountain storm!  
Ye lightnings, the dread arrows of the clouds!  
Ye signs and wonders of the elements!  
Utter forth God, and fill the hills with praise!

Thou, too, hoar Mount! with thy sky-pointing  
peaks,

Oft from whose feet the avalanche, unheard,  
Shoots downward, glittering through the pure  
serene

Into the depth of clouds, that veil thy breast—  
Thou too again, stupendous mountain! thou  
That as I raise my head, a while bowed low  
In adoration, upward from thy base  
Slow traveling with dim eyes suffused with tears,  
Solemnly seemest, like a vapory cloud,  
To rise before me—rise, oh, ever rise,  
Rise like a cloud of incense from the earth!  
Thou kingly spirit, throned among the hills,  
Thou dread ambassador from earth to heaven,  
Great hierarch! tell thou the silent sky,  
And tell the stars, and tell yon rising sun,  
Earth, with her thousand voices, praises God.

S. T. COLERIDGE.

### THE AVALANCHE.

ABOVE me are the Alps,  
The palaces of nature, whose vast walls  
Have pinnaced in clouds their snowy scalps,  
And throned eternity in icy halls  
Of cold sublimity, where forms and falls  
The avalanche—the thunderbolt of snow!  
All that expands the spirit, yet appals,  
Gather around the summits, as to show  
How earth may soar to heaven, yet leave vain man  
below.

LORD BYRON.

### ENGLAND AND SWITZERLAND.

TWO voices are there—one is of the sea,  
One of the mountains, each a mighty voice:  
In both from age to age thou didst rejoice,  
They were thy chosen music, liberty!

There came a tyrant, and with holy glee  
Thou fought'st against him—but hast vainly  
striven;

Thou from thy Alpine holds at length are driven  
Where not a torrent murmurs heard by thee.

—Of one deep bliss thine ear hath been bereft;  
Then cleave, O cleave to that which still is left—  
For, high-souled maid, what sorrow would it be

That mountain floods should thunder as before,  
And ocean bellow from his rocky shore,  
And neither awful voice be heard by thee!

WILLIAM WORDSWORTH.

### AVALANCHES OF THE JUNGFRAU.

ORDINARILY, in a sunny day at noon, the  
avalanches are falling on the Jungfrau  
about every ten minutes, with the roar of  
thunder, but they are much more seldom visible,  
and sometimes the traveler crosses the Wengern  
Alp without witnessing them at all. But we were  
so very highly favored as to see two of the grandest  
avalanches possible in the course of about an hour,  
between twelve o'clock and two. One cannot  
command any language to convey an adequate  
idea of their magnificence. You are standing far  
below, gazing up to where the great disc of the  
glittering Alp cuts the heavens, and drinking in  
the influence of the silent scene around.

Suddenly an enormous mass of snow and ice, in  
itself a mountain, seems to move; it breaks from  
the toppling outmost mountain ridge of snow,  
where it is hundreds of feet in depth, and in its  
first fall of perhaps two thousand feet, is broken  
into millions of fragments. As you first see the  
flash of distant artillery by night, then hear the  
roar, so here you may see the white flashing mass  
majestically bowing, then hear the astounding din.  
A cloud of dusty, misty, dry snow rises into the  
air from the concussion, forming a white volume  
of fleecy smoke, or misty light, from the bosom of  
which thunders forth the icy torrent in its second  
prodigious fall over the rocky battlements. The  
eye follows it delighted as it ploughs through the  
path which preceding avalanches have worn, till it  
comes to the brink of a vast ridge of bare rock,  
perhaps more than two thousand feet perpendicular.

Then pours the whole cataract over the gulf  
with a still louder roar of echoing thunder, to  
which nothing but the noise of Niagara in its sub-  
limity is comparable. Nevertheless, you may think  
of the tramp of an army of elephants, of the roar  
of multitudinous cavalry marching to battle, of  
the whirlwind tread of ten thousand bisons sweep-  
ing across the prairie, of the tempest surf of ocean  
beating and shaking the continent, of the sound  
of torrent floods or of a numerous host, or of the  
voice of the Trumpet on Sinai, exceeding loud,  
and waxing louder and louder, so that all the  
people in the camp trembled, or of the rolling  
orbs of that fierce chariot, described by Milton,

Under whose burning wheels  
The steadfast empyrean shook throughout.

## THE FALL OF THE STAUBBACH.

STRANGERS, who expect in the Staubbach the roaring rapidity of a cataract, will be disappointed; but, in the opinion of many, this want is atoned for by other beauties. The friction of the rock, and the resistance of the air, retard the descent of the water, giving it, when seen in front, the appearance of a lace veil suspended from the precipice, and imitating, in its centre, the folds of the drapery. When very



full, it shoots out from the rock, and is bent by the wind into flickering undulations. Byron has described it admirably, both in prose and verse:

“The torrent is in shape, curving over the rock, like the tail of a white horse streaming in the wind—such as it might be conceived would be that of the ‘pale horse’ on which Death is mounted in the Apocalypse. It is neither mist nor water, but a something between both: its immense height gives it a wave or curve—a spreading here or condensation there—wonderful and indescribable.”

“It is not noon—the sunbow’s rays still arch  
The torrent with the many hues of heaven,  
And roll the sheeted silver’s waving column  
O’er the crags headlong perpendicular,

And fling its lines of foaming light along,  
And to and fro, like the pale courser’s tail,  
The giant steed to be bestrode by Death,  
As told in the Apocalypse.”

## ARNOLD WINKELRIED.

In the battle of Sempach, in the fourteenth century, this martyr-patriot perceiving that there was no other means of breaking the heavy-armed lines of the Austrians than by gathering as many of their spears as he could grasp together, opened, by this means, a passage for his fellow-combatants, who, with hammers and hatchets, hewed down the mailed men-at-arms and won the victory.

“MAKE way for liberty!” he cried—  
Made way for liberty, and died!  
In arms the Austrian phalanx stood,  
A living wall, a human wood;  
Impregnable their front appears,  
All-horrend with projected spears.  
Opposed to these, a hovering band  
Contended for their fatherland,  
Peasants, whose new-found strength had broke  
From manly necks the ignoble yoke;  
Marshaled once more at freedom’s call,  
They came to conquer or to fall.

And now the work of life and death  
Hung on the passing of a breath;  
The fire of conflict burned within;  
The battle trembled to begin;  
Yet, while the Austrians held their ground,  
Point for assault was nowhere found;  
Where’er the impatient Switzers gazed,  
The unbroken line of lances blazed;  
That line ’twere suicide to meet,  
And perish at their tyrant’s feet.  
How could they rest within their graves,  
To leave their homes the haunts of slaves?  
Would they not feel their children tread,  
With clanking chains, above their head?

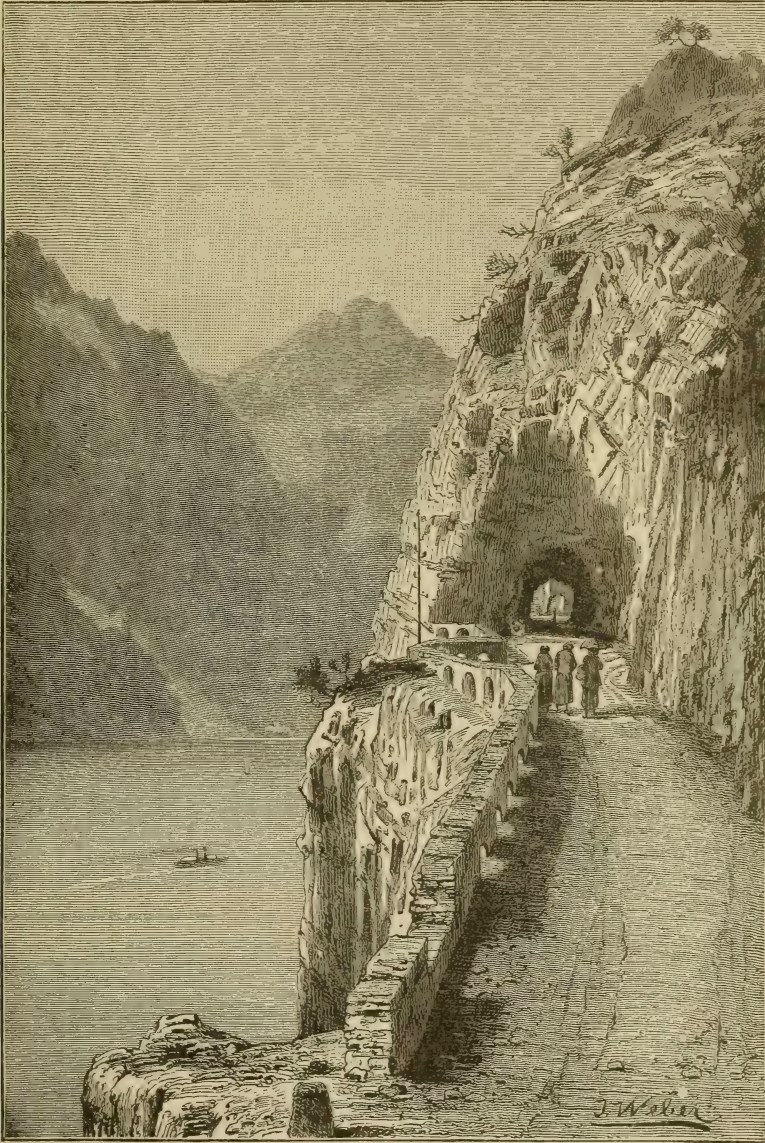
It must not be: this day, this hour  
Annihilates the invader’s power!  
All Switzerland is in the field—  
She will not fly, she cannot yield,  
She must not fall; her better fate  
Here gives her an immortal date.  
Few were the numbers she could boast,  
Yet every freeman was a host,  
And felt as ’twere a secret known  
That one should turn the scale alone,  
While each unto himself was he  
On whose sole arm hung victory.

It did depend on one, indeed;  
Behold him—Arnold Winkelried!  
There sounds not to the trump of fame  
The echo of a nobler name.  
Unmarked, he stood amid the throng,  
In rumination deep and long,  
Till you might see, with sudden grace,  
The very thought come o’er his face;



And by the motion of his form,  
 Anticipate the bursting storm,  
 And, by the uplifting of his brow,  
 Tell where the bolt would strike, and how.  
 But 'twas no sooner thought than done—

He bowed amidst them, like a tree,  
 And thus made way for liberty.  
 Swift to the breach his comrades fly—  
 "Make way for liberty!" they cry,  
 And through the Austrian phalanx dart,



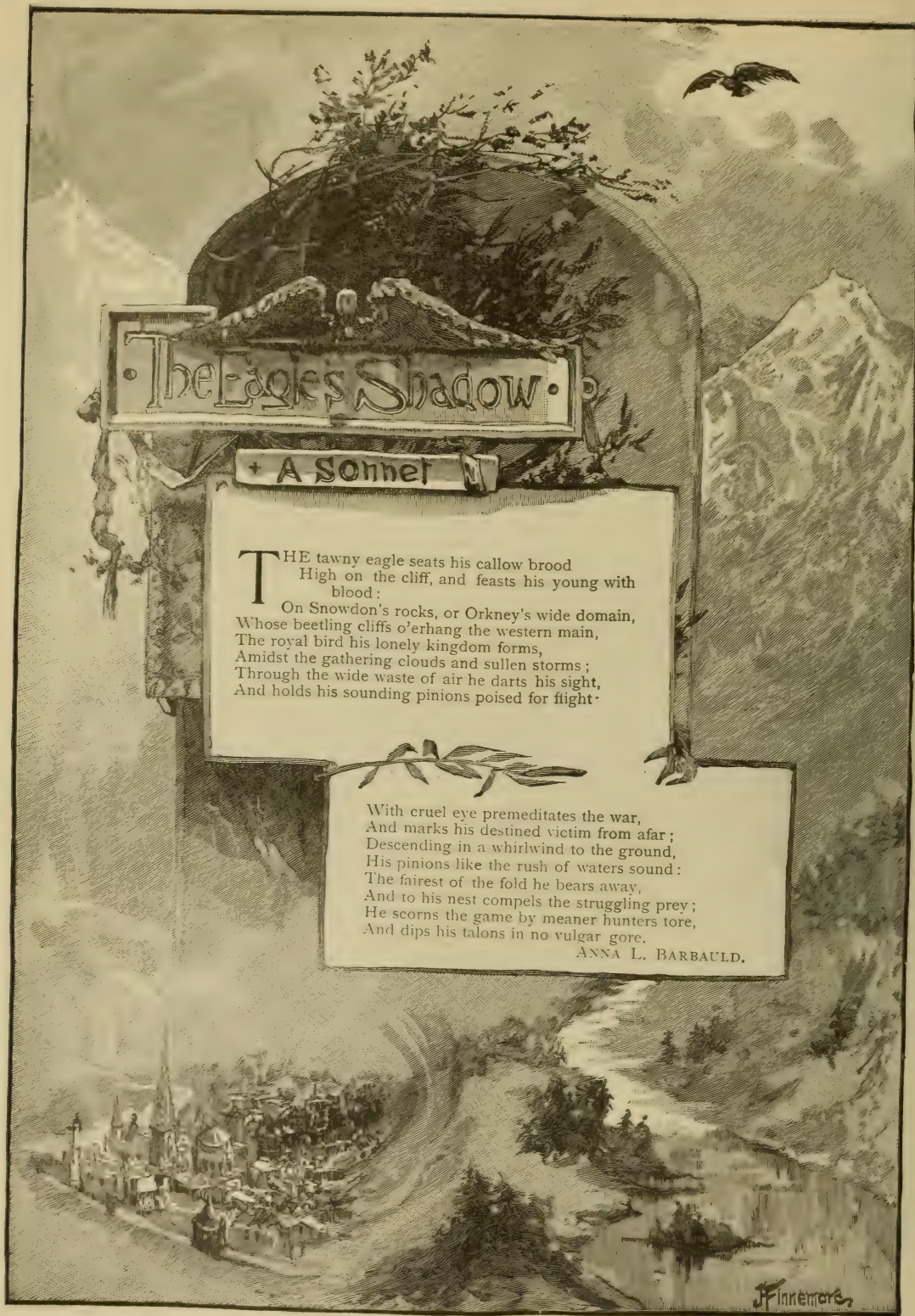
ON THE AXENSTRASSE—LAKE OF LUCERNE.

The field was in a moment won!  
 "Make way for liberty!" he cried,  
 Then ran, with arms extended wide.  
 As if his dearest friend to clasp;  
 Ten spears he swept within his grasp.  
 "Make way for liberty!" he cried;  
 Their keen points crossed from side to side;

As rushed the spears through Arnold's heart,  
 While, instantaneous as his fall,  
 Rout, ruin, panic seized them all;  
 An earthquake could not overthrow  
 A city with a surer blow.  
 Thus Switzerland again was free—  
 Thus death made way for liberty.

JAMES MONTGOMERY.





## The Eagle's Shadow

### + A Sonnet

THE tawny eagle seats his callow brood  
High on the cliff, and feasts his young with  
blood :

On Snowdon's rocks, or Orkney's wide domain,  
Whose beetling cliffs o'erhang the western main,  
The royal bird his lonely kingdom forms,  
Amidst the gathering clouds and sullen storms ;  
Through the wide waste of air he darts his sight,  
And holds his sounding pinions poised for flight •

With cruel eye premeditates the war,  
And marks his destined victim from afar ;  
Descending in a whirlwind to the ground,  
His pinions like the rush of waters sound :  
The fairest of the fold he bears away,  
And to his nest compels the struggling prey ;  
He scorns the game by meaner hunters tore,  
And dips his talons in no vulgar gore.

ANNA L. BARBAULD.



## LAKE LUCERNE AND WILLIAM TELL'S CHAPEL.

OPPOSITE Brunnen the lake changes at once its direction and character. Along the bay of Uri, or of Flüelen as it is sometimes called, it stretches nearly north and south, and its borders are the buttresses of mountains, higher than any of those which overlook the other branches of the lake. On the east runs an almost unbroken precipice of the grandest dimensions,

which connects Brunnen with Flüelen, a distance of about eight miles. It was commenced by the Swiss Government after the union of Savoy with France, when it was considered advisable to improve the communication between the Cantons. To reach Flüelen from Brunnen or Schwyz it was formerly usual to make a long circuit; but there was a difficult path which was actually traversed by the French General Lecourbe, with his army, in pursuit of Suwarrow, in the night by torchlight, 1799. The want of boats to carry his troops across



WILLIAM TELL'S CHAPEL—LAKE LUCERNE.

with twisted strata descending sheer to the water, here in places more than 1100 feet deep. It is upon this that the superiority of the Lake of Lucerne to all other lakes depends. The vast mountains rising on every side and closing at the end, with their rich clothing of wood, the sweet soft spots of verdant pasture scattered at their feet, and sometimes on their breast, and the expanse of water, unbroken by islands, and almost undisturbed by any signs of living men, make an impression which it would be foolish to attempt to convey by words.

Until 1865 the east side of the Bay of Uri was impassable. It was first invaded by the telegraph wire, which ran from rock to rock, but it is now traversed by a magnificent road—the Axenstrasse,

the lake compelled him to attempt this daring exploit.

At one point the precipices recede a little, leaving a ledge, formed by earth fallen from above, and sloping to the water. A few walnut and chestnut trees have here taken root, and the small space is occupied by a meadow conspicuous among the surrounding woods from the brightness of its verdure. This is Grütli or Rütli, the spot pointed out by tradition as the rendezvous of the three founders of Swiss freedom—Werner Stauffacher, Erni and Walter Fürst. These “honest conspirators” met in the dead of night, on this secluded spot, at the end of the year 1307, to form a plan for liberating their country from the oppression of the Austrians. They here “swore to be faith-

ful to each other, but to do no wrong to the Count of Habsburg, and not to maltreat his governors."

These poor mountaineers, in the 14th century, furnish, perhaps, the only example of insurgents who, at the moment of revolt, bind themselves as sacredly to be just and merciful to their oppressors as to be faithful to each other; and, we may add, who remained true to their intentions. The scheme thus concerted was carried into execution on the following New Year's day; and such was the origin of the Swiss Confederation.

According to popular belief, which everywhere in Switzerland connects political events with notions of religion, the oath of the Grütli was followed by a miracle, and three springs gushed from the spot upon which the confederates had stood. In token of this every stranger is led to a little hut built over the sources, and is invited to drink from them to the memory of the founders of Swiss freedom.

TELL'S CHAPEL is 300 feet above the lake, unequalled for situation and view; small, but comfortable, except on Sunday, when it is often crowded. Here, according to the tradition, Tell sprang on shore from the boat in which Gessler was carrying him a prisoner to Küssnacht, when a sudden storm on the lake had compelled him to remove Tell's fetters, in order to avail himself of his skill as steersman. The chapel, an open arcade lined with rude and faded paintings, representing the events of the delivery of Switzerland, was erected by canton Uri in 1388, and, in the firm belief of the country people, to the memory of the brave archer. Once a year, on the first Friday after the Ascension, mass is said and a sermon preached in the chapel, which is attended by the inhabitants residing on the shores of the lake, who, repairing hither in boats, form an aquatic procession. But there have been fierce disputes as to the truth of the story of Tell.

It is not mentioned by Jean de Winterthur, a contemporary and minute narrator of the events of the revolution, nor by any writer for two centuries

after their occurrence. It is first found in the chronicle of Melchior Russ, 1476. It is pretty clear that a Swiss named William Tell existed, and that he was held in honor by his countrymen, but there is nothing to prove his connection with the history of the Confederation. Exactly similar legends, or saga, of the 10th century are found in Norway and Denmark.

The view from Tell's chapel is exceedingly fine. The following are the remarks of Sir James Mackintosh on this scene: "The combination of what is grandest in nature, with whatever is pure and sublime in human conduct, affected me in this passage (along the lake) more powerfully than any scene I had ever witnessed. Perhaps neither Greece nor Rome would have had such power over me. They are dead. The present inhabitants are a new race, who regard with little or no feeling the memorials of former ages. This is, perhaps, the only place in our globe where deeds of pure virtue, ancient enough to be venerable, are consecrated by the religion of the people, and continue to command interest and reverence. No local superstition so beautiful and so moral anywhere exists. The inhabitants of Thermopylæ or Marathon know no more of these famous spots than that they are so many square feet of earth. England is too extensive a country to make Runnymede an object of national affection. In countries of industry and wealth the stream of events sweeps away these old remembrances. The solitude of the Alps is a sanctuary destined for the monuments of ancient virtue; Grütli and Tell's chapel are as much revered by the Alpine peasants as Mecca by a devout Mussulman."

### SUNRISE AMONG THE ALPS.

SUCH a sunrise! The giant Alps seemed literally to rise from their purple beds, and putting on their crowns of gold, to send up hallelujahs almost audible!

WASHINGTON ALLSTON.



# CHILDHOOD AND YOUTH:

CONTAINING

## CAPTIVATING SELECTIONS FOR THE YOUNG.

### THE DOLLS' WEDDING.



My pa he ist fished an' fished,  
An' my ma she said she wished  
Me an' her was home—an' pa  
Said he wished so wors'n ma!

Pa said if you talk, er say  
Anything, er sneeze, er play,  
Haint no fish, alive or ded,  
Ever goin' to bite! he said.

### MATTIE'S WANTS AND WISHES.

I WANTS a piece of cal'co  
To make my doll a dess;  
I doesn't want a big piece;  
A yard'll do I guess.

HERE'S a wedding to-day in the garden below,  
Where the pinks and marigolds stand in a row;  
The prettiest wedding that ever was seen,  
I know, for I peeped through the trellises green.

The bride is a doll that is nearly as tall  
As the lily that leans to look over the wall.  
In a gown of pink silk she is gorgeously dressed,  
With a plume in her hat and a brooch on her breast

The groom is a sailor boy gallant and bold,  
In a cap and a jacket all braided with gold;  
(Both dollies belong to a lassie of three,  
Whose face bubbles over with frolic and glee.)

There are roses above, there are roses around,  
And the petals of roses lie thick on the ground,  
And the robin is there with his silvery flute,  
And the oriole clad in his flame-colored suit.

Little Tiny, the terrier, married the pair,  
Sitting on a bench with a serious air,  
With grandmother's kerchief as clerical clothes,  
And grandfather's spectacles over his nose.

### A FISHIN'.

WUNST we went a fishin'—me  
An' my pa an' ma, all three—  
When they was a picnic, 'way  
Out to Hanch's wood one day.

An' they was a crick out there,  
Where the fishes is, and where  
Little boys 'taint big an' strong,  
Better have their folks along!

Purt nigh dark in town when we  
Got back home; an' ma says she  
Now she'll have a fish fer shore—  
And she buyed one at the store!

Nen at supper, pa he won't  
Eat no fish, an' says he don't  
Like 'em—an' he ponded me  
When I choked—ma, didn't he?

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.

I wish you'd fred my needle,  
And find my fible, too—  
I has such heaps o' sewin'  
I don't know what to do.



My Hepsy tore her apron  
 A tum'lin' down the stair,  
 And Cæsar's lost his pantnoons.  
 And needs anoizzer pair.

She lets me wipe the dishes,  
 And see in grandpa's watch—  
 I wish I'd free, four pennies  
 To buy some butter-sotch.



I wants my Maud a bonnet ;  
 She hasn't none at all ;  
 And Fred must have a jacket ;  
 His ozzer one's too small,  
 I want's to go to grandma's ;  
 You promised me I might.  
 I know she'd like to see me ;  
 I wants to go to-night

I wants some newer mittens—  
 I wish you'd knit me some,  
 'Cause most my finger freezes,  
 They leaks so in the fum.  
 I wored 'em out last summer,  
 A pullin' George's sled ;  
 I wish you wouldn't laugh so—  
 It hurts me in my head.

I wish I had a cookie ;  
 I'm hungry's I can be.  
 If you hasn't pretty large ones,  
 You'd better bring me free.



I wish I had a p'ano—  
 Won't you buy me one to keep?  
 O, dear! I feels so tired,  
 I wants to go to sleep.

GRACE GORDON.

### A FELLOW'S MOTHER.

“A FELLOW'S mother,” said Fred the wise,  
 With his rosy cheeks and his merry eyes,  
 “Knows what to do if a fellow gets hurt  
 By a thump, or a bruise, or a fall in the dirt.

“A fellow's mother has bags and strings,  
 Rags and buttons, and lots of things;  
 No matter how busy she is, she'll stop  
 To see how well you can spin your top.

“She does not care, not much, I mean,  
 If a fellow's face is not always clean;  
 And if your trousers are torn at the knee  
 She can put in a patch that you'd never see.

“A fellow's mother is never mad,  
 But only sorry if you are bad,  
 And I'll tell you this, if you're only true,  
 She'll always forgive whate'er you do.

“I'm sure of this,” said Fred the wise,  
 With a manly look in his laughing eyes,  
 “I'll mind my mother, quick, every day,  
 A fellow's a baby that don't obey.”

M. E. SANGSTER.

### THE LITTLE WHITE HEARSE.

As the little white hearse went glimmering  
 by—

The man on the coal cart jerked his lines,  
 And smutted the lid of either eye,  
 And turned and stared at the business signs;  
 And the street car driver stopped and beat  
 His hands on his shoulders and gazed up street  
 Till his eye on the long track reached the sky—  
 As the little white hearse went glimmering by.

As the little white hearse went glimmering by—  
 A stranger petted a ragged child  
 In the crowded walk, and she knew not why,  
 But he gave her a coin for the way she smiled;  
 And a bootblack thrilled with a pleasure strange  
 As a customer put back his change  
 With a kindly hand and a grateful sigh—  
 As the little white hearse went glimmering by.

As the little white hearse went glimmering by—  
 A man looked out of a window dim,  
 And his cheeks were wet and his heart was dry—  
 For a dead child even were dear to him.  
 And he thought of his empty life and said:  
 “Loveless alive, and loveless dead.  
 Nor wife nor child in earth or sky!” —  
 As the little white hearse went glimmering by.

### TWO LITTLE MAIDENS.

A SORRY little maiden  
 Is Miss Fuss-and-Feather,  
 Crying for the golden moon,  
 Grumbling at the weather;  
 The sun will fade her gown,  
 The rain spoil her bonnet,  
 If she ventures out,  
 And lets it fall upon it.

A merry little maiden  
 Is Miss Rags-and-Tatters,  
 Chatting of the twinkling stars  
 And many other matters;  
 Dancing in the sunshine,  
 Pattering through the rain,  
 Her clothes never cause her  
 A single thought or pain.

AGNES CARR.

### A LIFE LESSON.

THERE, little girl, don't cry.  
 They've broken your doll, I know,  
 And your tea set blue  
 And your toy house, too,  
 Are things of the long ago;  
 But childish troubles will soon pass by;  
 There, little girl, don't cry.

There, little girl, don't cry;  
 They've broken your heart, I know,  
 And the rainbow gleams  
 Of your youthful dreams  
 Are things of the long ago;  
 But Heaven holds all for which you sigh;  
 There, little girl, don't cry.

### GRANDMA'S ANGEL.

“MAMMA said: ‘Little one, go and see  
 If grandma's ready to come to tea.’  
 I knew I mustn't disturb her, so  
 I stepped as gently along, tiptoe,  
 And stood a moment to take a peep—  
 And there was grandmother fast asleep!

“I knew it was time for her to wake;  
 I thought I'd give her a little shake,  
 Or tap at her door or softly call;  
 But I hadn't the heart for that at all—

“She looked so sweet and so quiet there,  
 Lying back in her high arm-chair,  
 With her dear white hair, and a little smile  
 That means she's loving you all the while.

“I didn't make a speck of noise;  
 I knew she was dreaming of the rattle boys  
 And girls who lived with her long ago,  
 And then went to heaven—she told me so.

“I went up close, and I didn't speak  
 One word, but I gave her on the cheek

The softest bit of a little kiss,  
Just in a whisper, and then said this:  
'Grandmother dear, it's time for tea.'

"She opened her eyes and looked at me,  
And said: 'Why, pet, I have just now dreamed  
Of a little angel who came and seemed

My eyes are filled with the lathery soap,  
Which adown my ears is dripping;  
And my smarting eyes I can scarcely ope,  
And my lips the suds are sipping.

It's down my neck and up my nose,  
And to choke me you seem to be trying;  
That I'll shut my mouth you  
need not suppose,  
For how can I keep from  
crying?

You rub as hard as ever you  
can  
And your hands are hard to  
my sorrow;  
No woman shall wash me  
when I'm a man,  
And I wish I was one to-  
morrow.

#### FORGIVENESS.

**I** SAT in the evening cool  
Of the heat-baked city  
street,  
Musing, and watching a little  
pair,  
Who played on the walk at  
my feet:  
A boy, the elder, of strong,  
rough mould;  
His sister, a blossom sweet.

When, just in the midst of  
their play,  
Came an angry cry, and a  
blow,  
That bruised the cheek of the  
little maid  
And caused bright tears to  
flow,  
And brought from my lips  
quick, sharp reproof  
On the lad who had acted  
so.

And he stood by, sullen and  
hard,  
While the maid soon dried  
her tear,

He looked at her with an angry eye;  
She timidly drew near.

"Don't be cross, Johnny!" (a little sob),  
"Let me forgive 'oo, dear!"

And the cloud is passed and gone,  
And again in their play they meet,  
And the strong, rough boy wears a kinder mien  
And brighter the maiden sweet,  
While a whisper has come from the heart of God  
To a man, a man on the street.



To kiss me lovingly on my face.'  
She pointed right at the very place!

"I never told her 'twas only me:  
I took her hand, and we went to tea."

#### THE LITTLE BOY'S LAMENT.

**O** H! why must I always be washed so clean  
And scrubbed and drenched for Sunday,  
When you know very well, for you've  
always seen,  
That I'm dirty again on Monday?



## NUTTING.

OUT in the pleasant sunshine of a bright  
 October day,  
 Rollicking, frolicking through the woods,  
 scaring the birds away,  
 Went a group of laughing girls and boys to play  
 till the sun was set;  
 Martha and Robbie, and Tom and Will, and  
 Dolly, the household pet!

They "made believe" they were foragers bold,  
 scouring the country o'er,  
 To add to their scanty soldier fare from an enemy's  
 fruitful store,  
 And they charged on the squirrels' leafy homes  
 till they beat a quick retreat;  
 While their precious hoards came rattling down at  
 the noisy victors' feet.

They played tag and follow my leader and scam-  
 pered up and down,  
 Covering each other in their glee with the leaves  
 so crisp and brown,  
 Till they huddled down to talk and rest and plan  
 some pleasure new,  
 While Martha unpacked the "goodies" for the  
 hungry, bright-faced crew.

"I'm too little to work," said Dolly, tossing her  
 curls away,  
 "You make the dinner, Mattie, dear—then I'll be  
 papa, and pray!  
 I know just how he does it, 'cause I've looked  
 through my fingers, so;  
 And God will hear me better out-doors than he  
 would in the house, I know!"

Then clasping her baby fingers, and bowing her  
 leaf-crowned head,  
 With its tangled floss half over her face, shading  
 its flush of red,  
 Sweetly the innocent little voice stole out on the  
 waiting air,  
 And up to the children's Father floated this child-  
 ish prayer:

"I thank you, God, 'way up in the sky, for these  
 nice things to eat;  
 For this happy day in the pleasant woods, for the  
 squirrels and birdies sweet;  
 For fathers and mothers to love us—only Robbie,  
 his mother's dead;  
 But I guess you know all about that, God—you  
 took her away, they said!

"If you please, don't make my mother die;  
 I shouldn't know what to do!  
 I couldn't take care of myself at all; you'd have  
 to get me, too!  
 Make all the days just as good as this, and don't  
 let Robbie cry—  
 That's all little Dolly knows to pray, our Father in  
 heaven, good-by!"

Then the sweet child voices rose anew like a  
 beautiful refrain,  
 And the birds in the brown leaves overhead caught  
 up the merry strain,  
 And twittered it back till the yellow sun was lost  
 in the hazy west,  
 When birds and children fluttered home, each to  
 a sheltering nest.

LUCY M. BLINN.

## NAMING THE BABY.

THEY gather in solemn council,  
 The chiefs in the household band;  
 They sit in the darkened chamber,  
 A conclave proud and grand;  
 They peer in the curtained chamber,  
 And all with one voice exclaim,  
 As they point to the new-found treasure  
 "The baby must have a name!"

They bring forth the names by dozens  
 With many an anxious look;  
 They scan all the tales and novels,  
 They search through the good old Book;  
 Till the happy-voiced young mother,  
 Now urging her prior claim,  
 Cries out in the fondest accents,  
 "O! give him a pretty name."

"His grandpa was Ebenezer,  
 "Long buried and gone, dear soul,"  
 Says the trembling voice of grandma,  
 As the quiet tear-drops roll.  
 "Oh, call him Eugene Augustus,"  
 Cries the youngest of the throng;  
 "Plain John," says the happy father,  
 "Is an honest name and strong."

And thus is the embryo statesman  
 Or, perhaps, the soldier bold,  
 Respecting his future title  
 Left utterly out in the cold;  
 And yet it can matter but little  
 To him who is heedless of fame,  
 For no name will dishonor the mortal,  
 If the mortal but honors the name.

## NAN.

I KNOW a maid, a dear little maid;  
 If you knew her, you'd woo her,  
 I'm sadly afraid;  
 So I think it as well  
 Her name not to tell,  
 Except that she's sometimes called "Nan."

She has a hand, a soft little hand;  
 Did you feel it, you'd steal it,  
 I quite understand;  
 So I think it as well  
 To reveal not the spell  
 That lurks in the fingers of Nan.

Bright are her eyes, her clear hazel eyes;  
 If their dance should entrance you  
     I'd feel no surprise;  
 So I think it as well  
 The whole truth to tell;  
 She's my own baby daughter, my Nan.  
                     CORA STUART WHEELER.



BEING A BOY.

**O**NE of the best things in the world to be is a boy; it requires no experience, though it needs some practice to be a good one. The disadvantage of the position is that he does not last long enough. It is soon over. Just as you get used to being a boy, you have to be something else, with a good deal more work to do, and not half so much fun. And yet every boy is anxious to be a man, and is very uneasy with the restrictions that are put upon him as a boy. There are so many bright spots in the life of a farm boy that I sometimes think I should like to live the life over again. I should almost be willing to be a girl if it were not for the chores.

There is a great comfort to a boy in the amount of work he can get rid of doing. It is sometimes astonishing how slow he can go on an errand. Perhaps he couldn't explain, himself, why, when he is sent to the neighbor's after yeast, he stops to stone the frogs. He is not exactly cruel, but he wants to see if he can hit 'em. It is a curious fact about boys, that two will be a great deal slower in doing anything than one. Boys have a great power of helping each other do nothing. But say what you will about the general usefulness of boys, a farm without a boy would very soon come to grief. He is always in demand.

In the first place, he is to do all the errands, go to the store, the post-office, and to carry all sorts of messages. He would like to have as many legs as a wheel has spokes, and rotate about in the same way. This he sometimes tries to do, and people who have seen him "turning cart-wheels" along the side of the road have supposed he was amusing himself and idling his time. He was only trying to invent a new mode of locomotion, so that he could economize his legs and do his errands with greater dispatch. Leap-frog is one of his methods of getting over the ground quickly. He has a natural genius for combining pleasure with business.

CHARLES DUDLEY WARNER.

### THE CHICKEN'S MISTAKE.

**A** LITTLE downy chick one day  
 Asked leave to go on the water,  
 Where she saw a duck with her brood at play  
 Swimming and splashing about her.

Indeed, she began to peep and cry,  
 When her mother wouldn't let her,  
 "If the ducks can swim, then why can't I?  
 Are they any bigger or better?"

Then the old hen answered, "Listen to me,  
 And hush your foolish talking;  
 Just look at your feet, and you will see  
 They were only made for walking."

But chicky wistfully eyed the brook,  
 And didn't half believe her;  
 For she seemed to say, by a knowing look,  
 Such stories couldn't deceive her.





THE MERRY BOATING PARTY.



And as her mother was scratching the ground,  
 She muttered lower and lower,  
 "I know I can go there and not be drowned,  
 And so I think I'll show her."

Then she made a plunge where the stream was  
 deep,

And saw too late her blunder;  
 For she had hardly time to peep  
 When her foolish head went under.

And now I hope her fate will show  
 That child my story reading,  
 That those who are older sometimes know  
 What you will do well in heeding:

That each content in his place should dwell,  
 And envy not his brother,  
 For any part that is acted well  
 Is just as good as another;

For we all have our proper spheres below,  
 And this is a truth worth knowing:  
 You will come to grief if you try to go  
 Where you never were made for going.

PHEBE CARY.

#### THE MERMAN'S SONG.

COME away, children;  
 Come, children, come down,  
 The hoarse wind blows colder,  
 Lights shine in the town.  
 She will start from her slumber  
 When gusts shake the door;  
 She will hear the winds howling,  
 Will hear the waves roar.  
 We shall see, while above us  
 The waves roar and whirl,  
 A ceiling of amber,  
 A pavement of pearl,  
 Singing, "Here came a mortal,  
 But faithless was she;  
 And alone dwells forever  
 The king of the sea."

But, children, at midnight,  
 When soft the winds blow,  
 When clear falls the moonlight,  
 When spring tides are low,  
 When sweet airs come seaward  
 From heaths starred with bloom,  
 And high rocks throw mildly  
 On the blanched sands a gloom,  
 Up the still glistening beaches,  
 Up the creeks we will hie,  
 Over banks of bright seaweed  
 The ebb tide leaves dry.  
 We will gaze, from the sand-hills,  
 At the white, sleeping town,  
 At the church on the hillside,  
 And then come back down,

Singing, "There dwells a loved one,  
 But cruel is she;  
 She left lonely forever  
 The king of the sea."

MATTHEW ARNOLD.

#### DREAMS.

SOME tiny elves, one evening, grew mischiev-  
 ous, it seems,  
 And broke into the store-room where the  
 Sandman keeps his dreams,  
 And gathered up whole armfuls of dreams all  
 bright and sweet,  
 And started forth to peddle them adown the vil-  
 lage street.

Oh, you would never, never guess how queerly  
 these dreams sold;

Why, nearly all the younger folk bought dreams  
 of being old;

And one wee chap in curls and kilts, a gentle little  
 thing,

Invested in a dream about an awful pirate king.

A maid, who thought her pretty name old-fash-  
 ioned and absurd,

Bought dreams of names the longest and the  
 queerest ever heard;

And, strange to say, a lad, who owned all sorts of  
 costly toys,

Bought dreams of selling papers with the raggedest  
 of boys.

And then a dream of summer and a barefoot boy  
 at play

Was bought up very quickly by a gentleman quite  
 gray;

And one old lady—smiling through the grief she  
 tried to hide—

Bought bright and tender visions of a little girl  
 who died.

A ragged little beggar girl, with weary, wistful  
 gaze,

Soon chose a cinderella dream, with jewels all  
 ablaze—

Well, it wasn't many minutes from the time they  
 came in sight

Before the dreams were all sold out and the elves  
 had taken flight.

#### BE TRUE.

YOUNG friends, to whom life's early days  
 Are bright with promise all,  
 And to whose view the glowing rays  
 Of hope unclouded fall;  
 To counsel each to choose the good,  
 Throughout the coming years, I would  
 A precept give to you:  
 Observe, if you success would win,  
 The wealth of worth embodied in  
 Two little words: Be true.



Be true to right : let justice still  
 Her even balance claim ;  
 Unawed, unbribed, through good or ill,  
 Make rectitude your aim.  
 Unswayed by prejudice, thy mind  
 Each day submitted claims will find  
 To champion or deny ;  
 Then cast, according to thy light,  
 Thy influence on the side of right,  
 Though all the world goes by.

Be true to truth : the proudest name  
 That sterling worth may win  
 Is soiled and tarnished past reclaim  
 Where falsehood enters in.  
 No gem that arduous toil may find,  
 In learning's fields adorns the mind  
 Like truth's pure, shining ray.  
 And from her presence error's crowds  
 Of worshippers disperse like clouds  
 Before the rising day.



#### THE NEW YEAR.

THE moon is up, and the frost is out,  
 O'er hill and valley he works his will ;—  
 Two blithe young faces are gazing out,  
 They talk of a presence fairer still :—  
 "O New Year, what wilt thou bring to me ?  
 O New Year, canst thou bring aught but glee ?"

#### LITTLE JACK.

HE wore a pair of tattered pants,  
 A ragged roundabout,  
 And through the torn crown of his hat  
 A lock of hair stuck out ;  
 He had no shoes upon his feet,  
 No shirt upon his back ;  
 His home was on the friendless street,  
 His name was "Little Jack."

One day a toddling baby-boy  
 With head of curly hair  
 Escaped his loving mother's eyes,  
 Who, busy with her care,  
 Forgot the little one, that crept  
 Upon the railroad near  
 To play with the bright pebbles there,  
 Without a thought of fear.

But see ! around the curve there comes  
 A swiftly flying train—  
 It rattles, roars ! the whistle shrieks  
 With all its might and main ;

The mother sees her child, but stands  
 Transfixed with sudden fright !  
 The baby clasps his little hands  
 And laughs with low delight.

Look ! look ! a tattered figure flies  
 Adown the railroad track !  
 His hat is gone, his feet are bare !  
 'Tis ragged "Little Jack !" !  
 He grasps the child and from the track  
 The babe is safely tossed—  
 A slip ! a cry ! the train rolls by—  
 Brave "Little Jack" is lost.

They found his mangled body there,  
 Just where he slipped and fell,  
 And strong men wept who never cared  
 For him when he was well.  
 If there be starry crowns in heaven  
 For little ones to wear,  
 The star in "Little Jack's" shall shine  
 As bright as any there !

EUGENE J. HALL.

## WHAT BESSIE SAW.



THIS morning, when all the rest had gone down,  
I stood by the window to see  
The beautiful pictures, which there in the night  
Jack Frost had been painting for me.

There were mountains, and windmills, and bridges, and boats,  
Some queer looking-houses and trees;  
A hammock that hung by itself in the air,  
And a giant cut off at the knees.

Then there was a steeple, so crooked and high,  
I was thinking it surely must fall,  
When right down below it I happened to spy  
The loveliest thing of them all.

The cutest and cunningest dear little girl!  
I looked at her hard as I could,  
And she stood there so dainty—and looked back at me—  
In a little white ulster and hood.

“Good morning,” I whispered, for all in a flash  
I knew 'twas Jack Frost's little sister,  
I was so glad to have her come visiting me,  
I reached up quite softly and kissed her.

Then can you believe it? the darling was gone!  
Kissed dead in that one little minute.  
I never once dreamed that a kiss would do that.  
How could there be any harm in it?

And I am so sorry! for though I have looked  
Fifty times at that window since then,  
Half hoping to see her once more, yet I know  
She can never come back again.

And—it may be foolish—but all through the day  
I have felt—and I knew that I should—  
Just as if I had killed her, that dear little girl!  
In the little white ulster and hood.

C. W. BRONSON.

## LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD.

COME back, come back together,  
All ye fancies of the past,  
Ye days of April weather,  
Ye shadows that are cast  
By the haunted hours before!  
Come back, come back, my childhood;  
Thou art summoned by a spell  
From the green leaves of the wildwood,  
From beside the charmed well,  
For Red Riding Hood, the darling,  
The flower of fairy lore!

The fields were covered over  
With colors as she went;  
Daisy, buttercup, and clover  
Below her footsteps bent;  
Summer shed its shining store;  
She was happy as she pressed them  
Beneath her little feet;  
She plucked them and caressed them;  
They were so very sweet,  
They had never seemed so sweet before,  
To Red Riding Hood, the darling,  
The flower of fairy lore.

How the heart of childhood dances  
Upon a sunny day!  
It has its own romances,

And a wide, wide world have they!  
A world where Phantasie is king,  
Made all of eager dreaming;  
When once grown up and tall—  
Now is the time for scheming—  
Then we shall do them all!  
Do such pleasant fancies spring  
For Red Riding Hood, the darling,  
The flower of fairy lore?

She seems like an ideal love,  
The poetry of childhood shown,  
And yet loved with a real love,  
As if she were our own—  
A younger sister for the heart;  
Like the woodland pheasant,  
Her hair is brown and bright;  
And her smile is pleasant,  
With its rosy light,  
Never can the memory part  
With Red Riding Hood, the darling,  
The flower of fairy lore.

Did the painter, dreaming  
In a morning hour,  
Catch the fairy seeming  
Of this fairy flower?  
Winning it with eager eyes





BLOWING SOAP BUBBLES.



From the old enchanted stories,  
 Lingering with a long delight  
 On the unforgotten glories  
 Of the infant sight?  
 Giving us a sweet surprise  
 In Red Riding Hood, the darling,  
 The flower of fairy lore!

Too long in the meadow staying,  
 Where the cowslip bends,  
 With the buttercups delaying  
 As with early friends,  
 Did the little maiden stay.  
 Sorrowful the tale for us;  
 We, too, loiter 'mid life's flowers,  
 A little while so glorious,  
 So soon lost in darker hours.  
 All love lingering on their way,  
 Like Red Riding Hood, the darling,  
 The flower of fairy lore.

LETITIA E. LONDON.

### THE HIGHWAYMAN.

**D**ID you ever meet a robber, with a pistol and  
 a knife,  
 Whose prompt and cordial greeting was,  
 "Your money or your life?"  
 Who, while you stood a-trembling, with your  
 hands above your head,  
 Took your gold, most grimly offering to repay you  
 in cold lead?

Well, I once met a robber; I was going home to  
 tea;  
 The way was rather lonely, though not yet too dark  
 to see  
 That the sturdy rogue who stopped me there was  
 very fully armed—  
 But I'm honest in maintaining that I didn't feel  
 alarmed.

He was panting hard from running, so I, being  
 still undaunted,  
 Very boldly faced the rascal and demanded what  
 he wanted;  
 I was quite as big as he was, and I was not out of  
 breath,  
 So I didn't fear his shooting me, or stabbing me  
 to death.

In answer to my question the highwayman raised  
 an arm  
 And pointed it straight at me—though I still felt  
 no alarm;  
 He did not ask for money, but what he said was  
 this:  
 "You cannot pass, papa, unless you give your boy  
 a kiss!"

ALLEN G. BIGELOW.

### — WHAT BABY SAID.

**I** AM here. And if this is what they call the  
 world, I don't think much of it. It's a very  
 flannelly world, and smells of paregoric aw-  
 fully. It's a dreadful light world, too, and makes  
 me blink, I tell you. And I don't know what to  
 do with my hands; I think I'll dig my fists in my  
 eyes. No, I won't. I'll scratch at the corner of  
 my blanket and chew it up, and then I'll holler;  
 whatever happens, I'll holler. And the more pare-  
 goric they give me, the louder I'll yell. That old  
 nurse puts the spoon in the corner of my mouth,  
 sidewise like, and keeps tasting my milk herself all  
 the while. She spilt snuff in it last night, and  
 when I hollered she trotted me. That comes of  
 being a two-days-old baby. Never mind; when  
 I'm a man, I'll pay her back good.

There's a pin sticking in me now, and if I say a  
 word about it, I'll be trotted or fed; and I would  
 rather have catnip-tea. I'll tell you who I am. I  
 found out to-day. I heard folks say, "Hush!  
 don't wake up Emeline's baby;" and I suppose that  
 pretty, white-faced woman over on the pillow is  
 Emeline.

No, I was mistaken; for a chap was in here just  
 now and wanted to see Bob's baby; and looked at  
 me and said I was a funny little toad, and looked  
 just like Bob. He smelt of cigars. I wonder  
 who else I belong to! Yes, there's another one—  
 that's "Gamma." "It was Gamma's baby, so it  
 was." I declare, I do not know who I belong to;  
 but I'll holler, and maybe I'll find out. There  
 comes snuffy with catnip-tea. I'm going to sleep.  
 I wonder why my hands won't go where I want  
 them to!

### THE SQUIRREL'S LESSON.

**T**WO little squirrels, out in the sun,  
 One gathered nuts, and the other had none;  
 "Time enough yet," his constant refrain;  
 "Summer is still only just on the wane."

Listen, my child, while I tell you his fate:  
 He roused him at last, but he roused him too late;  
 Down fell the snow from a pitiless cloud,  
 And gave little squirrel a spotless white shroud.

Two little boys in a school-room were placed,  
 One always perfect, the other disgraced;  
 "Time enough yet for my learning," he said;  
 "I will climb, by and by, from the foot to the head."

Listen, my darling; their locks are turned gray;  
 One as a Governor sitteth to-day;  
 The other, a pauper, looks out at the door  
 Of the almshouse, and idles his days as of yore.

Two kinds of people we meet every day:  
 One is at work, the other at play,  
 Living uncared for, dying unknown—  
 The busiest hive hath ever a drone.



**BOYS WANTED.**

**B**OYS of spirit, boys of will,  
Boys of muscle, brain, and power,  
Fit to cope with anything,  
These are wanted every hour.

Not the weak and whining drones,  
Who all troubles magnify;  
Not the watchword of "I can't,"  
But the nobler one, "I'll try."

Do whate'er you have to do  
With a true and earnest zeal;  
Bend your sinews to the task,  
"Put your shoulder to the wheel."

Though your duty may be hard,  
Look not on it as an ill;  
If it be an honest task,  
Do it with an honest will.

In the workshop, on the farm,  
At the desk, where'er you be,  
From your future efforts, boys,  
Comes a nation's destiny.

**THE RIGHT WAY.**

**A**T home, abroad, by day or night,  
In country or in town,  
If asked to drink, we'll smile and  
turn  
Our glasses upside down.

The ruby wine, or bright champagne,  
Or lager rich and brown,  
We'll never touch, but always turn  
Our glasses upside down.

If friends shall say 'tis good for health,  
'Twill all your troubles down,  
We'll dare to differ and to turn  
Our glasses upside down.

Companions gay, and maidens fair,  
And men of high renown,  
May sneer; but never mind, we'll turn  
Our glasses upside down.

We mean to conquer in this strife,  
To win the victor's crown,  
And so we'll always bravely turn  
Our glasses upside down.

HELEN E. BROWN.

**A SONG OF GOLDEN CURLS.**

**S**TAY a little, golden curls—twinkling eyes of  
blue;

Stay and see the violets, for they are kin to you;  
Linger where the frolic winds around the gardens  
race.

Cheeks like lovely mirrors where the red rose seeks  
its face.

"Sweet—sweet!"

All the birds are singing;

"Sweet—sweet!"

The blossom-bells are ringing;

Kisses from the red rose—

Kisses from the white,

Kissing you good-morning

And kissing you good-night!



Stay a little, golden curls—brightening eyes of blue,  
The violets are listening for the lovely steps of you,  
The white rose bids you welcome, the red rose calls  
you sweet,  
And the daisies spread a carpet for the falling of  
your feet.

"Sweet—sweet!"

All the birds are singing;

"Sweet—sweet!"

The blossom-bells are ringing;

Kisses from the red rose—

Kisses from the white,

Kissing you good-morning

And kissing you good-night!

FRANK L. STANTON.



## THE PIED PIPER OF HAMELIN.

**H**AMELIN Town's in Brunswick,  
 By famous Hanover City ;  
 The river Weser, deep and wide,  
 Washes its wall on the southern side ;  
 A pleasanter spot you never spied ;  
 But when begins my ditty,  
 Almost five hundred years ago,  
 To see the townsfolk suffer so  
 From vermin was a pity,

An hour they sat in counsel—

At length the Mayor broke silence :  
 "For a guildler I'd my ermine gown sell ;  
 I wish I were a mile hence !  
 It's easy to bid one rack one's brain—  
 I'm sure my poor head aches again,  
 I've scratched it so, and all in vain.  
 O for a trap, a trap, a trap !"  
 Just as he said this, what should hap  
 At the chamber door but a gentle tap ?



Rats !

They fought the dogs, and killed the cats,  
 And bit the babies in the cradles,  
 And ate the cheeses out of the vats,  
 And licked the soup from the cook's own  
 ladles,  
 Split open the kegs of salted sprats,  
 Made nests inside men's Sunday hats,  
 And even spoiled the women's chats,  
 By drowning their speaking  
 With shrieking and squeaking  
 In fifty different sharps and flats.

At last the people in a body  
 To the Town Hall came flocking :  
 "'Tis clear," cried they, "our Mayor's a  
 noddy ;

And as for our Corporation—shocking  
 To think we buy gowns lined with ermine  
 For dolts that can't or won't determine  
 What's best to rid us of our vermin !"  
 At this the Mayor and Corporation  
 Quaked with a mighty consternation.

"Bless us," cried the Mayor, "what's that?"  
 "Come in !"—the Mayor cried, looking bigger ;  
 And in did come the strangest figure ;  
 He advanced to the council-table :  
 And, "Please your honors," said he, "I'm  
 able,

By means of a secret charm, to draw  
 All creatures living beneath the sun,  
 That creep or swim or fly or run,  
 After me so as you never saw !

Yet," said he, "poor piper as I am,  
 In Tartary I freed the Cham,  
 Last June, from his huge swarm of gnats ;  
 I eased in Asia the Nizam  
 Of a monstrous brood of vampire-bats ;  
 And as for what your brain bewilders—  
 If I can rid your town of rats,  
 Will you give me a thousand guilders?"  
 "One? fifty thousand !"—was the exclamation  
 Of the astonished Mayor and Corporation.

Into the street the piper stept,  
 Smiling first a little smile,



As if he knew what magic slept,

In his quiet pipe the while;  
Then, like a musical adept,  
To blow the pipe his lips he wrinkled,  
And green and blue his sharp eyes twinkled,  
Like a candle flame where salt is sprinkled;  
And ere three shrill notes the pipe uttered,  
You heard as if an army muttered;  
And the muttering grew to a grumbling;  
And the grumbling grew to a mighty rumbling;  
And out of the houses the rats came tumbling.  
Great rats, small rats, lean rats, brawny rats,  
Brown rats, black rats, gray rats, tawny rats,  
Grave old plodders, gay young friskers,

Fathers, mothers, uncles, cousins,  
Cocking tails and pricking whiskers;

Families by tens and dozens,  
Brothers, sisters, husbands, wives—  
Followed the piper for their lives.  
From street to street he piped advancing,  
And step for step they followed dancing,  
Until they came to the river Weser  
Wherein all plunged and perished  
Save one, who, stout as Julius Cæsar,  
Swam across and lived to carry  
(As he the manuscript he cherished)  
To Rat-land home his commentary,  
Which was: "At the first shrill notes of the  
pipe,

I heard a sound as of scraping tripe,  
And putting apples, wondrous ripe,  
Into a cider-press's gripe—  
And a moving away of pickle-tub-boards,  
And a leaving ajar of conserve-cupboards,  
And a drawing the corks of train-oil flasks,  
And a breaking the hoops of butter-casks;  
And it seemed as if a voice  
(Sweeter far than by harp or by psaltery  
Is breathed) called out, O rats, rejoice!  
The world is grown to one vast drysaltery!  
So munch on, crunch on, take your nuncheon,  
Breakfast, supper, dinner, luncheon!  
And just as a bulky sugar-puncheon,  
All ready staved, like a great sun shone  
Glorious, scarce an inch before me,  
Just as methought it said, Come, bore me!—  
I found the Weser rolling o'er me."

You should have heard the Hamelin people  
Ringing the bells till they rocked the steeple;  
"Go," cried the Mayor, "and get long poles!  
Poke out the nests and block up the holes!  
Consult with carpenters and builders  
And leave in our town not even a trace  
Of the rats!"—when suddenly, up the face  
Of the piper perked in the market-place,  
With a "First, if you please, my thousand  
guilders!"

A thousand guilders! The Mayor looked blue;  
So did the Corporation, too.

For council-dinners made rare havoc  
With Claret, Moselle, Vin-de-Grave, Hock;  
And half the money would replenish  
Their cellar's biggest butt with Rhenish.  
To pay this sum to a wandering fellow  
With a gipsy coat of red and yellow!

"Beside," quoth the Mayor, with a knowing  
wink,

"Our business was done at the river's brink;  
We saw with our eyes the vermin sink,  
And what's dead can't come to life, I think.  
So, friend, we're not the folks to shrink  
From the duty of giving you something for  
drink,

And a matter of money to put in your poke;  
But as for the guilders, what we spoke  
Of them, as you very well know, was in joke.  
Beside, our losses have made us thrifty;  
A thousand guilders! Come, take fifty!"

The piper's face fell, and he cried,  
"No trifling! I can't wait! beside,  
I've promised to visit by dinner time  
Bagdat, and accept the prime  
Of the head cook's pottage, all he's rich in,  
For having left, in the Caliph's kitchen,  
Of a nest of scorpions no survivor—  
With him I proved no bargain-driver;  
With you, don't think I'll bate a stiver!  
And folks who put me in a passion  
May find me pipe to another fashion."

"How?" cried the Mayor, "d'ye think I'll  
brook

Being worse treated than a cook?  
Insulted by a lazy ribald  
With idle pipe and vesture piebald?  
You threaten us, fellow? Do your worst,  
Blow your pipe there till you burst!"

Once more he stepped into the street;  
And to his lips again  
Laid his long pipe of smooth straight cane;  
And ere he blew three notes (such sweet  
Soft notes as yet musician's cunning  
Never gave the enraptured air)  
There was a rustling that seemed like a bus-  
tling  
Of merry crowds justling at pitching and hust-  
ling;  
Small feet were pattering, wooden shoes clat-  
tering,  
Little hands clapping, and little tongues chat-  
tering;  
And, like fowls in a farm-yard when barley is  
scattering,  
Out came the children running:  
All the little boys and girls,  
With rosy cheeks and flaxen curls,  
And sparkling eyes and teeth like pearls,

Tripping and skipping, ran merrily after  
The wonderful music with shouting and laughter.

The Mayor was dumb, and the Council stood  
As if they were changed into blocks of wood,  
Unable to move a step, or cry  
To the children merrily skipping by—  
And could only follow with the eye  
That joyous crowd at the piper's back.  
But how the Mayor was on the rack,  
And the wretched Council's bosoms beat  
As the piper turned from the High Street  
To where the Weser rolled its waters  
Right in the way of their sons and daughters!  
However, he turned from south to west  
And to Koppelberg Hill his steps addressed,  
And after him the children pressed;  
Great was the joy in every breast.  
"He never can cross that mighty top!  
He's forced to let the piping drop,  
And we shall see our children stop!"

When, lo, as they reached the mountain's side,  
A wondrous portal opened wide,  
As if a cavern was suddenly hollowed;  
And the piper advanced and the children fol-  
lowed;

And when all were in, to the very last,  
The door in the mountain-side shut fast.  
Did I say all? No! One was lame,  
And could not dance the whole of the way;  
And in after years, if you would blame  
His sadness, he was used to say—  
"It's dull in our town since my playmates left,  
I can't forget that I'm bereft  
Of all the pleasant sights they see,  
Which the piper also promised me;  
For he led us, he said to a joyous land,  
Joining the town and just at hand,  
Where waters gushed and fruit trees grew,  
And flowers put forth a fairer hue,  
And everything was strange and new;  
The sparrows were brighter than peacocks here,  
And their dogs outran our fallow deer,  
And honey-bees had lost their stings,  
And horses were born with eagles' wings;  
And just as I became assured  
My lame foot would be speedily cured,  
The music stopped and I stood still,  
And found myself outside the Hill,  
Left alone against my will,  
To go now limping as before,  
And never hear of that country more!"

ROBERT BROWNING.

#### THE CLUCKING HEN.

"WILL you take a walk with me,  
My little wife, to-day?  
There's barley in the barley-field,  
And hay-seed in the hay."  
"Oh, thank you!" said the clucking hen,

"I've something else to do;  
I'm busy sitting on my eggs—  
I cannot walk with you."

"Cluck, cluck, cluck, cluck!"  
Said the clucking hen;  
"My little chicks will soon be hatched;  
I'll think about it then."  
The clucking hen sat on her nest—  
She made it in the hay—  
And warm and snug beneath her breast  
A dozen white eggs lay.

Crack, crack! went all the eggs—  
Out drop the chickens small.  
"Cluck!" said the clucking hen;  
"Now I have you all.  
Come along, my little chicks!  
I'll take a walk with you."  
"Halloo!" said the barn-door cock,  
"Cock-a-doodle-doo!"

#### ONE THING AT A TIME.

WORK while you work,  
Play while you play,  
That is the way to be  
Cheerful and gay.

All that you do,  
Do with your might,  
Things done by halves  
Are never done right.

One thing each time,  
And that done well,  
Is a very good rule,  
As many can tell.

Moments are useless,  
Trifled away,  
So work while you work,  
And play while you play.

#### BABYLAND.

HOW many miles to Babyland?  
Any one can tell;  
Up one flight,  
To your right—  
Please to ring the bell.

What can you see in Babyland?  
Little folks in white,  
Downy heads,  
Cradle beds,  
Faces pure and bright.

What do they do in Babyland?  
Dream and work and play,  
Laugh and crow,  
Shout and grow,  
Jolly times have they.



What do they say in Babyland?

Why, the oddest things;

Might as well

Try to tell

What a birdie sings.

Who is the queen of Babyland?

Mother, kind and sweet;

And her love,

Born above,

Guides the little feet. GEORGE COOPER.

### THE LITTLE CUP-BEARER.

THE little cup-bearer entered the room,  
After the banquet was done;  
His eyes were like the skies of May,  
Aglow with a cloudless sun;  
Kneeling beside his master's feet,  
The feet of the noble king,  
He raised the goblet, "Drink, my liege,  
The offering that I bring."

"Nay, nay," the good king smiling said,

"But first a faithful sign

That thou bringest me no poison draught:

Taste thou, my page, the wine."

Then gently, firmly, spoke the lad,

"My dearest master, no,

Though at thy lightest wish my feet

Shall gladly come and go."

"Rise up, my little cup-bearer,"

The king astonished cried;

"Rise up and tell me straightway, why

Is my request denied?"

The young page rose up slowly,

With sudden paling cheek,

While courtly lords and ladies

Waited to hear him speak.

"My father sat in princely halls,

And tasted wine with you;

He died a wretched drunkard, sire—"

The brave voice tearful grew,

"I vowed to my dear mother

Beside her dying bed,

That for her sake I would not taste

The tempting poison red."

"Away with this young upstart!"

The lords impatient cry.

But spilling slow the purple wine,

The good king made reply;

"Thou shalt be my cup-bearer,

And honored well," he said,

"But see thou bring not wine to me

But water pure instead."

### DO RIGHT.

DO what conscience says is right;  
Do what reason says is best;  
Do with all your mind and might;  
Do your duty and be blest.

### THE BOY WITH THE LITTLE TIN HORN.

WHAT care we for skies that are snowing  
On fields that no roses adorn;  
For blizzards so icily blowing,

When the boy with the little tin horn

So merrily blows

As he goes, as he goes—

With eyes like the violet, cheeks like the rose?

He's the herald of Christmas—this fellow

Who rouses the dreamer at morn;

The notes are not soothing or mellow

That come from his little tin horn,

But he blows just the same

By the firelight's flame,

And we love him and so there is no one to blame.

He summons the soldiers, reclining

In corners great soldiers would scorn;

They rise, with their little guns shining,

And march to the little tin horn!

They are stiffer than starch,

'Neath the chandelier's arch,

But they move when their curly-haired captain

cries "March!"

For there never was music in battle,

Where the flags by the bullets are torn,

As brisk as the holiday rattle

Of the toy drum and the little tin horn;

With a rubbing of eyes

All the soldiers arise

When the little tin horn sends a blast to the skies.

Blow, blow, little tin horn! No summer

Of song is as sweet as your notes!

And march, little rosy-faced drummer,

With the soldiers in little tin coats!

"Hep-hep! to the right!"

With your regiments bright,

And a kiss for the captain who wins in the fight.

FRANK L. STANTON.

### THE WAY TO SUCCEED.

DRIVE the nail aright, boys,  
Hit it on the head;  
Strike with all your might, boys,  
While the iron's red.

When you've work to do, boys,

Do it with a will;

They who reach the top, boys,

First must climb the hill.

Standing at the foot, boys,

Gazing at the sky,

How can you ever get up, boys,

If you never try?

Though you stumble oft, boys,

Never be downcast;

Try, and try again, boys—

You'll succeed at last.

## A GENTLEMAN.

**I** KNEW him for a gentleman  
 By signs that never fail;  
 His coat was rough and rather worn,  
 His cheeks were thin and pale—  
 A lad who had his way to make  
 With little time for play;  
 I knew him for a gentleman  
 By certain signs to-day.

He met his mother on the street;  
 Off came his little cap.  
 My door was shut; he waited there  
 Until I heard his rap.

He took the bundle from my hand,  
 And when I dropped my pen,  
 He sprang to pick it up for me—  
 This gentleman of ten.

He does not push and crowd along;  
 His voice is gently pitched;  
 He does not fling his books about  
 As if he were bewitched,  
 He stands aside to let you pass;  
 He always shuts the door;  
 He runs on errands willingly  
 To forge and mill and store.

He thinks of you before himself,  
 He serves you if he can;  
 For, in whatever company,  
 The manners make the man.  
 At ten or forty, 'tis the same;  
 The manner tells the tale,  
 And I discern the gentleman  
 By signs that never fail.

MARGARET E. SANGSTER.

## DOWN IN THE STRAWBERRY BED.

**J**AYS in the orchard are screaming, and hark!  
 Down in the pasture the blithe meadow lark  
 Floods all the air with melodious notes;  
 Robins and sparrows are straining their throats—  
 "Dorothy, Dorothy," out of the hall  
 Echoes the sound of the music call;  
 Songbirds are silent a moment, then sweet  
 "Dorothy," all of them seem to repeat.

Where is the truant? No answer is heard.  
 Save the clear trills of each jubilant bird!  
 Dawn-damask roses have naught to unfold,  
 Fresh with the dew and the morning's bright gold.  
 "Dorothy, Dorothy,"—still no reply,  
 None from the arbor or hedgerow a-nigh.  
 None from the orchard, where the grasses are deep—  
 "Dorothy,"—surely she must be asleep!

Rover has seen her; his eyes never fail;  
 Watch how he sabers the air with his tail!  
 Follow him, follow him! where has he gone?  
 Out toward the garden and over the lawn.

"Dorothy, Dorothy," plaintive and low,  
 Up from the paths where the hollyhocks grow,  
 Comes the soft voice with a tremor of dread,  
 "Dorothy's down in 'e stwawberry bed!"

Curls in a tangle and frock all awry,  
 Bonnet, a beam from the gold in the sky,  
 Eyes with the sparkle of mirth brimming o'er,  
 Lap filled with ruby fruit red to the core.  
 Dorothy, Dorothy! rogue that thou art;  
 Who, at thee, sweet one, to scold has a heart?  
 Aprons and fingers and cheeks stained with red,  
 Dorothy, down in the strawberry bed!

## ONE LITTLE ACT.

**I** SAW a man, with tottering steps,  
 Come down a graveled walk, one day;  
 The honored frost of many years  
 Upon his scattered thin locks lay.  
 With trembling hands he strove to raise  
 The latch that held the little gate,  
 When rosy lips looked up and smiled,—  
 A silvery child-voice said, "Please wait."

A little girl oped wide the gate,  
 And held it till he passed quite through,  
 Then closed it, raising to his face  
 Her modest eyes of winsome blue.  
 "May heaven bless you, little one,"  
 The old man said, with tear wet eyes;  
 "Such deeds of kindness to the old  
 Will be rewarded in the skies."

'Twas such a little thing to do—  
 A moment's time it took—no more;  
 And then the dancing, graceful feet  
 Had vanished through the school-room door.  
 And yet I'm sure the angels smiled,  
 And penned it down in words of gold;  
 'Tis such a blessed thing to see  
 The young so thoughtful of the old.

## SIX YEARS OLD.

**O** SUN! so far up in the blue sky,  
 O, clover! so white and so sweet,  
 O, little brook! shining like silver,  
 And running so fast past my feet,—

You don't know what strange things have hap-  
 pened

Since sunset and starlight last night;  
 Since the four o'clocks closed their red petals  
 To wake up so early and bright.

Say! what will you think when I tell you  
 What my dear mamma whispered to me,  
 When she kissed me on each cheek twice over?  
 You don't know what a man you may see.

O, yes! I am big and I'm heavy;  
 I have grown, since last night, very old,  
 And I'm stretched out as tall as a ladder;  
 Mamma says I'm too large to hold.



Sweet clover, stand still ; do not blow so ;  
 I shall whisper 'way down in your ear,  
 I was six years old early this morning.  
 Would you think so to see me, my dear?

Do you notice my pants and two pockets?  
 I'm so old I must dress like a man ;  
 I must learn to read books and write letters  
 And I'll write one to you when I can.

My pretty gold butterflies flying,  
 Little bird, and my busy brown bee,  
 I shall never be too old to love you,  
 And I hope you'll always love me.

#### HANDS AND LIPS.

OH, what can little hands do  
 To please the King of Heaven?  
 The little hands some work may try,  
 To help the poor in misery.  
 Such grace to mine be given !

Oh, what can little lips do  
 To praise the King of Heaven?  
 The little lips can praise and pray,  
 And gentle words of kindness say.  
 Such grace to mine be given !

#### JEWELS OF WINTER.

A MILLION little diamonds  
 Twinkled on the trees :  
 And all the little maidens said,  
 "A jewel if you please !"

But while they held their hands outstretched,  
 To catch the diamonds gay,  
 A million little sunbeams came,  
 And stole them all away.

#### THE BLUEBIRD.

I KNOW the song that the bluebird is singing,  
 Out in the apple tree where he is swinging.  
 Brave little fellow ! the skies may be dreary,  
 Nothing cares he while his heart is so cheery.

Hark ! how the music leaps out from his throat !  
 Hark ! was there ever so merry a note ?  
 Listen awhile, and you'll hear what he's saying,  
 Up in the apple tree, swinging and swaying :

"Dear little blossoms, down under the snow,  
 You must be weary of winter, I know ;  
 Hark ! while I sing you a message of cheer,  
 Summer is coming, and spring time is here !

"Little white snowdrop, I pray you arise ;  
 Bright yellow crocus, come, open your eyes,  
 Sweet little violets hid from the cold,  
 Put on your mantles of purple and gold ;  
 Daffodils, daffodils ! say, do you hear ?  
 Summer is coming, and spring time is here !"

#### THE MAN IN THE MOON.

THE man in the moon who sails through the  
 sky,  
 Is the most courageous skipper ;  
 But he made a mistake when he tried to take  
 A drink of milk from the "dipper."

He dipped it into the "milky way,"  
 And slowly, cautiously filled it ;  
 But the "Great Bear" growled and the "Little  
 Bear" howled,  
 And scared him so that he spilled it.

#### A ROGUE.

GRANDMA was nodding, I rather think ;  
 Harry was sly and quick as a wink ;  
 He climbed in the back of her great arm-  
 chair,  
 And nestled himself very snugly there ;  
 Grandma's dark locks were mingled with white,  
 And quick this fact came to his sight ;  
 A sharp twinge soon she felt at her hair,  
 And woke with a start, to find Harry there.  
 "Why, what are you doing, my child?" she  
 said,  
 He answered, "I'se pulling a basting fread !"

#### GRANDPAPA'S SPECTACLES.

GRANDPAPA'S spectacles cannot be found ;  
 He has searched all the rooms, high and  
 low, 'round and 'round ;  
 Now he calls to the young ones, and what does he  
 say ?  
 "Ten cents to the child who will find them to-  
 day."

Then Henry and Nelly and Edward all ran,  
 And a most thorough hunt for the glasses began,  
 And dear little Nell, in her generous way,  
 Said : "I'll look for them, grandpa, without any  
 pay."

All through the big Bible she searches with care  
 That lies on the table by grandpapa's chair ;  
 They feel in his pockets, they peep in his hat,  
 They pull out the sofa, they shake out the mat.

Then down on all fours, like two good-natured  
 bears,  
 Go Harry and Ned under tables and chairs,  
 Till, quite out of breath, Ned is heard to declare,  
 He believes that those glasses are not anywhere.

But Nelly, who, leaning on grandpapa's knee,  
 Was thinking most earnestly where they could be,  
 Looked suddenly up in the kind, faded eyes,  
 And her own shining brown ones grew big with  
 surprise.

She slapped both her hands—all her dimples came out—

She turned to the boys with a bright, roguish shout;

“You may leave off your looking, both Harry and Ned,

For there are the glasses on grandpapa’s head!”

### THE LITTLE MATCH-GIRL.

IT was very cold, the snow fell, and it was almost quite dark; for it was evening—yes, the last evening of the year. Amid the cold and the darkness, a poor little girl, with bare head and naked feet, was roaming through the streets. It is true she had a pair of slippers when she left home, but they were not of much use. They were very large slippers; so large, indeed, that they had hitherto been used by her mother; besides, the little creature lost them as she hurried across the street, to avoid two carriages that were driving very quickly past.

One of the slippers was not to be found, and the other was pounced upon by a boy who ran away with it, saying that it would serve for a cradle when he should have children of his own. So the little girl went along, with her little bare feet that were red and blue with cold. She carried a number of matches in an old apron, and she held a bundle of them in her hand. Nobody had bought anything from her the whole livelong day; nobody had even given her a penny.

Shivering with cold and hunger, she crept along, a perfect picture of misery—poor little thing! The snow-flakes covered her long flaxen hair, which hung in pretty curls round her throat; but she heeded them not now. Lights were streaming from all the windows, and there was a savory smell of roast goose; for it was New Year’s Eve. And this she *did* heed.

She now sat down, cowering in a corner formed by two houses, one of which projected beyond the other. She had drawn her little feet under her, but she felt colder than ever; yet she dared not return home, for she had not sold a match and could not bring home a penny! She would certainly be beaten by her father; and it was cold enough at home, besides—for they had only the roof above them, and the wind came howling through it, though the largest holes had been stopped with straw and rags. Her little hands were nearly frozen with cold. Alas! a single match might do her some good, if she might only draw one out of the bundle, and rub it against the wall, and warm her fingers.

So at last she drew one out. Ah! how it sheds sparks, and how it burns! It gave out a warm, bright flame, like a little candle, as she held her hands over it—truly it was a wonderful little light! It really seemed to the little girl as if she were sit-

ting before a large iron stove, with polished brass feet, and brass shovel and tongs. The fire burned so brightly, and warmed so nicely, that the little creature stretched out her feet to warm them likewise, when lo! the flame expired, the stove vanished, and left nothing but the little half-burned match in her hand.

She rubbed another match against the wall. It gave a light, and where it shone upon the wall, the latter became as transparent as a veil, and she could see into the room. A snowy-white tablecloth was spread upon the table, on which stood a splendid china dinner service, while a roast goose stuffed with apples and prunes, sent forth the most savory fumes. And what was more delightful still to see, the goose jumped down from the dish, and waddled along the ground with a knife and fork in its breast, up to the poor girl. The match then went out, and nothing remained but the thick, damp wall.

She lit yet another match. She now sat under the most magnificent Christmas tree, that was larger, and more superbly decked, than even the one she had seen through the glass door at the rich merchant’s. A thousand tapers burned on its green branches, and gay pictures, such as one sees on shields, seemed to be looking down upon her. She stretched out her hands, but the match then went out. The Christmas lights kept rising higher and higher. They now looked like stars in the sky. One of them fell down, and left a long streak of fire. “Somebody is now dying,” thought the little girl,—for her old grandmother, the only person who had ever loved her, and who was now dead, had told her, that when a star falls, it is a sign that a soul is going up to heaven.

She again rubbed a match upon the wall, and it was again light all around; and in the brightness stood her old grandmother, clear and shining like a spirit, yet looking so mild and loving. “Grandmother,” cried the little one, “oh, take me with you! I know you will go away when the match goes out—you will vanish like the warm stove, and the delicious roast goose, and the fine, large Christmas tree!” And she made haste to rub the whole bundle of matches, for she wished to hold her grandmother fast. And the matches gave a light that was brighter than noonday. Her grandmother had never appeared so beautiful nor so large. She took the little girl in her arms, and both flew upwards, all radiant and joyful, far, far above mortal ken, where there was neither cold, nor hunger, nor care to be found; where there was no rain, no snow, or stormy wind, but calm, sunny days the whole year round.

But, in the cold dawn, the poor girl might be seen leaning against the wall, with red cheeks and smiling mouth; she had been frozen on the last night of the old year. The new year’s sun shone



upon the little dead girl She sat still holding the matches, one bundle of which was burned. People said: "She tried to warm herself." Nobody

dreamed of the fine things she had seen, nor in what splendor she had entered, along with her grandmother, upon the joys of the New Year.

HANS CHRISTIAN ANDERSEN.



### THE BABY'S PRAYER.

“**L**ORD b'ess papa, mamma, Daisy,”  
 The baby prayed to-day;  
 “Kitty, Bose, and ole brack Thomas—  
 What else s'all I say?  
 I can't fink of nuffin' moah,  
 (Stoopid work to pray!)  
 ‘Hush’ for what I'd like to know, now,  
 You old Mamma Gray?  
 Ain't I p'ayed, an' p'ayed, and p'ayed,  
 Time 'n time again?  
 I've fergot the way to end it—  
 Why don't you tell me ven?”

For whose sake, mamma—say?  
 I'm—so—s'eepey—O, I 'member—  
 For pity's sake, Amen!”

Who chides the child? I kiss and hush.  
 Silent I join the group down-stairs  
 That rest and linger by the fire  
 To laugh at Baby's prayers.

“And what did Baby say to-night?”  
 But low I answer, with grave brow:  
 “She prayed for Bose, and you and me—”  
 I cannot tell them now.

How full the mood the child has drawn  
And pressed upon a musing heart !  
Amid the happy household chat  
I sit like one apart.

My thoughts, like prayers, move solemnly :  
" O Lord," I say, " the great, the wise,  
The weak, the miserable, are  
All children in Thine eyes.

" We take the name of Thy dear Son  
Daring, upon a trembling lip ;  
The cup Thou givest us we lift  
And shrink, and taste, and sip,

" And try to say, ' For Jesus' sake ;'  
Dear Lord, the babe is wisest when,  
Fearless and clear, she pleads with Thee  
' For pity's sake, Amen.'

" O, truer than the sacred phrase  
That time from Christian years has spun,  
Is he who prays, nor questions if  
Pity and Christ are one !"

ELIZABETH STUART PHELPS.

#### A CHILD'S WISH.

WHEN the sunlight fell with radiant glory  
O'er the little bed,  
And the wind, with gentle fingers, moved  
The tresses on her head,  
With fainter voice she whispered, while  
The angel-wings drew nigher,  
And loving ones had hushed their sobs,  
" Oh, Father, lift me higher."

But her dim sight looked yet further  
Than our weeping eyes could see,  
Far beyond the land of sunsets,  
Into immortality ;  
She heeded not the crimson mist  
That crowned the hills with fire,  
But only breathed, in gentle tones,  
" Dear Father, lift me higher."

Yet while she spoke the color died  
From out the evening sky,  
And twilight, clad in ashen robes,  
Passed slow and silent by ;  
And death had shut the door of life,  
Smitten the golden lyre,  
And answered the sweet childish wish  
But to be " lifted higher."

Father, we thank Thee ! for the child  
Treads now th' eternal hills,  
Her footsteps falter not beside  
The ever-flowing rills ;  
Lifted above all grief and care,  
From trial borne away,  
She has exchanged the twilight gloom  
For never-ending day.

CLIO STANLEY.

#### THE CHILDREN.

POEM FOUND IN THE DESK OF CHARLES DICKENS AFTER  
HIS DEATH.

WHEN lessons and tasks are all ended,  
And the school for the day is dismissed,  
And the little ones gather around me  
To bid me " good night," and be kissed,  
O the little white arms that encircle  
My neck in a tender embrace !  
O the smiles that are halos of heaven,  
Shedding sunshine and love on my face !

And when they are gone I sit dreaming  
Of my childhood, too lovely to last ;  
Of love that my heart will remember  
When it wakes to the pulse of the past,  
Ere the world and its wickedness made me  
A partner of sorrow and sin—  
When the glory of God was about me,  
And the glory of gladness within.

O my heart grows weak as a woman's,  
And the fountain of feeling will flow,  
When I think of the paths steep and stony,  
Where the feet of the dear ones must go ;  
Of the mountains of sin hanging o'er them,  
Of the tempests of fate blowing wild—  
O there's nothing on earth half so holy  
As the innocent heart of a child.

They are idols of hearts and of household,  
They are angels of God in disguise—  
His sunlight still sleeps in their tresses,  
His glory still beams from their eyes—  
O those truants from earth and from heaven,  
They have made me more manly and mild,  
And I know now how Jesus could liken  
The kingdom of God to a child.

Seek not a life for the dear ones  
All radiant, as others have done ;  
But that life may have just as much shadow  
To temper the glare of the sun.  
I would pray God to guard them from evil,  
But my prayer would bound back to myself,  
Ah ! a seraph may pray for a sinner,  
But a sinner must pray for himself.

The twig is so easily bended,  
I have banished the rule and the rod ;  
I have taught them the goodness of knowledge,  
They have taught me the goodness of God.  
My heart is a dungeon of darkness,  
Where I shut them for breaking a rule ;  
My frown is sufficient correction,  
My love is the law of the school.

I shall leave the old house in the autumn,  
To traverse its threshold no more ;  
Ah ! how I shall sigh for the dear ones  
That meet me each morn at the door.



I shall miss the "good nights" and the kisses,  
And the gush of their innocent glee,  
The group on the green, and the flowers  
That are brought every morning to me.

I shall miss them at morn and at eve,  
Their song in the school and the street;  
I shall miss the low hum of their voices,  
And the tramp of their delicate feet.  
When the lessons and tasks are all ended,  
And death says the school is dismissed,  
May the little ones gather around me,  
And bid me "good-night" and be kissed.  
CHARLES DICKENS.

### THE KING AND THE CHILD.

THE sunlight shone on walls of stone  
And towers sublime and tall;  
King Alfred sat upon his throne  
Within his council hall.

And glancing o'er the splendid throng,  
With grave and solemn face,  
To where his noble vassals stood,  
He saw a vacant place.

"Where is the Earl of Holderness?"  
With anxious look, he said.  
"Alas, O King!" a courier cried,  
"The noble Earl is dead!"

Before the monarch could express  
The sorrow that he felt,  
A soldier with a war-worn face  
Approached the throne and knelt.

"My sword," he said, "has ever been,  
O King! at thy command,  
And many a proud and haughty Dane  
Has fallen by my hand.

"I've fought beside thee in the field,  
And 'neath the greenwood tree;  
It is but fair for thee to give  
Yon vacant place to me."

"It is not just," a statesman cried,  
"This soldier's prayer to hear,  
My wisdom has done more for thee  
Than either sword or spear.

"The victories of the council hall  
Have made thee more renown  
Than all the triumphs of the field  
Have given to thy crown.

"My name is known in every land,  
My talents have been thine,  
Bestow this earldom, then, on me,  
For it is justly mine."

Yet, while before the monarch's throne  
These men contending stood,  
A woman crossed the floor who wore  
The weeds of widowhood.

And slowly to King Alfred's feet  
A fair-haired boy she led—  
"O King! this is the rightful heir  
Of Holderness," she said.

"Helpless he comes to claim his own,  
Let no man do him wrong,  
For he is weak and fatherless,  
And thou art just and strong."

"What strength of power," the statesman cried,  
"Could such a judgment bring?  
Can such a feeble child as this  
Do aught for thee, O King?"

"When thou hast need of brawny arms  
To draw thy deadly bows,  
When thou art wanting crafty men  
To crush thy mortal foes."

With earnest voice the fair young boy  
Replied: "I cannot fight,  
But I can pray to God, O King;  
And Heaven can give thee might!"

The King bent down and kissed the child,  
The courtiers turned away.  
"The heritage is thine," he said,  
"Let none their right gainsay.

"Our swords may cleave the casques of men,  
Our blood may stain the sod,  
But what are human strength and power  
Without the help of God?"

EUGENE J. HALL.

### PICKING QUARRELS.

THERE! I have opened the windows, I have  
drawn the blinds, and hark! already there  
is the sound of little voices afar off, like  
"sweet bells jangling." Nearer and nearer come  
they, and now we catch a glimpse of bright faces  
peeping round the corners, and there, by that  
empty enclosure, a general mustering and swarm-  
ing, as of bees about a newly-discovered flower-  
garden. But the voices we now hear proceed from  
two little fellows who have withdrawn from the  
rest. One carries a large basket, and his eyes are  
directed to my window; he doesn't half like the  
blinds being drawn. The other follows him with  
a tattered book under his arm, rapping the posts,  
one after the other, as he goes along. He is  
clearly on bad terms with himself. And now we  
can see their faces. Both are grave, and one  
rather pale, and trying to look ferocious. And  
hark! now we are able to distinguish their words.

"Well, I ain't skeered o' you," says the foremost and the larger boy. "Nor I ain't skeered o' you," retorts the other; "but you needn't say you meant to lick me." And so I thought. Another, less acquainted with children, might not be able to see the connection; but I could—it was worthy of Aristotle himself or John Locke. "I didn't say I meant to lick ye," rejoined the first; "I said I could lick ye, and so I can." To which the other replies, glancing first at my window and then all up and down street, "I should like to see you try it." Whereupon the larger boy begins to move away, half-backwards, half-sideways, muttering just loud enough to be heard, "Ah, you want to fight now, jest 'cause you're close by your own house." And here the dialogue finished, and the babies moved on, shaking their little heads at each other and muttering all the way up street. Men are but children of a larger growth! Children but empires in miniature.

"Ah, ah, hourra! hourra! here's a fellow's birthday!" cried a boy in my hearing once. A number had got together to play ball, but one of them having found a birthday, and not only the birthday, but the very boy to whom it belonged, they all gathered about him as if they had never witnessed a conjunction of the sort before. The very fellows for a committee of inquiry!—into the affairs of a national bank, if you please.

Never shall I forget another incident which occurred in my presence between two other boys. One was trying to jump over a wheelbarrow. Another was going by; he stopped, and after considering a moment, spoke. "I'll tell you what you can't do," said he. "Well, what is it?" "You can't jump down your own throat." "Well, you can't." "Can't I though?" The simplicity of "Well, you can't," and the roguishness of "Can't I though!" tickled me prodigiously. They reminded me of a sparring I had seen elsewhere—I should not like to say where—having a great respect for the temples of justice and the halls of legislation.

I saw three children throwing sticks at a cow. She grew tired of her share in the game at last, and holding down her head and shaking it, demanded a new deal. They cut and run. After getting to a place of comparative security, they stopped, and holding by the top of a board fence began to reconnoitre. Meanwhile, another troop of children hove in sight, and arming themselves with brickbats, began to approach the same cow. Whereupon two of the others called out from the fence, "You, Joe! you better mind! that's our cow!" The plea was admitted without a demurrer; and the cow was left to be tormented by the legal owners. Hadn't these boys the law on their side?

But children have other characters. At times they are creatures to be afraid of. Every case I give is a fact within my own observation. There

are children, and I have had to do with them, whose very eyes were terrible; children, who after years of watchful and anxious discipline, were as indomitable as the young of the wild beast, dropped in the wilderness, crafty and treacherous and cruel. And others I have known who, if they live, must have dominion over the multitude, being evidently of them that from the foundations of the world have been always thundering at the gates of power.

JOHN NEAL.

### A BOY'S SONG.

WHERE the pools are bright and deep,  
Where the grey trout lies asleep,  
Up the river and o'er the lea,  
That's the way for Billy and me.

Where the blackbird sings the latest,  
Where the hawthorn blooms the sweetest,  
Where the nestlings chirp and flee,  
That's the way for Billy and me.

Where the mowers mow the cleanest,  
Where the hay lies thick and greenest;  
There to trace the homeward bee,  
That's the way for Billy and me.

Where the hazel bank is steepest,  
Where the shadow falls the deepest,  
Where the clustering nuts fall free  
That's the way for Billy and me.

Why the boys should drive away  
Little sweet maidens from the play,  
Or love to banter and fight so well,  
That's the thing I never could tell.

But this I know, I love to play,  
Through the meadow, among the hay;  
Up the water and o'er the lea,  
That's the way for Billy and me.

J. HOGG.

### THE LITTLE DARLING.

A LITTLE maid with sweet blue eyes  
Looked upward with a shy surprise  
Because I asked her name,  
Awile she bent her golden head,  
While o'er her face soft blushes spread  
Like some swift rosy flame;  
Then looking up she softly said,  
"My name is Mamma's Darling."

"Tell me your mother's name, my dear,"  
And stooping low I paused to hear—  
The little maid seemed musing;

"Why, mamma's name's like mine, you know,  
But just because we love her so,  
We call her Mamma Darling."



"Tell me your papa's name," I cried;  
 The little maiden's eyes grew wide;  
 "My papa? Don't you know?  
 Why, ever since the baby died  
 Mamma and I have always tried  
 To cheer him from his sorrowing;  
 And my mamma and I love best  
 To call him Papa Darling."  
 "What did you call the baby,  
 dear?"

The answer came quite low  
 but clear:  
 "The baby—oh, I wonder  
 what  
 They call him now in heaven;  
 But we had only one name  
 here  
 And that was Baby Darling."

Swift years flew by, and once  
 again  
 That little maid so tender  
 Stood by my side, but she  
 had grown  
 Like lilies, tall and slender;  
 This time 'twas I that called  
 her name,  
 And swift the blushes grew  
 like flame  
 At rosy mist of morning;  
 I clasped her in my arms and kissed  
 My tender-hearted Darling.

#### THE BOY'S COMPLAINT.

"O H! never mind, they're only boys;"  
 'Tis thus the people say,  
 And they hustle us and jostle us,  
 And drive us out the way.

They never give us half our rights—  
 I know that this is so;  
 Ain't I a boy? and can't I see  
 The way that these things go?

The little girls are petted all,  
 Called "honey," "dear," and "sweet,"  
 But boys are cuffed at home and school,  
 And knocked about the street.

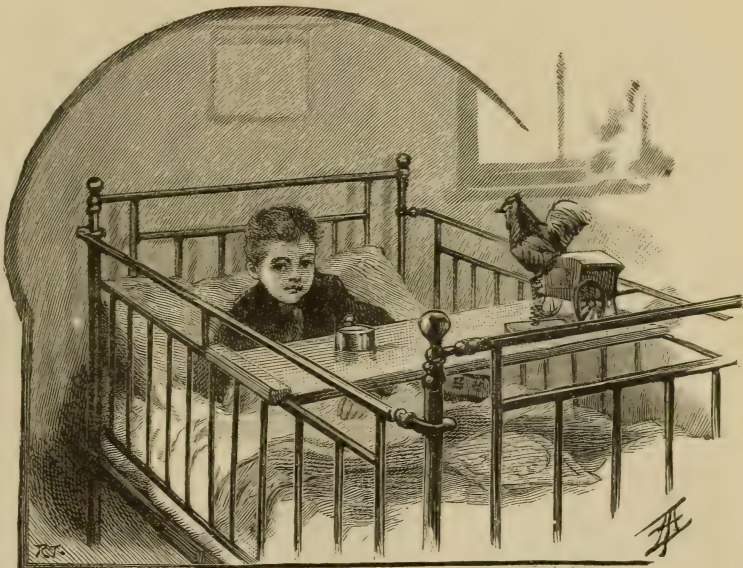
My sister has her rags and dolls  
 Strewn all about the floor,  
 While old dog Growler dares not put  
 His nose inside the door.

And if I go upon the porch  
 In hopes to have a play,  
 Some one calls out, "Hello, young chap,  
 Take that noisy dog away!"

My hoop is used to build a fire,  
 My ball is thrown aside;

And mother let the baby have  
 My top, because it cried.

If company should come at night,  
 The boys can't sit up late;  
 And if they come to dinner, then  
 The boys, of course, must wait.



If anything is raw or burned  
 It falls to us, no doubt;  
 And if the cake or pudding's short,  
 We have to go without.

If there are fireworks we can't get  
 A place to see at all;  
 And when the soldiers come along  
 We're crowded to the wall.

Whoever wants an errand done,  
 We always have to scud;  
 Whoever wants the sidewalk, we  
 Are crowded in the mud.

'Tis hurry-scurry, here and there,  
 Without a moment's rest,  
 And we scarcely get a "Thank you," if  
 We do our very best.

But never mind, boys—we will be  
 The grown men by and by;  
 Then I suppose 'twill be our turn  
 To snub the smaller boy.

#### LOST TOMMY.

P RAY, have you seen our Tommy?  
 He's the cutest little fellow,  
 With cheeks as round as apples,  
 And hair the softest yellow.

You see, 'twas quite a while ago—  
 An hour or two, perhaps—  
 When grandma sent him off to buy  
 A pound of ginger-snaps.

We have traced him to the baker's,  
 And part way back again;  
 We found a little paper sack  
 Lying empty in the lane.  
 But Tommy and the ginger-snaps  
 Are missing totally;  
 I hope they both will reappear  
 In time enough for tea.

We have climbed up to the garret,  
 And scoured the cellar through;  
 We have ransacked every closet,  
 And the barn and orchard too;  
 We have hunted through the kitchen,  
 And the pantry? Oh! of course—  
 We have screamed and shouted "Tommy"  
 Until we're fairly hoarse.

Poor mamma goes distracted,  
 And pretty Auntie May  
 Is sure the darling cherub  
 Has somehow lost his way.  
 Well, well, I'll give another look  
 Into the nursery;  
 I hardly think the little rogue  
 Can hide away from me.

Ah! here's the laundry basket,  
 Within I'll take a peep.  
 Why—what is this curled up so tight?  
 'Tis Tommy, fast asleep.  
 O mamma, auntie, grandma!  
 Come and see the fun.  
 Tommy, where's the ginger-snaps?  
 "Eaten!—every one!"

"Bless my heart!" laughs auntie;  
 "Dear, dear, I shall collapse;  
 Where could he stow them all away?  
 A pound of ginger-snaps!"  
 But mamma falls to kissing,  
 Forgetting fright and toil,  
 While grandma bustles out to fetch  
 A dose of castor oil.

JULIA M. DANA.

### THE LITTLE BOY WHO RAN AWAY.

"I'M going now to run away,"  
 Said little Sammy Green one day,  
 "Then I can do just what I choose,  
 I'll never have to black my shoes,  
 Or wash my face or comb my hair.  
 I'll find a place, I know, somewhere  
 And never have again to fill  
 That old chip basket—so I will.

"Good-bye, mamma!" he said, "Good-by!"  
 He thought his mother then would cry.  
 She only said, "You going, dear?"  
 And didn't shed a single tear.

"There now," said Sammy Green, "I know  
 She does not care if I do go.  
 But Bridget does. She'll have to fill  
 That old chip basket, so she will.

But Bridget only said: "Well, boy,  
 You're off for sure. I wish you joy."  
 And Sammy's little sister Kate,  
 Who swung upon the garden gate,  
 Said anxiously as he passed through:  
 "To-night whatever will you do,  
 When you can't get no 'lasses spread  
 At supper time on top of bread?"

One block from home, and Sammy Green's  
 Weak little heart was full of fear.  
 He thought about Red Riding Hood,  
 The wolf that met her in the wood,  
 The beanstalk boy who kept so mum  
 When he heard the giant's "Fee, fo, fum,"  
 Of the dark night and the policeman.  
 Then poor Sammy homeward ran.

Quick through the alley way he sped,  
 And crawled in through the old woodshed.  
 The big chip basket he did fill,  
 He blacked his shoes up with a will,  
 He washed his face and combed his hair;  
 He went up to his mother's chair  
 And kissed her twice, and then he said:  
 "I'd like some 'lasses top of bread."

MRS. S. T. PERRY.

### THE FLAG ON THE SCHOOLHOUSE.

UP with the starry banner!  
 Let it float over roof and tower!  
 Let it greet each pupil and teacher  
 When cometh the morning hour!

Let the first thought in the morning  
 Be aye of the star-bright flag,  
 Of the heroes who fought in its honor,  
 Of the courage that could not lag.

And all through the daily lessons,  
 Wherever our duties call,  
 Remember the star-bright banner  
 Is floating over us all.

If history is the lesson,  
 Never forget the flag  
 That waved through a hundred battles,  
 From the sea to the mountain crag—

The flag of a hundred battles,  
 Stars brighter for each and all,  
 With a glory ever growing,  
 As its folds now rise, now fall.



What if a pine-tree banner  
 Floated at Bunker Hill?  
 Its glory was transmitted  
 To the flag that's floating still.

So, from Lexington and Concord,  
 From Boston's wave-washed shore,  
 From each spot where freedom  
 struggled,  
 There cometh a glory  
 more.

So, each state shall see em-  
 blazoned  
 Upon our standard fair,  
 The sum of all local glory  
 In a national glory there.

Yorktown and Saratoga  
 Are in each stripe and  
 star;  
 Trenton and Princeton flash  
 and glow  
 Like beacon-lights afar.  
 And all of the naval glory,  
 Won by sea-faring sires,  
 Glows with an ageless lustre,  
 Whose splendor never  
 tires.

"Old Ironsides" I see there,  
 Whose captain could do  
 and dare,  
 As he showed the British  
 sailors,  
 When he silenced the  
 Guerriere.

And a splendid motto glis-  
 tens,  
 A motto for every lip,  
 Columbia's naval watchword  
 Of "Don't give up the  
 ship!"

And another close beside it,  
 Shall be known for ages  
 hence,  
 It is: "Not one cent for  
 tribute,  
 But millions for defence."

Forth from the smoke of battle,  
 Brighter than noonday sun,  
 Flashes the nation's motto:  
 "Out of many—one."

So, all through the daily lessons,  
 Wherever our duties call,  
 Remember the star-bright banner  
 Is floating over us all.

FREDERIC ALLISON TUPPER.

### A GIRL.

O SWEET, shy girl, with roses in her heart,  
 And love-light in her face, like those  
 upgrown;  
 Full of still dreams and thoughts that, dream-like,  
 start  
 From fits of solitude when not alone!



Gay dancer over thresholds of bright days,  
 Tears quick to her eyes, as laughter to her lips!  
 A game of hide-and-seek with time she plays,  
 Time hiding his eyes from hers in bright eclipse.

O gentle-souled! how dear and good she is,  
 Blest by soft dews of happiness and love,  
 Cradled in tenderest arms! Her mother's kiss  
 Seals all her good-night prayers. Her father's  
 smile

Brighten her mornings. Through the earth shall  
 move  
 Her child-sweet soul, not far from heaven the  
 while!

JOHN JAMES PIATT.

### CUDDLE DOON.

THE bairnies cuddle doon at nicht,  
 Wi' muckle fash an' din;  
 "Oh, try and sleep, ye waukrife rogues;  
 Your father's comin' in."  
 They never heed a word I speak,  
 I try to gie a froon;  
 But aye I hap thim up an' cry,  
 "Oh, bairnies, cuddle doon!"  
 Wee Jamie, wi' the curly heid—  
 He aye sleeps next the wa'—  
 Bangs up an' cries, "I want a piece"—  
 The rascal starts them a'.  
 I run an' fetch thim pieces, drinks—  
 They stop awee the soun'—  
 Then draw the blankets up, an' cry,  
 "Noo, weanies, cuddle doon!"

But cre five minutes gang, wee Rab  
 Cries oot, frae 'neath the claes,  
 "Mither, make Tam gie ower at once,  
 He's kittlin' wi' his taes."  
 The mischief's in that Tam for tricks;  
 He'd bother half the toon,  
 But aye I hap them up an' cry,  
 "Oh, bairnies, cuddle doon!"

At length they hear their father's fit;  
 An' as he steeks the door,  
 They turn their faces to the wa',  
 While Tam pretends to snore.  
 "Hae a' the weans been gude?" he asks,  
 As he puts off his shoon;  
 "The bairnies, John, are in their beds,  
 An' lang since cuddled doon."

An' just afore we bed oorsel's—  
 We look at oor wee lambs;  
 Tam has his arm roun' wee Rab's neck,  
 And Rab his arm roun' Tam's.  
 I lift wee Jamie up the bed,  
 An' as I straik each croon,  
 I whisper till my heart fills up.  
 "Oh, bairnies, cuddle doon."

The bairnies cuddle doon at nicht,  
 Wi' mirth that's dear to me;  
 But soon the big warl's cark an' care  
 Will quaten doon their glee.  
 Yet come what will to ilka ane,  
 May He who sits aboon,  
 Aye whisper, though their pows be bauld,  
 "Oh, bairnies, cuddle doon."

ALEXANDER ANDERSON.

### THE DEAD DOLL.

YOU needn't be trying to comfort me—I tell  
 you my dolly is dead!  
 There's no use in saying she isn't with a  
 crack like that in her head;  
 It's just like you said it wouldn't hurt much to  
 have my tooth out that day,  
 And then, when the man 'most pulled my head  
 off, you hadn't a word to say.

And I guess you must think I'm a baby, when you  
 say you can mend it with glue,  
 As if I didn't know better than that! Why, just  
 suppose it was you;  
 You might make her look all mended—but what  
 do I care for looks?  
 Why, glue's for chairs and tables, and toys, and  
 the backs of books!

My dolly! My own little daughter! Oh, but it's  
 the awfulest crack!  
 It just makes me sick to think of the sound when  
 her poor head went whack  
 Against that horrible brass thing that holds up the  
 little shelf.  
 Now, nurse, what makes you remind me? I  
 know that I did it myself.

I think you must be crazy—you'll get her another  
 head!  
 What good would forty heads do her? I tell you  
 my dolly is dead!  
 And to think I hadn't quite finished her elegant  
 new spring hat!  
 And I took a sweet ribbon of hers last night to tie  
 on that horrid cat!

When my mamma gave me that ribbon—I was  
 playing out in the yard—  
 She said to me, most expressly, "Here's a ribbon  
 for Hildegarde."  
 And I went and put it on Tabby, and Hildegarde  
 saw me do it;  
 But I said to myself, "Oh, never mind, I don't  
 believe she knew it."

But I know that she knew it now, and I just be-  
 lieve, I do,  
 That her poor little heart was broken, and so her  
 head broke too.  
 Oh, my baby! My little baby! I wish my head  
 had been hit!  
 For I've hit it over and over, and it hasn't cracked  
 a bit.

But since the darling is dead, she'll want to be  
 buried, of course;  
 We will take my little wagon, nurse, and you shall  
 be the horse;  
 And I'll walk behind and cry; and we'll put her  
 in this, you see—



This dear little box—and we'll bury her there out under the maple tree.

And papa will make me a tombstone, like the one he made for my bird;  
And he'll put what I tell him on it—yes, every single word!

I shall say, "Here lies Hildegarde, a beautiful doll who is dead:

She died of a broken heart, and a dreadful crack in her head."

MARGARET VANDERGRIFF.

### A LITTLE BOY'S TROUBLE.

I THOUGHT when I'd learned my letters  
That all of my troubles were done;  
But I find myself much mistaken—  
They only have just begun.

Learning to read was awful,  
But nothing like learning to write;  
I'd be sorry to have you tell it,  
But my copy-book is a sight!

The ink gets over my fingers;  
The pen cuts all sorts of shines,  
And won't do at all as I bid it;  
The letters won't stay on the lines,  
But go up and down and all over,  
As though they were dancing a jig—  
They are there in all shapes and sizes,  
Medium, little, and big.

The tails of the g's are so contrary,  
The handles get on the wrong side  
Of the d's, and the k's, and the h's,  
Though I've certainly tried and tried  
To make them just right; it is dreadful.  
I really don't know what to do,  
I'm getting almost distracted—  
My teacher says she is too.

There'd be some comfort in learning  
If one could get through: instead  
Of that there are books awaiting  
Quite enough to craze my head.  
There's the multiplication table,  
And grammar, and—oh! dear me,  
There is no good place for stopping  
When one has begun, I see.

My teacher says, little by little  
To the mountain tops we climb;  
It isn't all done in a minute,  
But only a step at a time;  
She says that all the scholars,  
All the wise and learned men,  
Had each to begin as I do;  
If that's so, where's my pen?

CARLOTTA PERRY.

### FROM "BABE CHRISTABEL."

AND thou hast stolen a jewel, death!  
Shall light thy dark up like a star,  
A beacon kindling from afar  
Our light of love, and fainting faith.

Through tears it gleams perpetually,  
And glitters through the thickest glooms,  
Till the eternal morning comes  
To light us o'er the jasper sea.

With our best branch in tenderest leaf.  
We've strewn the way our Lord doth come;  
And, ready for the harvest home,  
His reapers bind our ripest sheaf.

Our beautiful bird of light hath fled:  
Awhile she sat with folded wings—  
Sang round us a few hoverings—  
Then straightway into glory sped.

And white-winged angels nurture her;  
With heaven's white radiance robed and crowned,  
And all love's purple glory round,  
She summers on the hills of myrrh.

Through childhood's morning-land, serene  
She walked betwixt us twain, like love;  
While, in a robe of light above,  
Her better angel walked unseen,

Till life's highway broke bleak and wild;  
Then, lest her starry garments trail  
In mire, heart bleed, and courage fail,  
The angel's arms caught up the child.

Her wave of life hath backward rolled  
To the great ocean; on whose shore  
We wandered up and down, to store  
Some treasures of the times of old:

And aye we seek and hunger on  
For precious pearls and relics rare,  
Strewn on the sands for us to wear  
At heart for love of her that's gone.

O weep no more! there yet is balm  
In Gilead! Love doth ever shed  
Rich healing where it nestles—spread  
O'er desert pillows some green palm!

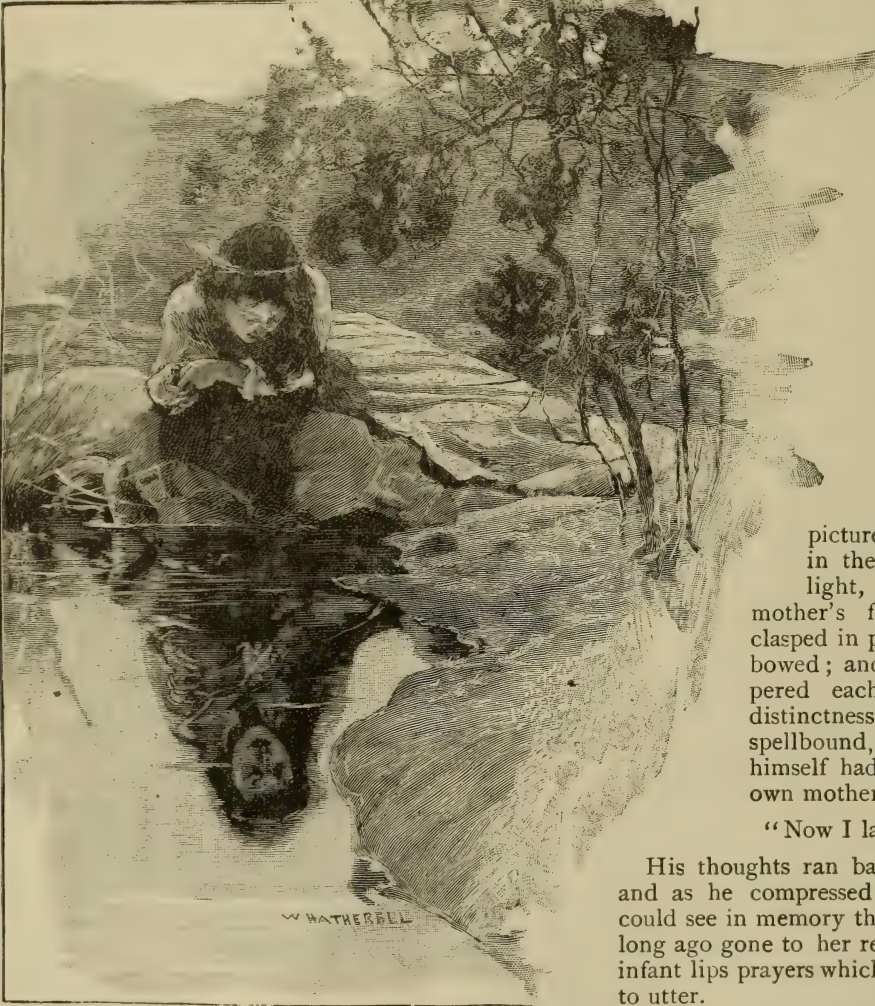
Strange glory streams through life's wild rents,  
And through the open door of death  
We see the heaven that beckoneth  
To the beloved going hence.

God's ichor fills the hearts that bleed;  
The best fruit loads the broken bough;  
And in the wounds our suffering plough,  
Immortal love sows sovereign seed.

GERALD MASSEY.

## AS QUICK AS THE TELEPHONE.

ONE night a well-known merchant of a town in the West, who had been walking for some time in the downward path, came out of his house and started out for a night of carousal with some old companions he had promised to meet.



His young wife had besought him with imploring eyes to spend the evening with her, and had reminded him of the time when evenings passed in her company were all too short. His little daughter had clung about his knees and coaxed in her pretty willful way for papa to tell her some bedtime stories; but habit was stronger than love for wife or child, and he eluded her tender questioning by the deceits and excuses which are the convenient refuge of the intemperate, and so went on his way.

When he was some distance from his house, he found that in changing his coat he had forgotten his purse, and he could not go out on a drinking-bout without any money, even though his family needed it, and his wife was economizing every day more and more in order to make up his deficits. So he hurried back and crept softly past the window of his own home, in order that he might steal in and obtain it without running the gauntlet of other questions or caresses.

But as he looked through the window something stayed his feet. There was a fire in the grate within—for the night was chill—and it lit up the pretty little parlor and brought out in startling effect the pictures on the wall. But these were nothing to the pictures on the hearth. There, in the soft glow of the firelight, knelt his child at her mother's feet, its small hands clasped in prayer, and its fair head bowed; and as its rosy lips whispered each word with childlike distinctness, the father listened, spellbound, to the words which he himself had so often uttered at his own mother's knee:

"Now I lay me down to sleep."

His thoughts ran back to boyhood hours; and as he compressed his bearded lips, he could see in memory the face of that mother, long ago gone to her rest, who taught his own infant lips prayers which he had long forgotten to utter.

The child went on and completed her little verse, and then, as prompted by her mother, continued:

"God bless mamma, papa, and my own self"—then there was a pause, and she lifted her troubled blue eyes to her mother's face.

"God bless papa," prompted the mother, softly.

"God bless papa," lisped the little one.

"And please send him home sober."

He could not hear the mother as she said this; but the child followed in a clear, inspired tone—



"God bless papa—and please—send him—home sober. Amen."

Mother and child sprang to their feet in alarm when the door opened so suddenly; but they were not afraid when they saw who it was returned so soon. But that night when little Mary was being tucked up in bed, after such a romp with papa, she said in the sleepest and most contented of voices:

"Mamma, God answers almost as quick as the telephone, doesn't he?"

#### WHAT SHE SAID.

SHE told me sumfin' deful!  
It almost made me cry!  
I never will believe it,  
It mus' be all a lie!  
I mean she mus' be 'staken.  
I know she b'oke my heart;  
I never can forgive her!  
That horrid Maggie Start.

Tuesdays she does her bakin's!  
An' so I fought, you see,  
I'd make some fible cookies  
For Arabella's tea.  
An' so I took my dollies  
An' set 'em in a row,  
Where they could oversee me  
When I mixed up my dough.

An' when I'd wolloed an' mixed it  
Free minutes, or an hour,  
Somehow I dwopped my woller,  
An' spilt a lot of flour.  
An' I was defful firsty,  
An' fought I'd help myself  
To jes' a little dwop of milk  
Off from the pantry shelf.

So I weached up on tip-toe,  
But, quicker than a flash,  
The horrid pan turned over,  
An' down it came ker-splash!  
O, then you should have seen her  
Rush frough that pantry door!  
"An' this is where you be!" she said,  
"O, what a lookin' floor!

"You, an' your dolls—I'll shake you all—  
I'll shake you black 'n blue!"  
"You shall not touch us, Miss," I cried,  
"We're jes' as good as you!  
An' I will tell my mofer,  
The minute she gets home,  
An' I will tell ole Santa Claus,  
An' I'll tell every one."

O, then you should have heard her laugh!  
"Tell Santa Claus, indeed!

I'd like to have you find him first;

The humbug never lived!"

"What do you mean, you Maggie Start?

Is dear old Santa dead?"

"Old Santa never lived," she cried,  
And that is what she said.

S. D. W. GAMWELL.

#### UNSATISFIED.

THERE was a little chicken that was shut up  
in a shell,  
He thought to himself, "I'm sure I cannot  
tell

What I am walled in here for—a shocking coop I  
find,  
Unfitted for a chicken with an enterprising mind."

He went out in the barnyard one lovely morn in  
May,  
Each hen he found spring-cleaning in the only  
proper way;

"This yard is much too narrow—a shocking coop  
I find,  
Unfitted for a chicken with an enterprising mind."

He crept up to the gateway and slipped betwixt a  
crack,

The world stretched wide before him, and just as  
widely back;

"This world is much too narrow—a shocking  
coop I find,  
Unfitted for a chicken with an enterprising mind.

"I should like to have ideals, I should like to  
tread the stars,

To get the unattainable, and free my soul from  
bars;

I should like to leave this dark earth, and some  
other dwelling find

More fitted for a chicken with an enterprising  
mind.

"There's a place where ducks and pleasure boats  
go sailing to and fro,

There's one world on the surface and another  
world below."

The little waves crept nearer and, on the brink  
inclined,

They swallowed up the chicken with an enterpris-  
ing mind.

A. G. WATERS.

#### A PLEASANT PUNISHMENT.

OLD master Brown brought his ferule down;  
His face was angry and red;

"Anthony Blair, go sit you there,

Among the girls," he said.

So Anthony Blair, with a mortified air,

And his head hung down on his breast,

Went right away and sat all day

With the girl who loved him best.

## TABBY GRAY.



I'M a pretty little kitten,  
My name is Tabby Gray;  
I live at Frogley Farmhouse,  
Some twenty miles away.

My little eyes are hazel,  
My skin is soft as silk,  
I'm fed each night and morning  
With a saucerful of milk.

The milk comes sweet and foaming,  
Fresh from the good old cow,  
And, after I have lapped it,  
I frolic you know how.

I'm petted by the mistress  
And children of the house,  
And sometimes when I'm nimble  
I catch a little mouse.

And sometimes when I'm naughty  
I climb upon the stand,  
And eat the cake and chicken,  
Or anything at hand.

Oh, then they hide my saucer,  
No matter how I mew;  
And that's the way I'm punished  
For naughty things I do.

## BABIES AND KITTENS.

THERE were two kittens, a black and a gray,  
And grandma said with a frown:  
"It never will do to keep them both,  
The black one we had better drown."

"Don't cry, my dear" to tiny Bess,  
"One kitten is enough to keep,  
Now run to nurse, for 'tis growing late  
And time you were fast asleep."

The morning dawned, and rosy and sweet,  
Came little Bess from her nap,  
The nurse said, "Go in mamma's room,  
And look in grandma's lap."

"Come here," said grandma, with a smile,  
From the rocking-chair, where she sat,  
"God has sent you two little sisters,  
What do you think of that?"

Bess looked at the babies a moment,  
With their wee heads, yellow and brown,  
And then to grandma soberly said:  
"Which one are you going to drown?"

L. M. HADLEY.

## A STORY OF AN APPLE.

LITTLE Tommy and Peter and Archy and  
Bob  
Were walking one day, when they found  
An apple; 'twas mellow and rosy and red,  
And lying alone on the ground.

Said Tommy: "I'll have it." Said Peter: "'Tis  
mine."

Said Archy: "I've got it; so there!"  
Said Bobby: "Now let us divide in four parts,  
And each of us boys have a share."

"No, no!" shouted Tommy, "I'll have it my-  
self."

Said Peter: "I want it, I say."  
Said Archy: "I've got it, and I'll have it all;  
I won't give a morsel away."

Then Tommy, he snatched it, and Peter, he  
fought,

('Tis sad and distressing to tell!)  
And Archy held on with his<sup>4</sup> might and his main,  
Till out of his fingers it fell.

Away from the quarrelsome urchins it flew,  
And then down a green little hill  
That apple it rolled, and it rolled, and it rolled  
As if it would never be still.



A lazy old brindle was nipping the grass  
And switching her tail at the flies,  
When all of a sudden the apple rolled down  
And stopped just in front of her eyes.

She gave but a bite and a swallow or two—  
That apple was seen nevermore!  
“I wish,” whimpered Archy and Peter and Tom,  
“We’d kept it and cut it in four.”

SYDNEY DAYRE.

### THE UNFINISHED PRAYER.

“NOW I lay”—say it darling:  
“Lay me,” lisped the tiny lips  
Of my daughter, kneeling, bending  
O’er folded finger tips.

“Down to sleep”—“to sleep,” she murmured  
And the curly head dropped low;  
“I pray the Lord”—I gently added,  
“You can say it all, I know.”

“Pray the Lord”—the words came faintly,  
Fainter still—“my soul to keep;”  
When the tired head fairly nodded,  
And the child wast fast asleep.

But the dewy eyes half opened,  
When I clasped her to my breast,  
And the dear voice softly whispered,  
“Mamma, God knows all the rest.”

### WHICH LOVED BEST?

“I LOVE you, mother,” said little Ben,  
Then forgetting his work, his cap went on,  
And he was off to the garden swing,  
And left her the water and wood to bring.

“I love you, mother,” said rosy Nell—  
“I love you better than tongue can tell;”  
Then she teased and pouted full half the day,  
Till her mother rejoiced when she went to play.

“I love you, mother,” said little Fan,  
“To-day I’ll help you all I can;  
How glad I am school doesn’t keep;”  
So she rocked the babe till it fell asleep.

Then stepping softly she fetched the broom  
And swept the floor and tidied the room;  
Busy and happy all day was she,  
Helpful and happy as child could be.

“I love you, mother,” again they said,  
Three children going to bed;  
How do you think that mother guessed  
Which of them really loved her best?

FOY ALLISON.

### THE DISCONTENTED BUTTERCUP.

DOWN in a field, one day in June,  
The flowers all bloomed together,  
Save one, who tried to hide herself,  
And drooped that pleasant weather.

A robin who had soared too high,  
And felt a little lazy,  
Was resting near a buttercup,  
Who wished she were a daisy.

For daisies grow so big and tall;  
She always had a passion  
For wearing frills about her neck,  
In just the daisy’s fashion.

And buttercups must always be  
The same old, tiresome color,  
While daisies dress in gold and white,  
Although their gold is duller.

“Dear robin,” said this sad young flower,  
“Perhaps you’d not mind trying  
To find a nice white frill for me  
Some day when you are flying.”

“You silly thing!” the robin said;  
“I think you must be crazy;  
I’d rather be my honest self  
Than any made-up daisy.

“You’re nicer in your own bright gown;  
The little children love you;  
Be the best buttercup you can,  
And think no flower above you.

“Though swallows leave me out of sight,  
We’d better keep our places;  
Perhaps the world would all go wrong  
With one too many daisies.

“Look bravely up into the sky,  
And be content with knowing  
That God wished for a buttercup  
Just here where you are growing.”  
SARAH O. JEWETT.

### OFF FOR SLUMBERLAND.

PURPLE waves of evening play  
Upon the western shores of day,  
While babies sail, so safe and free,  
Over the mystic Slumber sea.

Their little boats are cradles light;  
The sails are curtains pure and white;  
The rudders are sweet lullabies;  
The anchors, soft and sleepy sighs.

They’re outward bound for Slumberland  
Where shining dreams lie on the sand  
Like whisp’ring shells that murmur low  
The pretty fancies babies know.

And there among the dream-shells bright  
The little ones will play all night,  
Until the sleepy tide turns—then  
They'll all come sailing home again!

### SUPPOSE.

**S**UPPOSE, my little lady,  
Your doll should break her head,  
Could you make it whole by crying  
Till your nose and eyes were red?



### INNOCENCE.

And wouldn't it be pleasanter  
To treat it as a joke,  
And say you're glad 'twas dolly's,  
And not your own head that's broke?

Suppose you're dressed for walking  
And the rain comes pouring down,  
Will it clear off any sooner  
Because you scold and frown?  
And wouldn't it be nicer  
For you to smile than pout,  
And so make sunshine in the house  
When there is none without?

Suppose your task, my little man,  
Is very hard to get,  
Will it make it any easier  
For you to sit and fret?

And wouldn't it be wiser  
Than waiting like a dunce,  
To go to work in earnest  
And learn the thing at once?

Suppose that some boys have a horse,  
And some a coach and pair,  
Will it tire you less while walking  
To say, "It isn't fair?"  
And wouldn't it be nobler  
To keep you temper sweet,  
And in your heart be thankful  
You can walk upon your feet?

Suppose the world doesn't please you,  
Nor the way some people do,—  
Do you think the whole creation  
Will be altered just for you?  
And isn't it, my boy or girl,  
The wisest, bravest plan,  
Whatever comes or doesn't come  
To do the best you can?

PHOEBE CARY.

### THE DEAD KITTEN.

**D**ON'T talk to me of parties, Nan,  
I really cannot go;  
When folks are in affliction they  
don't go out, you know.  
I have a new brown sash, too, it seems a  
pity—eh?  
That such a dreadful trial should have  
come just yesterday!  
The play-house blinds are all pulled down  
as dark as it can be;  
It looks so very solemn, and so proper,  
don't you see?  
And I have a piece of crape pinned on  
every dolly's hat;  
Tom says it is ridiculous for only just a  
cat—

But boys are all so horrid! They always, every  
one,  
Delight in teasing little girls and kitties, "just for  
fun."

The way he used to pull her tail—it makes me  
angry now—  
And scat her up the cherry tree, to make the dar-  
ling "meow!"

I've had her all the summer. One day away last  
spring,  
I heard a frightful barking, and I saw the little  
thing  
In the corner of the fence; 'twould have made you  
laugh outright  
To see how every hair stood out, and how she tried  
to fight.



I shoed the dog away, and she jumped upon my arm ;  
 The pretty creature knew I wouldn't do her any harm.  
 I hugged her close and carried her to mamma, and she said  
 She should be my own wee kitty, if I'd see that she was fed.

A cunning little dot she was, with silky, soft gray fur ;  
 She'd lie for hours on my lap, and I could hear her purr ;  
 And then she'd frolic after when I pulled a string about,  
 Or try to catch her tail, or roll a marble in and out.

Such a comfort she has been to me,  
 I'm sure no one could tell,  
 Unless some other little girl who loves her pussy well.  
 I've heard about a maltese cross, but *my dear little kit*  
 Was always sweet and amiable, and never cross a bit !

But oh ! last week I missed her. I hunted all around.  
 My darling little pussy cat was nowhere to be found.  
 I knelt and whispered softly, when nobody could see :  
 "Take care of little kitty, *please*, and bring her back to me !"

I found her lying, yesterday, behind the lower shed ;  
 I thought my heart was broken when I found that she was dead.  
 Tom promised me another one, but even *he* can see  
 No other kitty ever will be just the same to me !

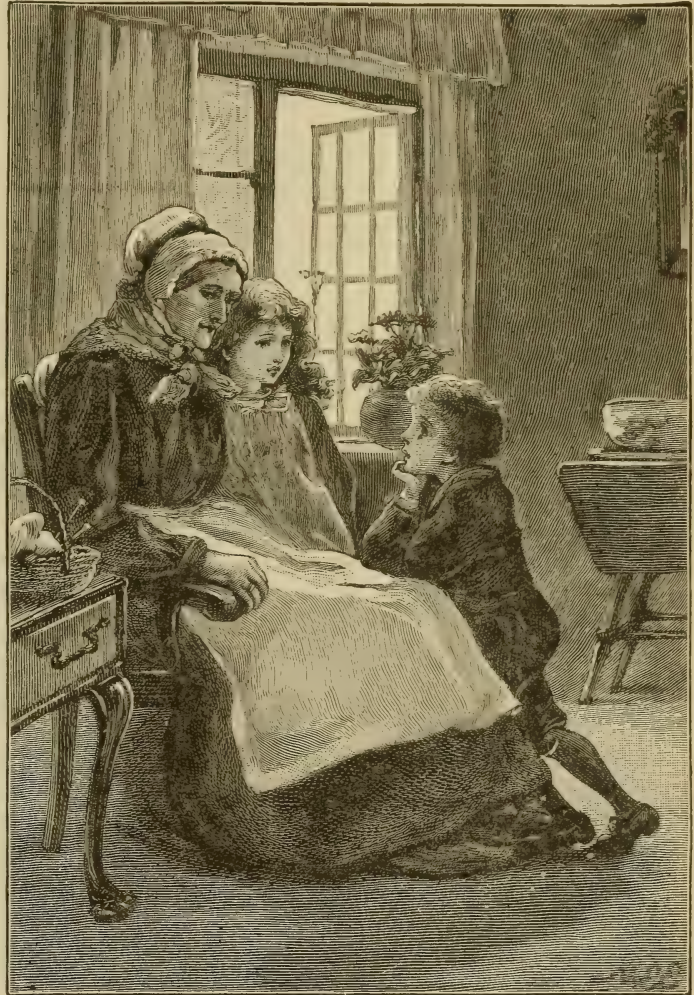
I *can't* go to your party, Nannie—  
 Macaroons, you say ?  
 And ice cream ?—I know I ought to try and not give way ;  
 And I feel it would be doing wrong to disappoint you so !—  
 Well—if I'm equal to it by to-morrow—I *may go* !  
 SYDNEY DAYRE.

#### JOHNNY'S OPINION OF GRANDMOTHERS.

**G**RANDMOTHERS are very nice folks ;  
 They beat all the aunts in creation ;  
 They let a chap do as he likes  
 And don't worry about education.

I'm sure I can't see it at all  
 What a poor fellow ever could do  
 For apples and pennies and cakes  
 Without a grandmother or two.

Grandmothers speak softly to "ma's"  
 To let a boy have a good time ;



Sometimes they will whisper, 'tis true,  
 T'other way when a boy wants to climb.

Grandmothers have muffins for tea,  
 And pies, a whole row, in the cellar,  
 And they're apt (if they know it in time)  
 To make chicken pies for a feller.

And if he is bad now and then,  
 And makes a great racketing noise,  
 They only look over their specs  
 And say: "Ah, these boys will be boys !





AFTERNOON TEA.



"Life is only so short at the best ;  
 Let the children be happy to-day."  
 Then they look for awhile at the sky,  
 And the hills that are far, far away.

Quite often, as twilight comes on  
 Grandmothers sing hymns very low  
 To themselves, as they rock by the fire,  
 About heaven, and when they shall go.

### ONLY A BOY.

ONLY a boy with his noise and fun,  
 The veriest mystery under the sun ;  
 As brimful of mischief and wit and glee  
 As ever a human frame can be,  
 And as hard to manage—what ! ah me !  
 'Tis hard to tell,  
 Yet we love him well.



And then a boy, stopping to think,  
 Will find a hot tear in his eye,  
 To know what must come at the last,  
 For grandmothers all have to die.

I wish they could stay here and pray,  
 For a boy needs their prayers every night  
 Some boys more than others, I s'ppose ;  
 Such fellers as me need a sight.

E. L. BEERS,

Only a boy with his fearful tread,  
 Who can not be driven, must be led !  
 Who troubles the neighbors' dogs and cats,  
 And tears more clothes and spoils more hats,  
 Loses more kites and tops and bats  
 Than would stock a store  
 For a week or more.

Only a boy with his wild, strange ways,  
 With his idle hours or his busy days,

With his queer remarks and his odd replies,  
 Sometimes foolish and sometimes wise,  
 Often brilliant for one of his size,  
     As a meteor hurled  
     From the planet world.

Only a boy, who may be a man  
 If nature goes on with her first great plan—  
 If intemperance or some fatal snare,  
 Conspires not to rob us of this our heir,  
 Our blessing, our trouble, our rest, our care,  
     Our torment, our joy!  
 "Only a boy!"

#### THE ILL-NATURED BRIER.

**L**ITTLE Miss Brier came out of the ground;  
 She put out her thorns and scratched every-  
     thing 'round:  
     "I'll just try," said she,  
     "How bad I can be;  
 At pricking and scratching, there's few can match  
     me."

Little Miss Brier was handsome and bright,  
 Her leaves were dark green and her flowers were  
     pure white;  
     But all who came nigh her  
     Were so worried by her  
 They'd go out of their way to keep clear of the  
     Brier.

Little Miss Brier was looking one day  
 At her neighbor, the Violet, over the way,  
     "I wonder," said she,  
     "That no one pets me,  
 While all seem so glad little Violet to see."

A sober old Linnet, who sat on a tree,  
 Heard the speech of the Brier, and thus answered  
     he:—  
     "'Tis not that she's fair,  
     For you may compare  
 In beauty with even Miss Violet there;  
 "But Violet is always so pleasant and kind,  
 So gentle in manner, so humble in mind,  
     E'en the worms at her feet  
     She would never ill-treat,  
 And to Bird, Bee, and Butterfly always is sweet."

The gardener's wife just then the pathway came  
     down,  
 And the mischievous Brier caught hold of her  
     gown;

"Oh, dear! what a tear!  
 My gown's spoiled, I declare!  
 That troublesome Brier!—it has no business there;  
 Here, John, pull it up, throw it into the fire;"  
 And that was the end of the ill-natured Brier.

ANNA BACHE.

#### THE BOY AND THE FROG.

**S**EE the frog, the slimy, green frog,  
 Dozing away on that old rotten log;  
     Seriously wondering  
     What caused the sundering  
 Of the tail that he wore when a wee pollywog.

See the boy, the freckled schoolboy,  
 Filled with a wicked love to annoy,  
     Watching the frog  
     Perched on the log  
 With feelings akin to tumultuous joy.

See the rock, the hard, flinty rock,  
 Which the freckled-faced boy at the frog dot-  
     sock,

Conscious he's sinning,  
 Yet gleefully grinning  
 At the likely result of its terrible shock.

See the grass, the treacherous grass,  
 Slip from beneath his feet! Alas!  
     Into the mud  
     With a dull thud  
 He falls, and rises a slimy mass.

Now, see the frog, the hilarious frog,  
 Dancing a jig on his old rotten log,  
     Applying his toes  
     To his broad, blunt nose,  
 As he laughs at the boy stuck fast in the bog.

Look at the switch, the hickory switch,  
 Waiting to make that schoolboy twitch.  
     When his mother knows  
     The state of his clothes  
 Won't he raise his voice to its highest pitch?





# THE CROWN OF GENIUS:

OR

## TRIBUTES TO CELEBRATED PERSONS.

### GEORGE WASHINGTON.



AND of the West! though passing brief the record of thine age,  
Thou hast a name that darkens all on history's wide page!  
Let all the blasts of fame ring out—thine shall be loudest far:  
Let others boast their satellites—thou hast the planet star.

Thou hast a name whose characters of light shall ne'er depart;  
'Tis stamped upon the dullest brain, and warms the coldest heart;  
A war-cry fit for any land where freedom's to be won,  
Land of the West! it stands alone—it is thy Washington!

Rome had its Cæsar, great and brave; but stain was on his wreath:  
He lived the heartless conqueror, and died the tyrant's death.  
France had its Eagle; but his wings, though lofty they might soar,  
Were spread in false ambition's flight, and dipped in murder's gore.

Those hero-gods, whose mighty sway would fain have chained the waves—  
Who flashed their blades with tiger zeal, to make a world of slaves—  
Who, though their kindred barred the path, still fiercely waded on—  
Oh, where shall be *their* "glory" by the side of Washington?

He stood the firm, the calm, the wise, the patriot and sage;  
He showed no deep avenging hate—no burst of despot rage.  
He stood for liberty and truth, and dauntlessly led on,  
Till shouts of victory gave forth the name of Washington.

He saved his land, but did not lay his soldier trappings down  
To change them for the regal vest, and don a kingly crown;  
Fame was too earnest in her joy—too proud of such a son—  
To let a robe and title mask a noble Washington.

ELIZA COOK.

### NAPOLEON AND THE SAILOR.

A TRUE STORY.

NAPOLEON'S banners at Boulogne  
Armed in our island every freeman,  
His navy chanced to capture one  
Poor British seaman.

They suffered him—I know not how—  
Unprisoned on the shore to roam;  
And aye was bent his longing brow  
On England's home.

His eye, methinks, pursued the flight  
Of birds to Britain half-way over,  
With envy, they could reach the white  
Dear cliffs of Dover.

A stormy midnight watch, he thought,  
Than this sojourn would have been dearer,

It but the storm his vessel brought  
To England nearer.

At last, when care had banished sleep,  
He saw one morning—dreaming—doating,  
An empty hogshead from the deep  
Come shoreward floating;

He hid it in a cave, and wrought  
The livelong day laborious; lurking  
Until he launched a tiny boat  
By mighty working.

Heaven help us! 'twas a thing beyond  
Description wretched: such a wherry  
Perhaps ne'er ventured on a pond,  
Or crossed a ferry.

For ploughing in the salt sea-field,  
It would have made the boldest shudder;  
Untarred, uncompassed, and unkeeled,  
No sail—no rudder.

From neighboring woods he interlaced  
His sorry skiff with wattled willows;  
And thus equipped he would have passed  
The foaming billows—

But Frenchmen caught him on the beach,  
His little Argo sorely jeering;  
Till tidings of him chanced to reach  
Napoleon's hearing.

With folded arms Napoleon stood,  
Serene alike in peace and danger;  
And in his wonted attitude,  
Addressed the stranger:—

“Rash man that wouldst yon channel pass  
On twigs and staves so rudely fashioned;  
Thy heart with some sweet British lass  
Must be impassioned.”

“I have no sweetheart,” said the lad;  
“But—absent long from one another—  
Great was the longing that I had  
To see my mother.”

“And so thou shalt,” Napoleon said,  
“Ye've both my favor fairly won;  
A noble mother must have bred  
So brave a son.”

He gave the tar a piece of gold,  
And with a flag of truce commanded  
He should be shipped to England Old,  
And safely landed

Our sailor oft could scantily shift  
To find a dinner plain and hearty;  
But never changed the coin and gift  
Of Bonaparte.

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

#### THE PORTRAIT OF SHAKESPEARE.

THIS figure that thou here seest put,  
It was for gentle Shakespeare cut,  
Wherein the graver had a strife  
With nature, to outdo the life:  
O could he but have drawn his wit,  
As well in brass, as he hath hit  
His face; the print would then surpass  
All that was ever writ in brass:  
But since he cannot, reader, look,  
Not on his picture, but his book.

BEN JONSON.

#### MARY MORISON.

O MARY, at thy window be!  
It is the wished, the trysted hour!  
Those smiles and glances let me see  
That make the miser's treasure poor;  
How blithely wad I bide the stoure,  
A weary slave frae sun to sun,  
Could I the rich reward secure—  
The lovely Mary Morison.

Yestreen when to the trembling string  
The dance gaed through the lighted ha',  
To thee my fancy took its wing—  
I sat, but neither heard nor saw;  
Though this was fair, and that was braw  
And yon the toast of a' the town,  
I sighed, and said amang them a',  
“Ye are na Mary Morison.”

O Mary, canst thou wreck his peace  
Wha for thy sake wad gladly dee?  
Or canst thou break that heart of his,  
Whase only faut is loving thee?  
If love for love thou wilt na gie,  
At least be pity to me shown;  
A thought ungentle canna be  
The thought o' Mary Morison.

ROBERT BURNS.

#### CHARLES DICKENS.

We would meet and welcome thee,  
Preacher of humanity:  
Welcome fills the throbbing breast  
Of the sympathetic West.

W. H. VENABLE.

#### ADAMS AND JEFFERSON.

NO, fellow-citizens, we dismiss not Adams  
and Jefferson to the chambers of forget-  
fulness and death. What we admired,  
and prized, and venerated in them can *never* die,  
nor, dying, be forgotten. I had almost said that  
they are now beginning to live—to live that life  
of unimpaired influence, of unclouded fame, of  
unmingled happiness, for which their talents and  
services were destined. They were of the select  
few, the least portion of whose life dwells in their  
physical existence; whose hearts have watched  
while their senses slept; whose souls have grown  
up into a higher being; whose pleasure is to be use-  
ful; whose wealth is an unblemished reputation;  
who respire the breath of honorable fame; who  
have deliberately and consciously put what is  
called life to hazard, that they may live in the  
hearts of those who come after. Such men do  
not, *can* not die.

EDWARD EVERETT.



## VANDERBILT IS DEAD.

THE news comes whispering o'er the wire,  
Vanderbilt is dead.

The press rolls out the message dire,  
Vanderbilt is dead.  
And the newsboys cry along the street,  
Through the driving storm and wintry sleet,  
Vanderbilt is dead.

A king dethroned sleeps low in death,  
Vanderbilt is dead.  
The rich men speak with bated breath,  
Vanderbilt is dead.  
And the clanging trains go out to-night  
O'er the icy rails in a ghostly flight,  
Vanderbilt is dead.

The palace grand is now a tomb,  
Vanderbilt is dead.  
Its splendors grand are veiled with gloom,  
Vanderbilt is dead.  
Where joy was known the mourners weep,  
Where the laugh was heard is sorrow deep,  
Vanderbilt is dead.

Sleep on, O King, in thy royal bed,  
Vanderbilt is dead.  
The wealth of the world doth crown thy head,  
Vanderbilt is dead.  
Thy sigh is o'er, thy deeds are done,  
And God shall judge them, one by one—  
Vanderbilt is dead.

SHERMAN D. RICHARDSON.

## GEORGE WHITEFIELD.

HE loved the world that hated him; the tear  
That dropped upon his Bible was sincere;  
Assailed by scandal and the tongue of  
strife,

His only answer was a blameless life;  
And he that forged and he that threw the dart  
Had each a brother's interest in his heart.  
Paul's love of Christ and steadiness unbribed  
Were copied close in him, and well transcribed.  
He followed Paul; his zeal a kindred flame,  
His apostolic charity the same.  
Like him crossed cheerfully tempestuous seas,  
Forsaking country, kindred, friends and ease;  
Like him he labored, and like him, content  
To bear it, suffered shame where'er he went.  
Blush, calumny! and write upon his tomb,  
If honest eulogy can spare thee room,  
Thy deep repentance of thy thousand lies,  
Which, aimed at him, have pierced the offended  
skies;

And say, Blot out my sin, confessed, deplored,  
Against thine image in thy saint, O Lord!

WILLIAM COWPER.

## WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.

THE gifted author of "Thanatopsis" has  
adorned the literature of our later times.

The poem just referred to was written by  
Bryant when a very young man, and we find in  
it the keynote to all his subsequent songs. The  
chief charm of his genius consists in a tender  
pensiveness, a moral melancholy, breathing over  
all his contemplations, dreams and reveries, even



W. C. BRYANT.

such as in the main are glad, and giving assurance  
of a pure spirit, benevolent to all human creatures,  
and habitually pious in the felt omnipresence of  
the Creator. His poetry overflows with natural  
religion—with what Wadsworth calls "The re-  
ligion of the woods." PROFESSOR WILSON.

## THE OLD ADMIRAL.

ADMIRAL STEWART, U. S. N.

GONE at last,  
That brave old hero of the past!  
His spirit has a second birth,  
An unknown, grander life;  
All of him that was earth  
Lies mute and cold,  
Like a wrinkled sheath and old  
Thrown off forever from the shimmering blade  
That has good entrance made  
Upon some distant, glorious strife.

From another generation,  
A simpler age, to ours Old Ironsides came;  
The morn and noontide of the nation  
Alike he knew, nor yet outlived his fame—  
O, not outlived his fame!

The dauntless men whose service guards our shore  
 Lengthen still their glory-roll  
 With his name to lead the scroll,  
 As a flagship at her fore  
 Carries the Union, with its azure and the stars,  
 Symbol of times that are no more  
 And the old heroic wars.

He was the one  
 Whom death had spared alone  
 Of all the captains of that lusty age,  
 Who sought the foeman where he lay,  
 On sea or sheltering bay,  
 Nor till the prize was theirs repressed their rage.  
 They are gone—all gone:  
 They rest with glory and the undying powers;  
 Only their name and fame, and what they saved,  
 are ours!

It was fifty years ago,  
 Upon the Gallic Sea,  
 He bore the banner of the free,  
 And fought the fight whereof our children know—  
 The deathful, desperate fight!  
 Under the fair moon's light  
 The frigate squared, and yawed to left and right.  
 Every broadside swept to death a score!  
 Roundly played her guns and well, till their fiery  
 ensigns fell,  
 Neither foe replying more.  
 All in silence, when the night-breeze cleared the air,  
 Old Ironsides rested there,  
 Locked in between the twain, and drenched with  
 blood.  
 Then homeward, like an eagle with her prey!  
 O, it was a gallant fray—  
 That fight in Biscay Bay!  
 Fearless the captain stood, in his youthful hardi-  
 hood:  
 He was the boldest of them all,  
 Our brave old Admiral!

And still our heroes bleed,  
 Taught by that olden deed.  
 Whether of iron or of oak  
 The ships we marshal at our country's need,  
 Still speak their cannon now as then they spoke;  
 Still floats our unstruck banner from the mast  
 As in the stormy past.

Lay him in the ground:  
 Let him rest where the ancient river rolls;  
 Let him sleep beneath the shadow and the sound  
 Of the bell whose proclamation, as it tolls,  
 Is of freedom and the gift our fathers gave.  
 Lay him gently down:  
 The clamor of the town  
 Will not break the slumbers deep, the beautiful  
 ripe sleep,  
 Of this lion of the wave,  
 Will not trouble the old Admiral in his grave,

Earth to earth his dust is laid.  
 Methinks his stately shade  
 On the shadow of a great ship leaves the shore;  
 Over cloudless western seas  
 Seeks the far Hesperides,  
 The islands of the blest,  
 Where no turbulent billows roar—  
 Where is rest.  
 His ghost upon the shadowy quarter stands  
 Nearing the deathless lands.  
 There all his martial mates, renewed and strong,  
 Await his coming long.  
 I see the happy Heroes rise  
 With gratulation in their eyes:  
 "Welcome, old comrade," Lawrence cries;  
 "Ah, Stewart, tell us of the wars!  
 Who win the glory and the scars?  
 How floats the skyey flag—how many stars?  
 Still speak they of Decatur's name,  
 Of Bainbridge's and Perry's fame?  
 Of me, who earliest came?  
 Make ready, all:  
 Room for the Admiral!  
 Come, Stewart, tell us of the wars!"

E. C. STEDMAN.

#### ROBERT SOUTHEY.

HE said (I only give the heads)—he said  
 He meant no harm in scribbling; 't was  
 his way  
 Upon all topics; 't was, besides, his bread,  
 Of which he buttered both sides; 't would  
 delay  
 Too long the assembly (he was pleased to dread),  
 And take up rather more time than a day,  
 To name his works—he would but cite a few—  
 "Wat Tyler"—"Rhymes on Blenheim"—  
 "Waterloo."

He had written praises of a regicide;  
 He had written praises of all kings whatever;  
 He had written for republics far and wide,  
 And then against them bitterer than ever;  
 For pantisocracy he once had cried  
 Aloud, a scheme less moral than 't was clever;  
 Then grew a hearty anti-jacobin—  
 Had turned his coat—and would have turned his  
 skin.

He had sung against all battles, and again  
 In their high praise and glory; he had called  
 Reviewing "the ungente craft," and then  
 Become as base a critic as e'er crawled—  
 Fed, paid, and pampered by the very men  
 By whom his muse and morals had been mauled;  
 He had written much blank verse, and blanker  
 prose,  
 And more of both than anybody knows.

LORD BYRON,



## TO THE MEMORY OF BEN JONSON.

THE muse's fairest light in no dark time,  
The wonder of a learned age the line  
Which none can pass; the most proportioned wit—

To nature, the best judge of what was fit;  
The deepest, plainest, highest, clearest pen;  
The voice most echoed by consenting men;  
The soul which answered best to all well said  
By others, and which most requital made;  
Tuned to the highest key of ancient Rome,  
Returning all her music with his own;  
In whom, with nature, study claimed a part,  
And yet who to himself owed all his art:  
Here lies Ben Johnson! every age will look  
With sorrow here, with wonder on his book.

JOHN CLEVELAND.

## HENRY KIRKE WHITE.

UNHAPPY White! while life was in its  
spring,  
And thy young muse just waved her  
joyous wing,  
The spoiler came, and all thy promise fair  
Has sought the grave, to sleep forever there.  
O what a noble heart was there undone,  
When science self-destroyed her favorite son!  
Yes, she too much indulged thy fond pursuit;  
She sowed the seeds, but death has reaped the  
fruit.  
'T was thine own genius gave the fatal blow,  
And helped to plant the wound that laid thee  
low.

So the struck eagle, stretched upon the plain,  
No more through rolling clouds to soar again,  
Viewed his own feather on the fatal dart,  
And winged the shaft that quivers at his heart.

Keen were his pangs; but keener far to feel  
He nursed the pinion which impelled the steel,  
While the same plumage that had warmed his nest  
Drank the last life-drop from his bleeding breast!

LORD BYRON.

## ITALY'S KING.

O VICTOR EMMANUEL, the King,  
The sword be for *thee*, and the *reed*;  
And nought for the alien, next spring,  
Nought for Hapsburg and Bourbon agreed;  
But, for us, a great Italy freed,  
With a hero to head us—our King.

ELIZABETH B. BROWNING.

## TO THE MEMORY OF HOOD.

HERE lies a poet. Stranger, if to thee  
His claim to memory be obscure,  
If thou wouldst learn how truly great was he,  
Go, ask it of the poor.

## THE POET CAMPBELL.

BEST known by his remarkable poem, "The Pleasures of Hope," Campbell's fame rests upon other productions which do not seem to lose their charm. He wrote in the taste of the time, yet with no small degree of origi-



THOMAS CAMPBELL.

inality, and he handled topics of immediate though not ephemeral interest. His battle-pieces on names and subjects known to all had the true popular ring, a bold tramp of metre.

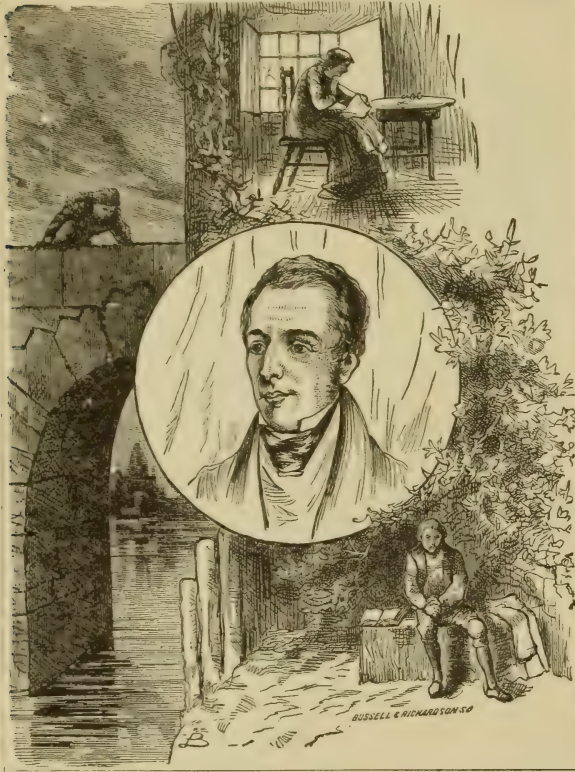
Little matters how Campbell managed to produce his most inspiring poems. He had the touch, that is what is certain. Many of his short poems had the unmistakable stamp of the artist upon them. Compared as lyrical writers, Campbell seems to have a finer touch than Scott or Byron, the former of whom is apt to be rough, the latter turgid. But in whatever rank one or another reader may place the poetry of Campbell all will agree that he made genuine additions to English literature. "It is on his lyrics," says Professor Aytoun, "that the future reputation of Campbell must principally rest. They have taken their place, never to be disturbed, in the popular heart; and, until the language in which they are written perishes, they are certain to endure."

WILLIAM ALLINGHAM.



## THOMAS HOOD.

AS a poet and humorist Hood has touched the universal heart. His two productions, "Song of the Shirt" and "Bridge of Sighs" are sufficient to give him immortal fame, even if he had written nothing else. It has been well said that the predominant characteristic of Hood's genius are humorous fancies grafted upon melancholy impressions. Yet the term "grafted"



THOMAS HOOD.

is hardly strong enough. Hood appears by natural bent and permanent habit of mind to have seen and sought for ludicrousness under all conditions; it was the first thing that struck him.

On the other hand, his nature being poetic, his sympathies acute, and the condition of his life morbid, he very frequently wrote in a tone of deep melancholy feeling, and was a master both of his own art and of the reader's emotion. Sometimes, not very often, we are allowed to reach the close of a poem of his without having our attention jogged and called off by something grotesque, and then we feel how exquisite a poetic sense and choice a cunning of hand were his. On the whole we can pronounce him the finest English poet between the generation of Shelley and the generation of Tennyson.

W. M. ROSSETTI,

## THE LAST HOURS OF SOCRATES.

SOCRATES was the reverse of a skeptic. No man ever looked upon life with a more positive and practical eye. No man ever pursued his mark with a clearer perception of the road which he was traveling. No man ever combined, in like manner, the absorbing enthusiasm of a missionary, with the acuteness, the originality, the inventive resources, and the generalizing comprehension of a philosopher. And yet this man was condemned to death—condemned by a hostile tribunal of more than five hundred citizens of Athens, drawn at hazard from all classes of society. A majority of six turned the scale, in the most momentous trial that, up to that time, the world had witnessed. And the vague charges on which Socrates was condemned were, that he was a vain babbler, a corrupter of youth, and a setter-forth of strange gods!

It would be tempting to enlarge on the closing scene of his life—a scene which Plato has invested with such immortal glory: on the affecting farewell to the Judges; on the long thirty days which passed in prison before the execution of the verdict; on his playful equanimity, amid the uncontrollable emotions of his companions; on the gathering in of that solemn evening, when the fading of the sunset hues on the tops of the Athenian hills was the signal that the last hour was at hand; on the introduction of the fatal hemlock, the immovable countenance of Socrates, the firm hand, and then the burst of frantic lamentation from all his friends, as, with his habitual ease and cheerfulness, he drained the cup to its dregs; then the solemn silence enjoined by himself; the pacing to and fro; the strong religious persuasions attested by his last words; the cold palsy of the poison creeping from the extremities to the heart; the gradual torpor ending in death! But I must forbear.

O for a modern spirit like his! O for one hour of Socrates! O for one hour of that voice whose questioning would make men see what they knew, and what they did not know; what they meant, and what they only *thought* they meant; what they believed in *truth*, and what they only believed in *name*; wherein they *agreed*, and wherein they *differed*. That voice is, indeed, silent; but there is a voice in each man's heart and conscience which, if we will, Socrates has taught us to use rightly. That voice still enjoins us to give to ourselves a reason for the hope that is in us—both hearing and asking questions. It tells us that the fancied repose which self-inquiry disturbs is more than compensated by the real repose which it gives; that a wise questioning is the half of knowledge; and that a life without self-examination is no life at all.



## GENERAL GRANT.

**A**S one by one withdraw the lofty actors  
 From that great play on history's stage  
 eterne,  
 That lurid, partial act of war and peace—  
 of old and new contending,  
 Fought out through wrath, fears, dark dismays,  
 and many a long suspense!  
 All past—and since, in countless graves receding,  
 mellowing,  
 Victor's and vanquished—Lincoln's and Lee's—  
 now thou with them,  
 Man of the mighty days—and equal to the days!  
 Thou from the prairies! tangled and many-veined  
 and hard has been thy part,  
 To admiration has it been enacted!

And still shall be—resume again, thou hero heart!  
 Strengthen to firmest day O rosy dawn of hope!  
 Thou dirge I started first, to joyful shout reverse  
 —and thou, O grave,  
 Wait long and long! WALT WHITMAN.

## TO J. G. WHITTIER ON HIS SEVENTIETH BIRTHDAY.

**S**NOW-BOUND for earth, but summer-souled  
 for thee,  
 Thy natal morning shines:  
 Hail, friend and poet. Give thy hand  
 to me,  
 And let me read its lines!

For skilled in fancy's palmistry am I,  
 When years have set their crown;  
 When life gives light to read its secrets by,  
 And deed explains renown.

So, looking backward from thy seventieth year  
 On service grand and free,  
 The pictures of the spirit's past are clear,  
 And each interprets thee.

I see thee, first, on hills our Aryan sires  
 In time's lost morning knew,  
 Kindling as priest the lonely altar-fires  
 That from earth's darkness grew.

Then wise with secrets of Chaldæan lore,  
 In high Akkadian fane;  
 Or pacing slow by Egypt's river shore,  
 In Thothmes' glorious reign.

I hear thee, wroth with all iniquities  
 That Judah's kings betrayed,  
 Preach from Ain-Jidi's rock thy God's decrees,  
 Or Mamre's terebinth shade.

And, ah! most piteous vision of the past,  
 Drawn by thy being's law,  
 I see thee, martyr, in the arena cast,  
 Beneath the lion's paw.

Yet, afterwards, how rang thy sword upon  
 The paynim helm and shield!  
 How shone with Godfrey, and at Askalon,  
 Thy white plume o'er the field.

Strange contradiction! where the sand waves  
 spread  
 The boundless desert sea,  
 The Bedouin spearmen found their destined  
 head,  
 Their dark-eyed chief—in thee!

And thou wert friar in Cluny's saintly cell,  
 And Skald by Norway's foam,  
 Ere fate of poet fixed thy soul to dwell  
 In this New England home.

Here art thou poet—more than warrior, priest;  
 And here thy quiet years  
 Yield more to us than sacrifice or feast,  
 Or clash of swords or spears.

The faith that lifts, the courage that sustains,  
 These thou wert sent to teach:  
 Hot blood of battle, beating in thy veins,  
 Is turned to gentle speech.

Not less, but more, than others hast thou  
 striven;  
 Thy victories remain:  
 The scars of ancient hate, long since for-  
 given,  
 Have lost their power to pain.

Apostle pure of freedom and of right,  
 Thou hast thy one reward;  
 Thy prayers were heard and flashed upon thy  
 sight  
 The coming of the Lord!

Now, sheathed in myrtle of thy tender songs,  
 Slumbers the blade of truth;  
 But age's wisdom, crowning thee, prolongs  
 The eager hope of youth.

Another line upon thy hand I trace  
 All destinies above:  
 Men know thee most as one that loves his race,  
 And bless thee with their love!

BAYARD TAYLOR.

## ON THE DEATH OF PRESIDENT TAYLOR.

**W**EEP not for him! The Thracians wisely  
 gave  
 Tears to the birth-couch, triumph to  
 the grave.

Weep not for him! Go, mark his high career;  
 It knew no shame, no folly, and no fear.  
 Nurtured to peril, lo! the peril came,  
 To lead him on, from field to field, to fame.  
 Weep not for him whose lustrous life has known  
 No field of fame he has not made his own!

In many a fainting clime, in many a war,  
 Still bright-browed Victory drew the patriot's car.  
 Whether he met the dusk and prowling foe  
 By oceanic Mississippi's flow;  
 Or where the Southern swamps, with steamy  
 breath,  
 Smite the worn warrior with no warrior's death!  
 Or where, like surges on the rolling main,  
 Squadron on squadron sweep the prairie plain—  
 Dawn—and the field the haughty foe o'erspread  
 Sunset—and Rio Grandé's waves ran red!  
 Or where, from rock-ribbed safety, Monterey  
 Frowns death, and dares him to the unequal fray;  
 Till crashing walls and slippery streets bespeak  
 How frail the fortress where the heart is weak;  
 How vainly numbers menace, rocks defy,  
 Men sternly knit, and firm to do or die;—  
 Or where on thousand thousands crowding rush,  
 (Rome knew not such a day) his ranks to crush,  
 The long day paused on Buena Vista's height,  
 Above the cloud with flashing volleys bright,  
 Till angry freedom, hovering o'er the fray,  
 Swooped down, and made a new Thermopylæ;—  
 In every scene of peril and of pain,  
 His were the toils, his country's was the gain.  
 From field to field—and all were nobly won—  
 He bore, with eagle flight, her standard on:  
 New stars rose there—but never star grew dim  
 While in *his* patriot grasp. Weep not for him.

He was a spirit simple, grand and pure,  
 Great to conceive to do, and to endure;  
 Yet the rough warrior was, in heart, a child,  
 Rich in love's affluence, merciful and mild.  
 His sterner traits, majestic and antique,  
 Rivalled the stoic Roman or the Greek;  
 Excelling both, he adds the Christian name,  
 And Christian virtues make it more than fame.

To country, youth, age, love, life—all were  
 given  
 In death, she lingered between him and heaven;  
 Thus spake the patriot, in his latest sigh—  
 "MY DUTY DONE—I DO NOT FEAR TO DIE!"

ROBERT T. CONRAD.

#### WILLIAM PENN.

PENN, despairing of relief in Europe, bent  
 the whole energy of his mind to accom-  
 plish the establishment of a free govern-  
 ment in the New World. For that "heavenly  
 end," he was prepared by the severe discipline of  
 life, and the love, without dissimulation, which  
 formed the basis of his character. The sentiment  
 of cheerful humanity was irrepressibly strong in  
 his bosom; as with John Eliot and Roger Wil-  
 liams, benevolence gushed prodigally from his  
 ever-flowing heart; and when, in his late old age,  
 his intellect was impaired, and his reason pros-  
 trated by apoplexy, his sweetness of disposition  
 rose serenely over the clouds of disease.

Possessing an extraordinary greatness of mind,  
 vast conceptions, remarkable for their universality  
 and precision, and "surpassing in speculative en-  
 dowments;" conversant with men, and books, and  
 governments, with various languages, and the forms  
 of political combinations, as they existed in Eng-  
 land and France, in Holland, and the principalities  
 and free cities of Germany, he yet sought the  
 source of wisdom in his own soul. Humane by  
 nature and by suffering; familiar with the royal  
 family; intimate with Sunderland and Sydney;  
 acquainted with Russel, Halifax, Shaftesbury, and  
 Buckingham; as a member of the Royal Society,  
 the peer of Newton and the great scholars of his  
 age—he valued the promptings of a free mind  
 more than the awards of the learned, and rever-  
 enced the single-minded sincerity of the Notting-  
 ham shepherd more than the authority of colleges  
 and the wisdom of philosophers.

GEORGE BANCROFT.

#### CLEOPATRA.

THE barge she sat in, like a burnished throne,  
 Burnt on the water: the poop was beaten  
 gold;  
 Purple the sails, and so perfumed that  
 The winds were love-sick with them: the oars  
 were silver;  
 Which to the tune of flutes kept stroke and made  
 The water, which they beat, to follow faster,  
 As amorous of their strokes. For her own person,  
 It beggared all description: she did lie  
 In her pavilion (cloth of gold, of tissue),  
 O'erpicturing that Venus, where we see  
 The fancy out-work nature: on each side her  
 Stood pretty dimpled boys, like smiling Cupids,  
 With divers-colored fans, whose wind did seem  
 To glow the delicate cheeks which they did cool  
 And what they undid, did.

Her gentlewomen, like the Nereides,  
 So many mermaids, tended her i' the eyes,  
 And made their bends adornings: at the helm  
 A seeming mermaid steers; the silken tackle  
 Swell with the touches of those flower-soft hands,  
 That rarely frame the office. From the barge  
 A strange invisible perfume hits the sense  
 Of the adjacent wharfs. The city cast  
 Her people out upon her; and Antony,  
 Enthroned in the market-place, did sit alone,  
 Whistling to the air; which, but for vacancy,  
 Had gone to gaze on Cleopatra too,  
 And made a gap in nature.

Upon her landing, Antony sent to her,  
 Invited her to supper: she replied,  
 It should be better he became her guest;  
 Which she entreated: our courteous Antony,  
 Whom ne'er the word of "No," woman heard  
 speak,



Being barbered ten times o'er, goes to the feast;  
And, for his ordinary, pays his heart,  
For what his eyes eat only.

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

### PRESCOTT'S METHOD OF LIVING.

**T**HAT Mr. Prescott, under his disheartening infirmities—I refer not only to his imperfect sight, but to the rheumatism from which he was seldom wholly free—should, at the age of five and twenty or thirty, with no help but this simple apparatus, have aspired to the character of an historian dealing with events that happened in times and countries far distant from his own, and that are recorded chiefly in foreign languages and by authors whose conflicting testimony was often to be reconciled by laborious comparison, is a remarkable fact in literary history. It is a problem the solution of which was, I believe, never before undertaken; certainly never before accomplished. Nor do I conceive that he himself could have accomplished it, unless to his uncommon intellectual gifts had been added great animal spirits, a strong, persistent will, and a moral courage which was to be daunted by no obstacle that he might deem it possible to remove by almost any amount of effort.

That he was not insensible to the difficulties of his undertaking, we have partly seen, as we have witnessed how his hopes fluctuated while he was struggling through the arrangements for beginning to write his "Ferdinand and Isabella," and, in fact, during the whole period of its composition. But he showed the same character, the same fertility of resource, every day of his life, and provided, both by forecast and self-sacrifice, against the embarrassments of his condition as they successively presented themselves.

The first thing to be done, and the thing always to be repeated day by day, was to strengthen, as much as possible, what remained of his sight, and at any rate, to do nothing that should tend to exhaust its impaired powers. In 1821, when he was still not without some hope of its recovery, he made this memorandum: "I will make it my principal purpose to restore my eye to its primitive vigor, and will do nothing habitually that can seriously injure it." To this end he regulated his life with an exactness that I have never known equalled. Especially in whatever related to the daily distribution of his time, whether in regard to his intellectual labors, to his social enjoyments, or to the care of his physical powers, including his diet, he was severely exact—managing himself, indeed, in this last respect, under the general directions of his wise medical adviser, but carrying out these directions with an ingenuity and fidelity all his own.

G. H. TICKNOR.

### TO COLE, THE PAINTER, DEPARTING FOR EUROPE.

**T**HINE eyes shall see the light of distant skies:

Yet, Cole! thy heart shall bear to Europe's strand

A living image of thy native land,  
Such as on thine own glorious canvas lies;  
Lone lakes—savannas where the bison roves—



W. H. PRESCOTT.

Rocks rich with summer garlands—solemn  
streams,  
Skies, where the desert eagle wheels and  
screams—

Spring bloom and autumn blaze of boundless groves  
Fair scenes shall greet thee where thou goest—fair,  
But different—everywhere the trace of men.  
Paths, homes, graves, ruins, from the lowest glen  
To where life shrinks from the fierce Alpine air,  
Gaze on them, till the tears shall dim thy sight,  
But keep that earlier, wilder image bright.

W. C. BRYANT.



## THE SEMINOLE'S DEFIANCE.



**B**LAZE, with you serried columns! I will not bend the knee;  
The shackle ne'er again shall bind the arm which now is free!  
I've mailed it with the thunder, when the tempest muttered low.  
And where it falls, ye well may dread the lightning of its blow.  
I've scared you in the city; I've scalped you on the plain;  
Go, count your chosen where they fell beneath my leaden rain!  
I scorn your proffered treaty; the pale-face I defy;  
Revenge is stamped upon my spear, and "blood" my battle-cry!

Some strike for hope of booty; some to defend their all;—  
I battle for the joy I have to see the white man fall.  
I love, among the wounded, to hear his dying moan,  
And catch, while chanting at his side, the music of his groan.  
Ye've trailed me through the forest; ye've tracked me o'er the stream  
And struggling through the everglade your bristling bayonets gleam,  
But I stand, as should the warrior, with his rifle and his spear;  
The scalp of vengeance still is red, and warns you—"Come not here!"

Think ye to find my household?—I gave it to the fire.  
My tawny household do ye seek?—I am a childless sire.  
But, should ye crave life's nourishment, enough I have, and good;  
I live on hate—'tis all my bread; yet light is not my food.  
I loath you with my bosom! I scorn you with mine eye!  
And I'll taunt you with my latest breath, and fight you till I die!  
I ne'er will ask for quarter, and I ne'er will be your slave;  
But I'll swim the sea of slaughter till I sink beneath the wave!

G. W. PATTON.

## FATE OF CHARLES THE TWELFTH.

**O**N what foundation stands the warrior's  
pride,  
How just *his* hopes, let Swedish Charles  
decide!

A frame of adamant, a soul of fire.  
No dangers fright him, and no labors tire;  
O'er love, o'er fear, extends his wide domain,  
Unconquered lord of pleasure and of pain;  
No joys to him pacific sceptres yield,  
War sounds the trump, he rushes to the field;  
Behold surrounding kings their powers combine,  
And one capitulate, and one resign;  
Peace courts his hand, but spreads her charms in  
vain,

"Think nothing gained," he cries, "till naught  
remain;

On Moscow's walls till Gothic standards fly,  
And all be mine beneath the polar sky."

The march begins in military state,  
And nations on his eye suspended wait;  
Stern famine guards the solitary coast,  
And winter barricades the realms of frost;  
He comes—nor want nor cold his course delay;  
Hide, blushing glory, hide Pultowa's day!  
The vanquished hero leaves his broken bands,  
And shows his miseries in distant lands;  
Condemned a needy suppliant to wait,  
While ladies interpose, and slaves debate.

But did not chance at length her error mend?  
Did no subverted empire mark his end?  
Did rival monarchs give the fatal wound?  
Or hostile millions press him to the ground?  
His fall was destined to a barren strand,  
A petty fortress, and a dubious hand;  
He left the name, at which the world grew pale,  
To point a moral, or adorn a tale!

SAMUEL JOHNSON.

## WENDELL PHILLIPS.

**A**LONG the streets one day with that swift  
tread  
He walked a living king—then "He is  
dead,"

The whisper flew from lip to lip, while still  
Sounding within their ears, the echoing thrill  
Of his magician's voice we seemed to hear,  
In notes of melody ring near and clear.

So near, so clear, men cried, "It cannot be!  
It was but yesterday he spoke to me:  
But yesterday we saw him move along,  
His head above the crowd, swift-paced and strong;  
But yesterday his plan and purpose sped,  
It cannot be to-day that he is dead."

A moment thus, half-dazed, men met and spoke,  
When first the sudden news upon them broke;  
A moment more, with sad acceptance turned  
To face the bitter truth that they had spurned.



Friends said through tears, "How empty seems the town."

And warning-critics laid their weapons down.

He had his faults, they said, but they were faults  
Of head and not of heart—his sharp assaults  
Flung seeming heedless from his quivering bow,  
And needless striking either friend or foe,  
Were launched with eyes that saw not foe or friend,  
But only shining far, some goal or end.

That compassed once, should bring God's saving  
grace

To purge and purify the human race—  
The measure that meted out he took,  
And blow for blow received without a look,  
Without a sigh of conscious hurt or hate,  
To stir the tranquil calmness of his state.

Born on the heights and in the purple bred,  
He chose to walk the lowly ways instead,  
That he might lift the wretched and defend  
The rights of those who languished for a friend,  
So many years he spent in listening  
To these sad cries of wrong and suffering.

NORA PERRY.

#### MARTIN LUTHER.

**I**N the solemn loneliness, in which Luther found himself, he called around him not so much the masters of the Greek and Latin wisdom through the study of the ancient languages, as he did the mass of his own countrymen, by his translation of the Bible. It would have been a matter of tardy impression and remote efficacy, had he done no more than awake from the dusty alcoves of the libraries the venerable shades of the classic teachers. He roused up a population of living, sentient men, his countrymen, his brethren. He might have written and preached in Latin to his dying day, and the elegant Italian scholars, champions of the church, would have answered him in Latin better than his own; and with the mass of the people, the whole affair would have been a contest between angry and loquacious priests. "Awake all antiquity from the sleep of the libraries!"

He awoke all Germany and half Europe from the scholastic sleep of an ignorance worse than death. He took into his hands not the oaten pipe of the classic muse; he moved to his great work, not

\* \* \* To the Dorian mood  
Of flutes and soft recorders :—

He grasped the iron trumpet of his mother tongue—the good old Saxon from which our own is descended, the language of noble thought and high resolve—and blew a blast that shook the nations from Rome to the Orkneys. Sovereign, citizen, and peasant, started at the sound; and, in a few short years, the poor monk, who had begged his

bread for a pious canticle in the streets of Eisenach—no longer friendless—no longer solitary—was sustained by victorious armies, countenanced by princes, and, what is a thousand times more precious than the brightest crown in Christendom, revered as a sage, a benefactor, and a spiritual parent, at the firesides of millions of his humble and grateful countrymen.

EDWARD EVERETT.

#### ROBERT BURNS.

**H**IS is that language of the heart  
In which the answering heart would speak,  
Thought, word, that bids the warm tear start,  
Or the smile light the cheek ;

And his that music to whose tone  
The common pulse of man keeps time,  
In cot or castle's mirth or moan,  
In cold or sunny clime.

Through care and pain and want and woe,  
With wounds that only death could heal,  
Tortures the poor alone can know,  
The proud alone can feel,

He kept his honesty and truth,  
His independent tongue and pen,  
And moved, in manhood as in youth,  
Pride of his fellow-men.

Strong sense, deep feeling, passions strong,  
A hate of tyrant and of knave,  
A love of right, a scorn of wrong,  
Of coward and of slave ;

A kind, true heart, a spirit high,  
That could not fear and would not bow,  
Were written in his manly eye  
And on his manly brow.

Praise to the bard ! his words are driven,  
Like flower-seeds by the far winds sown,  
Where'er beneath the sky of heaven  
The birds of fame have flown.

Praise to the man ! a nation stood  
Beside his coffin with wet eyes—  
Her brave, her beautiful, her good—  
As when a loved one dies.

And still, as on his funeral day,  
Men stand his cold earth-couch around,  
With the mute homage that we pay  
To consecrated ground.

And consecrated ground it is—  
The last, the hallowed home of one  
Who lives upon all memories,  
Though with the buried gone.

FITZ-GREENE HALLECK.

### COPERNICUS.

**H**E is dying, but he leaves a glorious truth as his dying bequest to the world. He bids the friend who has brought it place himself between the window and his bedside, that the sun's rays may fall upon the precious volume, and he may behold it once more before his eye grows dim. He looks upon it, takes it in his hands, presses it to his breast, and expires.

But no, he is not wholly gone. A smile lights up his dying countenance ; a beam of returning intelligence kindles in his eye ; his lips move ; and the

fresh to the eye of memory ; he yearns after and covets what soothes the frailty of human nature. That touches him most nearly which is withdrawn to a certain distance, which verges on the borders of oblivion. The streets of London are his fairy-land, teeming with wonder, with life and interest to his retrospective glance, as it did to the eager eye of childhood ; he has contrived to weave its tritest traditions into a bright and endless romance.

As an essayist, Lamb will be remembered with the best of his class. He has wisdom and wit of the highest order, exquisite humor, a genuine and



CHARLES LAMB.

friend who leans over him can hear him faintly murmur the beautiful sentiments which the Christian lyricist of a later age has so finely expressed in verse :

"Ye golden lamps of heaven, farewell, with all  
your feeble light ;  
Farewell, thou ever-changing moon, pale empress  
of the night ;  
And thou, effulgent orb of day, in brighter flames  
arrayed ;  
My soul, which springs beyond thy sphere, no  
more demands thy aid.  
Ye stars are but the shining dust of my divine  
abode,  
The pavement of those heavenly courts where I  
shall reign with God."

So died the great Columbus of the heavens.

EDWARD EVERETT.

### CHARLES LAMB.

**L**AMB'S style runs pure and clear, though it may often take an underground course, or be conveyed through old-fashioned conduits. He delights to dwell on that which is

cordial vein of pleasantry, and the most heart-touching pathos. His thoughts are always his own. Even when his words seem cast into the very mould of others, the perfect originality of his thinking is felt and acknowledged. An instance of this is his delightful essay on "Roast Pig"—an essay that is fairly succulent with the juices of the oven, and is enough to tickle the palate of even a man who is not fond of this product of the farm-yard. The sweet stream of thought bubbles and sparkles with witty fancies such as I do not remember to have elsewhere met with, except in Shakespeare.

WILLIAM HAZLITT.

### THE PRINCESS CHARLOTTE.

**W**OE unto us, not her ; for she sleeps well :  
The fickle reek of popular breath, the  
tongue

Of hollow counsel, the false oracle,  
Which from the birth of monarchy hath rung  
Its knell in princely ears, till the o'erstung  
Nations have armed in madness, the strange fate



Which tumbles mightiest sovereigns, and hath  
flung  
Against their blind omnipotence a weight  
Within the opposing scale, which crushes soon or  
late—

These might have been her destiny ; but no,  
Our hearts deny it : and so young, so fair,  
Good without effort, great without a foe ;  
But now a bride and mother,—and now *there !*  
How many ties did that stern moment tear !  
From thy sire's to his humblest subject's breast  
Is linked the electric chain of that despair,  
Whose shock was as an earthquake's, and  
opprest  
The land which loved thee so that none could  
love thee best.

LORD BYRON.

### HENRY CLAY'S POPULARITY.

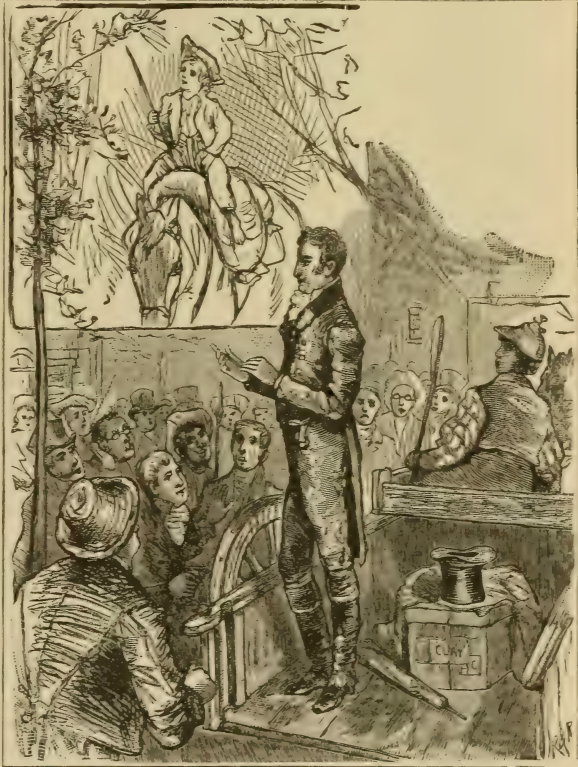
OF our public men of the sixty years preceding the war, Henry Clay was certainly the most shining figure. Was there ever a public man, not at the head of a state, so beloved as he? Who ever heard such cheers, so hearty, distinct, and ringing, as those which his name evoked? Men shed tears at his defeat, and women went to bed sick from pure sympathy with his disappointment. He could not travel during the last thirty years of his life, but only make progresses. When he left his home the public seized him and bore him along over the land, the committee of one State passing him on to the committee of another, and the hurrahs of one town dying away as those of the next caught his ear. The country seemed to place all its resources at his disposal ; all commodities sought his acceptance.

Passing through Newark once, he thoughtlessly ordered a carriage of a certain pattern : the same evening the carriage was at the door of his hotel in New York, the gift of a few Newark friends. It was so everywhere and with everything. His house became at last a museum of curious gifts. There was the counterpane made for him by a lady ninety-three years of age, and Washington's camp-goblet given him by a lady of eighty ; there were pistols, rifles, and fowling-pieces enough to defend a citadel ; and, among a bundle of walking-sticks, was one cut for him from a tree that shaded Cicero's grave. There were gorgeous prayer-books, and Bibles of exceeding magnitude and splendor, and silver-ware in great profusion.

On one occasion there arrived at Ashland the substantial present of twenty-three barrels of salt. In his old age, when his fine estate, through the misfortunes of his sons, was burdened with mortgages to the amount of thirty-thousand dollars, and other large debts weighed heavily upon his

soul, and he feared to be compelled to sell the home of fifty years and seek a strange abode, a few old friends secretly raised the needful sum, secretly paid the mortgages and discharged the debts, and then caused the aged orator to be informed of what had been done, but not of the names of the donors.

"Could my life insure the success of Henry Clay, I would freely lay it down this day," exclaimed an old Rhode Island sea-captain on the morning of the Presidential election of 1844. Who has forgotten the passion of disappointment,



HENRY CLAY AT LEXINGTON, KY.

the amazement and despair, at the result of that day's fatal work? Fatal we thought it then, little dreaming that, while it precipitated evil, it brought nearer the day of deliverance.

JAMES PARTON.

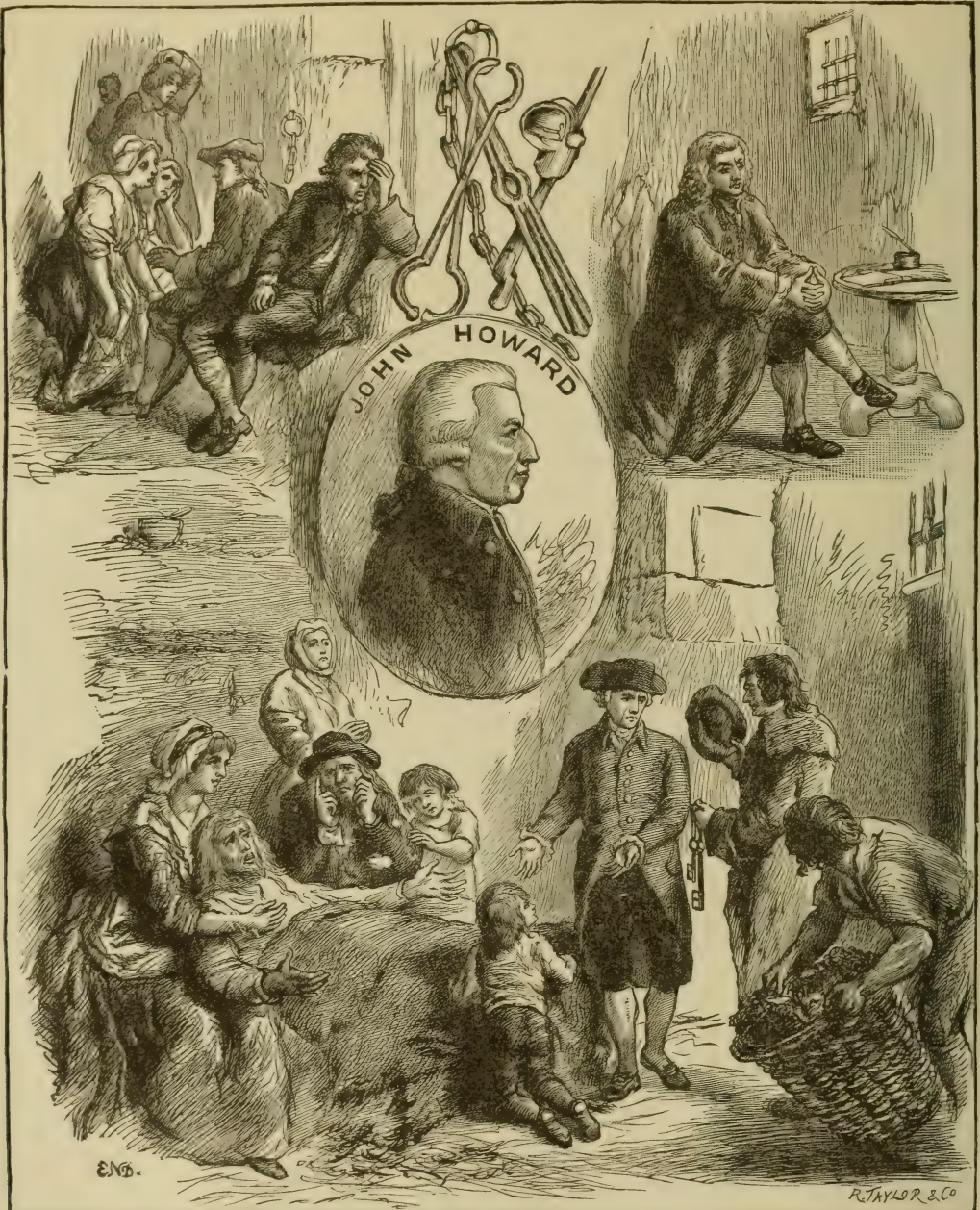
### JOHN HOWARD.

THE prisons of Europe previous to Howard's great reformatory work almost surpassed description. They were dungeons without a ray of light to cheer. If human ingenuity had set itself to work to inflict the most abject misery upon condemned criminals it could not have achieved a greater success. Man was



nothing more than a brute. There was no pity for his chains, no sympathy for his sorrows. The cold walls of his cell were no more unfeeling than the

Great Britain and Europe were grander than triumphal marches. If the victims of the dark dungeons could have been released for a moment



hearts of his judicial tormentors. One loud groan went up to heaven from every prison in Europe.

John Howard came. He was human, sympathetic, wise. He heard the moan of the prisoner; if he did not turn it into music he at least made it less dolorous. Howard's journeys through

they would have strewn palm-branches in his way. The sun rose upon a night of darkness. Uplifted eyes and broken hearts hailed the coming of John Howard, the prisoner's friend. Better to have the blessings of the poor and oppressed than to live in bronze and granite.



Never before had been heard such music—the clanking of chains stricken off by his half-omnipotent hand. A new era had dawned in civilization. Not that there was any effort to prevent the rigid exercise of justice, but the angel of pity, almost a stranger in the earth, bent down over the weak, the suffering, the abused, the doomed, and there was heaven in her eyes.

HENRY DAVENPORT.

#### HENRY WADSWORTH LONGFELLOW.

**M**AN is the grief of those whose faith  
Is bounded by the shores of death;  
From out whose mists of doubt and gloom

No rainbow arches o'er the tomb  
Where love's last tribute of a tear  
Lies with dead flowers upon the bier.

O thou revered, beloved!—not yet,  
With sob of bells, with eyes tear-wet,  
With faltering pulses, do we lay  
Thy greatness in the grave away;  
Not Auburn's consecrated ground  
Can hold the life that wraps thee round.

Still shall thy gentle presence prove  
Its ministry of hope and love;  
Thy tender tones be heard within  
The story of Evangeline;  
And by the fireside, midst the rest,  
Thou oft shalt be a welcome guest.

Again the mystery will be clear;  
The august Tuscan's shades appear;  
Moved by thy impulse, we shall feel  
New longings for thy high ideal;  
And under all thy forms of art  
Feel beatings of a human heart.

As in our dreams we follow thee  
With longing eyes beyond the sea,  
We see thee on some loftier height  
Across whose trembling bridge of light  
Our voices of the night are borne,  
Clasp with white hand the stars of morn.

O happy poet! Thine is not  
A portion of the common lot;  
Thy works shall follow thee; thy verse  
Shall still thy living thoughts rehearse;  
The ages shall to thee belong—  
An immortality of song.

FRANCIS F. BROWNE.

#### RANDOLPH OF ROANOKE.

**O**H, Mother Earth! upon thy lap  
Thy weary ones receiving,  
And o'er them, silent as a dream,  
Thy grassy mantle weaving—  
Fold softly in thy long embrace  
That heart so worn and broken,  
And cool its pulse of fire beneath  
Thy shadows old and oaken.

Shut out from him the bitter word  
And serpent hiss of scorning;  
Nor let the storms of yesterday  
Disturb his quiet morning.  
Breathe over him forgetfulness  
Of all save deeds of kindness,  
And, save to smiles of grateful eyes,  
Press down his lids in blindness.

There, where with living ear and eye  
He heard Potomac's flowing,  
And, through his tall, ancestral trees  
Saw autumn's sunset glowing,  
He sleeps—still looking to the west,  
Beneath the dark wood shadow,  
As if he still would see the sun  
Sink down on wave and meadow.

Bard, sage, and tribune!—in himself  
All moods of mind contrasting—  
The tenderest wail of human woe,  
The scorn like lightning blasting;  
The pathos which from rival eyes  
Unwilling tears could summon,  
The stinging taunt, the fiery burst  
Of hatred scarcely human!

Mirth, sparkling like a diamond-shower,  
From lips of life-long sadness;  
Clear picturings of majestic thought  
Upon a ground of madness;  
And over all, romance and song  
A classic beauty throwing,  
And laurelled Clio at his side  
Her storied pages showing.

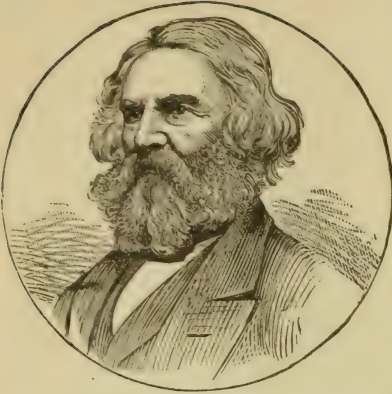
All parties feared him: each in turn  
Beheld its schemes disjointed,  
As right or left his fatal glance  
And spectral finger pointed.  
Sworn foe of cant, he smote it down  
With trenchant wit, unsparing,  
And, mocking, rent with ruthless hand  
The robe pretence was wearing.

Too honest or too proud to feign  
A love he never cherished,  
Beyond Virginia's border line  
His patriotism perished.  
While others hailed in distant skies  
Our eagle's dusky pinion,  
He only saw the mountain bird  
Stoop o'er his Old Dominion!

Still through each change of fortune strange,  
Racked nerve, and brain all burning,  
His loving faith in mother-land  
Knew never shade of turning:  
By Britain's lakes, by Neva's wave,  
Whatever sky was o'er him,  
He heard her rivers' rushing sound,  
Her blue peaks rose before him.

J. G. WHITTIER.

## HENRY WADSWORTH LONGFELLOW.



ONE of the greenest of laurels adorns the brow of this favorite American poet, who, it has been said, is even more extensively read and admired in England than at home. Many of his productions are as familiar in the homes of the people as the old-time almanac used to be in the homesteads of our grandfathers.

Longfellow studied the principles of verbal melody, and rendered himself master of the mysterious affinities which exist between sound and sense, word and thought, feeling and expression. There is an aptitude, gracefulness and vivid beauty in many of his stanzas which at once impress the memory and win ear and heart. There is in the tone of his poetry little passion, but much quiet earnestness.

His ideas and metaphors are often striking and poetical, but there is no affluence of imagery or wonderful glow of emotion such as take us captive in Byron or Shelley; the claim of Longfellow consists rather in the wise and tasteful use of his materials than in their richness and their originality. He illustrates the gentler themes of song, and pleads for justice, humanity, and particularly the beautiful, with a poet's deep conviction of their eternal claims upon the distinctive recognition of the man.

## THE GREAT SENATORS.

OUR great triumvirate—Clay, Webster, Calhoun—last appeared together in public life in the Senate of 1849-50; the two former figuring conspicuously in the debates which preluded and resulted in what was termed the Compromise of that year—Mr. Calhoun dying as they had fairly opened, and Messrs. Clay and Webster not long after their close. These lines are, therefore, in some sort, my humble tribute to their genius and their just renown.

I best knew and loved Henry Clay; he was by nature genial, cordial, courteous, gracious, magnetic, winning. When General Glascock, of Georgia, took his seat in Congress as a Representative, a mutual friend asked, "General, may I introduce you to Henry Clay?" "No, sir," was the stern response; "I am his adversary, and choose not to subject myself to his fascination." I think it would have been hard to constitute for three or four years a legislative body whereof Mr. Clay was a member, and not more than four-sevenths were his pledged, implacable opponents, whereof he would not have been the master-spirit, and the author and inspirer of most of its measures, after the first or second year.

Mr. Webster was colder, graver, sterner, in his general bearing: though he could unbend and be sunny and blithe in his intercourse with those admitted to his intimacy. There were few gayer or more valued associates on a fishing or sailing party. His mental calibre was much the larger; I judge that he had read and studied more; though neither could boast much erudition, not even intense application. I believe each was about thirty years in Congress, where Mr. Clay identified his name with the origin or success of at least half a

dozen important measures to every one thus blended with Mr. Webster's. Though Webster's was far the more massive intellect, Mr. Clay as a legislator evinced far the greater creative, constructive power.

I once sat in the Senate Chamber when Mr. Douglas, who had just been transferred from the House, rose to move forward a bill in which he was interested. "We have no such practice in the Senate, sir," said Mr. Webster, in his deep, solemn voice, fixing his eye on the mover, but without rising from his seat. Mr. Douglas at once varied his motion, seeking to achieve his end in a somewhat different way. "That is not the way we do business in the Senate, sir," rejoined Mr. Webster, still more decisively and sternly. "The Little Giant" was a bold, ready man, not easily over-awed or disconcerted; but, if he did not quiver under the eye and voice of Webster, then my eyesight deceived me—and I was very near him.

Mr. Calhoun was a tall, spare, earnest, evidently thoughtful man, with stiff, iron-gray hair, which reminded you of Jackson's about the time of his accession to the Presidency. He was eminently a logician—terse, vigorous, relentless. He courted the society of clever, aspiring young men who inclined to fall into his views, and exerted great influence over them. As he had abandoned the political faith which I distinguish and cherish as National while I was yet a school-boy, I never met him at all intimately; yet once, while I was connected with mining on Lake Superior, I called on him, as on other leading members of Congress, to explain the effect of the absurd policy then in vogue of keeping mineral lands out of market, and



attempting to collect a per centage of the mineral as rent accruing to the Government.

He received me courteously, and I took care to make my statement as compact and perspicuous as I could, showing him that, even in the lead region, where the system had attained its full development, the Treasury did not receive enough rent to pay the salaries of the officers employed in collecting it.

"Enough," said Mr. Calhoun; "you are clearly right. I will vote to give away these lands, rather than perpetuate this vicious system." "We only ask, Mr. Calhoun," I rejoined, "that Congress fix on the lands whatever price it may deem just, and sell them at that price to those lawfully in possession; they failing to purchase, then to whomsoever will buy them." "That plan will have my hearty support," he responded; and it did. When the question came at length to be taken, I believe there was no vote in either House against selling the mineral lands.

HORACE GREELEY.

### NAPOLEON.

'TIS done—but yesterday a king!  
And armed with kings to strive—  
And now thou art a nameless thing;  
So abject—yet alive!

Is this the man of thousand thrones,  
Who strewed our earth with hostile bones,  
And can he thus survive?  
Since he, miscalled the Morning Star,  
Nor man nor fiend hath fallen so far.

Ill-minded man! why scourge thy kind  
Who bowed so low the knee?  
By gazing on thyself grown blind,  
Thou taught'st the rest to see.  
With might unquestioned—power to save—  
Thine only gift hath been the grave  
To those that worshipped thee;  
Nor till thy fall could mortals guess  
Ambition's less than littleness!

Thanks for that lesson—it will teach  
To after warriors more  
Than high philosophy can preach,  
And vainly preached before.  
That spell upon the minds of men  
Breaks never to unite again,  
That led them to adore  
Those Pagod things of sabre sway,  
With fronts of brass and feet of clay.

The triumph and the vanity,  
The rapture of the strife;  
The earthquake voice of victory,  
To thee the breath of life;  
The sword, the sceptre, and that sway  
Which man seemed made but to obey,  
Wherewith renown was rife—

All quelled!—Dark spirit! what must be  
The madness of thy memory!

The desolator desolate!

The victor overthrown!  
The arbiter of others' fate  
A suppliant for his own!  
Is it some yet imperial hope,  
That with such change can calmly cope?  
Or dread of death alone?  
To die a prince, or live a slave—  
Thy choice is most ignobly brave!

He who of old would rend the oak  
Dreamed not of the rebound;  
Chained by the trunk he vainly broke—  
Alone—how looked he round?  
Thou, in the sternness of thy strength,  
An equal deed hast done at length,  
And darker fate hast found:  
He fell, the forest-prowlers' prey;  
But thou must eat thy heart away!

Thine evil deeds are writ in gore,  
Nor written thus in vain;  
Thy triumphs tell of fame no more,  
Or deepen every stain.  
If thou hadst died as honor dies,  
Some new Napoleon might arise,  
To shame the world again;  
But who would soar the solar height,  
To set in such a starless night?

Weighed in the balance, hero dust  
Is vile as vulgar clay;  
Thy scales, mortality! are just  
To all that pass away:  
But yet methought the living great  
Some higher spark should animate,  
To dazzle and dismay;  
Nor deemed contempt could thus make mirth  
Of these, the conquerors of the earth.

LORD BYRON.

### ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

FROM THE "COMMEMORATION ODE."

LIFE may be given in many ways,  
And loyalty to truth be sealed  
As bravely in the closet as the field,  
So bountiful is fate;  
But then to stand beside her,  
When craven churls deride her,  
To front a lie in arms and not to yield,  
This shows, methinks, God's plan  
And measure of a stalwart man,  
Limbed like the old heroic breeds,  
Who stand self-poised on manhood's solid  
earth,  
Not forced to frame excuses for his birth,  
Fed from within with all the strength he needs.

Such was he, our martyr-chief,  
 Whom late the nation he had led,  
 With ashes on her head,  
 Wept with the passion of an angry grief:  
 Forgive me, if from present things I turn  
 To speak what in my heart will beat and burn,  
 And hang my wreath on his world-honored urn,  
 Nature they say, doth dote,  
 And cannot make a man  
 Save on some worn-out plan,  
 Repeating us by rote:  
 For him her Old World moulds aside she threw,  
 And, choosing sweet clay from the breast  
 Of the unexhausted west,  
 With stuff untainted shaped a hero new,  
 Wise, steadfast in the strength of God, and true.

How beautiful to see  
 Once more a shepherd of mankind indeed,  
 Who loved his charge, but never loved to lead;  
 One whose meek flock the people joyed to be,  
 Not lured by any cheat of birth,  
 But by his clear-grained human worth,  
 And brave old wisdom of sincerity!  
 They knew that outward grace is dust;  
 They could not choose but trust  
 In that sure-footed mind's unfaltering skill,  
 And supple-tempered will  
 That bent like perfect steel to spring again and  
 thrust.

His was no lonely mountain-peak of mind,  
 Thrusting to thin air o'er our cloudy bars,  
 A sea-mark now, now lost in vapors blind;  
 Broad prairie rather, genial, level-lined,  
 Fruitful and friendly for all human kind,  
 Yet also nigh to heaven and loved of loftiest  
 stars.

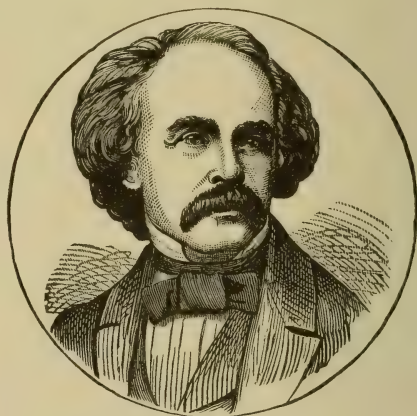
Nothing of Europe here,  
 Or, then, of Europe fronting mornward still,  
 Ere any names of Serf and Peer  
 Could Nature's equal scheme deface;  
 Here was a type of the true elder race,  
 And one of Plutarch's men talked with us face to  
 face.

I praise him not; it were too late;  
 And some innative weakness there must be  
 In him who condescends to victory  
 Such as the Present gives, and cannot wait,  
 Safe in himself as in a fate.  
 So always firmly he:  
 He knew to bide his time,  
 And can his fame abide,  
 still patient in his simple faith sublime,  
 Till the wise years decide.  
 Great captains, with their guns and drums,  
 Disturb our judgment for the hour,  
 But at last silence comes;  
 These all are gone, and, standing like a tower,

Our children shall behold his fame,  
 The kindly-earnest, brave, foreseeing man,  
 Sagacious, patient, dreading praise, not blame,  
 New birth of our new soil, the first American.  
 J. R. LOWELL.

### NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE.

IN his style he early developed that maturity of dignified composure, free from constraint, or affectation, and that lucid expression which are among its most characteristic traits. With little faculty for the harmonies of verse, he had a singular command over the musical qualities of prose, enabling him to produce periods remarkable for their sonorous richness and delicate cadences, that sometimes raised them almost to the plane of poetry, yet never



HAWTHORNE.

destroy their character as prose by interjecting the actual rhythms of verse. Although exceptionally fitted for conveying subtleties of fancy and thought, his style is equally adapted to the comprehension of children, being invariably clear and strongly marked by common sense.

Another noticeable peculiarity is that in the entire range of his writings quotation is almost never resorted to, the author's mind apparently feeling no need of aid or illustration from other writers. The superlative merits of Hawthorne's style were but slowly recognized in his own country, but his fame has rapidly and steadily increased since his death, and he is now generally esteemed as one of the greatest imaginative minds of the century, holding a place in the first rank among masters of modern English prose.

The personal appearance of Hawthorne was tall, vigorous and commanding. Powerful physically, and in every way a strong specimen of manhood, he yet, in his manner and presence, showed the gentleness of a woman. His intimates



were few, but with them, he was a genial comrade, as he was also a delightful companion in his household. The union in him of strength and sensitiveness has been well described by James Russell Lowell:

First, he from sympathy still held apart  
By shrinking, over-eagerness of heart—  
New England's poet, soul-reserved and deep,  
November nature with a name of May.

G. P. LATHROP.

### LORD BYRON.

WITH nature's self  
He seemed an old acquaintance, free to  
jest

At will with all her glorious majesty.  
He laid his hand upon "the Ocean's mane,"  
And played familiar with his hoary locks;  
Stood on the Alps, stood on the Apennines,  
And with the thunder talked as friend to friend;  
And wove his garland of the lightning's wing,  
In sportive twist—the lightning's fiery wing,  
Which, as the footsteps of the dreadful God,  
Marching upon the storm in vengeance seemed;  
Then turned, and with the grasshopper, who sung  
His evening song beneath his feet, conversed.  
Suns, moons, and stars, and clouds his sisters were;  
Rocks, mountains, meteors, seas, and winds, and  
storms

His brothers, younger brothers, whom he scarce  
As equals deemed. All passions of all men,  
The wild and tame, the gentle and severe;  
All thoughts, all maxims, sacred and profane;  
All creeds, all seasons, time, eternity;  
All that was hated, and all that was dear;  
All that was hoped, all that was feared, by man,—  
He tossed about, as tempest-withered leaves;  
Then, smiling, looked upon the wreck he made.

With terror now he froze the cowering blood,  
And now dissolved the heart in tenderness;  
Yet would not tremble, would not weep himself;  
But back into his soul retired, alone,  
Dark, sullen, proud, gazing contemptuously  
On hearts and passions prostrate at his feet.  
So ocean, from the plains his waves had late  
To desolation swept, retired in pride,  
Exulting in the glory of his might,  
And seemed to mock the ruin he had wrought.

As some fierce comet of tremendous size,  
To which the stars did reverence as it passed,  
So he, through learning and through fancy, took  
His flights sublime, and on the loftiest top  
Of fame's dread mountain sat; not soiled and  
worn,

As if he from the earth had labored up,  
But as some bird of heavenly plumage fair  
He looked, which down from higher regions came,  
And perched it there, to see what lay beneath.

The nations gazed, and wondered much and  
praised.

Critics before him fell in humble plight;  
Confounded fell; and made debasing signs  
To catch his eye; and stretched and swelled them-  
selves

To bursting nigh, to utter bulky words  
Of admiration vast; and many too,  
Many that aimed to imitate his flight,  
With weaker wing, unearthly fluttering made,  
And gave abundant sport to after days.

Great man! the nations gazed and wondered  
much,

And praised; and many called his evil good.  
Wits wrote in favor of his wickedness;  
And kings to do him honor took delight.  
Thus full of titles, flattery, honor, fame;  
Beyond desire, beyond ambition, full—  
He died—he died of what? Of wretchedness;  
Drank every cup of joy, heard every trump  
Of fame; drank early, deeply drank; drank  
draughts

That common millions might have quenched, then  
died

Of thirst, because there was no more to drink.  
His goddess, nature, wooed, embraced, enjoyed,  
Fell from his arms, abhorred; his passions died,  
Died, all but dreary, solitary pride;  
And all his sympathies in being died.

As some ill-guided bark, well built and tall,  
Which angry tides cast out on desert shore,  
And then, retiring, left it there to rot  
And moulder in the winds and rains of heaven;  
So he, cut from the sympathies of life,  
And cast ashore from pleasure's boisterous surge,  
A wandering, weary, worn, and wretched thing,  
Scorched and desolate and blasted soul,  
A gloomy wilderness of dying thought—  
Repined, and groaned, and withered from the  
earth.

His groanings filled the land his numbers filled;  
And yet he seemed ashamed to groan.—Poor  
man!

Ashamed to ask, and yet he needed help.

ROBERT POLLOK.

### ALFRED TENNYSON.

LORD ALFRED TENNYSON has been called  
the Shakespeare of his time. It is some-  
what invidious to compare him with any  
poet who ever lived. He is a mountain summit  
by himself, standing alone, majestic and grand,  
yet anything but cold and forbidding. He is  
superior in intellectual grasp, original expression,  
and subtle emotion.

Mr. Tennyson was an artist before he was a  
poet. I suppose it is in some respects this lavish  
native strength which has given him his delight in

great variety and richness of materials, showing a tropical luxuriance of natural gifts. What his poetical faculty delights in most are rich landscapes, in which either nature or man has accumulated a lavish variety of effects. It is in the scenery of the mill, the garden, the chase, the rich pastures, the harvest fields, the palace plea-



ALFRED TENNYSON.

sure-grounds, fair parks and domains, glowing with sylvan beauty, that Mr. Tennyson most delights.

He has a strong fascination for old legends, as well as for those common tales of achievement and adventure which delight the popular heart. There is always the movement of real life in his poems, a kind of stately tread and marching forward, which seizes the reader as the mighty tide lays hold of the floating skiff and carries it away on its heaving bosom. His pen-pictures, it may be said, succeed each other too rapidly, yet for the most part his style ripples along with perfect ease and grace.

Not exactly cypress, but a wreath of weeping willow, should encircle his name. He is enamored with ideal beauty and purity of soul, and he

sings the praises of holy and exalted friendship more than the warmer passion of love. He may be characterized as an elevated philosopher with a poet's expression, which a delicate perception of the beautiful and true has given him.

His harp is not strung with strings whose wild, loud notes shall first awaken, and then petrify the snoring world, but with silken, silvery, gossamer chords, whose fairy melody is heard only by the delicate spiritual ear.

Yet keeps he perhaps too close to the shores of time, and dares not, or will not, sail the mighty oceans of mind, and bring us, like golden fruit, from beyond their distant shores sublime and inspiring ideas of futurity. He keeps his wings too closely furled, when we consider his poetical powers.

R. H. HUTTON.

### CAMP-BELL.

CHARADE.

COME from my first, ay, come!  
The battle dawn is nigh;  
And the screaming trump and the thundering drum  
Are calling thee to die!

Fight as thy father fought;  
Fall as thy father fell;  
Thy task is taught; thy shroud is wrought;  
So forward and farewell!

Toll ye my second! toll!  
Fling high the flambeau's light,  
And sing the hymn for a parted soul  
Beneath the silent night!

The wreath upon his head,  
The cross upon his breast;  
Let the prayer be said and the tear be shed,  
So—take him to his rest!

Call ye my whole—ay, call  
The lord of lute and lay;  
And let him greet the sable pall  
With noble song to-day.

Go, call him by his name!  
No fitter hand may crave  
To light the flame of a soldier's fame  
On the turf of a soldier's grave.

W. M. PRAED.

### THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON.

MOURN, for to us he seems the last,  
Remembering all his greatness in the past.  
No more in soldier fashion will he greet  
With lifted hand the gazer in the street.  
O friends, our chief state-oracle is mute;  
Mourn for the man of long-enduring blood,  
The statesman-warrior, moderate, resolute,  
Whole in himself, a common good.

ALFRED TENNYSON.





CAROLINE AND SIR WILLIAM HERSCHEL.

## TWO CELEBRATED ASTRONOMERS.

THE name of Herschel is as bright as the stars in company with which those who bore the name spent a good part of their lives. Their look seemed to be upward, always exploring the mysteries of the heavens. Brilliant discoveries came within range of their vision, and the great

volumes in the library of science are more numerous to-day than as if the Herschels had never lived. They held companionship with the starry heavens, and were on the best of terms with distant worlds.

Caroline was the sister of Sir William Herschel whom she assisted in his astronomical observa-



tions and computations. There have been several women who have excelled in the science of astronomy. It is a science which appeals to their love

impression upon the scientific thought of his time. He was the first to behold the planet Uranus floating in the far depths of space. This was one of the most important discoveries of modern times, and gave to Herschel a name henceforth to be held in honor.

#### PRISCILLA.

MILES STANDISH, the famous captain of Plymouth Colony, feeling the desolation of his bachelorhood, resolved to take unto himself a wife, and also resolved that this wife should be the fair Puritan maid Priscilla. Standish sent his dutiful secretary, John Alden, to make known his wishes and to do the courting. Standish himself felt that he was more skillful in the arts of war than in those of courtship. Maidens are known sometimes to have minds of their own, and Priscilla, not being lost in admiration of Miles Standish, and knowing a good chance when she saw it, executed a flank movement, and said, "Why don't you speak for yourself, John?"

John was not slow to speak after receiving such encouragement, and Captain Miles Standish was compelled to doff his plumes to the man who had been commissioned to do the courting. It was not long before there were wedding festivities, the termination of which is beautifully described by Longfellow:

Onward the bridal procession now  
moved to their new habitation,  
Happy husband and wife, and friends  
conversing together.

Pleasantly murmured the brook as they  
crossed the ford in the forest,  
Pleased with the image that passed, like  
a dream of love through its bosom,  
Tremulous, floating in air, o'er the  
depths of the azure abysses.

Down through the golden leaves the sun  
was pouring his splendors,  
Gleaming on purple grapes, that, from  
branches above them suspended,  
Mingled their odorous breath with the  
balm of the pine and the fir-tree,

Wild and sweet as the clusters that grew in the  
valley of Eschol.

Like a picture it seemed of the primitive, pastoral  
ages,

Fresh with the youth of the world and recalling  
Rebecca and Isaac,



of the beautiful and the sublime, while at the same time many are gifted with mathematical talent equal to the study. In 1798 Caroline published a valuable catalogue of over 500 stars. Her brother William distinguished himself by many important discoveries, which created a profound



Old and yet ever new, and simple and beautiful  
always,  
Love immortal and young in the endless succession  
of lovers.  
So through the Plymouth woods passed onward  
the bridal procession.

## ON A BUST OF DANTE.

SEE, from this counterfeit of him  
Whom Arno shall remember long,  
How stern of lineament, how grim,  
The father was of Tuscan song!  
There but the burning sense of wrong,  
Perpetual care, and scorn, abide—  
Small friendship for the lordly throng,  
Distrust of all the world beside.

Faithful if this wan image be,  
No dream his life was, but a fight;  
Could any Beatrice see  
A lover in that anchorite?  
To that cold Ghibelline's gloomy sight  
Who could have guessed the visions came  
Of beauty, veiled with heavenly light,  
In circles of eternal flame?

The lips as Cumæ's cavern close,  
The cheeks with fast and sorrow thin,  
The rigid front, almost morose,  
But for the patient hope within,  
Declare a life whose course hath been  
Unsullied still, though still severe,  
Which, through the wavering days of sin,  
Kept itself icy-chaste and clear.

Not wholly such his haggard look  
When wandering once, forlorn, he strayed,  
With no companion save his book,  
To Corvo's hushed monastic shade;  
Where, as the Benedictine laid  
His palm upon the pilgrim guest,  
The single boon for which he prayed  
The convent's charity was rest.

Peace dwells not here—this rugged face  
Betrays no spirit of repose;  
The sullen warrior sole we trace,  
The marble man of many woes.  
Such was his mien when first arose  
The thought of that strange tale divine—  
When hell he peopled with his foes,  
The scourge of many a guilty line.

War to the last he waged with all  
The tyrant canker-worms of earth;  
Baron and duke, in hold and hall,  
Cursed the dark hour that gave him birth;  
He used Rome's harlot for his mirth;  
Plucked bare hypocrisy and crime;  
But valiant souls of kingly worth  
Transmitted to the rolls of time.

O Time! whose verdicts mock our own,  
The only righteous judge art thou;  
That poor, old exile, sad and lone,  
Is Latium's other Virgil now.  
Before his name the nations bow;  
His words are parcel of mankind,  
Deep in whose hearts, as on his brow,  
The marks have sunk of Dante's mind.

THOMAS WILLIAM PARSONS.

## LADY HENRY SOMERSET.

OF noble birth, yet nobler in heart and soul,  
Lady Somerset is one of the famous  
women of our time, by virtue of her  
broad charity, her arduous labors in the cause of  
reform, especially that of temperance, and that



LADY SOMERSET.

spirit of self-sacrifice which has devoted fortune  
and noble birth to the uplifting of the poor and  
degraded. Her name is known in both hemi-  
spheres. In America she has shed the light and  
glow of her great heart and nature from ocean to  
ocean. Of rare personal attractions, cultured  
manners, graceful and forcible speech, untiring  
labor and enthusiasm, she illustrates vividly what  
can be accomplished by woman when inspired by  
a great aim and moved by a holy purpose.

Lady Somerset in no degree loses her dignity  
and refinement by her public life. There is no  
appearance of coming down; of stepping from

some lofty pedestal; of abandoning a sacred sphere, such as the world has always conceded to woman. She lifts up, adorns, purifies, glorifies what she touches, and like the aroma of flowers is the influence of her life.

HENRY DAVENPORT.

### THE EXECUTION OF MONTROSE.

EXECUTED 1650.

THE morning dawned full darkly,  
The rain came flashing down,  
And the jagged streak of the levin-bolt  
Lit up the gloomy town.

The thunder crashed across the heaven,  
The fatal hour was come;  
Yet aye broke in, with muffled beat,  
The 'larum of the drum.  
There was madness on the earth below  
And anger in the sky,  
And young and old, and rich and poor,  
Came forth to see him die.

Ah God! that ghastly gibbet!  
How dismal 't is to see  
The great tall spectral skeleton,  
The ladder and the tree!  
Hark! hark! it is the clash of arms—  
The bells begin to toll—  
"He is coming! he is coming!  
God's mercy on his soul!"  
One last long peal of thunder—  
The clouds are cleared away,  
And the glorious sun once more looks down  
Amidst the dazzling day.

"He is coming! he is coming!"  
Like a bridegroom from his room  
Came the hero from his prison  
To the scaffold and the doom.  
There was glory on his forehead,  
There was lustre in his eye,  
And he never walked to battle  
More proudly than to die.

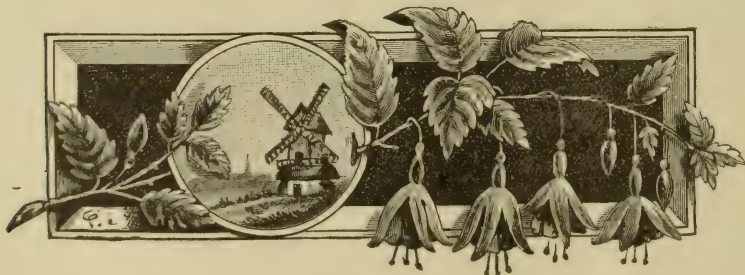
There was color in his visage,  
Though the cheeks of all were wan;  
And they marvelled as they saw him pass,  
That great and goodly man!

He mounted up the scaffold,  
And he turned him to the crowd;  
But they dared not trust the people,  
So he might not speak aloud.  
But he looked upon the heavens,  
And they were clear and blue,  
And in the liquid ether  
The eye of God shone through;  
Yet a black and murky battlement  
Lay resting on the hill,  
As though the thunder slept within—  
All else was calm and still.

The grim Geneva ministers  
With anxious scowl drew near,  
As you have seen the ravens flock  
Around the dying deer.  
He would not deign them word nor sign,  
But alone he bent the knee;  
And veiled his face for Christ's dear grace  
Beneath the gallows-tree.  
Then, radiant and serene, he rose,  
And cast his cloak away;  
For he had ta'en his latest look  
Of earth and sun and day.

A beam of light fell o'er him,  
Like a glory round the shriven,  
And he climbed the lofty ladder  
As it were the path to heaven.  
Then came a flash from out the cloud,  
And a stunning thunder-roll;  
And no man dared to look aloft,  
For fear was on every soul.  
There was another heavy sound,  
A hush, and then a groan;  
And darkness swept across the sky—  
The work of death was done!

W. E. AYTON.

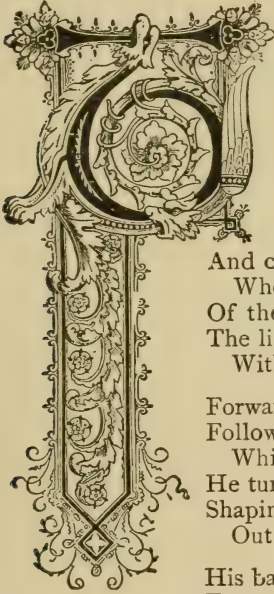




# THOUGHT AND SENTIMENT:

CONTAINING

CHOICE PRODUCTIONS FROM MASTER MINDS.



## THE VILLAGE WEAVER.

HE weaver is sitting before his loom,  
All day long in a curious room,  
Weaving a carpet of various hues;  
Here and there is a shade of green,  
With brighter colors woven between,  
And various tints of browns and blues.

Strangers and neighbors visit the room,  
And children, as well, to see the loom,  
Who ponder awhile and go away.  
Of the visitors that kindly call,  
The little ones please him best of all,  
With rapturous songs of mirth and play.

Forward and backward the shuttle goes,  
Followed by loud and creaking blows,  
While the faithful weaver works away.  
He turns a selvedge with skillful hands,  
Shaping a pattern of various brands,  
Out of black and a mixture of gray.

His back is bent and his hair is white,  
For many a year has taken flight  
Since he on the loom began to weave.  
During that time, I may safely say,  
The woof that has crossed the warp each day  
Could encircle the world, I believe.

I often watch him plying his trade,  
Blending with harmony every shade,  
And forming a carpet quaint and fine.  
On much the same as the weaver planned  
Each life is wrought with a filmy strand,  
And deeds, like colors, form some design.

Time is a weaver whose shuttles hum,  
Until the end of our life has come,  
And the soul parts from its dusty loom.  
Youth is bright color that fades away,  
Age and years are the dark and gray,  
And the world is the curious room.

GEORGE S. JOHNSON

## A JEWEL IN DISGUISE.

I'VE met with a good many people  
In jogging over life's varied way—  
I've encountered the clever, the simple,  
The crabbed, the grave and the gay.  
I have traveled with beauty, with virtue,  
I've been with the ugly, the bad,  
I've laughed with the ones who were merry,  
And wept with the ones who were sad.  
One thing I have learned in my journey,  
Never to judge one by what he appears—  
The eyes that seem sparkling with laughter  
Oft battle to keep back the tears;

And long sanctimonious faces  
Hide often the souls that are vile,  
While the heart that is merry and cheerful  
Is often the freest from guile.

And I've learned not to look for perfection  
In one of our frail human kind;  
In hearts the most gentle and loving  
Some blemish or fault we can find.  
But yet I have not found the creature  
So low, or depraved, or so mean,  
But had some good impulse, some virtue  
That 'mong his bad traits might be seen

## A DREAM.

O IT was but a dream I had  
While the musicians played—  
And here the sky and here the glad  
Old ocean kissed the glade;  
And here the laughing ripples ran,  
And here the roses grew  
That threw a kiss to every man  
That voyaged with the crew.

Our silken sails in lazy folds  
Dropped in the breathless breeze  
As o'er a field of marigolds  
Our eyes swam o'er the seas;  
While here the eddies lisped and purled  
Around the island's rim,  
And up from out the underworld  
We saw the mermen swim.

And it was dawn and middle day  
And midnight—for the moon  
On silver rounds across the bay  
Had climbed the skies of June—  
And here the glowing, glorious king  
Of day ruled o'er the realm,  
With stars of midnight glittering  
About the diadem.

The sea-gull reeled on languid wing  
In circles round the mast;  
We heard the songs the sirens sing  
As we went sailing past,  
And up and down the golden sands  
A thousand fairy throngs  
Flung at us from their flashing hand  
The echoes of their songs.

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.

## THE DAYS OF THE MODERN BELLE.

O H, for the time of the minuet  
When stately movement on movement  
swayed,  
And soft eyes spoke some quaint regret;  
Gone are the days of the old brocade;  
In the tripping time of the waltz is made  
Some deft enchantment, and 'neath its spell  
Her dainty heart on his sleeve is laid,  
These are the days of the modern belle.

When Hetty was pretty in homespun yet,  
And every fold her grace betrayed—  
Ah, sombre jewels of coral and jet!  
Gone are the days of the old brocade.  
From the shops of Paris, we find obeyed  
The hints that Virot and Worth may tell,  
And gentle simplicity flees dismayed,  
These are the days of the modern belle.

'Till now grave memories anxiously fret  
At the glittering splendor and gay parade,

And sigh for the times of Polly and Bet—  
Gone are the days of the old brocade,  
When softest blushes in beauty strayed,  
And brimming dimples would come—ah well!  
Those gentle years were meant to fade—  
These are the days of the modern belle.

Ah, memory listens to fancy's aid,  
Gone are the days of the old brocade;  
And their very follies our loves impel,  
These are the days of the modern belle.

## THE FORTUNATE ISLES.

YOU sail and you seek for the Fortunate Isles,  
The old Greek Isles of the yellow bird's  
song?

Then steer straight on through the watery miles,  
Straight on, straight on, and you can't go wrong.  
Nay, not to the left, nay, not the right,  
But on, straight on, and the Isles are in sight,  
The Fortunate Isles where the yellow birds sing,  
And life lies girt with a golden ring.

These Fortunate Isles they are not so far,  
They lie within reach of the lowliest door;  
You can see them gleam by the twilight star;  
You can hear them sing by the moon's whited shore.  
Nay, never look back! Those leveled grave-stones,  
They were landing-steps; they were steps unto  
thrones

Of glory for souls that have sailed before,  
And have set white feet on the fortunate shore.

And what are the names of the Fortunate Isles?  
Why, duty and love and a large content.  
Lo! these are the Isles of the watery miles  
That God let down from the firmament;  
Lo! duty and love, and a true man's trust;  
Your forehead to God, and your feet in the dust;  
Lo! duty and love, and sweet babe's smiles,  
And these, O friend, are the Fortunate Isles.

JOAQUIN MILLER.

## IT NEVER COMES AGAIN.

THERE are gains for all our losses,  
There are balms for all our pains;  
But when youth, the dream, departs,  
It takes something from our hearts,  
And it never comes again.

We are stronger, and are better,  
Under manhood's sterner reign;  
Still we feel that something sweet  
Followed youth with flying feet,  
And will never come again.

Something beautiful is vanished  
And we sigh for it in vain;  
We behold it everywhere,  
On the earth and in the air;  
But it never comes again.

R. H. STODDARD.





THE bird that soars on highest wing,  
Builds on the ground its lowly nest,  
And she that doth most sweetly sing,  
Sings in the shade when all things rest.

J. M. BENTLEY.

### GLORY.

THE crumbling tombstone and the gorgeous mausoleum, the sculptured marble, and the venerable cathedral, all bear witness to the instinctive desire within us to be remembered by coming generations. But how short-lived is the immortality which the works of our hands can confer! The noblest monuments of art that the world has ever seen are covered with the soil of twenty centuries. The works of the age of Pericles lie at the foot of the Acropolis in indiscriminate ruin. The ploughshare turns up the marble which the hand of Phidias had chiselled into beauty, and the Mussulman has folded his flock beneath the falling columns of the temple of Minerva.

But even the works of our hands too frequently survive the memory of those who have created them. And were it otherwise, could we thus carry down to distant ages the recollection of our existence, it were surely childish to waste the energies of an immortal spirit in the effort to make it known to other times, that a being whose name was written with certain letters of the alphabet, once lived, and flourished, and died. Neither

sculptured marble, nor stately column, can reveal to other ages the lineaments of the spirit; and these alone can embalm our memory in the hearts of a grateful posterity. As the stranger stands beneath the dome of St. Paul's, or treads, with religious awe, the silent aisles of Westminster Abbey, the sentiment, which is breathed from every object around him, is, the utter emptiness of sublunary glory.

FRANCIS WAYLAND.

### SOMETIME.

I AM waiting for the shadows round me lying  
To drift away;  
I am waiting for the sunlight, always flying,  
To come and stay;  
I know there's light beyond the cloudy curtain,  
A light sublime!  
That it will shine on me I now am certain,  
Sometime! sometime!  
I am waiting for the summer's golden lustre—  
Now far away—  
When golden fruits around my life shall cluster  
Each sunny day!

We read of fadeless flowers in fabled story,  
 In far-off clime,  
 And I shall pluck them in their pristine glory,  
 Sometime! sometime!

Then I shall hear the voice of loved ones call me  
 To their dear side;  
 And I shall then, whatever may befall me,  
 Rest satisfied!  
 For on my ear sweet notes of love shall tremble  
 In matchless rhyme,  
 From heart and lips that never can dissemble,  
 Sometime! sometime!

I am waiting; but at times I grow so weary—  
 Far seems the day  
 When all the pain which makes our life so dreary  
 Shall pass away.  
 I know the heart oft filled with tones of sadness,  
 Like funeral chime,  
 Shall echo with songs of love and gladness,  
 Sometime! sometime!

HOSEA Q. BLAISDELL.

#### AN OLD VAGABOND.

**H**E was old and alone, and he sat on a stone  
 To rest for awhile from the road;  
 His beard was white, and his eye was bright,  
 and his wrinkles overflowed  
 With a mild content at the way life went; and I  
 closed the book on my knee:  
 "I will venture a look in this living book," I  
 thought, as he greeted me,  
 And I said: "My friend, have you time to spend  
 to tell me what makes you glad?"  
 "Oh, ay, my lad," with a smile; "I'm glad that  
 I'm old, yet am never sad!"  
 "But why?" said I; and his merry eye made  
 answer as much as his tongue:  
 "Because," said he, "I am poor and free who  
 was rich and a slave when young."

JOHN BOYLE O'REILLY.

#### THE PITY OF THE PARK FOUNTAIN.

**'T**WAS a summery day in the last of May—  
 Pleasant in sun or shade;  
 And the hours went by, as the poets say,  
 Fragrant and fair on their flowery way;  
 And a hearse crept slowly through Broadway—  
 And the fountain gaily played.

The fountain played right merrily,  
 And the world looked bright and gay;  
 And a youth went by, with a restless eye,  
 Whose heart was sick and whose brain was dry;  
 And he prayed to God that he might die—  
 And the fountain played away.

Uprose the spray like a diamond throne,  
 And the drops like music rang—  
 And of those who marvelled how it shone,  
 Was a proud man, left, in his shame, alone;  
 And he shut his teeth with a smothered groan—  
 And the fountain sweetly sang.

And a rainbow spanned it changefully,  
 Like a bright ring broke in twain;  
 And the pale, fair girl, who stopped to see,  
 Was sick with the pangs of poverty—  
 And from hunger to guilt she chose to flee:  
 As the rainbow smiled again.

And all as gay, on another day,  
 The morning will have shone;  
 And at noon, unmarked, through bright Broadway,  
 A hearse will take its silent way;  
 And the bard who sings will have passed away—  
 And the fountain will play on!

N. P. WILLIS.

#### UNDER THE LEAVES.

**I**NTO the lap of the bare brown earth,  
 Stripped of her beautiful golden sheaves,  
 As if in sympathy for her dearth,  
 Flutter and nestle the autumn leaves;  
 And the lonely landscape hides away  
 Her face, deep-lined with sad decay,  
 Under the leaves!

Down from the tall old forest trees  
 The leafy showers gently fall,  
 And, taking the wings of the passing breeze,  
 Softly they cover the earth like a pall.  
 Ah, would that we the past might fold,  
 Of blighted hopes and dreams untold,  
 Under the leaves!

Under the leaves of the flying years  
 Oh, strive, thou weary soul, to lay  
 The care and sorrow, the bitter tears,  
 The dreary burden of yesterday—  
 Away deep down in the heart's recess,  
 Under the leaves of forgetfulness,  
 Under the leaves.

BLANCHE BUSWELL.

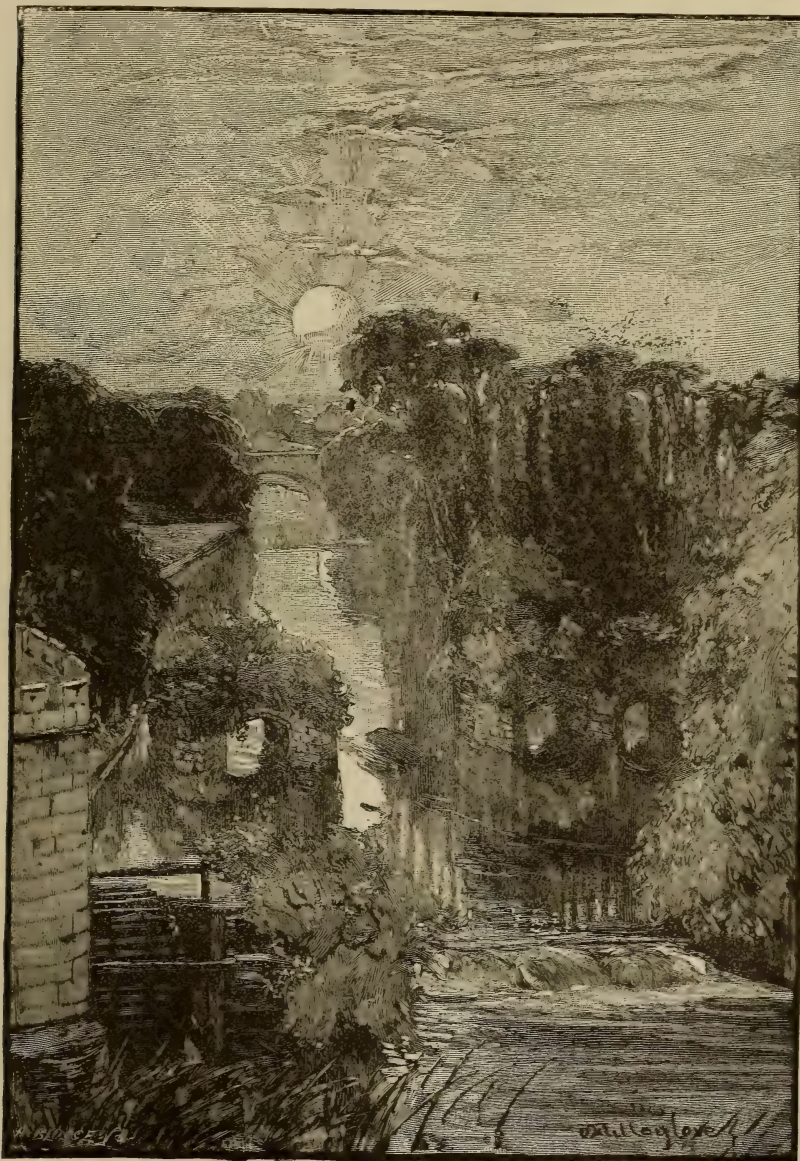
#### THE WATER THAT HAS PASSED.

**L**ISTEN to the water-mill,  
 Through the livelong day,  
 How the clanking of the wheels  
 Wears the hours away!  
 Languidly the autumn wind  
 Stirs the greenwood leaves;  
 From the fields the reapers sing,  
 Binding up the sheaves,  
 And a proverb haunts my mind,  
 As a spell is cast;  
 "The mill will never grind  
 With the water that has passed."



Take the lesson to thyself,  
 Loving heart and true;  
 Golden years are fleeting by,  
 Youth is passing too;

Work while yet the daylight shines,  
 Man of strength and will;  
 Never does the streamlet glide  
 Useless by the mill.



Learn to make the most of life,  
 Lose no happy day;  
 Time will never bring thee back  
 Chances swept away.  
 Leave no tender word unsaid;  
 Love while life shall last—  
 "The mill will never grind  
 With the water that has passed."

Wait not till to-morrow's sun  
 Beams upon the way;  
 All that thou canst call thine own  
 Lies in thy to-day.  
 Power, intellect and health  
 May not, can not last;  
 "The mill will never grind  
 With the water that has passed."

Oh, the wasted hours of life  
 That have drifted by;  
 Oh, the good we might have done,  
 Lost without a sigh,  
 Love that we might once have saved  
 By a single word;  
 Thoughts conceived but never penned,  
 Perishing unheard.  
 Take the proverb to thine heart,  
 Take! oh, hold it fast!—  
 "The mill will never grind  
 With the water that has passed."

#### COURAGE.

**C**OURAGE!—Nothing can withstand  
 Long a wronged, undaunted land;  
 If the hearts within her be  
 True unto themselves and thee,  
 Thou freed giant, liberty!  
 Oh! no mountain-nymph art thou,  
 When the helm is on thy brow,  
 And the sword is in thy hand,  
 Fighting for thy own good land!

Courage!—Nothing e'er withstood  
 Freemen fighting for their good;  
 Armed with all their father's fame.  
 They will win and wear a name,  
 That shall go to endless glory,  
 Like the gods of old Greek story,  
 Raised to heaven and heavenly worth,  
 For the good they gave to earth.

Courage!—There is none so poor,  
 (None of all who wrong endure,)  
 None so humble, none so weak,  
 But may flush his father's cheek;  
 And his maiden's dear and true,  
 With the deeds that he may do.  
 Be his days as dark as night,  
 He may make himself a light.  
 What though sunken be the sun!  
 There are stars when day is done!

Courage!—Who will be a slave,  
 That have strength to dig a grave,  
 And therein his fetters hide,  
 And lay a tyrant by his side?  
 Courage!—Hope, howe'er he fly  
 For a time, can never die!  
 Courage, therefore, brother men!  
 Cry "God! and to the fight again!"  
 BARRY CORNWALL.

#### THE FIRESIDE.

**D**EAR Chloe, while the busy crowd,  
 The vain, the wealthy, and the proud,  
 In folly's maze advance;  
 Though singularity and pride  
 Be called our choice, we'll step aside,  
 Nor join the giddy dance.

From the gay world we'll oft retire  
 To our own family and fire,  
 Where love our hours employs;  
 No noisy neighbor enters here,  
 No intermeddling stranger near,  
 To spoil our heartfelt joys.  
 If solid happiness we prize,  
 Within our breast this jewel lies,  
 And they are fools who roam;  
 The world hath nothing to bestow—  
 From our own selves our bliss must flow,  
 And that dear hut, our home.

Our portion is not large, indeed;  
 But then how little do we need,  
 For nature's calls are few;  
 In this the art of living lies,  
 To want no more than may suffice,  
 And make that little do.

We'll therefore relish with content  
 Whate'er kind Providence has sent,  
 Nor aim beyond our power;  
 For, if our stock be very small,  
 'Tis prudence to enjoy it all,  
 Nor lose the present hour.

To be resigned when ills betide,  
 Patient when favors are denied,  
 And pleased with favors given—  
 Dear Chloe, this is wisdom's part,  
 This is that incense of the heart,  
 Whose fragrance smells to heaven.

NATHANIEL COTTON.

#### ROVING NED.

**D**IVORCED, did they say? What I, Roving  
 Ned,  
 Divorced in disgrace from the woman I wed  
 In the wealth of her beauty, five summers to-night,  
 'Mid the chiming of bells and happiness bright;  
 O God, can it be? Have I fallen so low?  
 Divorced from that bride—and I loved her so?

Was that Eden a dream? Was that husband's  
 first kiss  
 But an apple of Sodom in the feast of my bliss?  
 Were those vows that I spoke but the words of  
 untruth—

A perjurer's lie to the love of his youth?  
 Were those visions I saw but a mirage of fate  
 And the words of endearment the seeds of a hate?

Was that life in the cottage a dream of the past?  
 And the joy that it brought us too precious to  
 last?

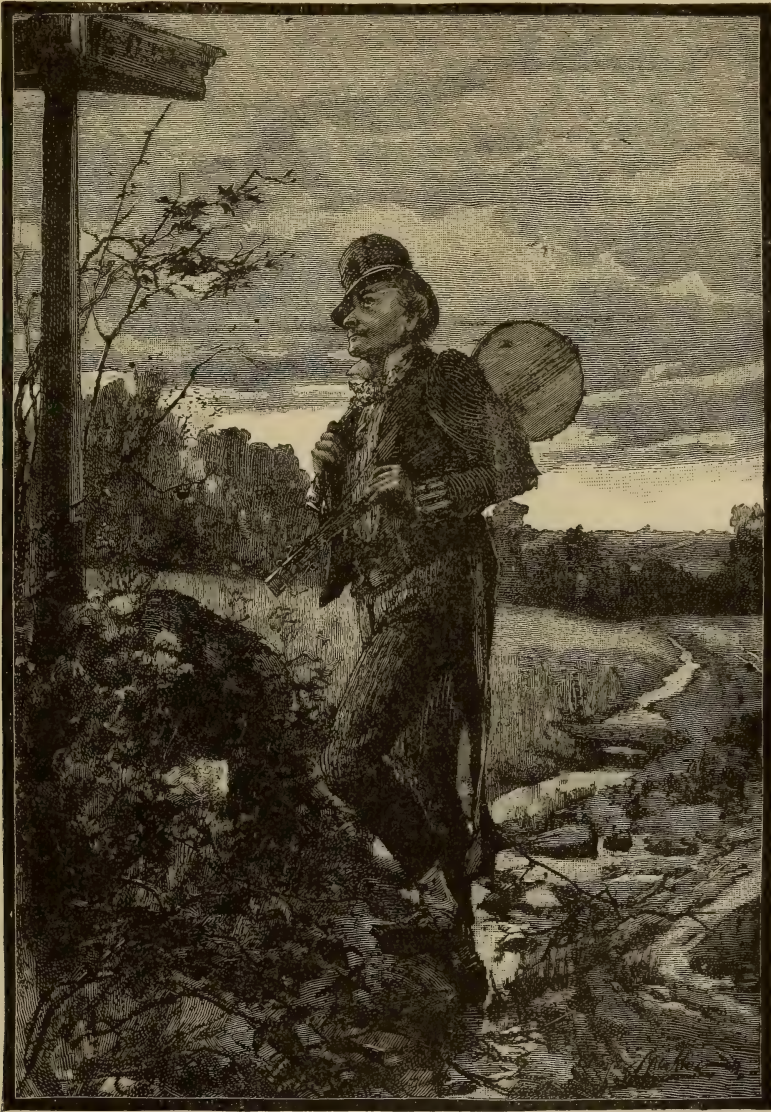
Did the child that was sent us return in its flight  
 To escape the dark shadows now clouding this  
 night?

Were our hopes, then so bright, to be shrouded in  
 gloom,  
 And the roses so sweet but the bloom of the tomb?



Bound helpless in sin! Ah, I see it now, plain,  
 And thou, damning glass, hath enwoven the chain!  
 O, sparkle and gleam, but I know thee too well;  
 Thy diamonds of joy are the jewels of hell.

I see a lone wanderer over the earth,  
 Now shunned and disowned by the kin of his  
     birth,  
 So weary of life, but too sinful to die,



The wealth of thy pleasure is sorrow and care  
 And the spell of thy charm but the gall of despair.

Ah, sparkle and glimmer, I see in thy tide  
 The hand that was raised to a once-worshiped bride.  
 Ah, sparkle and glitter! I see a dread flight  
 From a drunkard enraged through a cold winter's  
     night.

That husband so proud but a wreck is now left,  
 Of love and affection and manhood bereft.

With the pangs of remorse 'neath the frowns from  
     on high.

Far downward he sinks till his oaths sound the  
     knell

Of a soul that is tottering on the verge of a hell.

Cursed be thee, glass! Is thy conquest complete?  
 No! I will grind thee, fiend, yet 'neath my feet!  
 By a mother's last prayer, by the home of my  
     birth,

I will dash thee in fragments down swift to the earth !

By the love of that woman that once my name bore

I will rise from a slave to my manhood once more.

Come, friends of my youth, there's a soul to be saved.

Give me of thy strength, there are storms to be braved.

Come back, O my will, with all of thy might

And make me a giant to battle for right.

To earth and to heaven again I will call

And snatch even life from the folds of a pall.

God help me to stand by the vows that I make ;

God help me, if any, in weakness I break ;

Lead me not to the tempter, but guide me in right

Until I am strong in thy mercy and might.

Then lead back my bride to her husband again

And link with thy blessing the now parted chain.

SHERMAN D. RICHARDSON.

### SYMPATHY.

SYMPATHY has never a harder task that when it finds itself in the presence of suffering which it is powerless to alleviate, and it never is of greater value or greater helpfulness than just there and then. It is comparatively a light task to bend in sympathy over the suffering, when one's every touch takes away some of the pain, and the hopeful eyes of the patient follow with gratitude every motion of him that ministers.

But when the wound is beyond human skill, and all that one can do, is to stand by in silent or in softly spoken sympathy, and see a loved one racked with pain which none can remove, then comes the truest test of the worth of sympathy. The kindly offices of sympathy are then most precious, simply because they cost so largely, and can effect so little. But there are deeper needs in the human soul than the alleviations of either bodily pain or mental anguish ; and it is these needs which are met by the presence of that sympathy which is so powerless for things merely material. Though the pain may be no whit the less, a new strength comes to the sufferer when he knows that a fellow-heart is suffering with him, and is sending up aspirations, though seemingly in vain, for his quick deliverance.

The wounded beast may have no other need than to crawl away into some dark spot and moan its life out in loneliness ; but from cradle to grave no man lives to himself alone, and none has a right to refuse, when need comes, to fulfill the kindly duty of comforting his brother. Alleviate bodily and mental pain when you can ; but when the call of duty comes for your sympathy in a case where you can do neither, know that your ready answer to that call will do more for the sufferer

than the outward eye will see ; for by your presence you will share the burden which you cannot lift, and your strength will strengthen the weakness which you cannot remove.

### VICTORIA'S TEARS.

“O MAIDEN, heir of kings,  
A king has left his place ;  
The majesty of death has swept  
All others from his face.

And thou, upon thy mother's breast,

No longer lean adown—

But take the glory for the rest,

And rule the land that loves thee best.”

The maiden wept ;

She wept to wear a crown !

They decked her courtly halls—

They reined her hundred steeds—

They shouted at her palace gate,

“A noble queen succeeds !”

Her name has stirred the mountains' sleep,

Her praise has filled the town :

And mourners God had stricken deep

Looked hearkening up, and did not weep !

Alone she wept,

Who wept to wear a crown.

She saw no purple shine,

For tears had dimmed her eyes :

She only knew her childhood's flowers

Were happier pageantries !

And while the heralds played their part

For million shouts to drown—

“God save the Queen,” from hill to mart—

She heard, through all her beating heart,

And turned and wept !

She wept, to wear a crown.

God save thee, weeping queen !

Thou shalt be well beloved,

The tyrant's sceptre cannot move

As those pure tears have moved ;

The nature in thine eye we see,

Which tyrants cannot own—

The love that guardeth liberties ;

Strange blessing on the nation lies,

Whose sovereign wept,

Yea, wept, to wear its crown.

God bless thee, weeping queen,

With blessing more divine ;

And fill with better love than earth's,

That tender heart of thine ;

That when the thrones of earth shall be

As low as graves brought down,

A pierced hand may give to thee,

The crown which angels wept to see.

Thou wilt not weep

To wear that heavenly crown.

ELIZABETH B. BROWNING



## DUST FROM THE ROAD OF LIFE.

**S**OME of the dust from the road of life  
Has fallen upon my hair,  
And silver threads from my raven locks  
Are gleaming out here and there;  
And, oh, these meshes of silver gray  
Tell of the moments flown—



Of the day that's drawing to a close,  
And the night that's coming on.

**But** the coming night seems cold and dark  
And my heart is filled with fears,  
As thought flies backward on weary wings,  
O'er the waste of vanished years;  
And in the castle of memory  
Few jewels are treasured there;  
But dross and rubbish that tell of earth  
Are visible everywhere.

Even on the faithful register,  
That hangs in memory's hall,  
I find only worthless deeds are traced—  
They are dark and blotted all;  
Hence, as approaches the eve of life,  
My spirit shrinks back with fear,

For threatening clouds o'erspread the sky,  
And the night seems very near.

By faith I turn—in the rosy East  
A beautiful star I see  
Stand o'er the manger in Bethlehem,  
And it seems to shine for me;  
And from the city of golden spires,  
Whose gates just now are ajar,  
I catch a radiant beam of light  
From the bright and morning star.

And when upon Jordan's restless wave  
I shall launch my way-worn bark,  
The "dust from the road of life" shall fall  
From my tresses long and dark;  
And the lines of care upon my brow,  
And the pain within my breast,

Shall pass away as my  
bark draws near  
This beautiful land of  
rest.

MRS. LOUIS BEDFORD.

## THE CROWN OF LIFE.

**F**OR every leaf the loveliest flower  
Which beauty sighs for from her bower,  
For every star a drop of dew,  
For every sun a sky of blue,  
For every heart a heart as true!

For every tear by pity shed,  
Upon a fellow-sufferer's head,  
Oh! be a crown of glory given;—  
Such crowns as saints to gain have striven,  
Such crowns as seraphs wear in heaven.

For all who toil at honest fame,  
A proud, a pure, a deathless name—  
For all who love, who loving bless,  
Be life one long, kind, close caress,  
Be life all love, all happiness!

J. P. BAILEY.

### THE CHAPERON.

**I** TAKE my chaperon to the play—  
She thinks she's taking me—  
And the gilded youth who owns the box,  
A proud young man is he.  
But how would his young heart be hurt  
If he could only know  
That not for his sweet sake I go,  
Nor yet to see the trifling show;  
But to see my chaperon flirt.

Her eyes beneath her snowy hair  
They sparkle young as mine;  
There's scarce a wrinkle in her hand  
So delicate and fine.  
And when my chaperon is seen,  
They come from everywhere—  
The dear old boys with silvery hair,  
With old-time grace and old-time air,  
To greet their old-time queen.

They bow as my young Midas here  
Will never learn to bow,  
(The dancing masters do not teach  
That gracious reverence now);  
With voices quavering just a bit,  
They play their old parts through,  
They talk of folks who used to woo,  
Of hearts that broke in 'fifty-two—  
Now none the worse for it.

And as those aged crickets chirp  
I watch my chaperon's face,  
And see the dear old features take  
A new and tender grace—  
And in her happy eyes I see  
Her youth awakening bright,  
With all its hope, desire, delight—  
Ah, me! I wish that I were quite  
As young—as young as she!

### TRUE NOBILITY.

**I**T does not consist in a pompous display of wealth, a high-sounding name, a long line of ancestry whom the world delighted to honor; nor, yet, in jeweled crowns, steel-emblazoned armor, or costly apparel of purple and fine linen. Indeed, these adjuncts as frequently indicate the absence of a truly noble heart and mind as otherwise. It too often happens that the form instead of the substance of things is the object desired, and as so many are incapable of distinguishing between appearance and reality, it is a very easy

matter to dazzle their eyes with a false display of greatness and goodness. Since the world sets so much value on a lofty title, it is too frequently the case that its possessor makes little effort to merit the name he bears. That man is not to be relied upon who makes his name and inheritance the stepping-stone to his entrance into good society.

It is not an evidence of nobility to do a praiseworthy act at the risk of personal safety when you have hopes of a liberal reward. There are many who will expose their lives to save that of another when they have reason to believe that the risk involved will be amply remunerated who would refuse to do so when they have no such expectations. We pay homage to men who have slain thousands on the bloody field of war and won many battles for the sake of victory. We call them great; yet a rough sailor who plunges into the sea to save a drowning child for humanity's sake alone, has a far nobler heart beating within his sunburnt bosom than the victor of a thousand battles. Were I called upon to name four words as synonymous with the word nobility, I would say truth, honesty, bravery, charity.

### BIRDS OF PASSAGE.

**B**LACK shadows fall  
From the lindens tall,  
That lift aloft their massive wall  
Against the southern sky;

And from the realms  
Of the shadowy elms  
A tide-like darkness overwhelms  
The fields that round us lie.

But the night is fair,  
And everywhere  
A warm, soft vapor fills the air,  
And distant sounds seem near;

And above, in the light  
Of the star-lit night,  
Swift birds of passage wing their flight  
Through the dewy atmosphere.

I hear the beat  
Of their pinions fleet,  
As from the land of snow and sleet  
They seek a southern lea.

I hear the cry  
Of their voices high  
Falling dreamily through the sky,  
But their forms I cannot see.

O, say not so!  
Those sounds that flow  
In murmurs of delight and woe  
Come not from wings of birds.



They are the throngs  
Of the poet's songs,  
Murmurs of pleasures, and pains, and wrongs,  
The sound of wingéd words.

This is the cry  
Of souls, that high  
On toiling, beating pinions fly,  
Seeking a warmer clime.

From their distant flight  
Through realms of light  
It falls into our world of night,  
With the murmuring sound of rhyme.  
H. W. LONGFELLOW.

### DIMES AND DOLLARS.

“**D**IMES and dollars! dollars and dimes!”  
Thus the old miser rang the chimes,  
As he sat by the side of an open box,  
With ironed angles and massive locks;  
And he heaped the glittering coin on high,  
And cried in delirious ecstasy—  
“Dimes and dollars! dollars and dimes!  
Ye are the ladders by which man climbs  
Over his fellows. Musical chimes!  
Dimes and dollars! dollars and dimes!”

A sound on the gong and the miser rose,  
And his laden coffer did quickly close,  
And locked secure. “These are the times  
For a man to look after his dollars and dimes.  
A letter! Ha! from my prodigal son.  
The old tale—poverty—pshaw, begone!  
Why did he marry when I forbade?  
Let him rest as he can on the bed he has made,  
As he has sown, so he must reap;  
But I my dollars secure will keep.  
A sickly wife and starving times!  
He should have wed with dollars and dimes.”

Thickly the hour of midnight fell;  
Doors and windows were bolted well.  
“Ha!” cried the miser, “not so bad;—  
A thousand guineas to-day I’ve made.  
Money makes money; these are the times  
To double and treble the dollars and dimes.  
Now to sleep, and to-morrow to plan—  
Rest is sweet to a wearied man.”  
And he fell to sleep with the midnight chimes,  
Dreaming of glittering dollars and dimes.

The sun rose high and its beaming ray  
Into the miser’s room found way.  
It moved from the foot till it lit the head  
Of the miser’s low, uncurtained bed;  
And it seemed to say to him, “Sluggard, awake;  
Thou hast a thousand dollars to make.  
Up, man, up!” How still was the place,  
As the bright ray fell on the miser’s face!  
Ha! the old miser at last is dead;

Dreaming of gold his spirit fled,  
And left behind but an earthly clod,  
Akin to the dross that he made his god.

What now avails the chinking chimes  
Of dimes and dollars! dollars and dimes?  
Men of the times! men of the times!  
Content may not rest with dollars and dimes.  
Use them well, and their use sublimed  
The mineral dross of the dollars and dimes.  
Use them ill, and a thousand crimes  
Spring from a coffer of dollars and dimes.  
Men of the times! men of the times!  
Let charity dwell with your dollars and dimes.  
HENRY MILLS.

### THE TOWN PUMP.

**T**HE pump, straight as a soldier stands:  
Good friend of mine,  
I clasp his hand with my two hands,  
And shake it hard and heartily.  
Although ’tis not his turn to tread,  
He stands out in the open street,  
And pours his wine  
With wasteful hospitality.  
With grateful heart I drink my fill,  
From his full cup;  
And others come, and drink, and still  
The crystal current freely flows  
For all the thirsty multitude;  
The beverage pure that nature brewed  
To cheer us up.  
Here’s to the drink the pump bestows!  
Nor rich nor poor the pump will slight.  
Gentile and Jew,  
Christian, Moslem and Muscovite,  
Thy bounteous gift alike may share;  
Thine is a noble, generous deed,  
That washes out the lines of creed,  
And, like the dew,  
Falls pure and stainless in the air.  
A benefactor pure thou art,  
To thirsty souls.  
I feel a quicker pulse of heart,  
When my hand touches thine, old friend.  
Thy shadow marks the narrow way,  
Which, followed, will not lead astray  
Where tempting bowls  
May bring life to a bitter end.  
There, like fair Rachel at the well,  
A maiden stands,  
Will Jacob come and break the spell  
Of her mysterious revery?  
Oh, dear old pump, the people’s friend,  
May benedictions without end  
Fill the clean hands  
That clasp thy hand outreached and free.  
GEORGE W. BUNGAY.

## FAULTS.

A MAN has a large emerald, but it is "feathered," and he knows an expert would say, "What a pity that it has such a feather!" it will not bring a quarter as much as it otherwise would; and he cannot take any satisfaction in it. A man has a diamond; but there is a flaw in it, and it is not the diamond that he wants. A man has an opal, but it is imperfect, and he is dissatisfied with it. An opal is covered with little seams, but they must be the right kind of seams. If it has a crack running clear across, it is marred, no matter

water, usually. To get to it you must wade or leap from bog to bog, tearing your raiment and soiling yourself. I see a great many noble men, but they stand in a swamp of faults. They bear fruit that you fain would pluck, but there are briars and thistles and thorns all about it; and to get it you must make your way through all these hindrances.

How many persons there are that are surrounded by a thousand little petty faults! They are so hedged in by these things that you lose all the comfort and joy you would otherwise have in them.

HENRY WARD BEECHER.



how large it is, and no matter how wonderful its reflections are. And this man is worried all the time because he knows his opal is imperfect; and it would worry him even if he knew that nobody else noticed it.

So it is in respect to dispositions, and in respect to character at large. Little cracks, little flaws, little featherings in them, take away their exquisiteness and beauty, and take away that fine finish which make moral art. How many noble men there are who are diminished, who are almost wasted, in their moral influence! How many men are like the red maple! It is one of the most gorgeous trees, both in spring, blossoming, and in autumn, with its crimson foliage. But it stands knee-deep in swamp-

## VASTNESS OF THE SEA.

THE sea! the sea! the open sea!  
The blue, the fresh, the ever free!  
Without a mark, without a bound,  
It runneth the earth's wide regions round;  
It plays with the clouds, it mocks the skies,  
Or like a cradled creature lies.

BARRY CORNWALL.

## THE CHIMES OF AMSTERDAM.

FAR up above the city,  
In the gray old belfry tower,  
The chimes ring out their music  
Each day at the twilight hour;



Above the din and the tumult,  
And the rush of the busy street,  
You can hear their solemn voices  
In an anthem clear and sweet.

When the busy day is dying,  
And the sunset gates, flung wide,  
Mark a path of crimson glory  
Upon the restless tide,  
As the white-winged ships drop anchor,  
And furl their snowy sails,  
While the purple twilight gathers,  
And the glowing crimson pales;

Then from the old gray belfry  
The chimes peal out again,  
And a hush succeeds the tumult,  
As they ring their sweet refrain;  
No sound of discordant clangor  
Mars the perfect melody,  
But each, attuned by a master hand,  
Has its place in the harmony.

I climbed the winding stairway  
That led to the belfry tower,  
As the sinking sun in the westward  
Heralded twilight's hour;  
For I thought that surely the music  
Would be clearer and sweeter far  
Than when through the din of the city  
It seemed to float from afar.

But lo, as I neared the belfry,  
No sound of music was there,  
Only a brazen clangor  
Disturbed the quiet air!  
The ringer stood at a keyboard,  
Far down beneath the chimes,  
And patiently struck the noisy keys,  
As he had uncouthed times.

He had never heard the music,  
Though every day it swept  
Out over the sea and the city,  
And in lingering echoes crept.  
He knew not how many sorrows  
Were cheered by the evening strain,  
And how men paused to listen  
As they heard the sweet refrain.

He only knew his duty,  
And he did it with patient care;  
But he could not hear the music  
That flooded the quiet air;  
Only the jar and the clamor  
Fell harshly on his ear,  
And he missed the yellow chiming  
That every one else could hear.

So we from our quiet watch-towers  
May be sending a sweet refrain,  
And gladdening the lives of the lowly  
Though we hear not a single strain.

Our work may seem but a discord,  
Though we do the best we can;  
But others will hear the music,  
If we carry out God's plan.

Far above a world of sorrow,  
And o'er the eternal sea,  
It will blend with angelic anthems  
In sweetest harmony;  
It will ring in lingering echoes  
Through the corridors of the sky,  
And the strains of earth's minor music  
Will swell the strains on high.

MINNIE E. KENNEY.

### ONLY FRIENDS.

SUMMER'S freshness fell around us,  
Nature dreamed its sweetest dream,  
Every balmy evening found us  
By the meadow or the stream,  
With our hearts as free from sadness  
As the sunshine heaven sends;  
Youth's bright garden bloomed in gladness,  
Where we wandered—only friends.

Not a word of love was spoken,  
No hot blushes flushed in red;  
Love's first sleep was left unbroken,  
Bitter tears were never shed.  
We were young and merry-hearted,  
Dreaming not of future ends,  
And without a sigh we parted;  
Fate had made us—only friends.

But a little germ of sorrow  
Wakened in my heart's recess,  
When I wandered on the morrow  
By our haunts of happiness,  
And this germ found deeper rooting  
As the weary days wore on,  
Till I felt a blossom shooting  
In love's garden all alone.

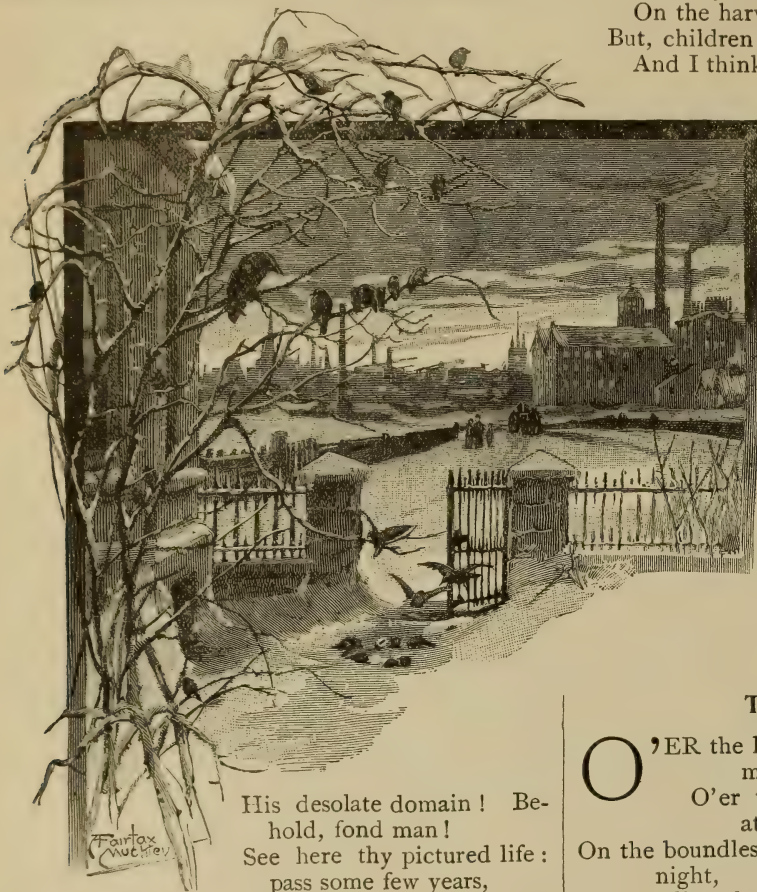
No kind fate threw us together,  
We had missed the lucky tide;  
Golden-gilded summer weather  
Not forever doth abide,  
But for me, though vainly sighing  
For a love time never sends,  
Still is left this thought undying,  
We, alas! were—only friends.

### THE HELPING HAND.

THE timid hand stretched forth to aid  
A brother in his need,  
The kindly word in grief's dark hour  
That proves the friend indeed,  
The plea for mercy softly breathed  
When justice threatens nigh,  
The sorrows of a contrite heart—  
These things shall never die.

## LIFE'S WINTER.

'T IS done! dread winter spreads his latest glooms,  
And reigns tremendous o'er the conquered year.  
How dead the vegetable kingdom lies!  
How dumb the tuneful! horror wide extends



His desolate domain! Be-  
hold, fond man!  
See here thy pictured life:  
pass some few years,

Thy flowering spring, thy summer's ardent strength,  
Thy sober autumn fading into age,  
And pale concluding winter comes at last,  
And shuts the scene.

JAMES THOMSON.

## THE OLD REAPER.

M ID the brown-haired and the black-haired men,  
With ruddy faces aglow,  
The old man stood in the harvest field,  
With a head as white as snow.  
"Let me cut a sheaf, my boys," he said  
"Before it is time to go."

They put the sickle within his hand:  
He bowed to the windy wheat;

Pleasantly fell the golden ears,  
With the corn flowers at his feet.  
He lifted a handful, thoughtfully;  
It was ripe and full and sweet.

"Many and many a sheaf," he said,  
"I have cut in the years gone past;  
And many and many a sheaf these arms  
On the harvest wains have cast.  
But, children dear, I am weary now,  
And I think this is—the last.

"Let me rest awhile beneath  
the tree;  
For I like to watch you go,  
With sickles bright, through the  
ripe, full wheat,  
And to feel the fresh wind  
blow."  
And they spread their working  
coats for him  
'Mong the grasses sweet and  
low.

When the sun grew high they  
came again,  
For a drink and their bread  
and meat;  
And in the shadow he sleeping  
lay,  
With sunshine on his feet.  
Like a child at night, outspent  
with play,  
He lay in slumber sweet

## TIME'S FLIGHT.

O 'ER the level plains, where mountains greet  
me as I go,  
O'er the desert waste, where fountains  
at my bidding flow,  
On the boundless beam by day, on the cloud by  
night,  
I am riding hence away: who will chain my  
flight?

War his weary watch was keeping—I have crushed  
his spear;  
Grief within her bower was weeping—I have dried  
her tear;  
Pleasure caught a minute's hold—then I hurried  
by,  
Leaving all her banquet cold and her goblet dry.

Power had won a throne of glory: where is now  
his fame?  
Genius said: "I live in story," who hath heard  
his name?  
Love beneath a myrtle bough whispered "Why so  
fast?"  
And the roses on his brow withered as I past.



I have heard the heifer lowing o'er the wild wave's  
bed;  
I have seen the billow flowing where the cattle fed;  
Where began my wanderings? Memory will not  
say!  
Where will rest my weary wings? Science turns  
away!

W. M. PRAED.

### TO A FRIEND,

ON HER RETURN FROM EUROPE.

**H**OW smiled the land of France  
Under thy blue eye's glance,  
Light hearted rover!  
Old walls of chateaux gray,  
Towers of an early day,  
Which the three colors play  
Flauntingly over.

Now midst the brilliant train  
Thronging the banks of Seine:  
Now midst the splendor  
Of the wild Alpine range,  
Waking with change on change  
Thoughts in thy young heart strange,  
Lovely, and tender.

Vales, soft Elysian,  
Like those in the vision  
Of Mirza, when, dreaming,  
He saw the long hollow dell,  
Touched by the prophet's spell,  
Into an ocean swell  
With its isles teeming.

Cliffs wrapped in snows of years,  
Splintering with icy spears  
Autumn's blue heaven:  
Loose rock and frozen slide,  
Hung on the mountain side,  
Waiting their hour to glide  
Downward, storm-driven!

Rhine stream, by castle old,  
Baron's and robber's hold,  
Peacefully flowing;  
Sweeping through vineyards green,  
Or where the cliffs are seen  
O'er the broad wave between  
Grim shadows throwing.

Or, where St. Peter's dome  
Swells o'er eternal Rome,  
Vast, dim and solemn—  
Hymns ever chanting low—  
Censers swung to and fro—  
Sable stoles sweeping slow  
Cornice and column!

Oh, as from each and all  
Will there not voices call

Evermore back again?  
In the mind's gallery  
Wilt thou not always see  
Dim phantoms beckon thee  
O'er that old track again?

New forms thy presence haunt—  
New voices softly chant—  
New faces greet thee!—  
Pilgrims from many a shrine  
Hallowed by poet's line,  
At memory's magic sign,  
Rising to meet thee.

And when such visions come  
Unto thy olden home,  
Will they not waken  
Deep thoughts of Him whose hand  
Led thee o'er sea and land  
Back to the household band  
Whence thou wast taken?

While, at the sunset time,  
Swells the cathedral's chime,  
Yet, in thy dreaming,  
While to thy spirit's eye,  
Yet the vast mountains lie  
Piled in the Switzer's sky,  
Icy and gleaming:

Prompter of silent prayer,  
Be the wild picture there  
In the mind's chamber,  
And, through each coming day  
Him, who, as staff and stay,  
Watched o'er thy wandering way,  
Freshly remember.

So, when the call shall be  
Soon or late unto thee,  
As to all given,  
Still may that picture live,  
All its fair forms survive,  
And to thy spirit give  
Gladness in heaven!

J. G. WHITTIER.

### TEN YEARS AGO.

**I** TOO am changed—I scarce know why—  
Can feel each flagging pulse decay;  
And youth and health, and visions high,  
Melt like a wreath of snow away;  
Time cannot sure have wrought thee ill;  
Though worn in this world's sickening strife,  
In soul and form, I linger still  
In the first summer month of life;  
Yet journey on my path below,  
Oh! how unlike—ten years ago!

But look not thus: I would not give  
The wreck of hopes that thou must share,

To bid those joyous hours revive,  
 When all around me seemed so fair.  
 We've wandered on in sunny weather,  
 When winds were low, and flowers in bloom,

Together cleave life's fitful tide ;  
 Nor mourn, whatever winds may blow,  
 Youth's first wild dreams—ten years ago !  
 ALARIC A. WATTS.



IN THE ART GALLERY.

And hand in hand have kept together,  
 And still will keep, 'mid storm and gloom ;  
 Endear'd by ties we could not know  
 When life was young—ten years ago !

Has fortune frowned ? Her frowns were vain,  
 For hearts like ours she could not chill ;  
 Have friends proved false ? Their love might  
 wane,

But ours grew fonder, firmer still.  
 Twin barks on this world's changing wave,  
 Steadfast in calms, in tempests tried ;  
 In concert still our fate we'll brave,

### THE ANGEL OF PATIENCE.

FROM THE GERMAN.

**T**O weary hearts, to mourning homes,  
 God's meekest angel gently comes :  
 No power has he to banish pain,  
 Or give us back our lost again :  
 And yet in tenderest love, our dear  
 And Heavenly Father sends him here.

There's quiet in that angel's glance,  
 There's rest in his still countenance !  
 He mocks no grief with idle cheer,  
 Nor wounds with words the mourner's ear ;



But ills and woes he may not cure  
He kindly trains us to endure.

Angel of Patience! sent to calm  
Our feverish brows with cooling palm;  
To lay the storms of hope and fear,  
And reconcile life's smile and tear;  
The throbs of wounded pride to still  
And make our own our Father's will!

Oh! thou who mournest on thy way,  
With longings for the close of day;  
He walks with thee, that angel kind,  
And gently whispers "Be resigned:  
Bear up, bear on, the end shall tell  
The dear Lord ordereth all things well!"

J. G. WHITTIER.

## TWO GRAVES.

**A** RICH man died. They laid him down to  
rest  
Upon a fair slope, slanting toward the west,  
And cast about the silence of his tomb  
A marble mausoleum's sacred gloom.

They hung within its tower, tall and white,  
A chime of sweet-voiced bells; and every night,  
Just as the red sun sank below the swell  
Of that green hill they tolled his solemn knell.

Another died. They buried him in haste  
Within a barren field, a weedy waste.  
Rank nettles locked their arms, and thorns were  
sown  
Above his bed, unmarked by cross or stone.

One lived on many tongues; the other fell  
From human memory; and both slept well!

## THE BUILDERS.

**A** LL are architects of fate,  
Working in these walls of time;  
Some with massive deeds and great,  
Some with ornaments of rhyme.

Nothing useless is, or low;  
Each thing in its place is best;  
And what seems but idle show  
Strengthens and supports the rest.

For the structure that we raise,  
Time is with materials filled;  
Our to-days and yesterdays  
Are the blocks with which we build.

Truly shape and fashion these;  
Leave no yawning gaps between;  
Think not, because no man sees,  
Such things will remain unseen.

In the elder days of art,  
Builders wrought with greatest care  
Each minute and unseen part;  
For the gods see everywhere.

Let us do our work as well,  
Both the unseen and the seen;  
Make the house, where gods may dwell,  
Beautiful, entire, and clean.

Else our lives are incomplete,  
Standing in these walls of time,  
Broken stairways, where the feet  
Stumble as they seek to climb.

Build to-day, then, strong and sure,  
With a firm and ample base;  
And ascending and secure  
Shall to-morrow find its place.

Thus alone can we attain  
To those turrets, where the eye  
Sees the world as one vast plain,  
And one boundless reach of sky.

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

## A GOOD NEW YEAR.

**A** "Good New Year," so let it be,  
But, brother, as I take it,  
And so I think you will agree,  
'Twill be just as you make it.

A "good new year," the wish is good.  
None will presume to doubt it;  
Still, wishes are but flimsy food,  
What will you *do* about it?

If you have vowed to snap and bite  
At all men as you meet them,  
The year will hardly come out right—  
Men don't want churls to greet them.

If you're resolved to curse your stars,  
At every little trouble,  
And let your spite breed mimic wars,  
You'll find your sorrows double.

But should you think that life is short  
And strive to make it sunny,  
My head for yours, you'll find the sport  
Better than all your money.

The years don't grow upon the trees,  
To pull as you may choose them;  
They come and go just as they please,  
'Tis yours to mar or use them.

'Tis well to wish a good new year,  
If wishing so would do it;  
Kind words, kind deeds, and smiles of cheer,  
Will better help you through it.

WILLIAM LYLE.

## WE'LL GO TO SEA NO MORE.

**O** BLITHELY shines the bonny sun  
 Upon the Isle of May,  
 And blithely comes the morning tide  
 Into St. Andrew's Bay.  
 Then up, gudeman, the breeze is fair,  
 And up, my braw bairns, three;

When squalls capsize our wooden walls,  
 When the French ride at the Nore,  
 When Leith meets Aberdour half way,  
 We'll go to sea no more—  
 No more,  
 We'll go to sea no more.



There's goud in yonder bonny boat  
 That sails sae weel the sea!  
 When haddocks leave the Firth o' Forth,  
 And mussels leave the shore,  
 When oysters climb up Berwick Law,  
 We'll go to sea no more—  
 No more,  
 We'll go to sea no more.

I've seen the waves as blue as air,  
 I've seen them green as grass;  
 But I never feared their heaving yet,  
 From Grangemouth to the Bass.  
 I've seen the sea as black as pitch,  
 I've seen it white as snow;  
 But I never feared its foaming yet,  
 Though the winds blew high or low.

I never liked the landsman's life,  
 The earth is aye the same;  
 Gie me the ocean for my dower,  
 My vessel for my hame.  
 Gie me the fields that no man plows,  
 The farm that pays no fee;  
 Gie me the bonny fish that glance  
 So gladly through the sea.  
 When sails hang flapping on the masts  
 While through the waves we snore,  
 When in a calm we're tempest-tossed,  
 We'll go to sea no more—  
 No more,  
 We'll go to sea no more.

The sun is up, and round Inchkeith  
 The breezes softly blaw;



The gudeman has the lines on board—

Awa, my bairns, awa!

An' ye be back by gloamin' gray,

An' bright the fire will glow,

An' in your tales and sangs we'll tell

How weel the boat ye row.

When life's last sun gaes feebly down

And death comes to our door,

When a' the world's a dream to us,

We'll go to sea no more—

No more,

We'll go to sea no more.

ADELAIDE CORBETT.

### A HAND PRESSURE.

**O**NLY a pressure of the hand,  
Nothing more,  
For on the valley side we stand!

The avalanche holds his mighty weight,

Poised for a breath to overthrow.

Speak not a word. 'Tis the hush of fate.

What if the load be tears or snow,

If a life is o'er!

Up on the high, clear mountain peak

Near the sun,

There with a calm heart one may speak.

There where the hawk goes circling round,

Seeking the cleft she builded in,

Far above drifts and ice-rent ground,

At the last height, where the skies begin

Is the burden done.

CURTIS MAY.

### LUCK AND LABOR.

**I**T has been denied that any other credit than that of good luck is due to Fulton for his invention. Gentlemen would have us suppose that good luck is the parent of all that we admire in science or in arms. If this be so, why, then, indeed, what a bubble is reputation! How vain and how idle are the anxious days and sleepless nights devoted to the service of one's country! Admit this argument and you strip from the brow of the scholar his bay, and from those of the statesman and soldier their laurel.

Why do you deck with chaplets the statue of the Father of his Country, if good luck, and good luck alone, be all that commends him to our gratitude and love? A member of this House retorts, "Bad luck would have made Washington a traitor." Ay, but in whose estimation? Did the great and holy principles which produced and governed our Revolution depend, for their righteousness and truth, upon success or defeat? Would Washington, had he suffered as a rebel on the scaffold—would Washington have been regarded as a traitor by Warren and Hancock and Greene and Hamilton—by the crowd of patriots who encompassed him,

28

partners of his toil and sharers of his patriotism? Was it good luck that impelled Columbus, through discouragement, conspiracy and poverty, to persevere in his path of danger, until this western world blessed his sight, and rewarded his energy and daring? Does the gentleman emulate the glory of the third king of Rome, Tullus Hostilius—and would he erect in our own land a temple to fortune? It cannot be that he would seriously promulgate such views;—that he would take from human renown all that gives it dignity and worth, by making it depend less on the virtue of the individual than on his luck!

OGDEN HOFFMAN.

### ROCK ME TO SLEEP.

**B**ACKWARD, turn backward, O time, in your flight,

Make me a child again just for to-night!

Mother, come back from the echoless shore,

Take me again to your heart as of yore;

Kiss from my forehead the furrows of care,

Smooth the few silver threads out of my hair;

Over my slumbers your loving watch keep;—

Rock me to sleep, mother—rock me to sleep!

Backward, flow backward, oh, tide of the years!

I am so weary of toil and of tears—

Toil without recompense, tears all in vain—

Take them, and give me my childhood again!

I have grown weary of dust and decay—

Weary of flinging my soul-wealth away;

Weary of sowing for others to reap;—

Rock me to sleep, mother—rock me to sleep!

Tired of the hollow, the base, the untrue,

Mother, O mother, my heart calls for you!

Many a summer the grass has grown green,

Blossomed and faded, our faces between;

Yet, with strong yearning and passionate pain,

Long I to-night for your presence again.

Come from the silence so long and so deep;—

Rock me to sleep, mother—rock me to sleep!

Over my heart, in the days that are flown,

No love like mother-love ever has shone;

No other worship abides and endures—

Faithful, unselfish, and patient like yours:

None like a mother can charm away pain

From the sick soul and the world-weary brain.

Slumber's soft calms o'er my heavy lips creep;—

Rock me to sleep, mother—rock me to sleep!

Come, let your brown hair, just lighted with gold,

Fall on your shoulders again as of old;

Let it drop over my forehead to-night,

Shading my faint eyes away from the light;

For with its sunny-edged shadows once more

Haply will throng the sweet visions of yore;

Lovingly, softly, its bright billows sweep:—

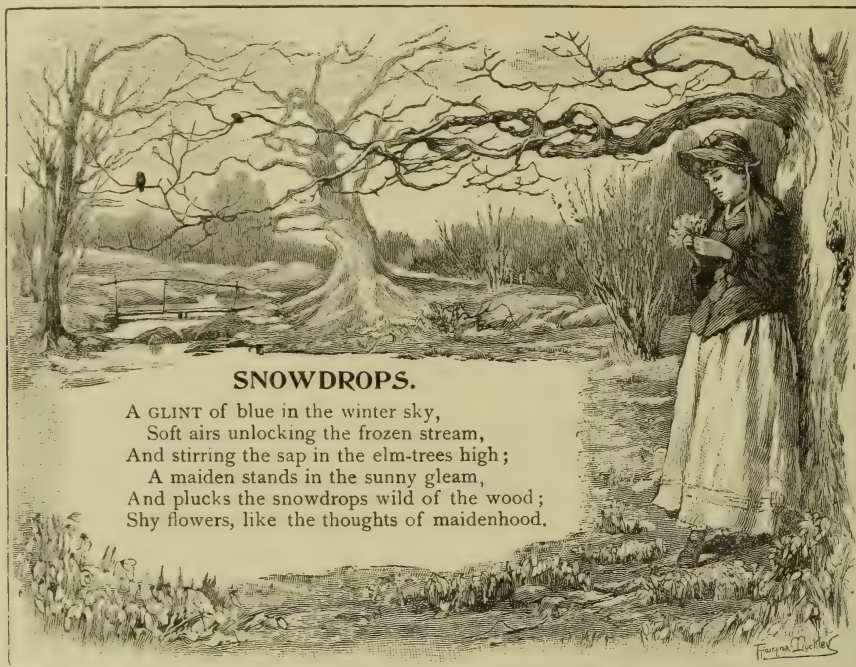
Rock me to sleep, mother—rock me to sleep!

Mother, dear mother, the years have been long  
 Since I last listened your lullaby song :  
 Sing, then, and unto my soul it shall seem  
 Womanhood's years have been only a dream.  
 Clapsed to your heart in a loving embrace,  
 With your light lashes just sweeping my face,  
 Never hereafter to wake or to weep ;—  
 Rock me to sleep, mother—rock me to sleep !

ELIZABETH A. ALLEN.

How happy he,  
 The saint to be  
 Of the girls and all the boys !  
 He hears his praise  
 Through the holidays,  
 As they eat their sweets, and break their toys.

So still he smiles,  
 And the time beguiles



### SNOWDROPS.

A GLINT of blue in the winter sky,  
 Soft airs unlocking the frozen stream,  
 And stirring the sap in the elm-trees high ;  
 A maiden stands in the sunny gleam,  
 And plucks the snowdrops wild of the wood ;  
 Shy flowers, like the thoughts of maidenhood.

### CHRISTMAS EVE.

THE snow is white  
 On the roofs to-night ;  
 The moon looks down with her silvery smile ;  
 And the wind blows free  
 Through bush and tree,  
 And whistles along for mile on mile.

And ah ! hark there !  
 On the midnight air,  
 Comes the faintest tinkle of fairy bells.  
 They are coming near,  
 They are coming here,  
 And their sweet sound swelling of joy foretells.

It is Santa Claus,  
 And he cannot pause ;  
 But down the chimney he quickly glides ;  
 Each stocking fills,  
 Till it almost spills,  
 Then gayly chuckles, and off he glides.

Concocting schemes our hearts to cheer ;  
 He loves us all,  
 And great and small  
 Regret that he comes but once a year.  
 WILLIAM B. DUNHAM.

### FORGIVE ME NOW.

WAIT not the morrow, but forgive me now ;  
 Who knows what fate to-morrow's dawn  
 may bring ?

Let us not part with shadow on thy brow,  
 With my heart hungering.

Wait not the morrow, but entwine thy hand  
 In mine, with sweet forgiveness full and free ;  
 Of all life's joys I only understand  
 This joy of loving thee.

Perhaps some day I may redeem the wrong,  
 Repair the fault—I know not when or how.  
 Oh, dearest, do not wait—it may be long—  
 Only forgive me now.



## IN THE CAGE.

DOST thou use me as fond children do  
 Their birds, show me my freedom in a  
 string,  
 And, when thou'st played with me a while, then  
 pull  
 Me back again, to languish in my cage?

SIR W. DAVENANT.

## NATIONAL HATRED.

NO, Sir! no, Sir! We  
 are above all this. Let  
 the Highland clans-  
 man, half naked, half civil-  
 ized, half blinded by the peat-  
 smoke of his cavern, have his  
 hereditary enemy and his  
 hereditary enmity, and keep  
 the keen, deep and precious  
 hatred, set on fire of hell,  
 alive, if he can; let the North  
 American Indian have his,  
 and hand it down from father  
 to son, by Heaven knows  
 what symbols of alligators,  
 and rattlesnakes, and war-  
 clubs smeared with vermilion  
 and entwined with scarlet;  
 let such a country as Poland  
 —cloven to the earth, the  
 armed heel on the radiant  
 forehead, her body dead, her  
 soul incapable to die—let her  
 remember the “wrongs of  
 days long past;” let the lost  
 and wandering tribes of Israel  
 remember theirs—the manli-  
 ness and the sympathy of the  
 world may allow or pardon  
 this to them; but shall Amer-  
 ica, young, free, prosperous,  
 just setting out on the high-  
 way of Heaven, “decorating  
 and cheering the elevated  
 sphere she just begins to move  
 in, glittering like the morning  
 star, full of life and joy,”  
 shall she be supposed to be  
 polluting and corroding her noble and happy  
 heart, by moping over old stories of stamp act,  
 and tea tax, and the firing of the “Leopard” upon  
 the “Chesapeake” in a time of peace? No, Sir!  
 no, Sir! a thousand times no!

Why, I protest I thought all that had been settled.  
 I thought two wars had settled it all. What  
 else was so much good blood shed for, on so  
 many more than classical fields of Revolutionary  
 glory? For what was so much good blood more  
 lately shed at Lundy's Lane, at Fort Erie, before

and behind the lines at New Orleans, on the deck  
 of the “Constitution,” on the deck of the “Java,”  
 on the lakes, on the sea, but to settle exactly  
 these “wrongs of past days?” And have we  
 come back sulky and sullen from the very field of  
 honor? For my country I deny it.

Mr. President, let me say that, in my judgment,  
 this notion of a national enmity of feeling towards



Great Britain belongs to a past age of our history.  
 My younger countrymen are unconscious of it.  
 They disavow it. That generation in whose opin-  
 ions and feelings the actions and the destiny of  
 the next are unfolded, as the tree in the germ, do  
 not at all comprehend your meanin, nor your  
 fears, nor your regrets. We are born to happier  
 feelings. We look to England as we look to  
 France. We look to them, from our new world—  
 not unrenowned, yet a new world still—and the  
 blood mounts to our cheeks; our eyes swim; our

voices are stifled with emulousness of so much glory; their trophies will not let us sleep: but there is no hatred at all; no hatred,—no barbarian memory of wrongs, for which brave men have made the last expiation to the brave. RUFUS CHOATE.

### ELEGY WRITTEN IN A COUNTRY CHURCHYARD.

THE curfew tolls the knell of parting day,  
The lowing herd winds slowly o'er the lea;  
The ploughman homeward plods his weary way,  
And leaves the world to darkness and to me.

Now fades the glimmering landscape on the sight,  
And all the air a solemn stillness holds,  
Save where the beetle wheels his droning flight,  
And drowsy tinklings lull the distant folds;

Save that from yonder ivy-mantled tower  
The moping owl doth to the moon complain  
Of such as, wandering near her secret bower,  
Molest her ancient solitary reign.

Beneath those rugged elms, that yew-trade's shade,  
Where heaves the turf in many a mouldering heap,  
Each in his narrow cell forever laid,  
The rude forefathers of the hamlet sleep.

The breezy call of incense-breathing morn,  
The swallow twittering from the straw-built shed,  
The cock's shrill clarion, or the echoing horn,  
No more shall rouse them from their lowly bed.

For them no more the blazing hearth shall burn,  
Or busy housewife ply her evening care;  
No children run to lisp their sire's return,  
Or climb his knees the envied kiss to share.

Oft did the harvest to their sickle yield,  
Their furrow oft the stubborn glebe has broke,  
How jocund did they drive their team afield!  
How bowed the woods beneath their sturdy stroke!

Let not ambition mock their useful toil,  
Their homely joys and destiny obscure;  
Nor grandeur hear with a disdainful smile  
The short and simple annals of the poor.

The boast of heraldry, the pomp of power,  
And all that beauty, all that wealth e'er gave,  
Await alike the inevitable hour;—  
The paths of glory lead but to the grave.

Nor you, ye proud, impute to these the fault,  
If memory o'er their tomb no trophies raise,  
Where through the long-drawn aisle and fretted vault  
The pealing anthem swells the note of praise.

Can storied urn or animated bust  
Back to its mansion call the fleeting breath?  
Can honor's voice provoke the silent dust,  
Or flattery soothe the dull, cold ear of death?

Perhaps in this neglected spot is laid  
Some heart once pregnant with celestial fire;  
Hands that the rod of empire might have swayed,  
Or waked to ecstasy the living lyre;

But knowledge to their eyes her ample page,  
Rich with the spoils of time did ne'er unroll;  
Chill penury repressed their noble rage,  
And froze the genial current of the soul.

Full many a gem of purest ray serene  
The dark, unfathomed caves of ocean bear;  
Full many a flower is born to blush unseen,  
And waste its sweetness on the desert air.

Some village Hampden, that with dauntless breast  
The little tyrant of his fields withstood;  
Some mute, inglorious Milton here may rest;  
Some Cromwe'l, guiltless of his country's blood.

The applause of listening senates to command,  
The threats of pain and ruin to despise,  
To scatter plenty o'er a smiling land,  
And read their history in a nation's eyes,

Their lot forbade: nor circumscribed alone  
Their growing virtues, but their crimes con-  
fined;  
Forbade to wade through slaughter to a throne,  
And shut the gates of mercy on mankind;

The struggling pangs of conscious truth to hide,  
To quench the blushes of ingenuous shame,  
Or heap the shrine of luxury and pride  
With incense kindled at the muse's flame.

Far from the madding crowd's ignoble strife  
Their sober wishes never learned to stray;  
Along the cool, sequestered vale of life  
They kept the noiseless tenor of their way.

Yet e'en these bones from insult to protect,  
Some frail memorial still erected nigh,  
With uncouth rhymes and shapeless sculpture  
decked,  
Implores the passing tribute of a sigh.

Their name, their years, spelt by the unlettered  
muse,  
The place of fame and elegy supply;  
And many a holy text around she strews,  
That teach the rustic moralist to die.

For who, to dumb forgetfulness a prey,  
This pleasing, anxious being e'er resigned,  
Left the warm precincts of the cheerful day,  
Nor cast one longing, lingering look behind?



On some fond breast the parting soul relies,  
Some pious drops the closing eye requires;  
E'en from the tomb the voice of nature cries,  
E'en in our ashes live their wonted fires.

For thee, who, mindful of the unhonored dead,  
Dost in these lines their artless tale relate;  
If 'chance, by lonely contemplation led,  
Some kindred spirit shall inquire thy fate,

Haply some hoary-headed swain may say;  
"Oft have we seen him at the peep of dawn,  
Brushing with hasty steps the dews away,  
To meet the sun upon the upland lawn.

"There at the foot of yonder nodding beech,  
That wreathes its old, fantastic roots so high,  
His listless length at noontide would he stretch,  
And pore upon the brook that babbles by.

"Hard by yon wood, now smiling as in scorn,  
Muttering his wayward fancies, he would rove;  
Now drooping, woeful, wan, like one forlorn,  
Or crazed with care, or crossed in hopeless love.

"One morn I missed him on the 'customed hill,  
Along the heath, and near his favorite tree;  
Another came—nor yet beside the rill,  
Nor up the lawn, nor at the wood was he;

"The next, with dirges due, in sad array,  
Slow through the church-way path we saw him  
borne;  
Approach and read (for thou canst read) the lay  
Graved on the stone beneath yon aged thorn."

## THE EPITAPH.

Here rests his head upon the lap of earth,  
A youth to fortune and to fame unknown;  
Fair science frowned not on his humble birth,  
And melancholy marked him for her own.

Large was his bounty, and his soul sincere;  
Heaven did a recompense as largely send:  
He gave to misery all he had—a tear;  
He gained from heaven ('twas all he wished) a friend.

No further seek his merits to disclose,  
Or draw his frailties from their dread abode:  
(There they alike in trembling hope repose.)  
The bosom of his Father and his God

THOMAS GRAY.

## THE FOOLISH VIOLET.

"I WAS so lonely," a violet said,  
As she nestled close to an eagle's  
breast,

"So tired, too, of the dusk and the dew,  
God sent you, I think, to give me rest.  
Bear me away to the gates of day,  
To heights that forever are glad and green,

And soft on your breast as a bird in its nest,  
Let me learn what living and loving mean."

The wind crept cold by the eyrie's edge  
That night, in his cavern beside the sea,  
The bird slept well, but the pride of the dell,  
Forgotten and faded, cried, "Ah! me!  
For the sweet, sweet dream by the shadowing  
stream,  
For the lonely life that I used to hate—  
For the dusk and the dew so tender and true!  
But the wind made answer, "Too late! too  
late!"

To-day in the calm of his cold content,  
High on the cliffs the bold bird sits,  
And never a thought of the harm he wrought  
Through the sunny space of his memory flits;  
But the wind in glee creeps up from the sea,  
And, finding the violet doomed and dead,  
Wafts it away from the gates of day,  
And buries it down where the dusks are shed.

## NEW EVERY MORNING.

EVERY day is a fresh beginning,  
Every morn is a world made new;  
You who are weary of sorrow and sinning,  
Here is a beautiful hope for you;  
A hope for me and a hope for you.

All the past things are past and over,  
The tasks are done and the tears are shed;  
Yesterday's errors let yesterday cover;  
Yesterday's wounds which smarted and bled,  
Are healed with the healing which night has shed.

Yesterday now is a part of forever,  
Bound up in a sheaf which God holds tight.  
With glad days and sad days and bad days which  
never  
Shall visit us more with their bloom and their  
blight,  
Their fulness of sunshine or sorrowful night.

Let them go since we cannot relieve them,  
Cannot undo and cannot atone;  
God in his mercy receive, forgive them,  
Only the new days are our own;  
To-day is ours and to-day alone.

Here are the skies all burnished brightly,  
Here is the spent earth all reborn,  
Here are the tired limbs springing lightly  
To face the sun and to share with the morn  
In the chrism of dew and the cool of dawn.

Every day is a fresh beginning;  
Listen, my soul, to the glad refrain,  
And spite of old sorrow and older sinning,  
And puzzles forecasted and possible pain,  
Take heart with the day, and begin again.

SUSAN COOLIDGE.

## THE MEN OF OLD.

I KNOW not that the men of old  
 Were better than men now,  
 Of heart more kind, of hand more bold,  
 Of more ingenious brow;  
 I heed not those who pine for force  
 A ghost of time to raise,  
 As if they thus could check the course  
 Of these appointed days.

Still is it true, and over-true,  
 That I delight to close  
 This book of life self-wise and new,  
 And let my thoughts repose  
 On all that humble happiness  
 The world has since foregone—  
 The daylight of contentedness  
 That on those faces shone!

With rights, though not too closely scanned,  
 Enjoyed, as far as known—  
 With will, by no reverse unmanned—  
 With pulse of even tone—  
 They from to-day and from to-night  
 Expected nothing more,  
 Than yesterday and yesternight  
 Had proffered them before.

A man's best things are nearest him,  
 Lie close about his feet,  
 It is the distant and the dim  
 That we are sick to greet:  
 For flowers that grow our hands beneath  
 We struggle and aspire—  
 Our hearts must die except they breathe  
 The air of fresh desire.

R. MONCTON MILNES.

## SUGGESTIONS.

SURELY 'tis worth more than ducats  
 That one can go through the mart,  
 And the crowd never guess, from one's visage,  
 The secrets that hide in the heart.  
 Whether of joy or of sorrow;  
 Whether of pleasure or pain;  
 Or whether the smile cloaks a teardrop;  
 Or the thoughts be of losses or gain.

For one can look out on the follies  
 Of fashion, and those in its thrall,  
 And laugh in one's sleeve at the medley,  
 But keep a straight face over all.  
 'Tis best not to rail at distortions,  
 Or waste one's wise logic on fools;  
 And useless to grow misanthropic;  
 Or think to guide others by rules.

As long as the earth keeps its orbit  
 Sweet sunshine will gladden the sight;  
 So why, like a mole in the darkness,  
 Should one burrow away from the light?

Prepare to have mixed with your potion  
 The bitter as well as the sweet;  
 But "wear not your heart on your sleeve," friend,  
 Let your face tell no tales on the street.

ANNA C. STARBUCK.

## SONG OF THE MYSTIC.

I WALK down the valley of silence,  
 Down the dim, voiceless valley alone  
 And I hear not the fall of a footstep  
 Around me save God's and my own.  
 And the hush of my heart is as holy  
 As hovers where angels have flown!

Long ago was I weary of voices,  
 Whose music my heart could not win;  
 Long ago I was weary of noises  
 That fretted my soul with their din;  
 Long ago was I weary of places  
 Where I met but the human—and sin.

I walked in the world with the worldly;  
 I craved what the world never gave;  
 And I said: "In the world each ideal  
 That shines like a star on life's wave,  
 Is wrecked on the shores of the real,  
 And sleeps like a dream in a grave."

And still did I pine for the perfect,  
 And still found the false with the true;  
 I sought 'mid the human for heaven,  
 But caught a mere glimpse of its blue;  
 And I wept when the clouds of the mortal  
 Veiled even that glimpse from my view.

And I toiled on, heart-tired of the human;  
 And I moaned 'mid the mazes of men;  
 Till I knelt long ago at an altar,  
 And heard a voice call me—since then  
 I walk down the valley of silence  
 That lies far beyond mortal ken.

Do you ask what I found in the valley?  
 'Tis my trysting place with the Divine,  
 And I fell at the feet of the Holy,  
 And above me a voice said: "Be mine."  
 And there arose from the depth of my spirit  
 An echo—"My heart shall be thine."

Do you ask how I live in the valley?  
 I weep, and I dream, and I pray  
 But my tears are as sweet as the dewdrops  
 That fall on the roses in May;  
 And my prayer, like a perfume from censers,  
 Ascendeth to God night and day.

In the hush of the valley of silence  
 I dream all the songs that I sing:  
 And the music floats down the dim valley,  
 'Till each finds a word for a wing,  
 That to hearts, like the dove of the deluge,  
 A message of peace they may bring.



But far on the deep there are billows  
That never shall break on the beach;  
And I have heard songs in the silence  
That never shall float into speech;  
And I have had dreams in the valley  
Too lofty for language to reach.

And I have seen thoughts in the valley—  
Ah me! how my spirit was stirred!  
And they wear holy veils on their faces;  
Their footsteps can scarcely be heard.  
They pass through the valley, like virgins,  
Too pure for the touch of a word.

Do you ask me the place of the valley?  
Ye hearts that are harrowed by care!  
It lieth afar between mountains,  
And God and his angels are there;  
And one is the dark mount of sorrow,  
And one—the bright mountain of prayer.

ABRAM J. RYAN.

### THE SINGERS.

**G**OD sent his singers upon earth  
With songs of sadness and of mirth,  
That they might touch the hearts of men,  
And bring them back to heaven again.

The first, a youth, with soul of fire,  
Held in his hand a golden lyre;  
Through groves he wandered, and by streams,  
Playing the music of our dreams.

The second, with a bearded face,  
Stood singing in the market-place,  
And stirred with accents deep and loud  
The hearts of all the listening crowd.

A gray, old man, the third and last,  
Sang in cathedrals dim and vast,  
While the majestic organ rolled  
Contrition from its mouths of gold.

And those who heard the singers three  
Disputed which the best might be;  
For still their music seemed to start  
Discordant echoes in each heart.

But the great Master said, "I see  
No best in kind, but in degree;  
I gave a various gift to each,  
To charm, to strengthen, and to teach.

"These are the three great chords of might,  
And he whose ear is tuned aright  
Will hear no discord in the three,  
But the most perfect harmony."

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

### SOUR GRAPES.

**A** FOX was trotting on one day,  
And just above his head  
He spied a vine of luscious grapes,  
Rich, ripe, and purple-red;  
Eager he tried to snatch the fruit,  
But, ah! it was too high!  
Poor Reynard had to give it up,  
And, heaving a deep sigh,  
He curled his nose and said, "Dear me!  
I would not waste an hour  
Upon such mean and common fruit—  
I'm sure those grapes are sour!"  
'Tis thus we often wish through life,  
When seeking wealth and power;  
And when we fail, say, like the fox,  
We're "sure the grapes are sour!"

### BE IN EARNEST.

**N**EVER be ashamed to say, "I do not know."  
Men will then believe you when you say,  
"I do know."

Never be ashamed to say, "I can't afford it;"  
"I can't afford to waste time in the idleness to  
which you invite me," or "I can't afford the  
money you ask me to spend." Never affect to be  
other than you are—either wiser or richer.

Learn to say "No" with decision; "Yes" with  
caution. "No" with decision whenever it resists  
temptation; "Yes" with caution whenever it im-  
plies a promise; for a promise once given is a bond  
invincible.

A man is already of consequence in the world  
when it is known that we can implicitly rely upon  
him. Often have I known a man to be preferred  
in stations of honor and profit because he had this  
reputation: when he said he knew a thing, he  
knew it; and when he said he would do a thing,  
he did it.

E. BULWER LYTTON.

### A USEFUL HINT.

**T**ENDER-HANDED stroke a nettle,  
And it stings you for your pains;  
Grasp it like a man of mettle,  
And it soft as silk remains.

'Tis the same with common natures,  
Use them kindly they rebel;  
But be rough as nutmeg graters,  
And the rogues obey you well.

A. HILL.

### CONTENTMENT.

**T**HERE is a jewel which no Indian mines can  
buy,  
No chemic art can counterfeit;  
It makes men rich in greatest poverty,  
Makes water wine, turns wooden cups to gold,  
The homely whistle to sweet music's strain;  
Seldom it comes, to few from heaven sent,  
That much in little—all in naught—contentment.

## THE NEW MORNING.

**L**IFE! we've been long together,  
 Through pleasant and through cloudy  
     weather;  
 'Tis hard to part when friends are dear,  
 Perhaps 'twill cost a sigh, a tear;  
 Then steal away, give little warning,  
     Choose thine own time,  
 Say not "Good night," but in some brighter  
     clime  
 Bid me "Good-morning."

ANNA L. BARBAULD.



## OLD LETTERS.

**D**O you like letter-reading? If you do,  
 I have some twenty dozen very pretty  
     ones:  
 Gay, sober, rapturous, solemn, very true,  
 And very lying stupid ones. and witty ones;  
 On gilt-edged paper, blue perhaps, or pink,  
 And frequently in fancy-colored ink.

ESPES SARGENT.

## THE OLD MAN WITH IRON SHOES.

**W**E are told by men of science that all the  
 ventures of mariners on the sea, all that  
 counter-marching of tribes and races  
 that confounds old history with its dust and rumor,  
 sprung from nothing more abstruse than the laws  
 of supply and demand, and a certain natural in-  
 stinct for cheap rations. To any one thinking  
 deeply, this will seem a dull and pitiful explana-

tion. The tribes that came swarming out of the North and East, if they were indeed pressed onward from behind by others, were drawn at the same time by the magnetic influence of the South and West. The fame of other lands had reached them; the name of the eternal city rang in their ears; they were not colonists, but pilgrims; they traveled toward wine and gold and sunshine, but their hearts were set on something higher.

That divine unrest, that old stinging trouble of humanity that makes all high achievements and all miserable failure, the same that spread wings with

Icarus, the same that sent Columbus into the desolate Atlantic, inspired and supported these barbarians on their perilous march. There is one legend which profoundly represents their spirit, of how a flying party of these wanderers encountered a very old man shod with iron. The old man asked them whither they were going; and they answered, with one voice: "To the Eternal City?" He looked upon them gravely. "I have sought it," he said, "over the most part of the world. Three such pairs as I now carry on my feet have I worn out upon this pilgrimage, and now the fourth is growing slender underneath my steps. And all this while I have not found the city." And he turned and went his own way alone, leaving them astonished.

ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.

## THE OLD YEAR.

**B**LESS the old year! He's almost gone;  
 I heard him utter a dismal moan;  
 "I'm weary—I'm lonely—I'm wasting,"  
     said he;

"Will no one breathe a blessing on me?"

"Thou poor old man, with the snow white hair,  
 I'll bless thee," said a lady fair;  
 "For thou in thy youth didst bring to me  
 My beautiful babe in its purity!"

"Bless the old year!" the young man cried;  
 "In merry spring he brought me my bride—  
 The richest gift to mortal given—  
 Brought her from the gate of heaven!"

"Bless the old year!" the sick one said,  
 And gently raised his drooping head;  
 "Its hours are past, and I shall be  
 From pain, from grief, from anguish free!"



The mourner breathed in tones of sadness,  
 "Bless it, tho' it brought no gladness;  
 I learned on earth no home to make;  
 Bless it for its lesson's sake!"

"Bless the old year!" cried the child with glee;  
 "In its merry hours I was happy and free;  
 It has brought me frolic for every day;  
 Bless the old year ere it passes away!"

Bless the old year! Come one and all;  
 Answer to his lonely call;  
 Let it so be the last sound he shall hear  
 Shall echo a blessing! Bless the old year!  
 LILIAN F. MENTOR.

### YOU THINK I AM DEAD.

"YOU think I am dead,"  
 The apple tree said,  
 'Because I have never a leaf to show,  
 Because I stoop  
 And my branches droop,  
 And the dull gray mosses over me grow!  
 But I'm alive in trunk and shoot;  
 The buds of next May  
 I fold away,  
 But I pity the withered grass at my root.'

"You think I am dead,"  
 The quick grass said,  
 'Because I have parted with stem and blade!  
 But under the ground  
 I am safe and sound,  
 With the snow's thick blanket over me laid.  
 I'm all alive and ready to shoot,  
 Should the spring of the year  
 Come dancing here;  
 But I pity the flower without branch or root.'

"You think I am dead,"  
 A soft voice said,  
 'Because not a branch or root I own!  
 I have never died,  
 But close I hide  
 In a plummy seed that the wind has sown,  
 Patient I wait through the long winter hours;  
 You will see me again—  
 I shall laugh at you then,  
 Out of the eyes of a hundred flowers.'"

### I THANK THEE, GOD! FOR WEAL AND WOE.

I THANK thee, God! for all I've known  
 Of kindly fortune, health and joy;  
 And quite as gratefully I own  
 The bitter drops of life's alloy.  
 Oh! there was wisdom in the blow  
 That wrung the sad and scalding tear  
 That laid my dearest idol low,  
 And left my bosom lone and drear.

I thank thee, God! for all of smart  
 That thou hast sent, for not in vain  
 Has been the heavy, aching heart,  
 The sigh of grief, the throb of pain.

What if my cheek had ever kept  
 Its healthful color, glad and bright?  
 What if my eyes had never wept  
 Throughout a long and sleepless night?

Then, then, perchance, my soul had not  
 Remembered there were paths less fair,  
 And, selfish in my own blest lot,  
 Ne'er strove to soothe another's care.

But when the weight of sorrow found  
 My spirit prostrate and resigned,  
 The anguish of the bleeding wound  
 Taught me to feel for all mankind.

Even as from the wounded tree  
 The goodly, precious balm will pour,  
 So in the rived heart there'll be  
 Mercy that never flowed before.

'Tis well to learn that sunny hours  
 May quickly change to mournful shade;  
 'Tis well to prize life's scattered flowers,  
 Yet be prepared to see them fade.

I thank thee, God! for weal and woe;  
 And, whatsoe'er the trial be,  
 'Twill serve to wean me from below,  
 And bring my spirit nigher thee.  
 ELIZA COOK.

### CROSSING THE BAR.

The following was the last poem of the celebrated author.  
 It was sung at his funeral.

SUNSET and evening star,  
 And one clear call for me;  
 And may there be no moaning of the bar  
 When I put out to sea.

But such a tide as moving seems asleep,  
 Too full for sound and foam,  
 When that which drew from out the boundless  
 deep  
 Turns again home.

Twilight and evening bell,  
 And after that the dark;  
 And may there be no sadness of farewell  
 When I embark;

For, though from out our bourne of time and  
 place,  
 The flood may bear me far,  
 I hope to see my Pilot face to face  
 When I have crossed the bar.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

## THE FRIENDSHIP FLOWER.

WHEN first the friendship flower is planted  
 Within the garden of your soul,  
 Little of care or thought are wanted  
 To guard its beauty fresh and whole;  
 But when the one empasioned age  
 Has full revealed the magic bloom,  
 A wise and holy tutelage  
 Alone can shun the open tomb.

It is not absence you should dread—  
 For absence is the very air  
 In which, if sound at root, the head  
 Shall wave most wonderful and fair;  
 With sympathies of joy and sorrow  
 Fed, as with morn and even dews,  
 Ideal coloring it may borrow  
 Richer than ever earthly hues.

But oft the plant, whose leaves unsere  
 Refresh the desert, hardly brooks  
 The common-peopled atmosphere  
 Of daily thoughts, and words, and looks;  
 It trembles at the brushing wings  
 Of many a careless fashion-fly,  
 And strange suspicions aim their stings  
 To taint it as they wanton by.

Rare is the heart to bear a flower,  
 That must not wholly fall and fade,  
 Where alien feelings, hour by hour,  
 Spring up, beset, and overshadow;  
 Better, a child of care and toil,  
 To glorify some needy spot,  
 Than in a glad redundant soil  
 To pine neglected and forgot.

Yet when, at last, by human slight,  
 Or close of their permitted day,  
 From the sweet world of life and light  
 Such fine creations lapse away—  
 Bury the relics that retain  
 Sick odors of departed pride—  
 Hoard as ye will your memory's gain,  
 But let them perish where they died.

RICHARD M. MILNES.

## THE PERFECT WOMAN.

THE perfect woman is as beautiful as she is strong, as tender as she is sensible. She is calm, deliberate, dignified, leisurely. She is gay, graceful, sprightly, sympathetic. She is severe upon occasion and upon occasion playful. She has fancies, dreams, romances, ideas. She organizes neatness, and order, and comfort, but they are merely the foundation whereon rises the temple of her home, beautiful for situation, the joy of the whole earth.

GAIL HAMILTON.

## EASY ALL!

“EASY all!” rings out the order,  
 And the muscles cease to strain,  
 And the swing of oars in rowlocks  
 Stops the rhythmical refrain.  
 And the sinking heart beats freely,  
 And the spent breath comes again.

“Easy all!” O, joyous mandate  
 To the strugglers on life's flood,  
 Be it but a passing respite,  
 For the brain, and strength, and blood.  
 Though far distant be the guerdon;  
 Fame, or wealth, or livelihood!

When the summer sunshine brightens  
 Grimy street and sullen wall,  
 From the strips of azure heaven  
 Seems to come the kindly call;

“Rest a while, ye weary toilers,  
 Drop your oars, and easy all!”

## EXPERIENCE.

A CHILD laid in the grave ere it had known  
 Earth held delight beyond its mother's  
 kiss;

A fair girl passing from a world like this  
 Unto God's vast eternity alone;  
 A brave man's soul in one brief instant thrown  
 To deepest agony from highest bliss;  
 A woman steeling her young heart to miss  
 All joy in life, one dear one having flown;  
 These have I seen; yet happier these, I said,  
 Than one who, by experience made strong,  
 Learning to live without the precious dead,  
 Survive despair, outlive remorse and wrong,  
 Can say when new grief comes, with unbowed  
 head,

“Let me not mourn! I shall forget ere long!”

ALICE MARLAND ROLLINS.

## MIRANDA.

ADMIRER Miranda!  
 Indeed the top of admiration; worth  
 What's dearest to the world! Full many  
 a lady

I have eyed with best regard; and many a time  
 The harmony of their tongues hath into bond-  
 age

Brought my too diligent ear; for several virtues  
 Have I liked several women; never any  
 With so full soul but some defect in her  
 Did quarrel with the noblest grace she owned  
 And put it to the foil. But you, O you,  
 So perfect, and so peerless, are created  
 Of every creature's best.

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

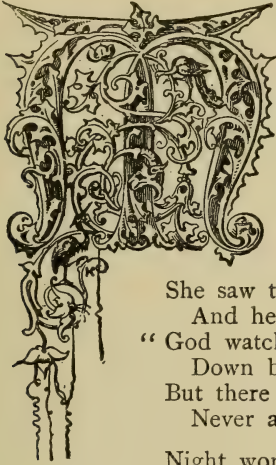


# TRAGEDY AND SORROW:

COMPRISING

PATHETIC SELECTIONS FROM THE MOST DISTINGUISHED AUTHORS

## THE DRIVER OF THE MAIL.



MAKE me the signal, dear," she cried,  
The little wife of the engineer,  
"As you drive the mail to the North to-night,  
Three low whistles, sharp and clear."  
"Nay, never fear, sweet wife!" he said,  
Kissing away her tears that fell,  
"You'll hear the sign, as we sweep the line,  
Three low whistles that 'All is well!'"

She sat her down at her window bright,  
Waiting, and watching the darkening sky,  
She saw the gleam of the junction light,  
And heard the roar as the trains went by.  
"God watch over him!" soft she prayed,  
Down by her baby's bed she fell;  
But there came no sign from the ringing line,  
Never a note to say "All's well."

Night wore on, but she could not sleep,  
Out she crept 'neath the morning sky;  
There he lies! by his engine wrecked!  
Dead at his post, as a man should die.  
Was it for this she loved him so?  
Was it for this her tears that fell?  
Peace! let him rest! God's will is best!  
All is well! All is well!

FREDERIC E. WEATHERLY.

## ROVER'S PETITION.

LAST POEM OF THE AUTHOR.

"KIND traveler, do not pass me by,  
And thus a poor old dog forsake;  
But stop a moment on your way,  
And hear my woe, for pity's sake!

"My name is Rover; yonder house  
Was once my home for many a year;  
My master loved me; every hand  
Caressed young Rover, far and near.

"The children rode upon my back,  
And I could hear my praises sung;  
With joy I licked their pretty feet,  
As round my shaggy sides they clung.

"I watched them while they played or slept;  
I gave them all I had to give;  
My strength was theirs from morn till night;  
For only them I cared to live.

"Now I am old, and blind, and lame,  
They've turned me out to die alone,  
Without a shelter for my head,  
Without a scrap of bread or bone.

"This morning I can hardly crawl,  
While shivering in the snow and hail,  
My teeth are dropping one by one;  
I scarce have strength to wag my tail;

"I'm palsied grown with mortal pains,  
My withered limbs are useless now;  
My voice is almost gone, you see,  
And I can hardly make my bow.

"Perhaps you'll lead me to a shed  
Where I may find some friendly straw  
On which to lay my aching limbs,  
And rest my helpless broken paw.

"Stranger, excuse this story long,  
And pardon, pray, my last appeal;  
You've owned a dog yourself, perhaps,  
And learned that dogs, like men, can *feel*."

Yes, poor old Rover, come with me;  
Food, with warm shelter, I'll supply—  
And heaven forgive the cruel souls  
Who drove you forth to starve and die!

JAMES T. FIELDS.

#### ADIEU TO HIS NATIVE LAND.

"ADIEU, adieu! my native shore  
Fades o'er the waters blue:  
The night-winds sigh, the breakers roar,  
And shrieks the wild sea-mew.  
Yon sun that sets upon the sea  
We follow in his flight;  
Farewell awhile to him and thee,  
My native land—good-night!

"A few short hours, and he will rise  
To give the morrow birth;  
And I shall hail the main and skies,  
But not my mother earth.  
Deserted in my own good hall,  
Its hearth is desolate;  
Wild weeds are gathering on the wall;  
My dog howls at the gate

"Come hither, hither, my little page!  
Why dost thou weep and wail?  
Or dost thou dread the billow's rage,  
Or tremble at the gale?  
But dash the tear-drop from thine eye;  
Our ship is swift and strong:  
Our fleetest falcon scarce can fly  
More merrily along."

"Let winds be shrill, let waves roll high,  
I fear not wave nor wind:  
Yet marvel not, Sir Childe, that I  
Am sorrowful in mind;  
For I have from my father gone,  
A mother whom I love,  
And have no friend, save these alone,  
But thee—and One above."

LORD BYRON.

#### THE THREE LITTLE CHAIRS.

THEY sat alone by the bright wood fire,  
The gray-haired dame and the aged sire,  
Dreaming of days gone by;  
The tear-drops fell on each wrinkled cheek,  
They both had thoughts that they could not  
speak,  
And each heart uttered a sigh.

For their sad and tearful eyes descried  
Three little chairs placed side by side,  
Against the sitting-room wall;  
Old fashioned enough as there they stood,

Their seats of flag and their frames of wood,  
With their backs so straight and tall.

Then the sire shook his silvery head,  
And with trembling voice he gently said—  
"Mother, those empty chairs!  
They bring us such sad, sad thoughts to-night,  
We'll put them forever out of sight,  
In the small dark room up-stairs."

But she answered, "Father, no, not yet,  
For I look at them and I forget

That the children are away:  
The boys come back, and our Mary, too,  
With her apron on, of checkered blue,  
And sit here every day.

"Johnny still whittles a ship's tall masts,  
And Willie his leaden bullets casts,  
While Mary her patch-work sews;  
At evening time three childish prayers  
Go up to God from those little chairs,  
So softly that no one knows.

"Johnny comes back from the billow deep,  
Willie wakes from his battle-field sleep,  
To say good-night to me;  
Mary's a wife and a mother no more,  
But a tired child whose play-time is o'er,  
And comes to rest on my knee.

"So let them stand there, though empty now,  
And every time when alone we bow,  
At the Father's throne to pray,  
We'll ask to meet the children above,  
In our Saviour's home of rest and love,  
Where no child goeth away."

#### EARLY DEATH.

SHE passed away, like morning dew,  
Before the sun was high;  
So brief her time, she scarcely knew  
The meaning of a sigh.

As round the rose its soft perfume,  
Sweet love around her floated;  
Admired she grew—while mortal doom  
Crept on, unfear'd, unnoted.

Love was her guardian angel here,  
But love to death resign'd her;  
Though love was kind, why should we fear,  
But holy death is kinder?

HARTLEY COLERIDGE.

#### KINDNESS.

Speak gently, kindly, to the poor;  
Let no harsh term be heard;  
They have enough they must endure  
Without an unkind word.

DAVID BATES.



THINK OF ME.

**F**AREWELL!—and never think of me  
In lighted hall or lady's bower!  
Farewell!—and never think of me  
In spring sunshine or summer hour!

But when you see a lonely grave,  
Just where a broken heart might be,  
With not one mourner by its sod,  
Then—and then only—think of me!

LETITIA E. LANDON.



IT CANNOT BE.

**T**HE dying lips of a dear friend  
At parting spoke to me,  
Saying: "Wheresoe'er your path may trend  
There ever I shall be.  
"Go walk where over Egypt's sand  
The burning simoons blow,  
Or in Alaska's sunless land.  
Your wake my wings shall know.

"When winter's nights are long and dark  
I'll lead you by the hand,  
And when the waves beat on your bark  
Will beacon you to land."

He died. I watched his spirit go  
Across death's darkening sea:  
He came not back, and now I know  
Of things that cannot be.

CY WARMAN





A WIDOW bird sat mourning for her love  
 Upon a wintry bough ;  
 The frozen wind crept on above,  
 The freezing stream below.

There was no leaf upon the forest bare,  
 No flower upon the ground,  
 And little motion in the air,  
 Except the mill-wheel's sound.  
 P. B. SHELLEY.

#### THE AUCTIONEER'S GIFT.

THE auctioneer leaped on a chair, and bold  
 and loud and clear,  
 He poured his cataract of words, just like  
 an auctioneer.

An auction sale of furniture, where some hard  
 mortgagee  
 Was bound to get his money back, and pay his  
 lawyer's fee.

A humorist of wide renown, this doughty auc-  
 tioneer.

His joking raised the loud guffaw, and brought the  
 answering jeer,

He scattered round his jests, like rain, on the un-  
 just and the just ;  
 Sam Sleeman said he "laffed so much he thought  
 that he would bust."

He knocked down bureaus, beds, and sofas, and  
 clocks and chandeliers,  
 And a grand piano, which he swore would last a  
 thousand years ;

He rattled out the crockery, and sold the silver-  
 ware ;

At last they passed him up to sell a little baby's  
 chair.



"How much? how much? Come, make a bid;  
is all your money spent?"  
And then a cheap, facetious wag came up and bid,  
"One cent."

Just then a sad-faced woman, who stood in silence  
there,  
Broke down and cried, "My baby's chair! My  
poor, dead baby's chair!"

"Here, madam, take your baby's chair," said the  
softened auctioneer,  
"I know its value all too well, my baby died last  
year;  
And if the owner of the chair, our friend, the  
mortgagee,  
Objects to this proceeding, let him send the bill  
to me!"

Gone was the tone of raillery; the humorist  
auctioneer  
Turned shamefaced from his audience, to brush  
away a tear;  
The laughing crowd was awed and still, no tear-  
less eye was there  
When the weeping woman reached and took her  
little baby's chair.

S. W. Foss.

### THE LOST LEADER.

**J**UST for a handful of silver he left us;  
Just for a riband to stick in his coat—  
Found the one gift of which Fortune bereft  
us,

Lost all the others she lets us devote.  
They, with the gold to give, doled him out silver,  
So much was theirs who so little allowed.

How all our copper had gone for his service!  
Rags—were they purple, his heart had been  
proud!

We that had loved him so, followed him, honored  
him,

Lived in his mild and magnificent eye,  
Learned his great language, caught his clear ac-  
cents,

Made him our pattern to live and to die!  
Shakespeare was of us, Milton was for us,  
Burns, Shelley, were with us—they watch from  
their graves!

He alone breaks from the van and the freemen;  
He alone sinks to the rear and the slaves!

We shall march prospering—not through his pres-  
ence;

Songs may inspirit us—not from his lyre;  
Deeds will be done—while he boasts his quies-  
cence,

Still bidding crouch whom the rest bade aspire.  
Blot out his name, then, record one lost soul more,  
One task more declined, one more footpath un-  
trod,

One more triumph for devils, and sorrow for  
angels,  
One wrong more to man, one more insult to  
God!

Life's night begins; let him never come back to  
us!

There would be doubt, hesitation, and pain,  
Forced praise on our part—the glimmer of twi-  
light,

Never glad, confident morning again!  
Best fight on well, for we taught him—strike gal-  
lantly,

Aim at our heart ere we pierce through his own;  
Then let him receive the new knowledge and wait  
us,

Pardoned in heaven, the first by the throne!

ROBERT BROWNING.

### THE THREE WEEPERS.

**S**ORROW weeps!  
And drowns its bitterness in tears;  
My child of sorrow,  
Weep out the fulness of thy passionate grief,  
And drown in tears  
The bitterness of lonely years.  
God gives the rain and sunshine mild,  
And both are best, my child!

Joy weeps!  
And overflows its banks with tears;  
My child of joy,  
Weep out the gladness of thy pent-up heart,  
And let thy glistening eyes  
Run over in their ecstasies;  
Life needeth joy; but from on high  
Descends what cannot die!

Love weeps!  
And feeds its silent life with tears;  
My child of love,  
Pour out the riches of thy yearning heart,  
And like the air of even,  
Give and take back the dew of heaven;  
And let that longing heart of thine  
Feed upon love divine! HORATIUS BONAR.

### WHERE SHALL WE MAKE HER GRAVE?

**W**HERE shall we make her grave?  
Oh, where the wild flowers wave  
In the free air!  
When shower and singing bird  
'Midst the young leaves are heard—  
There—lay her there!

Harsh was the world to her—  
Now may sleep minister  
Balm for each ill;  
Low on sweet nature's breast  
Let the meek heart find rest  
Deep, deep and still!

Murmur, glad waters, by!  
Faint gales, with happy sigh,  
Come wandering o'er  
That green and mossy bed  
Where, on a gentle head,  
Storms beat no more!

Oh, then, where wild-flowers wave,  
Make ye her mossy grave  
In the free air!  
Where shower and singing-bird  
'Midst the young leaves are heard—  
There, lay her there!

FELICIA D. HEMANS.



What though for her in vain  
Falls now the bright spring-rain,  
Plays the soft wind?  
Yet still, from where she lies,  
Should blessed breathings rise,  
Gracious and kind.

Therefore let song and dew  
Thence in the heart renew  
Life's vernal glow!  
And o'er that holy earth  
Scents of the violet's birth  
Still come and go:

#### UNDER THE SNOW.

DEAR little hands, I loved them so!  
And now they are lying under the snow!  
Under the snow, so cold and white,  
I cannot see them, or touch them to-night.  
They are quiet and still at last, ah me!  
How busy and restless they used to be! [snow—  
But now they can never reach up through the  
Dear little hands, I loved them so!

Dear little hands, I miss them so!  
All through the day, wherever I go—  
All through the night, how lonely it seems,

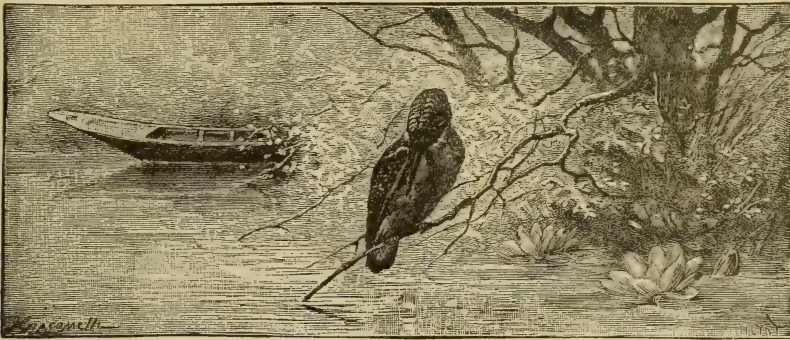


For no little hands wake me out of my dreams.  
I miss them all through the weary hours ;  
I miss them as others miss sunshine and flowers ;  
Day time, or night time, wherever I go,  
Dear little hands, I miss them so !

Dear little hands, they have gone from me now,  
Never again will they rest on my brow—  
Never again smooth my sorrowful face,  
Never again clasp me in childish embrace,  
And now my forehead grows wrinkled with care,  
Thinking of little hands once resting there,  
But I know in a happier, heavenlier clime,  
Dear little hands I will clasp you some time.

Dear little hands, when the Master shall call  
I'll welcome the summons that comes to us all—

When lying on my earthly bed  
In icy sleep,  
Who there by pure affection led  
Will come and weep ?  
By the pale moon implant the rose  
Upon my breast,  
And bid it cheer my dark repose,  
My lonely rest ?  
Could I but know when I'm sleeping  
Low in the ground,  
One faithful heart would then be keeping  
Watch all round,  
As if some gem lay shrined beneath  
That cold sod's gloom,  
'Twould mitigate the pangs of death  
And light the tomb.



When my feet touch the waters so dark and so cold,  
I'll catch my first glimpse of the city of gold  
If I keep my eyes fixed on the heavenly gate  
Over the tide where the white-robed ones wait,  
Shall I know you, I wonder, among the bright bands ?  
Will you beckon me over, oh ! dear little hands ?

### FOR ALL WHO DIE.

The following poem was regarded by Edgar A. Poe as the most beautiful and touching of its kind in the language. Strange to say, the author is unknown.

**I**T hath been said for all who die  
There is a tear.  
Some paining, bleeding heart to sigh  
O'er every bier ;  
But in that hour of pain and dread  
Who will draw near  
Around my humble couch and shed  
A farewell tear ?  
Who'll watch the first departing ray  
In deep despair,  
And soothe the spirit on its way  
With holy prayer ?  
What mourner round my couch will come  
In words of woe,  
And follow me to my long home,  
Solemn and slow ?

Yet in that hour, if I could feel  
From the halls of glee  
And beauty's pressure one would steal  
In secrecy,  
And come and sit or stand by me  
In night's deep noon ;  
Oh ! I would ask of memory  
No other boon.

But, ah ! a lonelier fate is mine,  
A deeper woe,  
From all I've loved in youth's sweet time  
I soon must go.  
Draw round me my pale robes of white  
In a dark spot,  
To sleep through death's long dreamless night  
Lone and forgot.

### ONE VOICE IS SILENT.

**O**NE voice is silent, round the evening fire,  
One form comes not to cheer us with its gladness ;  
There brother, sister mingle—babe and sire,  
But tongues are mute and bosoms chilled with sadness ;  
Thought dwells on past communion unforget ;  
One voice is silent, and we hear it not !  
One voice is silent ! at the place of prayer  
When morning breaks, or twilight gathers o'er,

That sainted form no more is bending there,

Those lips in holy accents breathe no more ;  
Death's hand hath thrown strange light upon the  
brow ;

One voice is silent, and it pleads not now !

One voice is silent ! from the couch of pain,

Which she hath pressed in summer-time and  
spring,

The words of counsel shall not come again—

No anxious thought that gentle bosom wring ;  
The shrouded eye hath parted with its tear ;  
One voice is silent—one we loved to hear.

One voice is silent ! ay, no more that tone,

Fond sister, o'er our pleasant home is stealing ;  
The mother's life is done, and we are lone !

But, oh, remember, in this pang of feeling,  
How dear the hope that God to us hath given.  
One voice is silent—but it wakes in heaven !

### FAGIN'S LAST NIGHT ALIVE.

Few passages from the pen of Dickens, the world's greatest fictionist, are more thrilling than his description of the last night of Fagin, one of the prominent characters in "Oliver Twist." Fagin lived by tempting others, particularly boys and girls, to crime, and lived on the profits of their pilferings and bolder burglaries. At last the fearful consequences of his misdoings overtook him. He fell into the clutches of the law, was tried, convicted, and sentenced to death. The scene as depicted by the novelist is one of the most startling ever written.

THE court was paved, from floor to roof, with human faces. Inquisitive and eager eyes peered from every inch of space. From the rail before the dock, away into the sharpest angle of the smallest corner in the galleries, all looks were fixed upon one man—Fagin. Before him and behind ; above, below, on the right and on the left ; he seemed to stand surrounded by a firmament, all bright with gleaming eyes.

He stood there, in all this glare of living light, with one hand resting on the wooden slab before him, the other held to his ear, and his head thrust forward to enable him to catch with greater distinctness every word that fell from the presiding judge, who was delivering his charge to the jury. At times, he turned his eyes sharply upon them to observe the effect of the slightest feather-weight in his favor ; and when the points against him were stated with terrible distinctness, looked towards his counsel, in mute appeal that he would, even then, urge something in his behalf. Beyond these manifestations of anxiety, he stirred not hand or foot. He had scarcely moved since the trial began : and now that the judge ceased to speak, he still remained in the same strained attitude of close attention with his gaze bent on him, as though he listened still.

A slight bustle in the court recalled him to himself. Looking round, he saw that the jurymen

had turned together, to consider their verdict. As his eyes wandered to the gallery, he could see the people rising above each other to see his face ; some hastily applying their glasses to their eyes ; and others whispering to their neighbors with looks expressive of abhorrence. A few there were who seemed unmindful of him, and looked only to the jury, in impatient wonder how they could delay. But in no one face—not even among the women, of whom there were many there—could he read the faintest sympathy with himself, or any feeling but one of all-absorbing interest that he should be condemned.

As he saw all this in one bewildered glance, the death-like stillness came again, and, looking back, he saw that the jurymen had turned towards the judge. Hush ! They only sought permission to retire.

He looked, wistfully, into their faces, one by one, when they passed out, as though to see which way the greater number leant ; but that was fruitless. The jailer touched him on the shoulder. He followed mechanically to the end of the dock, and sat down on a chair. The man pointed it out, or he would not have seen it.

He looked up into the gallery again. Some of the people were eating, and some fanning themselves with handkerchiefs, for the crowded place was very hot. There was one young man sketching his face in a little note-book. He wondered whether it was like him, and looked on when the artist broke his pencil-point, and made another with his knife, as any idle spectator might have done.

In the same way, when he turned his eye towards the judge, his mind began to busy itself with the fashion of his dress, and what it cost, and how he put it on. There was an old fat gentleman on the bench, too, who had gone out, some half an hour before, and now come back. He wondered within himself whether this man had been to get his dinner, what he had had, and where he had it ; and pursued this train of careless thought until some new object caught his eye and roused another.

Not that, all this time, his mind was, for an instant, free from one oppressive overwhelming sense of the grave that opened at his feet ; it was ever-present to him, but in a vague and general way, and he could not fix his thoughts upon it. Thus, even while he trembled, and turned burning hot at the idea of speedy death, he fell to counting the iron spikes before him, and wondering how the head of one had been broken off, and whether they would mend it, or leave it as it was. Then he thought of all the horrors of the gallows and the scaffold—and stopped to watch a man sprinkling the floor to cool it—and then went on to think again.

At length there was a cry of silence, and a breathless look from all towards the door. The



jury returned, and passed him close. He could glean nothing from their faces; they might as well have been of stone. Perfect stillness ensued—not a rustle—not a breath—Guilty.

The building rang with a tremendous shout, and another, and another, and then it echoed loud groans, that gathered strength as they swelled out, like angry thunder. It was a peal of joy from the populace outside, greeting the news that he would die on Monday.

The noise subsided, and he was asked if he had anything to say why sentence of death should not be passed upon him. He had resumed his listening attitude, and looked intently at his questioner while the demand was made; but it was twice repeated before he seemed to hear it, and then he only muttered that he was an old man—an old man—an old man—and so, dropping into a whisper, was silent again.

The judge assumed the black cap, and the prisoner still stood with the same air and gesture. A woman in the gallery uttered some exclamation, called forth by this dread solemnity; he looked hastily up as if angry at the interruption, and bent forward yet more attentively. The address was solemn and impressive; the sentence fearful to hear. But he stood, like a marble figure, without the motion of a nerve. His haggard face was still thrust forward, his under-jaw hanging down, and his eyes staring out before him, when the jailer put his hand upon his arm, and beckoned him away. He gazed stupidly about him for an instant, and obeyed.

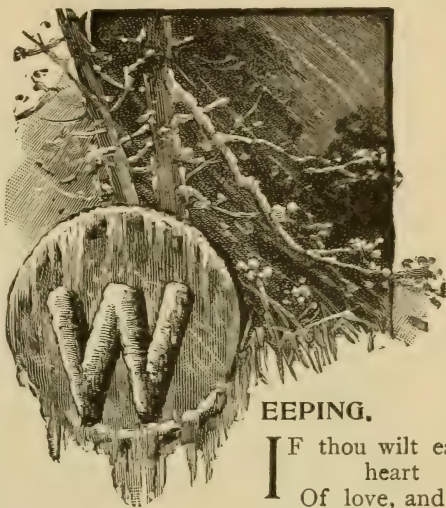
They led him through a paved room under the court, where some prisoners were waiting till their turns came, and others were talking to their friends, who crowded round a gate which looked into the open yard. There was nobody there to speak to him; but, as he passed, the prisoners fell back to render him more visible to the people who were clinging to the bars; and they assailed him with opprobrious names, and screeched and hissed. He shook his fist, and would have spat upon them; but his conductors hurried him on, through a gloomy passage lighted by a few dim lamps, into the interior of the prison.

Here he was searched, that he might not have about him the means of anticipating the law; this ceremony performed, they led him to one of the condemned cells, and left him there—alone.

He sat down on a stone bench opposite the door, which served for seat and bedstead; and casting his blood-shot eyes upon the ground, tried to collect his thoughts. After a while he began to remember a few disjointed fragments of what the judge had said; though it had seemed to him, at the time, that he could not hear a word. These gradually fell into their proper places, and by degrees suggested more; so that, in a little time, he

had the whole, almost as it was delivered. To be hanged by the neck till he was dead—that was the end. To be hanged by the neck till he was dead.

CHARLES DICKENS.



EEPING.

IF thou wilt ease thy heart  
Of love, and all its smart—

Then sleep, dear, sleep!  
And not a sorrow  
Hang any tear on your eyelashes;  
Lie still and deep,  
Sad soul, until the sea-wave washes  
The rim o'the sun to-morrow,  
In eastern sky.

But wilt thou cure thine heart  
Of love, and all its smart—  
Then die, dear, die!  
'Tis deeper, sweeter,  
Than on a rose-bank to lie dreaming  
With folded eye;  
And then alone, amid the beaming  
Of love's stars, thou'lt meet her  
In eastern sky.

THOMAS L. BEDDOES.

### DIRGE IN CYMBELINE.

SUNG BY GUIDERUS AND ARVIRAGUS OVER FIDELE, SUPPOSED  
TO BE DEAD.

TO fair Fidele's grassy tomb  
Soft maids and village hinds shall bring  
Each opening sweet of earliest bloom,  
And rifle all the breathing spring.

No wailing ghost shall dare appear,  
To vex with shrieks this quiet grove;  
But shepherd lads assembled here,  
And melting virgins own their love.

No withered witch shall here be seen—  
No goblins lead their nightly crew;  
The female fays shall haunt the green,  
And dress thy grave with pearly dew.

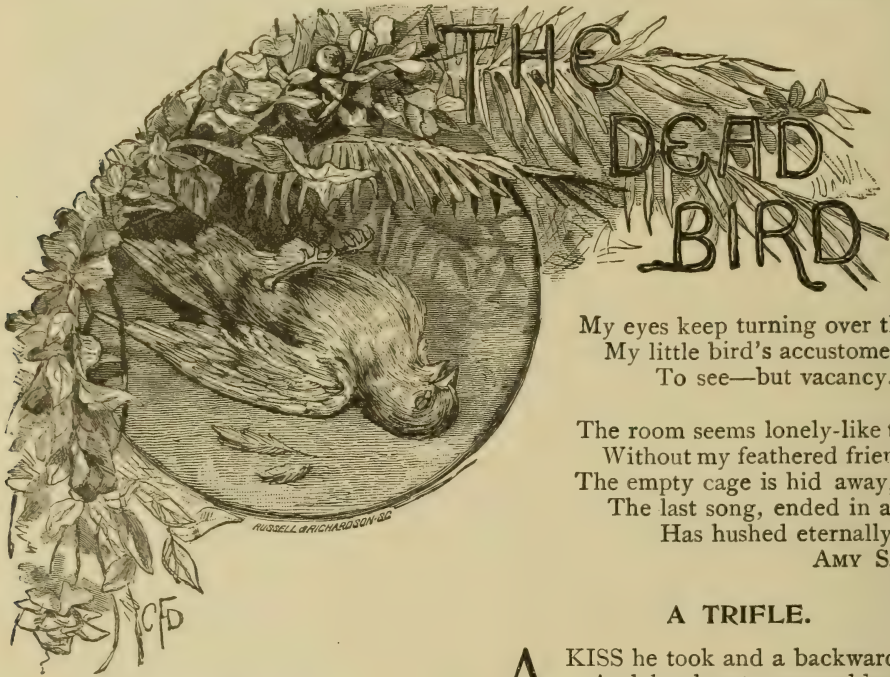
The redbreast oft, at evening hours,  
 Shall kindly lend his little aid,  
 With hoary moss, and gathered flowers,  
 To deck the ground where thou art laid.

When howling winds and beating rain  
 In tempests shake the sylvan cell,

Or 'midst the chase, on every plain,  
 The tender thought on thee shall dwell.

Each lonely scene shall thee restore,  
 For thee the tear be duly shed;  
 Beloved till life can charm no more,  
 And mourned till pity's self be dead.

WILLIAM COLLINS.



My eyes keep turning over there—  
 My little bird's accustomed spot—  
 To see—but vacancy.

The room seems lonely-like to-day  
 Without my feathered friend near by;  
 The empty cage is hid away,  
 The last song, ended in a sigh,  
 Has hushed eternally.

AMY S. WOLFF.

#### A TRIFLE.

FOR many years my little bird  
 Had shared my daily life with me;  
 By kindly fortune still preserved,  
 Both near and dear, two friends were we,  
 In closest company.

He hourly wooed my thoughts from care  
 With sprightly glance, with happiest song;  
 And, swinging in his cage—just there—  
 Tweet, tweet, would murmur all day long,  
 With loving constancy.

When I was glad, he fluttered round,  
 Would nod and bob his yellow head  
 To right, to left, first up, then down;  
 And flit his beak, his wings outspread,  
 Then sing uproariously.

Were I aggrieved? His little eyes  
 Would meet mine almost pityingly;  
 They really seemed so wondrous wise,  
 I felt he knew and yearned for me  
 To show his sympathy.

And as I sit here in my chair  
 The pen drops idly, half forgot;

A KISS he took and a backward look,  
 And her heart grew suddenly lighter;  
 A trifle, you say, to color a day,  
 Yet the dull gray morn seemed brighter,  
 For hearts are such that a tender touch  
 May banish a look of sadness;  
 A small, bright thing can make us sing,  
 But a frown will check our gladness.

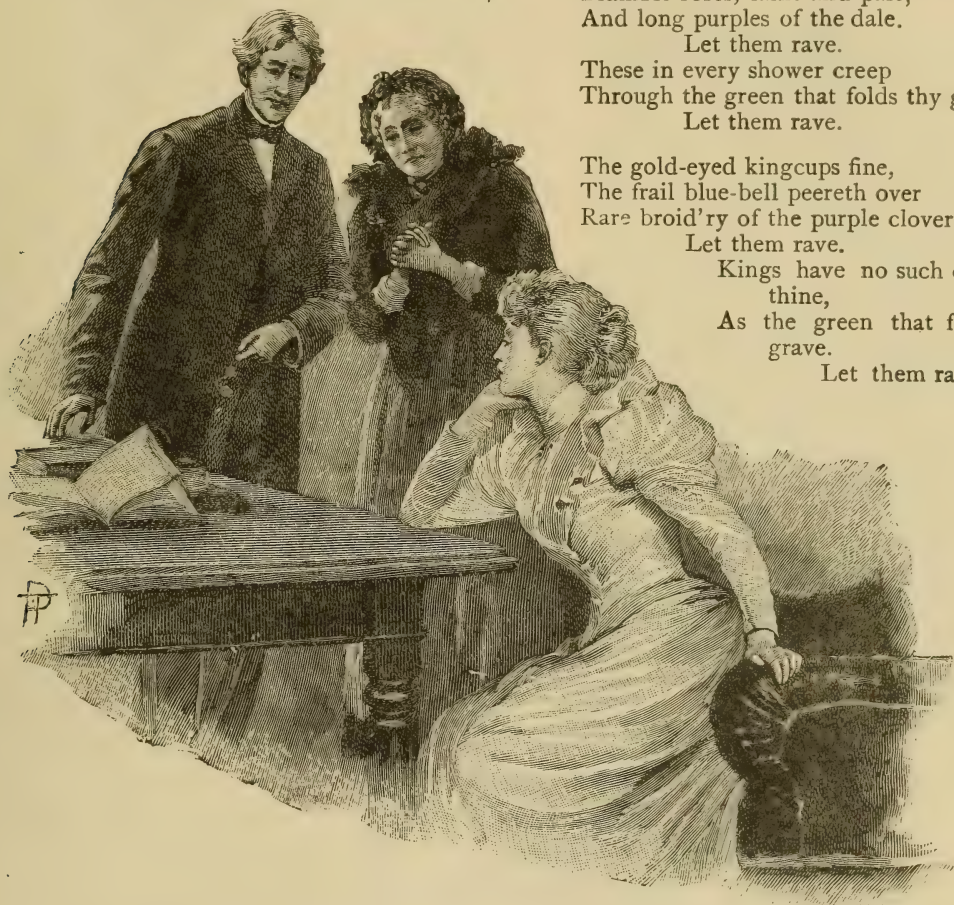
The cheeriest ray along our way  
 Is the little act of kindness,  
 And the keenest sting some careless thing  
 That was done in a moment of blindness.  
 We can bravely face life in a home where  
 strife  
 No foothold can discover,  
 And be lovers still if we only will,  
 Though youth's bright days are over.

Ah, sharp as swords cut the unkind words  
 That are far beyond recalling,  
 When a face lies hid 'neath a coffin lid,  
 And bitter tears are falling,  
 We fain would give the lives we live  
 To undo our idle scorning;  
 Then let's not miss the smile and kiss  
 When we part in the light of morning.



THY LONG DAY'S WORK.

**N**OW is done thy long day's work ;  
 Fold thy palms across thy breast—  
 Fold thine arms, turn to thy rest.  
 Let them rave.  
 Shadows of the silver birk  
 Sweep the green that folds thy grave  
 Let them rave.



Crocodiles wept tears for thee ;  
 The woodbine and eglare  
 Drip sweeter dew than traitor's tear.  
 Let them rave.  
 Rain makes music in the tree  
 O'er the green that folds thy grave.  
 Let them rave.

Round thee blow, self-pleached deep,  
 Bramble roses, faint and pale,  
 And long purples of the dale.  
 Let them rave.  
 These in every shower creep  
 Through the green that folds thy grave.  
 Let them rave.

The gold-eyed kingcups fine,  
 The frail blue-bell peereth over  
 Rare broid'ry of the purple clover.  
 Let them rave.

Kings have no such couch as  
 thine,  
 As the green that folds thy  
 grave.  
 Let them rave.

Thee nor carketh care nor slander ;  
 Nothing but the small cold worm  
 Fretteth thine enshrouded form.  
 Let them rave.

Light and shadow ever wander  
 O'er the green that folds thy grave.  
 Let them rave.

Thou wilt not turn upon thy bed ;  
 Chanteth not the brooding bee  
 Sweeter tones than calumny?  
 Let them rave.  
 Thou wilt never raise thine head  
 From the green that folds thy grave.  
 Let them rave.

Wild words wander here and there ;  
 God's great gift of speech abused  
 Makes thy memory confused—  
 But let them rave.  
 The balm-cricket carols clear  
 In the green that folds thy grave.  
 Let them rave. ALFRED TENNYSON.

THE DIRGE OF IMOGEN.

**F**EAR no more the heat o' the sun,  
 Nor the furious winter's rages ;  
 Thou thy world task hath done,  
 Home art gone and ta'en thy wages :  
 Golden lads and girls all must  
 As chimney-sweepers come to dust.

Fear no more the frown o' the great—  
 Thou art past the tyrant's stroke;  
 Care no more to clothe and eat;  
 To thee the reed is as the oak.  
 The sceptre, learning, physic, must  
 All follow this, and come to dust.

Fear no more the lightning-flash,  
 Nor the all-dreaded thunder-stone;  
 Fear not slander, censure rash;  
 Thou hast finished joy and moan:  
 All lovers young, all lovers must  
 Consign to thee, and come to dust.

No exorciser harm thee!  
 Nor no witchcraft charm thee!  
 Ghost unlaid forbear thee!  
 Nothing ill come near thee!  
 Quiet consummation have;  
 And renowned be thy grave!  
 WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

### OH! SNATCHED AWAY IN BEAUTY'S BLOOM.

**O**H! snatched away in beauty's bloom,  
 On thee shall press no ponderous tomb;  
 But on thy turf shall roses rear  
 Their leaves, the earliest of the year;  
 And the wild cypress wave in tender gloom.

And oft by yon blue gushing stream  
 Shall sorrow lean her drooping head,  
 And feed deep thought with many a dream,  
 And lingering pause and lightly tread—  
 Fond wretch! as if her step disturbed the dead.

Away! we know that tears are vain,  
 That death nor heeds nor hears distress:  
 Will this unteach us to complain?  
 Or make one mourner weep the less?  
 And thou who tell'st me to forget,  
 Thy looks are wan, thine eyes are wet.  
 LORD BYRON.

### LOST AND FOUND.

**S**OME miners were sinking a shaft in Wales—  
 (I know not where,—but the facts have  
 filled  
 A chink in my brain, while other tales

Have been swept away, as, when pearls are spilled,  
 One pearl rolls into a chink in the floor);  
 Somewhere, then, where God's light is killed,

And men tear in the dark at the earth's hearth-  
 core.

These men were at work, when their axes knocked  
 hole in the passage closed years before.

slip in the earth, I suppose, had blocked  
 this gallery suddenly up with a heap  
 Of rubble, as safe as a chest is locked,

Till these men picked it! and 'gan to creep  
 In, on all fours. Then a loud shout ran  
 Round the black roof—"Here's a man asleep!"

They all pushed forward, and scarce a span  
 From the mouth of the passage, in sooth, the lamp  
 Fell on the upturned face of a man.

No taint of death, no decaying damp  
 Had touched that fair young brow, whereon  
 Courage had set its glorious stamp.

Calm as a monarch upon his throne,  
 Lips hard clenched, no shadow of fear,  
 He sat there, taking his rest, alone.

He must have been there for many a year;  
 The spirit had fled, but there was its shrine,  
 In clothes of a century old or near!

The dry and embalming air of the mine  
 Had arrested the natural hand of decay,  
 Nor faded the flesh, nor dimmed a line.

Who was he then? No man could say  
 When the passage had suddenly fallen in—  
 Its memory, even, had passed away!

In their great rough arms, begrimed with coal,  
 They took him up, as a tender lass  
 Will carry a babe, from that darksome hole,

To the outer world of the short warm grass.  
 Then up spoke one, "Let us send for Bess,  
 She is seventy-nine, come Martinmas;

"Older than any one here, I guess!  
 Belike, she may mind when the wall fell there,  
 And remember the chap by his comeliness."

So they brought old Bess, with her silver hair,  
 To the side of the hill, where the dead man lay  
 Ere the flesh had crumbled in outer air.

And the crowd around them all gave way,  
 As with tottering steps old Bess drew nigh,  
 And bent o'er the face of the unchanged clay.

Then suddenly rang a sharp low cry!  
 Bess sank on her knees, and wildly tossed  
 Her withered arms in the summer sky.

"O Willie! Willie! my lad! my lost!  
 The Lord be praised! after sixty years  
 I see you again! The tears you cost,

"O Willie, darlin', were bitter tears!  
 They never looked for ye underground,  
 They told me a tale to mock my fears!

"They said ye were auver the sea—ye'd found  
 A lass ye loved better nor me, to explain  
 How ye'd a-vanished fra sight and sound!

"O darlin', a long, long life o' pain  
 I ha' lived since then! And now I'm old,  
 Seems a'most as if youth were come back again.



"Seeing ye there wi' your locks o' gold,  
And limbs as straight as ashen beams,  
I a'most forget how the years ha' rolled

"Between us! O Willie! how strange it seems  
To see ye here as I've seen you oft,  
Auver and auver again in dreams!"

In broken words like these, with soft  
Low wail she rocked herself. And none  
Of the rough men around her scoffed.

For surely a sight like this, the sun  
Had rarely looked upon. Face to face,  
The old dead love and the living one!

The dead, with its undimmed fleshly grace  
At the end of the three-score years; the quick,  
Puckered, and withered, without a trace

Of its warm girl beauty! A wizard's trick  
Bringing the youth and the love that were,  
Back to the eyes of the old and sick!

These bodies were just of one age; yet there  
Death, clad in youth, had been standing still,  
While life had been fretting itself threadbare!

But the moment was come (as a moment will  
To all who have loved, and have parted here,  
And have toiled alone up the thorny hill;

When, at the top, as their eyes see clear,  
Over the mists in the vale below,  
Mere specks their trials and toils appear,

Beside the eternal rest they know)—  
Death came to old Bess that night, and gave  
The welcome summons that she should go.  
And now, though the rains and winds may rave,  
Nothing can part them. Deep and wide,  
The miners that evening dug one grave!

And there, while the summers and winters glide  
Old Bess and young Willie sleep side by side!

HAMILTON HIDE.

### OVER THE RANGE.

HALF-SLEEPING, by the fire I sit,  
I start and wake, it is so strange  
To find myself alone, and Tom  
Across the Range.

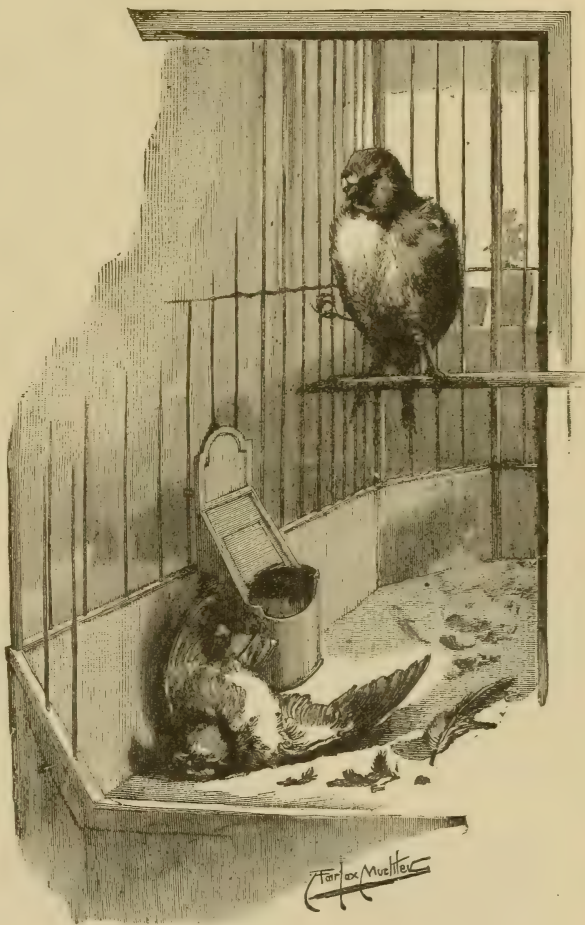
We brought him in with heavy feet  
And eased him down; from eye to eye,  
Though no one spoke, there passed a fear  
That Tom must die.

He rallied when the sun was low,  
And spoke; I thought the words were strange;  
"It's almost night, and I must go  
Across the Range."

"What, Tom?" He smiled and nodded:

"Yes,  
They've struck it rich there, Jim, you know,  
The parson told us; you'll come soon;  
Now Tom must go."

I brought his sweetheart's pictured face:  
Again that smile, so sad and strange.



"Tell her," said he, "that Tom has gone  
Across the Range."

The last night lingered on the hill.  
"There's a pass, somewhere," then he said,  
And lip, and eye, and hand were still;  
And Tom was dead.

Half-sleeping, by the fire I sit:  
I start and wake, it is so strange  
To find myself alone, and Tom  
Across the Range.

J. HARRISON MILLS.

## SOLITUDE.

IT is not that my lot is low  
That makes the silent tear to flow ;  
It is not grief that bids me moan ;  
It is that I am all alone.

In woods and glens I love to roam,  
When the tired hedger hies him home ;  
Or by the woodland pool to rest,  
When pale the star looks on its breast.

Yet when the silent evening sighs  
With hollowed airs and symphonies,  
My spirit takes another tone,  
And sighs that it is all alone.

The autumn leaf is sere and dead—  
It floats upon the water's bed ;  
I would not be a leaf, to die  
Without recording sorrow's sigh !

The woods and winds, with sullen wail,  
Tell all the same unvaried tale ;  
I've none to smile when I am free,  
And when I sigh to sigh with me.

Yet in my dreams a form I view,  
That thinks on me, and loves me too ;  
I start, and when the vision's flown,  
I weep that I am all alone

HENRY KIRKE WHITE.

## THE VOICELESS.

WE count the broken lyres that rest  
Where the sweet wailing singers slumber,  
But o'er their silent sister's breast  
The wild flowers who will stoop to number ?  
A few can touch the magic string,  
And noisy fame is proud to win them ;  
Alas for those that never sing,  
But die with all their music in them !

Nay, grieve not for the dead alone,  
Whose song has told their heart's sad story :  
Weep for the voiceless, who have known  
The cross without the crown of glory !  
Not where Leucadian breezes sweep  
O'er Sappho's memory-haunted billow,  
But where the glistening night-dews weep  
On nameless sorrow's church-yard pillow.

✓ hearts that break, and give no sign,  
Save whitening lip and fading tresses,  
Till Death pours out his cordial wine,  
Slow-dropped from misery's crushing presses !  
If singing breath or echoing chord  
To every hidden pang were given,  
What endless melodies were poured,  
As sad as earth, as sweet as heaven !

O. W. HOLMES.

## A LAMENT.

SWIFTER far than summer's flight,  
Swifter far than youth's delight,  
Swifter far than happy night,  
Art thou come and gone ;  
As the earth when leaves are dead,  
As the night when sleep is sped,  
As the heart when joy is fled,  
I am left alone, alone.

The swallow, summer, comes again ;  
The owlet, night, resumes her reign ;  
But the wild swan, youth, is fain  
To fly with thee, false as thou.  
My heart each day desires the morrow ;  
Sleep itself is turned to sorrow ;  
Vainly would my winter borrow  
Sunny leaves from any bough.

Lilies for a bridal bed,  
Roses for a matron's head,  
Violets for a maiden dead—  
Pansies let my flowers be ;  
On the living grave I bear,  
Scatter them without a tear,  
Let no friend, however dear,  
Waste one hope, one fear for me.

P. B. SHELLEY.

## SONG OF THE SILENT LAND.

FROM THE GERMAN.

INTO the silent land !  
Ah ! who shall lead us thither !  
Clouds in the evening sky more darkly gather,  
And shattered wrecks lie thicker on the strand :  
Who leads us with a gentle hand  
Thither, oh, thither !  
Into the silent land ?

Into the silent land !  
To you, ye boundless regions  
Of all perfection ! Tender morning-visions  
Of beauteous souls ! The future's pledge and band !  
Who in life's battle firm doth stand  
Shall bear hope's tender blossoms  
Into the silent land !

O land ! O land !  
For all the broken-hearted  
The mildest herald by our fate allotted  
Beckons, and with inverted torch doth stand  
To lead us with a gentle hand  
Into the land of the great departed—  
Into the silent land !

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

## THE MOTHER'S DREAM.

I'D a dream to-night  
As I fell asleep,  
Oh ! the touching sight  
Makes me still to weep :



Of my little lad,  
Gone to leave me sad,  
Aye, the child I had,  
But was not to keep.

Night that no morn shall break,  
Till joy shall overtake  
Her perfect peace.

CHRISTINA G. ROSETTI.

As in heaven high,  
I my child did seek,  
There, in train, came by  
Children fair and meek  
Each in lily white,  
With a lamp alight ;  
Each was clear to sight,  
But they did not speak.

Then, a little sad,  
Came my child in turn,  
But the lamp he had,  
Oh ! it did not burn ;  
He, to clear my doubt,  
Said, half turned about,  
"Your tears put it out ;  
Mother, never mourn !"

WILLIAM BARNES.

#### DREAM-LAND.

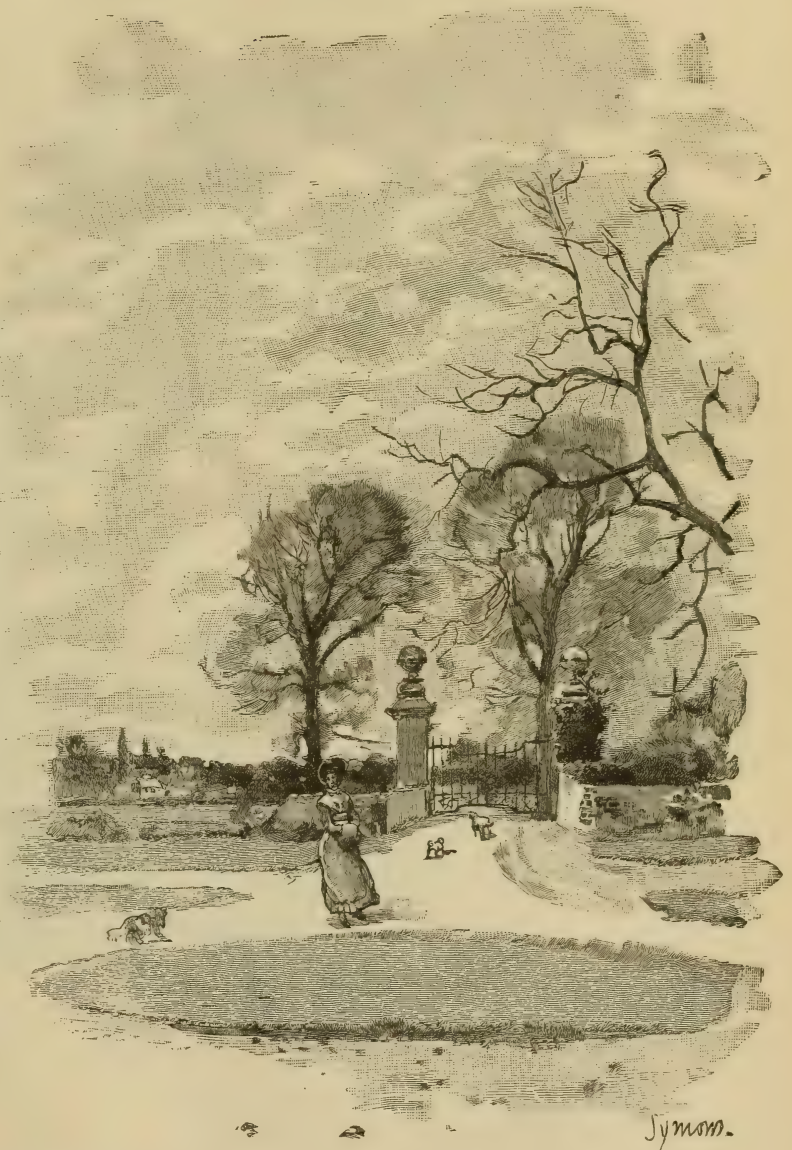
WHERE sunless rivers  
weep  
Their waves into the  
deep,

She sleeps a charmed sleep  
Awake her not.  
Led by a single star,  
She came from very far,  
To seek where shadows are  
Her pleasant lot.

She left the rosy morn,  
She left the fields of corn,  
For twilight cold and lorn  
And water-springs.  
Through sleep, as through a  
veil,  
She sees the sky look pale,  
And hears the nightingale  
That sadly sings.

Rest, rest, a perfect rest  
Shed over brow and breast ;  
Her face is toward the west,  
The purple land.  
She cannot see the grain  
Ripening on hill and plain ;  
She cannot feel the rain  
Upon her hand.

Rest, rest, for evermore  
Upon a mossy shore ;  
Rest, rest at the heart's core  
Till time shall cease :  
Sleep that no pain shall wake,



#### DEATH OF THE FIRST-BORN.

This beautiful extract from "Arthur Bonnicastle," will be read with deep and tender interest by many whose experience it truthfully portrays.

I STAND in a darkened room before a little casket that holds the silent form of my first-born. My arm is around the wife and mother, who weeps over the lost treasure and



cannot, till tears have had their way, be comforted. I had not thought that my child could die—that *my* child could die. I knew that other children had died, but I felt safe. We laid the little fellow close by his grandfather at last; we strew his grave with flowers, and then return to

ordination to their helplessness, they have taught me patience, self-sacrifice, self-control, truthfulness, faith, simplicity and purity.

Ah! this taking to one's arms a little group of souls, fresh from the hand of God, and living with them in loving companionship through all their stainless years, is, or ought to be, like living in heaven, for of such is the heavenly kingdom. To no one of these am I more indebted than to the boy who went away from us before the world had touched him with a stain. The key that shut him in the tomb was the only key that could unlock my heart, and let in among its sympathies the world of sorrowing men and women who mourn because their little ones are not.

The little graves, alas! how many they are! The mourners above them, how vast the multitude! Brothers, sisters, I am one with you. I press your hands, I weep with you, I trust with you, I belong to you. Those waxen, folded hands; that still breast which I have so often pressed warm to my own; those sleep-bound eyes which have been so full of love and life; that sweet, unmoving, alabaster face—ah! we have all looked upon them, and they have made us one and made us better. There is no fountain which the angel of healing troubles with his restless and life-giving wings so con-

stantly as the fountain of tears, and only those too lame and bruised to bathe, miss the blessed influence.

J. G. HOLLAND.

### HOPE.

THE wretch condemned with life to part,  
Still, still on hope relies;  
And ev'ry pang that rends the heart,  
Bids expectation rise.  
Hope, like the glimm'ring taper's light,  
Adorns and cheers the way;  
And still, as darker grows the night,  
Emits a brighter ray.

OLIVER GOLDSMITH.



our saddened home with hearts united in sorrow as they had never been united in joy, and with sympathies forever opened toward all who are called to a kindred grief.

I wonder where he is to-day, in what mature angelhood he stands, how he will look when I meet him, how he will make himself known to me, who have been his teacher! He was like me: will his grandfather know him? I never can cease thinking of him as cared for and led by the same hand to which my own youthful fingers clung, and as hearing from the fond lips of my own father, the story of his father's eventful life. I feel how wonderful to me has been the ministry of my children—how much more I have learned from them than they have ever learned from me—how by holding my own strong life in sweet sub-



# THE GATES OF PEARL:

OR

## SACRED POEMS AND SELECTIONS.

### FORGIVENESS.



**W**HEN on the fragrant sandal-tree  
The woodman's axe descends,  
And she who bloomed so beauteously  
Beneath the keen stroke bends,  
E'en on the edge that wrought her death  
Dying she breathed her sweetest breath,  
As if to token, in her fall,  
Peace to her foes, and love to all.

How hardly man this lesson learns,  
To smile, and bless the hand that spurns;  
To see the blow, to feel the pain,  
But render only love again!

This spirit not to earth is given—  
ONE had it, but He came from heaven.  
Reviled, rejected and betrayed,  
No curse He breathed, no 'plaint He made,  
But when in death's deep pang He sighed,  
Prayed for His murderers, and died.

### BETHLEHEM TOWN.

**T**HERE burns a star o'er Bethlehem town—  
See, O my eyes!  
And gloriously it beameth down  
Upon a Virgin Mother meek  
And Him whom solemn Magi seek;  
Burn on, O star! and be the light  
To guide us all to Him this night.

The angels walk in Bethlehem town—  
Hush, O my heart!

The angels come and bring a crown  
To Him, our Saviour and our King,  
And sweetly all this night they sing;  
Sing on in rapture, angel throng,  
That we may learn that heavenly song.

Near Bethlehem town there blooms a tree—  
O heart, beat low!  
And it shall stand on Calvary;  
But from the shade thereof we turn  
Unto the star that still shall burn  
When Christ is dead and risen again,  
To mind us that He died for men.

There is a cry in Bethlehem town—  
Hark, O my soul!  
'Tis of the Babe that wears the crown;  
It telleth us that man is free—  
That He redeemeth all and me.  
The night is sped—behold the morn—  
Sing, O my soul, the Christ is born!

EUGENE FIELD.

### THE LOST CHORD.

**S**EATED one day at the organ,  
I was weary and ill at ease,  
And my fingers wandered idly  
Over the ivory keys;  
I know not what I was playing,  
Or what I was dreaming then,  
But I struck one chord of music  
Like the sound of a great Amen.

It flooded the crimson twilight  
Like the close of an angel's psalm,  
And it lay on my fevered spirit  
With a touch of infinite calm.  
It quieted pain and sorrow,  
Like love overcoming strife;  
It seemed the harmonious echo  
From our discordant life.

It linked all perplexed meanings  
 Into one perfect peace,  
 And trembled away into silence  
 As if it were loth to cease.  
 I have sought, but I seek it vainly,  
 That one lost chord divine  
 Which came from the soul of the organ  
 And entered into mine.

It may be that death's bright angel  
 Will speak in that chord again ;  
 It may be that only in heaven  
 I shall hear that grand Amen.

ADELAIDE A. PROCTOR.

### "PLEASE TO SAY AMEN."

**I**N the bonny Scottish Highlands  
 At a manse I was a guest—  
 All the land a flush of heather,  
 Glowing sweet the summer weather,  
 Filling me with balm and rest.

Seven precious little children  
 Made a heaven of the manse,  
 With their coaxes, loves and kisses,  
 Singing ecstasies and blisses,  
 Ever circling in a dance.

Jessie was my dove, my darling,  
 Oh, she came from elfin land !  
 With her eyes of starry splendor,  
 Rosy mouth so sweet and tender,  
 Little queen of all the band.

To the kirk upon the Sunday  
 Jessie took me o'er the lea.  
 Soon her golden head low bending,  
 Soft she whispered, " Now descending  
 Holy Spirit, come to me."

Then she said, her eyes uplifted  
 Bright with the momentous news,  
 " My papa it is who preaches,  
 And the *gospital* he teaches  
 To the people in the pews.

" That *big bookie* is the Bible ;  
 It was written long ago.  
 Now the bell has ceased its ringing,  
 We'll have praying, we'll have singing,  
 Like a little heaven below."

So that lovely wee thing taught me,  
 And of earthly thoughts beguiled ;  
 There I listened to the preaching,  
 But the *gospital*, the teaching,  
 Was from heaven through the child.

At the quiet manse that evening  
 Came an aged friend to stay ;  
 All the bonny bairns before us,  
 And the moonlight flooding o'er us,  
 Knelt he slowly down to pray.

Jessie nestled close beside me,  
 Tiny hands were folded tight,  
 Baby face composed so quaintly,  
 Clothed upon with whiteness saintly,  
 By the mystic sweet moonlight.

Long and solemn was the praying,  
 Then there came a gentle touch.  
 " I'll be quiet as a mousie,  
 But oh, never in my housie  
 Did my papa pray so much !"

Soft she rose—I never hindering—  
 Stepping light on tiptoe then  
 Crept she close where he was praying,  
 In his ear she whispered, saying,  
 " Oh sir, please to say Amen !"

" From the mouths of babes and sucklings  
 Hast thou, Father, perfect praise."  
 Rather say " Amen " when weary,  
 Than to render homage dreary  
 To the Author of our days.

### THE OLD MAN IN THE NEW CHURCH.

**T**HEY'VE left the old church, Nancy, and  
 gone into a new ;  
 There's paintings on the windows, and  
 cushions in each pew ;  
 I looked up at the shepherd, then around upon the  
 sheep,  
 And thought what great inducements for the  
 drowsy ones to sleep.

Yes ! When I saw the cushions, and the flowers  
 fine and gay,  
 In all the sisters' bonnets, I couldn't help but  
 say,  
 " Must I be carried to the skies on flowery beds  
 of ease  
 While others fought to win the prize and sailed  
 through bloody seas ?"

The preacher read the good old hymns sung in our  
 youthful days—  
 " Oh for a thousand tongues to sing my great Re-  
 deemer's praise !"  
 And, though a thousand tongues were there, they  
 didn't catch the fire,  
 And so the good old hymn was sung by a new-  
 fangled choir.

I doubt not but the people called the music very  
 fine,  
 But if they heard a word they said, they've better  
 ears than mine ;  
 For the new tune in the new church was a very  
 twisting thing,  
 And not much like the tunes of old that Christians  
 used to sing.



Why, Nancy, in the good old times, the singing  
sounded more  
Like the noise of many waters as they beat upon  
the shore ;

"The Lord's ear is not heavy." He can hear a  
sinner's cry  
"In a church that is not painted like a rainbow in  
the sky ;



For everybody knew the tunes, and everybody  
sang,  
And the churches, though not quite so fine, with  
hallelujahs rang.  
Now I'm not an old foggy, but I sometimes want to  
scold,  
When I see our people leave good ways simply be-  
cause they're old ;  
I've served the Lord nigh forty years, and, till I'm  
'neath the sod,  
I shall always love the simple, good old ways of  
serving God.

"The Lord's arm is not shortened." He will  
save a sinner, now,  
Though he may in lonely hovel, on a cold earth-  
altar bow.  
But they've left the old church, Nancy, and gone  
into a new,  
And I fear they've gone in more for style than for  
the good and true ;  
And, from what little I heard said I fear that, sad-  
der yet,  
In beating other churches, they've got badly into  
debt.

We didn't think of lotteries and grab-bags, years ago,  
 As means of raising money to make a better show;  
 When the church demanded dollars, we all, with one accord,  
 Put our hands down in our pockets and gave them to the Lord.

While I sat there at the meetin', looking 'round from pew to pew,  
 I saw no familiar faces, for the faces all were new;  
 When the services were ended all the members passed me by;  
 None were there to greet the old man with gray hairs and failing eye.

Then I knew that God had taken to the temple in the skies  
 All the soldiers that with you and I fought hard to win the prize;  
 I some doubt if Christians now-a-days will reach the gates of gold  
 Any better in the new ways than they did in the old.

For the Lord looks not on tinsel; His spirit will depart  
 When the love of worldly grandeur takes possession of the heart;  
 Oh! I know the Lord of glory will pass through a hovel door,  
 Sooner than through temple portals where are no seats for the poor.

In a little while, dear Nancy, we will lay our armor down,  
 And from the King Eternal we'll receive our starry crown;  
 Then we'll meet the blessed pilgrims that we worshipped with of old,  
 And we'll worship there, together, in the city built of gold.

JOHN H. YATES.

#### SOMETIME, SOMEWHERE.

UNANSWERED yet! The prayer your lips have pleaded

In agony of heart, these many years?  
 Does faith begin to fail, is hope departing,  
 And think you all in vain those falling tears?  
 Say not the Father hath not heard your prayer;  
 You shall have your desire, sometime, somewhere.

Unanswered yet? though when you first presented  
 This one petition to the Father's throne,  
 It seemed you could not wait the time of asking,  
 So urgent was your heart to make it known.  
 Though years have passed since then, do not despair;  
 The Lord will answer you sometime, somewhere.

Unanswered yet? Nay, do not say, ungranted!  
 Perhaps your part is not yet wholly done.  
 The work began when first your prayer was uttered,  
 And God will finish what He has begun.  
 If you will keep the incense burning there,  
 His glory you shall see, sometime, somewhere,

Unanswered yet? Faith cannot be unanswered,  
 Her feet are firmly planted on the Rock;  
 Amid the wildest storms she stands undaunted,  
 Nor quails before the loudest thunder shock.  
 She knows Omnipotence has heard her prayer,  
 And cries, "It shall be done, sometime, somewhere."  
 ROBERT BROWNING.

#### HEAVENWARD.

SO many hills arising, green and gray,  
 On earth's large round, and that one hill to say:

"I was his bearing place!" On earth's wide breast

So many maids! And she—of all most blest—  
 Heavily mounting Bethlehem, to be  
 His mother!—Holy Maid of Galilee!  
 Hill with the olives and the little town!  
 If rivers from their crystal founts flow down,  
 If 'twas the dawn which did day's gold unbar  
 Ye were beginnings of the best we are,  
 The most we see, the highest that we know,  
 The lifting heavenward of man's life below.

Heaven aglow!  
 And the mild burden of its minstrelsy;  
 Peace beginning to be,  
 Deep as the sleep of the sea  
 When the stars their faces glass  
 In its blue tranquillity;  
 Hearts of men upon earth  
 From the first to the second birth  
 To rest as the wild waters rest  
 With the colors of heaven on their breast.  
 SIR EDWIN ARNOLD.

#### A LITTLE DREAM.

THESE years of life! What do they seem?  
 A little dream

Of pain and pleasure blent together;  
 A time of sharply changing weather,  
 When brilliant sunbeams gleam and die  
 On heavy storm-clouds sailing by—

Where falling tears  
 Are bright with hope and cold with fears.  
 What shall the future progress be  
 Of life with me?

God knows. I roll on Him my care;  
 Night is not night if He be there.  
 When daylight is no longer mine,  
 And stars forbidden are to shine,  
 I'll turn my eyes  
 To where eternal days shall rise.



## THE WIDOW'S LIGHTHOUSE.

IT is related that on a small, and rocky, and almost inaccessible island, is the residence of a poor widow. The passage of the place is exceedingly dangerous to vessels, and her cottage is called the "Lighthouse," from the fact that she uniformly keeps a lamp burning in her little window at night. Early and late she may be seen trimming her lamp with oil, lest some misguided bark may perish through her neglect. For this she asks no reward. But her kindness stops not here. When any vessel is wrecked, she rests not till the chilled mariners come ashore to share her little board, and be warmed by her glowing fire. This poor woman in her younger, perhaps not happier days, though happy they must have been, for sorrow cannot lodge in such a heart, witnessed her husband struggling with the waves and swallowed up by the remorseless billows,

"In sight of home and friends who thronged to save."

This directed her benevolence towards those who brave the dangers of the deep; this prompted her present devoted and solitary life, in which her only, her sufficient enjoyment is in doing good. Sweet and blessed fruit of bereavement! What beauty is here! a loveliness I would little speak of, but more revere! a flower crushed indeed, yet sending forth its fragrance to all around! Truly, as the sun seems greatest in his lowest estate, so did sorrow enlarge her heart and make her appear the more noble, the lower it brought her down. We cannot think she was unhappy, though there was a remembered grief in her heart. A grieved heart may be a richly stored one. Where charity abounds, misery cannot.

"Such are the tender woes of love,  
Fostering the heart, they bend."

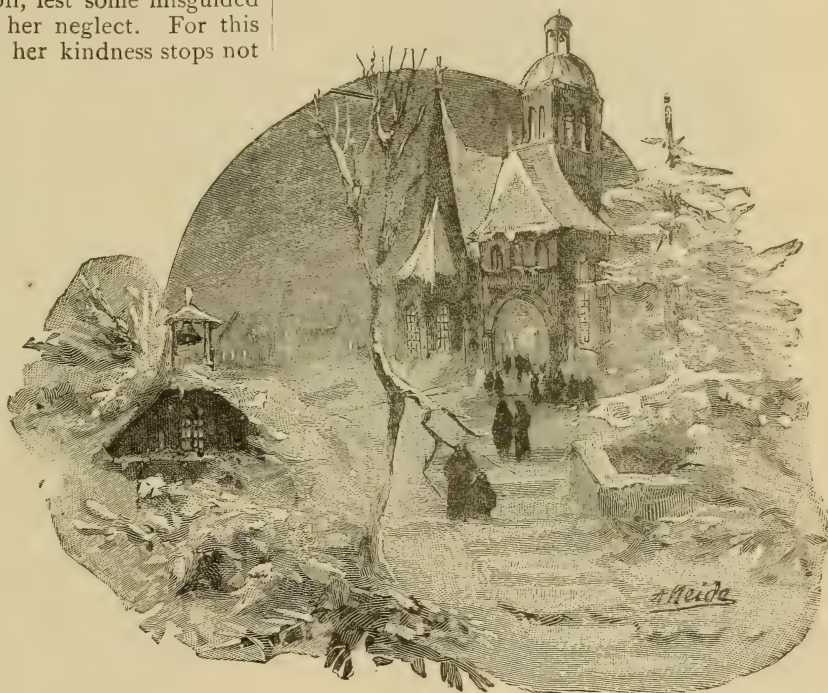
HERMAN HOOKER.

## A CHRISTMAS CAROL.

IN the bleak midwinter  
Frosty wind made moan;  
Earth stood hard as iron,  
Water like to stone;

Snow had fallen, snow on snow,  
Snow on snow,  
In the bleak midwinter  
Long ago.

Our God, heaven cannot hold Him,  
Nor earth sustain;  
Heaven and earth shall flee away  
When He comes to reign;



In the bleak midwinter  
A stable-place sufficed  
The Lord God Almighty—  
Jesus Christ.

Enough of Him, whom cherubim  
Worship night and day;  
A breastful of milk  
And a manger of hay  
Enough for Him whom angels  
Fall down before,  
The ox and ass and camel  
Which adore.

Angels and archangels  
May have gathered there,  
Cherubim and seraphim  
Thronged the air;  
But only His mother  
In her maiden bliss  
Worshipped the beloved  
With a kiss.

What can I give Him,  
 Poor as I am?  
 If I were a shepherd  
 I would bring a lamb,  
 If I were a wise man  
 I would do my part—  
 Yet what I can I give Him?  
 Give my heart.

CHRISTINA G. ROSSETTI.



RUTH.

**P**EACE to the true man's ashes! weep for those  
 Whose days in old delusions have grown dim;  
 Such lives as his are triumphs, and their close  
 An immortality: weep not for him.

As feathers wafted from the eagle's wings  
 Lie bright among the rocks they cannot warm,  
 So lie the flowery lays that genius brings,  
 In the cold turf that wraps his honored form.

A practical rebuker of vain strife,  
 Bolder in deeds than words, from beardless youth  
 To the white hairs of age, he made his life  
 A beautiful consecration to the truth.

ALICE CARY.

#### IN ANSWER.

“**M**ADAM, we miss the train at B——.”  
 “But can't you make it, sir?” she  
 gasped.

“Impossible; it leaves at three,  
 And we are due a quarter past.”

“Is there no way? O, tell me, then,  
 Are you a Christian?” “I am not.”

“And are there none among the men  
 Who run the train?” “No—I forgot—

I think this fellow over here,  
 Oiling the engine, claims to be.”

She threw upon the engineer  
 A fair face, white with agony.

“Are you a Christian?” “Yes, I am.”

“Then, O sir, won't you pray with me,  
 All the long way, that God will stay,  
 That God will hold the train at B——?”

“'Twill do no good, it's due at three  
 And”—“Yes, but God *can* hold the train;  
 My dying child is calling me.

And I *must* see her face again.  
 O, *won't* you pray?” “I will,” a nod  
 Emphatic, as he takes his place.

When Christians grasp the arm of God  
 They grasp the power that rules the rod.

Out from the station swept the train,  
 On time, swept on past wood and lea;  
 The engineer, with cheeks aflame,  
 Prayed, “O Lord, hold the train at B——.”  
 Then flung the throttle wide, and like  
 Some giant monster of the plain,  
 With panting sides and mighty strides,  
 Past hill and valley, swept the train.

A half, a minute, two are gained;  
 Along those burnished lines of steel  
 His glances leap, each nerve is strained,  
 And still he prays with fervent zeal.  
 Heart, hand, and brain, with one accord,  
 Work while his prayer ascends to heaven,  
 “Just hold the train eight minutes, Lord,  
 And I'll make up the other seven.”

With rush and roar through meadow lands,  
 Past cottage homes and green hillsides,  
 The panting thing obeys his hands,  
 And speeds along with giant strides.  
 They say an accident delayed  
 The train a little while; but He  
 Who listened while His children prayed,  
 In answer, held the train at B——.

ROSE HARTWICK THORPE.

#### SOMETIME.

**S**OMETIME, dear heart, yes, sometime,  
 The brighter days will come,  
 And floods of golden sunlight  
 Will flash across thy gloom.

Sometime for thee will open  
 The fairest flowers that be,  
 And sometime in the future  
 The birds will sing for thee.

To all there comes a morning  
 Who wait the end of night—  
 For every hour of darkness  
 There dawneth one of light.

Then, oh, my heart, take courage,  
 The east begins to glow—  
 'Tis always morning somewhere,  
 'Twill come to thee I know.





I SAT at an open window,  
 Alone in a city street,  
 And thought of the far-off meadows,  
 Where blossoms and grass were sweet;  
 Till the murmur of lovers straying,  
 At home on the daisied lea,  
 And the songs of the children playing  
 Came back in a dream to me.

My soul was weary longing,  
 The meaning of life was dim,  
 But angels came in the twilight  
 To sing me a vesper hymn;  
 There were voices floating, and thrilling  
 My heart in its silent gloom,  
 As they came through the casement, filling  
 With music that dusky room.

They sang of the sheep that wandered,  
 Now safe in the blessed fold;  
 Of new love sweeter and purer  
 Than all that we dreamed of old;  
 Of the golden links that were shattered,  
 Now joined in one glorious chain;  
 Of the dear ones parted and scattered,  
 All gathered and found again.

Sweet sisters, singing at even  
 To gladden a stranger's breast!  
 Their song was a song of heaven,  
 A message of bliss and rest;

Of saints from the shadows ascended  
 They sang to the watcher here;  
 And long ere their anthem was ended  
 The meaning of life was clear.

SARAH DOUDNEY.

#### THE WELL OF LOCH MAREE.

CALM on the breast of Loch Maree  
 A little isle reposes;  
 A shadow woven of the oak  
 And willow o'er it closes.

Within, a Druid's mound is seen,  
 Set round with stony warders;  
 A fountain, gushing through the turf,  
 Flows o'er its grassy-borders.

And whoso bathes therein his brow,  
 With care or madness burning,  
 Feels once again his healthful thought  
 And sense of peace returning.

O! restless heart and fevered brain,  
 Unquiet and unstable,  
 That holy well of Loch Maree  
 Is more than idle fable!

Life's changes vex, its discords stun,  
 Its glaring sunshine blindeth,  
 And blest is he who on his way  
 That fount of healing findeth!

The shadows of a humbled will  
 And contrite heart are o'er it:  
 Go read its legend—"TRUST IN GOD"—  
 On Faith's white stones before it.  
 J. G. WHITTIER.

### THE CHRISTIAN'S WARFARE.

**S**OLDIER go—but not to claim  
 Mouldering spoils of earth-born treasure;  
 Not to build a vaunting name,  
 Not to dwell in tents of pleasure.  
 Dream not that the way is smooth,  
 Hope not that the thorns are roses:  
 Turn no wishful eye of youth  
 Where the sunny beam reposes:—  
 Thou hast sterner work to do,  
 Hosts to cut thy passage through  
 Close behind thee gulfs are burning—  
 Forward! there is no returning.

Soldier rest—but not for thee  
 Spreads the world her downy pillow;  
 On the rock thy couch must be,  
 While around thee chafes the billow:  
 Thine must be a watchful sleep,  
 Wearier than another's waking;  
 Such a charge as thou dost keep  
 Brooks no moment of forsaking.  
 Sleep as on the battle-field,  
 Girded—grasping sword and shield.  
 Those thou canst not name nor number  
 Steal upon thy broken slumber.

Soldier, rise!—the war is done,  
 Lo! the hosts of hell are flying;  
 'Twas thy Lord the battle won;  
 Jesus vanquished them by dying.  
 Pass the stream—before thee lies  
 All the conquered land of glory;  
 Hark what songs of rapture rise,  
 These proclaim the victor's story.  
 Soldier, lay thy weapon down;  
 Quit the cross and take the crown:  
 Triumph! all thy foes are banished,  
 Death is slain and earth has vanished.  
 CHARLOTTE E. TONNA.

### THE MAGI'S GIFTS.

**T**WO thousand years have rolled around  
 Since, strangely led, the Magi found  
 The Babe of Bethlehem's retreat  
 And bowed in worship at His feet;  
 Then sealed their worship, we are told,  
 With myrrh, and frankincense, and gold—  
 A Gentile hand the first to bring  
 An offering to the new-born King!

Whence came the gold, perhaps none knew,  
 Nor whence the fragrant perfume grew;

But sure it is, no gold more fine  
 Was ever dug from Ophir's mine;  
 Nor since has Orient sun and air  
 Distilled a perfume half so rare,  
 Save that which loving Mary poured  
 Upon the head of Christ her Lord.

The child-King's hands, too small to lift,  
 They barely touch the Magi's gift,  
 But lo! what light illumines each gem  
 Touched by the Babe of Bethlehem!  
 Far down the years it sheds its ray,  
 Dissolving darkness into day.  
 O, Magi's gold! what alchemist  
 E'er dreamed of such a change as this:

Nor did the frankincense that shed  
 Its perfume o'er the infant's bed,  
 Its fragrance lose by night or day,  
 But, as the ages passed away,  
 Its hallowed sweetness filled the air  
 That man might breathe it everywhere.  
 Its scented breath diffuses wide  
 And sweetens now our Christmastide.

Dear Lord, we may not bring Thee much.  
 Transmute it, Master, by Thy touch;  
 Purge out the dross of selfish thought,  
 With which our gifts so oft are fraught;  
 And though we cannot bring the gold  
 Nor frankincense like them of old,  
 Take Thou our lives and let them be,  
 A living incense, Lord, for Thee.

S. C. KIRK.

### ANGEL GUARDIANS.

**B**RAVE hearts that wage a never-ending strife  
 Against temptations manifold and large,  
 Concerning ye, so saith the Book of Life,  
 God gives His angels charge.

Ye who proclaim the story sweet of old,  
 To spread Christ's love, wide as the world is  
 wide,  
 In danger, weariness and want—behold  
 The angels at your side.

Ye sinners who have drained the bitter cup,  
 But now, repentant, mourn and weep o'er sin,  
 Despair not *now!* look up—to Christ look up!  
 And let the angels in!

And ye who serve the Master here below  
 In sweet humility and holy fear,  
 Be strong to bear the burden of earth's woe,  
 God's angels hover near!

What need ye dread, O servants of the King?  
 Though dangers menace, imminent and large;  
 O'er ye to bend upon protecting wing,  
 "He gives His angels charge."

BEATRICE CLAYTON.



## WHAT WAS HIS CREED?

HE left a load of anthracite  
 In front of a poor widow's door  
 When the deep snow, frozen and  
 white  
 Wrapped street and square, mountain and  
 moor—  
 That was his deed:  
 He did it well;  
 "What was his creed?"  
 I cannot tell.

Blessed "in his basket and his store,"  
 In sitting down and rising up;  
 When more he got he gave the more,  
 Withholding not the crust and cup;  
 He took the lead  
 In each good task;  
 "What was his creed?"  
 I did not ask.

His charity was like the snow,  
 Soft, white, and silken in its fall;  
 Not like the noisy winds that blow  
 From shivering trees the leaves; a pall  
 For flower and weed,  
 Dropping below;  
 "What was his creed?"  
 The poor may know.

He had great faith in loaves of bread  
 For hungry people, young and old;  
 And hope inspired, kind words he said,  
 To those he sheltered from the cold,  
 For he must feed  
 As well as pray;  
 "What was his creed?"  
 I cannot say.

In words he did not put his trust,  
 In faith his words he never writ;  
 He loved to share his cup and crust  
 With all mankind who needed it;  
 In time of need  
 A friend was he;  
 "What was his creed?"  
 He told not me.

He put his trust in Heaven, and  
 Worked right well with hand and head;  
 And what he gave in charity  
 Sweetened his sleep and daily bread.  
 Let us take heed,  
 For life is brief;  
 "What was his creed?"  
 "What was his belief?"

## GETTIN' RELIGION.

AIN'T much on religion, nor prayer-meeting  
 beside.  
 I've never jined the church as yet, nor ain't  
 been sanctified;  
 But a tender sort of feeling draws me nearer to  
 the skies,  
 Since I got a peep of heaven through a pair of  
 trusting eyes.

Time was when nothing moved my thoughts above  
 this sinful world;  
 No preacher's words could stir me up, in wrath  
 an' fury hurled;  
 But lately I've been drifting nigher to the better land,  
 And the force that leads me upward is a little  
 dimpled hand.

Seems like the bad thoughts sneak away, with that  
 wee chap hard by;  
 And cuss words that were handy once won't come  
 when he is nigh;  
 Fact is, it sort o' shames me to see those clear,  
 blue eyes  
 Look at me (when I'm gettin riled) in pity an'  
 surprise.

I don't know much of heaven or angels an' such  
 things;  
 But somehow, when I picture 'em, it ain't with  
 harps and wings;  
 But with yeller curls all tangled, and tender eyes  
 that shine,  
 An' lips that's soft and loving, like that little  
 chap of mine.

Then, when he folds his dimpled hands, in his  
 little bed at night,  
 An' whispers, "Now I lay me," why thar's some-  
 thing ails my sight,  
 An' my throat gits sort of husky when he blesses  
 me, an' then  
 I'm dead sure I've got religion by the time he  
 says, "Amen!" IDA G. MORRIS.

## HEAVEN OVERARCHES.

LAST POEM OF THE GIFTED AUTHOR.

HEAVEN overarches earth and sea.  
 Earth-sadness and sea-bitterness,  
 Heaven overarches you and me;  
 A little while and we shall be—  
 Please God—where there is no more sea  
 Nor barren wilderness.

Heaven overarches you and me,  
 And all earth's gardens and her graves.  
 Look up with me, until we see  
 The daybreak and the shadows flee,  
 What though to-night wrecks you and me,  
 If so to-morrow saves!

CHRISTINA G. ROSSETTI.



The quality of mercy is not strained ;  
It droppeth as the gentle dew from heaven  
Upon the place beneath : it is twice blessed ;  
It blesseth him that gives, and him that takes :  
'Tis mightiest in the mightiest ; it becomes  
The throned monarch better than his crown.

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

#### BEYOND.

**A** WANDERER far in the gloomy night  
Had traversed his way, alone ;  
Nor compass, nor chart, nor beacon light,  
On his tortuous pathway shone ;  
And the storm came on, like a demon's tread,  
And the labors of man were tost  
On the seething tempest, as hope were fled,  
And the weary soul were lost ;  
But soft through that tempest's billowy wrath,  
A bright ray glinted across the path ;  
Like the voice of an angel, far and free,  
Rang "Near—er, my God, to Thee—  
Near—er to Thee !"

The rage of that tempest, fierce and wild,  
Like the marshaled hosts of wrong,  
Dispelled, as the voice of the gentle child  
Continued its heaven-taught song.  
And the wanderer bravely struggled on  
Toward that doubly sacred goal,  
For the blissful light of a perfect dawn  
Had gladdened his eager soul ;  
He stood, transfixed by a mystic spell,  
As the song like an inspiration fell :  
"Still—all—my—song—shall—be,  
Near—er, my God, to Thee—  
Near—er to Thee !"

Oh, thus do the bitter storms conceal  
The light of a perfect day ;  
Thus does the sacred song reveal  
Hope's beauteous beacon ray ;

Gethsemane heard the pilgrim's cry  
That echoed in worlds above ;  
The thunders that crashed from Sinai  
But opened the gates of love ;  
The song that is echoing down the years,  
With their heaving tempest of doubts and fears,  
The wanderer's compass and chart shall be !  
"Near—er, my God, to Thee—  
Near—er to Thee !"

#### MARY MAGDAEEN.

FROM THE SPANISH.

**B**LESSED, yet sinful one, and broken-hearted !  
The crowd are pointing at the thing forlorn,  
In wonder and in scorn !  
Thou weapest days of innocence departed ;  
Thou weapest, and thy tears have power to move  
The Lord to pity and love.

The greatest of thy follies is forgiven,  
Even for the least of all the tears that shine  
On that pale cheek of thine.  
Thou didst kneel down, to Him who came from  
heaven,  
Evil and ignorant, and thou shalt rise  
Holy, and pure, and wise.

It is not much that to the fragrant blossom  
The ragged brier should change ; the bitter fir  
Distil Arabian myrrh !  
Nor that, upon the wintry desert's bosom,  
The harvest should rise plenteous, and the swain  
Bear home the abundant grain.

But come and see the bleak and barren mountains  
Thick to their tops with roses ; come and see  
Leaves on the dry dead tree ;  
The perished plant, set out by living fountains,  
Grows fruitful, and its beauteous branches rise,  
For ever, toward the skies.

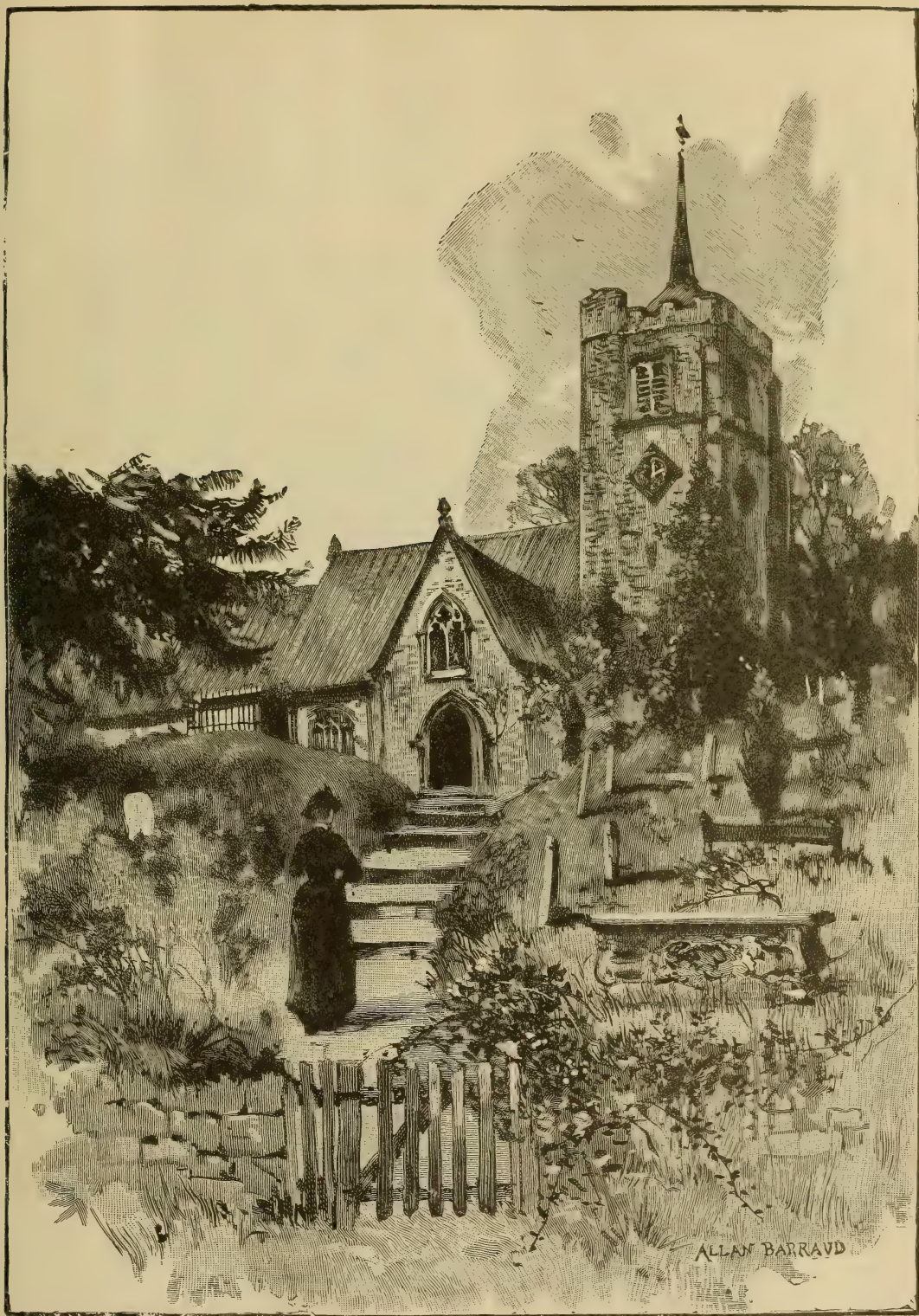
W. C. BRYANT.

#### THE QUAKER OF THE OLDEN TIME.

**T**HE Quaker of the olden time !—  
How calm and firm and true,  
Unspotted by its wrong and crime,  
He walked the dark earth through ;  
The lust of power, the love of gain,  
The thousand lures of sin  
Around him, had no power to stain  
The purity within.

With that deep insight which detects  
All great things in the small,  
And knows how each man's life affects  
The spiritual life of all,  
He walked by faith and not by sight,  
By love and not by law ;  
The presence of the wrong or right  
He rather felt than saw.





THE OLD BEDFORD CHURCH.



He felt that wrong with wrong partakes,  
 That nothing stands alone,  
 That whoso gives the motive, makes  
 His brother's sin his own.  
 And, pausing not for doubtful choice  
 Of evils great or small,  
 He listened to that inward voice  
 Which called away from all.

from their habitations, and, with solemn demeanor, bend their measured steps to the meeting-house;—the families of the minister, the squire, the doctor, the merchant, the modest gentry of the village, and the mechanic and laborer, all arrayed in their best, all meeting on even ground, and all with that consciousness of independence and equality, which breaks down the pride of the rich,



Oh! Spirit of that early day,  
 So pure and strong and true,  
 Be with us in the narrow way  
 Our faithful fathers knew.  
 Give strength the evil to forsake,  
 The cross of truth to bear,  
 And love and reverent fear to make  
 Our daily lives a prayer!

J. G. WHITTIER.

#### A SABBATH IN THE COUNTRY.

THE Sabbath morning is as peaceful as the first hallowed day. Not a human sound is heard without the dwellings, and, but for the lowing of the herds, the crowing of the cocks, and the gossiping of the birds, animal life would seem to be extinct, till, at the bidding of the church-going bell, the old and young issue

and rescues the poor from servility, envy, and discontent. If a morning salutation is reciprocated, it is in a suppressed voice; and if, perchance, nature, in some reckless urchin, burst forth in laughter—"My dear, you forget it's Sunday," is the ever-ready reproof.

Though every face wears a solemn aspect, yet we once chanced to see even a deacon's muscles relaxed by the wit of a neighbor, and heard him allege, in a half-deprecating, half-laughing voice, "The squire is so droll, that a body must laugh, though it be Sabbath-day."

Towards the close of the day (or to borrow a phrase descriptive of his feelings, who first used it), "when the Sabbath begins to *abate*," the children cluster about the windows. Their eyes wander from their catechism to the western sky, and, though it seems to them as if the sun would never disappear, his broad disk does slowly sink behind



the mountain ; and, while his last ray still lingers on the eastern summits, merry voices break forth, and the ground resounds with bounding footsteps. The village belle arrays herself for her twilight walk ; the boys gather on "the green ;" the lads and girls throng to the "singing school ;" while some coy maiden lingers at home, awaiting her expected suitor ; and all enter upon the pleasures of the evening with as keen a relish as if the day had been a preparatory penance.

CATHERINE M. SEDGWICK.

### THE FOLD.

WHEN God shall ope the gates of gold,  
The portals of the heavenly fold,  
And bid his flock find pasture wide  
Upon a new earth's green hillside,

What poor strayed sheep shall thither fare,  
Black-smirched beneath the sunny air,  
To wash away in living springs  
The mud and mire of earthly things !

What lonely ewes with eyes forlorn,  
With weary feet and fleeces torn,  
To whose shorn back no wind was stayed,  
Nor any rough ways smooth were made :

What happy little lambs shall leap  
To those sad ewes and spattered sheep,  
With gamesome feet and joyful eyes,  
From years of play in Paradise !

The wind is chill, the hour is late ;  
Haste Thee, dear Lord, undo the gate,  
For grim wolf-sorrows prowl and range  
These bitter hills of chance and change :

And from the barren wilderness  
With homeward face Thy flocks do press :  
Their worn bells ring a jangled chime—  
Shepherd, come forth, 'tis eventime.

### THE GOLDEN STREET.

THE toil is very long and I am tired :  
Oh, Father, I am weary of the way !  
Give me that rest I have so long desired ;  
Bring me that Sabbath's cool, refreshing day,  
And let the fever of my world-worn feet  
Press the cool smoothness of the golden street.

Tired,—very tired ! And I at times have seen,  
When the far pearly gates were open thrown  
For those who walked no more with me, the green  
Sweet foliage of the trees that there alone  
At last wave over those whose world-worn feet  
Press the cool smoothness of the golden street.

When the gates open, and before they close—  
Sad hours but holy—I have watched the tide  
Whose living crystal there forever flows  
Before the throne, and sadly have I sighed

To think how long until *my* world-worn feet  
Press the cool smoothness of the golden street.

They shall not wander from that blessed way ;—  
Nor heat, nor cold, nor weariness, nor sin,  
Nor any clouds in that eternal day  
Trouble *them* more who once have entered in ;  
But all is rest to them whose world-worn feet  
Press the cool smoothness of the golden street

Thus the gates close and I behold no more,—  
Though, as I walk, they open oftener now  
For those who leave me and go on before ;—  
And I am lonely also while I bow  
And think of those dear souls whose world-  
worn feet  
Press the cool smoothness of the golden street.

Tired, very tired !—but I will patient be,  
Nor will I murmur at the weary way :  
I too shall walk beside the crystal sea,  
And pluck the ripe fruit, all that God-lit day,  
When Thou, O Lord, shalt let my world-worn  
feet  
Press the cool smoothness of the golden street.

WILLIAM O. STODDARD.

### EMPTY PRAYERS.

I DO not like to hear him pray—  
"Let blessings on the widow be,"  
Who never seeks her home to say—  
"If want o'ertakes you, come to me."  
I hate the prayer, so long and loud,  
That's offered for the orphan's weal,  
By him who sees him crushed by wrong,  
And only with his lips doth feel.

I do not like to hear her pray,  
With jeweled ears and silken dress,  
Whose washerwoman toils all day,  
And then is asked to "work for less."  
Such pious shavers I despise ;  
With folded arms and face demure,  
They lift to heaven their "angel" eyes,  
Then steal the earnings of the poor.

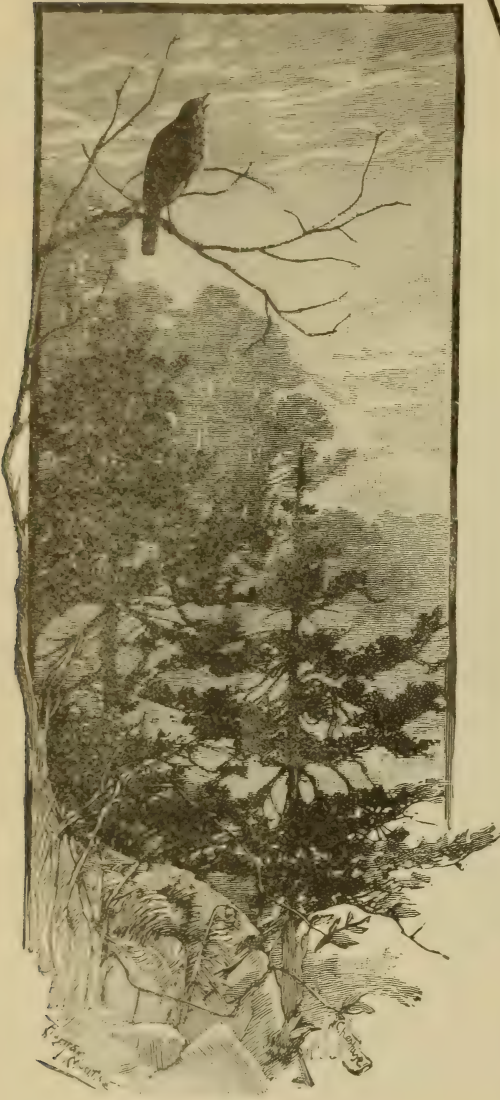
### OH, FOR THE BRIDAL FEAST.

O H for the robes of whiteness !  
Oh for the tearless eyes !  
Oh for the glorious brightness  
Of the unclouded skies !  
Oh for the no more weeping  
Within the land of love,  
The endless joy of keeping  
The bridal feast above.

CHARITIE L. SMITH.

## PRAYER AND POTATOES.

These quaint lines are said to have formed a part of a charity sermon preached at Dorchester, Mass.



WITH troubled face and neglected hair,  
An old dame sat in her old arm-chair,  
And wearily sighed, "Potatoes!"  
For days and for weeks her meagre fare,  
As she sat alone in her old arm-chair,  
Had been nothing at all but potatoes.

And now they were finished: bad or good,  
There remained for to-day's and to-morrow's food  
Not one of her stock of potatoes.  
And she shook her head and she murmured, "Oh!  
Where shall I send? to whom shall I go  
For another supply of potatoes?"

And she thought of the deacon over the way—  
The deacon so ready to worship and pray,  
Whose cellar was full of potatoes.  
Said she, "I'll send for the deacon—yes!  
He'll never grudge me a few, I guess,  
Out of such a store of potatoes."

The deacon came over as fast as he could,  
Rejoiced at a chance of doing her good,  
But never once thought of potatoes.  
"Now, tell me," said he, "the chief want of your soul;"  
And she, good woman, expecting a dole,  
Immediately said "Potatoes."

But the deacon's religion went not that way;  
He was more accustomed to preach and pray  
Than to give of his hoarded potatoes;  
Not catching at all what the old dame said,  
He rose to pray with uncovered head—  
But she only thought of potatoes.

He prayed for wisdom and truth and grace:  
"Lord, send her light from Thy holy place!"  
She murmured, "Oh, send potatoes!"  
And still at the close of each prayer he said,  
He heard, or fancied he heard, instead  
This strange request for potatoes.

The deacon got into quite a fuss—  
It was awful that folks should be thinking thus  
About perishing, carnal potatoes!  
He slammed the door—for his wrath was stirred—  
And lo! as it closed, a groan he heard,  
"Oh, give the hungry potatoes!"

It followed him home to his cosy room,  
It haunted his soul in the midnight gloom,  
"Oh, give the hungry potatoes!"  
He could bear it no longer—he rose and dressed,  
And took from his cellar a bag of his best,  
His finest and best potatoes.

Again he went to the widow's hut;  
Her weary eyes she had never shut;  
Still there she sat in her old arm-chair,

With the same wan features, the same sad air;  
So, entering in, from his goodly store  
A bushel or more he poured on the floor,  
Of the pick of his prime potatoes.

The widow's heart leaped up at the sight;  
Her brow smoothed out and her eyes grew  
bright.  
"Now," said the deacon, "we'll kneel and pray."  
"Yes," said the widow, "now you may."



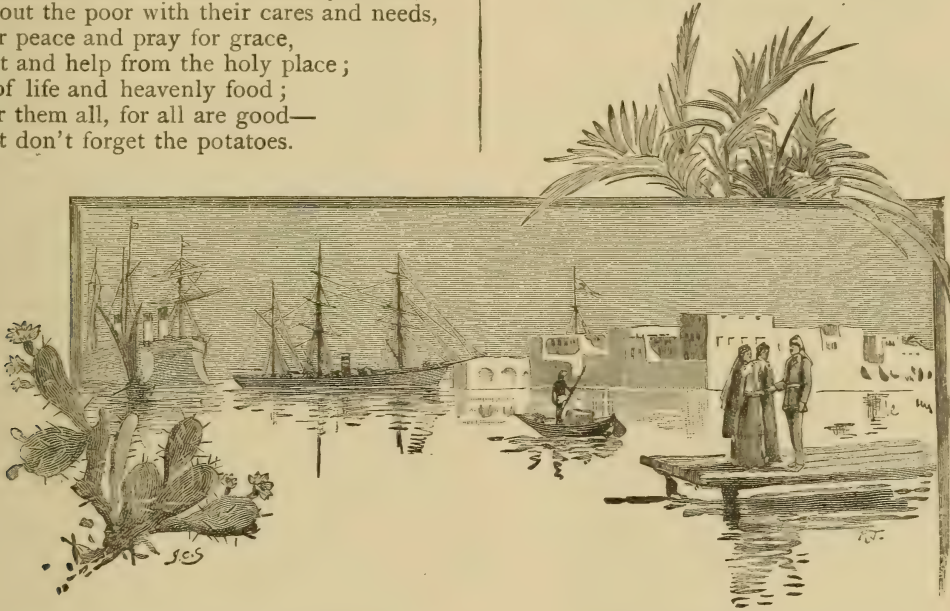
So he kneeled him down on the sanded floor  
Which the cheery potatoes had trundled o'er,  
And such a prayer the deacon prayed  
As never before his lips essayed ;  
Stinted and slow it was wont to be,  
But now from his soul the prayer gushed free :  
To his softened eyes the tears must start ;  
"Amen" came up from the widow's heart—  
But never a word of potatoes.

Would you, good people, who hear my tale  
Pray for the poor, and, praying, "prevail?"  
Then preface your prayers with kindly deeds ;  
Search out the poor with their cares and needs,  
Pray for peace and pray for grace,  
Comfort and help from the holy place ;  
Water of life and heavenly food ;  
Pray for them all, for all are good—  
But don't forget the potatoes.

"Isaac! my only son!"—The boy looked up,  
And Abraham turned his face away, and wept.  
"Where is the lamb, my father?"—Oh the tones,

The sweet, the thrilling music of a child!—  
How it doth agonize at such an hour!—  
It was the last deep struggle. Abraham held  
His loved, his beautiful, his only son,  
And he lifted up his arm, and called on God—  
And lo! God's angel stayed him—and he fell  
Upon his face, and wept.

N. P. WILLIS.



### THE SACRIFICE OF ISAAC.

IT was noon—  
And Abraham on Moriah bowed himself,  
And buried up his face, and prayed for strength.

He could not look upon his son, and pray ;  
But, with his hand upon the clustering curls  
Of the fair, kneeling boy, he prayed that God  
Would nerve him for that hour. Oh! man was made

For the stern conflict. In a mother's love  
There is more tenderness ; the thousand chords,  
Woven with every fibre of her heart,  
Complain, like delicate harp-strings, at a breath ;  
But love in man is one deep principle,  
Which, like a root grown in a rifted rock,  
Abides the tempest. He rose up, and laid

The wood upon the altar. All was done.  
He stood a moment—and a deep, quick flush  
Passed o'er his countenance ; and then he nerved  
His spirit with a bitter strength, and spoke—

### OUR BELOVED DEAD.

THEY say if our beloved dead  
Should seek the old familiar place,  
Some stranger would be there instead,  
And they would find no welcome face.

I cannot tell how it might be  
In other homes—but this I know :  
Could my lost darling come to me,  
That she would never find it so.

Ofttimes the flowers have come and gone,  
Ofttimes the winter winds have blown,  
The while her peaceful rest went on,  
And I have learned to live alone.

Have slowly learned, from day to day,  
In all life's tasks to bear my part ;  
But whether grave, or whether gay,  
I hide her memory in my heart,

Fond, faithful love has blest my way,  
And friends are round me, true and tried;  
They have their place—but hers to-day  
Is empty as the day she died.

How would I spring with bated breath,  
And joy too deep for word or sign,  
To take my darling home from death,  
And once again to call her mine.

I dare not dream—the blissful dream,  
It fills my heart with wild unrest;  
Where yonder cold white headstones gleam  
She still must slumber—God knows best.

But this I know, that those who say  
Our best beloved would find no place,  
Have never hungered every day—  
Through years and years—for one sweet face.

### NO THORN WITHOUT A ROSE.

“THERE is no rose without a thorn!”  
Who has not found this true,  
And known that griefs of gladness born  
Our footsteps still pursue?

That in the grandest harmony  
The strangest discords rise;  
The brightest bow we only trace  
Upon the darkest skies?

No thornless rose! So, more and more,  
Our pleasant hopes are laid  
Where waves this sable legend o’er  
A still sepulchral shade.

But faith and love, with angel-might,  
Break up life’s dismal tomb,  
Transmuting into golden light  
The words of leaden gloom.

Reversing all this funeral pall,  
White raiment they disclose;  
Their happy song floats full and long,  
“No thorn without a rose!”

“No shadow, but its sister light  
Not far away must burn!  
No weary night, but morning bright  
Shall follow in its turn.

“No chilly snow, but safe below,  
A million buds are sleeping;  
No wintry days, but fair spring rays  
Are swiftly onward sweeping.

“With fiercest glare of summer air  
Comes fullest leafy shade;  
And ruddy fruit bends every shoot,  
Because the blossoms fade.

“No note of sorrow but shall melt  
In sweetest chord unguessed;  
No labor all too pressing felt,  
But ends in quiet rest.

“No sigh, but from the harps above  
Soft echoing tones shall win;  
No heart-wound, but the Lord of Love  
Shall pour his comfort in.

“No withered hope, while loving best  
Thy Father’s chosen way;  
No anxious care, for he will bear  
Thy burdens every day.

“Thy claim to rest on Jesus’ breast  
All weariness shall be,  
And pain thy portal to his heart  
Of boundless sympathy.

“No conflict, but the King’s own hand  
Shall end the glorious strife;  
No death, but leads thee to the land  
Of everlasting life.”

Sweet seraph voices, faith and love!  
Sing on within our hearts  
This strain of music from above,  
Till we have learnt our parts:

Until we see your alchemy  
On all that years disclose,  
And, taught by you, still find it true,  
“No thorn without a rose!”  
FRANCES RIDLEY HAVERGAL.

### THE OUTDOOR CHURCH.

THE carven pillars of the trees,  
The flowered mosaic of the grass,  
The green transparent traceries  
Of leaf on leaf that lightly lies  
And lightly moves when breezes pass.

The anthem of the waterfall,  
My chorister the blackbird’s lay,  
And mingling with, suffusing all,  
Borne by the wind and still let fall,  
The incense of the new-mown hay:—

This is my church, my altar there;  
Here Earth the kindly mother kneels,  
Her mighty hands outspread in prayer,  
While o’er her brow the sunny air,  
A south wind full of blessing, steals.

She wraps me in her mantle-fold,  
I kneel and pray beside her there  
As children do whom mothers hold.  
And living air, and sunlight-gold,  
And wood and meadow, pray with me.

EVA KEANE.



## REST.

BEAUTIFUL toiler, thy work all done,  
 Beautiful soul into glory gone,  
 Beautiful life with its crown now won,  
 God giveth thee rest.  
 Rest from all sorrows, and watching, and fears,  
 Rest from all possible sighing and tears,  
 Rest through God's endless, wonderful years—  
 At home with the blest.

Beautiful spirit, free from all stain,  
 Ours the heartache, the sorrow and pain,  
 Thine is the glory and infinite gain—  
 Thy slumber is sweet.  
 Peace on the brow and the eyelids so calm,  
 Peace in the heart, 'neath the white folded palm,  
 Peace drooping down like a wondrous balm  
 From the head to the feet.

"It was so sudden," our white lips said,  
 "How we shall miss her, the beautiful dead,  
 Who take the place of the precious one fled;  
 But God knoweth best.  
 We know He watches the sparrows that fall,  
 Hears the sad cry of the grieved hearts that call,  
 Friends, husband, children, He loveth them all—  
 We can trust for the rest."

MARY T. LATHROP.

## THE WAY.

A WEARY, wandering soul am I,  
 O'erburthened with an earthly weight,  
 A pilgrim through the world and sky,  
 Toward the Celestial Gate.

Tell me, ye sweet and sinless flowers,  
 Who all night gaze upon the skies,  
 Have ye not in the silent hours  
 Seen aught of Paradise?

Ye birds that soar and sing, elate  
 With joy, that makes your voices strong,  
 Have ye not at the golden gate  
 Caught somewhat of your song?

Ye waters, sparkling in the morn,  
 Ye seas, which glass the starry night,  
 Have ye not from the imperial bourn  
 Caught glimpses of its light?

Ye hermit oaks, and sentinel pines,  
 Ye mountain forests old and grey,  
 In all your long and winding lines  
 Have ye not seen the way?

O moon, among thy starry bowers,  
 Know'st thou the path the angels tread?  
 Seest thou beyond thy azure towers  
 The shining gates dispread?

Ye holy spheres, that sang with earth  
 When earth was still a sinless star,  
 Have the immortals heavenly birth  
 Within your realms afar?

And thou, O sun! whose light unfurls  
 Bright banners through unnumbered skies,  
 Seest thou among thy subject worlds  
 The radiant portals rise?

All, all are mute! and still am I  
 O'erburthened with an earthly weight;  
 A pilgrim through the world and sky,  
 Toward the Celestial Gate.

No answer wheresoe'er I roam—  
 From skies afar no guiding ray;  
 But hark! the voice of Christ says, "Come!  
 Arise! I am the way!"

THOMAS B. READ.

## ONCE UPON A TIME.

ONCE upon a time life lay before me,  
 Fresh as a story untold,  
 Now so many years have traveled o'er me  
 I and the story are old.

Once upon a time my locks fell flowing,  
 Brown as yours and as bright;  
 Now so many winters coming and going  
 Have left them, you see, snow-white.

Once upon a time I, too, had a lover,  
 Gallant and full of grace;  
 Now do you think, dear, you can discover  
 Him in grandpapa's face?

Once upon a time I thought it living  
 Only to draw my breath;  
 Now I've learned that it means a striving,  
 Sometimes even to death.

Once upon a time I fell to weeping  
 If but my wish was crossed;  
 Now I can trust to a better keeping,  
 Even if all seem lost.

Once upon a time it looked so dreary  
 Ever to wait and rest;  
 Now, at last, I'm a little weary,  
 Resting a while seems best—

Waiting a while, till the great to-morrow  
 Over the hill-tops climb.  
 Joy is forever. Thank God, dear, that sorrow  
 Only is once upon a time.

LOUISA BUSHNELL.

## PEACE OF MIND.

PEACE of mind, angelic guest,  
 Thou soft companion of the breast,  
 Dispense thy balmy store!  
 Wing all our thoughts to reach the skies,  
 Till earth, receding from our eyes,  
 Shall vanish as we soar!

OLIVER GOLDSMITH.

## AN IDEAL CITIZEN.

THE ideal citizen is the man who believes that all men are brothers, and that the nation is merely an extension of his family, to be loved, respected and cared for accordingly. Such a man attends personally to all civic duties with which he deems himself charged. Those which are within his own control he would no more trust to his inferiors than he would leave the education of his children to kitchen servants. The public demands upon his time, thought and money come upon him suddenly, and often they find him ill prepared; but he nerves himself to the inevitable, knowing that in the village, State and nation any mistake or neglect upon his part must impose a penalty, sooner or later, upon those whom he loves.

JOHN HABBERTON.

## A DISTANT CAROL.

MARK,  
 Leaning from the casement dark,  
 How the keen, star-kindled light  
 Of the pulseless winter night  
 Glints upon the bosom white  
 Of the frozen earth,  
 Dread, even for that wond'rous birth,  
     Lofty, lowly,  
     Human, holy.  
 Whereat now all earth rejoices.  
 Hark! a distant choir of voices  
 In a Christmas carol blending,  
 To the sparkling sky ascending.  
 Hear the far chimes' measured ringing  
 Faintly blended with the singing;  
     Sinking, soaring,  
     Soft, adoring.  
 Midnight now hath found a tongue,  
 As though the choired stars that sung  
 High circling over them  
 That watched in Bethlehem,  
     Were echoing, echoing still,  
     Peace and good will,  
     Good will.

Peace and good will to man,  
 The voices wake again.  
 Soft chimes their tones repeat,  
 Oh, far-heard message sweet,  
     So faintly heard as yet  
     That men forget,  
     Forget.

Come nearer; louder swell!  
 Soar, voices! Peal, clear bell!  
 Wake echoes that shall last  
 Till all the year be past!  
 When yuletide comes again,  
 Still may good will to men  
     Be echoing, echoing still—  
     Peace and good will,  
     Good will!

KATHERINE VON HARLINGEN.

## I KNOW NOT THE HOUR OF HIS COMING.

I KNOW not the hour of His coming;  
 I know not the day or the year;  
 But I know that he bids me be ready  
 For the step that I sometime shall hear

I know not what lieth before me,  
 It may be all pleasure, all care;  
 But I know at the end of the journey  
 Stands the mansion He went to prepare.

And whether in joy or in sorrow,  
 Through valley, o'er mountain or hill,  
 I will walk in the light of His presence,  
 And His love all repining shall still.

I know not what duties are waiting  
 For hands that are willing and true;  
 And I ask but the strength to be faithful,  
 And do well what he gives me to do.

And if He should bid me stand idle—  
 Just waiting—in weakness and pain,  
 I have only to trust and be faithful,  
 And sometime He'll make it all plain.

And when His voice calls, in the morning,  
 At noontime, perhaps, or at night,  
 With no plea but the one, Thou hast called me,  
 I shall enter the portals of light.

EZRA HALLOCK.

## BLESSED ARE THE DEAD.

FROM THE GERMAN.

O, HOW blest are ye whose toils are ended!  
 Who, through death, have unto God  
 ascended!

Ye have risen  
 From the cares which keep us still in prison.

We are still as in a dungeon living,  
 Still oppressed with sorrow and misgiving;  
 Our undertakings  
 Are but toils, and troubles, and heart-breakings.

Ye, meanwhile, are in your chambers sleeping,  
 Quiet, and set free from all our weeping;  
 No cross nor trial  
 Hinders your enjoyments with denial.

Christ has wiped away your tears for ever;  
 Ye have that for which we still endeavor.  
 To you are chanted  
 Songs which yet no mortal ear have haunted.

Ah! who would not, then, depart with gladness,  
 To inherit heaven for earthly sadness?  
 Who here would languish  
 Longer in bewailing and in anguish?

Come, O Christ, and loose the chains that bind us!  
 Lead us forth, and cast this world behind us!  
 With Thee, the Anointed,  
 Finds the soul its joy and rest appointed.

SIMON DACH.



# WIT AND WISDOM:

COMPRISING

## SPARKLING GEMS FROM THE WORLD'S HUMORISTS.

### BILL'S IN TROUBLE!



'VE got a letter, parson, from my son away out West,  
An' my ol' heart is heavy as an anvil in my breast,  
To think the boy whose futur' I had once so proudly planned  
Should wander from the path o' right an' come to sich an end!  
I told him when he left us only three short years ago,  
He'd find himself a-plowin' in a mighty crooked row—  
He'd miss his father's counsels, an' his mother's prayers, too,  
But he said the farm was hateful, an' he guessed he'd have to go.

I know thar's big temptation for a youngster in the West,  
But I believed our Billy had the courage to resist,  
An' when he left I warned him o' the ever-waitin' snares  
That lie like hidden sarpints in life's pathway everywhere.  
But Bill he promised faithful to be keeful, an' allowed  
He'd build a reputation that 'd make us mighty proud,  
But it seems as how my counsel sort o' faded from his mind,  
An' now the boy's in trouble o' the very wustest kind!

His letters came so seldom that I somehow sort o' knowed  
That Billy was a-trampin' on a mighty rocky road,  
But never once imagined he would bow my head in shame,

An' in the dust 'd waller his ol' daddy's honored name.  
He writes from out in Denver, an' the story's mighty short;  
I just can't tell his mother; it'll crush her poor ol' heart!  
An' so I reckoned, parson, you might break the news to her—  
Bill's in the Legislatur', but he doesn't say what fur.

### JACK, WHO SEWS HIS BUTTONS ON.

**J**ACK, who sews his buttons on,  
Lives on the toppest floor,  
An' every day, before he's gone,  
We raps upon his door;  
He hollers loud: "Come right in, kids!"  
An' laughs an' says: "Take off your lids!"  
Ma says that's slang, but me an' Don  
Likes Jack, who sews his buttons on.

Sometimes to please us two he plays  
His yaller violin;  
An', say! his eyes jest seem to blaze—  
I hol' my breath right in  
An' seem to be a floatin' roun'  
In some bright place above the groun',  
A driftin' way from little Don  
With Jack, who sews his buttons on.

He does th' awful queerest things;  
He sleeps all day, 'en goes  
An' writes about th' folks what sings  
An' plays in actor shows;  
He smokes a skull pipe, an' his hair  
Is always mussed, an' he don't care  
How much we pull it—me an' Don—  
Ol' Jack, who sews his buttons on.

Ma says that he has sowed wild wheat,  
'N's a prodigious son,  
But wunst a lady, dressed so sweet,  
Went upstairs on th' run  
An' called him her'n an' burst in tears—  
An' 'en th' door shut—but it 'pears  
He wouldn't go, an' me an' Don  
Kept Jack, who sews his buttons on.

One day last week a piece ma read,  
 Near made her faint away;  
 It said 'at Jack, right from his head,  
 Had wrote a actor play,  
 An' he wa' rich an' famous, too,  
 An' ma says: "Here's a howd'y do!"  
 Now all 'cept us says Mistar John  
 To Jack, who sews his buttons on.

ARTHUR CHAPMAN.

## TWO ON A TANDEM.

**W**HEN all the tiny wheeling stars  
 Their cycle lamps have lit,  
 And, bending o'er their handle bars,  
 On roads celestial flit,

I trundle out my tandem fleet,  
 With Daisy at my side;  
 We mount, and then our flying feet  
 Propel us far and wide.

Along the smooth secluded pike  
 We take our evening run,  
 Two souls with but a single bike,  
 Two hearts that scorch as one.

EARL H. EATON.

## THE PARROT AND THE CAT.

**I**'VE a deep domestic tragedy that calls for your  
 attention,  
 If your sympathy a minute you'll be good  
 enough to grant;

And, by way of a beginning to my story, I may  
 mention,

That a year or so ago, you know, I had a maiden  
 aunt.

I was constant in my visits to her nospitable  
 dwelling,

For a quiet cup of coffee and a comfortable  
 chat.

She possessed a mint of money—and the fact is  
 worth my telling,

That she also had a parrot, and she also had a  
 cat.

I confess that I was jealous, for my aunt was deeply  
 smitten

With her biped and her quadruped, and all their  
 pretty tricks;

She had known the cat and loved it ever since it  
 was a kitten,

She had known and loved the parrot when the  
 bird was under six.

And the beast was very clever, and the bird was  
 very funny;

For the bird was good at language, and the  
 beast was good at rats;

But I hardly liked the notion that my aunt should  
 leave her money

To a hospital for parrots, or dispensary for cats.

So I seized an opportunity whenever I could get it  
 To instruct these hated animals in very wicked  
 ways;

Pretty Poll was very rapid at the lessons that I  
 set it.

Pretty Pussy was a pupil to deserve the highest  
 praise.

If you ever heard a sailor speak the dialect of  
 Wapping,

I assure you that the parrot spoke a little worse  
 than *that*;

And its only very rarely that you find a creature  
 dropping

Into such abandoned habits as that miserable  
 cat.

When I found myself the master of this noble  
 situation,

I would gladly paint my joy, you know (although,  
 you know, I can't);

And a month or so ago, you know, I heard with  
 resignation

That I'd lost a friend and relative—I mean my  
 maiden aunt.

When the lady's will and testament was read by  
 her attorney

I was naturally present with a crape about my  
 hat:

I was paid for all my trouble, and rewarded for  
 my journey

By a legacy consisting of—the parrot and the  
 cat.

HENRY S. LEIGH.

## THE SCIENTIFIC SLUGGARD.

**T**IS the voice of the scientist, hear him ex-  
 plain;

"Don't get up too soon, it is bad for the  
 brain;

The mind it unhinges," he ruthlessly said;

"If you rise in the morning too soon from your  
 bed."

"Go early to bed and be early to rise,  
 And so you'll be healthy and wealthy and wise;"  
 But how about those agricultural hands,  
 Who do all the year round what the proverb com-  
 mands?

I passed by his garden quite early one morn,  
 And saw him uprooting the thistle and thorn;  
 His limbs are rheumatic, his energy flags,  
 And as for his trousers and shirt, they were rags.

I spoke to the yokel, still hoping to find  
 That rising so early was good for his mind;  
 He doddered and drivelled, alas, it was plain  
 The worthy bucolic was three parts insane.

Said I in my heart: Here's a lesson for me,  
 That man is a picture of what I might be;  
 Then thanks to the Science, for teaching so clearly,  
 It's quite a delusion to get up too early.





THE SLUGGARD'S BREAKFAST.



## REUBEN AND MATILDA.

SAYS Reuben Knott unto his fair,  
In language burning hot:  
"Matilda, do you love me, dear?"  
Says she: "I love you Knott."

"Oh, say not so!" again he cried:

"Oh, share with me my lot!

Oh, say that you will be my bride!"

Says she: "I'll wed you, Knott."

"Oh, cruel fair, to serve me so!

I love you well, you wot!"

"I could not wed you, Reub," says she,

"For then I should be Knott."

A light broke in on Reuben's mind

As in his arms she got;

She looks demurely in his face

And says: "Pray kiss me, Knott!"

## THE OLD-FASHIONED LAUNDRESS.

HOW dear to my sight are the shirts of my  
past days,  
When memory recalls them so perfect and  
fair,

That never went through any steam laundry fast  
ways,

But hung, bleaching and drying, in purely fresh  
air.

The edges unfrayed, as they danced in the day-  
light,

The buttonholes fractureless, free from all rent,  
The tubs with the bubbles presenting a gay sight,

And e'en the stout laundress that over them  
bent—

The old-fashioned laundress, the home-keeping  
laundress,

The singing old laundress that over them bent.

That old-fashioned laundress was surely a treasure,  
John Chinaman then was in distant Cathay,

And dragging machines used no shirts at their  
pleasure,

And chemicals then ate no linen away.

How deftly she turned them and rubbed them and  
scrubbed them,

And put them in boilers with honest intent.

And when with her strong arms she gently had  
wrung them,

We knew that the shirts needed no foreign  
scent—

The old-fashioned laundress, the home-keeping  
laundress,

The singing old laundress that over them bent.

Then our shirts took a day and a year in their  
wearing,

The bosoms ne'er cracked like a stiff, brittle  
board,

And we put them on safe without fear of a tearing,  
And sung forth her praise in lofty accord.

She never disappointed in whiteness or lustre,  
Nor caused us in "cuss words" our feelings to  
vent,

And we gave her the best words our brain par-  
could muster,

And said that from paradise sure she was sent—  
The old-fashioned laundress, the home-keeping  
laundress,

The singing old laundress that over them bent.

## SPELLING REFORMER.

THERE was a young girl had two beaux;  
The best-looking one was named Meaux;  
But towards the cleaux

Of his call he would deaux,

And make a great noise with his neaux.

## THE WEDDING FEE.

ONE morning, fifty years ago—  
When apple-trees were white with snow  
Of fragrant blossoms, and the air  
Was spellbound with the perfume rare—  
Upon a farm horse, large and lean,  
And lazy with its double load,  
A sun-brown youth and maid were seen  
Jogging along the winding road.

Blue were the arches of the skies,  
But bluer were that maiden's eyes!  
The dewdrops on the grass were bright,  
But brighter was the loving light  
That sparkled 'neath each long-fringed lid,  
Where those bright eyes of blue were hid;  
Adown the shoulders, brown and bare,  
Rolled the soft waves of golden hair.

It was the fairest sight, I ween,  
That the young man had ever seen;  
And with his features all aglow,  
The happy fellow told her so.  
And she, without the least surprise,  
Looked on him with those heavenly eyes—  
And drew the dear face to her own,  
And with a joy but rarely known,  
Beneath the bridal bonnet hid—  
I cannot tell you what she did.

So on they ride, until among  
The new-born leaves with dewdrops hung,  
The parsonage, arrayed in white,  
Peers out—a more than welcome sight.

Then with a cloud upon his face,  
"What shall we do?" he turned to say,  
"Should he refuse to take his pay  
From what is in the pillow case?"

And glancing down his eyes surveyed  
The pillow case before him laid,  
Whose contents, reaching to its hem,  
Might purchase endless joys for them.



The maiden answers: "Let us wait;  
To borrow trouble where's the need?"

Then at the parson's squeaking gate  
Halted the more than willing steed.

Down from his horse the bridegroom sprung;  
The latchless gate behind him swung.  
The knocker of that startled door,  
Struck as it never was before,  
Brought the whole household, pale with fright,  
And there with blushes on his cheek,  
So bashful he could hardly speak,  
The parson met their wondering sight.

The groom goes in, his errand tells,  
And as the parson nods, he leans  
Far out across the window-sill and yells—  
"Come in. He says he'll take the beans!"  
Oh! how she jumped! With one glad bound  
She and the bean-bag reached the ground.

Then, clasping with each dimpled arm  
The precious products of the farm,  
She bears it through the open door,  
And down upon the parlor floor  
Dumps the best beans vines ever bore.

Ah! happy were their songs that day,  
When man and wife they rode away;  
But happier this chorus still  
Which echoed through those woodland scenes:  
"God bless the priest of Whittensville!  
God bless the man who took the beans."

### CABIN PHILOSOPHY.

JES' turn de back-log, ober, dar—an' pull your  
stoo'es up nigher,  
An' watch dat 'possum cookin' in de skillet  
by de fire:

Lemme spread my legs out on de bricks to make  
my feelin's flow,  
An' I'll grin' you out a fac' or two, to take befo'  
you go.

Now, in dese busy wukin' days, dey's changed de  
Scripter fashions,

An' you needn't look to mirakuls to furnish you  
wid rations;

Now, when you's wantin' loaves o' bread, you got  
to go and fetch 'em,

An' ef you's wantin' fishes, you mus' dig your  
wums an' ketch 'em;

For you kin put it down as sartin dat the time is  
long gone by,

When sassage an' 'taters use to rain fum out de  
sky!

Ef yo think about it keerfully, an' put it to the  
tes',

You'll diskiver dat de safes' plan is gin'ully de  
bes';

Ef you stumble on a hornets'-nes' an' make de  
critters scatter,

You needn't stan' dar like a fool an' argefy de  
matter;

An' when de yaller fever comes an' settles all  
aroun',

'Tis better dan de karanteen to shuffle out o  
town!

Dar's heap o' dreadful music in de very fines'  
fiddle;

A ripe an' meller apple may be rotten in de mid-  
dle;

De wises' lookin' trabeler may be de bigges' fool;  
Dar's a lot o' solid kickin' in the humbles' kind  
o' mule;

De preacher ain't de holiest' dat war's de meekes'  
look,

An' does de loudes' bangin' on the kiver ob de  
book!

De people pays deir bigges' bills in buyin' lots  
an' lan's;

Dey sca'ter all deir picayunes aroun' de peanut  
stan's;

De twenties an' de fifties goes in payin' orf deir  
rents,

But heben an' de organ grinder gits de copper  
cents.

I nebber likes de cullud man dat thinks too  
much o' eatin';

But frolics froo de wukin' days, and snoozes at de  
meetin';

Dat jines de Temp'ance 'City, an' keeps a gettin'  
tight,

An' pulls his water-millions in de middle ob de  
night!

Dese milerterry nigger chaps, with muskets in  
deir han's,

Perradin' froo de city to de music ob de ban's,  
Had better drop deir guns, an' go to marchin' wid  
deir hoes

An' 'git a honest libbin' as dey chop de cotton-  
rows,

Or de State may put 'em arter while to drillin' in  
de ditches,

Wid more'n a single stripe a-running' 'cross deir  
breeches.

Well, you think dat doin' nuffin' 'tall is mighty  
so' an' nice,

But it busted up de renters in de lubly Paradise!  
You see, dey bofe was human bein's jes' like me  
an' you,

An' dey couldn't reggerlate deirselves wid not a  
thing to do;

Wid plenty wuk befo' 'em, an' a cotton crop to  
make,

Dey'd nebber thought o' loafin' roun' an' chattin'  
wid de snake.

## ADAM NEVER WAS A BOY.

OF all the men the world has seen  
 Since time his rounds began,  
 There's one I pity every day—  
 Earth's first and foremost man ;

He never with a pin-hook fished  
 Along the brook alone ;  
 He never sought the bumblebee  
 Among the daisies coy,



## AT THE MASQUERADE.

And then I think what fun he missed  
 By failing to enjoy  
 The wild delights of youth-time, for  
 He never was a boy.

He never stubbed his naked toe  
 Against a root or stone ;

Nor felt its business end, because  
 He never was a boy.

He never hookey played, nor tied  
 The ever-ready pail,  
 Down in the alley all alone,  
 To trusting Fido's tail.



And when he home from swimmin' came,  
His happiness to cloy,  
No slipper interfered, because  
He never was a boy.

He might refer to splendid times  
'Mong Eden's bowers, yet  
He never acted Romeo  
To a six year Juliet.  
He never sent a valentine,  
Intended to annoy  
A good, but maiden aunt, because  
He never was a boy.

He never cut a kite-string, no !  
Nor hid an Easter egg ;  
He never ruined his pantaloons  
A-playing mumble-peg ;  
He never from the attic stole,  
A coon-hunt to enjoy,  
To find "the old man" watching, for  
He never was a boy.

I pity him. Why should I not ?  
I even drop a tear ;  
He did not know how much he missed ;  
He never will, I fear.  
And when the scenes of "other days"  
My growing mind employ,  
I think of him, earth's only man  
Who never was a boy.

T. C. HARBAUGH.

### A SCHOOL-DAY.

"NOW, John," the district teacher says,  
With frown that scarce can hide  
The dimpling smiles around her mouth,  
Where Cupid's hosts abide,

"What have you done to Mary Ann,  
That she is crying so ?  
Don't say 'twas 'nothing'—don't, I say,  
For, John, that can't be so ;

"For Mary Ann would never cry  
At nothing, I am sure ;  
And if you've wounded justice, John,  
You know the only cure  
Is punishment ! So, come, stand up ;  
Transgression must abide  
The pain attendant on the scheme  
That makes it justified."

So John steps forth, with sun-burnt face,  
And hair all in a tumble,  
His laughing eyes a contrast to  
His drooping mouth so humble.

"Now, Mary, you must tell me all—  
I see that John will not,  
And if he's been unkind or rude,  
I'll whip him on the spot."

"W—we were p—playin' p—pris'ner's b—base,  
An' h—he is s—such a t—tease,

An' w—when I w—wasn't l—lookin', m—  
ma'am,

H—he k—kissed me—if you please !"  
Upon the teacher's face the smiles  
Have triumphed o'er the frown,  
A pleasant thought runs through her mind,  
The stick comes harmless down.

But outraged law must be avenged !  
Begone, ye smiles, begone !  
Away, ye little dreams of love,  
Come on, ye frowns, come on !  
"I think I'll have to whip you, John,  
Such conduct breaks the rule ;  
No boy, except a naughty one,  
Would kiss a girl—at school."

Again the teacher's rod is raised,  
A Nemesis she stands—  
A premium were put on sin,  
If punished by such hands !  
As when the bee explores the rose  
We see the petals tremble,  
So trembled Mary's rosebud lips—  
Her heart would not dissemble.

"I wouldn't whip him *very* hard"—  
The stick stops in its fall—

"It wasn't right to do it, but—  
It didn't hurt at all!"

"What made you cry, then, Mary Ann ?"  
The school's noise makes a pause,  
And out upon the listening air,  
From Mary comes—"Because !"

W. F. Mc SPARRAN.

### THREE STAGES.

#### ACT I.

SIGHING like a furnace  
Over ears in love,  
Blind in adoration  
Of his lady's glove ;  
Thinks no girl was ever  
Quite so sweet as she,  
Tells you she's an angel,  
Expects you to agree.

#### ACT II.

Moping and repining,  
Gloomy and morose,  
Asks the price of poison,  
Thinks he'll take a dose.  
Women are so fickle,  
Love is all a sham,  
Marriage is a failure,  
Like a broken dam.

#### ACT III.

Whistling, blithe and cheerful,  
Always bright and gay,

Dancing, singing, laughing,  
All the livelong day;  
Full of fun and frolic,  
Caught in fashion's whirl,  
Thinks no more of poison—  
Got another girl!

### THE CYCLING ACADEMY.

I USED to look down on bicycling and condemn it as a low form of amusement—or of exercise. But see how changeable we mortals are!

It is fashion that has, all unknowing, such a vast influence on us! Instead of owning with the poet that "everything is spoilt by use," everything seems, on the contrary, only to become right and proper by use. Thus I and my sister, though no longer in our first youth, so strongly object to be left "high and dry" by the strong tide of bicyclism (the coinage of a word for the occasion must be excused) that we one day presented ourselves, quaking, at the door of an establishment in the Edgebury Road, over which was written, in large gilt letters, "Ladies' Cycle School."

At our feeble little knock the sacred portal was opened by a betouzled young woman, in appearance something between a music hall "artiste" and a "general slavey," who bade us walk in. Once inside, we beheld a strange scene. Within a round, covered enclosure, on a floor of wooden planking, careered a number of bicycles, ridden by performers more or less ignorant of the accomplishment. You could tell the stage of progress at which they had arrived by the comparative anxiety apparent in their faces as well as by the amount of their conversation.

"Why is it called 'Ladies' Cycle School'?" my sister murmured, referring me to the presence of two raw-boned personages of the male persuasion, who might by courtesy be termed "military," and a chuckle-headed youth who appeared to be amusing himself by falling off his steed as many times as the celebrated knight in "Through the Looking-glass," fell off his.

The attendant, who was near us, volunteered an answer to the question: "Where the lydies goes, the gents is sure to foller," was his reasoning, given in a "stage aside." After this very lucid explanation we sat on chairs on a kind of dais and looked on, being told to "wait for our turns."

Presently a timid knock was heard, and two elderly heads presented themselves at the door. These belonged to a prim old couple, evidently retired tradespeople, who were going to "try their luck." The wife, in grey ringlets and side-combs, was evidently much alarmed: "Oh, 'Enery," she said, with a gasp, "I niver *can* git on the back o' sich a new-fangled thing as that." "Law, yes, Mary Ann, you've only got to *set* on it—this 'ere Johnnie 'll do all the *pushin*'. Look 'er out a

quiet one," he instructed the grinning attendant; "one as is warranted not to kick." "'Enery," who was of the stout order, evidently did not feel quite happy in his own mind. Another double knock, this time no hesitating one; the undertaker from next door, his wife, and his two red-cheeked daughters, accompanied by the "young man" of one of these latter. "Look alive with them bikes, 'Arry," said the paterfamilias, "for I ain't got more'n 'arf a hour afore my job's on; and Chawles"—indicating the weak-kneed young man—"an' me 'as got to go on the coaches to 'Igh-gate." These were evidently old customers, for the middle-aged couple and ourselves looked meekly and respectfully on while they were supplied with "bikes" all out of their turn. Indeed, they proceeded to show us what they could do in that line, and executed *tours de force* that made us shudder with fright.

"Keep a heye on the door, J'mima," said the anxious parent after a few rounds. "Is them coaches up yet?"

"No; but some mourners has come," J'mima answered, peeping. "Oh, my! sich crape, sich white 'ankerchers!"

"We must keep 'em waiting, ef it was the corp hisself," said papa, "till I've 'ad my money's worth."

But here a little *contretemps* arose. The charmer in green stockings, who had for some time been ogling "Chawles," here forgot herself so far as to enter into conversation with him, and presently the two were careering round the arena (pardon the suggestive simile!) together, to the ineffable disgust of "Chawles's" *fiancee*, who, together with her sister, dismounted and carried on a lively conversation in no measured tones, in which the words "sich a liberty," "puffick stranger," "some folks 'as a cheek," "bold-faced hussy," "good smack o' the 'ed," could from time to time be distinguished. "Chawles," who was "the kind of man that you could warrant townmade," not only took no notice of this, but presently added to his iniquities by getting his wheels locked in the siren's, both, as a result, heavily falling to the ground. The siren was helped off limping, and "Chawles" showed an evident desire to follow and administer consolation, but was deterred by a severe look from his *inamorata*. What "words" might have followed we know not; but luckily, at this juncture, papa, interposing with "The coaches is up," carried "Chawles" off, leaving the two girls to the finishing of their lesson, and to the bestowal of sundry furious glances at the green-stockinged delinquent, who feigned absolute unconsciousness of any "family row" on her account.

"Now's your turn, miss. 'Ere's two nice bikes will suit you exactly—made a' purpose," said an attendant, coming our way.



It is one thing to sit in safety and laugh at other people, and quite another to be an object of laughter yourself. But as the executioner—I mean the attendant—drew near with his dread machine, I felt, with the courage born of despair, that there was no help for it, and got clumsily into the saddle, clutching nervously at my “helper”—who was, by the way, a very good specimen of the average London “loafer”—as I did so.

“’Ere, look out, don’t throttle me,” he observed. “Ketch ’old of the ’andle; but there, don’t bear too ’eavy on it. Set up as strite as you can, and *pedal*.”

“Hold me tighter,” I gasped, not knowing what the magic word “*pedal*” might mean, and feeling in imminent danger of falling off.

“’Ere, I see I must put a drawing-rein on yer.” And the wretch proceeded to fasten a piece of leather, eight inches wide, round my unfortunate waist. “Now this is to give me a good grip of yer, d’ye see? Don’t lollop so—set strite, can’t yer? Ye’re all o’ one side.”

“Ye—ye—s, but my feet are getting mixed up with the machinery, and—and one of my legs is much longer than the other,” I protested feebly. The man treated this last remark with the contempt it deserved. “Pedal on, pedal on,” he said sturdily. “W’y, y’re gittin’ along fymous.”

Here my machine suddenly gave a violent lurch, which nearly landed me in the arms of the chuckle-headed youth, who was still aimlessly gyrating in space. (In the middle of the arena he, with some other fiends in human shape, was learning to “mount,” to the imminent danger of innocent and quiet spirits like myself.)

“’Old on, ’old on,” said my loafer, who, by the bye, smelt so strongly of onions that in my desire to get as far as possible from him I now nearly fell over on the other side. Stopping a bit to gain breath, I now beheld the elderly gentleman and his wife in the act of mounting. The wife, with a strong determination plainly written in her face, once ascended, held on like grim death; but her husband had no sooner got up on one side than he fell off on the other.

“’Enery, for my sake,” called his wife in agony, “be more keerful!”

’Enery got up dusty.

“I can’t aim to get my feet on them treadles,” he said apologetically. “I guess it’s ’cos I ain’t never learnt the sewing-machine. My feet go round and round quite keerless-like.”

“Will ye set down and rest while I ’elp the old ’unt?” said my conductor; and, only too glad of a respite, I assented. Now, from the safety of the dais I beheld my sister going round quite swimmingly—pushed, it is true, by a “loafer,” but still with an air of ease that filled me with envy. She sat up straight, she looked “somebody.” The word “Toff,” uttered in a tone of conviction,

resounded in my neighborhood as she passed us. No one, I bitterly reflected, had taken *me* for a “Toff”; but, perhaps, my bearing on a bicycle was not exactly suggestive of that “repose” that is poetically supposed to denote “the caste of Vere de Vere.”

“That ’ere’s a taisty dress, ain’t it?” said the chuckle-headed youth suddenly in my ear, referring to my sister’s garb. I drew myself up; and then, reflecting that it was one of my objects in life to “mix with the masses,” relented and made myself affable. “Let me get yer a fourpenny Scotch,” he said pleasantly, after a few minutes’ conversation.

Politely informing him that I belonged to a branch of the Blue Ribbon Army, I turned to watch the bicyclists. Now the sad woman in the red hat came round again; on her depressed countenance was written a stern resignation. She dismounted, and sat close by me. “Do you enjoy bicycling?” I inquired of her, wishing to pursue my acquaintance with the masses. She looked at me sadly. “Well, you see, it’s like this,” she said in a low voice, “I’m engaged to a young man in the *commercial* line. We’ve bin keepin’ comp’ny now eight years, and on’y last Sunday was a week, ’e as good as told me ’e couldn’t think o’ gittin’ merried to a girl as couldn’t bike. So what could I do but come an’ learn? You can’t be lef’ be’ind, can yer?”

This was a contingency that quite startled me. So bicycling, I thought, is to be added to the necessary accomplishments of a marriageable lady! Why, some lovers are as exacting as was the suitor in the late Marriage Agency case, who insisted that the girl of his affections should be “a good swimmer and fond of draughts and dominot !” “She painted in water-colors, and of such is the Kingdom of Heaven.” “There is no end to the requirements of *fiancées*,” I thought, as I sympathized with this sad case.

A very stout lady now engrossed my attention; she was objecting—and not unnaturally—to the “helper” provided, a tiny boy of some twelve summers, and small at that. “I really *must* have somebody bigger,” she pleaded; “*he* can’t never hold me up; I weigh fourteen stun if I weigh a pound.”

“Sich people as ’er oughter pay for two bikes i’stead of one,” the Jehu remarked surlily, as the “lady” climbed into the saddle, with a liberal display of stocking in the process. It is, by the way, very difficult for beginners in the art to know how to arrange their dresses, as shown by the varying degrees of inelegance apparent in that direction. Now came the elderly gentleman round again.

“’Ow are ye a-gittin’ on, ’Enery?” asked his wife, who, sitting in security beside me, could afford to be sympathetic.

"Oh, prime," 'Enery replied, looking about as happy as a puppy under process of muzzling, and with his forehead similarly rucked up into a thousand wrinkles. "But my feet still come off them blamed pedals. Can't you make my stirrup shorter?"—this plaintively to the attendant.

"It ain't a 'orse, sir," said the man testily.

"No," said 'Enery; "if it *were* a 'orse it would stand up straight, at any rate, and not keep a-tip-pin' me off one side or the other." In this remark I entirely concurred.

When I was taken for my second "turn" I found that many riders, in the agony of the moment, not only mistook their "bikes" for horses, but also for boats. "'Ere, don't keep takin' my water!" "'Old your 'orse's 'ed up!" "Gee wo!" "Mind your oar!" were common expletives; and once, when a railway whistle happened to sound in close proximity, I myself own to feeling agonized lest my steed should "shy." It is so impossible to entirely dissociate the idea of *personality* from the bicycle. I distinctly felt this with regard to the various "bikes" I watched. Some were like cart-horses, some like fiery steeds; some were meek, some irritating, some really evilly disposed; as, for instance, that "bike" on which a long-legged martial individual careered about in the middle of the enclosure, knocking down remorselessly everybody he happened to come across; or, no less sinful, the machine ridden by the siren in the scarlet blouse. A very meek bicycle, too, was just ahead of me. "How many lessons has that woman had?" I asked, denoting the lady in the red hat, who went on her sad little way in front of me.

"That *laidy*," said my attendant reprovingly, "is at 'er fifth lesson; but she'll never be a credit to us—not she."

I was now come to the end of my hour's instruction, and as I descended I pressed a shilling "tip" gratefully into my loafer's horny palm. "But as to *you*," he continued, his face brightening; "why, I'd guarantee *you'd* learn it in three days. You just give *me* a chance o' teachin' yer, and I don't mind bettin' any money on it."

This little incident led on the way home to a somewhat heated argument between my sister and myself. *She* had only had three-pence-worth of encouragement, and therefore, no doubt, felt sore. For what, after all, is even bicycling without encouragement?

I have only as yet had this one lesson; but I bicycle all night in my dreams. I claim to have even invented a new form of nightmare, in which I continually fall off my bicycle, and it as remorselessly comes back and falls on the top of me; or else I bicycle, with the rapidity of the wind, eternally through endless æons of space.

But I wish I could honestly think that that shilling had had no influence whatever on my guide's opinion.

## THE BABY IN THE CARS.

WHAT great improvements nowadays on every line we find,  
New comforts, new contrivances of every sort and kind;

And different far the methods are of nineteenth century ways

Compared with modes of traveling in our forefathers' days!

Yet still one nuisance irritates, one obstacle annoys,

One thorn that pricks the traveler's sides, his rose-bed rest destroys;

I'm not inclined to captiousness, nor given to complain,

But what a crying nuisance is a baby in the train!

We've got more ventilation, and tightly-fitting doors,

And Pullman cars and drawing-rooms and spacious corridors;

And there's no need at station bars to bolt a hasty feed,

Good meals are served "on board," and if you like the fragrant weed

You'll find a pleasant smoking-room, and lavatories, too,

And luxuries in many forms our fathers never knew.

But all these pleasures manifold give place to grief and pain

If some one brings to mar your bliss a baby in the train.

## HYGIENE.

I CANNOT eat but little meat,  
By microbes it is spoiled;  
And sure I think I cannot drink,  
Save water that is boiled;  
And I'll endure low temperature,  
Since by the doctors told  
That to live long and keep us strong  
'Tis better to be cold.

So let bacteria scourge and scare,  
With ailments manifold,  
To do us good we'll eat no food,  
And keep our bodies cold.

I love no roast except dry toast,  
And that at stated terms;  
And little bread I eat, in dread  
Of pathogenic germs;  
Of milk no whit I take, lest it  
Zymotic ills enfold,  
And fevers breed; yet most I heed  
To keep my body cold.

A keen east wind I never mind,  
And fifty Fahrenheit



Is the degree that best suits me,  
By day and eke by night;  
'Thus wise I strive to keep alive,  
And haply to grow old,  
With beef uncarved, athirst and starved,  
And perished with the cold.

So let bacteria scourge and scare,  
With ailments manifold.  
To do us good we'll eat no food,  
And keep our bodies cold.

## SAINT ANTHONY'S SERMON TO THE FISHES.

FROM THE GERMAN.

**S**AINTE Anthony at church  
Was left in the lurch,  
So he went to the ditches  
And preached to the fishes.  
They wriggled their tails,  
In the sun glanced their scales.

The carps, with their spawn,  
Are all thither drawn;  
Have opened their jaws,  
Eager for each clause.  
No sermon beside  
Had the carps so edified.

Sharp-snouted pikes,  
Who keep fighting like tikes,  
Now swam up harmonious  
To hear Saint Antonius.  
No sermon beside  
Had the pikes so edified.

And that very odd fish,  
Who loves fast-days, the cod-fish—  
The stock-fish, I mean—  
At the sermon was seen.  
No sermon beside  
Had the cods so edified.

Good eels and sturgeon  
Which aldermen gorge on,  
Went out of their way  
To hear preaching that day.  
No sermon beside  
Had the eels so edified.

Crabs and turtles also,  
Who always move slow,  
Made haste from the bottom,  
As if the devil had got 'em.  
No sermon beside  
Had the crabs so edified.

Fish great and fish small,  
Lords, lackeys, and all,  
Each looked at the preacher  
Like a reasonable creature.

At God's word,  
They Anthony heard.

The sermon now ended,  
Each turned and descended;  
The pikes went on stealing,  
The eels went on eeling.  
Much delighted were they,  
But preferred the old way.

The crabs are backsliders,  
The stock-fish thick-siders,  
The carps are sharp set,  
All the sermon forget.  
Much delighted were they,  
But preferred the old way.

ABRAHAM A. SANCTA CLARA.

## A CHILD'S REASONING.

**S**HE was ironing dolly's new gown,  
Maid Marian, four years old,  
With her brows puckered down  
In a painstaking frown  
Under her tresses of gold.

'Twas Sunday, and nurse coming in  
Exclaimed in a tone of surprise:  
"Don't you know it's a sin  
Any work to begin  
On the day that the Lord sanctifies?"

Then, lifting her face like a rose,  
Thus answered this wise little tot:  
"Now, don't you suppose  
The good Lord He knows  
This little iron aint hot?"

## THE REASON WHY.

**A**BOSTON master said, one day  
"Boys, tell me if you can, I pray,  
Why Washington's birthday should shine  
In to-day's history, more than mine?"

At once such stillness in the hall  
You might have heard a feather fall;  
Exclaims a boy not three feet high,  
"Because *he* never told a lie!"

## THE INDIAN CHIEFTAIN.

**'T**WAS late in the autumn of '53  
That, making some business-like excuse,  
I left New York, which is home to me,  
And went on the cars to Syracuse.

Born and cradled in Maiden Lane,  
I went to school in Battery Row,  
Till when, my daily bread to obtain,  
They made me clerk to Muggins & Co.

But I belonged to a genteel set  
Of clerks with souls above their sphere,  
Who night after night together met  
To feast on intellectual cheer.

We talked of Irving and Bryant and Spratt—  
Of Willis, and how much they pay him per  
page—  
Of Sontag and Julien and Art, and all that—  
And what d'y'e call it?—the Voice of the Age!

We wrote little pieces on purling brooks,  
And meadow, and zephyr, and sea, and sky—  
Things of which we had seen good descriptions in  
books,  
And the last, between houses some sixty feet  
high!

Somehow in this way my soul got fired;  
I wanted to see and hear and know  
The glorious things that our hearts inspired—  
The things that sparkled in poetry so!

And I had heard of the dark-browed braves  
Of the famous Onondaga race,  
Who once paddled the birch o'er Mohawk's  
waves,  
Or swept his shores in war and the chase.

I'd see that warrior stern and fleet!  
Aye, bowed though he be with oppression's  
abuse;  
I'd grasp his hand!—so in Chambers Street  
I took my passage for Syracuse.

Arrived at last, I gazed upon  
The smoke-dried wigwam of the tribe;  
"The depot, sir," suggested one—  
I smiled to scorn the idle gibe.

Then to the baggage-man I cried,  
"O, point me an Indian chieftain out!"  
Rudely he grinned as he replied,  
"You'll see 'em loafin' all about!"

Wounded I turn—when lo! e'en now  
Before me stands the sight I crave!  
I know him by his swarthy brow;  
It is an Onondaga brave!

I know him by his falcon eye,  
His raven tress and mien of pride;  
Those dingy draperies, as they fly,  
Tell that a great soul throbs inside!

No eagle-feathered crown he wears,  
Capping in pride his kingly brow;  
But his crownless hat in grief declares,  
"I am an unthroned monarch now!"

"O noble son of a royal line!"  
I exclaim, as I gaze into his face,  
"How shall I knit my soul to thine?  
How right the wrongs of thine injured race?"

"What shall I do for thee, glorious one?  
To soothe thy sorrows my soul aspires.  
Speak! and say how the Saxon's son  
May atone for the wrongs of his ruthless sires!"

He speaks, he speaks!—that noble chief!  
From his marble lips deep accents come;  
And I catch the sound of his mighty grief—  
"Fie! gi' me tree cent for git some rum!"

### JANE JONES.

JANE JONES keeps a-whisperin' to me all the  
time,

An' says: "Why don't you make it a rule  
To study your lessons, an' work hard an' learn,  
An' never be absent from school?"

Remember the story of Elihu Burritt,  
How he clumb up to the top;

Got all the knowledge 'at he ever had  
Down in the blacksmithin' shop."

Jane Jones she honestly said it was so;  
Mebby he did—I dunno;

'Course, what's a-keepin' me 'way from the top  
Is not never havin' no blacksmithin' shop.

She said 'at Ben Franklin was awfully poor,  
But full o' ambition and brains

An' studied philosophy all 'is hull life—  
An' see what he got for his pains.

He brought electricity out of the sky  
With a kite an' the lightnin' an' key,

So we're owin' him more'n any one else  
For all the bright lights 'at we see.

Jane Jones she actually said it was so.  
Mebby he did—I dunno;

'Course, what's allers been hinderin' me  
In not havin' any kite, lightnin' or key.

Jane Jones said Columbus was out at the knees  
When he first thought up his big scheme;

An' all of the Spaniards an' Italians, too,  
They laughed an' just said 'twas a dream;

But Queen Isabella she listened to him,  
An' pawned all her jewels o' worth,

An' bought 'im the "Santa Marier" 'n said:  
"Go hunt up the rest of the earth."

Jane Jones she honestly said it was so;  
Mebby he did—I dunno;

'Course, that may all be, but you must allow  
They ain't any land to discover just now.

BEN KING.

### WHY DON'T YOU LAUGH?

WHY don't you laugh, young man, when  
troubles come,

Instead of sitting 'round so sour and glum?  
You cannot have all play,

And sunshine every day;

When troubles come, I say, why don't you laugh?

Why don't you laugh? 'Twill ever help to soothe  
The aches and pains. No road in life is smooth;

There's many an unseen bump,

And many a hidden stump,

O'er which you'll have to jump. Why don't you  
laugh?



Why don't you laugh? Don't let your spirits wilt.  
 Don't sit and cry because the milk you've spilt;  
     If you would mend it, now  
     Pray let me tell you how:  
 Just milk another cow! Why don't you laugh?

Why don't you laugh, and make us all laugh, too,  
 And keep us mortals all from getting blue?  
     A laugh will always win;  
     If you can't laugh, just grin—  
 Come on, let's all join in! Why don't you laugh?  
     JAMES COURTNEY CHALLISS.

"Oh, promise me, love, by the fire-hole you'll  
     watch,  
     And when mourners and stokers convene,  
 You will see that they light me some solemn,  
     slow match,  
 And warn them against kerosene.

"It would cheer me to know, ere these rude  
     breezes waft  
     My essences far to the pole,  
 That one whom I love will look to the draft,  
 And have a fond eye on the coal.



THE STEPMOTHER.

## THE MAIDEN'S LAST FAREWELL.

IN THE DAY OF CREMATION.

THEN the night wore on, and we knew the  
     worst,  
 That the end of it all was nigh;  
 Three doctors they had from the very first—  
 And what could one do but die?

"Oh, William!" she cried, "strew no blossoms of  
     spring,  
 For the new 'apparatus' might rust;  
 But say that a handful of shavings you'll bring,  
 And linger to see me combust.

"Then promise me, love,"—and her voice fainter  
     grew—

"While this body of mine calcifies,  
 You will stand just as near as you can to the flue,  
 And gaze while my gases arise.

"For Thompson—Sir Henry—has found out a way!  
 (Of his 'process' you've surely heard tell),  
 And you burn, like a parlor-match, gently away,  
 Nor even offend by a smell.

"So none of the dainty need sniff in disdain  
     When my carbon floats up to the sky;  
 And I'm sure, love, that you will never complain,  
 Though an ash should blow into your eye.

"Now promise me, love"—and she murmured low—

"When the calcification is o'er,  
You will sit by my grave in the twilight glow—  
I mean by my furnace door.

"Yes, promise me, love, while the seasons revolve  
On their noiseless axles, the years,  
You will visit the kiln where you saw me 'resolve,'  
And leach my pale ashes with tears."

#### WHIP-POOR-WILL.

**H**ARK! I hear the voice again!  
Softly now and low,  
When the twilight's o'er the plain  
And the first stars glow.  
This is what it uttereth—  
In a rather mournful breath—  
"Whip-poor-Will! Whip-poor-Will!"

What has Will been doing now?  
Has he truant played  
With a sad, coquettish brow  
From some simple maid?  
Did he steal her heart away?  
For I hear you always say,

"Whip-poor-Will! Whip-poor-Will!"

Tell me now what Will has done,  
Who's to whip him, dear?  
Is he some scamp full of fun  
That is straying near?  
Have you caught him at your nest  
By the ones you love the best?

"Whip-poor-Will! Whip-poor-Will!"

That is all you seem to say,  
Little bird so shy.  
Tell me now, without delay,  
Why whip Will, O why?  
There! your voice fades in the lea—  
Leaving this command to me,

"Whip-poor-Will! Whip-poor-Will!"

MONROE H. ROSENFELD.

#### BAKIN AND GREENS.

**Y**O' may tell me ob pastries and fine oyster  
patties,  
Of salads and crowkets an' Boston baked  
beans,

But dar's nuffin so temptin' to dis nigger's palate  
As a big slice ob bakin and plenty ob greens.

Jes bile 'em right down, so dey'll melt when yo'  
eat 'em;

Hab a big streak ob fat an' a small streak o'  
lean;

Dar's nuffin on earf yo' kin fix up to beat 'em,  
Fur de king ob all dishes am bakin and greens.

Den take some good co'hnmeal and sif' it and  
pat it,

An' put it in de ashes wid nuffin between;  
Den blow off de ashes and set right down at it,  
For dar's nuffin like ashcake wid bakin and  
greens.

'Twill take de ole mammies to fix 'em up greasy,  
Wid a lot ob good likker and dumplin's between,  
Take all yo' fine eatin', I won't be uneasy,  
If yo'll gimme dat bakin wid plenty ob greens.

Rich folks in dar kerrage may frow de dust on  
me;

But how kin I envy dem men ob big means.  
Dey may hab de dispepsey and do' they may scorn  
me,

Dey can't enjoy bakin wid a dish ob good greens.

You may put me in rags, fill my cup up wid sor-  
row;

Let joy be a stranger, and trouble my dreams,  
But I still will be smilin', no pain kin I borrow,  
Ef you lebe me dat bakin wid plenty of greens.

#### DER BABY.

**S**O help me gracious, efery day  
I laugh me wild to see der vay  
My small young baby drie to play—  
Dot funny leetle baby.

Ven I look on dhem leetle toes,  
Und saw dot funny leetle nose,  
Und heard der vay that rooster crows,  
I schmile like I was grazy.

Und when I heard der real nice vay  
Dhem beoples to my wife dhey say,  
"More like his fater every day,"  
I vas so proud like blazes.

Sometimes dhere comes a leetle schquall,  
Dot's vhen der vindy vind vill crawl  
Righd in its leetle schtomach schmall—  
Dot's too bad for der baby.

Dot makes him sing at night so schveet,  
Und gorrybarric he must eat,  
Und I must chumb shbry on my feet,  
To help dot leetle baby.

He bulls my nose and kicks my hair,  
Und crawls me over everywhere,  
Und shlobbers me—but vat I care?  
Dot vas my schmall young baby.

Around my head dot leetle arm  
Vas schqueezin me so nice and varm—  
Oh, may dhere never come some harm  
To dot schmall leetle baby!



## SPEECH OF SERGEANT BUZFUZ.

YOU heard from my learned friend, gentlemen of the jury, that this is an action for a breach of promise of marriage, in which the damages are laid at fifteen hundred pounds. The plaintiff, gentlemen, is a widow; yes, gentlemen, a widow. The late Mr. Bardell, sometime before his death, became the father, gentlemen, of a little boy. With this little boy, the only pledge of her departed exciseman, Mrs. Bardell shrunk from the world and courted the retirement and tranquillity of Goswell street; and here she placed in her front parlor-window a written placard, bearing this inscription: "APARTMENTS FURNISHED FOR A SINGLE GENTLEMAN. INQUIRE WITHIN."

Mrs. Bardell's opinions of the opposite sex, gentlemen, were derived from a long contemplation of the inestimable qualities of her lost husband. She had no fear—she had no distrust—all was confidence and reliance. "Mr. Bardell," said the widow, "was a man of honor—Mr. Bardell was a man of his word—Mr. Bardell was no deceiver—Mr. Bardell was once a single gentleman himself: to single gentlemen I look for protection, for assistance, for comfort and consolation; in single gentlemen I shall perpetually see something to remind me of what Mr. Bardell was, when he first won my young and untried affections; to a single gentleman, then, shall my lodgings be let."

Actuated by this beautiful and touching impulse (among the best impulses of our imperfect nature, gentlemen), the lonely and desolate widow dried her tears, furnished her first floor, caught her innocent boy to her maternal bosom, and put the bill up in her parlor-window. Did it remain there long? No. The serpent was on the watch, the train was laid, the mine was preparing, the sapper and miner was at work. Before the bill had been in the parlor-window three days, gentlemen—a being, erect upon two legs, and bearing all the outward semblance of a man, and not of a monster, knocked at the door of Mrs. Bardell's house! He inquired within; he took the lodgings; and on the very next day he entered into possession of them. This man was Pickwick—Pickwick the defendant!

Of this man I will say little. The subject presents but few attractions; and I, gentlemen, am not the man, nor are you, gentlemen, the men to delight in the contemplation of revolting heartlessness, and of systematic villany. I say systematic villany, gentlemen; and when I say systematic villany, let me tell the defendant Pickwick if he be in court, as I am informed he is, that it would have been more decent in him, more becoming, if he had stopped away. Let me tell him, further, that a counsel, in the discharge of his duty, is neither to be intimidated nor bullied, nor put down; and that any attempt to do either the

one or the other will recoil on the head of the tempter, be he plaintiff or be he defendant, be his name Pickwick, or Nokes, or Stoaks, or Stiles, or Brown, or Thompson.

I shall show, gentlemen, that for two years Pickwick continued to reside constantly, and without interruption or intermission, at Mrs. Bardell's house. I shall show you that Mrs. Bardell, during the whole of that time, waited on him, attended to his comforts, cooked his meals, looked out his linen for the washerwoman when it went abroad, darned, aired and prepared it for wear when it came home, and, in short, enjoyed his fullest trust and confidence. I shall show you that, on many occasions, he gave half-pence, and on some occasions even sixpence, to her little boy. I shall prove to you, that on one occasion, when he returned from the country, he distinctly and in terms offered her marriage—previously, however, taking special care that there should be no witnesses to their solemn contract; and I am in a situation to prove to you, on the testimony of three of his own friends—most unwilling witnesses, gentlemen—most unwilling witnesses—that on that morning he was discovered by them holding the plaintiff in his arms, and soothing her agitation by his caresses and endearments.

And now, gentlemen, but one word more. Two letters have passed between these parties—letters that must be viewed with a cautious and suspicious eye—letters that were evidently intended, at the time, by Pickwick, to mislead and delude any third parties into whose hands they might fall. Let me read the first: "Garraway's, twelve o'clock.—Dear Mrs. B.—Chops and Tomato sauce. Yours, Pickwick." Gentlemen, what does this mean? Chops and Tomato sauce! Yours, Pickwick! Chops! Gracious heavens! And Tomato sauce. Gentlemen, is the happiness of a sensitive and confiding female to be trifled away by such shallow artifices as these?

The next has no date whatever, which is in itself suspicious: "Dear Mrs. B., I shall not be at home to-morrow. Slow coach." And then follows this very remarkable expression: "Don't trouble yourself about the warming-pan." The warming-pan! Why, gentlemen, who *does* trouble himself about a warming-pan? Why is Mrs. Bardell so earnestly entreated not to agitate herself about this warming-pan, unless (as is no doubt the case) it is a mere cover for hidden fire—a mere substitute for some endearing word or promise, agreeably to a preconcerted system of correspondence, artfully contrived by Pickwick with a view to his contemplated desertion? And what does this allusion to the slow coach mean? For aught I know it may be a reference to Pickwick himself, who has most unquestionably been a criminally slow coach during the whole of this

transaction, but whose speed will now be very unexpectedly accelerated, and whose wheels, gentlemen, as he will find to his cost, will very soon be greased by you!

But enough of this, gentlemen. It is difficult to smile with an aching heart. My client's hopes and prospects are ruined, and it is no figure of speech to say that her occupation is gone, indeed. The bill is down; but there is no tenant! Eligible single gentlemen pass and repass; but there is no invitation for them to inquire within, or without! All is gloom and silence in the house: even the voice of the child is hushed; his infant sports are disregarded when his mother weeps.

But Pickwick, gentlemen, Pickwick, the ruthless destroyer of this domestic oasis in the desert of Goswell street—Pickwick, who has choked up the well and thrown ashes on the sward—Pickwick who comes before you to-day with his heartless tomato sauce and warming-pans—Pickwick still rears his head with unblushing effrontery, and gazes without a sigh on the ruin he has made! Damages, gentlemen, heavy damages, is the only punishment with which you can visit him—the only recompense you can award to my client! And for those damages she now appeals to an enlightened, a high-minded, a right-feeling, a conscientious, a dispassionate, a sympathizing, a contemplative jury of her civilized countrymen!

CHARLES DICKENS.

#### THE AMOROUS GOLD FISH.

**A** GOLD fish swam in a big glass bowl—  
As dear little gold fish do—  
But she loved with the whole of her heart  
and soul

An officer brave from the ocean wave,  
And she thought that he loved her too!  
Her small inside he daily fed  
With crumbs of the best digestive bread—  
"This kind attention proves," said she,  
"How exceeding fond he is of me!"

And she thought "Its fit—fit—fitter,  
He should love my glit—glit—glitter,  
Than his heart give away  
To the butterflies gay,  
Or the birds that twit—twit—twitter."

She flashed her frock in the sunshine bright—  
That officer brave to charm,  
And he vowed she was quite a delightful sight;  
So her spirits were gay—till he came one day  
With a girl on his stalwart arm.  
In whispers low they talked of love—  
He begged for a rose and a worn-out glove;  
But when they kissed a fond good-bye  
The poor little gold fish longed to die!

And she sobbed "It's bit—bit—bitter  
He should love this crit—crit—critter,

When I thought he would wish  
For a nice little fish  
With a frock all glit—glit—glitter!"

That charming girl for a time upset  
The officer brave and gay,  
And his sad little pet he contrived to forget;  
For with never a crumb did he chance to come—  
So the gold fish pined away!  
Until at last some careless soul  
With a smash knocked over the big glass bowl,  
And there on the carpet—dead and cold—  
Lay the poor little fish in her frock of gold!

But her fate so bit—bit—bitter  
Is a story fit—fit—fitter  
For a sad little sigh  
And a tear in the eye  
Than a thoughtless tit—tit—titter!

HARRY GREENBANK.

#### SPRING UNDER DIFFICULTIES.

**T**HE wintry forests are gone:—  
A bluebird pipes his sweet, enchanting  
note.  
(Here comes the butcher with his bill; go, pawn  
My overcoat!)

Now slips the bloom from winter's rude control,  
The thrush is building, by the hedges hid.  
(Upon my soul I paid that bill for coal—  
Or thought I did!)

Now brawls the brook, and many a violet  
Flaunts its blue beauty in the ice-king's track.  
(Here comes the grocer. Darling, can you get  
Ten dollars on that sacque?)

The heyday of the resurrected year  
When the leaf feels the sculpturing sap aflow.  
(I never paid that plumber's bill! My dear,  
Your shawl will have to go!)

Season of song by river, field and lake;  
Lo! how the trees have donned their vernal  
suits!  
(Another bill! Do ask him if he'll take  
My rubber boots!)

#### WHEN MARIA JANE IS MAYOR.

**W**HEN Maria Jane's elected to the mayor-  
alty chair,  
There'll be many wrongs corrected that  
are now apparent there.  
The sidewalks will be carpeted, the streets swept  
thrice a day,  
The alleys be as fragrant as fields of new-mown  
hay.  
What with parties and receptions, and occasionally  
a ball,  
There will be a transformation around the City  
Hall.



And each ward in the city will be represented then  
By lovely alderwomen and not horrid aldermen.

When Maria Jane is mayor none but ladies will,  
of course,  
Be appointed members of the city police force,  
And in their bloomer uniforms they'll look so very  
sweet,  
The gang to be arrested will consider it a treat.

The stores will be compelled to have a bargain sale  
each day,  
And for chewing-gum and soda you will not be  
asked to pay.  
Oh, great reforms will be projected, all the wrongs  
will be corrected  
When Maria Jane's elected to the mayoralty chair.

WILLIAM WEST.

The way they mend a buttonhole!  
And how the needle they control!  
I love the girl with all my soul  
Who sews my buttons on!

The useful and the sweet are mine,  
All folded in those hands divine!  
What need that I should now repine?  
A garment whole I don!  
So let the poets pen their rhyme,  
And praise the girls of every clime,  
I her extol who all the time  
Doth sew my buttons on!

#### SORROWS OF WERTHER.

WERTHER had a love for Charlotte  
Such as words could never utter;  
Would you know how first he met her?  
She was cutting bread and butter.



#### THE GIRL FOR ME.

THE poets sing of Hebes fair,  
Of bonnie lassies debonnaire;  
They sonnets pen to golden hair,  
Which all delight to con:  
The darlings of sweet poesy  
I doubt not all these charmers be,  
But that dear woman give to me  
Who sews my buttons on!

I once would muse before the fire,  
My trousers held by bits of wire;  
I know not why—I don't inquire—  
These I was forced to don;  
But life has now no sad regret,  
I bless my little useful pet,  
The darlingest I ever met,  
Who sews my buttons on!

Those little hands, so small and white,  
So true and nimble, to my sight  
Are evermore a pure delight,  
A joy to dwell upon!

Charlotte was a married lady,  
And a moral man was Werther,  
And for all the wealth of Indies  
Would do nothing for to hurt her.

So he sighed and pined and ogled,  
And his passion boiled and bubbled,  
Till he blew his silly brains out,  
And no more was by it troubled.

Charlotte, having seen his body  
Borne before her on a shutter,  
Like a well-conducted person,  
Went on cutting bread and butter.  
W. M. THACKERAY.

#### SWALLOWING A FLY.

A COUNTRY meeting-house. A midsummer Sabbath. We had come to the middle of our sermon, when a large fly, taking advantage of the opened mouth of the speaker, darted into our throat. The crisis was upon us. Shall we cough and eject this impertinent intruder, or let

him silently have his way? We had no precedent to guide us. We knew not what the fathers of the church did in like circumstances, or the mothers either.

We saw the unfairness of taking advantage of a fly in such straitened circumstances. It may have been a blind fly, and not have known where it was going. It may have been a scientific fly, and only experimenting with air currents. It may have been a reckless fly, doing what he soon would be sorry for; or a young fly, and gone a-sailing on Sunday without his mother's consent.

Besides this, we are not fond of flies prepared in that way. We have, no doubt, often taken them preserved in blackberry jam. But fly in the raw was a diet from which we recoiled. We would have preferred it roasted, or fried, or panned, or baked, and then to have chosen our favorite part, the upper joint, and a little of the breast, if you please, sir. But, no; it was wings, proboscis, feet, poisers. There was no choice; it was all, or none.

We foresaw the excitement and disturbance we would make, and the probability of losing our thread of discourse, if we undertook a series of coughs, chokings, and expectorations; and that, after all our efforts, we might be unsuccessful, and end the affray with a fly's wing on our lip, and a leg in the windpipe.

We concluded to take down the nuisance. We rallied all our energies. It was the most animated passage in all our discourse. We were not at all hungry for anything, much less for such hastily prepared viands. The fly evidently wanted to back out. "No!" we said within ourselves. "Too late to retreat. You are in for it now!" We addressed it in the words of Noah to the orangoutang, as it was about entering the ark, and lingered too long at the door, "Go in, sir—go in!"

And so we conquered, giving a warning to flies and men that it is easier to get into trouble than to get out again. We have never mentioned the above circumstance before; we felt it a delicate subject. But all the fly's friends are dead, and we can slander it as much as we please, and there is no danger now.

You acknowledge that we did the wisest thing that could be done; and yet how many people spend their time in elaborate, and long-continued, and convulsive ejection of flies which they ought to swallow and have done with.

Your husband's thoughtlessness is an exceeding annoyance. He is a good man, but he is careless about where he throws his slippers. On the top of one of your best parlor books he has laid a plug of pig-tail tobacco. For fifteen years you have lectured him about leaving the newspaper on the floor. Do not let such little things interfere with your domestic peace. Better swallow the fly, and have done with it.

It never pays to hunt a fly. You clutch at him.

You sweep your hand convulsively through the air. You wait till he alights on your face, and then give a fierce slap on the place where he was. You slyly wait till he crawls up your sleeve, and then give a violent crush to the folds of your coat, to find out that it was a different fly from the one you were searching after. That one sits laughing at your vexation from the tip of your nose.

Apothecaries advertise insect exterminators; but if in summer-time we set a glass to catch flies, for every one we kill there are twelve coroners called to sit as jury of inquest; and no sooner does one disappear under our fell pursuit, than all its brothers, sisters, nephews, nieces, and second cousins, come out to see what in the world is the matter. Oh man! go on with your life work! If, opening your mouth to say the thing that ought to be said, a fly dart in, swallow it!

The current of your happiness is often choked up by trifles. The want of more pantry room, the need of an additional closet, the smallness of the bread-tray, the defectiveness of the range, the lack of draught in a furnace, a crack in the sauce-pan, are flies in the throat. Open your mouth, shut your eyes, and gulp down the annoyances.

Had we stopped on the aforesaid day to kill the insect, at the same time we would have killed our sermon.

Our every life is a sermon. Our birth is the text from which we start. Youth is the introduction to the discourse. During our manhood we lay down a few propositions and prove them. Some of the passages are dull, and some sprightly. Then come inferences and applications. At seventy years we say "Fifthly and lastly." The Doxology is sung. The benediction is pronounced. The book closed. It is getting cold. Frost on the window-pane. Audience gone. Shut up the church. Sexton goes home with the key on his shoulder.

T. DE WITT TALMAGE.

### THE NEXT STEP.

WE have boiled the hydrant water,  
We have sterilized the milk,  
We have strained the prowling microbe  
Through the finest kind of silk.  
We have bought and we have borrowed  
Every patent health device,  
And at last the doctor tells us  
That we've got to boil the ice.

### SAMBO'S PHILOSOPHY.

FOLKS ain't got no right to censuah othah folks about dey habits;  
Him dat giv' de squir'ls de bushtail made de bobtails fu de rabbits.  
Him dat built de greed big mountains hollered out de little valleys.  
Him dat made de streets an' driveways wasn't 'shamed to make de alleys.



We is all constructed diff'ent, d'ain't no two of us  
 de same ;  
 We cain't he'p ouah likes an' dislikes, ef we'se  
 bad we ain't to blame.  
 Ef we'se good, we needn't show off, 'case you bet  
 it ain't ouah doin',  
 We gits into cu'ttain channels dat we jes' cain't  
 he'p pu'suin'.  
 But we all fits into places dat no othah ones could  
 fill,  
 An' we does the things we has to, big er little,  
 good er ill.  
 John cain't tek de place o' Henry, Su an' Sally  
 ain't alike ;  
 Bass ain't nothin' like a sukah, chub ain't nothin'  
 like a pike.

SAMUEL LAWRENCE DUNBAR.

### AMERICAN ARISTOCRACY.

OF all the notable things on earth,  
 The queerest one is pride of birth  
 Among our "fierce democracy!"  
 A bridge across a hundred years,  
 Without a prop to save it from sneers,  
 Not even a couple of rotten *peers*—  
 A thing for laughter, fleers, and jeers,  
 Is American aristocracy!

English and Irish, French and Spanish,  
 Germans, Italians, Dutch and Danish,  
 Crossing their veins until they vanish  
 In one conglomeration!  
 So subtle a tangle of blood, indeed,  
 No Heraldry Harvey will ever succeed  
 In finding the circulation.

Depend upon it, my snobbish friend,  
 Your family thread you can't ascend,  
 Without good reason to apprehend  
 You may find it *waxed*, at the farther end,  
 By some plebeian vocation!  
 Or, worse than that, your boasted line  
 May end in a loop of stronger twine,  
 That plagued some worthy relation!

JOHN G. SAXE.

### CANDACE'S OPINIONS.

"I INTEND," said Mr. Marvyn, "to make  
 the same offer to your husband, when he  
 returns from work to-night."

"Laus, Mass'r—why, Cato, he'll do jes' as I do  
 —dere a'n't no kind o' need o' askin' him.' Course  
 he will."

A smile passed round the circle, because between  
 Candace and her husband there existed one of  
 those whimsical contrasts which one sometimes  
 sees in married life. Cato was a small-built, thin,  
 softly-spoken negro, addicted to a gentle chronic  
 cough; and, though a faithful and skillful servant,  
 seemed, in relation to his better half, much like a

hill of potatoes under a spreading apple-tree. Can-  
 dace held to him with a vehement and patronizing  
 fondness, so devoid of conjugal reverence as to  
 excite the comments of her friends.

"You must remember, Candace," said a good  
 deacon to her one day, when she was ordering him  
 about at a catechizing, "you ought to give honor  
 to your husband; the wife is the weaker vessel."

"I de weaker vessel?" said Candace, looking  
 down from the tower of her ample corpulence on  
 the small, quiet man whom she had been fledging  
 with the ample folds of a worsted comforter, out  
 of which his little head and shining bead-eyes  
 looked, much like a blackbird in a nest—"I de  
 weaker vassel! Umph!"

A whole woman's-rights' convention could not  
 have expressed more in a day than was given in  
 that single look and word. Candace considered a  
 husband as a thing to be taken care of—a rather  
 inconsequent and somewhat troublesome species of  
 pet, to be humored, nursed, fed, clothed, and guided  
 in the way that he was to go—an animal that was  
 always losing off buttons, catching colds, wearing  
 his best coat every day, and getting on his Sunday  
 hat in a surreptitious manner for week-day occa-  
 sions; but she often condescended to express it as  
 her opinion that he was a blessing, and that she  
 didn't know what she'd do if it wasn't for Cato. She  
 sometimes was heard expressing herself very ener-  
 getically in disapprobation of the conduct of one  
 of her sable friends, named Jinny Stiles, who, after  
 being presented with her own freedom, worked  
 several years to buy that of her husband, but be-  
 came afterwards so disgusted with her acquisition,  
 that she declared she would "neber buy anoder  
 nigger."

"Now, Jinny don't know what she's talkin'  
 about," she would say. "S'pose he does cough  
 and keep her awake nights, and take a little too  
 much sometimes, a'n't he better'n no husband at  
 all? A body wouldn't seem to hab nuffin to lib  
 for, ef dey hadn't an old man to look arter. Men  
 is nate'lly foolish about some tings—but dey's good  
 deal better'n nuffin."

And Candace, after this condescending remark,  
 would lift off with one hand a brass kettle in which  
 poor Cato might have been drowned, and fly  
 across the kitchen with it as if it were a feather.

HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

### DE OLE PLANTATION MULE.

A WERRY funny feller is de ole plantation  
 mule;  
 An' nobody'll play wid him unless he is a  
 fool.

De bestest ting to do w'en you meditates about  
 him.

Is to kinder sorter calkerlate you'll get along  
 widout him.

W'en you try to 'proach dat mule from de front  
endwise,  
He look as meek as Moses, but his look is full ob  
lies;  
He doesn't move a muscle, he doesn't even wink;  
An' you say his dispersion's better'n people tink.  
He stan' so still that you s'pose he is a monument  
of grace;  
An' you almos' see a 'nevolent expression on his  
face;  
But that 'nevolent expression is de mask dat's allers  
worn;  
For ole Satan is behin' it, jest as sure as you is  
born.

Den you cosset him a little, an' you pat his other  
end,  
An' you has a revelation dat he aint so much  
your friend;  
You has made a big mistake; but before de heart  
repents,  
You is histed werry sudden to de odder side de  
fence.

Well, you feel like you'd been standin' on de  
locomotive track  
An' de engine come an' hit you in de middle ob  
de back;  
You don' know wat has happened, you can  
scarcely catch your breff;  
But you tink youv'e made de 'quaintance ob a  
werry vi'lent deff.

Now a sin in de soul is precisely like de mule;  
An' nobody'll play wid it, unless he is a fool.  
It looks so mitey innercent; but honey, dear, be-  
ware!  
For although de kick is hidden, de kick is allers  
there.

### THE RAILROAD CROSSING.

I CAN'T tell you much about the thing, 'twas  
done so powerful quick;  
But 'pears to me I got a most outlandish  
heavy lick;  
It broke my leg, and tore my skulp, and jerked  
my arm most out.  
But take a seat: I'll try and tell just how it kem  
about.

You see, I'd started down to town with that 'ere  
team of mine,  
A-hauling down a load o'corn to Ebenezer Kline,  
An' drivin' slow; for, just about a day or two  
before,  
The off horse run a splinter in his foot, and made  
it sore.

You know the railroad cuts across the road at  
Martin's Hole;  
Well, thar I seed a great big sign, raised high  
upon a pole;

I thought I'd stop and read the thing, and find out  
what it said,  
And so I stopped the hosses on the railroad track, and  
read.

I ain't no scholar, rekollect, and so I had to spell,  
I started kinder cautious like, with R-A-I and L;  
And that spelt "rail" as clear as mud; R-O-A-D  
was 'road,'  
I lumped 'em: "railroad" was the word, and that  
'ere much I knowed.

C-R-O and double S, with I-N-G to boot,  
Made "crossing" just as plain as Noah Webster  
dared to do 't.  
"Railroad crossing" good enough! L double O-K  
"look";  
And I was lookin' all the time, and spellin' like a  
book.

O-U-T spelt "out" jest right; and there it was,  
"look out,"  
I's kinder cur'us, like, to know jest what 'twas all  
about;  
F-O-R and T-H-E; 'twas then "look out for  
the—  
And then I tried the next word; it commenced with  
E-N-G.

I'd got that fur, when suddintly there came an awful  
whack;  
A thousand fiery thunderbolts just scooped me off the  
track;  
The hosses went to Davy Jones, the wagon went to  
smash,  
And I was histed seven yards above the tallest ash.

I didn't come to life ag'in fur 'bout a day or two;  
But, though I'm crippled up a heap, I sorter struggled  
trough,  
It ain't the pain, nor 'tain't the loss o' that 'ere team  
of mine;  
But, stranger, how I'd like to know the rest of that  
'ere sign!

HEZEKIAH STRONG.

### THE PUNKIN FROST.

WHEN the frost is on the punkin and the  
fodder's in the shock,  
And you hear the kyouck and gobble of  
the struttin' turkey cock,  
And the clackin of the guineas, and the cluckin' of  
the hens,  
And the rooster's hallylooyer as he tiptoes on the  
fence,  
Oh, it's then's the time a feller is a-feelin' at his  
best,  
With the risin' sun to greet him from a night of gra-  
cious rest,



As he leaves the house bare-headed, and goes out  
to feed the stock,  
When the frost is on the punkin and the fodder's  
in the shock.

They's sumphin kind o' hearty-like about the  
atmosphere,  
When the heat of summer's over, and the coolin'  
fall is here—

Of course we miss the flowers and the blossoms on  
the trees,

And the mumble of the hummin'-birds, and buz-  
zin' of the bees:

But the air's so appetizin', and the landscape  
through the haze

Of a crisp and sunny mornin' of the early autumn  
days

Is a picture that no painter has the colorin' to  
mock;

When the frost is on the punkin and the fodder's  
in the shock.

The husky, rusty rustle of the tassels of the corn,  
And the raspin' of the tangled leaves, as golden as  
the morn;

The stubble in the furries, kind o' lonesome-like,  
but still

A-preachin' sermons to us of the barns they grewed  
to fill.

The straw stack in the medder, and the reaper in  
the shed;

The hosses in their stalls below, the clover over-  
head;

Oh, it sets my heart a-clickin' like the tickin' of  
a clock,

When the frost is on the punkin and the fodder's  
in the shock.

B. F. JOHNSON.

#### PAT'S REPLY.

**A**S Pat, an odd joker, and Yankee more sly,  
Once riding together, a gallows passed by;  
Said the Yankee to Pat, "If I don't make  
too free,

Give that gallows its due, and pray where would  
you be?"

"Why, honey," said Pat, "faith, that's easily  
known—

I'd be ridin' to town by myself all alone."

#### PRACTICAL PHILOSOPHY.

**"W**ALKIN' out dis mawin to behole de  
bewtiful in natur'," began Presi-  
dent Gardner as he arose, "my  
mind recollected dat I had been  
axed to spain de true secret o' happiness. In de  
fust place, when am a man happy? Is it when he  
has lots o' money—when he has fixed his enemy—  
when he travels an' sees de world—when he has a  
good home? An' how many grades of happiness

kin you count up? An' what am happiness, when  
you boil it down?

"Happiness, as an old black man like me de-  
fines it," continued Brother Gardner, "am not  
sto' cloze, a fat wallet, a big house an' ice cream  
ebery night afore you go to bed. When I looked  
about me arter a wife I didn't look fur anything  
gaudy. I knew I mus' ma'ry a black woman or  
none at all. I knew she'd be away off on her  
Greek an' Latin, an so when I got my ole woman  
I war' not a bit dis'pinted. She am as good as I  
am, an' what more can I ask? When I war' free  
to start out I reasoned dat I mus' job 'round at dis  
an' dat, kase I had no trade. I nebber counted  
on havin' more dan a cord of wood an' five bush-  
els of 'taters ahead, an' I nebber have had. I  
knew I'd have to live in a small house, own a  
cheap dog, live an' dress plainly, an' keep dis  
black skin to de grave, an' it has all happened  
jist as I 'spected. I am happy kase I havn't  
'spected too much. I am happy kase I doan't  
figger on what I havn't got. I am happy kase I  
reason dat de weather can't allus be fa'r, money  
can't allus be plenty, good health can't allus last,  
an' yer bes' fr'ends can't allus be counted on. If  
dar' am any secret of happiness I believe it am dis,  
an' we will now begin de reg'lar bizness of de oc-  
cashun."

#### MARK TWAIN'S WATCH.

**M**Y beautiful new watch had run eighteen  
months without losing or gaining, and  
without breaking any part of its machin-  
ery, or stopping. I had come to believe it infal-  
lible in its judgments about the time of day, and to  
consider its constitution and its anatomy imperish-  
able. But at last, one night, I let it run down.  
I grieved about it as if it were a recognized mes-  
senger and forerunner of calamity. But by-and-  
by I cheered up, set the watch by guess, and com-  
manded my bodings and superstitions to depart.  
Next day I stepped into the chief jeweler's to set  
it by the exact time, and the head of the establish-  
ment took it out of my hand and proceeded to set  
it for me. Then he said, "She is four minutes  
slow—regulator wants pushing up." I tried to  
stop him—tried to make him understand that the  
watch kept perfect time.

But no; all this human cabbage could see was  
that the watch was four minutes slow, and the  
regulator *must* be pushed up a little; and so, while  
I danced around him in anguish, and implored  
him to let the watch alone, he calmly and cruelly  
did the shameful deed. My watch began to gain.  
It gained faster and faster day by day. Within  
the week it sickened to a raging fever, and its  
pulse went up to a hundred and fifty in the shade.  
At the end of two months it had left all the time-  
pieces of the town far in the rear, and was a frac-  
tion over thirteen days ahead of the almanac.

It was away into November enjoying the snow, while the October leaves were still turning. It hurried up house rent, bills payable, and such things, in such a ruinous way that I could not abide it. I took it to the watchmaker to be regulated. He asked me if I had ever had it repaired. I said no, it had never needed any repairing. He looked a look of vicious happiness and eagerly pried the watch open, and then put a small dice box into his eye and peered into its machinery. He said it wanted cleaning and oiling, besides regulating—come in a week.

After being cleaned, and oiled, and regulated, my watch slowed down to that degree that it ticked like a tolling bell. I began to be left by trains, I failed all appointments, I got to missing my dinner; my watch strung out three days' grace to four and let me go to protest; I gradually drifted back into yesterday, then day before, then into last week, and by-and-by the comprehension came upon me that all solitary and alone I was lingering along in week before last, and the world was out of sight. I seemed to detect in myself a sort of sneaking fellow-feeling for the mummy in the museum, and a desire to swop news with him.

I went to a watchmaker again. He took the watch all to pieces while I waited, and then said the barrel was "swelled." He said he could reduce it in three days. After this the watch *averaged* well, but nothing more. For half a day it would go like the very mischief, and keep up such a barking and wheezing and whooping and sneezing and snorting, that I could not hear myself think for the disturbance; and as long as it held out there was not a watch in the land that stood any chance against it. But the rest of the day it would keep on slowing down and fooling along until all the clocks it had left behind caught up again. So at last, at the end of twenty-four hours, it would trot up to the judges' stand all right and just in time. It would show a fair and square average, and no man could say it had done more or less than its duty.

But a correct average is only a mild virtue in a watch and I took this instrument to another watchmaker. He said the kingbolt was broken. I said I was glad it was nothing more serious. To tell the plain truth, I had no idea what the kingbolt was, but I did not choose to appear ignorant to a stranger. He repaired the kingbolt, but what the watch gained in one way it lost in another. It would run awhile and then stop awhile, and then run awhile again, and so on, using its own discretion about the intervals. And every time it went off it kicked back like a musket. I padded my breast for a few days, but finally took the watch to another watchmaker. He picked it all to pieces, and turned the ruin over and over under his glass; and then he said there appeared to be something the matter with the hair-trigger.

He fixed it, and gave it a fresh start. It did well now, except that always at ten minutes to ten the hands would shut together like a pair of scissors, and from that time forth they would travel together. The oldest man in the world could not make out the time of day by such a watch, and so I went again to have the thing repaired. This person said that the crystal had got bent, and that the mainspring was not straight. He also remarked that part of the works needed half-soling. He made these things all right, and then my time-piece performed unexceptionably, save that now and then she would reel off the next twenty-four hours in six or seven minutes, and then stop with a bang.

I went with a heavy heart to one more watchmaker, and looked on while he took her to pieces. Then I prepared to cross-question him rigidly, for this thing was getting serious. The watch had cost two hundred dollars originally, and I seemed to have paid out two or three thousand for repairs. While I waited and looked on I presently recognized in this watchmaker an old acquaintance—a steamboat engineer of other days, and not a good engineer either. He examined all the parts carefully, just as the other watchmakers had done, and then delivered his verdict with the same confidence of manner.

He said—"She makes too much steam—you want to hang the monkey-wrench on the safety-valve!"

I floored him on the spot.

My uncle William (now deceased, alas!) used to say that a good horse was a good horse until it had run away once, and that a good watch was a good watch until the repairers got a chance at it.

SAMUEL L. CLEMENS.

## DEBORAH LEE.

A PARODY.

'TIS a dozen or so of years ago,  
Somewhere in the West countree,  
That a nice girl lived, as ye Hoosiers know  
By the name of Deborah Lee;  
Her sister was loved by Edgar Poe,  
But Deborah by me.

Now I was green, and she was green,  
As a summer's squash might be;  
And we loved as warmly as other folks—  
I and my Deborah Lee—  
With a love that the lasses of Hoosierdom  
Coveted her and me.

But somehow it happened a long time ago,  
In the aguish West countree,  
That a chill March morning gave the *shakes*  
To my beautiful Deborah Lee;



And the grim steam-doctor (drat him!) came,  
And bore her away from me—  
The doctor and death, old partners they—  
In the aguish countree.

The angels wanted her in heaven  
(But they never asked for me),  
And that is the reason, I rather guess,  
In the aguish West countree,  
That the cold March wind, and the doctor, and  
death,  
Took off my Deborah Lee—  
My beautiful Deborah Lee—  
From the warm sunshine and the opening flower,  
And bore her away from me.

Our love was as strong as a six-horse team,  
Or the love of folks older than we,  
Or possibly wiser than we;  
But death, with the aid of doctor and steam,  
Was rather too many for me;  
He closed the peepers and silenced the breath  
Of my sweetheart Deborah Lee,  
And her form lies cold in the prairie mould,  
Silent and cold—ah me!

The foot of the hunter shall press her grave,  
And the prairie's sweet wild flowers  
In their odorous beauty around it wave  
Through all the sunny hours—  
The still, bright summer hours;  
And the birds shall sing in the tufted grass,  
And the nectar-laden bee,  
With his dreamy hum, on his gauze wings pass,—  
She wakes no more to me;  
Ah! nevermore to me!  
Though the wild birds sing and the wild flowers  
spring,  
She wakes no more to me.

Yet oft in the hush of the dim, still night,  
A vision of beauty I see  
Gliding soft to my bedside,—a phantom of light,  
Dear, beautiful Deborah Lee—  
My bride that was to be;  
And I wake to mourn that the doctor, and death,  
And the cold March wind, should stop the breath  
Of my darling Deborah Lee—  
Adorable Deborah Lee—  
That angels should want her up in heaven  
Before they wanted me.

#### WHAT MR. ROBINSON THINKS.

FROM "THE BIGLOW PAPERS."

**G**UVENER B. is a sensible man;  
He stays to his home an' looks arter his  
folks;  
He draws his furrer ez straight ez he can,  
An' into nobody's tater-patch pokes;—  
But John P.  
Robinson he  
Sez he wunt vote fer Guvener B.

My! ain't it terrible? Wut shall we du?

We can't never choose him o' course,—thet's flat;  
Guess we shall hev to come round, (don't you?)  
An' go in fer thunder an' guns, an' all that:

Fer John P.

Robinson he

Sez he wunt vote fer Guvener B.

General C. is a dreffle smart man:

He's ben on all sides thet give places or pelf;  
But consistency still wuz a part of his plan,—

He's ben true to *one* party,—an' thet is himself;—

So John P.

Robinson he

Sez he shall vote fer General C.

We were gittin' on nicely up here to our village,  
With good old idees o' wut's right an' wut aint,  
We kind o' thought Christ went agin war an' pil-  
lage,

An' thet eppylett worn't the best mark of a  
saint;

But John P.

Robinson he

Sez this kind o' thing's an exploded idee.

The side of our country must ollers be took,

An' President Polk, you know, *he* is our country;

An' the angel thet writes all our sins in a book

Puts the *debit* to him, an' to us the *per contry*;

An' John P.

Robinson he

Sez this is his view o' the thing to a T.

Parson Wilbur he calls all these argimunts lies;

Sez they're nothin' on airth but jest *fee, faw, fum*;

And thet all this big talk of our destinies

Is half ov it ign'ance, an' t'other half rum:

But John P.

Robinson he

Sez it ain't no sech thing; an', of course, so  
must we.

Parson Wilbur sez *he* never heerd in his life

Thet th' Apostles rigged out in their swaller-tail  
coats,

An' marched round in front of a drum an' a fife,

To git some on 'em office, an' some on 'em  
votes.

But John P.

Robinson he

Sez they didn't know everythin' down in  
Judee.

Wal, it's a marcy we've gut folks to tell us

The rights an' the wrongs o' these matters, I  
vow,—

God sends country lawyers, an' other wise fellers,  
To drive the world's team wen it gits in a slough;

Fer John P.

Robinson he

Sez the world'll go right, ef he hollers out *Gee!*

JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.

## WAIL OF THE UNAPPRECIATED.

THE poets all have sung their songs in tones  
 of loving praise,  
 Of fightin' men, and all that set, for count-  
 less years and days,  
 Until I think it's almost time to make Pegasus  
 prance  
 In ringin' in some word for them as never had a  
 chance.

I know a dozen fellers now, that somehow staid  
 behind,  
 And why, no one could never tell, for they was  
 men of mind,  
 All brainy men and statesmen, too, as modern  
 statesmen go,  
 But, somehow, in this crooked world, they've  
 never had no show.

There's old Jim Potts, who ought to be in Con-  
 gress right to-day.  
 He han't no head for business—could never make  
 it pay;  
 But when it comes to tariff, or internal revenue—  
 Now what old Jim he doesn't know ain't worth a-  
 lookin' through.

But pore old Jim (a brainy man, as I have said  
 before),  
 And several more (includin' me) set round the  
 grocery store,  
 And there we run the country, accordin' to our  
 lights,  
 And we figger how the workingman is loosin' all  
 his rights.

But yet, with all our good, hard sense, some loud  
 and windy cuss  
 Can put a standin' collar on and raise a little  
 fuss,  
 And everybody flocks to him and lauds him to  
 the sky,  
 And leaves us men of solid worth plums stranded  
 high and dry.

## ASK AND HAVE.

“O H, 'tis time I should talk to your mother,  
 Sweet Mary,” says I;  
 “Oh, don't talk to my mother,” says  
 Mary,  
 Beginning to cry:  
 “For my mother says men are deceivers,  
 And never, I know, will consent;  
 She says girls in a hurry who marry,  
 At leisure repent.”  
 “Then, suppose I would talk to your father,  
 Sweet Mary,” says I;  
 “Oh, don't talk to my father,” says Mary,  
 Beginning to cry:

“For my father, he loves me so dearly,  
 He'll never consent I should go—  
 If you talk to my father,” says Mary,  
 “He'll surely say ‘No.’”

“Then how shall I get you, my jewel?  
 Sweet Mary,” says I;  
 “If your father and mother's so cruel,  
 Most surely I'll die!”  
 “Oh, never say die, dear,” says Mary;  
 “A way now to save you I see:  
 Since my parents are both so contrary—  
 You'd better ask *me*.”

SAMUEL LOVER.

## THE BEAUTY AND THE BEE.

FANNY, arrayed in the bloom of her beauty,  
 Stood at the mirror and toyed with her  
 hair,

Viewing her charms, till she felt it a duty  
 To own that like Fanny no woman was fair.  
 A bee from the garden—oh, what could mislead  
 him?—

Strayed through the lattice new dainties to seek,  
 And lighting on Fanny, too busy to heed him,  
 Stung the sweet maid on her delicate cheek.

Smarting with pain, round the chamber she sought  
 him,

Tears in her eyes, and revenge in her heart,  
 And angrily cried, when at last she had caught  
 him,

“Die for the deed, little wretch that thou  
 art!”

Stooping to crush him, the hapless offender  
 Prayed her for mercy—to hear and forgive:  
 “Oh, spare me!” he cried, “by those eyes in  
 their splendor;

“Oh, pity my fault, and allow me to live!

“Am I to blame that your cheeks are like roses,  
 Whose hues all the pride of the garden eclipse?  
 Lilies are hid in your mouth when it closes,  
 And odors of Araby breathe from your lips.”  
 Sweet Fanny relented: “'Twere cruel to hurt you;  
 Small is the fault, pretty bee, you deplore;  
 And e'en were it greater, forgiveness is virtue;  
 Go forth and be happy—I blame you no more.”

CHARLES MACKAY.

## WHY BIDDY AND PAT MARRIED.

“O WHY did you marry him, Biddy?  
 Why did you take Pat for your  
 spouse?

Sure, he's neither purty nor witty,  
 And his hair is as red as a cow's!  
 You might had your pick had you waited,  
 You'd done a dale better with Tim;  
 And Phelim O'Toole was expectin'—  
 You couldn't do better nor him.



You talk of us young people courtin'—  
Pray tell how your courtin' began,  
When you were a widdy woman,  
And he was a widdy man."

"Tim and Pat, Miss, you see, was acquainted,  
Before they came over the sea.  
When Pat was a-courtin' Norah,  
And Tim was a-courtin' me.  
She did not know much, the poor Norah,  
Nor, for that matter, neither did Pat;  
He had not the instinct of some one,  
But no one had then told him that;  
But he soon found it out for himself,  
For life's at best's but a span—  
When I was a widdy woman,  
And he was a widdy man.

"I helped him to take care of Norah,  
And when he compared her with me,  
He saw, as he whispered one evening,  
What a woman one woman could be,  
She went out like the snuff of a candle;  
Then the sickness seized upon Tim,  
And we watched by his bedside together—  
It was such a comfort to him.  
I was not alone in my weeping,  
Our tears in the same channel ran—  
For I was a widdy woman,  
And he was a widdy man.

"We had both had our troubles, mavourneen,  
Though neither, perhaps, was to blame;  
And we both knew by this what we wanted,  
And we were willing to pay for the same.  
We knew what it was to be married,  
And before the long twelvemonth had flown,  
We had made up our minds it was better  
Not to live any longer alone;  
We wasted no time shilly-shally,  
Like you, Miss, and Master Dan—  
For I was a widdy woman,  
And he was a widdy man."

R. H. STODDARD.

### MY PAROQUET.

I HAD a parrot once, an ugly bird,  
With the most wicked eye I ever saw,  
Who though it comprehended all it heard,  
Would only say, "O pshaw!"

I did my best to teach it goodly lore;  
I talked to it of medicine and law;  
It looked as if it knew it all before,  
And simply said, "O pshaw!"

I sat me down upon a dry-goods box  
To stuff sound doctrine down its empty craw,  
It would have none of matters orthodox,  
But yawned and said, "O pshaw!"

I talked to it of politics, finance;  
I hoped to teach the bird to say "Hurrah!"  
For my pet candidates when he'd a chance,  
He winked and chirped, "O pshaw!"

I am for prohibition, warp and woof,  
But that bird stole hard cider through a straw,  
And then he teetered off at my reproof,  
And thickly said, "O pshaw!"

Enraged, I hurled a bootjack, missed my aim  
And plugged a passing stranger in the jaw;  
He wheeled to see from whence the missile came;  
The demon laughed "O pshaw!"

I gave the creature to an old-maid aunt,  
And shook with parting grief its skinny claw.  
"He'll serve to cheer," she said, "my lonely  
hearth,  
For I'd not marry the best man on earth!"  
"O pshaw!" sneered Poll, "C psha-a-w!"

EMMA H. WEBB.

### "BIRTHS. MRS. MEEK, OF A SON."

MY name is Meek. I am, in fact, Mr. Meek.  
That son is mine, and Mrs. Meek's. When  
I saw the announcement in the *Times*, and  
I dropped the paper. I had put it in myself, and  
paid for it, but it looked so noble that it over-  
powered me.

As soon as I could compose my feelings, I took  
the paper up to Mrs. Meek's bedside. "Maria  
Jane," said I (I allude to Mrs. Meek), "you are  
now a public character." We read the review of  
our child, several times, with feelings of the  
strongest emotions; and I sent the boy who  
cleaned the boots and shoes to the office for fifteen  
copies. No reduction was made on taking that  
quantity.

I hope and believe I am a quiet man. I will go  
further. I *know* I am a quiet man. My constitu-  
tion is tremulous, my voice was never loud, and in  
point of stature, I have been from infancy small.  
I have the greatest respect for Mrs. Bigby, Maria  
Jane's mamma. She is a most remarkable woman.  
I honor Maria Jane's mamma. In my opinion she  
would storm a town, single handed, with a hearth-  
broom, and carry it. I have never known her to  
yield any point whatever to mortal man. She is  
calculated to terrify the stoutest heart. Still—but  
I will not anticipate.

The first intimation I had of any preparations  
being in progress, on the part of Maria Jane's  
mamma, was one afternoon, several months ago.  
I came home earlier than usual from the office,  
and proceeding into the dining room, found an  
obstruction behind the door, which prevented it  
from opening freely. It was an obstruction of a  
soft nature. On looking in I found it to be a  
female.

The female in question stood in the corner behind the door, consuming sherry wine. From the nutty smell of that beverage pervading the apartment, I have no doubt she was consuming a second glassful. She wore a black bonnet of large dimensions and was copious in figure. The expression of her countenance was severe and discontented. The words to which she gave utterance on seeing me, were these, "Oh git along with you, Sir, if *you* please; me and Mrs. Bigby don't want no male parties here?" That female was Mrs. Prodigit.

I immediately withdrew, of course. I was rather hurt, but I made no remark. Whether it was that I showed a lowness of spirits after dinner, in consequence of feeling that I seemed to intrude, I cannot say. But Maria Jane's mamma said to me, on her retiring for the night, in a low, distinct voice, and with a look of reproach that completely subdued me, "George Meek, Mrs. Prodigit is your wife's nurse!"

I bear no ill-will toward Mrs. Prodigit. Is it likely that I, writing this with tears in my eyes, should be capable of deliberate animosity toward a female so essential to the welfare of Maria Jane? I am willing to admit that Fate may have been to blame, and not Mrs. Prodigit; but it is undeniably true that the latter female brought desolation and devastation into my lowly dwelling.

We were happy after her first appearance; we were sometimes exceedingly so. But whenever the parlor door was opened, and "Mrs. Prodigit!" announced (and she was very often announced), misery ensued. I could not bear Mrs. Prodigit's look. I felt that I was far from wanted, and had no business to exist in Mrs. Prodigit's presence. Between Maria Jane's mamma and Mrs. Prodigit there was a dreadful, secret understanding—a dark mystery and conspiracy, pointing me out as a being to be shunned. I appeared to have done something that was evil. Whenever Mrs. Prodigit called, after dinner, I retired to my dressing room—where the temperature is very low indeed, in the wintry time of the year—and sat looking at my frosty breath as it rose before me, and at my rack of boots; a serviceable article of furniture, but never, in my opinion, an exhilarating object. The length of the councils that were held with Mrs. Prodigit under these circumstances I will not attempt to describe.

I pass, generally, over the period that intervened between the day when Mrs. Prodigit entered her protest against male parties, and the ever memorable midnight when I brought her to my unobtrusive home in a cab, with an extremely large box on the roof and a bundle, a bandbox and a basket between the driver's legs. I have no objection to Mrs. Prodigit (aided and abetted by Mrs. Bigby, who I never can forget is the parent of Maria Jane), taking entire possession of my unassuming

establishment. In the recesses of my own breast the thought may linger that a man in possession cannot be so dreadful as a woman, and that woman Mrs. Prodigit; but I ought to bear a good deal, and I hope I can and do. Huffing and snubbing prey upon my feelings, but I can bear them without complaint. They may tell in the long run; I may be hustled about, from post to pillar, beyond my strength; nevertheless, I wish to avoid giving rise to words in the family.

The voice of Nature, however, cried aloud in behalf of Augustus George, my infant son. It is for him that I wish to utter a few plaintive household words. I am not at all angry; I am mild—but miserable.

I wish to know why, when my child, Augustus George, was expected in our circle, a provision of pins was made, as if the little stranger were a criminal who was to be put to the torture immediately on its arrival, instead of a holy babe? I wish to know why haste was made to stick those pins all over his innocent form, in every direction? I wish to be informed why light and air are excluded from Augustus George, like poisons? Why, I ask, is my unoffending infant so hedged into a basket-bedstead, with dimity and calico, with miniature sheets and blankets, that I can only hear him snuffle (and no wonder!) deep down under the pink hood of a little bathing machine, and can never peruse even so much of his lineaments as his nose.

Was I expected to be the father of a French roll, that the brushes of all nations were laid in, to rasp Augustus George? Am I to be told that his sensitive skin was ever intended by Nature to have rashes brought out upon it, by the premature and incessant use of those formidable little instruments?

Is my son a nutmeg, that he is to be grated on the stiff edges of sharp frills? Am I the parent of a muslin boy, that his yielding surface is to be crimped and small-plaited? Or is my child composed of paper or of linen, that impressions of the finery getting-up art practiced by the laundress are to be printed off all over his soft arms and legs, as I constantly observe them? The starch enters his soul; who can wonder that he cries?

Was Augustus George intended to have limbs, or to be born a Torso? I presume that limbs were the intention, as they are the usual practice. Then, why are my poor child's limbs fettered and tied up?

If the days of Egyptian mummies are past, how dare Mrs. Prodigit require, for the use of my son, an amount of flannel and linen that would carpet my humble roof? Do I wonder that she requires it? No! This morning, within an hour, I beheld this astonishing sight. I beheld my son—Augustus George—in Mrs. Prodigit's hands, and on Mrs. Prodigit's knee, being dressed. He was at the



moment, comparatively speaking, in a state of nature; having nothing on but an extremely short shirt, remarkably disproportionate to the length of his usual outer garments.

Trailing from Mrs. Prodigit's lap on the floor, was a long narrow roller or bandage—I should say of several yards in extent. In this, I saw Mrs. Prodigit tightly roll the body of my unoffending infant, turning him over and over, now presenting his unconscious face upward, now the back of his bald head, until the unnatural feat was accomplished, and the bandage secured by a pin, which I have every reason to believe entered the body of my only child. In this tourniquet he passes the present phase of his existence. Can I know it and smile?

I feel I have been betrayed into expressing myself warmly, but I feel deeply. Not for myself; but for Augustus George. I dare not interfere. Will any one? Will any publication? Any doctor? Any parent? Any body? I do not complain that Mrs. Prodigit (aided and abetted by Mrs. Bigby) entirely alienates Maria Jane's affections from me, and interposes an impassable barrier between us. I do not complain of being made of no account. I do not want to be of any account. But Augustus George is a production of Nature. and I claim that he should be treated with some remote reference to Nature. In my opinion Mrs. Prodigit is, from first to last, a convention and a superstition.

P. S.—Maria Jane's mamma boasts of her own knowledge of the subject, and says she brought up seven children besides Maria Jane. But how do I know that she might not have brought them up much better? Maria Jane herself is far from strong, and is subject to headaches, and nervous indigestion. Besides which, I learn from the statistical tables, that one child in five dies within the first year of its life; and one child in three within the fifth. That don't look as if we could never improve in these particulars, I think!

P. P. S.—Augustus George is in convulsions.

CHARLES DICKENS.

## A MAN BY THE NAME OF BOLUS.

A MAN by the name of Bolus—(all 'at we'll ever know

Of the stranger's name, I reckon—and I'm kind o' glad it's so!)

Got off here Christmas morning—looked round the town, and then

Kind o' sized up the folks, I guess, and—went away again!

The fact is, this man Bolus got “run in” Christmas day;

The town turned out to see it, and cheered, and blocked the way!

And they dragged him 'fore the Mayor—fer he couldn't *er wouldn't* walk—

And socked him down fer trial—though he couldn't *er wouldn't* talk!

*Drunk?*—they was no *doubt* of it! W'y, the Marshal of the town

Laughed and testified 'at he fell UP stairs 'stid of down!

This man by the name of Bolus? W'y, he even drapped his jaw

And snored on through his “*hearin'*” drunk as you ever saw!

One fellar spit in his bootleg, and another'n drapped a small

Little chunk of ice down his collar—but he didn't wake at all!

And they all nearly split when His Honor said, in one of his witty ways,

To “chalk it down for him ‘Called away—be back in thirty days!’”

That's where this man named Bolus slid, kind o' like in a fit,

Flat on the floor—and drat my ears! I hear 'em a-laughin' yit!

Somebody fetched Doc Sifers from jest acrost the hall—

And all Doc says was, “Morphine! We're too late!” and that's all!

That's how they found his name out—piece of a letter 'at read:

“Your wife has lost her reason, and little Nathan's dead—

Come ef you kin—fergive *her*—but Bolus, as fer *me*,

This hour I send a bullet through where my heart ort to be!”

*Man by the name o' Bolus!* As his revilers broke Fer the open air, peared like, to me, I heerd a voice 'at spoke,

*Man by the name of Bolus!* *git up from where you lay—*

*Git up and smile white at 'em, with your hands crossed thataway!*

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.

## SALAD.

TO make this condiment, your poet begs  
The pounded yellow of two hard-boiled eggs;

Two boiled potatoes, passed through kitchen-sieve,

Smoothness and softness to the salad give;

Let onion atoms lurk within the bowl,

And, half-suspected, animate the whole.

Of mordant mustard add a single spoon,

Distrust the condiment that bites too soon;

But deem it not, thou man of herbs, a fault,  
To add a double quantity of salt.  
And, lastly, o'er the flavored compound toss  
A magic soup-spoon of anchovy sauce.  
Oh, green and glorious! Oh, herbaceous treat!  
'Twould tempt the dying anchorite to eat;  
Back to the world he'd turn his fleeting soul,  
And plunge his fingers in the salad bowl!  
Serenely full, the epicure would say,  
"Fate cannot harm me, I have dined to-day!"

SYDNEY SMITH.

### 'T IS NOT FINE FEATHERS THAT MAKE FINE BIRDS.

A PEACOCK came, with his plumage gay,  
Strutting in regal pride, one day,  
Where a little bird hung in a gilded cage,  
Whose song might a seraph's ear engage.  
The bird sang on, while the peacock stood,  
Vaunting his plumes to the neighborhood;  
And the radiant sun seemed not more bright  
Than the bird that basked in his golden light;  
But the little bird sang, in his own sweet words,  
"'T is not fine feathers that make fine birds!"

The peacock strutted—a bird so fair  
Never before had ventured there,  
While the small bird hung at the cottage door—  
And what could a peacock wish for more?  
Alas! the bird of the rainbow wing,  
He was n't contented—he *tried to sing!*  
And they who gazed on his beauty bright,  
Scared by his screaming, soon took to flight;  
While the little bird sang, in his own sweet words,  
"'T is not fine feathers that make fine birds!"

Then, prithee, take warning, maidens fair,  
And still of the peacock's fate beware;  
Beauty and wealth won't win your way,  
Though they 're attired in plumage gay;  
Something to charm you all must know,  
Apart from fine feathers and outward show—  
A talent, a grace, a gift of mind,  
Or else small beauty is left behind!  
While the little birds sing, in their own true  
words,  
"'T is not fine feathers that make fine birds!"

### TOTAL ANNIHILATION.

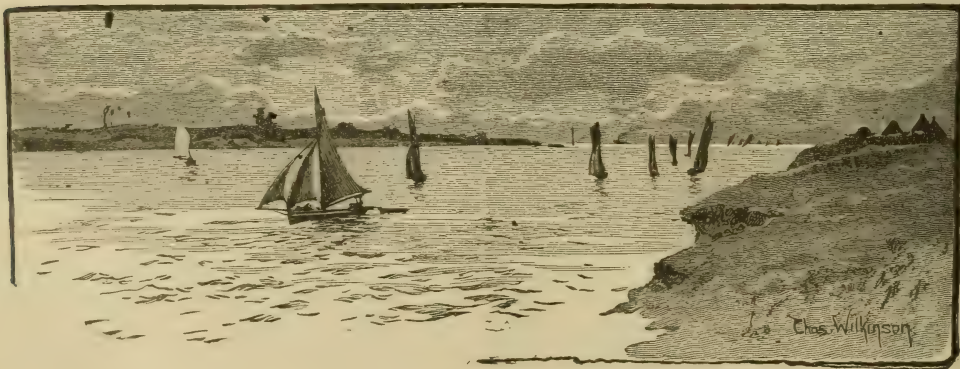
O H! he was a Bowery bootblack bold,  
And his years they numbered nine.  
Rough and unpolished was he, albeit,  
He constantly aimed to shine.

As proud as a king on his box he sat,  
Munching an apple red,  
While the boys of his set looked wistfully on,  
And, "Give me a bite!" they said.

But the bootblack smiled a lordly smile,  
"No free bites here!" he cried.  
And the boys, they sadly walked away,  
Save one, who stood at his side.

"Bill, give us the core," he whispered low.  
That bootblack smiled one more,  
And a mischievous dimple grew in his cheek—  
"There ain't goin' to be no core!"

MARY D. BAINE.





# CYCLOPEDIA OF POETICAL QUOTATIONS:

WITH

## SUBJECTS ARRANGED ALPHABETICALLY.

### ABSENCE.



F all affliction taught a lover yet,  
'Tis sure the hardest science to forget!

*Pope.*

Condemned whole years in absence to deplore,  
And image charms he must behold no more.

*Pope.*

No happier task these faded eyes pursue;  
To read and weep is all they now can do.

*Pope.*

Love reckons hours for months, and days for years;  
And every little absence is an age.

*Dryden.*

All flowers will droop in absence of the sun  
That waked their sweets.

*Dryden.*

A boat at midnight sent alone  
To drift upon the moonless sea,  
A lute, whose leading chord is gone,  
A wounded bird, that hath but one  
Imperfect wing to soar upon,  
Are like what I am, without thee!

*Moore.*

'Tis scarcely

Two hours since ye departed: two long hours  
To me, but only hours upon the sun.

*Byron.*

Wives, in their husband's absence, grow subtler,  
And daughters sometimes run off with the butler.

*Byron.*

Absent many a year

Far o'er the sea, his sweetest dreams were still  
Of that dear voice that soothed his infancy.

*Southey*

We must part awhile:

A few short months—though short, they must  
be long

Without thy dear society; but yet  
We must endure it, and our love will be  
The fonder after parting—it will grow  
Intenser in our absence, and again  
Burn with a tender glow when I return.

*Percival*

When from land and home receding,  
And from hearts that ache to bleeding,  
Think of those behind, who love thee,  
While the sun is bright above thee!  
Then, as down the ocean glancing,  
With the waves his rays are dancing,  
Think how long the night will be  
To the eyes that weep for thee.

*Miss Gould.*

Call thou me home! from thee apart

Faintly and low my pulses beat,  
As if the life-blood of my heart

Within thine own heart holds its seat,  
And floweth only where thou art:

Oh! call me home.

*Mrs. Oakes Smith.*

### ACTIVITY.

The keen spirit  
Seizes the prompt occasion—makes the thought  
Start into instant action, and at once  
Plans and performs, resolves and executes!

*Hannah More.*

My days, though few, have passed below  
In much of joy, though more of woe;  
Yet still, in hours of love or strife,  
I've 'scap'd the weariness of life.

*Byron.*

How slow the time  
To the warm soul, that, in the very instant  
It forms, would execute a great design !  
*Thomson.*

Lives of great men all remind us  
We can make our lives sublime,  
And, departing, leave behind us  
Footprints on the sands of time.

Let us then be up and doing ;  
With a heart for any fate,  
Still achieving, still pursuing,  
Learn to labor and to wait.  
*Longfellow.*

Run if you like, but try to keep your breath ;  
Work like a man, but don't be worked to death  
*Holmes.*

## ADVERSITY.

For as when merchants break, o'erthrown  
Like ninepins, they strike others down.  
*Butler.*

Though losses and crosses  
Be lessons right severe,  
There's wit there, ye'll get there,  
Ye'll find nae other where.  
*Burns.*

The brave unfortunate are our best acquaintance ;  
They show us virtue may be much distressed,  
And give us their example how to suffer.  
*Francis.*

In this wild world the fondest and the best,  
Are the most tried, most troubled, and distressed.  
*Crabbe.*

I have not quailed to danger's brow  
When high and happy—need I now ?  
*Byron.*

One thought alone he could not—dared not meet,  
“Oh, how these tidings will Medora greet ?”  
Then—only then—his clanking hands he raised  
And strained with rage the chain on which he gazed.  
*Byron.*

The good are better made by ill :—  
As odors crushed are sweeter still !  
*Rogers.*

Deserted at his utmost need,  
By those his former bounty fed.  
*Dryden.*

To exult  
Ev'n o'er an enemy oppressed, and heap  
Affliction on the afflicted, is the mark,  
And the mean triumph of a dastard soul.  
*Smollett.*

Ye good distressed !  
Ye noble few ! who here unbending stand  
Beneath life's pressure, yet bear up awhile,  
And what your bounded view, which only saw  
A little part, deemed evil, is no more ;  
The storms of wintry time will quickly pass,  
And one unbounded spring encircle all.  
*Thomson.*

Affliction is the good man's shining scene ;  
Prosperity conceals his brightest ray ;  
As light to stars, woe lustre gives to man.  
*Young.*

We bleed, we tremble, we forget, we smile,  
The mind turns fool, before the cheek is dry.  
*Young.*

Adversity's cold frosts will soon be o'er ;  
It heralds brighter days :—the joyous spring  
Is cradled on the winter's icy breast,  
And yet comes flushed in beauty.  
*Mrs. Hemans.*

## AGE.

The sixth age shifts  
Into the lean and slippered pantaioon ;  
With spectacles on nose, and pouch on side ;  
His youthful hose well saved, a world too wide  
For his shrunk shank ; and his big manly voice,  
Turning again towards childish treble, pipes  
And whistles in his sound.

Last scene of all,  
That ends this strange eventful history,  
Is second childishness, and mere oblivion ;  
Sans teeth, sans eyes, sans taste, sans every thing.  
*Shakespeare.*

I'm thirty-five, I'm thirty-five !  
Nor would I make it less,  
For not a year has passed away  
Unmarked by happiness.  
And who would drop one pleasant link  
From memory's golden chain ?

Or lose a sorrow, losing too  
The love that soothed the pain ?  
Oh ! still may heaven within my soul  
Keep truth and love alive—  
Then angel graces will be mine,  
Though over thirty-five.  
*Mrs. Hale.*

Why grieve that time has brought so soon  
The sober age of manhood on ?  
As idly should I weep at noon  
To see the blush of morning gone.  
*Bryant.*

Thus aged men, full loth and slow,  
The vanities of life forego,  
And count their youthful follies o'er,  
Till memory lends her light no more.  
*Scott.*



## AMBITION.

Great souls,  
By nature half divine, soar to the stars,  
And hold a near acquaintance with the gods.  
*Rowe.*

That is a step,  
On which I must fall down, or else o'erleap,  
For in my way it lies.  
*Shakespeare.*

Before I knew thee, Mary,  
Ambition was my angel: I did hear  
For ever its witch'd voices in mine ear;  
My days were visionary—  
My nights were like the slumbers of the mad:—  
And every dream swept o'er me glory clad.  
*Willis.*

Unnumbered suppliants crowd preferment's gate,  
Athirst for wealth, and burning to be great,  
Delusive fortune hears the incessant call.  
They mount, they shine—evaporate and fall.  
*Dr. Johnson.*

I have no spur  
To prick the sides of my intent, but only  
Vaulting ambition, which o'erleaps itself,  
And falls on the other side.  
*Shakespeare.*

These quenched a moment her ambitious thirst—  
So Arab deserts drink in summer's rain  
In vain!—As fall the dews on quenchless sands,  
Blood only serves to wash ambitious hands.  
*Byron.*

## ANGLING.

I in these flowery meads would be;  
These crystal streams should solace me;  
To whose harmonious, bubbling noise  
I with my angle would rejoice.  
*Walton.*

And angle on, and beg'to have  
A quiet passage to a welcome grove. *Walton.*

Oh! lone and lovely haunts are thine,  
Soft, soft the river flows,  
Wearing the shadow of thy line,  
The gloom of alder boughs.  
*Mrs. Hemans.*

Our plenteous streams a various race supply.  
*Pope.*

## AVARICE.

Some, o'er-enamored of their bags, run mad,  
Groan under gold, yet weep for want of bread.  
*Young.*

Why Mammon sits before a million hearths  
Where God is bolted out from every house.  
*Baillie.*

"I give and I devise" (Old Euclio said,  
And sigh'd,) "my lands and tenements to Ned."  
Your money, sir?—"My money, sir, what, all?  
Why, if I must" (then wept), "I give it Paul."  
The manor, sir?—"The manor! hold," he cried,  
"Not that—I cannot part with that," and died.  
*Pope.*

The lust of gold succeeds the lust of conquest:  
The lust of gold, unfeeling and remorseless!  
The last corruption of degenerate man.  
*Dr. Johnson.*

O cursed love of gold; when for thy sake  
The fool throws up his interest in both worlds,  
First starved in this, then damned in that to come.  
*Blair.*

But the base miser starves amid his store,  
Broods on his gold, and griping still at more,  
Sits sadly pining, and believes he's poor.  
*Dryden.*

## BEAUTY.

Beautiful, yes! but the blush will fade,  
The light grow dim which the blue eyes wear;  
The gloss will vanish from curl and braid,  
And the sunbeam die in the waving hair.  
Turn from the mirror, and strive to win  
Treasures of loveliness still to last;  
Gather earth's glory and bloom within,  
That the soul may be bright when youth is past.  
*Mrs. Osgood.*

Thou art beautiful, young lady—  
But I need not tell you this;  
For few have borne, unconsciously,  
The spell of loveliness.  
*Whittier.*

I've gazed on many a brighter face,  
But ne'er on one for years,  
Where beauty left so soft a trace  
As it had left on hers. *Mrs. Welby.*

The face, O call it fair, not pale.  
*Coleridge.*

A thing of beauty is a joy for ever.  
*Keats.*

No wonder that cheek in its beauty transcendant,  
Excelleth the beauty of others by far;  
No wonder that eye is so richly resplendent,  
For your heart is a rose and your soul is a star  
*Mrs. Osgood.*

Her cheek had the pale pearly pink  
Of sea-shells, the world's sweetest tint, as though  
She lived, one half might deem, on roses sopped  
In silver dew.

*Bailey.*

When I forget that the stars shine in air,  
When I forget that beauty is in stars—  
Shall I forget thy beauty.

*Bailey.*

Thy glorious beauty was the gift of heaven—  
As such thou should'st have prized it, and have died  
Ere thou didst yield it up to mortal touch,  
Unless thy heart went with it, to make pure  
And sanctify the offering.

*Mrs. Osgood.*

What right have you, madam, gazing in your  
shining mirror daily,  
Getting so by heart your beauty, which all others  
must adore;  
While you draw the golden ringlets down your  
fingers, to vow gaily,  
You will wed no man that's only good to God—  
and nothing more.

*Mrs. Browning.*

Beauty—the fading rainbow's pride.

*Halleck.*

Without the smile from partial beauty won,  
Oh, what were man!—a world without a sun!

*Campbell.*

Beauty has gone; but yet her mind is still  
As beautiful as ever; still the play  
Of light around her lips has every charm  
Of childhood in its freshness.

*Percival.*

O, say not, wisest of all the kings  
That have risen on Israel's throne to reign,  
Say not, as one of your wisest things,  
That grace is false and beauty vain.

*Pierpont.*

Is beauty vain because it will fade?

Then are earth's green robe and heaven's light  
vain;

For this shall be lost in evening's shade,  
And that in winter's sleety rain.

*Pierpont.*

I would that thou might'st ever be  
As beautiful as now;  
That time might ever leave as free  
Thy yet unwritten brow.

*Willis.*

She was like

A dream of poetry, that may not be  
Written or told—exceeding beautiful.

*Willis.*

Beauty was lent to nature as the type  
Of heaven's unspeakable and holy joy,  
Where all perfection makes the sum of bliss.

*Mrs. Hale.*

### BIGOTRY.

For modes of faith let graceless zealots fight;  
His can't be wrong, whose life is in the right.

*Pope.*

Heaven never took a pleasure or a pride,  
In starving stomachs, or a horsewhipped hide.

*Wolcot.*

Yet some there are, of men I think the worst,  
Poor imps! unhappy, if they can't be curst.

*Wolcot.*

To follow foolish precedents, and wink  
With both our eyes, is easier than to think.

*Cowper.*

And he at length the amplest triumph gained,  
Who contradicted what the last maintained.

*Prior.*

And many more such pious scraps  
To prove (what we've long proved perhaps)  
That mad as Christians used to be  
About the thirteenth century,  
There's *lots* of Christians to be had  
In this, the nineteenth, just as mad!

*Moore.*

The slaves of custom and established mode,  
With pack-horse constancy we keep the road,  
Crooked or straight, through quags or thorny dells,  
True to the jingling of our leader's bells.

*Cowper.*

Sure 'tis an orthodox opinion,  
That grace is founded in dominion.

*Butler.*

### BIRTHDAY.

If any white-winged power above  
My joys and griefs survey,  
The day when thou wert born, my love—  
He surely blessed that day.  
And duly shall my raptured song,  
And gladly shall my eyes  
Still bless this day's return, so long  
As thou shalt see it rise.

*Campbell.*

Why should we count our life by years,  
Since years are short, and pass away!  
Or, why by fortune's smiles or tears,  
Since tears are vain and smiles decay!  
O! count by virtues—these shall last  
When life's lame-footed race is o'er;  
And these, when earthly joys are past,  
May cheer us on a brighter shore.

*Mrs. Hale.*



My birthday! O, beloved mother!  
My heart is with thee o'er the seas.  
I did not think to count another,  
Before I wept upon thy knees. *Willis.*

Another year! another leaf  
Is turned within life's volume brief,  
And yet not one bright page appears  
Of mine within that book of years. *Hoffmann,*

Yet all I've learnt from hours rife  
With painful brooding here,  
Is, that amid this mortal strife,  
The lapse of every year  
But takes away a hope from life,  
And adds to death a fear. *Hoffman.*

Another milestone planted by the way. *Wilcox.*

## BOOKS.

'Tis pleasant, sure, to see one's name in print;  
A book's a book although there's nothing in 't.  
*Byron.*

'T was heaven to lounge upon a couch, said Gray,  
And read new novels on a rainy day.  
*Sprague.*

A blessing on the printer's art!—  
Books are the Mentors of the heart.  
*Mrs. Hale.*

The burning soul, the burdened mind  
In books alone companions find.  
*Mrs. Hale.*

The past but lives in words: a thousand ages  
Were blank, if books had not evok'd their ghosts,  
And kept the pale, unbodied shades to warn us  
From fleshless lips.  
*Bulwer.*

Turn back the tide of ages to its head,  
And hoard the wisdom of the honored dead.  
*Sprague.*

What he has written seems to me no more  
Than I have thought a thousand times before.  
*Willis.*

We never speak our deepest feelings;  
Our holiest hopes have no revealings,  
Save in the gleams that light the face,  
Or fancies that the pen may trace.  
And hence to books the heart must turn  
When with unspoken thoughts we yearn,  
And gather from the silent page  
The just reproof, the counsel sage,  
The consolation kind and true  
That soothes and heals the wounded heart.  
*Mrs. Hale.*

## CANDOR.

Then, gentle Clarence, welcome unto Warwick  
And welcome, Somerset:—I hold it cowardice  
To rest mistrustful where a noble heart  
Hath pawed an open hand in sign of love.  
*Shakespeare.*

Make my breast  
Transparent as pure crystal, that the world,  
Jealous of me, may see the foulest thought  
My heart does hold.  
*Buckingham.*

'Tis great—'tis manly to disdain disguise;  
It shows our spirit, or it proves our strength.  
*Young.*

No haughty gesture marks his gait,  
No pompous tone his word,  
No studied attitude is seen,  
No palling nonsense heard;  
He'll suit his bearing to the hour,  
Laugh, listen, learn or teach,  
With joyous freedom in his mirth  
And candor in his speech. *Eliza Cook.*

## CARE.

But human bodies are sic fools,  
For a' their colleges and schools,  
That when nae real ills perplex them,  
They mak' enow themselves to vex them.  
*Burns.*

And on, with many a step of pain,  
Our weary race is sadly run;  
And still, as on we plod our way,  
We find, as life's gay dreams depart,  
To close our being's troubled day,  
Naught left us but a broken heart.  
*Percival.*

Care keeps his watch in every old man's eye,  
And where care lodgeth sleep will never lie.  
*Shakespeare.*

Care is no cure, but rather corrosive,  
For things that are not to be remedied.  
*Shakespeare.*

He woke—to watch the lamp, and tell  
From hour to hour the castle-bell,  
Or listen to the owl's cry,  
Or the sad breeze that whistles by,  
Or catch by fits the tuneless rhyme  
With which the warden cheats the time;  
And envying think, how, when the sun  
Bids the poor soldier's watch be done,  
Couched on his straw, and fancy-free,  
He sleeps like careless infancy.  
*Scott.*

## CHANGE.

Weep not that the world changes—did it keep  
A stable, changeless course, 'twere cause to weep.

*Bryant.*

Not in vain the distance beckons,  
Forward, forward let us range;  
Let the peoples spin for ever  
Down the ringing grooves of change.

*Tennyson.*

I ask not what change  
Has come over thy heart,  
I seek not what chances  
Have doomed us to part;  
I know thou hast told me  
To love thee no more,  
And I still must obey  
Where I once did adore.

*Hoffman*

## CHARACTER.

His talk is like a stream which runs  
With rapid change from rocks to roses;  
He slips from politics to puns,  
Passes from Mahomet to Moses;  
Beginning with the laws that keep  
The planets in their radiant courses,  
And ending with some precept deep  
For dressing eels or shoeing horses.

*Praed.*

She was the pride  
Of her familiar sphere—the daily joy  
Of all who on her gracefulness might gaze,  
And in the light and music of her way  
Have a companion's portion.

*Willis.*

The angels sang in heaven when she was born.

*Longfellow.*

Devoted, anxious, generous, void of guile,  
And with her whole heart's welcome in her smile.

*Mrs. Norton.*

She has a glowing heart, they say,  
Though calm her seeming be;  
And oft that warm heart's lovely play  
Upon her cheek I see.

*Mrs. Osgood.*

Though time her bloom is stealing,  
There's still beyond his art—  
The wild-flower wreath of feeling,  
The sunbeam of the heart.

*Halleck.*

Bold in the cause of God he stood  
Like Templar in the Holy land;  
And never knight of princely blood  
In lady's bower more bland.

*Mrs. Hale.*

His high, broad forehead, marble fair,  
Told of the power of thought within;  
And strength was in his raven hair—  
But when he smiled a spell was there  
That more than strength or power could  
win.

*Mrs. Hale.*

## CHARITY.

For his bounty,  
There was no winter in't; an autumn 'twas  
That grew the more by reaping.

*Shakespeare.*

A poor man served by thee, shall make thee rich.

*Mrs. Browning.*

O, rich man's son! there is a toil,  
That with all others level stands;  
Large charity doth never soil,  
But only whitens soft white hands;—  
This is the best crop for thy lands;  
A heritage, it seems to me,  
Worth being rich to hold in fee.

*Lowell.*

Pleased with his guests, the good man learned to  
glow,  
And quite forgot their vices in their woe;  
Careless their merits or their faults to scan,  
His pity gave ere charity began.

*Goldsmith.*

Then gently scan your brother man,  
Still gentler sister woman,  
Though both may gang a kennie wrang,  
To step aside is human.

*Burns.*

Cast not the clouded gem away,  
Quench not the dim but living ray—  
My brother man, beware!  
With that deep voice, which from the skies,  
Forbade the Patriarch's sacrifice,  
God's angel cries, Forbear!

*Whittier.*

As the rivers, farthest flowing,  
In the highest hills have birth;  
As the banyan, broadest growing,  
Oftenest bows its head to earth—  
So the noblest minds press onward,  
Channels far of good to trace;  
So the largest hearts bend downward,  
Circling all the human race.

*Mrs. Hale.*



Still to a stricken brother true,  
 Whatever clime hath nurtured him;  
 He stooped to heal the wounded Jew,  
 The worshiper of Gerizim.

*Whittier.*

And when religious sects ran mad,  
 He held, in spite of all his learning,  
 That if a man's belief is bad,  
 It will not be improved by burning.

*Præd.*

### CHEERFULNESS.

Let me play the fool:  
 With mirth and laughter let old wrinkles come;  
 And let my liver rather heat with wine,  
 Than my heart cool with mortifying groans.  
 Why should a man whose blood is warm within,  
 Sit like his grandsire cut in alabaster?  
 Sleep when he wakes? and creep into the jaundice  
 By being peevish?

*Shakespeare.*

The seasons all had charms for her—  
 She welcomed each with joy;  
 The charm that in her spirit lived  
 No changes could destroy.

*Mrs. Hale.*

Smooth flow the waves, the zephyrs gently play,  
 Belinda smiled and all the world was gay.

*Pope.*

When cheerfulness, a nymph of healthiest hue,  
 Her bow across her shoulders flung,  
 Her buskins gemmed with morning dew,  
 Blew an inspiring air, that dale and thicket  
 rung.

*Collins.*

Were it not worse than vain to close our eyes  
 Unto the azure sky and golden light,  
 Because the tempest cloud doth sometimes rise,  
 And glorious day must darken into night?

*Jerold.*

### CONSCIENCE.

O, it is monstrous!—monstrous!  
 Methought, the billows spoke and told me of it;  
 The winds did sing it to me, and the thunder,  
 That deep and dreadful organ-pipe pronounced  
 The name of Prosper.

*Shakespeare.*

I feel within me  
 A peace above all earthly dignities,  
 A still and quiet conscience.

*Shakespeare.*

'Tis ever thus  
 With noble minds, if chance they slide to folly;  
 Remorse stings deeper, and relentless conscience,  
 Pours more of gall into the bitter cup  
 Of their severe repentance.

*Mason.*

Now conscience wakes despair  
 That slumbered, wakes the bitter memory  
 Of what he was, what is, and what must be  
 Worse; if worse deeds, worse sufferings must  
 ensue.

*Milton.*

O conscience, into what abyss of fears  
 And horrors hast thou driven me; out of which  
 I find no way, from deep to deeper plunged.

*Milton.*

Why should not conscience have vacation  
 As well as other court's o' th' nation;  
 Have equal power to adjourn,  
 Appoint appearance and return?

*Butler.*

What's tender conscience? 'Tis a botch  
 That will not bear the gentlest touch;  
 But, breaking out, despatches more  
 Than the epidemical'st plague-sore

*Butler.*

Here, here it lies; a lump of lead by day;  
 And in my short, distracted, nightly slumbers,  
 The hag that rides my dreams.

*Dryden.*

Yet still there whispers the small voice within,  
 Heard through God's silence, and o'er glory's din  
 Whatever creed be taught or land be trod,  
 Man's conscience is the oracle of God!

*Byron.*

### CONTENT.

Contentment, parent of delight,  
 So much a stranger to our sight,  
 Say, goddess, in what happy place,  
 Mortals behold thy blooming face;  
 Thy gracious auspices impart,  
 And for thy temple choose my heart,  
 They whom thou deignest to inspire,  
 Thy science learn, to bound desire;  
 By happy alchemy of mind,  
 They turn to pleasure all they find.

*Green.*

The cynic hugs his poverty,  
 The pelican her wilderness;  
 And 'tis the Indian's pride to be  
 Naked on frozen Caucasus:  
 Contentment cannot smart; stoics, we see,  
 Make torments easy to their apathy.

I swear, 't is better to be lowly born,  
 And range with humble livers in content,  
 Than to be perked up in a glistening grief,  
 And wear a golden sorrow.

*Shakespeare.*

Poor and content, is rich and rich enough;  
But riches, fineless, is as poor as winter,  
To him that ever fears he shall be poor.

*Shakespeare.*

Think'st thou the man whose mansions hold  
The worldling's pomp and miser's gold,  
Obtains a richer prize  
Than he who, in his cot at rest,  
Finds heavenly peace—a willing guest,  
And bears the promise in his breast  
Of treasure in the skies? *Mrs. Sigourney.*

Lo now, from idle wishes clear,  
I make the good I may not find;  
Adown the stream I gently steer,  
And shift my sail with every wind.  
And half by nature, half by reason,  
Can still with pliant heart prepare,  
The mind, attuned to every season,  
The merry heart that laughs at care.  
*Milman.*  
Life's but a short chase; our game—content.  
*Cibber.*

### COQUETTE.

The vain coquette each suit disdains,  
And glories in her lover's pains;  
With age she fades—each lover flies,  
Contemned, forlorn, she pines and dies.

*Gay.*

Who has not heard coquettes complain  
Of days, months, years, misspent in vain?  
For time misused they pine and waste,  
And love's sweet pleasures never taste.

*Gay.*

Can I again that look recall,  
That once could make me die for thee?—  
No, no!—the eye that beams on all,  
Shall never more be prized by me. *Moore.*

Would you teach her to love?  
For a time seem to rove;  
At first she may frown in a pet;  
But leave her awhile,  
She shortly will smile,  
And then you may win your coquette.  
*Byron.*

### COURAGE.

Let fortune empty her whole quiver on me,  
I have a soul, that, like an ample shield,  
Can take in all, and verge enough for more:  
Fate was not mine, nor am I fate's:  
Souls know no conquerors. *Dryden.*

Not to the ensanguined field of death alone  
Is valor limited: she sits serene  
In the deliberate council, sagely scans  
The source of action: weighs, prevents, provides,  
And scorns to count her glories, from the feats  
Of brutal force alone. *Smollett.*

Think'st thou there dwells no courage but in  
breasts

That set their mail against the ringing spears,  
When helmets are struck down? Thou little  
knowest

Of nature's marvels. *Mrs. Hemans.*

Ah, never shall the land forget  
How gushed the life-blood of the brave,  
Gushed warm with hope and courage yet,  
Upon the soil they fought to save!  
*Bryant.*

Like a mountain lone and bleak,  
With its sky-encompassed peak,  
Thunder riven,  
Lifting its forehead bare,  
Through the cold and blighting air,  
Up to heaven,  
Is the soul that feels its woe,  
And is nerved to bear the blow.  
*Mrs. Hale.*

Rocks have been shaken from their solid base;  
But what shall move a firm and dauntless mind?  
*Joanna Baillie.*

### COURTSHIP.

My story being done,  
She gave me for my pains a world of sighs:  
She swore—in faith, 'twas strange, 'twas passing  
strange;  
'Twas pitiful, 'twas wondrous pitiful:  
She wished she had not heard it; yet she wished  
That Heaven had made her such a man; she  
thanked me;  
And bade me, if I had a friend that loved her,  
I should but teach him how to tell my story,  
And that would woo her. *Shakespeare.*

She that with poetry is won,  
Is but a desk to write upon;  
And what men say of her, they mean  
No more than on the thing they lean.  
*Butler.*

The knight, perusing this epistle,  
Believed h' had brought her to his whistle:  
And read it, like a jocund lover,  
With great applause t' himself twice over.  
*Butler.*



If this inducement move her not to love,  
Send her a letter of thy noble deeds.

*Shakespeare.*

O if good heaven would be so much my friend!  
To let my fate upon my choice depend,  
All my remains of life with you I'd spend,  
And think my stars had given a happy end.

*Oldham.*

Like a lovely tree  
She grew to womanhood, and between whiles  
Rejected several suitors, just to learn  
How to accept a better in his turn.

*Byron.*

### CURIOSITY.

The over curious are not over wise.

*Massinger.*

He who would pry  
Behind the scenes oft sees a counterfeit.

*Dryden.*

Conceal yersel' as weel's ye can  
Fra' critical dissection;  
But keek thro' every other man  
With lengthened, sly inspection.

*Burns.*

Eve,  
With all the fruits of Eden blest,  
Save only one, rather than leave  
That one unknown lost all the rest.

*Moore.*

I loathe that low vice, curiosity.

*Byron.*

—Curiosity! who hath not felt  
Its spirit, and before its altar knelt?

*Sprague.*

Woe to the man who ventures a rebuke!  
'Twill but precipitate a situation  
Extremely disagreeable, but common  
To calculators when they count on woman.

*Byron.*

Learn to win a lady's faith  
Nobly as the thing is high;  
Bravely, as for life and death  
With a loyal gravity.  
Lead her from the festive boards,  
Point her to the starry skies,  
Guard her by your truthful words,  
Pure from courtship's flatteries.

*Mrs. Browning.*

How many a noble art, now widely known,  
Owes its young impulse to this power alone!

*Sprague.*

What boots it to your dust, your son were born  
An empire's idol or a rabble's scorn?  
Think ye the franchised spirit shall return,  
To share his triumph, his disgrace to mourn?  
Ah, curiosity! by thee inspired  
This truth to know how oft has man enquired!

*Sprague.*

Faith we may boast, undarkened by a doubt,  
We thirst to find each awful secret out.

*Sprague.*

The enquiring spirit will not be controlled,  
We would make certain all, and all behold.

*Sprague.*

The curious questioning eye,  
That plucks the heart of every mystery.

*Mellen.*

### DEATH.

Death levels all things in his march,  
Nought can resist his mighty strength;  
The palace proud—triumphal arch,  
Shall mete their shadow's length;  
The rich, the poor, one common bed  
Shall find in the unhonored grave,  
Where weeds shall crown alike the head  
Of tyrant and of slave.

*Marvel.*

On death and judgment, heaven and hell,  
Who oft doth think, must needs die well.

*Raleigh.*

That must end us, that must be our cure,  
To be no more; sad cure; for who would lose,  
Though full of pain, this intellectual being,  
These thoughts that wander through eternity;  
To perish rather, swallowed up and lost  
In the wide womb of uncreated night,  
Devoid of sense and motion.

*Milton.*

Death's shafts fly thick! Here falls the village  
swain,  
And there his pampered lord! The cup goes  
round,  
And who so artful as to put it by?

*Blair.*

O great man-eater,  
Whose every day is carnival, not sated yet!  
Unheard of epicure! without a fellow!  
The veriest gluttons do not always cram;  
Some intervals of abstinence are sought  
To edge the appetite; thou seekest none.

*Blair.*

Death's but a path that must be trod,  
If man would ever pass to God.

*Parnell.*

When musing on companions gone,  
We doubly feel ourselves alone.

*Scott.*

Weep not for him who dieth—  
For he sleeps and is at rest ;  
And the couch whereon he lieth  
Is the green earth's quiet breast.

*Mrs. Norton.*

When our souls shall leave this dwelling,  
The glory of one fair and virtuous action  
Is above all the scutcheons on our tomb,  
Or silken banners over us.

*Shirley.*

### DEBTS.

You have outrun your fortune ;  
I blame you not that you would be a beggar ;  
Each to his taste ! But I do charge you, Sir,  
That, being beggared, you should win false  
moneys  
Out of that crucible called DEBT !

*Bulwer.*

The ghost of many a veteran bill  
Shall hover around his slumbers. *Holmes.*

The ghostly dun shall worry his sleep,  
And constables cluster around him,  
And he shall creep from the wood-hole deep  
Where their spectre eyes have found him.

*Holmes.*

### DECEIT.

Our innocence is not our shield :  
They take offence, who have not been offended ;  
They speak our ruin too, who speak us fair ;  
And death is often ambushed in our smiles :  
We know not whom we have to fear.

*Young.*

The world's all title-page ; there's no contents ;  
The world's all face ; the man who shows his heart  
Is hooted for his nudities and scorned.

*Young.*

But now I look upon thy face,  
A very pictured show,  
Betraying not the slightest trace  
Of what may work below.

*Miss Landon.*

O what a tangled web we weave,  
When first we practise to deceive !

*Scott.*

They may be false who languish and complain,  
But they who sigh for money never feign.

*Lady Montague.*

He that hangs or beats out his brains  
The devil's in him if he feigns. *Butler.*

False wave of the desert, thou art less beguiling  
Than false beauty over the lighted hall shed :  
What but the smiles that have practised their  
smiling,

Or honey words measured, and reckoned as said.

*Miss Landon.*

### DESPAIR.

To doubt  
Is worse than to have lost ; and to despair,  
Is but to antedate those miseries  
That must fall on us.

*Massinger.*

Despair takes heart, when there's no hope to speed :  
The coward then takes arms and does the deed.

*Herrick.*

Despair,  
Thou hast the noblest issue of all ill,  
Which frailty brings us to ; for to be worse  
We fear not, and who cannot lose,  
Is ever a frank gamester.

*Howard.*

Talk not of comfort, 'tis for lighter ills ;  
I will indulge my sorrows, and give way  
To all the pangs and fury of despair.

*Addison.*

O Lucius, I am sick of this bad world !  
The daylight and the sun grow painful to me.

*Addison.*

Methinks we stand on ruin ; nature shakes  
About us ; and the universal frame's  
So loose, that it but wants another push  
To leap from its hinges.

*Lee.*

What miracle  
Can work me into hope ! Heaven here is bank-  
rupt,

The wond'ring gods blush at the want of power,  
And quite abashed confess they cannot help me.

*Lee.*

And if despondency weigh down  
Thy spirit's fluttering pinions, then  
Despair—thy name is written on  
The roll of common men.

*Halleck.*

No thought within her bosom stirs,  
But wakes some feeling dark and dread ;  
God keep thee from a doom like hers,  
Of living when the hopes are dead.

*Phæbe Cary.*



## DISCONTENT.

Man hath a weary pilgrimage,  
As through the world he wends;  
On every stage, from youth to age,  
Still discontent attends. *Southey.*

I cannot bear to be with men  
Who only see my weaknesses;  
Who know not what I might have been,  
But scan my spirit as it is. *Willis.*

It's hardly in a body's power  
To keep, at times, frae being sour,  
To see how things are shared;  
How best o' chieles are whyles in want,  
While coofs on countless thousands rant,  
And ken na how to wair't. *Burns.*  
Thou poutest upon thy fortune and thy love:  
Take heed, take heed, for such die miserable. *Shakespeare.*

## DOUBT.

Our doubts are traitors,  
And make us lose the good we oft might win,  
By fearing to attempt. *Shakespeare.*

The clear, cold question chills to frozen doubt;  
Tired of beliefs, we dread to live without;  
O then, if reason waver at thy side,  
Let humbler Memory be thy gentle guide,  
Go to thy birth-place, and, if faith was there,  
Repeat thy father's creed, thy mother's prayer. *Holmes.*

Yet do not think I doubt thee,  
I know thy truth remains;  
I would not live without thee,  
For all the world contains. *Morris.*

Beware of doubt—faith is the subtle chain  
Which binds us to the infinite: the voice  
Of a deep life within, that will remain  
Until we crowd it thence. *Mrs. Oakes Smith.*

## DRESS.

'Tis the mind that makes the body rich;  
And as the sun breaks through the darkest clouds,  
So honor peereth in the meanest habit. *Shakespeare.*

Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy,  
But not expressed in fancy; rich, not gaudy;  
For the apparel oft proclaims the man. *Shakespeare.*

Through tattered clothes small vices do appear;  
Robes and furr'd gowns hide all. *Shakespeare.*

Can any dresses find a way  
To stop th' approaches of decay  
And mend a ruined face? *Dorset.*

I pass their form, and ev'ry charming grace;  
But their attire, like liveries of a kind  
All rich and rare, is fresh within my mind. *Dryden.*

Nay, oft in dreams invention we bestow  
To change a flounce, or add a furbelow. *Pope.*

No worthies formed by any muse but thine  
Could purchase robes to make themselves so fine. *Waller.*

Gay mellow silks her mellow charms infold,  
And nought of Lyce but herself is old. *Young.*

Loveliness  
Needs not the foreign aid of ornament,  
But is, when unadorned, adorned the most. *Thomson.*

## DUTY.

Stern daughter of the voice of God!  
O Duty! if that name thou love  
Who art a light to guide, a rod  
To check the erring, and reprove;  
Thou who art victory and law  
When empty terrors overawe,  
Give unto me, made lowly wise,  
The spirit of self-sacrifice. *Wordsworth.*

Cold duty's path is not so blithely trod  
Which leads the mournful spirit to its God. *Herbert.*

Rugged strength and radiant beauty—  
These were one in nature's plan;  
Humble toil and heavenward duty—  
These will form the perfect man. *Mrs. Haie.*

Vain we number every duty,  
Number all our prayers and tears,  
Still the spirit lacketh beauty,  
Still it droops with many fears. *Mrs. Oakes Smith.*

To hallowed duty,  
Here with a loyal and heroic heart,  
Bind we our lives.

*Mrs. Osgood.*

Then the purposes of life  
Stood apart from vulgar strife,  
Labor in the path of duty  
Gleamed up like a thing of beauty. *Cranch.*

### EDUCATION.

'Tis education forms the common mind ;  
Just as the twig is bent, the tree's inclined.  
Boastful and rough, your first son is a squire ;  
The next a tradesman meek, and much a liar ;  
Tom struts a soldier, open, bold, and brave ;  
Will sneaks a scrivener, an exceeding knave :  
Is he a churchman ? Then he's fond of power ;  
A Quaker ? Sly ; A Presbyterian ! Sour ;  
A smart free-thinker ? All things in an hour.

*Pope.*

She taught the child to read, and taught so well,  
That she herself, by teaching, learned to spell.

*Byron.*

'Tis pleasing to be schooled in a strange tongue  
By female lips and eyes—that is, I mean  
When both the teacher and the taught are young,  
As was the case at least where I have been ;  
They smile so when one's right, and when one's  
wrong  
They smile still more.

*Byron.*

A little learning is a dangerous thing,  
Drink deep, or taste not the Pierian spring,  
For shallow draughts intoxicate the brain,  
But drinking largely sobers us again.

*Pope.*

Culture's hand  
Has scattered verdure o'er the land ;  
And smiles and fragrance rule serene,  
Where barren wild usurped the scene.  
And such is man—a soil which breeds  
Or sweetest flowers, or vilest weeds ;  
Flowers lovely as the morning's light,  
Weeds deadly as an aconite :  
Just as his heart is trained to bear  
The poisonous weed, or flow'ret fair.

*Bowring.*

Learning by study must be won ;  
'Twas ne'er entailed from sire to son.

*Gay.*

And say to mothers what a holy charge  
Is theirs—with what a kingly power their love  
Might rule the fountains of the new-born mind ;  
Warn them to wake at early dawn, and sow  
Good seed before the world has sown its tares.

*Mrs. Sigourney.*

Look through the casement of yon village school,  
Where now the pedant with his oaken rule,  
Sits like Augustus on the imperial throne,  
Between two poets yet to fame unknown.

*Fields.*

### ENTHUSIASM.

No wild enthusiast ever yet could rest,  
'Till half mankind were like himself possessed.

*Cowper.*

And rash enthusiasm in good society  
Were nothing but a moral inebriety.

*Byron.*

In every secret glance he stole  
The fond enthusiast sent his soul. *Scott.*

I gaze upon the thousand stars  
That fill the midnight sky ;  
And wish, so passionately wish,  
A light like theirs on high.  
I have such eagerness of hope  
To benefit my kind ;  
I feel as if immortal power  
Were given to my mind.

*Miss Landon.*

### ERROR.

O hateful error, melancholy's child !  
Why dost thou show to the apt thoughts of men  
The things that are not ? O error, soon conceived,  
Thou never com'st unto a happy birth,  
But kill'st the mother that engendered thee.

*Shakespeare.*

When people once are in the wrong,  
Each line they add is much too long ;  
Who fastest walks, but walks astray,  
Is only furthest from his way.

*Prior.*

By tasting of the fruit forbid  
Where they sought knowledge they did error find,  
Ill they desired to know, and ill they did,  
And to give passion eyes made reason blind.

*Davies.*

Error is worse than ignorance. *Bailey.*

Error's monstrous shapes from earth are driven :  
They fade, they fly—but truth survives the flight.

*Bryant.*

Verily, there is nothing so true, that the damps of  
error hath not warped it. *Tupper.*



## ETIQUETTE.

There's nothing in the world like etiquette  
In kingly chambers or imperial halls,  
As also at the race and county balls.

*Byron.*

There was a general whisper, toss, and wriggle,  
But etiquette forbade them all to giggle.

*Byron.*

Harshly falls

The doom upon the ear—"She's not genteel!"  
And pitiless is woman who doth keep  
Of "good society" the golden key!  
And gentlemen are bound, as are the stars,  
To stoop not after rising.

*Willis.*

## EXAMPLE.

For as the light  
Not only serves to show, but render us  
Mutually profitable; so our lives,  
In acts exemplary, not only win  
Ourselves good names, but do to others give  
Matter for virtuous deeds, by which we live.

*Chapman.*

Heaven me such uses send;  
Not to pick bad from bad; but by bad, mend!

*Shakespeare.*

No age hath been, since nature first began  
To work Jove's wonders, but hath left behind  
Some deeds of praise for mirrors unto man,  
Which more than threatful laws have men in-  
clined,

To tread the paths of praise excites the mind:  
Mirrors tie thoughts to virtue's due respects;  
Examples hasten deeds to good effects.

*Sackville.*

## EYES.

Those eyes, those eyes, how full of heaven they are,  
When the calm twilight leaves the heaven most  
holy!

Tell me, sweet eyes, from what divinest star  
Did ye drink in your liquid melancholy?  
Tell me, beloved eyes!

*Bulwer.*

Some praise the eyes they love to see,  
As rivalling the western star;  
But eyes I know well worth to me  
A thousand firmaments afar. *Sterling.*

Those eyes that were so bright, love,  
Have now a dimmer shine;  
But what they've lost in light, love,  
Is what they gave to mine.  
And still those orbs reflect, love,  
The beams of former hours,  
That ripened all my joys, love,  
And tinted all my flowers. *Hood.*

His eye was blue and calm, as is the sky  
In the serenest noon. *Willis.*

I have sat,

And in the blue depths of her stainless eyes  
Have gazed! *Willis.*

Those eyes—among thine elder friends  
Perhaps they pass for blue;—  
No matter—if a man can see,  
What more have eyes to do?

*Holmes.*

I look upon the fair blue skies,  
And naught but empty air I see;  
But when I turn me to thine eyes,  
It seemeth unto me  
Ten thousand angels spread their wings  
Within those little azure rings.

*Holmes.*

The bright black eye, the melting blue,  
I cannot choose between the two.  
But that is dearest, all the while,  
Which wears for us the sweetest smile.

*Holmes.*

## FAITH.

Faith is the subtle chain  
That binds us to the Infinite: the voice  
Of a deep life within, that will remain  
Until we crowd it thence. *Mrs. Oakes Smith.*

Faith loves to lean on time's destroying arm,  
And age, like distance, lends a double charm. *Holmes.*

Great faith it needs, according to my view,  
To trust in that which never could be true.  
*Benjamin.*

Faith builds a bridge across the gulf of death,  
To break the shock blind nature cannot shun,  
And lands thought smoothly on the further shore. *Young.*

But faith, fanatic faith, once wedded fast  
To dear falsehood, hugs it to the last. *Moore.*

There lives more faith in honest doubt,  
Believe me, than in half the creeds. *Tennyson.*

## FAME.

Fame! Fame! thou canst not be the stay  
 Unto the drooping reed,  
 The cool fresh fountain in the day  
 Of the soul's feverish need:  
 Where must the lone one turn or flee?  
 Not unto thee, oh! not to thee!

*Mrs. Hemans.*

Of all the phantoms fleeting in the mist  
 Of Time, though meagre all and ghostly thin,  
 Most unsubstantial, unessential shade  
 Was earthly fame.

*Pollock.*

I am a woman—tell me not of fame,  
 The eagle's wing may sweep the stormy path,  
 And fling back arrows where the dove would die.

*Miss Landon.*

Nor let thy noble spirit grieve,  
 Its life of glorious fame to leave—  
 A life of honor and of worth  
 Has no eternity on earth. *Longfellow.*

The world may scorn me, if they choose—I care  
 But little for their scoffings. I may sink  
 For moments; but I rise again, nor shrink  
 From doing what the faithful heart inspires.  
 I will not flatter, fawn, nor crouch, nor wink,  
 At what high mounted wealth or power desires  
 I have a loftier aim, to which my soul aspires.

*Percival.*

We tell thy doom without a sigh,  
 For thou art freedom's now, and fame's—  
 One of the few immortal names  
 That were not born to die. *Halleck.*

## FAREWELL.

Fare thee well! yet think awhile  
 On one whose bosom bleeds to doubt thee;  
 Who now would rather trust thy smile,  
 And die with thee, than live without thee.

*Moore.*

'Twere vain to speak, to weep, to sigh;  
 Oh! more than tears of blood can tell,  
 When wrung from guilt's expiring eye,  
 Are in the word, farewell—farewell!

*Byron.*

Farewell! there's but one pang in death,  
 One only—leaving thee!

*Mrs. Hemans.*

Farewell! the early dews that fall  
 Upon the grass-grown bed,

Are like the thoughts that now recall  
 Thine image of the dead.  
 A blessing hallows thy dark cell—  
 I will not stay to weep.—Farewell.

*Miss Landon.*

Farewell—thou hast trampled love's faith in the  
 dust,  
 Thou hast torn from my bosom its hope and its  
 trust;  
 Yet, if thy life's current with bliss it would swell,  
 I would pour out my own in this last fond fare-  
 well!

*Hoffman.*

And, like some low and mournful spell,  
 To whisper but one word—farewell!

*Benjamin.*

## FASHION.

Oh! wreath the ribbon lightly round,  
 And tie it 'neath your chin;  
 And do not let its folds be bound  
 By needle or by pin!  
 It is unworthy, lady dear,  
 Your dignity of mind,  
 To take such trouble with your gear.

*Mrs. Osgood.*

Mark yonder pomp of costly fashion  
 Round the wealthy bride;  
 But when compared with real passion  
 Poor is all that pride—  
 What are their showy treasures?  
 What are their noisy pleasures?

The gay, gaudy glare of vanity and art—  
 The polished jewels blaze  
 May draw the wondering gaze,  
 But never, never can come near the worthy heart.

*Burns.*

The company is "mixed." (The phrase I  
 quote is  
 As much as saying, they're below your notice.)

*Byron.*

Fashion's smiles, that rich ones claim,  
 Are beams of a wintry day;  
 How cold and dim those beams would be  
 Should life's poor wanderer come!

*Mrs. Hale.*

## FEAR.

The night came on alone,  
 The little stars sat one by one  
 Each on his golden throne;  
 The evening air passed by my cheek,

The leaves above were stirred,  
 But the beating of my own heart  
 Was all the sound I heard.

*Milnes.*



But that I am forbid  
To tell the secrets of my prison-house,  
I could a tale unfold, whose lightest word  
Would harrow up thy soul; freeze thy young  
blood;  
Make thy two eyes, like stars, start from their  
spheres;  
Thy knotted and combined locks to part,  
And each particular hair to stand on end,  
Like quills upon the fretful porcupine.

*Shakespeare.*

Hast thou learned to doubt professions, and dis-  
trust  
The word of promise?—if not so, the world has  
been more just  
To thee than me.

*Miss Bogart.*

Like one, that on a lonesome road  
Doth walk in fear and dread,  
And having once turned round walks on,  
And turns no more his head;  
Because he knows a frightful fiend  
Doth close behind him tread.

*Coleridge.*

And what art thou? I know, but dare not speak!  
*Shelley.*

Noiseless as fear in a wide wilderness.

*Keats.*

The workings of the soul ye fear;  
Ye fear the power that goodness hath;  
Ye fear the unseen One ever near,  
Walking his ocean path.

*Dana.*

### FICKLENESS.

Ev'n as one heat another heat expels,  
Or as one nail by strength drives out another;  
So the remembrance of my former love,  
Is by a newer object quite forgotten.

*Shakespeare.*

How long must women wish in vain  
A constant love to find?  
No art can fickle man retain,  
Or fix a roving mind.  
Yet fondly we ourselves deceive,  
And empty hopes pursue;  
Though false to others, we believe  
They will to us prove true.

*Shadwell.*

Three things a wise man will not trust,  
The wind, the sunshine of an April day,  
And woman's plighted faith. I have beheld  
The weathercock upon the steeple point  
Steady from morn till eve, and I have seen  
The bees go forth upon an April morn,  
Secure the sunshine will not end in showers:  
But when was woman true?

*Southey.*

The dream on the pillow,  
That flits with the day,  
The leaf of the willow  
A breath wears away;  
The dust on the blossom,  
The spray on the sea;  
Ay—ask thine own bosom—  
Are emblems of thee.

*Miss Landon.*

### FIDELITY.

Faithful found  
Among the faithless, faithful only he;  
Among innumerable false, unmov'd,  
Unshaken, unseduced, unterrified;  
His loyalty he kept, his love, his zeal;  
Nor number, nor example with him wrought  
To swerve from truth, or change his constant  
mind  
Though single.

*Milton.*

She is as constant as the stars  
That never vary, and more chaste than they.

*Proctor.*

Full many a miserable year hath passed—  
She knows him as one dead, or worse than dead.  
And many a change her varied life hath known,  
But her heart none.

*Maturin.*

Oh! if there be an elysium on earth,  
It is this—  
When two that are linked in one heavenly tie,  
Love on through all ills, and love on till they die.

*Moore.*

My heart too firmly trusted, fondly gave  
Itself to all its tenderness a slave;  
I had no wish but thee, and only thee;  
I knew no happiness but only while  
Thy love-lit eyes were kindly turned on me.

*Percival.*

Within her heart was his image,  
Clothed in the beauty of love and youth, as last  
she beheld him,  
Only more beautiful made by his death-like silence  
and absence.

*Longfellow.*

### FLOWERS.

Oh! what tender thoughts beneath  
Those silent flowers are lying,  
Hid within the mystic wreath  
My love hath kissed in tying.

*Moore.*

A violet by a mossy stone,  
Half-hidden from the eye,  
Fair as a star, when only one  
Is shining in the sky.

*Wordsworth.*

O flowers,  
That never will in other climate grow,  
My early visitation, and my last  
At ev'n, while I bred up with tender hand  
From the first opening bud, and gave ye names,  
Who now shall rear ye to the sun, or rank  
Your tribes, and water from th' ambrosial fount?

*Milton.*

'Twas a lovely thought to mark the hours  
As they floated in light away,  
By the opening and the folding flowers  
That laugh to the summer's day:  
Oh! let us live, so that flower by flower,  
Shutting in turn, may leave  
A lingerer still for the sunset hour,  
A charm for the shaded eve.

*Mrs. Hemans.*

Flowers are love's truest language,  
*Benjamin.*

Bring flowers to crown the cup and lute—  
Bring flowers—the bride is near;  
Bring flowers to soothe the captive's cell,  
Bring flowers to strew the bier!

*Miss Landon.*

There is to me  
A daintiness about these early flowers,  
That touches me like poetry. They blow out  
With such a simple loveliness among  
The common herbs of pasture, and they breathe  
Their lives so unobtrusively, like hearts  
Whose beatings are too gentle for the world.

*Willis.*

Sweet flower, thou tell'st how hearts  
As pure and tender as thy leaf—as low  
And humble as thy stem—will surely know  
The joy that peace imparts.

*Percival.*

### FORGIVENESS.

Let us no more contend, nor blame  
Each other, blam'd enough elsewhere, but strive,  
In offices of love, how we may lighten  
Each other's burden, in our share of woe.

*Milton.*

'Tis easier for the generous to forgive,  
Than for offence to ask it

*Thomson.*

Young men soon give, and soon forget affronts;  
Old age is slow in both.

*Addison.*

That curse shall be—forgiveness!

*Byron.*

Thou hast the secret of my heart—  
Forgive, be generous and depart.

*Scott.*

They who forgive most shall be most forgiven.

*Bailey*

If I do wrong, forgive me or I die;  
And thou wilt then be wretcheder than I;—  
The unforgiving than the unforgiven.

*Bailey.*

### FRIENDSHIP.

So soon may I follow  
When friendships decay,  
And from love's shining circle  
The gems drop away.  
When true hearts lie withered  
And fond ones are flown,  
Oh! who would inhabit  
This bleak world alone?

*Moore.*

And what is friendship but a name,  
A charm, that lulls to sleep;  
A shade that follows wealth or fame,  
And leaves the wretch to weep?

*Goldsmith.*

Friends are like melons. Shall I tell you why?  
To find one good, you must a hundred try.

*Manuel.*

So we grew together,  
Like to a double cherry, seeming parted,  
But yet a union in partition,  
Two lovely berries moulded on one stem;  
So, with two seeming bodies, but one heart.

*Shakespeare.*

Let others boast them as they may,  
Of spirits kind and true,  
Whose gentle words and loving smiles  
Have cheered them on life through;  
And though they count of friends a host,  
To bless the paths they've trod,  
These are the ones have loved me most,  
My mother, wife, and God.

*Coe.*

### GOD.

God, who oft descends to visit men  
Unseen, and through their habitations walks  
To mark their doings.

*Milton.*

God into the hands of their deliverer  
Puts invincible might,  
To quell the mighty of the earth, the oppressor—  
The brute and boist'rous force of violent men.

*Milton.*

Where'er thou art, He is; the eternal mind  
Acts through all places; is to none confined;  
Fills ocean, earth, and air, and all above,  
And through the universal mass does move.

*Dryden.*

All things that are on earth shall wholly pass away,  
Except the love of God, which shall live and last  
for aye.

*Bryant.*



Thy great name  
In all its awful brevity, hath nought  
Unholy breeding in it, but doth bless  
Rather the tongue that uses it; for me,  
I ask no higher office than to fling  
My spirit at thy feet, and cry thy name,  
God! through eternity.

*Bailey.*

The hand of God  
Has written legibly that man may know  
The glory of the Maker. *Ware.*

The depth  
Of Glory in the attributes of God,  
Will measure the capacities of mind;  
And as the angels differ, will the ken  
Of gifted spirits glorify Him more. *Willis*

### GRIEF.

Oppressed with grief, oppressed with care,  
A burden more than I can bear,  
I sit me down and sigh;  
O life! thou art a galling load,  
Along a rough, a weary road,  
To wretches such as I. *Burns.*

Thy grief unmans me, and I fain would meet  
That which approaches, as a brave man yields  
With proud submission to a mightier foe.

*Mrs. Hemans.*

I need not say how, one by one,  
Love's flowers have dropped from off love's  
chain,  
Enough to say that they are gone,  
And that they cannot bloom again.

*Miss Landon.*

I hush my heart, I hide my tears,  
Lest he my grief should guess  
Who, watched thee, darling, day and night,  
With patient tenderness;  
'Twould grieve his generous soul to see  
This anguish wild and vain,  
And he would deem it sin in me  
To wish thee back again;  
But oh! when I am all alone,  
I cannot calm my grief.

*Mrs. Osgood.*

We look before and after,  
And pine for what is not;  
Our sincerest laughter  
With some pain is fraught.

*Shelley.*

### HAPPINESS.

All the good we have rests in the mind;  
By whose proportions only we redeem  
Our thoughts from out confusion, and do find  
The measures of ourselves, and of our powers:  
And that all happiness remains confined  
Within the kingdom of this breast of ours.

*Daniel.*

The spider's most attenuated thread  
Is cord—is cable—to man's tender tie  
On earthly bliss: it breaks at every breeze.

*Young.*

We were not made to wander on the wing:  
But if we would be happy, we must bring  
Our buoyed hearts to a plain and simple school.

*Percival.*

True happiness is not the growth of earth,  
The soil is fruitless if you seek it there:  
'Tis an exotic of celestial birth,  
And never blooms but in celestial air.  
Sweet plant of paradise! its seeds are sown  
In here and there a breast of heavenly mould,  
It rises slow, and buds, but ne'er was known  
To blossom here—the climate is too cold.

*Sheridan.*

There comes  
For ever something between us and what  
We deem our happiness. *Byron.*

True happiness (if understood)  
Consists alone in doing good. *Somerville.*

### HEALTH.

The common ingredients of health and long life  
are  
Great temp'rance, open air,  
Easy labor, little care. *Sir P. Sidney.*

The surest road to health, say what they will,  
Is never to suppose we shall be ill.  
Most of those evils we poor mortals know  
From doctors and imagination flow. *Churchill.*

### HEART.

Father of spirits, hear!  
Look on the inmost heart to thee reveal'd,  
Look on the fountain of the burning tear.

*Mrs. Hemans.*

Heaven's Sovereign spares all beings but himself  
That hideous sight—a naked, human heart!

*Young.*

And power sublime is that of heart. *Austin.*

The heart is like the sky a part of heaven,  
 But changes, night and day, too, like the sky ;  
 Now o'er it clouds and thunder must be driven,  
 And darkness and destruction, as on high ;  
 But when it hath been scorch'd and pierced and  
 riven,

Its storms expire in water-drops ; the eye  
 Pours forth, at last, the heart's blood turn'd to tears.

*Byron.*

To me she gave her heart—the all  
 Which tyranny cannot enthrall.

*Byron.*

I am not old—though time has set  
 His signet on my brow,  
 And some faint furrows there have met,  
 Which care may deepen now ;—  
 For in my heart a fountain flows,  
 And round it pleasant thoughts repose,  
 And sympathies and feelings high  
 Spring like the stars on evening sky.

*Benjamin.*

A woman's heart, that touch of heaven.

*Burt.*

### HEAVEN.

Ye stars ! which are the poetry of heaven ;  
 If in your bright leaves we would read the fate  
 Of men and empires—'tis to be forgiven,  
 That in our aspirations to be great,  
 Our destinies o'erleap their mortal state,  
 And claim a kindred with you ; for ye are  
 A beauty and a mystery, and create  
 In us such love and reverence from afar,  
 That fortune, fame, power, life, have named  
 themselves a star.

*Byron.*

I cannot be content with less than Heaven :  
 O Heaven, I love thee ever ! sole and whole,  
 Living, and comprehensive of all life ;  
 Thee, agy world, thee, universal Heaven,  
 And heavenly universe !

*Bailey.*

Heaven asks no surplice round the heart that feels,  
 And all is holy where devotion kneels.

*Holmes.*

### HOME.

The angry word suppressed, the taunting thoughts ;  
 Subduing and subdued, the petty strife,  
 Which clouds the color of domestic life,  
 The sober comfort, all the peace which springs  
 From the large aggregate of little things ;  
 On these small cares of—daughter—wife—or friend,  
 The almost sacred joys of home depend.

*Hannah Moore.*

We leave

Our home in youth—no matter to what end—  
 Study—or strife—or pleasure, or what not ;  
 And coming back in few short years, we find  
 All as we left it outside ; the old elms,  
 The house, the grass, gates, and latchet's self—  
 same click :

But lift that latchet—all is changed as doom.

*Bailey.*

His warm but simple home where he enjoys  
 With her who shares his pleasure and his heart,  
 Sweet converse.

*Cowper.*

Give me my home, to quiet dear,  
 Where hours untold and peaceful move ;  
 So fate ordain I sometimes there  
 May hear the voice of him I love.

*Mrs. Opie.*

The land was beautiful—  
 Fair rose the spires, and gay the buildings were,  
 And rich the plains, like dreams of blessed isles ;  
 But when I heard my country's music breathe,  
 I sighed to be among her wilds again !

*Maturin.*

### HOPE.

Work without hope draws nectar in a sieve,  
 And hope without an object cannot live.

*Coleridge.*

Hope on—hope ever !—by the sudden springing  
 Of green leaves which the winter hid so long ;  
 And by the burst of free, triumphant singing,  
 After cold silent months the woods among ;  
 And by the rending of the frozen chains,  
 Which bound the glorious river of the plains,  
 Hope on—hope ever.

*Mrs. Hemans.*

God wills, man hopes ; in common souls  
 Hope is but vague and undefined,  
 Till from the poet's tongue the message rolls  
 A blessing to his kind.

*Lowell.*

How disappointment tracks  
 The steps of hope !

*Miss Landon.*

Though at times my spirit fails me,  
 And the bitter tear-drops fall,  
 Though my lot is hard and lonely,  
 Yet I hope—I hope through all.

*Mrs. Norton.*

Come then, oh care ! oh grief ! oh woe !  
 Oh troubles ! mighty in your kind,  
 I have a balm ye ne'er can know,  
 A hopeful mind.

*Vane.*

Other hope had she none, nor wish in life, but to  
 follow  
 Meekly, with reverent steps, the sacred feet of the  
 Saviour.

*Longfellow.*

Hopes, that beckon with delusive gleams,  
 Till the eye dances in the void of dreams.

*Holmes.*



## HUMILITY.

Humility, that low, sweet root,  
From which all heavenly virtues shoot. *Moore.*

The meek mountain daisy, with delicate crest,  
And the violet whose eye told the heaven of her  
breast. *Mrs. Sigourney.*

Lowliness is the base of every virtue:  
And he who goes the lowest, builds the safest.  
My God keeps all his pity for the proud. *Bailey.*

Humility mainly becometh the converse of man  
with his Maker,  
But oftentimes it seemeth out of place of man with  
man;  
Render unto all men their due, but remember thou  
also art a man,  
And cheat not thyself of the reverence which is  
owing to thy reasonable being. *Tupper.*

## HUSBANDS.

Look here upon this picture, and on this:  
The counterfeit presentment of two brothers:  
See, what a grace was seated on this brow;  
Hyperion's curls; the front of Jove himself;  
An eye, like Mars, to threaten or command;  
A station, like the herald Mercury,  
New lighted on a heaven-kissing hill;  
A combination, and a form indeed,  
Where every god did seem to set his seal,  
To give the world assurance of a man!  
This was your husband—Look you now what  
follows;

There is your husband—like a mildewed ear  
Blasting his wholesome brother. *Shakespeare.*

To all married men be this caution,  
Which they should duly tender as their life,  
Neither to doat too much, nor doubt a wife.  
*Massinger.*

A narrow-minded husband is a thief  
To his own fame, and his preferment too;  
He shuts his parts and fortunes from the world;  
While from the popular vote and knowledge,  
Men rise to employment in the state. *Shirley.*

## IDLENESS.

I would not waste my spring of youth  
In idle dalliance: I would plant rich seeds,  
To blossom in my manhood, and bear fruit  
When I am old. *Hillhouse.*

Tax not my sloth that I  
Fold my arms beside the brook;  
Each cloud that floateth in the sky  
Writes a letter in my book. *Emerson.*

Long has it been my fate to hear  
The slave of mammon, with a sneer,  
My indolence reprove;  
Ah, little knows he of the care,  
The toil, the hardship that I bear,  
While lolling in my elbow-chair,  
And seeming scarce to move.

*Allston.*

## IMMORTALITY.

Cold in the dust this perished heart may lie,  
But that which warmed it once shall never die.  
*Campbell.*

O, listen man!  
A voice with within us speaks that startling word,  
"Man, thou shalt never die!" Celestial voices  
Hymn it unto our souls: according harps,  
By angel fingers touched, when the mild stars  
Of morning sang together, sound forth still  
The song of our great immortality.

*Dana.*

It is wonderful,  
That man should hold himself so haughtily,  
And talk of an immortal name, and feed  
His proud ambition with such daring hopes  
As creatures of a more eternal nature  
Alone should form. *Percival.*

Press onward through each varying hour;  
Let no weak fears thy course delay;  
Immortal being! feel thy power,  
Pursue thy bright and endless way.

*Norton.*

## INDUSTRY.

The chiefest action for a man of spirit,  
Is never to be out of action; we should think  
The soul was never put into the body,  
Which has so many rare and curious pieces  
Of mathematical motion, to stand still.  
Virtue is ever sowing of her seeds.

*Webster.*

Work for some good, be it ever so slowly;  
Cherish some flower, be it ever so lowly;  
Labor—all labor is noble and holy. *Mrs. Osgood.*

Chide me not, laborious band,  
For the idle flowers I brought;  
Every aster in my hand  
Goes home loaded with a thought.  
*Emerson.*

Not enjoyment, and not sorrow,  
Is our destined end or way;  
But to act, that each to-morrow  
Find us farther than to-day.  
*Longfellow.*

## JEALOUSY.

Ah no! my love knows no vain jealousy;  
The rose that blooms and lives but in the sun,  
Asks not what other flowers he shines upon,  
If he but shine on her. *Anne C. Lynch.*

In gentle love the sweetest joys we find—  
Yet even those joys, dire jealousy molests,  
And blackens each fair image in our breasts.  
*Lytleton.*

Hence, jealousy; thou fatal lying fiend,  
Thou false seducer of our hearts, be gone!  
*C. Johnson.*

To doubt's an injury; to suspect a friend  
Is breach of friendship: jealousy's a seed  
Sown but in vicious minds; prone to distrust,  
Because apt to deceive.

*Lansdown.*

Her maids were old, and if she took a new one,  
You might be sure she was a perfect fright:  
She did this during even her husband's life—  
I recommend as much to every wife.

*Byron.*

## JUSTICE.

Ay, justice, who evades her?  
Her scales reach every heart;  
The action and the motive,  
She weigheth each apart;  
And none who swerve from right or truth  
Can 'scape her penalty! *Mrs. Hale.*

Good my liege, for justice  
All place a temple, and all season, summer!  
Do you deny my justice? *Bulwer.*

Remember, One, a judge of righteous men,  
Swore to spare Sodom if she held but ten!  
*Holmes.*

A happy lot be thine, and larger light  
Await thee there; for thou hast bound thy will,  
In cheerful homage to the rule of right,  
And lovest all, and doest good for ill. *Bryant.*

Man is unjust, but God is just; and finally justice  
Triumphs. *Longfellow.*

## KINDNESS.

Generous as brave,  
Affection, kindness, the sweet offices  
Of love and duty, were to him as needful  
As his daily bread. *Rogers.*

I may be kind,  
And meet with kindness, yet be lonely still.  
*Miss Landon.*

Both men and women belie their nature  
When they are not kind. *Bailey.*

Think me not unkind and rude  
That I walk alone in grove and glen;  
I go to the god of the wood  
To fetch his word to men.  
*Emerson.*

Speak gently! Love doth whisper low  
The vows that true hearts bind;  
And gently friendship's accents flow;  
Affection's voice is kind. *Bates.*

## KISS.

Oh! let me live for ever on those lips!  
The nectar of the gods to these is tasteless.  
*Dryden.*

Soft child of love—thou balmy bliss,  
Inform me, O delicious kiss!  
Why thou so suddenly art gone,  
Lost in the moment thou art won?  
*Wolcot.*

A long, long kiss, a kiss of youth and love.  
*Byron.*

My heart can kiss no heart but thine,  
And if these lips but rarely pine  
In the pale abstinence of sorrow,  
It is that nightly I divine,  
As I this world-sick soul recline,  
I shall be with thee ere the morrow.  
*Bailey.*

And with a velvet lip print on his brow,  
Such language as the tongue hath never spoken.  
*Mrs. Sigourney.*

## KNOWLEDGE.

O wad some power the giftie gie us  
To see oursels as others see us!  
It wad frae mony a blunder free us,  
An' foolish notion. *Burns.*

I know is all the mourner saith—  
Knowledge by suffering entereth—  
As life is perfected by death.  
*Mrs. Browning.*

Knowledge comes, but wisdom lingers,  
And I linger more and more,  
And the individual withers,  
And the world is more and more.  
*Tennyson.*

Oh! there is nought on earth worth being known,  
But God and our own souls.  
*Bailey.*



## LABOR.

Give me the fair one, in country or city,  
Whose home and its duties are dear to her heart,  
Who cheerfully warbles some rustical ditty,  
While plying the needle with exquisite art.

*Woodworth.*

"Labor is worship"—the robin is singing:  
"Labor is worship"—the wild bee is ringing.  
Listen! that eloquent whisper upspringing,  
Speaks to thy soul out of nature's great heart.

*Mrs. Osgood.*

Labor is life!—'T is the still water faileth;  
Idleness ever despaireth, bewaileth;  
Keep the watch wound, or the dark rust as-  
saileth.

*Mrs. Osgood.*

Here, brothers, secure from all turmoil and danger  
We reap what we sow, for the soil is our own;  
We spread hospitality's board for the stranger,  
And care not a fig for the king on his throne;  
We never know want, for we live by our labor,  
And in it contentment and happiness find.

*Morris.*

## LIBERTY.

For freedom's battle, once begun,  
Bequeathed by bleeding sire to son,  
Though baffled oft, is ever won.

*Byron.*

There is a spirit working in the world,  
Like to a silent, subterranean fire;

Yet ever and anon some monarch hurled  
Aghast and pale, attests its fearful ire:  
The dungeoned nations now once more respire  
The keen and stirring air of liberty!

*Hill.*

## LOVE.

Come, gentle night; come, loving, black-browed  
night;

Give me my Romeo: and, when he shall die,  
Take him and cut him out in little stars,  
And he will make the face of heaven so fine,  
That all the world will be in love with night,  
And pay no worship to the garish sun.

*Shakespeare.*

Doubt thou the stars are fire;  
Doubt that the sun doth move;  
Doubt truth to be a liar;  
But never doubt I love.

*Shakespeare.*

Her hand he seized, and to a shady bank,  
Thick overhead with verdant roof embowered,  
He led her nothing loath; flowers were the couch,  
Pansies, and violets, and asphodel,  
And hyacinth, earth's freshest, softest lap.

*Milton.*

My heart's so full of joy,  
That I shall do some wild extravagance  
Of love in public; and the foolish world,  
Which knows not tenderness, will think me mad.

*Dryden.*

The maid that loves  
Goes out to sea upon a shattered plank,  
And puts her trust in miracles for safety.

*Young.*

If we love one another,  
Nothing, in truth, can harm us, whatever mis-  
chances may happen.

*Longfellow.*

They sin who tell us love can die:  
With love all other passions fly,  
All others are but vanity;  
Its holy flame forever burneth,  
From heaven it came, to heaven returneth.

*Southey.*

Oh! I would ask no happier bed,  
Than the chill wave my love lies under:  
Sweeter to rest together dead,  
Far sweeter than to live asunder.

*Moore.*

There's not a look, a word of thine,  
My soul hath e'er forgot;  
Thou ne'er hast bid a ringlet shine,  
Nor giv'n thy locks one graceful twine,  
Which I remember not.

*Moore.*

God gives us love. Something to love  
He lends us; but when love is grown  
To ripeness, that on which it throve  
Falls off, and love is left alone.

*Tennyson.*

True love is at home on a carpet,  
And mightily likes his ease—  
And true love has an eye for a dinner,  
And starves beneath shady trees.  
His wing is the fan of a lady,  
His foot's an invisible thing,  
And his arrow is tipped with a jewel,  
And shot from a silver string.

*Willis.*

## MAN.

This is the state of man; to-day he puts forth  
The tender leaves of hope, to-morrow blossoms,  
And bears his blushing honors thick upon him;  
The third day comes a frost, a killing frost,

And when he thinks, good easy man, full surely  
His greatness is a ripening, nips his root;  
And then he falls as I do.

*Shakespeare.*

I dare do all that may become a man ;  
Who dares do more, is none.

*Shakespeare.*

Yes, thou mayst sneer, but still I own  
A love that spreads from zone to zone :  
No time the sacred fire can smother !  
Where breathes the man, I hail the brother.  
Man ! how sublime—from Heaven his birth—  
The God's bright Image walks the earth !  
And if, at times, his footstep strays,  
I pity where I may not praise.

*Bulwer.*

Through all disguise, form, place or name  
Beneath the flaunting robe of sin,

Through poverty and squallid shame,  
Thou lookest on the *man* within :  
On man, as man, retaining yet,  
Howe'er debased, and soiled, and dim,  
The crown upon his forehead set—  
The immortal gift of God to him.

*Whittier.*

Profounder, profounder,  
Man's spirit must dive :  
To his aye-rolling orbit  
No goal will arrive.  
The heavens that now draw him  
With sweetness untold,  
Once found—for new heavens  
He spurneth the old.

*Emerson.*

### MARRIAGE.

Say, shall I love the fading beauty less,  
Whose spring-tide radiance has been wholly  
mine ?

No—come what will, thy steadfast truth I'll  
bless ;

In youth, in age, thine own—for ever thine.

*A. A. Watts.*

Although my heart, in earlier youth,  
Might kindle with more wild desire,  
Believe me, it has gained in truth  
Much more than it has lost in fire ;  
The flame now warms my inmost core,  
That then but sparkled on thy brow :

And though I seemed to love thee more,  
Yet oh, I love thee better now. *Moore.*

Then come the wild weather—come sleet or come  
snow,

We will stand by each other, however it blow ;  
Oppression and sickness, and sorrow and pain,  
Shall be to our true love as links to the chain.

*Longfellow.*

While other doublets deviate here and there,  
What secret handcuff binds that pretty pair ?  
Compactest couple ! pressing side to side,—  
Ah ! the white bonnet—that reveals the bride !

*Holmes.*

### MOTHER.

A mother's love—how sweet the name !

What *is* a mother's love ?

A noble, pure, and tender flame,  
Enkindled from above,

To bless a heart of earthly mould ;

The warmest love that *can* grow cold ;

This is a mother's love.

*Montgomery.*

She was my friend—I had but her—no more,  
No other upon earth—and as for heaven,  
I am as they that seek a sign, to whom  
No sign is given. My mother ! Oh, my mother !

*Taylor.*

My mother ! at that holy name

Within my bosom there's a gush

Of feeling which no time can tame,

A feeling which for years of fame

I would not, could not crush ! *Morris.*

And while my soul retains the power

To think upon each faded year,

In every bright or shadowed hour,

My heart shall hold my mother dear.

The hills may tower—the waves may rise,

And roll between my home and me ;

Yet shall my quenchless memories

Turn with undying love to thee. *Clark.*

### MUSIC.

Music has charms to soothe the savage breast,  
To soften rocks, and bend the knotted oak.

*Congreve.*

So far was heard the mighty knell,  
The stag sprung up on Cheviot Fell,  
Spread his broad nostrils to the wind,  
Listed before, aside, behind ;  
And quaked among the mountain fern,  
To hear that sound so dull and stern.

*Scott.*

There's music in the sighing of a reed ;  
There's music in the gushing of a rill ;  
There's music in all things, if men had ears ;  
Their earth is but an echo of the spheres. *Byron.*

There's music in the forest leaves,

When summer winds are there,

And in the laugh of forest girls,

That braid their sunny hair.

The first wild bird that drinks the dew,

From violets of the spring,

Has music in his song, and in

The fluttering of his wing. *Halleck.*



Rich, though poor!  
My low-roofed cottage is this hour a heaven;  
Music is in it—and the song she sings,  
That sweet-voiced wife of mine arrests the ear  
Of my young child, awake upon her knee.

*Willis.*

And wheresoever, in his rich creation,  
Sweet music breathes—in wave, or bird, or soul,  
'Tis but the faint and far reverberation  
Of that grand tune to which the planets roll.

*Mrs. Osgood.*

### NIGHT.

Night, sable goddess! from her ebon throne,  
In rayless majesty, now stretches forth  
Her leaden sceptre o'er a slumb'ring world.  
Silence, how dead! and darkness, how profound!  
Nor eye, nor list'ning ear, an object finds;  
Creation sleeps. 'Tis as the gen'ral pulse  
Of life stood still, and nature made a pause;  
An awful pause! prophetic of her end. *Young.*

The night has come, but not too soon;  
And sinking silently,  
All silently, the little moon  
Drops down behind the sky. *Longfellow.*

'Tis dark abroad. The majesty of night  
Bows down superbly from her utmost height,  
Stretches her starless plumes across the world,  
And all the banners of the wind are furled.

*Neal.*

'Tis now the very witching time of night;  
When churchyards yawn, and hell itself breathes out  
Contagion to this world; now could I drink hot  
blood,  
And do such business as the bitter day  
Would quake to look on.

*Shakespeare.*

### OPINION.

How much there is self-will would do,  
Were it not for the dire dismay  
That bids ye shrink, as ye suddenly think  
Of "what will my neighbors say?"

*Eliza Cook.*

Yet in opinions look not always back;  
Your wake is nothing, mind the coming track;

Leave what you've done for what you have to do,  
Don't be "consistent," but be simply true.

*Holmes.*

He loved his kind, but sought the love of few,  
And valued old opinions more than new.

*Benjamin.*

### OPPORTUNITY.

There is a tide in the affairs of men,  
Which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune;  
Omitted, all the voyage of their life  
Is bound in shallows, and in miseries.

On such a full sea are we now afloat,  
And we must take the current when it serves,  
Or lose our ventures.

*Shakespeare.*

### PARTING.

Good night, good night! parting is such sweet  
sorrow

That I shall say—good night till it be morrow.

*Shakespeare.*

There are two souls whose equal flow  
In gentle streams so calmly run,  
That when they part—they part!—ah, no!  
They cannot part—those souls are one.

*Barton.*

I must leave thee, lady sweet!  
Months shall waste before we meet,  
Winds are fair, and sails are spread,  
Anchors leave their ocean bed;  
Ere this shining day grows dark,  
Skies shall gird my shoreless bark;  
Through thy tears, O lady mine,  
Read thy lover's parting line.

*Holmes.*

Well—peace to thy heart, though another's it be,  
And health to thy cheek, though it bloom not for  
me.

*Moore.*

'Twas bitter then to rend the heart  
With the sad thought that we must part:  
And, like some low and mournful spell,  
To whisper but one word—farewell.

*Benjamin.*

When forced to part from those we love,  
Though sure to meet to-morrow;  
We yet a kind of anguish prove  
And feel a touch of sorrow.  
But oh! what words can paint the fears  
When from those friends we sever,  
Perhaps to part for months—for years—  
Perhaps to part forever.

## PATRIOTISM.

How sleep the brave, who sink to rest,  
By all their country's wishes blest !  
When spring, with dewy fingers cold,  
Returns to deck their hallowed mould,  
She there shall dress a sweeter sod,  
Than fancy's feet have ever trod.  
By fairy hands their knell is rung,  
By forms unseen their dirge is sung,  
There honor comes, a pilgrim gray,  
To bless the turf that wraps their clay,  
And freedom shall awhile repair,  
To dwell a weeping hermit there. *Collins.*

Our country first, their glory and their pride,  
Land of their hopes, land where their fathers died.  
When in the right, they'll keep thy honor bright,  
When in the wrong, they'll die to set it right.  
*Fields.*

Then none was for a party ;  
Then all were for the state ;  
Then the great man helped the poor,  
And the poor man loved the great ;  
Then lands were fairly portioned ;  
Then spoils were fairly sold ;  
The Romans were like brothers  
In the brave days of old.

*Macaulay.*

This was the noblest Roman of them all ;  
All the conspirators, save only he,  
Did that they did in envy of great  
Cæsar ;  
He, only, in a general honest thought,  
And common good to all, made one of  
them.

*Shakespeare.*

## PEN.

In days of yore, the poet's pen  
From wing of bird was plundered,  
Perhaps of goose, but now and then,  
From Jove's own eagle sundered.  
But now, metallic pens disclose  
Alone the poet's numbers ;  
In iron inspiration glows,  
Or with the poet slumbers. *J. Q. Adams.*

Beneath the rule of men entirely great,  
The pen is mightier than the sword. Behold  
The arch enchanter's wand ! itself a nothing !  
But taking sorcery from the master hand,  
To paralyze the Cæsars, and to strike  
The loud earth breathless !  
That mighty instrument of little men.  
*Bulwer.*  
*Byron.*

## PITY.

The brave are ever tender,  
And feel the miseries of suffering virtue.  
*Martyn.*

Not always is the heart unwise,  
Nor pity idly born,  
If even a passing stranger sighs  
For those who do not mourn.  
*Wordsworth.*

Pity thee ! So I do !  
I pity the dumb victim at the altar—  
But does the robed priest for his *pity* falter ?  
*Willis.*

Oh, brother man ! fold to thy heart thy brother ;  
Where pity dwells, the peace of God is there.  
*Whittier.*

## POLITICS.

Men who their duties know,  
But know their rights, and knowing, dare maintain.  
*Sir W. Jones.*

Believe me, friends, loud tumults are not laid  
With half the easiness that they are raised.  
*Ben Jonson.*

Dull rogues affect the politician's part,  
And learn to nod, and smile, and shrug with art ;  
Who nothing has to lose, the war bewails ;  
And he who nothing pays, at taxes rails.  
*Congreve.*

The seals of office glitter in his eyes ;  
He climbs, he pants, he grasps them ; at his heels,  
Close at his heels, a demagogue ascends,  
And, with a dextrous jerk, soon twists him down,  
And wins them, but to lose them in his turn.  
*Cowper.*

Watch thou, and wake when others be asleep,  
To pry into the secrets of the state.  
*Shakespeare.*

Commonwealths by virtue ever stood.  
*Sir J. Davies.*

## PORTRAIT.

I've gazed on many a brighter face,  
But ne'er on one for years,  
Where beauty left so soft a trace  
As it had left on hers ;  
But who can paint the spell that wove  
A brightness round the whole !

'T would take an angel from the skies  
To paint the immortal soul—  
To trace the light, the inborn grace,  
The spirit sparkling o'er her face.  
*Mrs. Welby.*  
Is she not more than painting can express ?  
*Rowe.*



Waking, I must dream no more,  
Night has lovelier dreams in store.  
Picture dear, farewell to thee,  
Be thine image left with me,  
*Miss London.*

The picture, in my memory now,  
Is fair as morn, and fresh as May!  
*Willis.*

A still, sweet, placid, moonlight face,  
And slightly nonchalant,  
Which seems to claim a middle place  
Between one's love and aunt,  
Where childhood's star has left a ray  
In woman's sunniest sky,  
As morning dew and blushing day  
On fruit and blossom lie. *Holmes.*

## POVERTY.

His raw-boned cheeks, through penury and pine,  
Were shrunk into his jaws, as he did never dine.  
*Spenser.*

O grant me, Heaven, a middle state,  
Neither too humble nor too great;  
More than enough for nature's ends,  
With something left to treat my friends.  
*Mallet.*

Few save the poor feel for the poor;  
The rich know not how hard  
It is to be of needful rest  
And needful food debarred:  
They know not of the scanty meal,  
With small, pale faces round;  
No fire upon the cold, damp hearth  
When snow is on the ground. *Miss London.*

What doth the poor man's son inherit?  
Stout muscles and a sinewy heart,  
A hardy frame, a hardier spirit;  
King of two hands, he does his part  
In every useful toil and art;  
A heritage, it seems to me,  
A king might wish to hold in fee.  
*Lowell.*

O, poor man's son, scorn not thy state;  
There is worse weariness than thine,  
In merely being rich and great;  
Toil only gives the soul to shine,  
And makes rest fragrant and benign;  
A heritage, it seems to me,  
Worth being poor to hold in fee.  
*Lowell.*

## PRAYER.

Any heart, turned Godward, feels more joy  
In one short hour of prayer, than e'er was raised  
By all the feasts on earth since their foundation.  
*Bailey.*

In desert wilds, in midnight gloom;  
In grateful joy, in trying pain;  
In laughing youth, or nigh the tomb;  
Oh! when is prayer unheard or vain?  
*Eliza Cook.*

There are God and peace above thee:  
Wilt thou languish in despair?  
Tread thy griefs beneath thy feet,  
Scale the walls of heaven by prayer—  
'Tis the key of the apostle,  
That opens heaven from below;  
'Tis the ladder of the patriarch,  
Whereon angels come and go!  
*Miss Lynch.*

They had no stomach, o'er a grace to nod,  
Nor time enough to offer thanks to God;  
That might be done, they wisely knew,  
When they had nothing else to do.  
*Wolcot.*

O, the precious privilege  
To the pious given—  
Sending by the dove of prayer  
Holy words to heaven!  
Arrows from the burning sun  
Cleave the quivering air—  
Swifter, softer, surer on,  
Speeds the dove of prayer,  
Bearing from the parted lips  
Words of holy love,  
Warm as from the heart they gushed,  
To the throne above!  
*Mrs. Hale.*

## PRIDE.

Pride (of all others the most dangerous fault)  
Proceeds from want of sense, or want of thought,  
The men who labor and digest things most,  
Will be much apter to despond than boast;  
For if your author be profoundly good,  
'T will cost you dear before he's understood.  
*Roscommon.*

What is pride? a whizzing rocket  
That would emulate a star.  
*Wordsworth.*

The fiend that man harries  
Is love of the Best,  
Yawns the Pit of the Dragon  
Lit by rays from the Blest;  
The Lethe of Nature  
Can't trance him again,  
Whose soul sees the Perfect  
Which his eyes seek in vain.  
Pride ruined the angels,  
Their shame them restores.  
*Emerson.*

Oh! ask not a home in the mansions of pride,  
Where marble shines out in the pillars and walls;  
Though the roof be of gold it is brilliantly cold,  
And joy may not be found in its torch-lighted  
halls.

*Eliza Cook.*

Yes—the same sin that overthrew the angels,  
And of all sins most easily besets  
Mortals the nearest to the angelic nature:  
The vile are only vain; the great are proud.

*Byron.*

### PROPOSAL.

As letters some hand has invisibly traced,  
When held to the flame will steal out to the  
sight,  
So, many a feeling that long seemed effaced,  
The warmth of a meeting like this brings to  
light!

*Moore.*

Whither my heart is gone, there follows my hand,  
and not elsewhere,  
For where the heart goes before, like a lamp, and  
illuminates the pathway,  
Many things are made clear, that else lie hidden  
in darkness.

*Longfellow.*

“Yes!” I answered you last night;  
“No!” this morning, sir, I say!  
Flowers seen by candle-light,  
Will not look the same by day.

*Mrs. Browning.*

Look how the blue-eyed violets  
Glance love to one another!  
Their little leaves are whispering  
The vows they may not smother.  
The birds are pouring passion forth,  
In every blossoming tree—  
If flowers and birds talk love, lady,  
Why not we?

*Read.*

And over all the happy earth,  
Love floweth—like a river—  
True love whose glory fills the sky  
For ever and for ever.  
The pale hearts of the silver stars  
Throb, too, as mine to thee—  
All things delight in love, lady,  
Why not we?

*Read.*

### PROVIDENCE.

Our indiscretion sometimes serves us well;  
When our deep plots do pall: and that should  
teach us,  
There's a divinity that shapes our ends,  
Rough-hew them how we will.

*Shakespeare.*

The ways of heaven are dark and intricate,  
Puzzled in mazes, and perplexed with errors;  
Our understanding traces them in vain,  
Lost and bewildered in the fruitless search;  
Nor sees with how much art the windings run,  
Nor where the regular confusion ends.

*Addison.*

Who is it, that will doubt  
The care of heaven; or think th' immortal  
Pow'rs are slow, 'cause they take the privilege

To choose their own time, when they will send  
their  
Blessings down.

*Davenant.*

Go, mark the matchless working of the power  
That shuts within the seed the future flower;  
Bids these in elegance of form excel,  
In color these, and those delight the smell,  
Sends nature forth, the daughter of the skies,  
To dance on earth, and charm all human eyes.

*Cowper.*

Thus wisdom speaks  
To man; thus calls him through this actual form  
Of nature, though religion's fuller noon,  
Through life's bewildering mazes to observe  
A Providence in all.

*Ogilvie.*

### PURITY.

Around her shone  
The light of love, the purity of grace,  
The mind, the music breathing from her face;  
The heart whose softness harmonized the whole;  
And, oh! that eye was in itself a soul!

*Byron.*

Her form was fresher than the morning rose  
When the dew wets its leaves; unstained and pure  
As is the lily, or the mountain snow.

*Thomson.*

Let me be pure!  
Oh! I wish I was a pure child again,  
When life was calm as is a sister's kiss.

*Bailey.*

Pure and undimmed, thy angel smile  
Is mirrored on my dreams,  
Like evening's sunset-girded isle  
Upon her shadowed streams:  
And o'er my thoughts thy vision floats,  
Like melody of spring-bird notes,  
When the blue halcyon gently laves  
His plumage in the flashing waves.

*Benjamin.*

Sweet beauty sleeps upon thy brow,  
And floats before my eyes:  
As meek and pure as doves art thou,  
Or beings of the skies.

*Robert Morris.*



Spring has no blossom fairer than thy form ;  
 Winter no snow-wreath purer than thy mind ;  
 The dew-drop trembling to the morning beam  
 Is like thy smile, pure, transient, heaven-refined.  
*Mrs. Pierson.*

I cannot look upon a star,  
 Or cloud that seems a seraph's car,  
 Or any form of purity—  
 Unmingled with a dream of thee.  
*Benjamin.*

## RAIN.

The rain is playing its soft pleasant tune  
 Fitfully on the skylight, and the shade  
 Of the fast flying clouds across my book  
 Passes with delicate change. *Willis.*

Dashing in big drops on the narrow pane,  
 And making mournful music for the mind,  
 While plays his interlude the wizard wind,  
 I hear the singing of the frequent rain.

*Burleigh.*

The April rain—the April rain—  
 I hear the pleasant sound ;  
 Now soft and still, like little dew,  
 Now drenching all the ground.  
 Pray tell me why an April shower  
 Is pleasanter to see  
 Than falling drops of other rain ?  
 I'm sure it is to me. *Mrs. Oakes Smith.*

The later rain—it falls in anxious haste  
 Upon the sun-dried fields and branches bare,  
 Loosening with searching drops the rigid waste,  
 As if it would each root's lost strength repair.  
*Jones.*

## RAINBOW.

My heart leaps up when I behold  
 A rainbow in the sky !  
*Wordsworth.*

Triumphal arch, that fill'st the sky,  
 When storms prepare to part,  
 I ask not proud philosophy  
 To tell me what thou art.  
 Still seem, as to my childhood's sight,  
 A midway station given  
 For happy spirits to alight,  
 Betwixt the earth and heaven !  
*Campbell.*

Far up the blue sky a fair rainbow unrolled  
 Its soft-tinted pinions of purple and gold ;  
 'T was born in a moment, yet quick at its birth,  
 It had stretched to the uttermost ends of the earth,  
 And fair as an angel, it floated as free,  
 With a wing on the earth and a wing on the sea.  
*Mrs. Welby.*

O, beautiful rainbow—all woven of light !—  
 There 's not in thy tissue one shadow of night ;  
 Heaven surely is open when thou dost appear,  
 And, bending above thee, the angels draw near,  
 And sing—"The rainbow ! the rainbow !  
 The smile of God is here."  
*Mrs. Hale.*

The rainbow dies in heaven and not on earth.  
*Bailey.*

## REAPERS.

Soon as the morning trembles o'er the sky,  
 And, unperceived, unfolds the spreading day ;  
 Before the ripened field the reapers stand,  
 In fair array ; each by the lass he loves,  
 To bear the rougher part, and mitigate  
 By nameless gentle offices her toil.  
 At once they stoop and swell the lusty sheaves ;  
 While through their cheerful band the rural talk,  
 The rural scandal, and the rural jest,  
 Fly harmless, to deceive the tedious time,  
 And steal unfelt the sultry hours away.  
*Thomson.*

I love, I love to see  
 Bright steel gleam through the land ;  
 'T is a goodly sight, but it must be  
 In the reaper's tawny hand. *Eliza Cook.*

Around him ply the reapers' band,  
 With lightsome heart and eager hand.  
*Pringle.*

There is a reaper, whose name is death,  
 And with his sickle keen,  
 He reaps the bearded grain at a breath,  
 And the flowers that grow between.  
*Longfellow.*

## RELIGION

Upon my conduct as a whole decide,  
 Such trifling errors let my virtues hide ;  
 Fail I at meeting ? am I sleepy there ?  
 My purse refuse I with the priest to share ?  
 Do I deny the poor a helping hand ?  
 Or stop the wicked women in the strand ?  
 Or drink at club beyond a certain pitch ?  
 Which are your charges ? conscience, tell me which ?  
*Crabbe.*

And they believe him ! oh ! the lover may  
 Distrust that look which steals his soul away ;—  
 The babe may cease to think that it can play  
 With heaven's rainbow :—alchymists may doubt  
 The shining gold their crucible gives out ;  
 But faith, fanatic faith, once wedded fast  
 To some dear falsehood, hugs it to the last.  
*Moore.*

But this it is, all sects, we see,  
Have watchwords of morality;  
Some cry out Venus, others Jove,  
Here 't is religion, there 't is love!

*Moore.*

I find the doctors and the sages  
Have differed in all climes and ages,  
And two in fifty scarce agree  
On what is pure morality.

*Moore.*

My altars are the mountains and the ocean,  
Earth, air, stars—all that springs from the great  
whole,

Who hath produced, and will receive the soul.

*Byron.*

The absolutely true religion is  
In heaven only; yea, in Deity.

*Bailey.*

Remember thee?

Yea, from the table of my memory  
I'll wipe away all trivial fond records,  
All saws of books, all forms, all pressures past,  
That youth and observation copied there;  
And thy commandment all alone shall live  
Within the book and volume of my brain,  
Unmixed with baser matter. *Shakespeare.*

She placed it sad, with needless fear,

Lest time should shake my wavering soul—  
Unconscious that her image there  
Held every sense in fast control. *Byron.*

Oh! only those

Whose souls have felt this one idolatry,  
Can tell how precious is the slightest thing  
Affection gives and hallows! A dead flower  
Will long be kept, remembrancer of looks  
That made each leaf a treasure. *Miss Landon.*

Thy imaged form I shall survey,  
And, pausing at the view,  
Recall thy gentle smile, and say,  
"Oh, such a maid I knew!" *Bowles.*

Man hath a weary pilgrimage,  
As through the world he wends;  
On every stage, from youth to age,  
Still discontent attends;  
With heaviness he casts his eye  
Upon the road before,  
And still remembers with a sigh,  
The days that are no more.

*Southey.*

There's not an hour  
Of day, or dreaming night, but I am with thee:  
There's not a wind but whispers of thy name;  
And not a flower that sleeps beneath the moon,  
But in its fragrance tells a tale  
Of thee.

*Proctor.*

Thou didst not leave me, oh my God!

Thou wert with those who bore the truth of old  
Into the deserts from the oppressor's rod,  
And made the caverns of the rock their fold;  
And in the hidden chambers of the dead,  
Our guiding lamp, with fire immortal fed.

*Mrs. Hemans.*

Love never fails; though knowledge cease,  
Though prophecies decay,  
Love—Christian love, shall still increase,  
Shall still extend her sway. *Peter.*

Cling to thy faith—'t is higher than the thought  
That questions of thy faith. *Mrs. Oakes Smith.*

Man, by nature proud,  
Was taught the Scriptures by the love of praise,  
And grew religious, as he grew in fame.

*Pollock.*

## REMEMBRANCE.

There's not a look, a word of thine,

My soul hath e'er forgot;  
Thou ne'er hast bid a ringlet shine,  
Nor given thy locks one graceful twine,  
Which I remember not. *Moore.*

Oh! these are the words that eternally utter  
The spell that is seldom cast o'er us in vain;  
With the wings and the wand of a fairy they flutter,  
And draw a charmed circle about us again.  
We return to the spot where our infancy gam-  
bolled;

We linger once more in the haunts of our youth;  
We re-tread where young Passion first stealthily  
rambled,

And whispers are heard full of Nature and Truth,  
Saying, "Don't you remember?"

*Eliza Cook.*

When shall we come to that delightful day,  
When each can say to each, "Dost thou remem-  
ber?"

Let us fill urns with rose-leaves in our May,  
And hive the thrifty sweetness for December!

*Bulwer.*

Remember me, I pray—but not  
In Flora's gay and blooming hour,  
When every brake hath found its note,  
And sunshine smiles in every flower;  
But when the falling leaf is sere,  
And withers sadly from the tree,  
And o'er the ruins of the year  
Cold autumn weeps—remember me.

*Everett.*

Remember me—not, I entreat,  
In scenes of festal week-day joy;  
For then it were not kind or meet  
Thy thoughts thy pleasures should alloy;  
But on the sacred Sabbath day,  
And, dearest, on thy bended knee,  
When thou for those thou lov'st dost pray,  
Sweet sister, then remember me. *Everett.*



## RICHES.

Extol not riches then, the toil of fools,  
The wise man's cumbrance, if not snare, more apt  
To slacken virtue, and abate her edge,  
Than prompt her to do aught may merit praise.

*Milton.*

Much learning shows how little mortals know;  
Much wealth, how little worldlings can enjoy;  
At best, it babies us with endless toys,  
And keeps us children till we drop to dust.  
As monkeys at a mirror stand amazed,  
They fail to find what they so plainly see;  
Thus men, in shining riches, see the face  
Of happiness, nor know it as a shade;  
But gaze, and touch, and peep, and peep again,  
And wish, and wonder it is absent still.

*Young.*

The rich man's son inherits lands,  
And piles of brick, and stone, and gold,  
And he inherits soft white hands,  
And tender flesh that fears the cold,  
Nor dares to wear a garment old;  
A heritage, it seems to me,  
One scarce would wish to hold in fee.

*Lowell.*

Then let us get money, like bees lay up honey;  
We build us new hives and store each cell;  
The sight of our treasure shall yield us great  
pleasure,  
We'll count it, and chink it, and jingle it well.

*Ben Franklin.*

My purse is very slim, and very few  
The acres that I number;  
But I am seldom stupid, never blue;  
My riches are an honest heart and true,  
And quiet slumber.

*Sargent.*

The rich man's son inherits cares;  
The bank may break, the factory burn,  
A breath may burst his bubble shares,  
And soft white hands could hardly earn  
A living that would serve his turn.

*Lowell.*

The rich scarce know the sweetest thought  
That gives to gold its worth:  
'Tis in the dwelling of the poor  
This thankful thought has birth,  
When, for a time, the wolf of want  
Is driven from the hearth.

*Mrs. Hale.*

## RUMOR.

The flying rumors gathered as they rolled,  
Scarce any tale was sooner heard than told,  
And all who told it added something new,  
And all who heard it made enlargement, too,  
In every ear it spread, on every tongue it grew.

*Pope.*

And when they talk of him, they shake their heads,  
And whisper one another in the ear;  
And he that speaks doth gripe the hearer's wrist;  
Whilst he that hears makes fearful action,  
With wrinkled brows, with nods, with rolling eyes.

*Shakespeare.*

Rumor is a pipe  
Blown by surmises, jealousies, conjectures;  
And of so easy and so plain a stop,  
That the blunt monster with uncounted heads,  
The still discordant wavering multitude,  
Can play upon it.

*Shakespeare.*

By holy Paul, they love his grace but lightly,  
That fills his ears with such dissentious rumors.

*Shakespeare.*

## SABBATH.

Oh! welcome to the wearied earth  
The Sabbath resting comes,  
Gathering the sons of toil and care  
Back to their peaceful homes;  
And, like a portal to the skies,  
Opens the house of God,  
Where all who seek may come and learn  
The way the Saviour trod.  
But holier to the wanderer seems  
The Sabbath on the deep,  
When on, and on, in ceaseless course,  
The toiling bark must keep,  
And not a trace of man appears  
Amid the wilderness  
Of waters—then it comes like dove  
Direct from heaven to bless.

*Mrs. Hale.*

Fresh glides the brook and blows the gale,  
Yet yonder halts the quiet mill;  
The whirring wheel, the rushing sail,  
How motionless and still!  
Six days stern labor shuts the poor  
From nature's careless banquet-hall;  
The seventh, an angel opes the door,  
And, smiling, welcomes all!

*Bulwer.*

Let us escape! This is our holiday—  
God's day, devote to rest; and through the  
wood  
We'll wander, and perchance find heavenly  
food,  
So, profitless it shall not pass away.

*Simms.*

Yes, child of suffering, thou may'st well be sure  
He who ordained the Sabbath loves the poor.

*Holmes.*

But, chiefly, man the day of rest enjoys.  
Hail, Sabbath! thee I hail, the poor man's day:  
On other days, the man of toil is doomed  
To eat his joyless bread, lonely, the ground  
Both seat and board—screened from the winter's  
cold  
And summer's heat, by neighboring hedge or tree;  
But on this day, embosomed in his home,  
He shares the frugal meal with those he loves;  
With those he loves he shares the heartfelt joy  
Of giving thanks to God—not thanks of form,

A word and a grimace, but reverently,  
With covered face and upward earnest eye.  
Hail, Sabbath! thee I hail, the poor man's day.  
The pale mechanic now has leave to breathe  
The morning air pure from the city's smoke,  
As wandering slowly up the river's bank,  
He meditates on Him whose powers he marks  
In each green tree that proudly spreads the bough,  
And in the tiny dew-bent flowers that bloom  
Around the roots: and while he thus surveys  
With elevated joy each rural charm,  
He hopes (yet fears presumption in the hope),  
That heaven may be one Sabbath without end.

*Grahame.*

### SCHOOL.

See, toward yon dome where village science  
dwells,  
Where the church-clock its warning summons  
swells,  
What tiny feet the well-known path explore,  
And gaily gather from each rustic door.  
Light-hearted group!—who carol wild and high,  
The daisy cull, or chase the butterfly,  
Or by some traveler's wheels aroused from play,  
The stiff salute, with deep demureness, pay,  
Bare the curled brow, and stretch the sunburnt  
hand,  
The home-taught homage of an artless land.  
The stranger marks, amid their joyous line,  
The little baskets, whence they hope to dine,  
And larger books, as if their dexterous art  
Dealt most nutrition to the noblest part!—  
Long may it be, ere luxury teach the shame  
To starve the mind, and bloat the unwieldy frame.

*Mrs. Sigourney.*

Oh ye! who teach the ingenious youth of nations,  
Holland, France, England, Germany or Spain,  
I pray ye flog them upon all occasions,  
It mends their morals, never mind the pain. *Byron.*  
In a green lane that from the village street  
Diverges, stands the school-house; long and low  
The frame, and blackened with the hues of time.

*Street.*

The room displays  
Long rows of desk and bench; the former stained  
And streaked with blots and trickles of dried ink,  
Lumbered with maps and slates, and well-thumbed  
books,  
And carved with rude initials.

*Street.*

Yet is the school-house rude,  
As is the chrysalis to the butterfly—  
To the rich flower the seed. The dusky walls  
Hold the fair germ of knowledge, and the tree  
Glorious in beauty, golden with its fruits,  
To this low school-house traces back its life. *Street.*

### SELFISHNESS.

That smooth-faced gentleman, trickling commo-  
dity—

Commodity the bias of the world:  
The world, who of itself is poised well,  
Made to run even, upon even ground;  
Till this advantage, this vile drawing bias,  
This sway of motion, this commodity,  
Makes it take heed from all indifferency,  
From all direction, purpose, course, intent.

*Shakespeare.*

Whate'er the passion, knowledge, fame or pelf,  
No one will change his neighbor for himself;  
The learned is happy nature to explore,  
The fool is happy that he knows no more;  
The rich is happy in the plenty given,  
The poor contents him with the care of heaven.  
See the blind beggar dance, the cripple sing;  
The sot a hero, lunatic a king;  
The starving chemist, in his golden views  
Supremely blest, the poet in his muse.

*Pope.*

Ye may twine the living flowers  
Where the living fountains glide,  
And beneath the rosy bowers  
Let the selfish man abide;  
And the birds upon the wing,  
And the barks upon the wave,  
Shall no sense of freedom bring—  
All is slavery to the slave:  
Mammon's close-linked chains have bound  
him,  
Self-imposed and seldom burst;  
Though heaven's waters gush around him,  
He would pine with earth's poor thirst.

*Mrs. Hale.*

How cold he hearkens to some bankrupt's woe,  
Nods his wise head, and cries,—“I told you so!”  
*Sprague.*

And though all cry down self, none means  
His own self in a literal sense.

*Butler.*



Self is the medium least refined of all,  
Through which opinion's searching beam can fall;  
And passing there, the clearest, steadiest ray  
Will tinge its light and turn its line astray.

*Moore.*

Self-love never yet could look on truth,  
But with bleared beams; sleek flattery and she  
Are twin-born sisters, and so mix their eyes,  
As if you sever one, the other dies.

*Ben Jonson.*

### SHIP.

So turns the faithful needle to the pole,  
Though mountains rise between and oceans roll.

*Darwin.*

The obedient steel with living instinct moves,  
And veers for ever to the pole it loves.

*Darwin.*

She comes majestic with her swelling sails,  
The gallant bark; along her watery way  
Homeward she drives before the favoring gales;  
Now flirting at their length the streamers play,  
And now they ripple with the ruffling breeze.

*Southey.*

On each gay deck they might behold  
Lances of steel and crests of gold,  
And hauberks with their burnished fold,  
That shimmered fair and free;  
And each proud galley, as she passed,  
To the wild cadence of the blast  
Gave wilder minstrelsy.

*Scott.*

Upon the gale she stooped her side,  
And bounded o'er the swelling tide,  
As she were dancing home;  
The merry seamen laughed to see  
Their gallant ship so lustily  
Furrow the green sea-foam.

*Scott.*

Merrily, merrily goes the bark,  
On a breeze from the northward free;  
So shoots through the morning sky the lark,  
Or the swan through the summer sea.

*Scott.*

How gloriously her gallant course she goes!  
Her white wings flying—never from her foes;  
She walks the waters like a thing of life,  
And seems to dare the elements to strife.  
Who would not brave the battle-fire—the wreck—  
To move the monarch of her peopled deck?

*Byron.*

### SILENCE.

They never felt,  
Those summer flies that flit so gayly round thee,  
They never felt one moment what I feel,  
With such a silent tenderness, and keep  
So closely in my heart.

*Percival.*

The temple of our purest thoughts is—silence!

*Mrs. Hale.*

There is a silence where hath been no sound,  
There is a silence where no sound may be,  
In the cold grave, under the deep, deep sea,  
Or in wide desert where no life is found,

Which hath been mute, and still must sleep profound;

No voice is hushed—no life treads silently,  
But clouds and cloudy shadows wander free,  
That never spoke, over the idle ground;  
But in green ruins, in the desolate walls  
Of antique palaces, where man hath been,  
Though the dun fox or wild hyena calls,  
And owls that flit continually between,  
Shriek to the echo, and the low wind moan,  
There the true silence is, self-conscious and alone.

*Hood.*

### SINCERITY.

Men should be what they seem:  
Or, those that be not, would they might seem  
none.

*Shakespeare.*

His nature is too noble for the world:  
He would not flatter Neptune for his trident,  
Or Jove for's power to thunder: his heart's his  
mouth:

What his breast forges that his tongue must vent;  
And, being angry, does forget that ever  
He heard the name of death.

*Shakespeare.*

His words are bonds, his oaths are oracles:  
His love sincere, his thoughts immaculate;  
His tears pure messengers sent from his heart;  
His heart as far from fraud as heaven from earth.

*Shakespeare.*

You have a natural wise sincerity,  
A simple truthfulness;  
And, though yourself not unacquaint with care,  
Have in your heart wide room.

*Lowell.*

### SLANDER.

O many a shaft at random sent,  
Finds mark the archer never meant;  
And many a word at random spoken.  
May soothe or wound the heart that's broken!

*Scott.*

There is a lust in man no charm can tame,  
Of loudly publishing his neighbor's shame;  
On eagle's wings immortal scandals fly;  
While virtuous actions are but born and die.

*Harvey.*

A whisper woke the air—  
 A soft light tone and low,  
 Yet barbed with shame and woe—  
 Now might it only perish there !  
 Nor farther go.  
 Ah me ! a quick and eager ear  
 Caught up the little meaning sound !  
 Another voice hath breathed it clear,  
 And so it wanders round  
 From ear to lip—from lip to ear—  
 Until it reached a gentle heart,  
 And *that—it broke.*

*Mrs. Osgood.*

'Tis slander ;  
 Whose edge is sharper than the sword ; whose  
 tongue  
 Out-venoms all the worms of Nile ; whose breath  
 Rides on the posting winds, and doth belie  
 All corners of the world : kings, queens, and  
 states,  
 Maids, matrons—nay, the secrets of the grave  
 This viperous slander enters. *Shakespeare.*

Society itself, which should create  
 Kindness, destroys what little we had got :  
 To feel for none is the true social art  
 Of the world's stoics—men without a heart.

*Byron.*

How many pleasant faces shed their light on every  
 side,  
 How many angels unawares have crossed thy casual  
 way !  
 How often, in thy journeyings, hast thou made  
 thee instant friends,  
 Found, to be loved a little while, and lost, to meet  
 no more ;  
 Friends of happy reminiscences, although so tran-  
 sient in their converse,  
 Liberal, cheerful, and sincere, a crowd of kindly  
 traits.  
 I have sped by land and sea, and mingled with  
 much people,

What bliss is born of sorrow !  
 'Tis never sent in vain—  
 The heavenly Surgeon maims to save,  
 He gives no useless pain.

*Watts.*

When the cold breath of sorrow is sweeping  
 O'er the chords of the youthful heart,  
 And the earnest eye, dimmed with strange weeping,  
 Sees the visions of fancy depart ;  
 When the bloom of young feeling is dying,  
 And the heart throbs with passion's fierce strife,  
 When our sad days are wasted in sighing,  
 Who then can find sweetness in life ?

*Mrs. Embury.*

What have I done, that thou dar'st wag thy tongue  
 In noise so rude against me ? *Shakespeare.*

Be thou as chaste as ice, as pure as snow, thou  
 Shalt not escape calumny. *Shakespeare.*

No might nor greatness in mortality  
 Can censure 'scape ; back-wounding calumny  
 The whitest virtue strikes : what king so strong,  
 Can tie the gall up in the slanderous tongue ?  
*Shakespeare.*

Nor do they trust their tongues alone,  
 But speak a language of their own :  
 Can read a nod, a shrug, a look,  
 Far better than a printed book ;  
 Convey a libel in a frown,  
 And wink a reputation down ;  
 Or, by the tossing of a fan,  
 Describe the lady and the man. *Swift.*

Slander meets no regard from noble minds ;  
 Only the base believe, what the base only utter.  
*Beller*

### SOCIETY.

But never yet could find a spot unsunned by  
 human kindness ;  
 Some more, and some less—but, truly, all can  
 claim a little :  
 And a man may travel through the world, and sow  
 it thick with friendships.

*Tupper.*

Society is now one polished horde,  
 Formed of two mighty tribes, the *bores* and *bored*  
*Byron.*

Blessed we sometimes are ! and I am now  
 Happy in quiet feelings ; for the tones  
 Of a most pleasant company of friends  
 Were in my ear but now, and gentle thought,  
 From spirits whose high character I know ;  
 And I retain their influence, as the air  
 Retains the softness of departed day.

*Willis.*

### SORROW.

Sorrow treads heavily, and leaves behind  
 A deep impression, e'en when she departs :  
 While joy trips by with steps light as the wind,  
 And scarcely leaves a trace upon our hearts  
 Of her faint foot-falls : only this is sure,  
 In this world nought, save misery, can endure.

*Mrs. Embury.*

Ye withered leaves ! Ye withered leaves !  
 To mark your premature decay,  
 With sympathy my bosom heaves,  
 For like its hopes, ye pass away !  
 Like you, they brightened in the gleam  
 Of summer's sweetly genial ray,  
 But brilliant, transient as a dream,  
 The autumn found them in decay.

*Mrs. Dennis.*



## SOUL.

Inward turn  
Each thought and every sense,  
For sorrow lingers from without,  
Thou canst not charm it thence.  
But all attuned the soul may be  
Unto a deathless melody.

*Mrs. Oakes Smith.*

Our thoughts are boundless, though our frames are frail,

Our souls immortal, though our limbs decay;  
Though darkened in this poor life by a veil  
Of suffering, dying matter, we shall play  
In truth's eternal sunbeams; on the way  
To Heaven's high capitol our cars shall roll;  
The temple of the Power whom all obey,  
That is the mark we tend to, for the soul  
Can take no lower flight, and seek no meaner goal.

*Percival.*

What, my soul, was thy errand here?  
Was it mirth or ease,  
Or heaping up dust from year to year?  
"Nay, none of these!"

Speak, soul, aright in His holy sight,  
Whose eye looks still  
And steadily on thee through the night;  
"To do His will!"

*Whittier.*

Oh, laggard soul! unclothe thine eyes—  
No more in luxury soft  
Of joy ideal waste thyself:  
Awake, and soar aloft!  
Unfurl this hour those falcon wings  
Which thou dost fold too long;  
Raise to the skies thy lightning gaze,  
And sing thy loftiest song!

*Mrs. Osgood.*

Oh soul! I said, "thy boding murmurs cease;  
Though sorrow bind thee as a funeral pall,  
Thy Father's hand is guiding thee through all,  
His love will bring a true and perfect peace.  
Look upward once again; though drear the night,  
Earth may be darkness, Heaven will give thee light!"

*Mrs. Neal.*

## STARS.

Whom their great stars  
Throne and set high.

*Shakespeare.*

Here  
Will I set up my everlasting rest,  
And shake the yoke of inauspicious stars  
From this world-wearied flesh.

*Shakespeare.*

See, at the call of night,  
The star of evening sheds her silver light.

*Gay.*

There they stand,  
Shining in order like a living hymn  
Written in light.

*Willis.*

They are all up—the innumerable stars  
That hold their place in heaven. My eyes have been  
Searching the pearly depths through which they  
spring  
Like beautiful creations.

*Willis.*

Ye stars, that are the poetry of heaven.

*Byron.*

The sky  
Spreads like an ocean hung on high,  
Bespangled with those isles of light  
So wildly, spiritually bright.  
Who ever gazed upon them shining,  
And turned to earth without repining,  
Nor wished for wings to flee away,  
And mix with their eternal ray?

*Byron.*

But the stars, the soft stars!—when they glitter  
above us,

I gaze on their beams with a feeling divine;  
For, as true friends in sorrow more tenderly love us,  
The darker the heaven, the brighter they shine.

*Mrs. Welby.*

And infant cherubs pierced the blue,  
Till rays of heaven came shining through.

*Peabody.*

## SUCCESS.

'Tis not in mortals to command success;  
But we'll do more, Sempronius, we'll deserve it.

*Addison.*

Had I miscarried, I had been a villain;  
For men judge actions always by events;  
But when we manage by a just foresight,  
Success is prudence, and possession right.

*Higgins.*

It is success that colors all in life:  
Success makes fools admired, makes villains honest,  
All the proud virtue of this vaunting world  
Fawns on success and power, howe'er acquired.

*Thomson.*

What though I am a villain, who so bold  
To tell me so? let your poor petty traitors  
Feel the vindictive lash and scourge for wrong;  
But who shall tax successful villany,  
Or call the rising traitor to account?

*Havard.*

Applause  
Waits on success; the fickle multitude,  
Like the light straw that floats along the stream,  
Glide with the current still, and follow fortune.

*Ben. Franklin.*

## SYMPATHY.

What my tongue dares not, that my heart shall say.  
*Shakespeare.*

Kindness by secret sympathy is tied,  
For noble souls in nature are allied.  
*Dryden.*

Love's soft sympathy imparts  
That tender transport of delight  
That beats in undivided hearts.  
*Cartwright.*

A knight and a lady once met in a grove,  
While each was in quest of a fugitive love;  
A river ran mournfully murmuring by,  
And they wept in its waters for sympathy.  
"Oh, never was knight such a sorrow that bore,  
Oh, never was maid so deserted before."  
"From life and its woes let us instantly fly,  
And jump in together for sympathy!"  
At length spoke the lass, 'twixt a smile and a tear:  
"The weather is cold for a watery bier,  
When the summer returns, we may easily die;  
Till then let us sorrow in sympathy."  
*Heber.*

It is not well,  
Here in this land of Christian liberty,  
That honest worth or hopeless want should dwell  
Unaided by our care and sympathy.  
*Phæbe Cary.*

Oh, there is need that on men's hearts should fall  
A spirit that can sympathize with all!  
*Phæbe Cary.*

Oh! ask not, hope thou not too much  
Of sympathy below;  
Few are the hearts whence one same touch  
Bids the sweet fountain flow.  
*Mrs. Hemans.*

If there be one that o'er thy dead  
Hath in thy grief borne part,  
And watched through sickness by thy bed—  
Call this a kindred heart!  
*Mrs. Hemans.*

It is the secret sympathy,  
The silver link, the silken tie,  
Which heart to heart, and mind to mind,  
In body and in soul can bind.  
*Scott.*

Like warp and woof all destinies  
Are woven fast,  
Linked in sympathy like the keys  
Of an organ vast;  
Pluck one thread, and the web ye mar;  
Break but one  
Of a thousand keys, and the paining jar  
Through all will run.  
*Whittier.*

In the same beaten channel still have run  
The blessed streams of human sympathy;  
And though I know this ever hath been done,  
The why and wherefore I could never see!  
*Phæbe Cary.*

## TALKING.

Nor did we fail to see within ourselves  
What need there is to be reserved in speech,  
And temper all our thoughts with charity.  
*Wordsworth.*

And we talked—oh, how we talked! her voice so  
cadenced in the talking,  
Made another singing—of the soul! a music  
without bars—

While the leafy sounds of woodlands, humming  
round where we were walking,  
Brought interposition worthy—sweet,—as skies  
about the stars,  
And she spake such good thoughts natural, as if  
she always thought them.  
*Mrs. Browning.*

Speak gently! 'Tis a little thing  
Dropped in the heart's deep well;  
The good, the joy which it may bring  
Eternity shall tell.  
*Bates.*

It may be glorious to write  
Thoughts that shall glad the two or three  
High souls, like those far stars that come in sight  
Once in a century;—

But better far it is to speak  
One simple word, which now and then  
Shall waken their free nature in the weak  
And friendless sons of men.  
*Lowell.*

Thy talk is the sweet extract of all speech,  
And holds mine ear in blissful slavery.  
*Bailey.*

She spake,  
And his love-wildered and idolatrous soul  
Clung to the airy music of her words,  
Like a bird on a bough, high swaying in the wind.  
*Bailey.*

I cannot tell thee, hour by hour,  
That I adore thee dearly;  
I cannot *talk* of passion's power—  
But oh! I feel sincerely!  
*Mrs. Osgood*

## TEARS.

The tear that is shed, though in secret it roll,  
Shall long keep his memory green in my soul.  
*Moore.*

Thank God, bless God, all ye who suffer not  
More grief than ye can weep for.  
*Mrs. Browning.*



Hide thy tears—  
I do not bid thee not to shed them—'twere  
Easier to stop Euphrates at its source  
Than one tear of a true and tender heart—  
But let me not behold them ; they unman me.  
*Byron.*

Tears! what are tears? The babe weeps in his cot,  
The mother singing ; at her marriage bell,  
The bride weeps ; and before the oracle  
Of high-famed hills, the poet hath forgot  
The moisture on his cheeks. *Mrs. Browning.*

Give our tears to the dead ! For humanity's claim  
From its silence and darkness is ever the same ;  
The hope of the world whose existence is bliss,  
May not stifle the tears of the mourners of this.

*Whittier.*

Yet thou, didst thou but know my fate,  
Wouldst melt, my tears to see ;  
And I, methinks, would weep the less,  
Wouldst thou but weep with me.

*Percival.*

### TEMPERANCE.

Temperate in every place—abroad, at home,  
Thence will applause, and hence will profit come ;  
And health from either he in time prepares  
For sickness, age, and their attendant cares. *Crabbe.*

Beware the bowl ! though rich and bright  
Its rubies flash upon the sight,  
An adder coils its depth beneath,  
Whose lure is woe, whose sting is death. *Street.*

Though I look old, yet I am strong and lusty,  
For in my youth I never did apply  
Hot and rebellious liquors in my blood ;  
Nor did I with unbashful forehead woo  
The means of weakness and debility ;  
Therefore my age is as a lusty winter,  
Frosty, but kindly. *Shakespeare.*

Health in the shaded spring. *Foster.*

### VANITY.

These our actors,  
As I foretold you, were all spirits, and  
Are melted into air, into thin air :  
And like the baseless fabric of this vision,  
The cloud-clapped towers, the gorgeous palaces,  
The solemn temples, the great globe itself,  
Yea, all which it inherit shall dissolve ;  
And, like this insubstantial pageant faded,  
Leave not a rack behind : we are such stuff

As dreams are made of, and our little life  
Is rounded with a sleep. *Shakespeare.*

Thus felt Sir Owen, as a man whose cause  
Is very good—it has his own applause. *Crabbe.*

And he, the light and vain one, for him there never  
wakes  
That love, for which a woman's heart will beat  
until it breaks. *Miss Landon.*

### VIRTUE.

A virtuous deed should never be delayed,  
The impulse comes from heaven, and he who  
strives  
A moment to repress it, disobeys  
The god within his mind. *Dowe.*

The only amaranthine flower on earth  
Is virtue ; th' only lasting treasure, truth.

*Cowper.*

Virtue  
Stands like the sun, and all which rolls around  
Drinks life, and light, and glory from her aspect.

*Byron.*

How insecure, how baseless in itself  
Is that philosophy, whose sway is framed  
For mere material instruments ! How weak  
The arts and high inventions, if unpropped  
By virtue ! *Wordsworth.*

All true glory rests,  
All praise, all safety, and all happiness,  
Upon the moral law.

*Wordsworth.*

Think—if thou on beauty leanest,  
Think how pitiful that stay,  
Did not virtue give the meanest  
Charms superior to decay.

*Wordsworth.*

Keep thy spirit pure  
From worldly taint, by the repellant power  
of virtue. *Bailey.*

Morality's the right rule for the world,  
Nor could society cohere without  
Virtue ; and there are those whose spirits walk  
Abreast of angels and the future here.

*Bailey.*

## WATER.

Water, water, every where,  
And all the boards did shrink ;  
Water, water, every where,  
Nor any drop to drink ! *Coleridge.*

For the cool water we have quaffed,  
Source of all good, we owe thee much ;  
Our lips have touched no burning draught  
This day—nor shall they ever touch. *Pierpont.*

Pour the bright lymph that Heaven itself let fall—  
In one fair bumper let us toast them all !  
*Holmes.*

Let light on water shine—  
The light of love and truth  
Then shall that drink divine  
Be quaffed by age and youth.

*Pierpont.*

Joy smiles in the fountain, health flows in the rills,  
And the ribands of silver unwind from the hills ;  
They breathe not the mist of the bacchanal's  
dreams,  
But the lilies of innocence float on their streams.  
*Holmes.*

## WEEPING.

Oh, weep not for the dead !  
Rather, oh, rather give the tear  
To those who darkly linger here,  
When all besides are fled :  
Weep for the spirit withering  
In its cold, cheerless sorrowing ;  
Weep for the young and lovely one  
That ruin darkly revels on ;  
But never be a tear-drop shed  
For them, the pure enfranchised dead.  
*Mary E. Brooks.*

Do not weep so, dear-heart-warm !  
It was best as it befell !  
If I say he did me harm,  
I speak wild—I am not well.  
All his words were kind and good—  
He esteemed me ! Only blood  
Runs so faint in womanhood.  
*Mrs. Browning.*

On that grave drop not a tear !  
Else, though fathom deep the place,  
Through the woollen shroud I wear  
I shall feel it on my face.  
Rather smile there, blessed one,  
Thinking of me in the sun—  
Or forget me—smiling on !  
*Mrs. Browning.*

In silence weep,  
And thy convulsive sorrows inward keep.  
*Prior.*

I so lively acted with my tears,  
That my poor mistress, moved therewithal,  
Wept bitterly.

*Shakespeare.*

Larded all with sweet flowers,  
Which bewept to the grave did go,  
With true love showers.

*Shakespeare.*

This heart shall break into a thousand flaws  
Or ere I weep.

*Shakespeare.*

Old fond eyes,  
Beweep this cause again, I'll pluck you out,  
And cast you with the waters that you lose,  
To temper clay.

*Shakespeare.*

I weep, but not rebellious tears ;  
I mourn, but not in hopeless woe ;  
I droop, but not with doubtful fears ;  
For whom I've trusted, Him I know.  
Lord, I believe ; assuage my grief,  
And help, oh ! help my unbelief.

My days of youth and health are o'er ;  
My early friends are dead and gone ;  
And there are times it tries me sore  
To think I'm left on earth alone.  
But yet Faith whispers, "'Tis not so :  
He will not leave, nor let thee go."  
*Caroline A. Southey.*

## WIFE.

The sum of all that makes a just man happy  
Consists in the well choosing of his wife ;  
And there, well to discharge it, does require  
Equality of years ; of birth, of fortune ;  
For beauty being poor, and not cried up  
By birth or wealth, can truly mix with neither.  
And wealth, when there's such difference in  
years  
And fair descent, must make the yoke uneasy.  
*Massinger.*

Give me, next good, an understanding wife,  
By nature wise, not learned by much art ;  
Some knowledge on her side will all my life  
More scope of conversation then impart ;  
Besides her inborn virtue fortify ;  
They are most good who best know why.  
*Overbury.*

Sole partner and sole part, of all these joys,  
Dearer thyself than all.

*Milton.*



Men dying make their wills,  
But wives escape a task so sad :  
Why should they make what all their lives  
The gentle dames have had ?

I want (who does not want ?) a wife  
Affectionate and fair,  
To solace all the woes of life,  
And all its joys to share ;  
Of temper sweet, of yielding will,  
Of firm yet placid mind,  
With all my faults to love me still  
With sentiment refined.

*J. Q. Adams.*

She is mine own ;  
And I as rich in having such a jewel,  
As twenty seas, if all their sand were pearl,  
The water nectar, and the rocks pure gold.

*Shakespeare.*

Should all despair,  
That have revolted wives, the tenth of mankind  
Would hang themselves.

*Shakespeare.*

What thou did'st  
Unargued I obey ; so God ordains ;  
God is thy law ! thou mine ; to know no more  
Is woman's happiest knowledge, and her praise.

*Milton.*

Thy likeness, thy fit help, thy other self,  
Thy wish exactly to thy heart's desire.

*Milton.*

For nothing lovelier can be found  
In woman, than to study household good,  
And good works in her husband to promote.

*Milton.*

Of earthly good, the best is a good wife,  
A bad—the bitterest curse of human life.

My bride,  
My wife, my life. O we will walk this world,  
Yoked in all exercise of noble aim,  
And so through those dark gates across the wild  
That no man knows.

*Tennyson.*

O wisdom ! if thy soft control  
Can soothe the sickness of the soul,  
Can bid the warring passions cease,  
And breathe the calm of tender peace ;  
Wisdom ! I bless thy gentle sway,  
And ever, ever will obey.

*Mrs. Barbauld.*

All human wisdom to divine is folly ;  
This truth, the wisest man made melancholy.

*Denham.*

Wisdom sits alone,  
Topmost in heaven—she is its light—its God  
And in the heart of man she sits as high—  
Though grovelling minds forget her oftentimes,  
Seeing but this world's idols. The pure mind

Look through mine eyes with thine, true wife,  
Round my true heart thine arms entwine ;  
My other, dearer life in life,  
Look through my very soul with thine !

*Tennyson.*

What bliss for her who lives her little day,  
In blest obedience, like to those divine,  
Who to her loved, her earthly lord can say,  
“ God is thy law, most just, and thou art mine.”

*Mrs. Brooks.*

Thou wast my nurse in sickness, and my comforter  
in health ;

So gentle and so constant, when our love was all  
our wealth :

Thy voice of music soothed me, love, in each des-  
ponding hour,

As heaven's honey-dew consoles the bruised and  
broken flower.

*Pike.*

Why tarries he so long, while she—that one,  
So fond and true, so beautiful and bright—  
Now sits in cheerless watchfulness alone,  
Waiting his coming through the tedious night ?  
And as the chimes upon the distant bell

Mark mournfully and sad his lingering stay,  
Each echoing peal seems but the gloomy knell  
Of joys departed, pleasures passed away.

*Patterson.*

The world well tried—the sweetest thing in life  
Is the unclouded welcome of a wife.

*Willis.*

All day, like some sweet bird, content to sing  
In its small cage, she moveth to and fro—

And ever and anon will upward spring

To her sweet lips, fresh from the fount below,

The murmured melody of pleasant thought,

Light household duties, evermore inwrought

With pleasant fancies of one trusting heart,

That lives but in her smile, and ever turns

To be refreshed where one pure altar burns ;

Shut out from hence the mockery of life,

Thus liveth she content, the meek, fond, trusting  
wife.

*Mrs. Oakes Smith.*

## WISDOM.

Sees her forever : and in youth we come  
Filled with her sainted ravishment, and kneel,  
Worshipping God through her sweet altar fires,  
And then is knowledge “ good !”

*Willis.*

The bearing and the training of a child  
Is woman's wisdom.

*Tennyson.*

The wise do always govern their own fates,  
And fortune with officious zeal attends  
To crown their enterprises with success.

Walk

Boldly and wisely in that light thou hast ;  
There is a hand above will help thee on.

*Bailey.*

## WOMAN.

A perfect woman, nobly planned,  
To warn, to comfort, and command;  
And yet a spirit still, and bright,  
With something of an angel light.

*Wordsworth.*

Women act their parts  
When they do make their ordered houses know  
them.

*Knowles.*

Happy—happier far than thou,  
With the laurel on thy brow;  
She that makes the humblest hearth  
Lovely but to one on earth.

*Mrs. Hemans.*

Fairest and loveliest of created things,  
By our great Author in the Image formed  
Of His celestial glory, and designed  
To be man's solace.

*Herbert.*

Man is but half without woman; and  
As do idolaters their heavenly gods,  
We deify the things that we adore.

*Bailey.*

And I marvel, sir,  
At those who do not feel the majesty,  
By heaven! I'd almost said the holiness,—  
That circles round the fair and virtuous woman!

*Frances Butler.*

Charming woman can true converts make,  
We love the precepts for the teacher's sake;  
Virtue in her appears so bright and gay,  
We hear with pleasure, and with pride obey.

*Ben Franklin.*

Earlier than I know  
Immersed in rich foreshadowings of the world,  
I loved the woman: he that doth not, lives  
A drowning life, besotted in sweet self,  
Or pines in sad experience, worse than death,  
Or keeps his winged affections clipt with crime.

*Tennyson.*

Woman! blest partner of our joys and woes!  
Even in the darkest hour of earthly ill,  
Untarnished yet thy fond affection glows,  
Throbs with each pulse, and beats with every  
thrill!

Bright o'er the wasted scene thou hoverest still,  
Angel of comfort to the failing soul;

Undaunted by the tempest, wild and chill,  
That pours its restless and disastrous roll  
O'er all that blooms below, with sad and hollow  
howl.

*Sand.*

Through suffering and sorrow thou hast passed,  
To show us what a woman true may be.

*Lowell.*

Maiden, when such a soul as thine is born,  
The morning-stars their ancient music make.

*Lowell.*

A health to sweet woman! the days are no more,  
When she watched for her lord when the revel  
was o'er,

And soothed the white pillow, and blushed when  
he came,

As she pressed her cold lips on his forehead of  
flame.

Alas, for the loved one! too spotless and fair,  
The joys of his banquet to chasten and share!  
Her eye lost its light, that its goblet might shine,  
And the rose on her cheek was dissolved in his  
wine.

*Holmes.*

She had a mind,  
Deep and immortal, and it would not feed  
On pageantry. She thirsted for a spring  
Of a serener element, and drank  
Philosophy, and for a little while  
She was allayed, till presently it turned  
Bitter within her, and her spirit grew  
Faint for undying waters. Then she came  
To the pure fount of God—and is athirst  
No more—save, when the "fever of the world"  
Falleth upon her, she will go and breathe  
A holy aspiration after heaven.

*Willis.*

In that stillness  
Which most becomes a woman—calm and holy—  
Thou sittest by the fireside of the heart,  
Feeding its flame.

*Longfellow.*

Ah! woman—in this world of ours,  
What gift can be compared to thee?  
How slow would drag life's weary hours,  
Though man's proud brow were bound with flowers,  
And his the wealth of land and sea,  
If destined to exist alone,  
And ne'er call woman's heart his own.

*Morris.*

Yes, woman's love is free from guile,  
And pure as bright Aurora's ray;  
The heart will melt before its smile,  
And earthly objects fade away.  
Were I the monarch of the earth,  
And master of the swelling sea,  
I would not estimate their worth,  
Dear woman, half the price of thee.

*Morris.*

And well the poet, at her shrine,  
May bend and worship while he woos;  
To him she is a thing divine,  
The inspiration of his line,  
His loved one, and his muse.  
If to his song the echo rings  
Of fame—'tis woman's voice he hears;  
If ever from his lyre's proud strings  
Flow sounds, like rush of angel wings—  
'Tis that she listens while he sings,  
With blended smiles and tears.

*Halleck.*



## WORDS.

A word is ringing through my brain,  
It was not meant to give me pain;  
It was when *first* the sound I heard  
A lightly uttered, careless word.

*Mrs Norton.*

Oh! ye who, meeting, sigh to part,  
Whose words are treasures to some heart,  
Deal gently, ere the dark days come,  
When earth hath but for *one* a home;  
Lest musing o'er the past, like me,  
They feel their hearts wrung bitterly,  
And, heeding not what else is heard,  
Dwell weeping on a careless word.

*Mrs. Norton.*

Words are the motes of thought, and nothing more.  
Words are like sea-shells on the shore; they show  
Where the mind ends, and not how far it has been.

*Bailey.*

Cold words that hide the envious thought!

*Willis.*

On my ear her language fell  
As if each word dissolved a spell.

*Willis.*

A mist of words,  
Like haloes round the moon, though they enlarge  
The seeming size of thoughts, make the light less  
Doubly. It is the thought writ down we want,  
Not its effect—not likenesses of likenesses.  
And such descriptions are not, more than gloves  
Instead of hands to shake, enough for us.

*Bailey.*

Words lead to things; a scale is more precise,—  
Coarse speech, bad grammar, swearing, drinking,  
vice.

*Holmes.*

One vague inflection spoils the whole with doubt,  
One trivial letter ruins all left out;  
A knot can choke a felon into clay;  
A "not" will save him, spelt without the "k,"  
The smallest word has some unguarded spot,  
And danger lurks in "i" without a dot.

*Holmes.*

## YOUTH.

Of gentle blood, his parents' only treasure,  
Their lasting sorrow, and their vanished pleasure.  
Adorned with features, virtues, wit, and grace,  
A large provision for so short a race:  
More moderate gifts might have prolonged his date,  
Too early fitted for a better state:  
But, knowing heaven his home, to shun delay,  
He leaped o'er age, and took the shortest way.

*Dryden.*

Something of youth, I in old age approve;  
But more the marks of age in youth I love.  
Who this observes, may in his body find  
Decrepit age, but never in his mind.

*Denham.*

Intemperate youth, by sad experience found,  
Ends in an age imperfect and unsound.

*Denham.*

The love of higher things and better days;  
The unbounded hope, and heavenly ignorance  
Of what is called the world, and the world's ways,  
The moments when we gather from a glance  
More joy than from all future pride or praise,  
Which kindle manhood, but can ne'er entrance  
The heart in an existence of its own,  
Of which another's bosom is the zone.

*Byron.*

In earlier days, and calmer hours,  
When heart with heart delights to blend,  
Where bloom my native valley's bowers,  
I had—ah! have I now?—a friend!

*Byron's Giaour.*

Here—while I roved, a heedless boy,  
Here, while through paths of peace I ran,  
My feet were vexed with puny snares,  
My bosom stung with insect-cares:  
But ah! what light and little things  
Are childhood's woes!—they break no rest,  
Like dew-drops on the skylark's wings,  
While slumbering in his grassy nest,  
Gone in a moment, when he springs  
To meet the morn with open breast,  
As o'er the eastern hills her banners glow,  
And veiled in mist the valley sleeps below.

*Montgomery.*

Let them exult! their laugh and song  
Are rarely known to last too long;  
Why should we strive, with cynic frown,  
To knock their fairy castles down?

*Eliza Cook.*

Youth might be wise. We suffer less from pains  
Than pleasures.

*Bailey.*

Youth hath a strong and strange desire to try  
All feelings on the heart: it is very wrong,  
And dangerous, and deadly: strive against it!

*Bailey.*

The rainbow's lovely on the eastern cloud,  
The rose is beauteous on the bended thorn,  
Sweet is the evening ray from purple shroud,  
And sweet the orient blushes of the morn;  
Sweeter than all the beauties which adorn  
The female form in youth and maiden bloom.

*Hogg.*

Promise of youth ! fair as the form  
Of heaven's benign and golden bow,  
Thy smiling arch begirds the storm,  
And sheds a light on every woe.

*Brooks.*

I feel the rush of waves that round me rise—  
The tossing of my boat upon the sea ;  
Few sunbeams linger in the stormy skies,  
And youth's bright shore is lessening on the lee !

*Bayard Taylor.*

In the passion hour of youth,  
The lip may speak its holiest vow,  
Yet shadows dim the spirit's truth  
And pride and coldness change the brow.

*Bayard Taylor.*

Light to thy path, bright creature ! I would  
charm  
Thy being, if I could, that it should be  
Ever as now thou dreamest, and flow on,  
Thus innocent and beautiful, to heaven.

*Willis.*

But *can* there grow cowslips and lilies,  
Like those that I gathered in youth ?  
With my heart in the depths of their blossoms,  
All steeped in the dew-drops of truth ?

*Miss Jewsbury.*

Youth has spent his wealth and bought  
The knowledge he would fain  
Change for forgetfulness, and live  
His dreaming life again.

*Miss Landon.*

Youth, that pursuest, with such eager pace,  
Thy even way,  
Thou pantest on to win a mournful race :  
Then stay ! oh stay !

*Milnes.*

Spread out earth's holiest records here,  
Of days and deeds to reverence dear ;  
A zeal like this what pious legends tell ?

*Sprague.*

His zeal  
None seconded, as out of season judged,  
Or singular and rash.

*Milton.*

Press bravely onward !—not in vain  
Your generous trust in human kind ;  
The good which bloodshed could not gain  
Your peaceful zeal shall find.

*Whittier.*

Alas ! that youth's fond hopes should fade,  
And love be but a name,  
While its rainbows, followed e'er so fast,  
Are distant still the same.

*Dawes.*

The restless spirit charmed thy sweet existence,  
Making all beauteous in youth's pleasant maze,  
While gladsome hope illumed the onward dis-  
tance,  
And lit with sunbeams thy expectant days.

*Clark.*

The youth whose bark is guided o'er  
A summer stream by zephyr's breath,  
With idle gaze delights to pore  
On imaged skies that glow beneath.

*Leggett.*

How beautiful who scatters, wide and free,  
The gold—bright seeds of loved and loving  
truth !

By whose perpetual hand each day supplied—  
Leaps to new life the empire's heart of youth.

*Mathews.*

How shall I ever go through this rough world !  
How find me older every setting sun !  
How merge my boyish heart in manliness !

*Coxe.*

Remember not the follies of my youth,  
But in thy mercy think upon me, Lord !

*Coxe.*

I go from strength to strength, from joy to joy ;  
From being unto being. I will snatch  
This germ of comfort from departing youth,  
And when the pictured primer's thrown aside,  
I'll hoard its early lessons in my heart.

*Coxe.*

## ZEAL.

Zeal and duty are not slow ;  
But on occasion's forelock watchful wait.

*Milton.*

How beautiful it is for man to die  
Upon the walls of Zion ! to be called  
Like a watch-worn and weary sentinel,  
To put his armor off, and rest—in heaven !  
His heart was with Jerusalem ; and strong  
As was a mother's love, and the sweet ties  
Religion makes so beautiful at home,  
He flung them from him in his eager race,  
And sought the broken people of his God,  
To preach to them of Jesus !

*Willis.*

423755  
P. 12  
B. 12

















Deacidified using the Bookkeeper process.  
Neutralizing agent: Magnesium Oxide  
Treatment Date: Jan. 2009

**Preservation Technologies**

A WORLD LEADER IN COLLECTIONS PRESERVATION

111 Thomson Park Drive  
Cranberry Township, PA 16066  
(724) 779-2111





LIBRARY OF CONGRESS



0 013 976 071 2

